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1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 558

2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend Senate Bill 558, AS AMENDED, by  
3 replacing everything after the enacting clause with the  
4 following:

5 "Title I. General Provisions

6 Article 1.

7 Section 1-1. This Act may be referred to as the Illinois  
8 Health Care and Human Service Reform Act.

9 Section 1-5. Findings.

10 "We, the People of the State of Illinois in order to  
11 provide for the health, safety and welfare of the people;  
12 maintain a representative and orderly government; eliminate  
13 poverty and inequality; assure legal, social and economic  
14 justice; provide opportunity for the fullest development of the

1 individual; insure domestic tranquility; provide for the  
2 common defense; and secure the blessings of freedom and liberty  
3 to ourselves and our posterity - do ordain and establish this  
4 Constitution for the State of Illinois."

5 The Illinois Legislative Black Caucus finds that, in order  
6 to improve the health outcomes of Black residents in the State  
7 of Illinois, it is essential to dramatically reform the State's  
8 health and human service system. For over 3 decades, multiple  
9 health studies have found that health inequities at their very  
10 core are due to racism. As early as 1998 research demonstrated  
11 that Black Americans received less health care than white  
12 Americans because doctors treated patients differently on the  
13 basis of race. Yet, Illinois' health and human service system  
14 disappointingly continues to perpetuate health disparities  
15 among Black Illinoisans of all ages, genders, and socioeconomic  
16 status.

17 In July 2020, Trinity Health announced its plans to close  
18 Mercy Hospital, an essential resource serving the Chicago South  
19 Side's predominantly Black residents. Trinity Health argued  
20 that this closure would have no impact on health access but  
21 failed to understand the community's needs. Closure of Mercy  
22 Hospital would only serve to create a health access desert and  
23 exacerbate existing health disparities. On December 15, 2020,  
24 after hearing from community members and advocates, the Health  
25 Facilities and Services Review Board unanimously voted to deny  
26 closure efforts, yet Trinity still seeks to cease Mercy's

1 operations.

2 Prior to COVID-19, much of the social and political  
3 attention surrounding the nationwide opioid epidemic focused  
4 on the increase in overdose deaths among white, middle-class,  
5 suburban and rural users; the impact of the epidemic in Black  
6 communities was largely unrecognized. Research has shown rates  
7 of opioid use at the national scale are higher for whites than  
8 they are for Blacks, yet rates of opioid deaths are higher  
9 among Blacks (43%) than whites (22%). The COVID-19 pandemic  
10 will likely exacerbate this situation due to job loss,  
11 stay-at-home orders, and ongoing mitigation efforts creating a  
12 lack of physical access to addiction support and harm reduction  
13 groups.

14 In 2018, the Illinois Department of Public Health reported  
15 that Black women were about 6 times as likely to die from a  
16 pregnancy-related cause as white women. Of those, 72% of  
17 pregnancy-related deaths and 93% of violent  
18 pregnancy-associated deaths were deemed preventable. Between  
19 2016 and 2017, Black women had the highest rate of severe  
20 maternal morbidity with a rate of 101.5 per 10,000 deliveries,  
21 which is almost 3 times as high as the rate for white women.

22 In the City of Chicago, African American and Latinx  
23 populations are suffering from higher rates of AIDS/HIV  
24 compared to the general population. Recent data places HIV as  
25 one of the top 5 leading causes of death in African American  
26 women between the ages of 35 to 44 and the seventh ranking

1 cause in African American women between the ages of 20 to 34.  
2 Among the Latinx population, nearly 20% with HIV exclusively  
3 depend on indigenous-led and staffed organizations for  
4 services.

5 Cardiovascular disease (CVD) accounts for more deaths in  
6 Illinois than any other cause of death, according to the  
7 Illinois Department of Public Health; CVD is the leading cause  
8 of death among Black residents. According to the Kaiser Family  
9 Foundation (KFF), for every 100,000 people, 224 Black  
10 Illinoisans die of CVD compared to 158 white Illinoisans.  
11 Cancer, the second leading cause of death in Illinois, too is  
12 pervasive among African Americans. In 2019, an estimated  
13 606,880 Americans, or 1,660 people a day, died of cancer; the  
14 American Cancer Society estimated 24,410 deaths occurred in  
15 Illinois. KFF estimates that, out of every 100,000 people, 191  
16 Black Illinoisans die of cancer compared to 152 white  
17 Illinoisans.

18 Black Americans suffer at much higher rates from chronic  
19 diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, heart disease,  
20 asthma, and many cancers. Utilizing community health workers in  
21 patient education and chronic disease management is needed to  
22 close these health disparities. Studies have shown that  
23 diabetes patients in the care of a community health worker  
24 demonstrate improved knowledge and lifestyle and  
25 self-management behaviors, as well as decreases in the use of  
26 the emergency department. A study of asthma control among black

1 adolescents concluded that asthma control was reduced by 35%  
2 among adolescents working with community health workers,  
3 resulting in a savings of \$5.58 per dollar spent on the  
4 intervention. A study of the return on investment for community  
5 health workers employed in Colorado showed that, after a  
6 9-month period, patients working with community health workers  
7 had an increased number of primary care visits and a decrease  
8 in urgent and inpatient care. Utilization of community health  
9 workers led to a \$2.38 return on investment for every dollar  
10 invested in community health workers.

11 Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) are traumatic  
12 experiences occurring during childhood that have been found to  
13 have a profound effect on a child's developing brain structure  
14 and body which may result in poor health during a person's  
15 adulthood. ACEs studies have found a strong correlation between  
16 the number of ACEs and a person's risk for disease and negative  
17 health behaviors, including suicide, depression, cancer,  
18 stroke, ischemic heart disease, diabetes, autoimmune disease,  
19 smoking, substance abuse, interpersonal violence, obesity,  
20 unplanned pregnancies, lower educational achievement,  
21 workplace absenteeism, and lower wages. Data also shows that  
22 approximately 20% of African American and Hispanic adults in  
23 Illinois reported 4 or more ACEs, compared to 13% of  
24 non-Hispanic whites. Long-standing ACE interventions include  
25 tools such as trauma-informed care. Trauma-informed care has  
26 been promoted and established in communities across the country

1 on a bipartisan basis, including in the states of California,  
2 Florida, Massachusetts, Missouri, Oregon, Pennsylvania,  
3 Washington, and Wisconsin. Several federal agencies have  
4 integrated trauma-informed approaches in their programs and  
5 grants which should be leveraged by the State.

6 According to a 2019 Rush University report, a Black  
7 person's life expectancy on average is less when compared to a  
8 white person's life expectancy. For instance, when comparing  
9 life expectancy in Chicago's Austin neighborhood to the Chicago  
10 Loop, there is a difference of 11 years between Black life  
11 expectancy (71 years) and white life expectancy (82 years).

12 In a 2015 literature review of implicit racial and ethnic  
13 bias among medical professionals, it was concluded that there  
14 is a moderate level of implicit bias in most medical  
15 professionals. Further, the literature review showed that  
16 implicit bias has negative consequences for patients,  
17 including strained patient relationships and negative health  
18 outcomes. It is critical for medical professionals to be aware  
19 of implicit racial and ethnic bias and work to eliminate bias  
20 through training.

21 In the field of medicine, a historically racist profession,  
22 Black medical professionals have commonly been ostracized. In  
23 1934, Dr. Roland B. Scott was the first African American to  
24 pass the pediatric board exam, yet when he applied for  
25 membership with the American Academy of Pediatrics he was  
26 rejected multiple times. Few medical organizations have

1 confronted the roles they played in blocking opportunities for  
2 Black advancement in the medical profession until the formal  
3 apologies of the American Medical Association in 2008. For  
4 decades, organizations like the AMA predicated their  
5 membership on joining a local state medical society, several of  
6 which excluded Black physicians.

7 In 2010, the General Assembly, in partnership with  
8 Treatment Alternatives for Safe Communities, published the  
9 Disproportionate Justice Impact Study. The study examined the  
10 impact of Illinois drug laws on racial and ethnic groups and  
11 the resulting over-representation of racial and ethnic minority  
12 groups in the Illinois criminal justice system. Unsurprisingly  
13 and disappointingly, the study confirmed decades long  
14 injustices, such as nonwhites being arrested at a higher rate  
15 than whites relative to their representation in the general  
16 population throughout Illinois.

17 All together, the above mentioned only begins to capture a  
18 part of a larger system of racial injustices and inequities.  
19 The General Assembly and the people of Illinois are urged to  
20 recognize while racism is a core fault of the current health  
21 and human service system, that it is a pervasive disease  
22 affecting a multiplitude of institutions which truly drive  
23 systematic health inequities: education, child care, criminal  
24 justice, affordable housing, environmental justice, and job  
25 security and so forth. For persons to live up to their full  
26 human potential, their rights to quality of life, health care,

1 a quality job, a fair wage, housing, and education must not be  
2 inhibited.

3 Therefore, the Illinois Legislative Black Caucus, as  
4 informed by the Senate's Health and Human Service Pillar  
5 subject matter hearings, seeks to remedy a fraction of a much  
6 larger broken system by addressing access to health care,  
7 hospital closures, managed care organization reform, community  
8 health worker certification, maternal and infant mortality,  
9 mental and substance abuse treatment, hospital reform, and  
10 medical implicit bias in the Illinois Health Care and Human  
11 Service Reform Act. This Act shall achieve needed change  
12 through the use of, but not limited to, the Medicaid Managed  
13 Care Oversight Commission, the Health and Human Services Task  
14 Force, and a hospital closure moratorium, in order to address  
15 Illinois' long-standing health inequities.

16 Title II. Community Health Workers

17 Article 5.

18 Section 5-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the  
19 Community Health Worker Certification and Reimbursement Act.  
20 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

21 Section 5-5. Definition. In this Act, "community health  
22 worker" means a frontline public health worker who is a trusted



1 member or has an unusually close understanding of the community  
2 served. This trusting relationship enables the community  
3 health worker to serve as a liaison, link, and intermediary  
4 between health and social services and the community to  
5 facilitate access to services and improve the quality and  
6 cultural competence of service delivery. A community health  
7 worker also builds individual and community capacity by  
8 increasing health knowledge and self-sufficiency through a  
9 range of activities, including outreach, community education,  
10 informal counseling, social support, and advocacy. A community  
11 health worker shall have the following core competencies:

- 12 (1) communication;
- 13 (2) interpersonal skills and relationship building;
- 14 (3) service coordination and navigation skills;
- 15 (4) capacity-building;
- 16 (5) advocacy;
- 17 (6) presentation and facilitation skills;
- 18 (7) organizational skills; cultural competency;
- 19 (8) public health knowledge;
- 20 (9) understanding of health systems and basic  
21 diseases;
- 22 (10) behavioral health issues; and
- 23 (11) field experience.

24 Nothing in this definition shall be construed to authorize  
25 a community health worker to provide direct care or treatment  
26 to any person or to perform any act or service for which a

1 license issued by a professional licensing board is required.

2 Section 5-10. Community health worker training.

3 (a) Community health workers shall be provided with  
4 multi-tiered academic and community-based training  
5 opportunities that lead to the mastery of community health  
6 worker core competencies.

7 (b) For academic-based training programs, the Department  
8 of Public Health shall collaborate with the Illinois State  
9 Board of Education, the Illinois Community College Board, and  
10 the Illinois Board of Higher Education to adopt a process to  
11 certify academic-based training programs that students can  
12 attend to obtain individual community health worker  
13 certification. Certified training programs shall reflect the  
14 approved core competencies and roles for community health  
15 workers.

16 (c) For community-based training programs, the Department  
17 of Public Health shall collaborate with a statewide association  
18 representing community health workers to adopt a process to  
19 certify community-based programs that students can attend to  
20 obtain individual community health worker certification.

21 (d) Community health workers may need to undergo additional  
22 training, including, but not limited to, asthma, diabetes,  
23 maternal child health, behavioral health, and social  
24 determinants of health training. Multi-tiered training  
25 approaches shall provide opportunities that build on each other

1 and prepare community health workers for career pathways both  
2 within the community health worker profession and within allied  
3 professions.

4 Section 5-15. Illinois Community Health Worker  
5 Certification Board.

6 (a) There is created within the Department of Public  
7 Health, in shared leadership with a statewide association  
8 representing community health workers, the Illinois Community  
9 Health Worker Certification Board. The Board shall serve as the  
10 regulatory body that develops and has oversight of initial  
11 community health workers certification and certification  
12 renewals for both individuals and academic and community-based  
13 training programs.

14 (b) A representative from the Department of Public Health,  
15 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the  
16 Department of Healthcare and Family Services, and the  
17 Department of Human Services shall serve on the Board. At least  
18 one full-time professional shall be assigned to staff the Board  
19 with additional administrative support available as needed.  
20 The Board shall have balanced representation from the community  
21 health worker workforce, community health worker employers,  
22 community health worker training and educational  
23 organizations, and other engaged stakeholders.

24 (c) The Board shall propose a certification process for and  
25 be authorized to approve training from community-based

1 organizations, in conjunction with a statewide organization  
2 representing community health workers, and academic  
3 institutions, in consultation with the Illinois State Board of  
4 Education, the Illinois Community College Board and the  
5 Illinois Board of Higher Education. The Board shall base  
6 training approval on core competencies, best practices, and  
7 affordability. In addition, the Board shall maintain a registry  
8 of certification records for individually certified community  
9 health workers.

10 (d) All training programs that are deemed certifiable by  
11 the Board shall go through a renewal process, which will be  
12 determined by the Board once established. The Board shall  
13 establish criteria to grandfather in any community health  
14 workers who were practicing prior to the establishment of a  
15 certification program.

16 (e) To ensure high-quality service, the Illinois Community  
17 Health Worker Certification Board shall examine and consider  
18 for adoption best practices from other states that have  
19 implemented policies to allow for alternative opportunities to  
20 demonstrate competency in core skills and knowledge in addition  
21 to certification.

22 (f) The Department of Public Health shall explore ways to  
23 compensate members of the Board.

24 Section 5-20. Reimbursement. Community health worker  
25 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program

1 for persons who are otherwise eligible for medical assistance.  
2 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall develop  
3 services, including but not limited to, care coordination and  
4 diagnostic-related patient services, for which community  
5 health workers will be eligible for reimbursement and shall  
6 request approval from the federal Centers for Medicare and  
7 Medicaid Services to reimburse community health worker  
8 services under the medical assistance program. Certification  
9 shall not be required for reimbursement. In addition, the  
10 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall amend its  
11 contracts with managed care entities to allow managed care  
12 entities to employ community health workers or subcontract with  
13 community-based organizations that employ community health  
14 workers.

15 Section 5-25. Rules. The Department of Public Health and  
16 the Department of Healthcare and Family Services may adopt  
17 rules for the implementation and administration of this Act.

18 Title III. Hospital Reform

19 Article 10.

20 Section 10-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
21 changing Section 10.4 as follows:

1 (210 ILCS 85/10.4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 151.4)

2 Sec. 10.4. Medical staff privileges.

3 (a) Any hospital licensed under this Act or any hospital  
4 organized under the University of Illinois Hospital Act shall,  
5 prior to the granting of any medical staff privileges to an  
6 applicant, or renewing a current medical staff member's  
7 privileges, request of the Director of Professional Regulation  
8 information concerning the licensure status, proper  
9 credentials, required certificates, and any disciplinary  
10 action taken against the applicant's or medical staff member's  
11 license, except: (1) for medical personnel who enter a hospital  
12 to obtain organs and tissues for transplant from a donor in  
13 accordance with the Illinois Anatomical Gift Act; or (2) for  
14 medical personnel who have been granted disaster privileges  
15 pursuant to the procedures and requirements established by  
16 rules adopted by the Department. Any hospital and any employees  
17 of the hospital or others involved in granting privileges who,  
18 in good faith, grant disaster privileges pursuant to this  
19 Section to respond to an emergency shall not, as a result of  
20 their acts or omissions, be liable for civil damages for  
21 granting or denying disaster privileges except in the event of  
22 willful and wanton misconduct, as that term is defined in  
23 Section 10.2 of this Act. Individuals granted privileges who  
24 provide care in an emergency situation, in good faith and  
25 without direct compensation, shall not, as a result of their  
26 acts or omissions, except for acts or omissions involving

1 willful and wanton misconduct, as that term is defined in  
2 Section 10.2 of this Act, on the part of the person, be liable  
3 for civil damages. The Director of Professional Regulation  
4 shall transmit, in writing and in a timely fashion, such  
5 information regarding the license of the applicant or the  
6 medical staff member, including the record of imposition of any  
7 periods of supervision or monitoring as a result of alcohol or  
8 substance abuse, as provided by Section 23 of the Medical  
9 Practice Act of 1987, and such information as may have been  
10 submitted to the Department indicating that the application or  
11 medical staff member has been denied, or has surrendered,  
12 medical staff privileges at a hospital licensed under this Act,  
13 or any equivalent facility in another state or territory of the  
14 United States. The Director of Professional Regulation shall  
15 define by rule the period for timely response to such requests.

16 No transmittal of information by the Director of  
17 Professional Regulation, under this Section shall be to other  
18 than the president, chief operating officer, chief  
19 administrative officer, or chief of the medical staff of a  
20 hospital licensed under this Act, a hospital organized under  
21 the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a hospital operated  
22 by the United States, or any of its instrumentalities. The  
23 information so transmitted shall be afforded the same status as  
24 is information concerning medical studies by Part 21 of Article  
25 VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, as now or hereafter  
26 amended.

1           (b) All hospitals licensed under this Act, except county  
2 hospitals as defined in subsection (c) of Section 15-1 of the  
3 Illinois Public Aid Code, shall comply with, and the medical  
4 staff bylaws of these hospitals shall include rules consistent  
5 with, the provisions of this Section in granting, limiting,  
6 renewing, or denying medical staff membership and clinical  
7 staff privileges. Hospitals that require medical staff members  
8 to possess faculty status with a specific institution of higher  
9 education are not required to comply with subsection (1) below  
10 when the physician does not possess faculty status.

11           (1) Minimum procedures for pre-applicants and  
12 applicants for medical staff membership shall include the  
13 following:

14           (A) Written procedures relating to the acceptance  
15 and processing of pre-applicants or applicants for  
16 medical staff membership, which should be contained in  
17 medical staff bylaws.

18           (B) Written procedures to be followed in  
19 determining a pre-applicant's or an applicant's  
20 qualifications for being granted medical staff  
21 membership and privileges.

22           (C) Written criteria to be followed in evaluating a  
23 pre-applicant's or an applicant's qualifications.

24           (D) An evaluation of a pre-applicant's or an  
25 applicant's current health status and current license  
26 status in Illinois.



1           (E) A written response to each pre-applicant or  
2           applicant that explains the reason or reasons for any  
3           adverse decision (including all reasons based in whole  
4           or in part on the applicant's medical qualifications or  
5           any other basis, including economic factors).

6           (2) Minimum procedures with respect to medical staff  
7           and clinical privilege determinations concerning current  
8           members of the medical staff shall include the following:

9                   (A) A written notice of an adverse decision.

10                   (B) An explanation of the reasons for an adverse  
11           decision including all reasons based on the quality of  
12           medical care or any other basis, including economic  
13           factors.

14                   (C) A statement of the medical staff member's right  
15           to request a fair hearing on the adverse decision  
16           before a hearing panel whose membership is mutually  
17           agreed upon by the medical staff and the hospital  
18           governing board. The hearing panel shall have  
19           independent authority to recommend action to the  
20           hospital governing board. Upon the request of the  
21           medical staff member or the hospital governing board,  
22           the hearing panel shall make findings concerning the  
23           nature of each basis for any adverse decision  
24           recommended to and accepted by the hospital governing  
25           board.

26                   (i) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a

1 hospital's or medical staff's right to summarily  
2 suspend, without a prior hearing, a person's  
3 medical staff membership or clinical privileges if  
4 the continuation of practice of a medical staff  
5 member constitutes an immediate danger to the  
6 public, including patients, visitors, and hospital  
7 employees and staff. In the event that a hospital  
8 or the medical staff imposes a summary suspension,  
9 the Medical Executive Committee, or other  
10 comparable governance committee of the medical  
11 staff as specified in the bylaws, must meet as soon  
12 as is reasonably possible to review the suspension  
13 and to recommend whether it should be affirmed,  
14 lifted, expunged, or modified if the suspended  
15 physician requests such review. A summary  
16 suspension may not be implemented unless there is  
17 actual documentation or other reliable information  
18 that an immediate danger exists. This  
19 documentation or information must be available at  
20 the time the summary suspension decision is made  
21 and when the decision is reviewed by the Medical  
22 Executive Committee. If the Medical Executive  
23 Committee recommends that the summary suspension  
24 should be lifted, expunged, or modified, this  
25 recommendation must be reviewed and considered by  
26 the hospital governing board, or a committee of the

1 board, on an expedited basis. Nothing in this  
2 subparagraph (C) shall affect the requirement that  
3 any requested hearing must be commenced within 15  
4 days after the summary suspension and completed  
5 without delay unless otherwise agreed to by the  
6 parties. A fair hearing shall be commenced within  
7 15 days after the suspension and completed without  
8 delay, except that when the medical staff member's  
9 license to practice has been suspended or revoked  
10 by the State's licensing authority, no hearing  
11 shall be necessary.

12 (ii) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a  
13 medical staff's right to permit, in the medical  
14 staff bylaws, summary suspension of membership or  
15 clinical privileges in designated administrative  
16 circumstances as specifically approved by the  
17 medical staff. This bylaw provision must  
18 specifically describe both the administrative  
19 circumstance that can result in a summary  
20 suspension and the length of the summary  
21 suspension. The opportunity for a fair hearing is  
22 required for any administrative summary  
23 suspension. Any requested hearing must be  
24 commenced within 15 days after the summary  
25 suspension and completed without delay. Adverse  
26 decisions other than suspension or other

1           restrictions on the treatment or admission of  
2           patients may be imposed summarily and without a  
3           hearing under designated administrative  
4           circumstances as specifically provided for in the  
5           medical staff bylaws as approved by the medical  
6           staff.

7           (iii) If a hospital exercises its option to  
8           enter into an exclusive contract and that contract  
9           results in the total or partial termination or  
10          reduction of medical staff membership or clinical  
11          privileges of a current medical staff member, the  
12          hospital shall provide the affected medical staff  
13          member 60 days prior notice of the effect on his or  
14          her medical staff membership or privileges. An  
15          affected medical staff member desiring a hearing  
16          under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2) must  
17          request the hearing within 14 days after the date  
18          he or she is so notified. The requested hearing  
19          shall be commenced and completed (with a report and  
20          recommendation to the affected medical staff  
21          member, hospital governing board, and medical  
22          staff) within 30 days after the date of the medical  
23          staff member's request. If agreed upon by both the  
24          medical staff and the hospital governing board,  
25          the medical staff bylaws may provide for longer  
26          time periods.

1 (C-5) All peer review used for the purpose of  
2 credentialing, privileging, disciplinary action, or  
3 other recommendations affecting medical staff  
4 membership or exercise of clinical privileges, whether  
5 relying in whole or in part on internal or external  
6 reviews, shall be conducted in accordance with the  
7 medical staff bylaws and applicable rules,  
8 regulations, or policies of the medical staff. If  
9 external review is obtained, any adverse report  
10 utilized shall be in writing and shall be made part of  
11 the internal peer review process under the bylaws. The  
12 report shall also be shared with a medical staff peer  
13 review committee and the individual under review. If  
14 the medical staff peer review committee or the  
15 individual under review prepares a written response to  
16 the report of the external peer review within 30 days  
17 after receiving such report, the governing board shall  
18 consider the response prior to the implementation of  
19 any final actions by the governing board which may  
20 affect the individual's medical staff membership or  
21 clinical privileges. Any peer review that involves  
22 willful or wanton misconduct shall be subject to civil  
23 damages as provided for under Section 10.2 of this Act.

24 (D) A statement of the member's right to inspect  
25 all pertinent information in the hospital's possession  
26 with respect to the decision.

1           (E) A statement of the member's right to present  
2 witnesses and other evidence at the hearing on the  
3 decision.

4           (E-5) The right to be represented by a personal  
5 attorney.

6           (F) A written notice and written explanation of the  
7 decision resulting from the hearing.

8           (F-5) A written notice of a final adverse decision  
9 by a hospital governing board.

10          (G) Notice given 15 days before implementation of  
11 an adverse medical staff membership or clinical  
12 privileges decision based substantially on economic  
13 factors. This notice shall be given after the medical  
14 staff member exhausts all applicable procedures under  
15 this Section, including item (iii) of subparagraph (C)  
16 of this paragraph (2), and under the medical staff  
17 bylaws in order to allow sufficient time for the  
18 orderly provision of patient care.

19          (H) Nothing in this paragraph (2) of this  
20 subsection (b) limits a medical staff member's right to  
21 waive, in writing, the rights provided in  
22 subparagraphs (A) through (G) of this paragraph (2) of  
23 this subsection (b) upon being granted the written  
24 exclusive right to provide particular services at a  
25 hospital, either individually or as a member of a  
26 group. If an exclusive contract is signed by a

1           representative of a group of physicians, a waiver  
2           contained in the contract shall apply to all members of  
3           the group unless stated otherwise in the contract.

4           (3) Every adverse medical staff membership and  
5           clinical privilege decision based substantially on  
6           economic factors shall be reported to the Hospital  
7           Licensing Board before the decision takes effect. These  
8           reports shall not be disclosed in any form that reveals the  
9           identity of any hospital or physician. These reports shall  
10          be utilized to study the effects that hospital medical  
11          staff membership and clinical privilege decisions based  
12          upon economic factors have on access to care and the  
13          availability of physician services. The Hospital Licensing  
14          Board shall submit an initial study to the Governor and the  
15          General Assembly by January 1, 1996, and subsequent reports  
16          shall be submitted periodically thereafter.

17          (4) As used in this Section:

18          "Adverse decision" means a decision reducing,  
19          restricting, suspending, revoking, denying, or not  
20          renewing medical staff membership or clinical privileges.

21          "Economic factor" means any information or reasons for  
22          decisions unrelated to quality of care or professional  
23          competency.

24          "Pre-applicant" means a physician licensed to practice  
25          medicine in all its branches who requests an application  
26          for medical staff membership or privileges.

1 "Privilege" means permission to provide medical or  
2 other patient care services and permission to use hospital  
3 resources, including equipment, facilities and personnel  
4 that are necessary to effectively provide medical or other  
5 patient care services. This definition shall not be  
6 construed to require a hospital to acquire additional  
7 equipment, facilities, or personnel to accommodate the  
8 granting of privileges.

9 (5) Any amendment to medical staff bylaws required  
10 because of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly  
11 shall be adopted on or before July 1, 2001.

12 (c) All hospitals shall consult with the medical staff  
13 prior to closing membership in the entire or any portion of the  
14 medical staff or a department. If the hospital closes  
15 membership in the medical staff, any portion of the medical  
16 staff, or the department over the objections of the medical  
17 staff, then the hospital shall provide a detailed written  
18 explanation for the decision to the medical staff 10 days prior  
19 to the effective date of any closure. No applications need to  
20 be provided when membership in the medical staff or any  
21 relevant portion of the medical staff is closed.

22 (Source: P.A. 96-445, eff. 8-14-09; 97-1006, eff. 8-17-12.)

23 Article 15.

24 Section 15-3. The Illinois Health Finance Reform Act is



1 amended by changing Section 4-4 as follows:

2 (20 ILCS 2215/4-4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 6504-4)

3 Sec. 4-4. (a) Hospitals shall make available to prospective  
4 patients information on the normal charge incurred for any  
5 procedure or operation the prospective patient is considering.

6 (b) The Department of Public Health shall require hospitals  
7 to post, either by physical or electronic means, in prominent  
8 letters, ~~in letters no more than one inch in height~~ the  
9 established charges for services, where applicable, including  
10 but not limited to the hospital's private room charge,  
11 semi-private room charge, charge for a room with 3 or more  
12 beds, intensive care room charges, emergency room charge,  
13 operating room charge, electrocardiogram charge, anesthesia  
14 charge, chest x-ray charge, blood sugar charge, blood chemistry  
15 charge, tissue exam charge, blood typing charge and Rh factor  
16 charge. The definitions of each charge to be posted shall be  
17 determined by the Department.

18 (Source: P.A. 92-597, eff. 7-1-02.)

19 Section 15-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
20 changing Sections 6, 6.14c, 10.10, and 11.5 as follows:

21 (210 ILCS 85/6) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 147)

22 Sec. 6. (a) Upon receipt of an application for a permit to  
23 establish a hospital the Director shall issue a permit if he

1 finds (1) that the applicant is fit, willing, and able to  
2 provide a proper standard of hospital service for the community  
3 with particular regard to the qualification, background, and  
4 character of the applicant, (2) that the financial resources  
5 available to the applicant demonstrate an ability to construct,  
6 maintain, and operate a hospital in accordance with the  
7 standards, rules, and regulations adopted pursuant to this Act,  
8 and (3) that safeguards are provided which assure hospital  
9 operation and maintenance consistent with the public interest  
10 having particular regard to safe, adequate, and efficient  
11 hospital facilities and services.

12 The Director may request the cooperation of county and  
13 multiple-county health departments, municipal boards of  
14 health, and other governmental and non-governmental agencies  
15 in obtaining information and in conducting investigations  
16 relating to such applications.

17 A permit to establish a hospital shall be valid only for  
18 the premises and person named in the application for such  
19 permit and shall not be transferable or assignable.

20 In the event the Director issues a permit to establish a  
21 hospital the applicant shall thereafter submit plans and  
22 specifications to the Department in accordance with Section 8  
23 of this Act.

24 (b) Upon receipt of an application for license to open,  
25 conduct, operate, and maintain a hospital, the Director shall  
26 issue a license if he finds the applicant and the hospital

1 facilities comply with standards, rules, and regulations  
2 promulgated under this Act. A license, unless sooner suspended  
3 or revoked, shall be renewable annually upon approval by the  
4 Department and payment of a license fee as established pursuant  
5 to Section 5 of this Act. Each license shall be issued only for  
6 the premises and persons named in the application and shall not  
7 be transferable or assignable. Licenses shall be posted, either  
8 by physical or electronic means, in a conspicuous place on the  
9 licensed premises. The Department may, either before or after  
10 the issuance of a license, request the cooperation of the State  
11 Fire Marshal, county and multiple county health departments, or  
12 municipal boards of health to make investigations to determine  
13 if the applicant or licensee is complying with the minimum  
14 standards prescribed by the Department. The report and  
15 recommendations of any such agency shall be in writing and  
16 shall state with particularity its findings with respect to  
17 compliance or noncompliance with such minimum standards,  
18 rules, and regulations.

19 The Director may issue a provisional license to any  
20 hospital which does not substantially comply with the  
21 provisions of this Act and the standards, rules, and  
22 regulations promulgated by virtue thereof provided that he  
23 finds that such hospital has undertaken changes and corrections  
24 which upon completion will render the hospital in substantial  
25 compliance with the provisions of this Act, and the standards,  
26 rules, and regulations adopted hereunder, and provided that the

1 health and safety of the patients of the hospital will be  
2 protected during the period for which such provisional license  
3 is issued. The Director shall advise the licensee of the  
4 conditions under which such provisional license is issued,  
5 including the manner in which the hospital facilities fail to  
6 comply with the provisions of the Act, standards, rules, and  
7 regulations, and the time within which the changes and  
8 corrections necessary for such hospital facilities to  
9 substantially comply with this Act, and the standards, rules,  
10 and regulations of the Department relating thereto shall be  
11 completed.

12 (Source: P.A. 98-683, eff. 6-30-14.)

13 (210 ILCS 85/6.14c)

14 Sec. 6.14c. Posting of information. Every hospital shall  
15 conspicuously post, either by physical or electronic means, for  
16 display in an area of its offices accessible to patients,  
17 employees, and visitors the following:

18 (1) its current license;

19 (2) a description, provided by the Department, of  
20 complaint procedures established under this Act and the  
21 name, address, and telephone number of a person authorized  
22 by the Department to receive complaints;

23 (3) a list of any orders pertaining to the hospital  
24 issued by the Department during the past year and any court  
25 orders reviewing such Department orders issued during the

1 past year; and

2 (4) a list of the material available for public  
3 inspection under Section 6.14d.

4 Each hospital shall post, either by physical or electronic  
5 means, in each facility that has an emergency room, a notice in  
6 a conspicuous location in the emergency room with information  
7 about how to enroll in health insurance through the Illinois  
8 health insurance marketplace in accordance with Sections 1311  
9 and 1321 of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care  
10 Act.

11 (Source: P.A. 101-117, eff. 1-1-20.)

12 (210 ILCS 85/10.10)

13 Sec. 10.10. Nurse Staffing by Patient Acuity.

14 (a) Findings. The Legislature finds and declares all of the  
15 following:

16 (1) The State of Illinois has a substantial interest in  
17 promoting quality care and improving the delivery of health  
18 care services.

19 (2) Evidence-based studies have shown that the basic  
20 principles of staffing in the acute care setting should be  
21 based on the complexity of patients' care needs aligned  
22 with available nursing skills to promote quality patient  
23 care consistent with professional nursing standards.

24 (3) Compliance with this Section promotes an  
25 organizational climate that values registered nurses'

1 input in meeting the health care needs of hospital  
2 patients.

3 (b) Definitions. As used in this Section:

4 "Acuity model" means an assessment tool selected and  
5 implemented by a hospital, as recommended by a nursing care  
6 committee, that assesses the complexity of patient care needs  
7 requiring professional nursing care and skills and aligns  
8 patient care needs and nursing skills consistent with  
9 professional nursing standards.

10 "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

11 "Direct patient care" means care provided by a registered  
12 professional nurse with direct responsibility to oversee or  
13 carry out medical regimens or nursing care for one or more  
14 patients.

15 "Nursing care committee" means an existing or newly created  
16 hospital-wide committee or committees of nurses whose  
17 functions, in part or in whole, contribute to the development,  
18 recommendation, and review of the hospital's nurse staffing  
19 plan established pursuant to subsection (d).

20 "Registered professional nurse" means a person licensed as  
21 a Registered Nurse under the Nurse Practice Act.

22 "Written staffing plan for nursing care services" means a  
23 written plan for guiding the assignment of patient care nursing  
24 staff based on multiple nurse and patient considerations that  
25 yield minimum staffing levels for inpatient care units and the  
26 adopted acuity model aligning patient care needs with nursing

1 skills required for quality patient care consistent with  
2 professional nursing standards.

3 (c) Written staffing plan.

4 (1) Every hospital shall implement a written  
5 hospital-wide staffing plan, recommended by a nursing care  
6 committee or committees, that provides for minimum direct  
7 care professional registered nurse-to-patient staffing  
8 needs for each inpatient care unit. The written  
9 hospital-wide staffing plan shall include, but need not be  
10 limited to, the following considerations:

11 (A) The complexity of complete care, assessment on  
12 patient admission, volume of patient admissions,  
13 discharges and transfers, evaluation of the progress  
14 of a patient's problems, ongoing physical assessments,  
15 planning for a patient's discharge, assessment after a  
16 change in patient condition, and assessment of the need  
17 for patient referrals.

18 (B) The complexity of clinical professional  
19 nursing judgment needed to design and implement a  
20 patient's nursing care plan, the need for specialized  
21 equipment and technology, the skill mix of other  
22 personnel providing or supporting direct patient care,  
23 and involvement in quality improvement activities,  
24 professional preparation, and experience.

25 (C) Patient acuity and the number of patients for  
26 whom care is being provided.

1           (D) The ongoing assessments of a unit's patient  
2           acuity levels and nursing staff needed shall be  
3           routinely made by the unit nurse manager or his or her  
4           designee.

5           (E) The identification of additional registered  
6           nurses available for direct patient care when  
7           patients' unexpected needs exceed the planned workload  
8           for direct care staff.

9           (2) In order to provide staffing flexibility to meet  
10          patient needs, every hospital shall identify an acuity  
11          model for adjusting the staffing plan for each inpatient  
12          care unit.

13          (3) The written staffing plan shall be posted, either  
14          by physical or electronic means, in a conspicuous and  
15          accessible location for both patients and direct care  
16          staff, as required under the Hospital Report Card Act. A  
17          copy of the written staffing plan shall be provided to any  
18          member of the general public upon request.

19          (d) Nursing care committee.

20          (1) Every hospital shall have a nursing care committee.  
21          A hospital shall appoint members of a committee whereby at  
22          least 50% of the members are registered professional nurses  
23          providing direct patient care.

24          (2) A nursing care committee's recommendations must be  
25          given significant regard and weight in the hospital's  
26          adoption and implementation of a written staffing plan.



1           (3) A nursing care committee or committees shall  
2 recommend a written staffing plan for the hospital based on  
3 the principles from the staffing components set forth in  
4 subsection (c). In particular, a committee or committees  
5 shall provide input and feedback on the following:

6           (A) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of  
7 minimum staffing levels for inpatient care units.

8           (B) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of  
9 an acuity model to provide staffing flexibility that  
10 aligns changing patient acuity with nursing skills  
11 required.

12           (C) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of a  
13 written staffing plan incorporating the items  
14 described in subdivisions (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this  
15 Section.

16           (D) Review the following: nurse-to-patient  
17 staffing guidelines for all inpatient areas; and  
18 current acuity tools and measures in use.

19           (4) A nursing care committee must address the items  
20 described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (3)  
21 semi-annually.

22           (e) Nothing in this Section 10.10 shall be construed to  
23 limit, alter, or modify any of the terms, conditions, or  
24 provisions of a collective bargaining agreement entered into by  
25 the hospital.

26           (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 97-423, eff. 1-1-12;

1 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)

2 (210 ILCS 85/11.5)

3 Sec. 11.5. Uniform standards of obstetrical care  
4 regardless of ability to pay.

5 (a) No hospital may promulgate policies or implement  
6 practices that determine differing standards of obstetrical  
7 care based upon a patient's source of payment or ability to pay  
8 for medical services.

9 (b) Each hospital shall develop a written policy statement  
10 reflecting the requirements of subsection (a) and shall post,  
11 either by physical or electronic means, written notices of this  
12 policy in the obstetrical admitting areas of the hospital by  
13 July 1, 2004. Notices posted pursuant to this Section shall be  
14 posted in the predominant language or languages spoken in the  
15 hospital's service area.

16 (Source: P.A. 93-981, eff. 8-23-04.)

17 Section 15-10. The Language Assistance Services Act is  
18 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

19 (210 ILCS 87/15)

20 Sec. 15. Language assistance services.

21 (a) To ensure access to health care information and  
22 services for limited-English-speaking or non-English-speaking  
23 residents and deaf residents, a health facility must do the

1 following:

2 (1) Adopt and review annually a policy for providing  
3 language assistance services to patients with language or  
4 communication barriers. The policy shall include  
5 procedures for providing, to the extent possible as  
6 determined by the facility, the use of an interpreter  
7 whenever a language or communication barrier exists,  
8 except where the patient, after being informed of the  
9 availability of the interpreter service, chooses to use a  
10 family member or friend who volunteers to interpret. The  
11 procedures shall be designed to maximize efficient use of  
12 interpreters and minimize delays in providing interpreters  
13 to patients. The procedures shall insure, to the extent  
14 possible as determined by the facility, that interpreters  
15 are available, either on the premises or accessible by  
16 telephone, 24 hours a day. The facility shall annually  
17 transmit to the Department of Public Health a copy of the  
18 updated policy and shall include a description of the  
19 facility's efforts to insure adequate and speedy  
20 communication between patients with language or  
21 communication barriers and staff.

22 (2) Develop, and post, either by physical or electronic  
23 means, in conspicuous locations, notices that advise  
24 patients and their families of the availability of  
25 interpreters, the procedure for obtaining an interpreter,  
26 and the telephone numbers to call for filing complaints

1 concerning interpreter service problems, including, but  
2 not limited to, a TTY number for persons who are deaf or  
3 hard of hearing. The notices shall be posted, at a minimum,  
4 in the emergency room, the admitting area, the facility  
5 entrance, and the outpatient area. Notices shall inform  
6 patients that interpreter services are available on  
7 request, shall list the languages most commonly  
8 encountered at the facility for which interpreter services  
9 are available, and shall instruct patients to direct  
10 complaints regarding interpreter services to the  
11 Department of Public Health, including the telephone  
12 numbers to call for that purpose.

13 (3) Notify the facility's employees of the language  
14 services available at the facility and train them on how to  
15 make those language services available to patients.

16 (b) In addition, a health facility may do one or more of  
17 the following:

18 (1) Identify and record a patient's primary language  
19 and dialect on one or more of the following: a patient  
20 medical chart, hospital bracelet, bedside notice, or  
21 nursing card.

22 (2) Prepare and maintain, as needed, a list of  
23 interpreters who have been identified as proficient in sign  
24 language according to the Interpreter for the Deaf  
25 Licensure Act of 2007 and a list of the languages of the  
26 population of the geographical area served by the facility.

1           (3) Review all standardized written forms, waivers,  
2 documents, and informational materials available to  
3 patients on admission to determine which to translate into  
4 languages other than English.

5           (4) Consider providing its nonbilingual staff with  
6 standardized picture and phrase sheets for use in routine  
7 communications with patients who have language or  
8 communication barriers.

9           (5) Develop community liaison groups to enable the  
10 facility and the limited-English-speaking,  
11 non-English-speaking, and deaf communities to ensure the  
12 adequacy of the interpreter services.

13 (Source: P.A. 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

14           Section 15-15. The Fair Patient Billing Act is amended by  
15 changing Section 15 as follows:

16           (210 ILCS 88/15)

17           Sec. 15. Patient notification.

18           (a) Each hospital shall post a sign with the following  
19 notice:

20           "You may be eligible for financial assistance under  
21 the terms and conditions the hospital offers to qualified  
22 patients. For more information contact [hospital financial  
23 assistance representative]".

24           (b) The sign under subsection (a) shall be posted, either

1 by physical or electronic means, conspicuously in the admission  
2 and registration areas of the hospital.

3 (c) The sign shall be in English, and in any other language  
4 that is the primary language of at least 5% of the patients  
5 served by the hospital annually.

6 (d) Each hospital that has a website must post a notice in  
7 a prominent place on its website that financial assistance is  
8 available at the hospital, a description of the financial  
9 assistance application process, and a copy of the financial  
10 assistance application.

11 (e) Within 180 days after the effective date of this  
12 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly, each ~~Each~~  
13 hospital must make available information regarding financial  
14 assistance from the hospital in the form of either a brochure,  
15 an application for financial assistance, or other written or  
16 electronic material in the emergency room, ~~material in the~~  
17 hospital admission, or registration area.

18 (Source: P.A. 94-885, eff. 1-1-07.)

19 Section 15-16. The Health Care Violence Prevention Act is  
20 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

21 (210 ILCS 160/15)

22 Sec. 15. Workplace safety.

23 (a) A health care worker who contacts law enforcement or  
24 files a report with law enforcement against a patient or

1 individual because of workplace violence shall provide notice  
2 to management of the health care provider by which he or she is  
3 employed within 3 days after contacting law enforcement or  
4 filing the report.

5 (b) No management of a health care provider may discourage  
6 a health care worker from exercising his or her right to  
7 contact law enforcement or file a report with law enforcement  
8 because of workplace violence.

9 (c) A health care provider that employs a health care  
10 worker shall display a notice, either by physical or electronic  
11 means, stating that verbal aggression will not be tolerated and  
12 physical assault will be reported to law enforcement.

13 (d) The health care provider shall offer immediate  
14 post-incident services for a health care worker directly  
15 involved in a workplace violence incident caused by patients or  
16 their visitors, including acute treatment and access to  
17 psychological evaluation.

18 (Source: P.A. 100-1051, eff. 1-1-19.)

19 Section 15-17. The Medical Patient Rights Act is amended by  
20 changing Sections 3.4 and 5.2 as follows:

21 (410 ILCS 50/3.4)

22 Sec. 3.4. Rights of women; pregnancy and childbirth.

23 (a) In addition to any other right provided under this Act,  
24 every woman has the following rights with regard to pregnancy

1 and childbirth:

2 (1) The right to receive health care before, during,  
3 and after pregnancy and childbirth.

4 (2) The right to receive care for her and her infant  
5 that is consistent with generally accepted medical  
6 standards.

7 (3) The right to choose a certified nurse midwife or  
8 physician as her maternity care professional.

9 (4) The right to choose her birth setting from the full  
10 range of birthing options available in her community.

11 (5) The right to leave her maternity care professional  
12 and select another if she becomes dissatisfied with her  
13 care, except as otherwise provided by law.

14 (6) The right to receive information about the names of  
15 those health care professionals involved in her care.

16 (7) The right to privacy and confidentiality of  
17 records, except as provided by law.

18 (8) The right to receive information concerning her  
19 condition and proposed treatment, including methods of  
20 relieving pain.

21 (9) The right to accept or refuse any treatment, to the  
22 extent medically possible.

23 (10) The right to be informed if her caregivers wish to  
24 enroll her or her infant in a research study in accordance  
25 with Section 3.1 of this Act.

26 (11) The right to access her medical records in



1           accordance with Section 8-2001 of the Code of Civil  
2           Procedure.

3           (12) The right to receive information in a language in  
4           which she can communicate in accordance with federal law.

5           (13) The right to receive emotional and physical  
6           support during labor and birth.

7           (14) The right to freedom of movement during labor and  
8           to give birth in the position of her choice, within  
9           generally accepted medical standards.

10          (15) The right to contact with her newborn, except  
11          where necessary care must be provided to the mother or  
12          infant.

13          (16) The right to receive information about  
14          breastfeeding.

15          (17) The right to decide collaboratively with  
16          caregivers when she and her baby will leave the birth site  
17          for home, based on their conditions and circumstances.

18          (18) The right to be treated with respect at all times  
19          before, during, and after pregnancy by her health care  
20          professionals.

21          (19) The right of each patient, regardless of source of  
22          payment, to examine and receive a reasonable explanation of  
23          her total bill for services rendered by her maternity care  
24          professional or health care provider, including itemized  
25          charges for specific services received. Each maternity  
26          care professional or health care provider shall be

1 responsible only for a reasonable explanation of those  
2 specific services provided by the maternity care  
3 professional or health care provider.

4 (b) The Department of Public Health, Department of  
5 Healthcare and Family Services, Department of Children and  
6 Family Services, and Department of Human Services shall post,  
7 either by physical or electronic means, information about these  
8 rights on their publicly available websites. Every health care  
9 provider, day care center licensed under the Child Care Act of  
10 1969, Head Start, and community center shall post information  
11 about these rights in a prominent place and on their websites,  
12 if applicable.

13 (c) The Department of Public Health shall adopt rules to  
14 implement this Section.

15 (d) Nothing in this Section or any rules adopted under  
16 subsection (c) shall be construed to require a physician,  
17 health care professional, hospital, hospital affiliate, or  
18 health care provider to provide care inconsistent with  
19 generally accepted medical standards or available capabilities  
20 or resources.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-445, eff. 1-1-20.)

22 (410 ILCS 50/5.2)

23 Sec. 5.2. Emergency room anti-discrimination notice. Every  
24 hospital shall post, either by physical or electronic means, a  
25 sign next to or in close proximity of its sign required by

1 Section 489.20 (q)(1) of Title 42 of the Code of Federal  
2 Regulations stating the following:

3 "You have the right not to be discriminated against by the  
4 hospital due to your race, color, or national origin if these  
5 characteristics are unrelated to your diagnosis or treatment.  
6 If you believe this right has been violated, please call  
7 (insert number for hospital grievance officer).".

8 (Source: P.A. 97-485, eff. 8-22-11.)

9 Section 15-20. The Smoke Free Illinois Act is amended by  
10 changing Section 20 as follows:

11 (410 ILCS 82/20)

12 Sec. 20. Posting of signs; removal of ashtrays.

13 (a) "No Smoking" signs or the international "No Smoking"  
14 symbol, consisting of a pictorial representation of a burning  
15 cigarette enclosed in a red circle with a red bar across it,  
16 shall be clearly and conspicuously posted in each public place  
17 and place of employment where smoking is prohibited by this Act  
18 by the owner, operator, manager, or other person in control of  
19 that place. When the public place or place of employment is a  
20 health care facility, the "No Smoking" sign or symbol may be  
21 posted by electronic means.

22 (b) Each public place and place of employment where smoking  
23 is prohibited by this Act shall have posted at every entrance a  
24 conspicuous sign clearly stating that smoking is prohibited.

1 When the public place or place of employment is a health care  
2 facility, the sign may be posted by electronic means.

3 (c) All ashtrays shall be removed from any area where  
4 smoking is prohibited by this Act by the owner, operator,  
5 manager, or other person having control of the area.

6 (Source: P.A. 95-17, eff. 1-1-08.)

7 Section 15-25. The Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act  
8 is amended by changing Section 22 as follows:

9 (325 ILCS 2/22)

10 Sec. 22. Signs. Every hospital, fire station, emergency  
11 medical facility, and police station that is required to accept  
12 a relinquished newborn infant in accordance with this Act must  
13 post, either by physical or electronic means, a sign in a  
14 conspicuous place on the exterior of the building housing the  
15 facility informing persons that a newborn infant may be  
16 relinquished at the facility in accordance with this Act. The  
17 Department shall prescribe specifications for the signs and for  
18 their placement that will ensure statewide uniformity.

19 This Section does not apply to a hospital, fire station,  
20 emergency medical facility, or police station that has a sign  
21 that is consistent with the requirements of this Section that  
22 is posted on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the  
23 95th General Assembly.

24 (Source: P.A. 95-275, eff. 8-17-07.)

1 Section 15-30. The Crime Victims Compensation Act is  
2 amended by changing Section 5.1 as follows:

3 (740 ILCS 45/5.1) (from Ch. 70, par. 75.1)

4 Sec. 5.1. (a) Every hospital licensed under the laws of  
5 this State shall display prominently in its emergency room  
6 posters giving notification of the existence and general  
7 provisions of this Act. The posters may be displayed by  
8 physical or electronic means. Such posters shall be provided by  
9 the Attorney General.

10 (b) Any law enforcement agency that investigates an offense  
11 committed in this State shall inform the victim of the offense  
12 or his dependents concerning the availability of an award of  
13 compensation and advise such persons that any information  
14 concerning this Act and the filing of a claim may be obtained  
15 from the office of the Attorney General.

16 (Source: P.A. 81-1013.)

17 Section 15-35. The Human Trafficking Resource Center  
18 Notice Act is amended by changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

19 (775 ILCS 50/5)

20 Sec. 5. Posted notice required.

21 (a) Each of the following businesses and other  
22 establishments shall, upon the availability of the model notice

1 described in Section 15 of this Act, post a notice that  
2 complies with the requirements of this Act in a conspicuous  
3 place near the public entrance of the establishment or in  
4 another conspicuous location in clear view of the public and  
5 employees where similar notices are customarily posted:

6 (1) On premise consumption retailer licensees under  
7 the Liquor Control Act of 1934 where the sale of alcoholic  
8 liquor is the principal business carried on by the licensee  
9 at the premises and primary to the sale of food.

10 (2) Adult entertainment facilities, as defined in  
11 Section 5-1097.5 of the Counties Code.

12 (3) Primary airports, as defined in Section 47102(16)  
13 of Title 49 of the United States Code.

14 (4) Intercity passenger rail or light rail stations.

15 (5) Bus stations.

16 (6) Truck stops. For purposes of this Act, "truck stop"  
17 means a privately-owned and operated facility that  
18 provides food, fuel, shower or other sanitary facilities,  
19 and lawful overnight truck parking.

20 (7) Emergency rooms within general acute care  
21 hospitals, in which case the notice may be posted by  
22 electronic means.

23 (8) Urgent care centers, in which case the notice may  
24 be posted by electronic means.

25 (9) Farm labor contractors. For purposes of this Act,  
26 "farm labor contractor" means: (i) any person who for a fee

1 or other valuable consideration recruits, supplies, or  
2 hires, or transports in connection therewith, into or  
3 within the State, any farmworker not of the contractor's  
4 immediate family to work for, or under the direction,  
5 supervision, or control of, a third person; or (ii) any  
6 person who for a fee or other valuable consideration  
7 recruits, supplies, or hires, or transports in connection  
8 therewith, into or within the State, any farmworker not of  
9 the contractor's immediate family, and who for a fee or  
10 other valuable consideration directs, supervises, or  
11 controls all or any part of the work of the farmworker or  
12 who disburses wages to the farmworker. However, "farm labor  
13 contractor" does not include full-time regular employees  
14 of food processing companies when the employees are engaged  
15 in recruiting for the companies if those employees are not  
16 compensated according to the number of farmworkers they  
17 recruit.

18 (10) Privately-operated job recruitment centers.

19 (11) Massage establishments. As used in this Act,  
20 "massage establishment" means a place of business in which  
21 any method of massage therapy is administered or practiced  
22 for compensation. "Massage establishment" does not  
23 include: an establishment at which persons licensed under  
24 the Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Illinois Physical  
25 Therapy Act, or the Naprapathic Practice Act engage in  
26 practice under one of those Acts; a business owned by a

1 sole licensed massage therapist; or a cosmetology or  
2 esthetics salon registered under the Barber, Cosmetology,  
3 Esthetics, Hair Braiding, and Nail Technology Act of 1985.

4 (b) The Department of Transportation shall, upon the  
5 availability of the model notice described in Section 15 of  
6 this Act, post a notice that complies with the requirements of  
7 this Act in a conspicuous place near the public entrance of  
8 each roadside rest area or in another conspicuous location in  
9 clear view of the public and employees where similar notices  
10 are customarily posted.

11 (c) The owner of a hotel or motel shall, upon the  
12 availability of the model notice described in Section 15 of  
13 this Act, post a notice that complies with the requirements of  
14 this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the  
15 premises in clear view of the employees where similar notices  
16 are customarily posted.

17 (d) The organizer of a public gathering or special event  
18 that is conducted on property open to the public and requires  
19 the issuance of a permit from the unit of local government  
20 shall post a notice that complies with the requirements of this  
21 Act in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the  
22 premises in clear view of the public and employees where  
23 similar notices are customarily posted.

24 (e) The administrator of a public or private elementary  
25 school or public or private secondary school shall post a  
26 printout of the downloadable notice provided by the Department



1 of Human Services under Section 15 that complies with the  
2 requirements of this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place  
3 chosen by the administrator in the administrative office or  
4 another location in view of school employees. School districts  
5 and personnel are not subject to the penalties provided under  
6 subsection (a) of Section 20.

7 (f) The owner of an establishment registered under the  
8 Tattoo and Body Piercing Establishment Registration Act shall  
9 post a notice that complies with the requirements of this Act  
10 in a conspicuous and accessible place in clear view of  
11 establishment employees.

12 (Source: P.A. 99-99, eff. 1-1-16; 99-565, eff. 7-1-17; 100-671,  
13 eff. 1-1-19.)

14 (775 ILCS 50/10)

15 Sec. 10. Form of posted notice.

16 (a) The notice required under this Act shall be at least 8  
17 1/2 inches by 11 inches in size, written in a 16-point font,  
18 except that when the notice is provided by electronic means the  
19 size of the notice and font shall not be required to comply  
20 with these specifications, and shall state the following:

21 "If you or someone you know is being forced to engage in any  
22 activity and cannot leave, whether it is commercial sex,  
23 housework, farm work, construction, factory, retail, or  
24 restaurant work, or any other activity, call the National Human

1 Trafficking Resource Center at 1-888-373-7888 to access help  
2 and services.

3 Victims of slavery and human trafficking are protected under  
4 United States and Illinois law. The hotline is:

5 \* Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

6 \* Toll-free.

7 \* Operated by nonprofit nongovernmental organizations.

8 \* Anonymous and confidential.

9 \* Accessible in more than 160 languages.

10 \* Able to provide help, referral to services, training,  
11 and general information.".

12 (b) The notice shall be printed in English, Spanish, and in  
13 one other language that is the most widely spoken language in  
14 the county where the establishment is located and for which  
15 translation is mandated by the federal Voting Rights Act, as  
16 applicable. This subsection does not require a business or  
17 other establishment in a county where a language other than  
18 English or Spanish is the most widely spoken language to print  
19 the notice in more than one language in addition to English and  
20 Spanish.

21 (Source: P.A. 99-99, eff. 1-1-16.)

22 Article 20.

1 Section 20-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is  
2 amended by adding Section 8d as follows:

3 (110 ILCS 330/8d new)

4 Sec. 8d. N95 masks. The University of Illinois Hospital  
5 shall provide N95 masks to physicians licensed under the  
6 Medical Practice Act of 1987, registered nurses and advanced  
7 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing  
8 Act, and other employees, to the extent the hospital determines  
9 that the physician, registered nurse, advanced practice  
10 registered nurse, or other employee is required to have such a  
11 mask to serve patients of the hospital, in accordance with the  
12 policies, guidance, and recommendations of State and federal  
13 public health and infection control authorities and taking into  
14 consideration the limitations on access to N95 masks caused by  
15 disruptions in local, State, national, and international  
16 supply chains; however, nothing in this Section shall be  
17 construed to impose any new duty or obligation on the hospital  
18 that is greater than that imposed under State and federal laws  
19 in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the  
20 101st General Assembly. This Section is repealed on December  
21 31, 2021.

22 Section 20-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
23 adding Section 6.28 as follows:

1 (210 ILCS 85/6.28 new)

2 Sec. 6.28. N95 masks. A hospital licensed under this Act  
3 shall provide N95 masks to physicians licensed under the  
4 Medical Practice Act of 1987, registered nurses and advanced  
5 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing  
6 Act, and other employees, to the extent the hospital determines  
7 that the physician, registered nurse, advanced practice  
8 registered nurse, or other employee is required to have such a  
9 mask to serve patients of the hospital, in accordance with the  
10 policies, guidance, and recommendations of State and federal  
11 public health and infection control authorities and taking into  
12 consideration the limitations on access to N95 masks caused by  
13 disruptions in local, State, national, and international  
14 supply chains; however, nothing in this Section shall be  
15 construed to impose any new duty or obligation on the hospital  
16 that is greater than that imposed under State and federal laws  
17 in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the  
18 101st General Assembly. This Section is repealed on December  
19 31, 2021.

20 Article 35.

21 Section 35-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
22 changing Section 5-5.05 as follows:

23 (305 ILCS 5/5-5.05)

1           Sec. 5-5.05. Hospitals; psychiatric services.

2           (a) On and after July 1, 2008, the inpatient, per diem rate  
3 to be paid to a hospital for inpatient psychiatric services  
4 shall be \$363.77.

5           (b) For purposes of this Section, "hospital" means the  
6 following:

7                   (1) Advocate Christ Hospital, Oak Lawn, Illinois.

8                   (2) Barnes-Jewish Hospital, St. Louis, Missouri.

9                   (3) BroMenn Healthcare, Bloomington, Illinois.

10                  (4) Jackson Park Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

11                  (5) Katherine Shaw Bethea Hospital, Dixon, Illinois.

12                  (6) Lawrence County Memorial Hospital, Lawrenceville,  
13 Illinois.

14                  (7) Advocate Lutheran General Hospital, Park Ridge,  
15 Illinois.

16                  (8) Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, Chicago,  
17 Illinois.

18                  (9) Methodist Medical Center of Illinois, Peoria,  
19 Illinois.

20                  (10) Provena United Samaritans Medical Center,  
21 Danville, Illinois.

22                  (11) Rockford Memorial Hospital, Rockford, Illinois.

23                  (12) Sarah Bush Lincoln Health Center, Mattoon,  
24 Illinois.

25                  (13) Provena Covenant Medical Center, Urbana,  
26 Illinois.

1 (14) Rush-Presbyterian-St. Luke's Medical Center,  
2 Chicago, Illinois.

3 (15) Mt. Sinai Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

4 (16) Gateway Regional Medical Center, Granite City,  
5 Illinois.

6 (17) St. Mary of Nazareth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

7 (18) Provena St. Mary's Hospital, Kankakee, Illinois.

8 (19) St. Mary's Hospital, Decatur, Illinois.

9 (20) Memorial Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

10 (21) Swedish Covenant Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

11 (22) Trinity Medical Center, Rock Island, Illinois.

12 (23) St. Elizabeth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

13 (24) Richland Memorial Hospital, Olney, Illinois.

14 (25) St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

15 (26) Samaritan Health System, Clinton, Iowa.

16 (27) St. John's Hospital, Springfield, Illinois.

17 (28) St. Mary's Hospital, Centralia, Illinois.

18 (29) Loretto Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

19 (30) Kenneth Hall Regional Hospital, East St. Louis,  
20 Illinois.

21 (31) Hinsdale Hospital, Hinsdale, Illinois.

22 (32) Pekin Hospital, Pekin, Illinois.

23 (33) University of Chicago Medical Center, Chicago,  
24 Illinois.

25 (34) St. Anthony's Health Center, Alton, Illinois.

26 (35) OSF St. Francis Medical Center, Peoria, Illinois.

1 (36) Memorial Medical Center, Springfield, Illinois.

2 (37) A hospital with a distinct part unit for  
3 psychiatric services that begins operating on or after July  
4 1, 2008.

5 For purposes of this Section, "inpatient psychiatric  
6 services" means those services provided to patients who are in  
7 need of short-term acute inpatient hospitalization for active  
8 treatment of an emotional or mental disorder.

9 (b-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section,  
10 the inpatient, per diem rate to be paid to all safety-net  
11 hospitals for inpatient psychiatric services on and after  
12 January 1, 2021 shall be at least \$630.

13 (c) No rules shall be promulgated to implement this  
14 Section. For purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the  
15 meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois  
16 Administrative Procedure Act.

17 (d) This Section shall not be in effect during any period  
18 of time that the State has in place a fully operational  
19 hospital assessment plan that has been approved by the Centers  
20 for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of  
21 Health and Human Services.

22 (e) On and after July 1, 2012, the Department shall reduce  
23 any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments or  
24 alter any methodologies authorized by this Code to reduce any  
25 rate of reimbursement for services or other payments in  
26 accordance with Section 5-5e.

1 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12.)

2 Title IV. Medical Implicit Bias

3 Article 45.

4 Section 45-5. The Department of Professional Regulation  
5 Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by  
6 adding Section 2105-15.7 as follows:

7 (20 ILCS 2105/2105-15.7 new)

8 Sec. 2105-15.7. Implicit bias awareness training.

9 (a) As used in this Section, "health care professional"  
10 means a person licensed or registered by the Department of  
11 Financial and Professional Regulation under the following  
12 Acts: Medical Practice Act of 1987, Nurse Practice Act,  
13 Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, Illinois Dental Practice  
14 Act, Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987, Pharmacy  
15 Practice Act, Illinois Physical Therapy Act, Physician  
16 Assistant Practice Act of 1987, Acupuncture Practice Act,  
17 Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act, Clinical Social Work  
18 and Social Work Practice Act, Dietitian Nutritionist Practice  
19 Act, Home Medical Equipment and Services Provider License Act,  
20 Naprapathic Practice Act, Nursing Home Administrators  
21 Licensing and Disciplinary Act, Illinois Occupational Therapy  
22 Practice Act, Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987,



1 Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987, Respiratory Care  
2 Practice Act, Professional Counselor and Clinical Professional  
3 Counselor Licensing and Practice Act, Sex Offender Evaluation  
4 and Treatment Provider Act, Illinois Speech-Language Pathology  
5 and Audiology Practice Act, Perfusionist Practice Act,  
6 Registered Surgical Assistant and Registered Surgical  
7 Technologist Title Protection Act, and Genetic Counselor  
8 Licensing Act.

9 (b) For license or registration renewals occurring on or  
10 after January 1, 2022, a health care professional who has  
11 continuing education requirements must complete at least a  
12 one-hour course in training on implicit bias awareness per  
13 renewal period. A health care professional may count this one  
14 hour for completion of this course toward meeting the minimum  
15 credit hours required for continuing education. Any training on  
16 implicit bias awareness applied to meet any other State  
17 licensure requirement, professional accreditation or  
18 certification requirement, or health care institutional  
19 practice agreement may count toward the one-hour requirement  
20 under this Section.

21 (c) The Department may adopt rules for the implementation  
22 of this Section.

23 Title V. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Treatment

24 Article 50.

1 Section 50-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is  
2 amended by changing Section 414 as follows:

3 (720 ILCS 570/414)

4 Sec. 414. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

5 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a  
6 controlled substance-induced physiological event that results  
7 in a life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,  
8 inhaled, injected or otherwise bodily absorbed a controlled,  
9 counterfeit, or look-alike substance or a controlled substance  
10 analog.

11 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency  
12 medical assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall  
13 not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of  
14 Section 401 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,  
15 Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 55  
16 or 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection  
17 Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph  
18 (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code  
19 of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony possession of a controlled, counterfeit,~~  
20 ~~or look-alike substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if  
21 evidence for the violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was  
22 acquired as a result of the person seeking or obtaining  
23 emergency medical assistance and providing the amount of  
24 substance recovered is within the amount identified in

1 subsection (d) of this Section. The violations listed in this  
2 subsection (b) must not serve as the sole basis of a violation  
3 of parole, mandatory supervised release, probation, or  
4 conditional discharge, or any seizure of property under any  
5 State law authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence  
6 for the violation was acquired as a result of the person  
7 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event  
8 of an overdose.

9 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be  
10 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 401  
11 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 3.5  
12 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the  
13 Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of  
14 Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony~~  
15 ~~possession of a controlled, counterfeit, or look alike~~  
16 ~~substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if evidence for the  
17 violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was acquired as a  
18 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
19 assistance and providing the amount of substance recovered is  
20 within the amount identified in subsection (d) of this Section.  
21 The violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as  
22 the sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised  
23 release, probation, or conditional discharge, or any seizure of  
24 property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture so  
25 long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a result  
26 of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance

1 in the event of an overdose.

2 (d) For the purposes of subsections (b) and (c), the  
3 limited immunity shall only apply to a person possessing the  
4 following amount:

5 (1) less than 3 grams of a substance containing heroin;

6 (2) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
7 cocaine;

8 (3) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
9 morphine;

10 (4) less than 40 grams of a substance containing  
11 peyote;

12 (5) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a  
13 derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a  
14 derivative of barbituric acid;

15 (6) less than 40 grams of a substance containing  
16 amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of  
17 amphetamine;

18 (7) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
19 lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

20 (8) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
21 pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
22 isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;

23 (9) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
24 methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
25 isomers of methaqualone;

26 (10) less than 6 grams of a substance containing

1 phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
2 isomers of phencyclidine (PCP);

3 (11) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
4 ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers  
5 of ketamine;

6 (12) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a  
7 substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedules I or  
8 II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included  
9 in this subsection.

10 (e) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and  
11 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement  
12 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,  
13 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this  
14 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or  
15 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or  
16 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or  
17 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical  
18 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of  
19 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in  
20 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the  
21 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the  
22 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other  
23 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other  
24 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a  
25 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
26 assistance in the event of an overdose.

1 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

2 Section 50-10. The Methamphetamine Control and Community  
3 Protection Act is amended by changing Section 115 as follows:

4 (720 ILCS 646/115)

5 Sec. 115. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

6 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a  
7 methamphetamine-induced physiological event that results in a  
8 life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,  
9 inhaled, injected, or otherwise bodily absorbed  
10 methamphetamine.

11 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks emergency medical  
12 assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall not be  
13 arrested, charged or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55  
14 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia  
15 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or  
16 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the  
17 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~  
18 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the violation ~~Class 3 felony~~  
19 ~~possession charge~~ was acquired as a result of the person  
20 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance and  
21 providing the amount of substance recovered is less than 3  
22 grams ~~one gram~~ of methamphetamine or a substance containing  
23 methamphetamine. The violations listed in this subsection (b)  
24 must not serve as the sole basis of a violation of parole,

1 mandatory supervised release, probation, or conditional  
2 discharge, or any seizure of property under any State law  
3 authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence for the  
4 violation was acquired as a result of the person seeking or  
5 obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event of an  
6 overdose.

7 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be  
8 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55  
9 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia  
10 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or  
11 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the  
12 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~  
13 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the Class 3 felony possession  
14 charge was acquired as a result of the person seeking or  
15 obtaining emergency medical assistance and providing the  
16 amount of substance recovered is less than one gram of  
17 methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine. The  
18 violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as the  
19 sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised  
20 release, probation, or conditional discharge, or any seizure of  
21 property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture so  
22 long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a result  
23 of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance  
24 in the event of an overdose.

25 (d) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and  
26 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement

1 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,  
2 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this  
3 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or  
4 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or  
5 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or  
6 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical  
7 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of  
8 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in  
9 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the  
10 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the  
11 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other  
12 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other  
13 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a  
14 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
15 assistance in the event of an overdose.

16 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

17 Article 55.

18 Section 55-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is  
19 amended by changing Section 316 as follows:

20 (720 ILCS 570/316)

21 Sec. 316. Prescription Monitoring Program.

22 (a) The Department must provide for a Prescription  
23 Monitoring Program for Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled



1 substances that includes the following components and  
2 requirements:

3 (1) The dispenser must transmit to the central  
4 repository, in a form and manner specified by the  
5 Department, the following information:

6 (A) The recipient's name and address.

7 (B) The recipient's date of birth and gender.

8 (C) The national drug code number of the controlled  
9 substance dispensed.

10 (D) The date the controlled substance is  
11 dispensed.

12 (E) The quantity of the controlled substance  
13 dispensed and days supply.

14 (F) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement  
15 Administration registration number.

16 (G) The prescriber's United States Drug  
17 Enforcement Administration registration number.

18 (H) The dates the controlled substance  
19 prescription is filled.

20 (I) The payment type used to purchase the  
21 controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party  
22 insurance).

23 (J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing  
24 home, outpatient, etc.) for the controlled substances  
25 other than those filled at a retail pharmacy.

26 (K) Any additional information that may be

1 required by the department by administrative rule,  
2 including but not limited to information required for  
3 compliance with the criteria for electronic reporting  
4 of the American Society for Automation and Pharmacy or  
5 its successor.

6 (2) The information required to be transmitted under  
7 this Section must be transmitted not later than the end of  
8 the next business day after the date on which a controlled  
9 substance is dispensed, or at such other time as may be  
10 required by the Department by administrative rule.

11 (3) A dispenser must transmit the information required  
12 under this Section by:

13 (A) an electronic device compatible with the  
14 receiving device of the central repository;

15 (B) a computer diskette;

16 (C) a magnetic tape; or

17 (D) a pharmacy universal claim form or Pharmacy  
18 Inventory Control form.

19 (3.5) The requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)  
20 of this subsection (a) also apply to opioid treatment  
21 programs that prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, or V  
22 controlled substances for the treatment of opioid use  
23 disorder.

24 (4) The Department may impose a civil fine of up to  
25 \$100 per day for willful failure to report controlled  
26 substance dispensing to the Prescription Monitoring

1           Program. The fine shall be calculated on no more than the  
2           number of days from the time the report was required to be  
3           made until the time the problem was resolved, and shall be  
4           payable to the Prescription Monitoring Program.

5           (a-5) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a licensed  
6           veterinarian is exempt from the reporting requirements of this  
7           Section. If a person who is presenting an animal for treatment  
8           is suspected of fraudulently obtaining any controlled  
9           substance or prescription for a controlled substance, the  
10          licensed veterinarian shall report that information to the  
11          local law enforcement agency.

12          (b) The Department, by rule, may include in the  
13          Prescription Monitoring Program certain other select drugs  
14          that are not included in Schedule II, III, IV, or V. The  
15          Prescription Monitoring Program does not apply to controlled  
16          substance prescriptions as exempted under Section 313.

17          (c) The collection of data on select drugs and scheduled  
18          substances by the Prescription Monitoring Program may be used  
19          as a tool for addressing oversight requirements of long-term  
20          care institutions as set forth by Public Act 96-1372. Long-term  
21          care pharmacies shall transmit patient medication profiles to  
22          the Prescription Monitoring Program monthly or more frequently  
23          as established by administrative rule.

24          (d) The Department of Human Services shall appoint a  
25          full-time Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring  
26          Program.

1 (e) (Blank).

2 (f) Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date  
3 of Public Act 100-564), the Department shall adopt rules  
4 requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface  
5 with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program  
6 on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all providers have  
7 access to specific patient records during the treatment of  
8 their patients. These rules shall also address the electronic  
9 integration of pharmacy records with the Prescription  
10 Monitoring Program to allow for faster transmission of the  
11 information required under this Section. The Department shall  
12 establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic  
13 Health Records System does not effectively interface with the  
14 Prescription Monitoring Program within the required timeline.

15 (g) The Department, in consultation with the Advisory  
16 Committee, shall adopt rules allowing licensed prescribers or  
17 pharmacists who have registered to access the Prescription  
18 Monitoring Program to authorize a licensed or non-licensed  
19 designee employed in that licensed prescriber's office or a  
20 licensed designee in a licensed pharmacist's pharmacy who has  
21 received training in the federal Health Insurance Portability  
22 and Accountability Act to consult the Prescription Monitoring  
23 Program on their behalf. The rules shall include reasonable  
24 parameters concerning a practitioner's authority to authorize  
25 a designee, and the eligibility of a person to be selected as a  
26 designee. In this subsection (g), "pharmacist" shall include a

1 clinical pharmacist employed by and designated by a Medicaid  
2 Managed Care Organization providing services under Article V of  
3 the Illinois Public Aid Code under a contract with the  
4 Department of Healthcare and Family Services for the sole  
5 purpose of clinical review of services provided to persons  
6 covered by the entity under the contract to determine  
7 compliance with subsections (a) and (b) of Section 314.5 of  
8 this Act. A managed care entity pharmacist shall notify  
9 prescribers of review activities.

10 (Source: P.A. 100-564, eff. 1-1-18; 100-861, eff. 8-14-18;  
11 100-1005, eff. 8-21-18; 100-1093, eff. 8-26-18; 101-81, eff.  
12 7-12-19; 101-414, eff. 8-16-19.)

13 Article 60.

14 Section 60-5. The Adult Protective Services Act is amended  
15 by adding Section 3.1 as follows:

16 (320 ILCS 20/3.1 new)

17 Sec. 3.1. Adult protective services dementia training.

18 (a) This Section shall apply to any person who is employed  
19 by the Department in the Adult Protective Services division who  
20 works on the development and implementation of social services  
21 to respond to and prevent adult abuse, neglect, or  
22 exploitation, subject to or until specific appropriations  
23 become available.

1       (b) The Department shall develop and implement a dementia  
2 training program that must include instruction on the  
3 identification of people with dementia, risks such as  
4 wandering, communication impairments, elder abuse, and the  
5 best practices for interacting with people with dementia.

6       (c) Initial training of 4 hours shall be completed at the  
7 start of employment with the Adult Protective Services division  
8 and shall cover the following:

9           (1) Dementia, psychiatric, and behavioral symptoms.

10          (2) Communication issues, including how to communicate  
11 respectfully and effectively.

12          (3) Techniques for understanding and approaching  
13 behavioral symptoms.

14          (4) Information on how to address specific aspects of  
15 safety, for example tips to prevent wandering.

16          (5) When it is necessary to alert law enforcement  
17 agencies of potential criminal behavior involving a family  
18 member, caretaker, or institutional abuse; neglect or  
19 exploitation of a person with dementia; and what types of  
20 abuse that are most common to people with dementia.

21          (6) Identifying incidents of self-neglect for people  
22 with dementia who live alone as well as neglect by a  
23 caregiver.

24          (7) Protocols for connecting people living with  
25 dementia to local care resources and professionals who are  
26 skilled in dementia care to encourage cross-referral and

1       reporting regarding incidents of abuse.

2       (d) Annual continuing education shall include 2 hours of  
3 dementia training covering the subjects described in  
4 subsection (c).

5       (e) This Section is designed to address gaps in current  
6 dementia training requirements for Adult Protective Services  
7 officials and improve the quality of training. If currently  
8 existing law or rules contain more rigorous training  
9 requirements for Adult Protective Service officials, those  
10 laws or rules shall apply. Where there is overlap between this  
11 Section and other laws and rules, the Department shall  
12 interpret this Section to avoid duplication of requirements  
13 while ensuring that the minimum requirements set in this  
14 Section are met.

15       (f) The Department may adopt rules for the administration  
16 of this Section.

17                   Title VI. Access to Health Care

18                                   Article 70.

19           Section 70-5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing  
20 Section 3-10 as follows:

21           (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

22           Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this

1 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
2 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of  
3 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property  
4 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that  
5 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling  
6 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally  
7 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been  
8 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at  
9 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market  
10 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State  
11 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail.  
12 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the  
13 price at which property would change hands between a willing  
14 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion  
15 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the  
16 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by  
17 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that  
18 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by  
19 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of  
20 like kind and character in Illinois.

21 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
22 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
23 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
24 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

25 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with  
26 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of



1 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

2 With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act  
3 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after  
4 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the  
5 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or  
6 before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales  
7 made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this  
8 Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then  
9 the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of  
10 sales of gasohol made during that time.

11 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax  
12 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales  
13 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,  
14 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made  
15 thereafter.

16 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and  
17 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies  
18 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,  
19 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the  
20 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,  
21 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no  
22 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the  
23 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%  
24 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than  
25 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

26 With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with

1 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
2 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or  
3 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
4 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

5 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be  
6 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
7 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
8 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
9 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription  
10 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as  
11 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
12 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
13 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
14 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
15 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
16 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
17 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~, the tax is  
18 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,  
19 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any  
20 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether  
21 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,  
22 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all  
23 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever  
24 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed  
25 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but  
26 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated

1 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the  
2 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks  
3 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

4 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
5 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
6 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
7 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
8 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
9 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

10 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
11 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
12 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
13 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
14 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
15 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
16 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
17 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
18 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
19 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
20 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
21 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

22 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
23 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
24 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
25 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
26 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial

1 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
2 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
3 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
4 flour or requires refrigeration.

5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
6 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
7 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
8 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
9 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
10 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
11 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
12 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
13 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
14 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
15 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
16 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
17 label includes:

18 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

19 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
20 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
21 substance or preparation.

22 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
23 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription  
24 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a  
25 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use  
26 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

1           As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
2 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
3 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
4 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
5 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

6           If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer  
7 is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before  
8 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under  
9 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed  
10 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable  
11 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state  
12 use.

13           (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
14 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

15           Section 70-10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by  
16 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

17           (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

18           Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
19 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
20 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as  
21 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of  
22 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less  
23 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

24           Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,

1 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
2 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
3 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

4 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
5 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price  
6 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
7 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%  
8 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
9 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
10 July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter.  
11 If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
12 gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate  
13 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
14 the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

15 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
16 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
17 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
18 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
19 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
20 thereafter.

21 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
22 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
23 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price  
24 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
25 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and  
26 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,

1 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
2 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less  
3 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate  
4 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
5 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%  
6 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

7 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
8 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
9 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
10 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price  
11 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
12 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
13 applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

14 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each  
15 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual  
16 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an  
17 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in  
18 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or  
19 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate  
20 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax  
21 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost  
22 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an  
23 incident to the sale of those services.

24 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared  
25 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of  
26 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act

1 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the  
2 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD  
3 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,  
4 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at  
5 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be  
6 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
7 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
8 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
9 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this  
10 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,  
11 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III  
12 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
13 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
14 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
15 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
16 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
17 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
18 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~. For the  
19 purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term  
20 "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,  
21 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but  
22 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,  
23 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as  
24 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained  
25 in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container,  
26 regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee,



1 tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk  
2 products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk  
3 Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or  
4 vegetable juice.

5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
6 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
7 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
8 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
9 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
10 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

11 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
12 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
13 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
14 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
15 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
16 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
17 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
18 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
19 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
20 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
21 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
22 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

23 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
24 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
25 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
26 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a

1 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
2 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
3 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
4 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
5 flour or requires refrigeration.

6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
7 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
8 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
9 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
10 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
11 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
12 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
13 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
14 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
15 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
16 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
17 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
18 label includes:

19 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

20 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
21 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
22 substance or preparation.

23 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
24 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and  
25 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered  
26 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical

1 Cannabis Program Act.

2 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
3 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
4 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
5 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
6 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

7 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is  
8 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before  
9 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under  
10 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed  
11 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable  
12 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state  
13 use.

14 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
15 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

16 Section 70-15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by  
17 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

18 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

19 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
20 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
21 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use  
22 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of  
23 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be  
24 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible

1 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item  
2 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a  
3 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on  
4 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the  
5 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the  
6 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the  
7 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,  
8 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce  
9 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this  
10 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the  
11 tangible personal property transferred incident to the  
12 completion of the contract.

13 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
14 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
15 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
16 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

17 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
18 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost  
19 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of  
20 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,  
21 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an  
22 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on  
23 or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price  
24 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on  
25 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at  
26 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to

1 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

2 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
3 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
4 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
5 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
6 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
7 thereafter.

8 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
9 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
10 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price  
11 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
12 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and  
13 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,  
14 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
15 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less  
16 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate  
17 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
18 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%  
19 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

20 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
21 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
22 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax  
23 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the  
24 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the  
25 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
26 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price

1 thereafter.

2 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each  
3 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual  
4 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an  
5 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in  
6 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or  
7 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate  
8 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax  
9 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost  
10 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to  
11 the sale of those services.

12 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared  
13 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of  
14 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act  
15 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the  
16 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD  
17 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,  
18 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at  
19 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be  
20 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
21 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
22 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
23 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this  
24 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,  
25 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III  
26 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug

1 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
2 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
3 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
4 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
5 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
6 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~. For the  
7 purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term  
8 "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,  
9 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but  
10 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,  
11 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as  
12 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained  
13 in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless  
14 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,  
15 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as  
16 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,  
17 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable  
18 juice.

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
20 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
21 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
22 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
23 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
24 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

25 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
26 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to

1 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
2 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
3 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
4 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
5 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
6 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
7 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
8 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
9 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
10 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
12 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
13 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
14 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
15 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
16 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
17 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
18 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
19 flour or requires refrigeration.

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
21 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
22 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
23 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
24 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
25 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
26 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by



1 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
2 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
3 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
4 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
5 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
6 label includes:

7 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

8 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
9 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
10 substance or preparation.

11 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
12 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and  
13 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered  
14 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical  
15 Cannabis Program Act.

16 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
17 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
18 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
19 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
20 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

21 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
22 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

23 Section 70-20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended  
24 by changing Section 2-10 as follows:

1 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

2 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
3 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
4 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in  
5 the course of business.

6 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
7 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
8 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
9 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

10 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with  
11 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of  
12 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

13 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory  
14 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel  
15 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a  
16 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that  
17 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of  
18 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has  
19 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and  
20 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump  
21 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be  
22 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4  
23 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to  
24 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a  
25 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty  
26 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each

1 retail premises where a violation occurs.

2 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
3 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of  
4 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,  
5 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July  
6 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the  
7 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,  
8 the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the  
9 Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax  
10 imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of  
11 gasohol made during that time.

12 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
13 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
14 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or  
15 before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of  
16 sales made thereafter.

17 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
18 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
19 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of  
20 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December  
21 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made  
22 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on  
23 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
24 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at  
25 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to  
26 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less

1 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

2 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
3 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
4 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
5 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or  
6 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
7 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

8 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be  
9 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
10 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
11 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
12 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription  
13 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as  
14 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
15 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
16 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
17 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
18 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
19 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
20 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~, the tax is  
21 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,  
22 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any  
23 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether  
24 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,  
25 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all  
26 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever

1 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed  
2 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but  
3 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated  
4 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the  
5 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks  
6 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
8 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
9 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
10 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
11 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
12 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

13 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
14 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
15 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
16 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
17 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
18 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
19 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
20 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
21 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
22 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
23 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
24 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

25 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
26 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that

1 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
2 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
3 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
4 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
5 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
6 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
7 flour or requires refrigeration.

8 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
9 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
10 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
11 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
12 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
13 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
14 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
15 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
16 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
17 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
18 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
19 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
20 label includes:

21 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

22 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
23 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
24 substance or preparation.

25 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
26 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription

1 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a  
2 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use  
3 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

4 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
5 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
6 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
7 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
8 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

9 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
10 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

11 Article 72.

12 Section 72-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the  
13 Underlying Causes of Crime and Violence Study Act.

14 Section 72-5. Legislative findings. In the State of  
15 Illinois, two-thirds of gun violence is related to suicide, and  
16 one-third is related to homicide, claiming approximately  
17 12,000 lives a year. Violence has plagued communities,  
18 predominantly poor and distressed communities in urban  
19 settings, which have always treated violence as a criminal  
20 justice issue, instead of a public health issue. On February  
21 21, 2018, Pastor Anthony Williams was informed that his son,  
22 Nehemiah William, had been shot to death. Due to this  
23 disheartening event, Pastor Anthony Williams reached out to

1 State Representative Elizabeth "Lisa" Hernandez, urging that  
2 the issue of violence be treated as a disease. In 2018, elected  
3 officials from all levels of government started a coalition to  
4 address violence as a disease, with the assistance of  
5 faith-based organizations, advocates, and community members  
6 and held a statewide listening tour from August 2018 to April  
7 2019. The listening tour consisted of stops on the South Side  
8 and West Side of Chicago, Maywood, Springfield, and East St.  
9 Louis, with a future scheduled visit in Danville. During the  
10 statewide listening sessions, community members actively  
11 discussed neighborhood safety, defining violence and how and  
12 why violence occurs in their communities. The listening  
13 sessions provided different solutions to address violence,  
14 however, all sessions confirmed a disconnect from the  
15 priorities of government and the needs of these communities.

16 Section 72-10. Study. The Department of Public Health and  
17 the Department of Human Services shall study how to create a  
18 process to identify high violence communities, also known as R3  
19 (Restore, Reinvest, and Renew) areas, and prioritize State  
20 dollars to go to these communities to fund programs as well as  
21 community and economic development projects that would address  
22 the underlying causes of crime and violence.

23 Due to a variety of reasons, including in particular the  
24 State's budget impasse, funds were unavailable to establish  
25 such a comprehensive policy. Policies like R3 are needed in



1 order to provide communities that have historically suffered  
2 from divestment, poverty, and incarceration with smart  
3 solutions that can solve the plague of violence. It is clear  
4 that violence is a public health problem that needs to be  
5 treated as such, a disease. Research has shown that when  
6 violence is treated in such a way, then its effects can be  
7 slowed or even halted.

8 Section 72-15. Report. The Department of Public Health and  
9 the Department of Human Services are required to report their  
10 findings to the General Assembly by December 31, 2021.

11 Article 75.

12 Section 75-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
13 changing Section 9A-11 as follows:

14 (305 ILCS 5/9A-11) (from Ch. 23, par. 9A-11)

15 Sec. 9A-11. Child care.

16 (a) The General Assembly recognizes that families with  
17 children need child care in order to work. Child care is  
18 expensive and families with low incomes, including those who  
19 are transitioning from welfare to work, often struggle to pay  
20 the costs of day care. The General Assembly understands the  
21 importance of helping low-income working families become and  
22 remain self-sufficient. The General Assembly also believes

1 that it is the responsibility of families to share in the costs  
2 of child care. It is also the preference of the General  
3 Assembly that all working poor families should be treated  
4 equally, regardless of their welfare status.

5 (b) To the extent resources permit, the Illinois Department  
6 shall provide child care services to parents or other relatives  
7 as defined by rule who are working or participating in  
8 employment or Department approved education or training  
9 programs. At a minimum, the Illinois Department shall cover the  
10 following categories of families:

11 (1) recipients of TANF under Article IV participating  
12 in work and training activities as specified in the  
13 personal plan for employment and self-sufficiency;

14 (2) families transitioning from TANF to work;

15 (3) families at risk of becoming recipients of TANF;

16 (4) families with special needs as defined by rule;

17 (5) working families with very low incomes as defined  
18 by rule;

19 (6) families that are not recipients of TANF and that  
20 need child care assistance to participate in education and  
21 training activities; and

22 (7) families with children under the age of 5 who have  
23 an open intact family services case with the Department of  
24 Children and Family Services. Any family that receives  
25 child care assistance in accordance with this paragraph  
26 shall remain eligible for child care assistance 6 months

1 after the child's intact family services case is closed,  
2 regardless of whether the child's parents or other  
3 relatives as defined by rule are working or participating  
4 in Department approved employment or education or training  
5 programs. The Department of Human Services, in  
6 consultation with the Department of Children and Family  
7 Services, shall adopt rules to protect the privacy of  
8 families who are the subject of an open intact family  
9 services case when such families enroll in child care  
10 services. Additional rules shall be adopted to offer  
11 children who have an open intact family services case the  
12 opportunity to receive an Early Intervention screening and  
13 other services that their families may be eligible for as  
14 provided by the Department of Human Services.

15 The Department shall specify by rule the conditions of  
16 eligibility, the application process, and the types, amounts,  
17 and duration of services. Eligibility for child care benefits  
18 and the amount of child care provided may vary based on family  
19 size, income, and other factors as specified by rule.

20 The Department shall update the Child Care Assistance  
21 Program Eligibility Calculator posted on its website to include  
22 a question on whether a family is applying for child care  
23 assistance for the first time or is applying for a  
24 redetermination of eligibility.

25 A family's eligibility for child care services shall be  
26 redetermined no sooner than 12 months following the initial

1 determination or most recent redetermination. During the  
2 12-month periods, the family shall remain eligible for child  
3 care services regardless of (i) a change in family income,  
4 unless family income exceeds 85% of State median income, or  
5 (ii) a temporary change in the ongoing status of the parents or  
6 other relatives, as defined by rule, as working or attending a  
7 job training or educational program.

8 In determining income eligibility for child care benefits,  
9 the Department annually, at the beginning of each fiscal year,  
10 shall establish, by rule, one income threshold for each family  
11 size, in relation to percentage of State median income for a  
12 family of that size, that makes families with incomes below the  
13 specified threshold eligible for assistance and families with  
14 incomes above the specified threshold ineligible for  
15 assistance. Through and including fiscal year 2007, the  
16 specified threshold must be no less than 50% of the  
17 then-current State median income for each family size.  
18 Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the specified threshold must be  
19 no less than 185% of the then-current federal poverty level for  
20 each family size. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or  
21 administrative rule to the contrary, beginning in fiscal year  
22 2019, the specified threshold for working families with very  
23 low incomes as defined by rule must be no less than 185% of the  
24 then-current federal poverty level for each family size.

25 In determining eligibility for assistance, the Department  
26 shall not give preference to any category of recipients or give

1 preference to individuals based on their receipt of benefits  
2 under this Code.

3 Nothing in this Section shall be construed as conferring  
4 entitlement status to eligible families.

5 The Illinois Department is authorized to lower income  
6 eligibility ceilings, raise parent co-payments, create waiting  
7 lists, or take such other actions during a fiscal year as are  
8 necessary to ensure that child care benefits paid under this  
9 Article do not exceed the amounts appropriated for those child  
10 care benefits. These changes may be accomplished by emergency  
11 rule under Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative  
12 Procedure Act, except that the limitation on the number of  
13 emergency rules that may be adopted in a 24-month period shall  
14 not apply.

15 The Illinois Department may contract with other State  
16 agencies or child care organizations for the administration of  
17 child care services.

18 (c) Payment shall be made for child care that otherwise  
19 meets the requirements of this Section and applicable standards  
20 of State and local law and regulation, including any  
21 requirements the Illinois Department promulgates by rule in  
22 addition to the licensure requirements promulgated by the  
23 Department of Children and Family Services and Fire Prevention  
24 and Safety requirements promulgated by the Office of the State  
25 Fire Marshal, and is provided in any of the following:

26 (1) a child care center which is licensed or exempt

1 from licensure pursuant to Section 2.09 of the Child Care  
2 Act of 1969;

3 (2) a licensed child care home or home exempt from  
4 licensing;

5 (3) a licensed group child care home;

6 (4) other types of child care, including child care  
7 provided by relatives or persons living in the same home as  
8 the child, as determined by the Illinois Department by  
9 rule.

10 (c-5) Solely for the purposes of coverage under the  
11 Illinois Public Labor Relations Act, child and day care home  
12 providers, including licensed and license exempt,  
13 participating in the Department's child care assistance  
14 program shall be considered to be public employees and the  
15 State of Illinois shall be considered to be their employer as  
16 of January 1, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-320),  
17 but not before. The State shall engage in collective bargaining  
18 with an exclusive representative of child and day care home  
19 providers participating in the child care assistance program  
20 concerning their terms and conditions of employment that are  
21 within the State's control. Nothing in this subsection shall be  
22 understood to limit the right of families receiving services  
23 defined in this Section to select child and day care home  
24 providers or supervise them within the limits of this Section.  
25 The State shall not be considered to be the employer of child  
26 and day care home providers for any purposes not specifically

1 provided in Public Act 94-320, including, but not limited to,  
2 purposes of vicarious liability in tort and purposes of  
3 statutory retirement or health insurance benefits. Child and  
4 day care home providers shall not be covered by the State  
5 Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971.

6 In according child and day care home providers and their  
7 selected representative rights under the Illinois Public Labor  
8 Relations Act, the State intends that the State action  
9 exemption to application of federal and State antitrust laws be  
10 fully available to the extent that their activities are  
11 authorized by Public Act 94-320.

12 (d) The Illinois Department shall establish, by rule, a  
13 co-payment scale that provides for cost sharing by families  
14 that receive child care services, including parents whose only  
15 income is from assistance under this Code. The co-payment shall  
16 be based on family income and family size and may be based on  
17 other factors as appropriate. Co-payments may be waived for  
18 families whose incomes are at or below the federal poverty  
19 level.

20 (d-5) The Illinois Department, in consultation with its  
21 Child Care and Development Advisory Council, shall develop a  
22 plan to revise the child care assistance program's co-payment  
23 scale. The plan shall be completed no later than February 1,  
24 2008, and shall include:

25 (1) findings as to the percentage of income that the  
26 average American family spends on child care and the

1 relative amounts that low-income families and the average  
2 American family spend on other necessities of life;

3 (2) recommendations for revising the child care  
4 co-payment scale to assure that families receiving child  
5 care services from the Department are paying no more than  
6 they can reasonably afford;

7 (3) recommendations for revising the child care  
8 co-payment scale to provide at-risk children with complete  
9 access to Preschool for All and Head Start; and

10 (4) recommendations for changes in child care program  
11 policies that affect the affordability of child care.

12 (e) (Blank).

13 (f) The Illinois Department shall, by rule, set rates to be  
14 paid for the various types of child care. Child care may be  
15 provided through one of the following methods:

16 (1) arranging the child care through eligible  
17 providers by use of purchase of service contracts or  
18 vouchers;

19 (2) arranging with other agencies and community  
20 volunteer groups for non-reimbursed child care;

21 (3) (blank); or

22 (4) adopting such other arrangements as the Department  
23 determines appropriate.

24 (f-1) Within 30 days after June 4, 2018 (the effective date  
25 of Public Act 100-587), the Department of Human Services shall  
26 establish rates for child care providers that are no less than



1 the rates in effect on January 1, 2018 increased by 4.26%.

2 (f-5) (Blank).

3 (g) Families eligible for assistance under this Section  
4 shall be given the following options:

5 (1) receiving a child care certificate issued by the  
6 Department or a subcontractor of the Department that may be  
7 used by the parents as payment for child care and  
8 development services only; or

9 (2) if space is available, enrolling the child with a  
10 child care provider that has a purchase of service contract  
11 with the Department or a subcontractor of the Department  
12 for the provision of child care and development services.  
13 The Department may identify particular priority  
14 populations for whom they may request special  
15 consideration by a provider with purchase of service  
16 contracts, provided that the providers shall be permitted  
17 to maintain a balance of clients in terms of household  
18 incomes and families and children with special needs, as  
19 defined by rule.

20 (Source: P.A. 100-387, eff. 8-25-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;  
21 100-860, eff. 2-14-19; 100-909, eff. 10-1-18; 100-916, eff.  
22 8-17-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

23 Article 80.

24 Section 80-5. The Employee Sick Leave Act is amended by

1 changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

2 (820 ILCS 191/5)

3 Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:

4 "Covered family member" means an employee's child,  
5 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,  
6 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or  
7 stepparent.

8 "Department" means the Department of Labor.

9 "Personal care" means activities to ensure that a covered  
10 family member's basic medical, hygiene, nutritional, or safety  
11 needs are met, or to provide transportation to medical  
12 appointments, for a covered family member who is unable to meet  
13 those needs himself or herself. "Personal care" also means  
14 being physically present to provide emotional support to a  
15 covered family member with a serious health condition who is  
16 receiving inpatient or home care.

17 "Personal sick leave benefits" means any paid or unpaid  
18 time available to an employee as provided through an employment  
19 benefit plan or paid time off policy to be used as a result of  
20 absence from work due to personal illness, injury, or medical  
21 appointment or for personal care of a covered family member. An  
22 employment benefit plan or paid time off policy does not  
23 include long term disability, short term disability, an  
24 insurance policy, or other comparable benefit plan or policy.

25 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

1 (820 ILCS 191/10)

2 Sec. 10. Use of leave; limitations.

3 (a) An employee may use personal sick leave benefits  
4 provided by the employer for absences due to an illness,  
5 injury, or medical appointment of the employee's child,  
6 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,  
7 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or  
8 stepparent, or for personal care of a covered family member on  
9 the same terms upon which the employee is able to use personal  
10 sick leave benefits for the employee's own illness or injury.  
11 An employer may request written verification of the employee's  
12 absence from a health care professional if such verification is  
13 required under the employer's employment benefit plan or paid  
14 time off policy.

15 (b) An employer may limit the use of personal sick leave  
16 benefits provided by the employer for absences due to an  
17 illness, injury, or medical appointment of the employee's  
18 child, stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,  
19 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or  
20 stepparent to an amount not less than the personal sick leave  
21 that would be earned or accrued during 6 months at the  
22 employee's then current rate of entitlement. For employers who  
23 base personal sick leave benefits on an employee's years of  
24 service instead of annual or monthly accrual, such employer may  
25 limit the amount of sick leave to be used under this Act to

1 half of the employee's maximum annual grant.

2 (c) An employer who provides personal sick leave benefits  
3 or a paid time off policy that would otherwise provide benefits  
4 as required under subsections (a) and (b) shall not be required  
5 to modify such benefits.

6 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

7 Article 90.

8 Section 90-5. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by  
9 adding Section 3-206.06 as follows:

10 (210 ILCS 45/3-206.06 new)

11 Sec. 3-206.06. Testing for Legionella bacteria. A facility  
12 shall develop a policy for testing its water supply for  
13 Legionella bacteria. The policy shall include the frequency  
14 with which testing is conducted. The policy and the results of  
15 any tests shall be made available to the Department upon  
16 request.

17 Section 90-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
18 adding Section 6.29 as follows:

19 (210 ILCS 85/6.29 new)

20 Sec. 6.29. Testing for Legionella bacteria. A hospital  
21 shall develop a policy for testing its water supply for

1 Legionella bacteria. The policy shall include the frequency  
2 with which testing is conducted. The policy and the results of  
3 any tests shall be made available to the Department upon  
4 request.

5 Article 95.

6 Section 95-5. The Child Care Act of 1969 is amended by  
7 changing Section 7 as follows:

8 (225 ILCS 10/7) (from Ch. 23, par. 2217)

9 Sec. 7. (a) The Department must prescribe and publish  
10 minimum standards for licensing that apply to the various types  
11 of facilities for child care defined in this Act and that are  
12 equally applicable to like institutions under the control of  
13 the Department and to foster family homes used by and under the  
14 direct supervision of the Department. The Department shall seek  
15 the advice and assistance of persons representative of the  
16 various types of child care facilities in establishing such  
17 standards. The standards prescribed and published under this  
18 Act take effect as provided in the Illinois Administrative  
19 Procedure Act, and are restricted to regulations pertaining to  
20 the following matters and to any rules and regulations required  
21 or permitted by any other Section of this Act:

22 (1) The operation and conduct of the facility and  
23 responsibility it assumes for child care;

1           (2) The character, suitability and qualifications of  
2 the applicant and other persons directly responsible for  
3 the care and welfare of children served. All child day care  
4 center licensees and employees who are required to report  
5 child abuse or neglect under the Abused and Neglected Child  
6 Reporting Act shall be required to attend training on  
7 recognizing child abuse and neglect, as prescribed by  
8 Department rules;

9           (3) The general financial ability and competence of the  
10 applicant to provide necessary care for children and to  
11 maintain prescribed standards;

12           (4) The number of individuals or staff required to  
13 insure adequate supervision and care of the children  
14 received. The standards shall provide that each child care  
15 institution, maternity center, day care center, group  
16 home, day care home, and group day care home shall have on  
17 its premises during its hours of operation at least one  
18 staff member certified in first aid, in the Heimlich  
19 maneuver and in cardiopulmonary resuscitation by the  
20 American Red Cross or other organization approved by rule  
21 of the Department. Child welfare agencies shall not be  
22 subject to such a staffing requirement. The Department may  
23 offer, or arrange for the offering, on a periodic basis in  
24 each community in this State in cooperation with the  
25 American Red Cross, the American Heart Association or other  
26 appropriate organization, voluntary programs to train

1 operators of foster family homes and day care homes in  
2 first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation;

3 (5) The appropriateness, safety, cleanliness, and  
4 general adequacy of the premises, including maintenance of  
5 adequate fire prevention and health standards conforming  
6 to State laws and municipal codes to provide for the  
7 physical comfort, care, and well-being of children  
8 received;

9 (6) Provisions for food, clothing, educational  
10 opportunities, program, equipment and individual supplies  
11 to assure the healthy physical, mental, and spiritual  
12 development of children served;

13 (7) Provisions to safeguard the legal rights of  
14 children served;

15 (8) Maintenance of records pertaining to the  
16 admission, progress, health, and discharge of children,  
17 including, for day care centers and day care homes, records  
18 indicating each child has been immunized as required by  
19 State regulations. The Department shall require proof that  
20 children enrolled in a facility have been immunized against  
21 Haemophilus Influenzae B (HIB);

22 (9) Filing of reports with the Department;

23 (10) Discipline of children;

24 (11) Protection and fostering of the particular  
25 religious faith of the children served;

26 (12) Provisions prohibiting firearms on day care

1 center premises except in the possession of peace officers;

2 (13) Provisions prohibiting handguns on day care home  
3 premises except in the possession of peace officers or  
4 other adults who must possess a handgun as a condition of  
5 employment and who reside on the premises of a day care  
6 home;

7 (14) Provisions requiring that any firearm permitted  
8 on day care home premises, except handguns in the  
9 possession of peace officers, shall be kept in a  
10 disassembled state, without ammunition, in locked storage,  
11 inaccessible to children and that ammunition permitted on  
12 day care home premises shall be kept in locked storage  
13 separate from that of disassembled firearms, inaccessible  
14 to children;

15 (15) Provisions requiring notification of parents or  
16 guardians enrolling children at a day care home of the  
17 presence in the day care home of any firearms and  
18 ammunition and of the arrangements for the separate, locked  
19 storage of such firearms and ammunition;

20 (16) Provisions requiring all licensed child care  
21 facility employees who care for newborns and infants to  
22 complete training every 3 years on the nature of sudden  
23 unexpected infant death (SUID), sudden infant death  
24 syndrome (SIDS), and the safe sleep recommendations of the  
25 American Academy of Pediatrics; and

26 (17) With respect to foster family homes, provisions



1 requiring the Department to review quality of care concerns  
2 and to consider those concerns in determining whether a  
3 foster family home is qualified to care for children.

4 By July 1, 2022, all licensed day care home providers,  
5 licensed group day care home providers, and licensed day care  
6 center directors and classroom staff shall participate in at  
7 least one training that includes the topics of early childhood  
8 social emotional learning, infant and early childhood mental  
9 health, early childhood trauma, or adverse childhood  
10 experiences. Current licensed providers, directors, and  
11 classroom staff shall complete training by July 1, 2022 and  
12 shall participate in training that includes the above topics at  
13 least once every 3 years.

14 (b) If, in a facility for general child care, there are  
15 children diagnosed as mentally ill or children diagnosed as  
16 having an intellectual or physical disability, who are  
17 determined to be in need of special mental treatment or of  
18 nursing care, or both mental treatment and nursing care, the  
19 Department shall seek the advice and recommendation of the  
20 Department of Human Services, the Department of Public Health,  
21 or both Departments regarding the residential treatment and  
22 nursing care provided by the institution.

23 (c) The Department shall investigate any person applying to  
24 be licensed as a foster parent to determine whether there is  
25 any evidence of current drug or alcohol abuse in the  
26 prospective foster family. The Department shall not license a

1 person as a foster parent if drug or alcohol abuse has been  
2 identified in the foster family or if a reasonable suspicion of  
3 such abuse exists, except that the Department may grant a  
4 foster parent license to an applicant identified with an  
5 alcohol or drug problem if the applicant has successfully  
6 participated in an alcohol or drug treatment program, self-help  
7 group, or other suitable activities and if the Department  
8 determines that the foster family home can provide a safe,  
9 appropriate environment and meet the physical and emotional  
10 needs of children.

11 (d) The Department, in applying standards prescribed and  
12 published, as herein provided, shall offer consultation  
13 through employed staff or other qualified persons to assist  
14 applicants and licensees in meeting and maintaining minimum  
15 requirements for a license and to help them otherwise to  
16 achieve programs of excellence related to the care of children  
17 served. Such consultation shall include providing information  
18 concerning education and training in early childhood  
19 development to providers of day care home services. The  
20 Department may provide or arrange for such education and  
21 training for those providers who request such assistance.

22 (e) The Department shall distribute copies of licensing  
23 standards to all licensees and applicants for a license. Each  
24 licensee or holder of a permit shall distribute copies of the  
25 appropriate licensing standards and any other information  
26 required by the Department to child care facilities under its

1 supervision. Each licensee or holder of a permit shall maintain  
2 appropriate documentation of the distribution of the  
3 standards. Such documentation shall be part of the records of  
4 the facility and subject to inspection by authorized  
5 representatives of the Department.

6 (f) The Department shall prepare summaries of day care  
7 licensing standards. Each licensee or holder of a permit for a  
8 day care facility shall distribute a copy of the appropriate  
9 summary and any other information required by the Department,  
10 to the legal guardian of each child cared for in that facility  
11 at the time when the child is enrolled or initially placed in  
12 the facility. The licensee or holder of a permit for a day care  
13 facility shall secure appropriate documentation of the  
14 distribution of the summary and brochure. Such documentation  
15 shall be a part of the records of the facility and subject to  
16 inspection by an authorized representative of the Department.

17 (g) The Department shall distribute to each licensee and  
18 holder of a permit copies of the licensing or permit standards  
19 applicable to such person's facility. Each licensee or holder  
20 of a permit shall make available by posting at all times in a  
21 common or otherwise accessible area a complete and current set  
22 of licensing standards in order that all employees of the  
23 facility may have unrestricted access to such standards. All  
24 employees of the facility shall have reviewed the standards and  
25 any subsequent changes. Each licensee or holder of a permit  
26 shall maintain appropriate documentation of the current review

1 of licensing standards by all employees. Such records shall be  
2 part of the records of the facility and subject to inspection  
3 by authorized representatives of the Department.

4 (h) Any standards involving physical examinations,  
5 immunization, or medical treatment shall include appropriate  
6 exemptions for children whose parents object thereto on the  
7 grounds that they conflict with the tenets and practices of a  
8 recognized church or religious organization, of which the  
9 parent is an adherent or member, and for children who should  
10 not be subjected to immunization for clinical reasons.

11 (i) The Department, in cooperation with the Department of  
12 Public Health, shall work to increase immunization awareness  
13 and participation among parents of children enrolled in day  
14 care centers and day care homes by publishing on the  
15 Department's website information about the benefits of  
16 immunization against vaccine preventable diseases, including  
17 influenza and pertussis. The information for vaccine  
18 preventable diseases shall include the incidence and severity  
19 of the diseases, the availability of vaccines, and the  
20 importance of immunizing children and persons who frequently  
21 have close contact with children. The website content shall be  
22 reviewed annually in collaboration with the Department of  
23 Public Health to reflect the most current recommendations of  
24 the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). The  
25 Department shall work with day care centers and day care homes  
26 licensed under this Act to ensure that the information is

1 annually distributed to parents in August or September.

2 (j) Any standard adopted by the Department that requires an  
3 applicant for a license to operate a day care home to include a  
4 copy of a high school diploma or equivalent certificate with  
5 his or her application shall be deemed to be satisfied if the  
6 applicant includes a copy of a high school diploma or  
7 equivalent certificate or a copy of a degree from an accredited  
8 institution of higher education or vocational institution or  
9 equivalent certificate.

10 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-779, eff. 1-1-17;  
11 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

12 Article 100.

13 Section 100-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
14 the Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers Act.

15 Section 100-5. Creation; members; duties; report.

16 (a) The Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers is  
17 created. Membership of the Commission shall be as follows:

18 (1) A representative of the Illinois Comprehensive  
19 Cancer Control Program, appointed by the Director of Public  
20 Health;

21 (2) The Director of Insurance, or his or her designee;  
22 and

23 (3) 20 members who shall be appointed as follows:

1           (A) three members appointed by the Speaker of  
2 the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a  
3 survivor of ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a  
4 survivor of cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine  
5 cancer, and one of whom shall be a medical specialist  
6 in gynecologic cancers;

7           (B) three members appointed by the Senate  
8 President, one of whom shall be a survivor of ovarian  
9 cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of cervical,  
10 vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one of whom  
11 shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic cancers;

12           (C) three members appointed by the House  
13 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
14 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
15 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one  
16 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic  
17 cancers;

18           (D) three members appointed by the Senate  
19 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
20 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
21 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one  
22 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic  
23 cancers; and

24           (E) eight members appointed by the Governor,  
25 one of whom shall be a caregiver of a woman diagnosed  
26 with a gynecologic cancer, one of whom shall be a

1 medical specialist in gynecologic cancers, one of whom  
2 shall be an individual with expertise in community  
3 based health care and issues affecting underserved and  
4 vulnerable populations, 2 of whom shall be individuals  
5 representing gynecologic cancer awareness and support  
6 groups in the State, one of whom shall be a researcher  
7 specializing in gynecologic cancers, and 2 of whom  
8 shall be members of the public with demonstrated  
9 expertise in issues relating to the work of the  
10 Commission.

11 (b) Members of the Commission shall serve without  
12 compensation or reimbursement from the Commission. Members  
13 shall select a Chair from among themselves and the Chair shall  
14 set the meeting schedule.

15 (c) The Illinois Department of Public Health shall provide  
16 administrative support to the Commission.

17 (d) The Commission is charged with the study of the  
18 following:

19 (1) establishing a mechanism to ascertain the  
20 prevalence of gynecologic cancers in the State and, to the  
21 extent possible, to collect statistics relative to the  
22 timing of diagnosis and risk factors associated with  
23 gynecologic cancers;

24 (2) determining how to best effectuate early diagnosis  
25 and treatment for gynecologic cancer patients;

26 (3) determining best practices for closing disparities

1 in outcomes for gynecologic cancer patients and innovative  
2 approaches to reaching underserved and vulnerable  
3 populations;

4 (4) determining any unmet needs of persons with  
5 gynecologic cancers and those of their families; and

6 (5) providing recommendations for additional  
7 legislation, support programs, and resources to meet the  
8 unmet needs of persons with gynecologic cancers and their  
9 families.

10 (e) The Commission shall file its final report with the  
11 General Assembly no later than December 31, 2021 and, upon the  
12 filing of its report, is dissolved.

13 Section 100-90. Repeal. This Article is repealed on January  
14 1, 2023.

15 Article 105.

16 Section 105-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
17 changing Section 5A-12.7 as follows:

18 (305 ILCS 5/5A-12.7)

19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2022)

20 Sec. 5A-12.7. Continuation of hospital access payments on  
21 and after July 1, 2020.

22 (a) To preserve and improve access to hospital services,



1 for hospital services rendered on and after July 1, 2020, the  
2 Department shall, except for hospitals described in subsection  
3 (b) of Section 5A-3, make payments to hospitals or require  
4 capitated managed care organizations to make payments as set  
5 forth in this Section. Payments under this Section are not due  
6 and payable, however, until: (i) the methodologies described in  
7 this Section are approved by the federal government in an  
8 appropriate State Plan amendment or directed payment preprint;  
9 and (ii) the assessment imposed under this Article is  
10 determined to be a permissible tax under Title XIX of the  
11 Social Security Act. In determining the hospital access  
12 payments authorized under subsection (g) of this Section, if a  
13 hospital ceases to qualify for payments from the pool, the  
14 payments for all hospitals continuing to qualify for payments  
15 from such pool shall be uniformly adjusted to fully expend the  
16 aggregate net amount of the pool, with such adjustment being  
17 effective on the first day of the second month following the  
18 date the hospital ceases to receive payments from such pool.

19 (b) Amounts moved into claims-based rates and distributed  
20 in accordance with Section 14-12 shall remain in those  
21 claims-based rates.

22 (c) Graduate medical education.

23 (1) The calculation of graduate medical education  
24 payments shall be based on the hospital's Medicare cost  
25 report ending in Calendar Year 2018, as reported in the  
26 Healthcare Cost Report Information System file, release

1 date September 30, 2019. An Illinois hospital reporting  
2 intern and resident cost on its Medicare cost report shall  
3 be eligible for graduate medical education payments.

4 (2) Each hospital's annualized Medicaid Intern  
5 Resident Cost is calculated using annualized intern and  
6 resident total costs obtained from Worksheet B Part I,  
7 Columns 21 and 22 the sum of Lines 30-43, 50-76, 90-93,  
8 96-98, and 105-112 multiplied by the percentage that the  
9 hospital's Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7,  
10 Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of the  
11 hospital's total days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 8, Lines  
12 14, 16-18, and 32).

13 (3) An annualized Medicaid indirect medical education  
14 (IME) payment is calculated for each hospital using its IME  
15 payments (Worksheet E Part A, Line 29, Column 1) multiplied  
16 by the percentage that its Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part  
17 I, Column 7, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of  
18 its Medicare days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 6, Lines 2,  
19 3, 4, 14, and 16-18).

20 (4) For each hospital, its annualized Medicaid Intern  
21 Resident Cost and its annualized Medicaid IME payment are  
22 summed, and, except as capped at 120% of the average cost  
23 per intern and resident for all qualifying hospitals as  
24 calculated under this paragraph, is multiplied by 22.6% to  
25 determine the hospital's final graduate medical education  
26 payment. Each hospital's average cost per intern and

1 resident shall be calculated by summing its total  
2 annualized Medicaid Intern Resident Cost plus its  
3 annualized Medicaid IME payment and dividing that amount by  
4 the hospital's total Full Time Equivalent Residents and  
5 Interns. If the hospital's average per intern and resident  
6 cost is greater than 120% of the same calculation for all  
7 qualifying hospitals, the hospital's per intern and  
8 resident cost shall be capped at 120% of the average cost  
9 for all qualifying hospitals.

10 (d) Fee-for-service supplemental payments. Each Illinois  
11 hospital shall receive an annual payment equal to the amounts  
12 below, to be paid in 12 equal installments on or before the  
13 seventh State business day of each month, except that no  
14 payment shall be due within 30 days after the later of the date  
15 of notification of federal approval of the payment  
16 methodologies required under this Section or any waiver  
17 required under 42 CFR 433.68, at which time the sum of amounts  
18 required under this Section prior to the date of notification  
19 is due and payable.

20 (1) For critical access hospitals, \$385 per covered  
21 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and  
22 \$530 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of  
23 service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's  
24 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

25 (2) For safety-net hospitals, \$960 per covered  
26 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and

1           \$625 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of  
2           service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's  
3           Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

4           (3) For long term acute care hospitals, \$295 per  
5           covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service  
6           claims for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the  
7           Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

8           (4) For freestanding psychiatric hospitals, \$125 per  
9           covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service  
10          claims and \$130 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim  
11          for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the  
12          Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

13          (5) For freestanding rehabilitation hospitals, \$355  
14          per covered inpatient day contained in paid  
15          fee-for-service claims for dates of service in Calendar  
16          Year 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as  
17          of May 11, 2020.

18          (6) For all general acute care hospitals and high  
19          Medicaid hospitals as defined in subsection (f), \$350 per  
20          covered inpatient day for dates of service in Calendar Year  
21          2019 contained in paid fee-for-service claims and \$620 per  
22          paid fee-for-service outpatient claim in the Department's  
23          Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

24          (7) Alzheimer's treatment access payment. Each  
25          Illinois academic medical center or teaching hospital, as  
26          defined in Section 5-5e.2 of this Code, that is identified

1 as the primary hospital affiliate of one of the Regional  
2 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Centers, as designated by  
3 the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act and identified in  
4 the Department of Public Health's Alzheimer's Disease  
5 State Plan dated December 2016, shall be paid an  
6 Alzheimer's treatment access payment equal to the product  
7 of the qualifying hospital's State Fiscal Year 2018 total  
8 inpatient fee-for-service days multiplied by the  
9 applicable Alzheimer's treatment rate of \$226.30 for  
10 hospitals located in Cook County and \$116.21 for hospitals  
11 located outside Cook County.

12 (e) The Department shall require managed care  
13 organizations (MCOs) to make directed payments and  
14 pass-through payments according to this Section. Each calendar  
15 year, the Department shall require MCOs to pay the maximum  
16 amount out of these funds as allowed as pass-through payments  
17 under federal regulations. The Department shall require MCOs to  
18 make such pass-through payments as specified in this Section.  
19 The Department shall require the MCOs to pay the remaining  
20 amounts as directed Payments as specified in this Section. The  
21 Department shall issue payments to the Comptroller by the  
22 seventh business day of each month for all MCOs that are  
23 sufficient for MCOs to make the directed payments and  
24 pass-through payments according to this Section. The  
25 Department shall require the MCOs to make pass-through payments  
26 and directed payments using electronic funds transfers (EFT),

1 if the hospital provides the information necessary to process  
2 such EFTs, in accordance with directions provided monthly by  
3 the Department, within 7 business days of the date the funds  
4 are paid to the MCOs, as indicated by the "Paid Date" on the  
5 website of the Office of the Comptroller if the funds are paid  
6 by EFT and the MCOs have received directed payment  
7 instructions. If funds are not paid through the Comptroller by  
8 EFT, payment must be made within 7 business days of the date  
9 actually received by the MCO. The MCO will be considered to  
10 have paid the pass-through payments when the payment remittance  
11 number is generated or the date the MCO sends the check to the  
12 hospital, if EFT information is not supplied. If an MCO is late  
13 in paying a pass-through payment or directed payment as  
14 required under this Section (including any extensions granted  
15 by the Department), it shall pay a penalty, unless waived by  
16 the Department for reasonable cause, to the Department equal to  
17 5% of the amount of the pass-through payment or directed  
18 payment not paid on or before the due date plus 5% of the  
19 portion thereof remaining unpaid on the last day of each 30-day  
20 period thereafter. Payments to MCOs that would be paid  
21 consistent with actuarial certification and enrollment in the  
22 absence of the increased capitation payments under this Section  
23 shall not be reduced as a consequence of payments made under  
24 this subsection. The Department shall publish and maintain on  
25 its website for a period of no less than 8 calendar quarters,  
26 the quarterly calculation of directed payments and

1 pass-through payments owed to each hospital from each MCO. All  
2 calculations and reports shall be posted no later than the  
3 first day of the quarter for which the payments are to be  
4 issued.

5 (f)(1) For purposes of allocating the funds included in  
6 capitation payments to MCOs, Illinois hospitals shall be  
7 divided into the following classes as defined in administrative  
8 rules:

9 (A) Critical access hospitals.

10 (B) Safety-net hospitals, except that stand-alone  
11 children's hospitals that are not specialty children's  
12 hospitals will not be included.

13 (C) Long term acute care hospitals.

14 (D) Freestanding psychiatric hospitals.

15 (E) Freestanding rehabilitation hospitals.

16 (F) High Medicaid hospitals. As used in this Section,  
17 "high Medicaid hospital" means a general acute care  
18 hospital that is not a safety-net hospital or critical  
19 access hospital and that has a Medicaid Inpatient  
20 Utilization Rate above 30% or a hospital that had over  
21 35,000 inpatient Medicaid days during the applicable  
22 period. For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,  
23 2020, the applicable period for the Medicaid Inpatient  
24 Utilization Rate (MIUR) is the rate year 2020 MIUR and for  
25 the number of inpatient days it is State fiscal year 2018.  
26 Beginning in calendar year 2021, the Department shall use

1 the most recently determined MIUR, as defined in subsection  
2 (h) of Section 5-5.02, and for the inpatient day threshold,  
3 the State fiscal year ending 18 months prior to the  
4 beginning of the calendar year. For purposes of calculating  
5 MIUR under this Section, children's hospitals and  
6 affiliated general acute care hospitals shall be  
7 considered a single hospital.

8 (G) General acute care hospitals. As used under this  
9 Section, "general acute care hospitals" means all other  
10 Illinois hospitals not identified in subparagraphs (A)  
11 through (F).

12 (2) Hospitals' qualification for each class shall be  
13 assessed prior to the beginning of each calendar year and the  
14 new class designation shall be effective January 1 of the next  
15 year. The Department shall publish by rule the process for  
16 establishing class determination.

17 (g) Fixed pool directed payments. Beginning July 1, 2020,  
18 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used  
19 to issue directed payments to qualified Illinois safety-net  
20 hospitals and critical access hospitals on a monthly basis in  
21 accordance with this subsection. Prior to the beginning of each  
22 Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department shall use  
23 encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter, accepted  
24 by the Department's Medicaid Management Information System for  
25 inpatient and outpatient services rendered by safety-net  
26 hospitals and critical access hospitals to determine a



1 quarterly uniform per unit add-on for each hospital class.

2 (1) Inpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per  
3 diem add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly  
4 Inpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the  
5 applicable hospital class by the total inpatient days  
6 contained on all encounter claims received during the  
7 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

8 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a  
9 quarterly inpatient directed payment calculated that  
10 is equal to the product of the number of inpatient days  
11 attributable to the hospital used in the calculation of  
12 the quarterly uniform class per diem add-on,  
13 multiplied by the calculated applicable quarterly  
14 uniform class per diem add-on of the hospital class.

15 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its  
16 quarterly inpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
17 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with  
18 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

19 (2) Outpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per  
20 claim add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly  
21 Outpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the  
22 applicable hospital class by the total outpatient  
23 encounter claims received during the Determination  
24 Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

25 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a  
26 quarterly outpatient directed payment calculated that

1 is equal to the product of the number of outpatient  
2 encounter claims attributable to the hospital used in  
3 the calculation of the quarterly uniform class per  
4 claim add-on, multiplied by the calculated applicable  
5 quarterly uniform class per claim add-on of the  
6 hospital class.

7 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its  
8 quarterly outpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
9 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with  
10 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

11 (3) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly  
12 Directed Payment as identified by the Department on its  
13 quarterly determination report.

14 (4) Definitions. As used in this subsection:

15 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each 3 month calendar  
16 quarter, beginning July 1, 2020.

17 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each 3 month  
18 calendar quarter, which ends 3 months prior to the  
19 first day of each Payout Quarter.

20 (5) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020,  
21 the following amounts shall be allocated to the following  
22 hospital class directed payment pools for the quarterly  
23 development of a uniform per unit add-on:

24 (A) \$2,894,500 for hospital inpatient services for  
25 critical access hospitals.

26 (B) \$4,294,374 for hospital outpatient services

1 for critical access hospitals.

2 (C) \$29,109,330 for hospital inpatient services  
3 for safety-net hospitals.

4 (D) \$35,041,218 for hospital outpatient services  
5 for safety-net hospitals.

6 (h) Fixed rate directed payments. Effective July 1, 2020,  
7 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used  
8 to issue directed payments to Illinois hospitals not identified  
9 in paragraph (g) on a monthly basis. Prior to the beginning of  
10 each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department  
11 shall use encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter,  
12 accepted by the Department's Medicaid Management Information  
13 System for inpatient and outpatient services rendered by  
14 hospitals in each hospital class identified in paragraph (f)  
15 and not identified in paragraph (g). For the period July 1,  
16 2020 through December 2020, the Department shall direct MCOs to  
17 make payments as follows:

18 (1) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
19 \$1,750 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20  
20 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
21 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
22 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

23 (2) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
24 \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21  
25 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
26 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for

1 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

2 (3) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
3 \$80 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22  
4 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
5 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
6 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

7 (4) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
8 \$375 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24  
9 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
10 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid  
11 EAPG (EAPGs) for the determination quarter.

12 (5) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
13 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27  
14 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter  
15 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of  
16 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

17 (6) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
18 \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29  
19 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
20 the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid  
21 EAPGs for the determination quarter.

22 (7) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
23 \$1,800 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20  
24 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
25 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
26 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

1           (8) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$160  
2 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21 case  
3 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the  
4 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
5 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

6           (9) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$80  
7 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22 case  
8 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the  
9 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
10 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

11           (10) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
12 \$400 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24  
13 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
14 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid  
15 EAPG outpatient claims for the determination quarter.

16           (11) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
17 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27  
18 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter  
19 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of  
20 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

21           (12) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
22 \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29  
23 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
24 the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid  
25 EAPGs for the determination quarter.

26           (13) For long term acute care hospitals the amount of

1           \$495 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient  
2           days for the determination quarter.

3           (14) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$210  
4           multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days  
5           for category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

6           (15) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$250  
7           multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient  
8           claims for category of service 27 and 28 for the  
9           determination quarter.

10          (16) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$410  
11          multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days  
12          for category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

13          (17) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$100  
14          multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient  
15          claims for category of service 29 for the determination  
16          quarter.

17          (18) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of their quarterly  
18          inpatient and outpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
19          months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with directions  
20          provided to each MCO by the Department.

21          (19) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly  
22          Directed Payment amount as identified by the Department on  
23          its quarterly determination report.

24          Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if  
25          the Department determines that the actual total hospital  
26          utilization data that is used to calculate the fixed rate

1 directed payments is substantially different than anticipated  
2 when the rates in this subsection were initially determined  
3 (for unforeseeable circumstances such as the COVID-19  
4 pandemic), the Department may adjust the rates specified in  
5 this subsection so that the total directed payments approximate  
6 the total spending amount anticipated when the rates were  
7 initially established.

8 Definitions. As used in this subsection:

9 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each calendar quarter,  
10 beginning July 1, 2020.

11 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each calendar  
12 quarter which ends 3 months prior to the first day of  
13 each Payout Quarter.

14 (C) "Case mix index" means a hospital specific  
15 calculation. For inpatient claims the case mix index is  
16 calculated each quarter by summing the relative weight  
17 of all inpatient Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG) claims  
18 for a category of service in the applicable  
19 Determination Quarter and dividing the sum by the  
20 number of sum total of all inpatient DRG admissions for  
21 the category of service for the associated claims. The  
22 case mix index for outpatient claims is calculated each  
23 quarter by summing the relative weight of all paid  
24 EAPGs in the applicable Determination Quarter and  
25 dividing the sum by the sum total of paid EAPGs for the  
26 associated claims.

1 (i) Beginning January 1, 2021, the rates for directed  
2 payments shall be recalculated in order to spend the additional  
3 funds for directed payments that result from reduction in the  
4 amount of pass-through payments allowed under federal  
5 regulations. The additional funds for directed payments shall  
6 be allocated proportionally to each class of hospitals based on  
7 that class' proportion of services.

8 (j) Pass-through payments.

9 (1) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,  
10 2020, the Department shall assign quarterly pass-through  
11 payments to each class of hospitals equal to one-fourth of  
12 the following annual allocations:

13 (A) \$390,487,095 to safety-net hospitals.

14 (B) \$62,553,886 to critical access hospitals.

15 (C) \$345,021,438 to high Medicaid hospitals.

16 (D) \$551,429,071 to general acute care hospitals.

17 (E) \$27,283,870 to long term acute care hospitals.

18 (F) \$40,825,444 to freestanding psychiatric  
19 hospitals.

20 (G) \$9,652,108 to freestanding rehabilitation  
21 hospitals.

22 (2) The pass-through payments shall at a minimum ensure  
23 hospitals receive a total amount of monthly payments under  
24 this Section as received in calendar year 2019 in  
25 accordance with this Article and paragraph (1) of  
26 subsection (d-5) of Section 14-12, exclusive of amounts



1 received through payments referenced in subsection (b).

2 (3) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2021,  
3 and each calendar year thereafter, each hospital's  
4 pass-through payment amount shall be reduced  
5 proportionally to the reduction of all pass-through  
6 payments required by federal regulations.

7 (k) At least 30 days prior to each calendar year, the  
8 Department shall notify each hospital of changes to the payment  
9 methodologies in this Section, including, but not limited to,  
10 changes in the fixed rate directed payment rates, the aggregate  
11 pass-through payment amount for all hospitals, and the  
12 hospital's pass-through payment amount for the upcoming  
13 calendar year.

14 (l) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section,  
15 the Department may adopt rules to change the methodology for  
16 directed and pass-through payments as set forth in this  
17 Section, but only to the extent necessary to obtain federal  
18 approval of a necessary State Plan amendment or Directed  
19 Payment Preprint or to otherwise conform to federal law or  
20 federal regulation.

21 (m) As used in this subsection, "managed care organization"  
22 or "MCO" means an entity which contracts with the Department to  
23 provide services where payment for medical services is made on  
24 a capitated basis, excluding contracted entities for dual  
25 eligible or Department of Children and Family Services youth  
26 populations.

1       (n) In order to address the escalating infant mortality  
2       rates among minority communities in Illinois, the State shall,  
3       subject to appropriation, create a pool of funding of at least  
4       \$50,000,000 annually to be dispersed among safety-net  
5       hospitals that maintain perinatal designation from the  
6       Department of Public Health. The funding shall be used to  
7       preserve or enhance OB/GYN services or other specialty services  
8       at the receiving hospital.

9       (Source: P.A. 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

10                                   Article 110.

11       Section 110-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
12       the Racial Impact Note Act.

13       Section 110-5. Racial impact note.

14       (a) Every bill which has or could have a disparate impact  
15       on racial and ethnic minorities, upon the request of any  
16       member, shall have prepared for it, before second reading in  
17       the house of introduction, a brief explanatory statement or  
18       note that shall include a reliable estimate of the anticipated  
19       impact on those racial and ethnic minorities likely to be  
20       impacted by the bill. Each racial impact note must include, for  
21       racial and ethnic minorities for which data are available: (i)  
22       an estimate of how the proposed legislation would impact racial  
23       and ethnic minorities; (ii) a statement of the methodologies

1 and assumptions used in preparing the estimate; (iii) an  
2 estimate of the racial and ethnic composition of the population  
3 who may be impacted by the proposed legislation, including  
4 those persons who may be negatively impacted and those persons  
5 who may benefit from the proposed legislation; and (iv) any  
6 other matter that a responding agency considers appropriate in  
7 relation to the racial and ethnic minorities likely to be  
8 affected by the bill.

9 Section 110-10. Preparation.

10 (a) The sponsor of each bill for which a request under  
11 Section 110-5 has been made shall present a copy of the bill  
12 with the request for a racial impact note to the appropriate  
13 responding agency or agencies under subsection (b). The  
14 responding agency or agencies shall prepare and submit the note  
15 to the sponsor of the bill within 5 calendar days, except that  
16 whenever, because of the complexity of the measure, additional  
17 time is required for the preparation of the racial impact note,  
18 the responding agency or agencies may inform the sponsor of the  
19 bill, and the sponsor may approve an extension of the time  
20 within which the note is to be submitted, not to extend,  
21 however, beyond June 15, following the date of the request. If,  
22 in the opinion of the responding agency or agencies, there is  
23 insufficient information to prepare a reliable estimate of the  
24 anticipated impact, a statement to that effect can be filed and  
25 shall meet the requirements of this Act.

1 (b) If a bill concerns arrests, convictions, or law  
2 enforcement, a statement shall be prepared by the Illinois  
3 Criminal Justice Information Authority specifying the impact  
4 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns  
5 corrections, sentencing, or the placement of individuals  
6 within the Department of Corrections, a statement shall be  
7 prepared by the Department of Corrections specifying the impact  
8 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns local  
9 government, a statement shall be prepared by the Department of  
10 Commerce and Economic Opportunity specifying the impact on  
11 racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns education, one  
12 of the following agencies shall prepare a statement specifying  
13 the impact on racial and ethnic minorities: (i) the Illinois  
14 Community College Board, if the bill affects community  
15 colleges; (ii) the Illinois State Board of Education, if the  
16 bill affects primary and secondary education; or (iii) the  
17 Illinois Board of Higher Education, if the bill affects State  
18 universities. Any other State agency impacted or responsible  
19 for implementing all or part of this bill shall prepare a  
20 statement of the racial and ethnic impact of the bill as it  
21 relates to that agency.

22 Section 110-15. Requisites and contents. The note shall be  
23 factual in nature, as brief and concise as may be, and, in  
24 addition, it shall include both the immediate effect and, if  
25 determinable or reasonably foreseeable, the long range effect

1 of the measure on racial and ethnic minorities. If, after  
2 careful investigation, it is determined that such an effect is  
3 not ascertainable, the note shall contain a statement to that  
4 effect, setting forth the reasons why no ascertainable effect  
5 can be given.

6 Section 110-20. Comment or opinion; technical or  
7 mechanical defects. No comment or opinion shall be included in  
8 the racial impact note with regard to the merits of the measure  
9 for which the racial impact note is prepared; however,  
10 technical or mechanical defects may be noted.

11 Section 110-25. Appearance of State officials and  
12 employees in support or opposition of measure. The fact that a  
13 racial impact note is prepared for any bill shall not preclude  
14 or restrict the appearance before any committee of the General  
15 Assembly of any official or authorized employee of the  
16 responding agency or agencies, or any other impacted State  
17 agency, who desires to be heard in support of or in opposition  
18 to the measure.

19 Article 115.

20 Section 115-5. The Department of Healthcare and Family  
21 Services Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is  
22 amended by adding Section 2205-35 as follows:

1 (20 ILCS 2205/2205-35 new)

2 Sec. 2205-35. Increasing access to primary care in  
3 hospitals. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
4 shall develop a program to encourage coordination between  
5 Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) and hospitals,  
6 including, but not limited to, safety-net hospitals, with the  
7 goal of increasing care coordination, managing chronic  
8 diseases, and addressing the social determinants of health on  
9 or before December 31, 2021. In addition, the Department shall  
10 develop a payment methodology to allow FQHCs to provide care  
11 coordination services, including, but not limited to, chronic  
12 disease management and behavioral health services. The  
13 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall develop a  
14 payment methodology to allow for care coordination services in  
15 FQHCs by no later than December 31, 2021.

16 Article 120.

17 Section 120-5. The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is  
18 amended by changing Section 5-565 as follows:

19 (20 ILCS 5/5-565) (was 20 ILCS 5/6.06)

20 Sec. 5-565. In the Department of Public Health.

21 (a) The General Assembly declares it to be the public  
22 policy of this State that all residents ~~citizens~~ of Illinois

1 are entitled to lead healthy lives. Governmental public health  
2 has a specific responsibility to ensure that a public health  
3 system is in place to allow the public health mission to be  
4 achieved. The public health system is the collection of public,  
5 private, and voluntary entities as well as individuals and  
6 informal associations that contribute to the public's health  
7 within the State. To develop a public health system requires  
8 certain core functions to be performed by government. The State  
9 Board of Health is to assume the leadership role in advising  
10 the Director in meeting the following functions:

11 (1) Needs assessment.

12 (2) Statewide health objectives.

13 (3) Policy development.

14 (4) Assurance of access to necessary services.

15 There shall be a State Board of Health composed of 20  
16 persons, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, with  
17 the advice and consent of the Senate for those appointed by the  
18 Governor on and after June 30, 1998, and one of whom shall be a  
19 senior citizen age 60 or over. Five members shall be physicians  
20 licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, one  
21 representing a medical school faculty, one who is board  
22 certified in preventive medicine, and one who is engaged in  
23 private practice. One member shall be a chiropractic physician.  
24 One member shall be a dentist; one an environmental health  
25 practitioner; one a local public health administrator; one a  
26 local board of health member; one a registered nurse; one a

1 physical therapist; one an optometrist; one a veterinarian; one  
2 a public health academician; one a health care industry  
3 representative; one a representative of the business  
4 community; one a representative of the non-profit public  
5 interest community; and 2 shall be citizens at large.

6 The terms of Board of Health members shall be 3 years,  
7 except that members shall continue to serve on the Board of  
8 Health until a replacement is appointed. Upon the effective  
9 date of Public Act 93-975 (January 1, 2005) ~~this amendatory Act~~  
10 ~~of the 93rd General Assembly~~, in the appointment of the Board  
11 of Health members appointed to vacancies or positions with  
12 terms expiring on or before December 31, 2004, the Governor  
13 shall appoint up to 6 members to serve for terms of 3 years; up  
14 to 6 members to serve for terms of 2 years; and up to 5 members  
15 to serve for a term of one year, so that the term of no more  
16 than 6 members expire in the same year. All members shall be  
17 legal residents of the State of Illinois. The duties of the  
18 Board shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

19 (1) To advise the Department of ways to encourage  
20 public understanding and support of the Department's  
21 programs.

22 (2) To evaluate all boards, councils, committees,  
23 authorities, and bodies advisory to, or an adjunct of, the  
24 Department of Public Health or its Director for the purpose  
25 of recommending to the Director one or more of the  
26 following:



1           (i) The elimination of bodies whose activities are  
2 not consistent with goals and objectives of the  
3 Department.

4           (ii) The consolidation of bodies whose activities  
5 encompass compatible programmatic subjects.

6           (iii) The restructuring of the relationship  
7 between the various bodies and their integration  
8 within the organizational structure of the Department.

9           (iv) The establishment of new bodies deemed  
10 essential to the functioning of the Department.

11           (3) To serve as an advisory group to the Director for  
12 public health emergencies and control of health hazards.

13           (4) To advise the Director regarding public health  
14 policy, and to make health policy recommendations  
15 regarding priorities to the Governor through the Director.

16           (5) To present public health issues to the Director and  
17 to make recommendations for the resolution of those issues.

18           (6) To recommend studies to delineate public health  
19 problems.

20           (7) To make recommendations to the Governor through the  
21 Director regarding the coordination of State public health  
22 activities with other State and local public health  
23 agencies and organizations.

24           (8) To report on or before February 1 of each year on  
25 the health of the residents of Illinois to the Governor,  
26 the General Assembly, and the public.

1           (9) To review the final draft of all proposed  
2 administrative rules, other than emergency or peremptory  
3 ~~preemptory~~ rules and those rules that another advisory body  
4 must approve or review within a statutorily defined time  
5 period, of the Department after September 19, 1991 (the  
6 effective date of Public Act 87-633). The Board shall  
7 review the proposed rules within 90 days of submission by  
8 the Department. The Department shall take into  
9 consideration any comments and recommendations of the  
10 Board regarding the proposed rules prior to submission to  
11 the Secretary of State for initial publication. If the  
12 Department disagrees with the recommendations of the  
13 Board, it shall submit a written response outlining the  
14 reasons for not accepting the recommendations.

15           In the case of proposed administrative rules or  
16 amendments to administrative rules regarding immunization  
17 of children against preventable communicable diseases  
18 designated by the Director under the Communicable Disease  
19 Prevention Act, after the Immunization Advisory Committee  
20 has made its recommendations, the Board shall conduct 3  
21 public hearings, geographically distributed throughout the  
22 State. At the conclusion of the hearings, the State Board  
23 of Health shall issue a report, including its  
24 recommendations, to the Director. The Director shall take  
25 into consideration any comments or recommendations made by  
26 the Board based on these hearings.

1 (10) To deliver to the Governor for presentation to the  
2 General Assembly a State Health Assessment (SHA) and a  
3 State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP). The first 5 ~~3~~ such  
4 plans shall be delivered to the Governor on January 1,  
5 2006, January 1, 2009, ~~and~~ January 1, 2016, January 1,  
6 2021, and June 30, 2022, and then every 5 years thereafter.

7 The State Health Assessment and State Health  
8 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall assess and recommend  
9 priorities and strategies to improve the public health  
10 system, ~~and~~ the health status of Illinois residents, reduce  
11 health disparities and inequities, and promote health  
12 equity. The State Health Assessment and State Health  
13 Improvement Plan development and implementation shall  
14 conform to national Public Health Accreditation Board  
15 Standards. The State Health Assessment and State Health  
16 Improvement Plan development and implementation process  
17 shall be carried out with the administrative and  
18 operational support of the Department of Public Health  
19 ~~taking into consideration national health objectives and~~  
20 ~~system standards as frameworks for assessment.~~

21 The State Health Assessment shall include  
22 comprehensive, broad-based data and information from a  
23 variety of sources on health status and the public health  
24 system including:

25 (i) quantitative data on the demographics and  
26 health status of the population, including data over

1 time on health by gender identity, sexual orientation,  
2 race, ethnicity, age, socio-economic factors,  
3 geographic region, disability status, and other  
4 indicators of disparity;

5 (ii) quantitative data on social and structural  
6 issues affecting health (social and structural  
7 determinants of health), including, but not limited  
8 to, housing, transportation, educational attainment,  
9 employment, and income inequality;

10 (iii) priorities and strategies developed at the  
11 community level through the Illinois Project for Local  
12 Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and other local and  
13 regional community health needs assessments;

14 (iv) qualitative data representing the  
15 population's input on health concerns and well-being,  
16 including the perceptions of people experiencing  
17 disparities and health inequities;

18 (v) information on health disparities and health  
19 inequities; and

20 (vi) information on public health system strengths  
21 and areas for improvement.

22 ~~The Plan shall also take into consideration priorities~~  
23 ~~and strategies developed at the community level through the~~  
24 ~~Illinois Project for Local Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and~~  
25 ~~any regional health improvement plans that may be~~  
26 ~~developed.~~

1           The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall focus on  
2           prevention, social determinants of health, and promoting  
3           health equity as key strategies ~~as a key strategy~~ for  
4           long-term health improvement in Illinois.

5           The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall identify  
6           priority State health issues and social issues affecting  
7           health, and shall examine and make recommendations on the  
8           contributions and strategies of the public and private  
9           sectors for improving health status and the public health  
10          system in the State. In addition to recommendations on  
11          health status improvement priorities and strategies for  
12          the population of the State as a whole, the State Health  
13          Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall make recommendations regarding  
14          priorities and strategies for reducing and eliminating  
15          health disparities and health inequities in Illinois;  
16          including racial, ethnic, gender, sex, age,  
17          socio-economic, and geographic disparities. The State  
18          Health Improvement Plan shall make recommendations  
19          regarding social determinants of health, such as housing,  
20          transportation, educational attainment, employment, and  
21          income inequality.

22          The development and implementation of the State Health  
23          Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan shall be a  
24          collaborative public-private cross-agency effort overseen  
25          by the SHA and SHIP Partnership. The Director of Public  
26          Health shall consult with the Governor to ensure

1 participation by the head of State agencies with public  
2 health responsibilities (or their designees) in the SHA and  
3 SHIP Partnership, including, but not limited to, the  
4 Department of Public Health, the Department of Human  
5 Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family  
6 Services, the Department of Children and Family Services,  
7 the Environmental Protection Agency, the Illinois State  
8 Board of Education, the Department on Aging, the Illinois  
9 Housing Development Authority, the Illinois Criminal  
10 Justice Information Authority, the Department of  
11 Agriculture, the Department of Transportation, the  
12 Department of Corrections, the Department of Commerce and  
13 Economic Opportunity, and the Chair of the State Board of  
14 Health to also serve on the Partnership. A member of the  
15 Governors' staff shall participate in the Partnership and  
16 serve as a liaison to the Governors' office.

17 The Director of ~~the Illinois Department of~~ Public  
18 Health shall appoint a minimum of 15 other members of the  
19 SHA and SHIP Partnership representing a Planning Team that  
20 ~~includes~~ a range of public, private, and voluntary sector  
21 stakeholders and participants in the public health system.  
22 For the first SHA and SHIP Partnership after the effective  
23 date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly,  
24 one-half of the members shall be appointed for a 3-year  
25 term, and one-half of the members shall be appointed for a  
26 5-year term. Subsequently, members shall be appointed to

1       5-year terms. Should any member not be able to fulfill his  
2       or her term, the Director may appoint a replacement to  
3       complete that term. The Director, in consultation with the  
4       SHA and SHIP Partnership, may engage additional  
5       individuals and organizations to serve on subcommittees  
6       and ad hoc efforts to conduct the State Health Assessment  
7       and develop and implement the State Health Improvement  
8       Plan. Members of the SHA and SHIP Partnership shall receive  
9       no compensation for serving as members, but may be  
10       reimbursed for their necessary expenses if departmental  
11       resources allow.

12       The SHA and SHIP Partnership ~~This Team~~ shall include:  
13       ~~the directors of State agencies with public health~~  
14       ~~responsibilities (or their designees), including but not~~  
15       ~~limited to the Illinois Departments of Public Health and~~  
16       ~~Department of Human Services,~~ representatives of local  
17       health departments, ~~representatives of local community~~  
18       ~~health partnerships,~~ and individuals with expertise who  
19       represent an array of organizations and constituencies  
20       engaged in public health improvement and prevention, such  
21       as non-profit public interest groups, groups serving  
22       populations that experience health disparities and health  
23       inequities, groups addressing social determinants of  
24       health, health issue groups, faith community groups,  
25       health care providers, businesses and employers, academic  
26       institutions, and community-based organizations.

1           The Director shall endeavor to make the membership of  
2           the Partnership diverse and inclusive of the racial,  
3           ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity  
4           of the State. The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall be chaired  
5           by the Director of Public Health or his or her designee.

6           The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall develop and  
7           implement a community engagement process that facilitates  
8           input into the development of the State Health Assessment  
9           and State Health Improvement Plan. This engagement process  
10           shall ensure that individuals with lived experience in the  
11           issues addressed in the State Health Assessment and State  
12           Health Improvement Plan are meaningfully engaged in the  
13           development and implementation of the State Health  
14           Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan.

15           The State Board of Health shall hold at least 3 public  
16           hearings addressing a draft of the State Health Improvement  
17           Plan ~~drafts of the Plan~~ in representative geographic areas  
18           of the State. ~~Members of the Planning Team shall receive no~~  
19           ~~compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for~~  
20           ~~their necessary expenses.~~

21           ~~Upon the delivery of each State Health Improvement~~  
22           ~~Plan, the Governor shall appoint a SHIP Implementation~~  
23           ~~Coordination Council that includes a range of public,~~  
24           ~~private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and~~  
25           ~~participants in the public health system. The Council shall~~  
26           ~~include the directors of State agencies and entities with~~



1 ~~public health system responsibilities (or their~~  
2 ~~designees), including but not limited to the Department of~~  
3 ~~Public Health, Department of Human Services, Department of~~  
4 ~~Healthcare and Family Services, Environmental Protection~~  
5 ~~Agency, Illinois State Board of Education, Department on~~  
6 ~~Aging, Illinois Violence Prevention Authority, Department~~  
7 ~~of Agriculture, Department of Insurance, Department of~~  
8 ~~Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of~~  
9 ~~Transportation, and Department of Commerce and Economic~~  
10 ~~Opportunity and the Chair of the State Board of Health. The~~  
11 ~~Council shall include representatives of local health~~  
12 ~~departments and individuals with expertise who represent~~  
13 ~~an array of organizations and constituencies engaged in~~  
14 ~~public health improvement and prevention, including~~  
15 ~~non profit public interest groups, health issue groups,~~  
16 ~~faith community groups, health care providers, businesses~~  
17 ~~and employers, academic institutions, and community based~~  
18 ~~organizations. The Governor shall endeavor to make the~~  
19 ~~membership of the Council representative of the racial,~~  
20 ~~ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity~~  
21 ~~of the State. The Governor shall designate one State agency~~  
22 ~~representative and one other non-governmental member as~~  
23 ~~co-chairs of the Council. The Governor shall designate a~~  
24 ~~member of the Governor's office to serve as liaison to the~~  
25 ~~Council and one or more State agencies to provide or~~  
26 ~~arrange for support to the Council. The members of the SHIP~~

1 ~~Implementation Coordination Council for each State Health~~  
2 ~~Improvement Plan shall serve until the delivery of the~~  
3 ~~subsequent State Health Improvement Plan, whereupon a new~~  
4 ~~Council shall be appointed. Members of the SHIP Planning~~  
5 ~~Team may serve on the SHIP Implementation Coordination~~  
6 ~~Council if so appointed by the Governor.~~

7 Upon the delivery of each State Health Assessment and  
8 State Health Improvement Plan, the SHA and SHIP Partnership  
9 ~~The SHIP Implementation Coordination Council~~ shall  
10 coordinate the efforts and engagement of the public,  
11 private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and  
12 participants in the public health system to implement each  
13 SHIP. The Partnership Council shall serve as a forum for  
14 collaborative action; coordinate existing and new  
15 initiatives; develop detailed implementation steps, with  
16 mechanisms for action; implement specific projects;  
17 identify public and private funding sources at the local,  
18 State and federal level; promote public awareness of the  
19 SHIP; and advocate for the implementation of the SHIP. The  
20 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall implement strategies to  
21 ensure that individuals and communities affected by health  
22 disparities and health inequities are engaged in the  
23 process throughout the 5-year cycle. The SHA and SHIP  
24 Partnership shall regularly evaluate and update the State  
25 Health Assessment and track implementation of the State  
26 Health Improvement Plan with revisions as necessary. The

1        SHA and SHIP Partnership shall not have the authority to  
2        direct any public or private entity to take specific action  
3        to implement the SHIP. ; and develop an annual report to  
4        the Governor, General Assembly, and public regarding the  
5        status of implementation of the SHIP. The Council shall  
6        not, however, have the authority to direct any public or  
7        private entity to take specific action to implement the  
8        SHIP.

9        The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall regularly evaluate  
10       and update the State Health Assessment and track  
11       implementation of the State Health Improvement Plan with  
12       revisions as necessary. The State Board of Health shall  
13       submit a report by January 31 of each year on the status of  
14       State Health Improvement Plan implementation and community  
15       engagement activities to the Governor, General Assembly,  
16       and public. In the fifth year, the report may be  
17       consolidated into the new State Health Assessment and State  
18       Health Improvement Plan.

19       (11) Upon the request of the Governor, to recommend to  
20       the Governor candidates for Director of Public Health when  
21       vacancies occur in the position.

22       (12) To adopt bylaws for the conduct of its own  
23       business, including the authority to establish ad hoc  
24       committees to address specific public health programs  
25       requiring resolution.

26       (13) (Blank).

1           Upon appointment, the Board shall elect a chairperson from  
2 among its members.

3           Members of the Board shall receive compensation for their  
4 services at the rate of \$150 per day, not to exceed \$10,000 per  
5 year, as designated by the Director for each day required for  
6 transacting the business of the Board and shall be reimbursed  
7 for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their  
8 duties. The Board shall meet from time to time at the call of  
9 the Department, at the call of the chairperson, or upon the  
10 request of 3 of its members, but shall not meet less than 4  
11 times per year.

12           (b) (Blank).

13           (c) An Advisory Board on Necropsy Service to Coroners,  
14 which shall counsel and advise with the Director on the  
15 administration of the Autopsy Act. The Advisory Board shall  
16 consist of 11 members, including a senior citizen age 60 or  
17 over, appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be  
18 designated as chairman by a majority of the members of the  
19 Board. In the appointment of the first Board the Governor shall  
20 appoint 3 members to serve for terms of 1 year, 3 for terms of 2  
21 years, and 3 for terms of 3 years. The members first appointed  
22 under Public Act 83-1538 shall serve for a term of 3 years. All  
23 members appointed thereafter shall be appointed for terms of 3  
24 years, except that when an appointment is made to fill a  
25 vacancy, the appointment shall be for the remaining term of the  
26 position vacant. The members of the Board shall be citizens of

1 the State of Illinois. In the appointment of members of the  
2 Advisory Board the Governor shall appoint 3 members who shall  
3 be persons licensed to practice medicine and surgery in the  
4 State of Illinois, at least 2 of whom shall have received  
5 post-graduate training in the field of pathology; 3 members who  
6 are duly elected coroners in this State; and 5 members who  
7 shall have interest and abilities in the field of forensic  
8 medicine but who shall be neither persons licensed to practice  
9 any branch of medicine in this State nor coroners. In the  
10 appointment of medical and coroner members of the Board, the  
11 Governor shall invite nominations from recognized medical and  
12 coroners organizations in this State respectively. Board  
13 members, while serving on business of the Board, shall receive  
14 actual necessary travel and subsistence expenses while so  
15 serving away from their places of residence.

16 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 99-527, eff. 1-1-17;  
17 revised 7-17-19.)

18 Article 125.

19 Section 125-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
20 the Health and Human Services Task Force and Study Act.  
21 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

22 Section 125-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

23 (1) The State is committed to improving the health and

1 well-being of Illinois residents and families.

2 (2) According to data collected by the Kaiser  
3 Foundation, Illinois had over 905,000 uninsured residents  
4 in 2019, with a total uninsured rate of 7.3%.

5 (3) Many Illinois residents and families who have  
6 health insurance cannot afford to use it due to high  
7 deductibles and cost sharing.

8 (4) Lack of access to affordable health care services  
9 disproportionately affects minority communities throughout  
10 the State, leading to poorer health outcomes among those  
11 populations.

12 (5) Illinois Medicaid beneficiaries are not receiving  
13 the coordinated and effective care they need to support  
14 their overall health and well-being.

15 (6) Illinois has an opportunity to improve the health  
16 and well-being of a historically underserved and  
17 vulnerable population by providing more coordinated and  
18 higher quality care to its Medicaid beneficiaries.

19 (7) The State of Illinois has a responsibility to help  
20 crime victims access justice, assistance, and the support  
21 they need to heal.

22 (8) Research has shown that people who are repeatedly  
23 victimized are more likely to face mental health problems  
24 such as depression, anxiety, and symptoms related to  
25 post-traumatic stress disorder and chronic trauma.

26 (9) Trauma-informed care has been promoted and

1 established in communities across the country on a  
2 bipartisan basis, and numerous federal agencies have  
3 integrated trauma-informed approaches into their programs  
4 and grants, which should be leveraged by the State of  
5 Illinois.

6 (10) Infants, children, and youth and their families  
7 who have experienced or are at risk of experiencing trauma,  
8 including those who are low-income, homeless, involved  
9 with the child welfare system, involved in the juvenile or  
10 adult justice system, unemployed, or not enrolled in or at  
11 risk of dropping out of an educational institution and live  
12 in a community that has faced acute or long-term exposure  
13 to substantial discrimination, historical oppression,  
14 intergenerational poverty, a high rate of violence or drug  
15 overdose deaths, should have an opportunity for improved  
16 outcomes; this means increasing access to greater  
17 opportunities to meet educational, employment, health,  
18 developmental, community reentry, permanency from foster  
19 care, or other key goals.

20 Section 125-10. Health and Human Services Task Force. The  
21 Health and Human Services Task Force is created within the  
22 Department of Human Services to undertake a systematic review  
23 of health and human service departments and programs with the  
24 goal of improving health and human service outcomes for  
25 Illinois residents.

1 Section 125-15. Study.

2 (1) The Task Force shall review all health and human  
3 service departments and programs and make recommendations for  
4 achieving a system that will improve interagency  
5 interoperability with respect to improving access to  
6 healthcare, healthcare disparities, workforce competency and  
7 diversity, social determinants of health, and data sharing and  
8 collection. These recommendations shall include, but are not  
9 limited to, the following elements:

10 (i) impact on infant and maternal mortality;

11 (ii) impact of hospital closures, including safety-net  
12 hospitals, on local communities; and

13 (iii) impact on Medicaid Managed Care Organizations.

14 (2) The Task Force shall review and make recommendations on  
15 ways the Medicaid program can partner and cooperate with other  
16 agencies, including but not limited to the Department of  
17 Agriculture, the Department of Insurance, the Department of  
18 Human Services, the Department of Labor, the Environmental  
19 Protection Agency, and the Department of Public Health, to  
20 better address social determinants of public health,  
21 including, but not limited to, food deserts, affordable  
22 housing, environmental pollutions, employment, education, and  
23 public support services. This shall include a review and  
24 recommendations on ways Medicaid and the agencies can share  
25 costs related to better health outcomes.



1           (3) The Task Force shall review the current partnership,  
2           communication, and cooperation between Federally Qualified  
3           Health Centers (FQHCs) and safety-net hospitals in Illinois and  
4           make recommendations on public policies that will improve  
5           interoperability and cooperations between these entities in  
6           order to achieve improved coordinated care and better health  
7           outcomes for vulnerable populations in the State.

8           (4) The Task Force shall review and examine public policies  
9           affecting trauma and social determinants of health, including  
10          trauma-informed care, and make recommendations on ways to  
11          improve and integrate trauma-informed approaches into programs  
12          and agencies in the State, including, but not limited to,  
13          Medicaid and other health care programs administered by the  
14          State, and increase awareness of trauma and its effects on  
15          communities across Illinois.

16          (5) The Task Force shall review and examine the connection  
17          between access to education and health outcomes particularly in  
18          African American and minority communities and make  
19          recommendations on public policies to address any gaps or  
20          deficiencies.

21          Section 125-20. Membership; appointments; meetings;  
22          support.

23          (1) The Task Force shall include representation from both  
24          public and private organizations, and its membership shall  
25          reflect regional, racial, and cultural diversity to ensure

1 representation of the needs of all Illinois citizens. Task  
2 Force members shall include one member appointed by the  
3 President of the Senate, one member appointed by the Minority  
4 Leader of the Senate, one member appointed by the Speaker of  
5 the House of Representatives, one member appointed by the  
6 Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and other  
7 members appointed by the Governor. The Governor's appointments  
8 shall include, without limitation, the following:

9 (A) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
10 President, who shall serve as Co-Chair;

11 (B) One member of the House of Representatives,  
12 appointed by the Speaker of the House, who shall serve as  
13 Co-Chair;

14 (C) Eight members of the General Assembly representing  
15 each of the majority and minority caucuses of each chamber.

16 (D) The Directors or Secretaries of the following State  
17 agencies or their designees:

18 (i) Department of Human Services.

19 (ii) Department of Children and Family Services.

20 (iii) Department of Healthcare and Family  
21 Services.

22 (iv) State Board of Education.

23 (v) Department on Aging.

24 (vi) Department of Public Health.

25 (vii) Department of Veterans' Affairs.

26 (viii) Department of Insurance.

1 (E) Local government stakeholders and nongovernmental  
2 stakeholders with an interest in human services, including  
3 representation among the following private-sector fields  
4 and constituencies:

5 (i) Early childhood education and development.

6 (ii) Child care.

7 (iii) Child welfare.

8 (iv) Youth services.

9 (v) Developmental disabilities.

10 (vi) Mental health.

11 (vii) Employment and training.

12 (viii) Sexual and domestic violence.

13 (ix) Alcohol and substance abuse.

14 (x) Local community collaborations among human  
15 services programs.

16 (xi) Immigrant services.

17 (xii) Affordable housing.

18 (xiii) Food and nutrition.

19 (xiv) Homelessness.

20 (xv) Older adults.

21 (xvi) Physical disabilities.

22 (xvii) Maternal and child health.

23 (xviii) Medicaid managed care organizations.

24 (xix) Healthcare delivery.

25 (xx) Health insurance.

26 (2) Members shall serve without compensation for the

1 duration of the Task Force.

2 (3) In the event of a vacancy, the appointment to fill the  
3 vacancy shall be made in the same manner as the original  
4 appointment.

5 (4) The Task Force shall convene within 60 days after the  
6 effective date of this Act. The initial meeting of the Task  
7 Force shall be convened by the co-chair selected by the  
8 Governor. Subsequent meetings shall convene at the call of the  
9 co-chairs. The Task Force shall meet on a quarterly basis, or  
10 more often if necessary.

11 (5) The Department of Human Services shall provide  
12 administrative support to the Task Force.

13 Section 125-25. Report. The Task Force shall report to the  
14 Governor and the General Assembly on the Task Force's progress  
15 toward its goals and objectives by June 30, 2021, and every  
16 June 30 thereafter.

17 Section 125-30. Transparency. In addition to whatever  
18 policies or procedures it may adopt, all operations of the Task  
19 Force shall be subject to the provisions of the Freedom of  
20 Information Act and the Open Meetings Act. This Section shall  
21 not be construed so as to preclude other State laws from  
22 applying to the Task Force and its activities.

23 Section 125-40. Repeal. This Article is repealed June 30,

1 2023.

2 Article 130.

3 Section 130-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
4 the Anti-Racism Commission Act. References in this Article to  
5 "this Act" mean this Article.

6 Section 130-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds and  
7 declares all of the following:

8 (1) Public health is the science and art of preventing  
9 disease, of protecting and improving the health of people,  
10 entire populations, and their communities; this work is  
11 achieved by promoting healthy lifestyles and choices,  
12 researching disease, and preventing injury.

13 (2) Public health professionals try to prevent  
14 problems from happening or recurring through implementing  
15 educational programs, recommending policies, administering  
16 services, and limiting health disparities through the  
17 promotion of equitable and accessible healthcare.

18 (3) According to the Centers for Disease Control and  
19 Prevention, racism and segregation in the State of Illinois  
20 have exacerbated a health divide, resulting in Black  
21 residents having lower life expectancies than white  
22 citizens of this State and being far more likely than other  
23 races to die prematurely (before the age of 75) and to die

1 of heart disease or stroke; Black residents of Illinois  
2 have a higher level of infant mortality, lower birth weight  
3 babies, and are more likely to be overweight or obese as  
4 adults, have adult diabetes, and have long-term  
5 complications from diabetes that exacerbate other  
6 conditions, including the susceptibility to COVID-19.

7 (4) Black and Brown people are more likely to  
8 experience poor health outcomes as a consequence of their  
9 social determinants of health, health inequities stemming  
10 from economic instability, education, physical  
11 environment, food, and access to health care systems.

12 (5) Black residents in Illinois are more likely than  
13 white residents to experience violence-related trauma as a  
14 result of socioeconomic conditions resulting from systemic  
15 racism.

16 (6) Racism is a social system with multiple dimensions  
17 in which individual racism is internalized or  
18 interpersonal and systemic racism is institutional or  
19 structural and is a system of structuring opportunity and  
20 assigning value based on the social interpretation of how  
21 one looks; this unfairly disadvantages specific  
22 individuals and communities, while unfairly giving  
23 advantages to other individuals and communities; it saps  
24 the strength of the whole society through the waste of  
25 human resources.

26 (7) Racism causes persistent racial discrimination

1 that influences many areas of life, including housing,  
2 education, employment, and criminal justice; an emerging  
3 body of research demonstrates that racism itself is a  
4 social determinant of health.

5 (8) More than 100 studies have linked racism to worse  
6 health outcomes.

7 (9) The American Public Health Association launched a  
8 National Campaign against Racism.

9 (10) Public health's responsibilities to address  
10 racism include reshaping our discourse and agenda so that  
11 we all actively engage in racial justice work.

12 Section 130-10. Anti-Racism Commission.

13 (a) The Anti-Racism Commission is hereby created to  
14 identify and propose statewide policies to eliminate systemic  
15 racism and advance equitable solutions for Black and Brown  
16 people in Illinois.

17 (b) The Anti-Racism Commission shall consist of the  
18 following members, who shall serve without compensation:

19 (1) one member of the House of Representatives,  
20 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,  
21 who shall serve as co-chair;

22 (2) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
23 President, who shall serve as co-chair;

24 (3) one member of the House of Representatives,  
25 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of

1 Representatives;

2 (4) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Minority  
3 Leader of the Senate;

4 (5) the Director of Public Health, or his or her  
5 designee;

6 (6) the Chair of the House Black Caucus;

7 (7) the Chair of the Senate Black Caucus;

8 (8) the Chair of the Joint Legislative Black Caucus;

9 (9) the director of a statewide association  
10 representing public health departments, appointed by the  
11 Speaker of the House of Representatives;

12 (10) the Chair of the House Latino Caucus;

13 (11) the Chair of the Senate Latino Caucus;

14 (12) one community member appointed by the House Black  
15 Caucus Chair;

16 (13) one community member appointed by the Senate Black  
17 Caucus Chair;

18 (14) one community member appointed by the House Latino  
19 Caucus Chair; and

20 (15) one community member appointed by the Senate  
21 Latino Caucus Chair.

22 (c) The Department of Public Health shall provide  
23 administrative support for the Commission.

24 (d) The Commission is charged with, but not limited to, the  
25 following tasks:

26 (1) Working to create an equity and justice-oriented



1 State government.

2 (2) Assessing the policy and procedures of all State  
3 agencies to ensure racial equity is a core element of State  
4 government.

5 (3) Developing and incorporating into the  
6 organizational structure of State government a plan for  
7 educational efforts to understand, address, and dismantle  
8 systemic racism in government actions.

9 (4) Recommending and advocating for policies that  
10 improve health in Black and Brown people and support local,  
11 State, regional, and federal initiatives that advance  
12 efforts to dismantle systemic racism.

13 (5) Working to build alliances and partnerships with  
14 organizations that are confronting racism and encouraging  
15 other local, State, regional, and national entities to  
16 recognize racism as a public health crisis.

17 (6) Promoting community engagement, actively engaging  
18 citizens on issues of racism and assisting in providing  
19 tools to engage actively and authentically with Black and  
20 Brown people.

21 (7) Reviewing all portions of codified State laws  
22 through the lens of racial equity.

23 (8) Working with the Department of Central Management  
24 Services to update policies that encourage diversity in  
25 human resources, including hiring, board appointments, and  
26 vendor selection by agencies, and to review all grant

1 management activities with an eye toward equity and  
2 workforce development.

3 (9) Recommending policies that promote racially  
4 equitable economic and workforce development practices.

5 (10) Promoting and supporting all policies that  
6 prioritize the health of all people, especially people of  
7 color, by mitigating exposure to adverse childhood  
8 experiences and trauma in childhood and ensuring  
9 implementation of health and equity in all policies.

10 (11) Encouraging community partners and stakeholders  
11 in the education, employment, housing, criminal justice,  
12 and safety arenas to recognize racism as a public health  
13 crisis and to implement policy recommendations.

14 (12) Identifying clear goals and objectives, including  
15 specific benchmarks, to assess progress.

16 (13) Holding public hearings across Illinois to  
17 continue to explore and to recommend needed action by the  
18 General Assembly.

19 (14) Working with the Governor and the General Assembly  
20 to identify the necessary funds to support the Anti-Racism  
21 Commission and its endeavors.

22 (15) Identifying resources to allocate to Black and  
23 Brown communities on an annual basis.

24 (16) Encouraging corporate investment in anti-racism  
25 policies in Black and Brown communities.

26 (e) The Commission shall submit its final report to the

1 Governor and the General Assembly no later than December 31,  
2 2021. The Commission is dissolved upon the filing of its  
3 report.

4 Section 130-15. Repeal. This Article is repealed on January  
5 1, 2023.

6 Article 131.

7 Section 131-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
8 the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program Act.  
9 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

10 Section 131-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

11 "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

12 "Program" means the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and  
13 Treatment Program.

14 Section 131-10. Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and  
15 Treatment Program. The Department shall establish a grant  
16 program for the purpose of providing for the prevention, care,  
17 and treatment of sickle cell disease and for educational  
18 programs concerning the disease.

19 Section 131-15. Grants; eligibility standards.

20 (a) The Department shall do the following:

1           (1) (A) Develop application criteria and standards of  
2           eligibility for groups or organizations who apply for funds  
3           under the program.

4           (B) Make available grants to groups and organizations  
5           who meet the eligibility standards set by the Department.  
6           However:

7                   (i) the highest priority for grants shall be  
8                   accorded to established sickle cell disease  
9                   community-based organizations throughout Illinois; and

10                   (ii) priority shall also be given to ensuring the  
11                   establishment of sickle cell disease centers in  
12                   underserved areas that have a higher population of  
13                   sickle cell disease patients.

14           (2) Determine the maximum amount available for each  
15           grant provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).

16           (3) Determine policies for the expiration and renewal  
17           of grants provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).

18           (4) Require that all grant funds be used for the  
19           purpose of prevention, care, and treatment of sickle cell  
20           disease or for educational programs concerning the  
21           disease. Grant funds shall be used for one or more of the  
22           following purposes:

23                   (A) Assisting in the development and expansion of  
24                   care for the treatment of individuals with sickle cell  
25                   disease, particularly for adults, including the  
26                   following types of care:

1 (i) Self-administered care.

2 (ii) Preventive care.

3 (iii) Home care.

4 (iv) Other evidence-based medical procedures  
5 and techniques designed to provide maximum control  
6 over sickling episodes typical of occurring to an  
7 individual with the disease.

8 (B) Increasing access to health care for  
9 individuals with sickle cell disease.

10 (C) Establishing additional sickle cell disease  
11 infusion centers.

12 (D) Increasing access to mental health resources  
13 and pain management therapies for individuals with  
14 sickle cell disease.

15 (E) Providing counseling to any individual, at no  
16 cost, concerning sickle cell disease and sickle cell  
17 trait, and the characteristics, symptoms, and  
18 treatment of the disease.

19 (i) The counseling described in this  
20 subparagraph (E) may consist of any of the  
21 following:

22 (I) Genetic counseling for an individual  
23 who tests positive for the sickle cell trait.

24 (II) Psychosocial counseling for an  
25 individual who tests positive for sickle cell  
26 disease, including any of the following:

1 (aa) Social service counseling.

2 (bb) Psychological counseling.

3 (cc) Psychiatric counseling.

4 (5) Develop a sickle cell disease educational outreach  
5 program that includes the dissemination of educational  
6 materials to the following concerning sickle cell disease  
7 and sickle cell trait:

8 (A) Medical residents.

9 (B) Immigrants.

10 (C) Schools and universities.

11 (6) Adopt any rules necessary to implement the  
12 provisions of this Act.

13 (b) The Department may contract with an entity to implement  
14 the sickle cell disease educational outreach program described  
15 in paragraph (5) of subsection (a).

16 Section 131-20. Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

17 (a) The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund is created as a  
18 special fund in the State treasury for the purpose of carrying  
19 out the provisions of this Act and for no other purpose. The  
20 Fund shall be administered by the Department.

21 (b) The Fund shall consist of:

22 (1) Any moneys appropriated to the Department for the  
23 Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program.

24 (2) Gifts, bequests, and other sources of funding.

25 (3) All interest earned on moneys in the Fund.

1 Section 131-25. Study.

2 (a) Before July 1, 2022, and on a biennial basis  
3 thereafter, the Department, with the assistance of:

4 (1) the Center for Minority Health Services;

5 (2) health care providers that treat individuals with  
6 sickle cell disease;

7 (3) individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease;

8 (4) representatives of community-based organizations  
9 that serve individuals with sickle cell disease; and

10 (5) data collected via newborn screening for sickle  
11 cell disease;

12 shall perform a study to determine the prevalence, impact, and  
13 needs of individuals with sickle cell disease and the sickle  
14 cell trait in Illinois.

15 (b) The study must include the following:

16 (1) The prevalence, by geographic location, of  
17 individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease in  
18 Illinois.

19 (2) The prevalence, by geographic location, of  
20 individuals diagnosed as sickle cell trait carriers in  
21 Illinois.

22 (3) The availability and affordability of screening  
23 services in Illinois for the sickle cell trait.

24 (4) The location and capacity of the following for the  
25 treatment of sickle cell disease and sickle cell trait

1 carriers:

2 (A) Treatment centers.

3 (B) Clinics.

4 (C) Community-based social service organizations.

5 (D) Medical specialists.

6 (5) The unmet medical, psychological, and social needs  
7 encountered by individuals in Illinois with sickle cell  
8 disease.

9 (6) The underserved areas of Illinois for the treatment  
10 of sickle cell disease.

11 (7) Recommendations for actions to address any  
12 shortcomings in the State identified under this Section.

13 (c) The Department shall submit a report on the study  
14 performed under this Section to the General Assembly.

15 Section 131-30. Implementation subject to appropriation.  
16 Implementation of this Act is subject to appropriation.

17 Section 131-90. The State Finance Act is amended by adding  
18 Section 5.936 as follows:

19 (30 ILCS 105/5.936 new)

20 Sec. 5.936. The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

21 Title VII. Hospital Closure



1 Article 135.

2 Section 135-5. The Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act  
3 is amended by changing Sections 4 and 5.4 and by adding Section  
4 5.5 as follows:

5 (20 ILCS 3960/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1154)

6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

7 Sec. 4. Health Facilities and Services Review Board;  
8 membership; appointment; term; compensation; quorum.

9 (a) There is created the Health Facilities and Services  
10 Review Board, which shall perform the functions described in  
11 this Act. The Department shall provide operational support to  
12 the Board as necessary, including the provision of office  
13 space, supplies, and clerical, financial, and accounting  
14 services. The Board may contract for functions or operational  
15 support as needed. The Board may also contract with experts  
16 related to specific health services or facilities and create  
17 technical advisory panels to assist in the development of  
18 criteria, standards, and procedures used in the evaluation of  
19 applications for permit and exemption.

20 (b) The State Board shall consist of 10 ~~9~~ voting members.  
21 All members shall be residents of Illinois and at least 4 shall  
22 reside outside the Chicago Metropolitan Statistical Area.  
23 Consideration shall be given to potential appointees who  
24 reflect the ethnic and cultural diversity of the State. Neither

1 Board members nor Board staff shall be convicted felons or have  
2 pled guilty to a felony.

3 Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the  
4 practice, procedures and principles of the health care delivery  
5 system in Illinois, including at least 5 members who shall be  
6 knowledgeable about health care delivery systems, health  
7 systems planning, finance, or the management of health care  
8 facilities currently regulated under the Act. One member shall  
9 be a representative of a non-profit health care consumer  
10 advocacy organization. One member shall be a representative  
11 from the community with experience on the effects of  
12 discontinuing health care services or the closure of health  
13 care facilities on the surrounding community; provided,  
14 however, that all other members of the Board shall be appointed  
15 before this member shall be appointed. A spouse, parent,  
16 sibling, or child of a Board member cannot be an employee,  
17 agent, or under contract with services or facilities subject to  
18 the Act. Prior to appointment and in the course of service on  
19 the Board, members of the Board shall disclose the employment  
20 or other financial interest of any other relative of the  
21 member, if known, in service or facilities subject to the Act.  
22 Members of the Board shall declare any conflict of interest  
23 that may exist with respect to the status of those relatives  
24 and recuse themselves from voting on any issue for which a  
25 conflict of interest is declared. No person shall be appointed  
26 or continue to serve as a member of the State Board who is, or

1 whose spouse, parent, sibling, or child is, a member of the  
2 Board of Directors of, has a financial interest in, or has a  
3 business relationship with a health care facility.

4 Notwithstanding any provision of this Section to the  
5 contrary, the term of office of each member of the State Board  
6 serving on the day before the effective date of this amendatory  
7 Act of the 96th General Assembly is abolished on the date upon  
8 which members of the ~~9-member~~ Board, as established by this  
9 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, have been  
10 appointed and can begin to take action as a Board.

11 (c) The State Board shall be appointed by the Governor,  
12 with the advice and consent of the Senate. Not more than 6 ~~5~~ of  
13 the appointments shall be of the same political party at the  
14 time of the appointment.

15 The Secretary of Human Services, the Director of Healthcare  
16 and Family Services, and the Director of Public Health, or  
17 their designated representatives, shall serve as ex-officio,  
18 non-voting members of the State Board.

19 (d) Of those ~~9~~ members initially appointed by the Governor  
20 following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th  
21 General Assembly, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1,  
22 2011, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2012, and 3  
23 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2013. Thereafter, each  
24 appointed member shall hold office for a term of 3 years,  
25 provided that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring  
26 prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her

1 predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder  
2 of such term and the term of office of each successor shall  
3 commence on July 1 of the year in which his predecessor's term  
4 expires. Each member shall hold office until his or her  
5 successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor may  
6 reappoint a member for additional terms, but no member shall  
7 serve more than 3 terms, subject to review and re-approval  
8 every 3 years.

9 (e) State Board members, while serving on business of the  
10 State Board, shall receive actual and necessary travel and  
11 subsistence expenses while so serving away from their places of  
12 residence. Until March 1, 2010, a member of the State Board who  
13 experiences a significant financial hardship due to the loss of  
14 income on days of attendance at meetings or while otherwise  
15 engaged in the business of the State Board may be paid a  
16 hardship allowance, as determined by and subject to the  
17 approval of the Governor's Travel Control Board.

18 (f) The Governor shall designate one of the members to  
19 serve as the Chairman of the Board, who shall be a person with  
20 expertise in health care delivery system planning, finance or  
21 management of health care facilities that are regulated under  
22 the Act. The Chairman shall annually review Board member  
23 performance and shall report the attendance record of each  
24 Board member to the General Assembly.

25 (g) The State Board, through the Chairman, shall prepare a  
26 separate and distinct budget approved by the General Assembly

1 and shall hire and supervise its own professional staff  
2 responsible for carrying out the responsibilities of the Board.

3 (h) The State Board shall meet at least every 45 days, or  
4 as often as the Chairman of the State Board deems necessary, or  
5 upon the request of a majority of the members.

6 (i) ~~Six~~ Five members of the State Board shall constitute a  
7 quorum. The affirmative vote of 6 ~~5~~ of the members of the State  
8 Board shall be necessary for any action requiring a vote to be  
9 taken by the State Board. A vacancy in the membership of the  
10 State Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise  
11 all the rights and perform all the duties of the State Board as  
12 provided by this Act.

13 (j) A State Board member shall disqualify himself or  
14 herself from the consideration of any application for a permit  
15 or exemption in which the State Board member or the State Board  
16 member's spouse, parent, sibling, or child: (i) has an economic  
17 interest in the matter; or (ii) is employed by, serves as a  
18 consultant for, or is a member of the governing board of the  
19 applicant or a party opposing the application.

20 (k) The Chairman, Board members, and Board staff must  
21 comply with the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

22 (Source: P.A. 99-527, eff. 1-1-17; 100-681, eff. 8-3-18.)

23 (20 ILCS 3960/5.4)

24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

25 Sec. 5.4. Safety Net Impact Statement.

1           (a) General review criteria shall include a requirement  
2 that all health care facilities, with the exception of skilled  
3 and intermediate long-term care facilities licensed under the  
4 Nursing Home Care Act, provide a Safety Net Impact Statement,  
5 which shall be filed with an application for a substantive  
6 project or when the application proposes to discontinue a  
7 category of service.

8           (b) For the purposes of this Section, "safety net services"  
9 are services provided by health care providers or organizations  
10 that deliver health care services to persons with barriers to  
11 mainstream health care due to lack of insurance, inability to  
12 pay, special needs, ethnic or cultural characteristics, or  
13 geographic isolation. Safety net service providers include,  
14 but are not limited to, hospitals and private practice  
15 physicians that provide charity care, school-based health  
16 centers, migrant health clinics, rural health clinics,  
17 federally qualified health centers, community health centers,  
18 public health departments, and community mental health  
19 centers.

20           (c) As developed by the applicant, a Safety Net Impact  
21 Statement shall describe all of the following:

22           (1) The project's material impact, if any, on essential  
23 safety net services in the community, including the impact  
24 on racial and health care disparities in the community, to  
25 the extent that it is feasible for an applicant to have  
26 such knowledge.

1           (2) The project's impact on the ability of another  
2 provider or health care system to cross-subsidize safety  
3 net services, if reasonably known to the applicant.

4           (3) How the discontinuation of a facility or service  
5 might impact the remaining safety net providers in a given  
6 community, if reasonably known by the applicant.

7           (d) Safety Net Impact Statements shall also include all of  
8 the following:

9           (1) For the 3 fiscal years prior to the application, a  
10 certification describing the amount of charity care  
11 provided by the applicant. The amount calculated by  
12 hospital applicants shall be in accordance with the  
13 reporting requirements for charity care reporting in the  
14 Illinois Community Benefits Act. Non-hospital applicants  
15 shall report charity care, at cost, in accordance with an  
16 appropriate methodology specified by the Board.

17           (2) For the 3 fiscal years prior to the application, a  
18 certification of the amount of care provided to Medicaid  
19 patients. Hospital and non-hospital applicants shall  
20 provide Medicaid information in a manner consistent with  
21 the information reported each year to the State Board  
22 regarding "Inpatients and Outpatients Served by Payor  
23 Source" and "Inpatient and Outpatient Net Revenue by Payor  
24 Source" as required by the Board under Section 13 of this  
25 Act and published in the Annual Hospital Profile.

26           (3) Any information the applicant believes is directly

1 relevant to safety net services, including information  
2 regarding teaching, research, and any other service.

3 (e) The Board staff shall publish a notice, that an  
4 application accompanied by a Safety Net Impact Statement has  
5 been filed, in a newspaper having general circulation within  
6 the area affected by the application. If no newspaper has a  
7 general circulation within the county, the Board shall post the  
8 notice in 5 conspicuous places within the proposed area.

9 (f) Any person, community organization, provider, or  
10 health system or other entity wishing to comment upon or oppose  
11 the application may file a Safety Net Impact Statement Response  
12 with the Board, which shall provide additional information  
13 concerning a project's impact on safety net services in the  
14 community.

15 (g) Applicants shall be provided an opportunity to submit a  
16 reply to any Safety Net Impact Statement Response.

17 (h) The State Board Staff Report shall include a statement  
18 as to whether a Safety Net Impact Statement was filed by the  
19 applicant and whether it included information on charity care,  
20 the amount of care provided to Medicaid patients, and  
21 information on teaching, research, or any other service  
22 provided by the applicant directly relevant to safety net  
23 services. The report shall also indicate the names of the  
24 parties submitting responses and the number of responses and  
25 replies, if any, that were filed.

26 (Source: P.A. 100-518, eff. 6-1-18.)



1 (20 ILCS 3960/5.5 new)

2 Sec. 5.5. Moratorium on hospital closures.

3 (a) Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, due to  
4 the COVID-19 pandemic, the State shall institute a moratorium  
5 on the closure of hospitals until December 31, 2023. As such,  
6 no hospital shall close or reduce capacity below the hospital's  
7 capacity as of January 1, 2020 before the end of such  
8 moratorium.

9 (b) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2024.

10 Title VIII. Managed Care Organization Reform

11 Article 150.

12 Section 150-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
13 changing Section 5-30.1 as follows:

14 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.1)

15 Sec. 5-30.1. Managed care protections.

16 (a) As used in this Section:

17 "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means any entity which  
18 contracts with the Department to provide services where payment  
19 for medical services is made on a capitated basis.

20 "Emergency services" include:

21 (1) emergency services, as defined by Section 10 of the

1 Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act;

2 (2) emergency medical screening examinations, as  
3 defined by Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and  
4 Patient Rights Act;

5 (3) post-stabilization medical services, as defined by  
6 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights  
7 Act; and

8 (4) emergency medical conditions, as defined by  
9 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights  
10 Act.

11 (b) As provided by Section 5-16.12, managed care  
12 organizations are subject to the provisions of the Managed Care  
13 Reform and Patient Rights Act.

14 (c) An MCO shall pay any provider of emergency services  
15 that does not have in effect a contract with the contracted  
16 Medicaid MCO. The default rate of reimbursement shall be the  
17 rate paid under Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program  
18 methodology, including all policy adjusters, including but not  
19 limited to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid  
20 Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments,  
21 and all outlier add-on adjustments to the extent such  
22 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
23 applicable MCO capitated rates.

24 (d) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization services as  
25 a covered service in any of the following situations:

26 (1) the MCO authorized such services;

1           (2) such services were administered to maintain the  
2           enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a  
3           request to the MCO for authorization of further  
4           post-stabilization services;

5           (3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize  
6           such services within one hour;

7           (4) the MCO could not be contacted; or

8           (5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating  
9           provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an  
10          agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated  
11          provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case  
12          the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the treating  
13          non-affiliated provider until an affiliated provider was  
14          reached and either concurred with the treating  
15          non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed  
16          responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall  
17          be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under  
18          Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program methodology,  
19          including all policy adjusters, including but not limited  
20          to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage  
21          Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments and all  
22          outlier add-on adjustments to the extent that such  
23          adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
24          applicable MCO capitated rates.

25          (e) The following requirements apply to MCOs in determining  
26          payment for all emergency services:

1 (1) MCOs shall not impose any requirements for prior  
2 approval of emergency services.

3 (2) The MCO shall cover emergency services provided to  
4 enrollees who are temporarily away from their residence and  
5 outside the contracting area to the extent that the  
6 enrollees would be entitled to the emergency services if  
7 they still were within the contracting area.

8 (3) The MCO shall have no obligation to cover medical  
9 services provided on an emergency basis that are not  
10 covered services under the contract.

11 (4) The MCO shall not condition coverage for emergency  
12 services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the  
13 enrollee's screening and treatment within 10 days after  
14 presentation for emergency services.

15 (5) The determination of the attending emergency  
16 physician, or the provider actually treating the enrollee,  
17 of whether an enrollee is sufficiently stabilized for  
18 discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be binding  
19 on the MCO. The MCO shall cover emergency services for all  
20 enrollees whether the emergency services are provided by an  
21 affiliated or non-affiliated provider.

22 (6) The MCO's financial responsibility for  
23 post-stabilization care services it has not pre-approved  
24 ends when:

25 (A) a plan physician with privileges at the  
26 treating hospital assumes responsibility for the

1 enrollee's care;

2 (B) a plan physician assumes responsibility for  
3 the enrollee's care through transfer;

4 (C) a contracting entity representative and the  
5 treating physician reach an agreement concerning the  
6 enrollee's care; or

7 (D) the enrollee is discharged.

8 (f) Network adequacy and transparency.

9 (1) The Department shall:

10 (A) ensure that an adequate provider network is in  
11 place, taking into consideration health professional  
12 shortage areas and medically underserved areas;

13 (B) publicly release an explanation of its process  
14 for analyzing network adequacy;

15 (C) periodically ensure that an MCO continues to  
16 have an adequate network in place; ~~and~~

17 (D) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care  
18 Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet provider  
19 directory requirements under Section 5-30.3; ~~and~~ -

20 (E) require MCOs to ensure that any provider under  
21 contract with an MCO on the date of service is paid for  
22 any medically necessary service rendered to any of the  
23 MCO's enrollees, regardless of inclusion on the MCO's  
24 published and publicly available roster of available  
25 providers.

26 (2) Each MCO shall confirm its receipt of information

1 submitted specific to physician or dentist additions or  
2 physician or dentist deletions from the MCO's provider  
3 network within 3 days after receiving all required  
4 information from contracted physicians or dentists, and  
5 electronic physician and dental directories must be  
6 updated consistent with current rules as published by the  
7 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or its successor  
8 agency.

9 (g) Timely payment of claims.

10 (1) The MCO shall pay a claim within 30 days of  
11 receiving a claim that contains all the essential  
12 information needed to adjudicate the claim.

13 (2) The MCO shall notify the billing party of its  
14 inability to adjudicate a claim within 30 days of receiving  
15 that claim.

16 (3) The MCO shall pay a penalty that is at least equal  
17 to the timely payment interest penalty imposed under  
18 Section 368a of the Illinois Insurance Code for any claims  
19 not timely paid.

20 (A) When an MCO is required to pay a timely payment  
21 interest penalty to a provider, the MCO must calculate  
22 and pay the timely payment interest penalty that is due  
23 to the provider within 30 days after the payment of the  
24 claim. In no event shall a provider be required to  
25 request or apply for payment of any owed timely payment  
26 interest penalties.

1 (B) Such payments shall be reported separately  
2 from the claim payment for services rendered to the  
3 MCO's enrollee and clearly identified as interest  
4 payments.

5 (4) (A) The Department shall require MCOs to expedite  
6 payments to providers identified on the Department's  
7 expedited provider list, determined in accordance with 89  
8 Ill. Adm. Code 140.71(b), on a schedule at least as  
9 frequently as the providers are paid under the Department's  
10 fee-for-service expedited provider schedule.

11 (B) Compliance with the expedited provider  
12 requirement may be satisfied by an MCO through the use  
13 of a Periodic Interim Payment (PIP) program that has  
14 been mutually agreed to and documented between the MCO  
15 and the provider, if ~~and~~ the PIP program ensures that  
16 any expedited provider receives regular and periodic  
17 payments based on prior period payment experience from  
18 that MCO. Total payments under the PIP program may be  
19 reconciled against future PIP payments on a schedule  
20 mutually agreed to between the MCO and the provider.

21 (C) The Department shall share at least monthly its  
22 expedited provider list and the frequency with which it  
23 pays providers on the expedited list.

24 (g-5) Recognizing that the rapid transformation of the  
25 Illinois Medicaid program may have unintended operational  
26 challenges for both payers and providers:

1 (1) in no instance shall a medically necessary covered  
2 service rendered in good faith, based upon eligibility  
3 information documented by the provider, be denied coverage  
4 or diminished in payment amount if the eligibility or  
5 coverage information available at the time the service was  
6 rendered is later found to be inaccurate in the assignment  
7 of coverage responsibility between MCOs or the  
8 fee-for-service system, except for instances when an  
9 individual is deemed to have not been eligible for coverage  
10 under the Illinois Medicaid program; and

11 (2) the Department shall, by December 31, 2016, adopt  
12 rules establishing policies that shall be included in the  
13 Medicaid managed care policy and procedures manual  
14 addressing payment resolutions in situations in which a  
15 provider renders services based upon information obtained  
16 after verifying a patient's eligibility and coverage plan  
17 through either the Department's current enrollment system  
18 or a system operated by the coverage plan identified by the  
19 patient presenting for services:

20 (A) such medically necessary covered services  
21 shall be considered rendered in good faith;

22 (B) such policies and procedures shall be  
23 developed in consultation with industry  
24 representatives of the Medicaid managed care health  
25 plans and representatives of provider associations  
26 representing the majority of providers within the



1 identified provider industry; and

2 (C) such rules shall be published for a review and  
3 comment period of no less than 30 days on the  
4 Department's website with final rules remaining  
5 available on the Department's website.

6 The rules on payment resolutions shall include, but not be  
7 limited to:

8 (A) the extension of the timely filing period;

9 (B) retroactive prior authorizations; and

10 (C) guaranteed minimum payment rate of no less than the  
11 current, as of the date of service, fee-for-service rate,  
12 plus all applicable add-ons, when the resulting service  
13 relationship is out of network.

14 The rules shall be applicable for both MCO coverage and  
15 fee-for-service coverage.

16 If the fee-for-service system is ultimately determined to  
17 have been responsible for coverage on the date of service, the  
18 Department shall provide for an extended period for claims  
19 submission outside the standard timely filing requirements.

20 (g-6) MCO Performance Metrics Report.

21 (1) The Department shall publish, on at least a  
22 quarterly basis, each MCO's operational performance,  
23 including, but not limited to, the following categories of  
24 metrics:

25 (A) claims payment, including timeliness and  
26 accuracy;

- 1 (B) prior authorizations;
- 2 (C) grievance and appeals;
- 3 (D) utilization statistics;
- 4 (E) provider disputes;
- 5 (F) provider credentialing; and
- 6 (G) member and provider customer service.

7 (2) The Department shall ensure that the metrics report  
8 is accessible to providers online by January 1, 2017.

9 (3) The metrics shall be developed in consultation with  
10 industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care  
11 health plans and representatives of associations  
12 representing the majority of providers within the  
13 identified industry.

14 (4) Metrics shall be defined and incorporated into the  
15 applicable Managed Care Policy Manual issued by the  
16 Department.

17 (g-7) MCO claims processing and performance analysis. In  
18 order to monitor MCO payments to hospital providers, pursuant  
19 to this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the  
20 Department shall post an analysis of MCO claims processing and  
21 payment performance on its website every 6 months. Such  
22 analysis shall include a review and evaluation of a  
23 representative sample of hospital claims that are rejected and  
24 denied for clean and unclean claims and the top 5 reasons for  
25 such actions and timeliness of claims adjudication, which  
26 identifies the percentage of claims adjudicated within 30, 60,

1 90, and over 90 days, and the dollar amounts associated with  
2 those claims. The Department shall post the contracted claims  
3 report required by HealthChoice Illinois on its website every 3  
4 months.

5 (g-8) Dispute resolution process. The Department shall  
6 maintain a provider complaint portal through which a provider  
7 can submit to the Department unresolved disputes with an MCO.  
8 An unresolved dispute means an MCO's decision that denies in  
9 whole or in part a claim for reimbursement to a provider for  
10 health care services rendered by the provider to an enrollee of  
11 the MCO with which the provider disagrees. Disputes shall not  
12 be submitted to the portal until the provider has availed  
13 itself of the MCO's internal dispute resolution process.  
14 Disputes that are submitted to the MCO internal dispute  
15 resolution process may be submitted to the Department of  
16 Healthcare and Family Services' complaint portal no sooner than  
17 30 days after submitting to the MCO's internal process and not  
18 later than 30 days after the unsatisfactory resolution of the  
19 internal MCO process or 60 days after submitting the dispute to  
20 the MCO internal process. Multiple claim disputes involving the  
21 same MCO may be submitted in one complaint, regardless of  
22 whether the claims are for different enrollees, when the  
23 specific reason for non-payment of the claims involves a common  
24 question of fact or policy. Within 10 business days of receipt  
25 of a complaint, the Department shall present such disputes to  
26 the appropriate MCO, which shall then have 30 days to issue its

1 written proposal to resolve the dispute. The Department may  
2 grant one 30-day extension of this time frame to one of the  
3 parties to resolve the dispute. If the dispute remains  
4 unresolved at the end of this time frame or the provider is not  
5 satisfied with the MCO's written proposal to resolve the  
6 dispute, the provider may, within 30 days, request the  
7 Department to review the dispute and make a final  
8 determination. Within 30 days of the request for Department  
9 review of the dispute, both the provider and the MCO shall  
10 present all relevant information to the Department for  
11 resolution and make individuals with knowledge of the issues  
12 available to the Department for further inquiry if needed.  
13 Within 30 days of receiving the relevant information on the  
14 dispute, or the lapse of the period for submitting such  
15 information, the Department shall issue a written decision on  
16 the dispute based on contractual terms between the provider and  
17 the MCO, contractual terms between the MCO and the Department  
18 of Healthcare and Family Services and applicable Medicaid  
19 policy. The decision of the Department shall be final. By  
20 January 1, 2020, the Department shall establish by rule further  
21 details of this dispute resolution process. Disputes between  
22 MCOs and providers presented to the Department for resolution  
23 are not contested cases, as defined in Section 1-30 of the  
24 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, conferring any right to  
25 an administrative hearing.

26 (g-9) (1) The Department shall publish annually on its

1 website a report on the calculation of each managed care  
2 organization's medical loss ratio showing the following:

3 (A) Premium revenue, with appropriate adjustments.

4 (B) Benefit expense, setting forth the aggregate  
5 amount spent for the following:

6 (i) Direct paid claims.

7 (ii) Subcapitation payments.

8 (iii) Other claim payments.

9 (iv) Direct reserves.

10 (v) Gross recoveries.

11 (vi) Expenses for activities that improve health  
12 care quality as allowed by the Department.

13 (2) The medical loss ratio shall be calculated consistent  
14 with federal law and regulation following a claims runout  
15 period determined by the Department.

16 (g-10) (1) "Liability effective date" means the date on  
17 which an MCO becomes responsible for payment for medically  
18 necessary and covered services rendered by a provider to one of  
19 its enrollees in accordance with the contract terms between the  
20 MCO and the provider. The liability effective date shall be the  
21 later of:

22 (A) The execution date of a network participation  
23 contract agreement.

24 (B) The date the provider or its representative submits  
25 to the MCO the complete and accurate standardized roster  
26 form for the provider in the format approved by the

1 Department.

2 (C) The provider effective date contained within the  
3 Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the  
4 Illinois Medicaid Program Advanced Cloud Technology  
5 (IMPACT) System.

6 (2) The standardized roster form may be submitted to the  
7 MCO at the same time that the provider submits an enrollment  
8 application to the Department through IMPACT.

9 (3) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall require all  
10 MCOs to update their provider directory with information for  
11 new practitioners of existing contracted providers within 30  
12 days of receipt of a complete and accurate standardized roster  
13 template in the format approved by the Department provided that  
14 the provider is effective in the Department's provider  
15 enrollment subsystem within the IMPACT system. Such provider  
16 directory shall be readily accessible for purposes of selecting  
17 an approved health care provider and comply with all other  
18 federal and State requirements.

19 (g-11) The Department shall work with relevant  
20 stakeholders on the development of operational guidelines to  
21 enhance and improve operational performance of Illinois'  
22 Medicaid managed care program, including, but not limited to,  
23 improving provider billing practices, reducing claim  
24 rejections and inappropriate payment denials, and  
25 standardizing processes, procedures, definitions, and response  
26 timelines, with the goal of reducing provider and MCO

1 administrative burdens and conflict. The Department shall  
2 include a report on the progress of these program improvements  
3 and other topics in its Fiscal Year 2020 annual report to the  
4 General Assembly.

5 (g-12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the  
6 Department or an MCO requires submission of a claim for payment  
7 in a non-electronic format, a provider shall always be afforded  
8 a period of no less than 90 business days, as a correction  
9 period, following any notification of rejection by either the  
10 Department or the MCO to correct errors or omissions in the  
11 original submission.

12 Under no circumstances, either by an MCO or under the  
13 State's fee-for-service system, shall a provider be denied  
14 payment for failure to comply with any timely submission  
15 requirements under this Code or under any existing contract,  
16 unless the non-electronic format claim submission occurs after  
17 the initial 180 days following the latest date of service on  
18 the claim, or after the 90 business days correction period  
19 following notification to the provider of rejection or denial  
20 of payment.

21 (h) The Department shall not expand mandatory MCO  
22 enrollment into new counties beyond those counties already  
23 designated by the Department as of June 1, 2014 for the  
24 individuals whose eligibility for medical assistance is not the  
25 seniors or people with disabilities population until the  
26 Department provides an opportunity for accountable care

1 entities and MCOs to participate in such newly designated  
2 counties.

3 (i) The requirements of this Section apply to contracts  
4 with accountable care entities and MCOs entered into, amended,  
5 or renewed after June 16, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
6 Act 98-651).

7 (j) Health care information released to managed care  
8 organizations. A health care provider shall release to a  
9 Medicaid managed care organization, upon request, and subject  
10 to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of  
11 1996 and any other law applicable to the release of health  
12 information, the health care information of the MCO's enrollee,  
13 if the enrollee has completed and signed a general release form  
14 that grants to the health care provider permission to release  
15 the recipient's health care information to the recipient's  
16 insurance carrier.

17 (k) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services,  
18 managed care organizations, a statewide organization  
19 representing hospitals, and a statewide organization  
20 representing safety-net hospitals shall explore ways to  
21 support billing departments in safety-net hospitals.

22 (l) The requirements of this Section added by this  
23 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to  
24 services provided on or after the first day of the month that  
25 begins 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act  
26 of the 101st General Assembly.



1 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-580, eff. 3-12-18;  
2 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

3 Article 155.

4 Section 155-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
5 adding Section 5-30.17 as follows:

6 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.17 new)

7 Sec. 5-30.17. Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission.

8 (a) The Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission is  
9 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
10 to evaluate the effectiveness of Illinois' managed care  
11 program.

12 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

13 (1) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
14 President, who shall serve as co-chair.

15 (2) One member of the House of Representatives,  
16 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,  
17 who shall serve as co-chair.

18 (3) One member of the House of Representatives,  
19 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of  
20 Representatives.

21 (4) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
22 Minority Leader.

23 (5) One member representing the Department of

1 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

2 (6) One member representing the Department of Public  
3 Health, appointed by the Governor.

4 (7) One member representing the Department of Human  
5 Services, appointed by the Governor.

6 (8) One member representing the Department of Children  
7 and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

8 (9) One member of a statewide association representing  
9 Medicaid managed care plans.

10 (10) One member of a statewide association  
11 representing hospitals.

12 (11) Two academic experts on Medicaid managed care  
13 programs.

14 (12) One member of a statewide association  
15 representing primary care providers.

16 (13) One member of a statewide association  
17 representing behavioral health providers.

18 (14) Members representing Federally Qualified Health  
19 Centers, a long-term care association, pharmacies and  
20 pharmacists, a developmental disability association, a  
21 Medicaid consumer advocate, a Medicaid consumer, an  
22 association representing physicians, a behavioral health  
23 association, and an association representing  
24 pediatricians.

25 (15) A member of a statewide association representing  
26 only safety-net hospitals.

1       The Commission has the discretion to determine other  
2 membership.

3       (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and  
4 chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the  
5 Commission's executive administrators in providing  
6 administrative support, research support, and other  
7 administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.  
8 Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and  
9 housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing budget.

10       (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no  
11 compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

12       (e) The Commission shall meet quarterly beginning as soon  
13 as is practicable after the effective date of this amendatory  
14 Act of the 101st General Assembly.

15       (f) The Commission shall:

16           (1) review data on health outcomes of Medicaid managed  
17 care members;

18           (2) review current care coordination and case  
19 management efforts and make recommendations on expanding  
20 care coordination to additional populations with a focus on  
21 the social determinants of health;

22           (3) review and assess the appropriateness of metrics  
23 used in the Pay-for-Performance programs;

24           (4) review the Department's prior authorization and  
25 utilization management requirements and recommend  
26 adaptations for the Medicaid population;

1           (5) review managed care performance in meeting  
2           diversity contracting goals and the use of funds dedicated  
3           to meeting such goals, including, but not limited to,  
4           contracting requirements set forth in the Business  
5           Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with  
6           Disabilities Act; recommend strategies to increase  
7           compliance with diversity contracting goals in  
8           collaboration with the Chief Procurement Officer for  
9           General Services and the Business Enterprise Council for  
10           Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities; and  
11           recoup any misappropriated funds for diversity  
12           contracting;

13           (6) review data on the effectiveness of claims  
14           processing to medical providers;

15           (7) review member access to health care services in the  
16           Medicaid Program, including specialty care services;

17           (8) review value-based and other alternative payment  
18           methodologies to make recommendations to enhance program  
19           efficiency and improve health outcomes;

20           (9) review the compliance of all managed care entities  
21           in State contracts and recommend reasonable financial  
22           penalties for any noncompliance;

23           (10) produce an annual report detailing the  
24           Commission's findings based upon its review of research  
25           conducted under this Section, including specific  
26           recommendations, if any, and any other information the

1 Commission may deem proper in furtherance of its duties  
2 under this Section;

3 (11) review provider availability and make  
4 recommendations to increase providers where needed,  
5 including reviewing the regulatory environment and making  
6 recommendations for reforms;

7 (12) review capacity for culturally competent  
8 services, including translation services among providers;  
9 and

10 (13) review and recommend changes to the safety-net  
11 hospital definition to create different classifications of  
12 safety-net hospitals.

13 (f-5) The Department shall make available upon request the  
14 analytics of Medicaid managed care clearinghouse data  
15 regarding claims processing.

16 (g) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall  
17 impose financial penalties on any managed care entity that is  
18 found to not be in compliance with any provision of a State  
19 contract. In addition to any financial penalties imposed under  
20 this subsection, the Department shall recoup any  
21 misappropriated funds identified by the Commission for the  
22 purpose of meeting the Business Enterprise Program  
23 requirements set forth in contracts with managed care entities.  
24 Any financial penalty imposed or funds recouped in accordance  
25 with this Section shall be deposited into the Managed Care  
26 Oversight Fund.

1       When recommending reasonable financial penalties upon a  
2 finding of noncompliance under this subsection, the Commission  
3 shall consider the scope and nature of the noncompliance and  
4 whether or not it was intentional or unreasonable. In imposing  
5 a financial penalty on any managed care entity that is found to  
6 not be in compliance, the Department of Healthcare and Family  
7 Services shall consider the recommendations of the Commission.

8       Upon conclusion by the Department of Healthcare and Family  
9 Services that any managed care entity is not in compliance with  
10 its contract with the State based on the findings of the  
11 Commission, it shall issue the managed care entity a written  
12 notification of noncompliance. The written notice shall  
13 specify any financial penalty to be imposed and whether this  
14 penalty is consistent with the recommendation of the  
15 Commission. If the specified financial penalty differs from the  
16 Commission's recommendation, the Department of Healthcare and  
17 Family Services shall specify why the Department did not impose  
18 the recommended penalty and how the Department arrived at its  
19 determination of the reasonableness of the financial penalty  
20 imposed.

21       Within 14 calendar days after receipt of the notification  
22 of noncompliance, the managed care entity shall submit a  
23 written response to the Department of Healthcare and Family  
24 Services. The response shall indicate whether the managed care  
25 entity: (i) disputes the determination of noncompliance,  
26 including any facts or conduct to show compliance; (ii) agrees

1 to the determination of noncompliance and any financial penalty  
2 imposed; or (iii) agrees to the determination of noncompliance  
3 but disputes the financial penalty imposed.

4 Failure to respond to the notification of noncompliance  
5 shall be deemed acceptance of the Department of Healthcare and  
6 Family Services' determination of noncompliance.

7 If a managed care entity disputes any part of the  
8 Department of Healthcare and Family Services' determination of  
9 noncompliance, within 30 calendar days of receipt of the  
10 managed care entity's response the Department shall respond in  
11 writing whether it (i) agrees to review its determination of  
12 noncompliance or (ii) disagrees with the entity's disputation.

13 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall  
14 issue a written notice to the Commission of the dispute and its  
15 chosen response at the same time notice is made to the managed  
16 care entity.

17 Nothing in this Section limits or alters a person or  
18 entity's existing rights or protections under State or federal  
19 law.

20 (h) A decision of the Department of Healthcare and Family  
21 Services to impose a financial penalty on a managed care entity  
22 for noncompliance under subsection (g) is subject to judicial  
23 review under the Administrative Review Law.

24 (i) The Department shall issue quarterly reports to the  
25 Governor and the General Assembly indicating: (i) the number of  
26 determinations of noncompliance since the last quarter; (ii)

1 the number of financial penalties imposed; and (iii) the  
2 outcome or status of each determination.

3 (j) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year  
4 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its  
5 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The  
6 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of  
7 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in  
8 electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the  
9 Secretary shall direct.

10 Article 160.

11 Section 160-5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding  
12 Sections 5.935 and 6z-124 as follows:

13 (30 ILCS 105/5.935 new)

14 Sec. 5.935. The Managed Care Oversight Fund.

15 (30 ILCS 105/6z-124 new)

16 Sec. 6z-124. Managed Care Oversight Fund. The Managed Care  
17 Oversight Fund is created as a special fund in the State  
18 treasury. Subject to appropriation, available annual moneys in  
19 the Fund shall be used by the Department of Healthcare and  
20 Family Services to support contracting with women and  
21 minority-owned businesses as part of the Department's Business  
22 Enterprise Program requirements. The Department shall



1 prioritize contracts for care coordination services, workforce  
2 development, and other services that support the Department's  
3 mission to promote health equity. Funds may not be used for any  
4 administrative costs of the Department.

5 Article 170.

6 Section 170-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
7 adding Section 5-30.16 as follows:

8 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.16 new)

9 Sec. 5-30.16. Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission.

10 (a) The Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission is  
11 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
12 to develop a program to support and grow minority, women, and  
13 persons with disability owned businesses.

14 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

15 (1) Two members appointed by the Illinois Legislative  
16 Black Caucus.

17 (2) Two members appointed by the Illinois Legislative  
18 Latino Caucus.

19 (3) Two members appointed by the Conference of Women  
20 Legislators of the Illinois General Assembly.

21 (4) Two members representing a statewide Medicaid  
22 health plan association, appointed by the Governor.

23 (5) One member representing the Department of

1 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

2 (6) Three members representing businesses currently  
3 registered with the Business Enterprise Program, appointed  
4 by the Governor.

5 (7) One member representing the disability community,  
6 appointed by the Governor.

7 (8) One member representing the Business Enterprise  
8 Council, appointed by the Governor.

9 (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and  
10 chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the  
11 Commission's executive administrators in providing  
12 administrative support, research support, and other  
13 administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.  
14 Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and  
15 housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing budget.

16 (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no  
17 compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

18 (e) The members of the Commission shall designate co-chairs  
19 of the Commission to lead their efforts at the first meeting of  
20 the Commission.

21 (f) The Commission shall meet at least monthly beginning as  
22 soon as is practicable after the effective date of this  
23 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

24 (g) The Commission shall:

25 (1) Develop a recommendation on a Medicaid Business  
26 Opportunity Program which will set requirements for

1 Minority, Women, and Persons with Disability Owned  
2 business contracting requirements. Such requirements shall  
3 include contracting goals to be included in the contracts  
4 between the Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
5 and the Managed Care entities for the provision of Medicaid  
6 Services.

7 (2) Make recommendations on the process by which  
8 vendors or providers would be certified as eligible to be  
9 included in the program and appropriate eligibility  
10 standards relative to the healthcare industry.

11 (3) Make a recommendation on whether to include not for  
12 profit organizations, diversity councils, or diversity  
13 chambers as eligible for certification.

14 (4) Make a recommendation on identifying whether  
15 providers included in the provider enrollment system are  
16 qualified for certification.

17 (5) Make a recommendation on reasonable penalties or  
18 sanctions for plans that fail to meet their goals and  
19 remedies for these sanctions and penalties. This  
20 recommendation shall also include suggestions on how  
21 penalties shall be used by the Department.

22 (6) Make a recommendation on whether diverse staff  
23 shall be considered within the goals set for managed care  
24 entities.

25 (7) Make a recommendation on whether a new platform for  
26 certification is necessary to administer this program or if

1 the existing platform for the Business Enterprise Program  
2 is capable of including recommended changes coming from  
3 this Commission.

4 (8) Make a recommendation on the ongoing activity of  
5 the Commission including structure, frequency of meetings,  
6 and agendas to ensure ongoing oversight of the program by  
7 the Commission.

8 (h) The Commission shall provide recommendations to the  
9 Department and the General assembly by April 15, 2021 in order  
10 to ensure prompt implementation of the Medicaid Business  
11 Opportunity Program.

12 (i) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year  
13 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its  
14 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The  
15 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of  
16 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in  
17 electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the  
18 Secretary shall direct.

19 Article 172.

20 Section 172-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
21 changing Section 14-13 as follows:

22 (305 ILCS 5/14-13)

23 Sec. 14-13. Reimbursement for inpatient stays extended

1 beyond medical necessity.

2 (a) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall by rule  
3 implement a methodology effective for dates of service July 1,  
4 2019 and later to reimburse hospitals for inpatient stays  
5 extended beyond medical necessity due to the inability of the  
6 Department or the managed care organization in which a  
7 recipient is enrolled or the hospital discharge planner to find  
8 an appropriate placement after discharge from the hospital. The  
9 Department shall evaluate the effectiveness of the current  
10 reimbursement rate for inpatient hospital stays beyond medical  
11 necessity.

12 (b) The methodology shall provide reasonable compensation  
13 for the services provided attributable to the days of the  
14 extended stay for which the prevailing rate methodology  
15 provides no reimbursement. The Department may use a day outlier  
16 program to satisfy this requirement. The reimbursement rate  
17 shall be set at a level so as not to act as an incentive to  
18 avoid transfer to the appropriate level of care needed or  
19 placement, after discharge.

20 (c) The Department shall require managed care  
21 organizations to adopt this methodology or an alternative  
22 methodology that pays at least as much as the Department's  
23 adopted methodology unless otherwise mutually agreed upon  
24 contractual language is developed by the provider and the  
25 managed care organization for a risk-based or innovative  
26 payment methodology.

1 (d) Days beyond medical necessity shall not be eligible for  
2 per diem add-on payments under the Medicaid High Volume  
3 Adjustment (MHVA) or the Medicaid Percentage Adjustment (MPA)  
4 programs.

5 (e) For services covered by the fee-for-service program,  
6 reimbursement under this Section shall only be made for days  
7 beyond medical necessity that occur after the hospital has  
8 notified the Department of the need for post-discharge  
9 placement. For services covered by a managed care organization,  
10 hospitals shall notify the appropriate managed care  
11 organization of an admission within 24 hours of admission. For  
12 every 24-hour period beyond the initial 24 hours after  
13 admission that the hospital fails to notify the managed care  
14 organization of the admission, reimbursement under this  
15 subsection shall be reduced by one day.

16 (Source: P.A. 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

17 Title IX. Maternal and Infant Mortality

18 Article 175.

19 Section 175-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
20 adding Section 5-18.5 as follows:

21 (305 ILCS 5/5-18.5 new)

22 Sec. 5-18.5. Perinatal doula and evidence-based home

1 visiting services.

2 (a) As used in this Section:

3 "Home visiting" means a voluntary, evidence-based strategy  
4 used to support pregnant people, infants, and young children  
5 and their caregivers to promote infant, child, and maternal  
6 health, to foster educational development and school  
7 readiness, and to help prevent child abuse and neglect. Home  
8 visitors are trained professionals whose visits and activities  
9 focus on promoting strong parent-child attachment to foster  
10 healthy child development.

11 "Perinatal doula" means a trained provider who provides  
12 regular, voluntary physical, emotional, and educational  
13 support, but not medical or midwife care, to pregnant and  
14 birthing persons before, during, and after childbirth,  
15 otherwise known as the perinatal period.

16 "Perinatal doula training" means any doula training that  
17 focuses on providing support throughout the prenatal, labor and  
18 delivery, or postpartum period, and reflects the type of doula  
19 care that the doula seeks to provide.

20 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article,  
21 perinatal doula services and evidence-based home visiting  
22 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program  
23 for persons who are otherwise eligible for medical assistance  
24 under this Article. Perinatal doula services include regular  
25 visits beginning in the prenatal period and continuing into the  
26 postnatal period, inclusive of continuous support during labor

1 and delivery, that support healthy pregnancies and positive  
2 birth outcomes. Perinatal doula services may be embedded in an  
3 existing program, such as evidence-based home visiting.  
4 Perinatal doula services provided during the prenatal period  
5 may be provided weekly, services provided during the labor and  
6 delivery period may be provided for the entire duration of  
7 labor and the time immediately following birth, and services  
8 provided during the postpartum period may be provided up to 12  
9 months postpartum.

10 (c) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall  
11 adopt rules to administer this Section. In this rulemaking, the  
12 Department shall consider the expertise of and consult with  
13 doula program experts, doula training providers, practicing  
14 doulas, and home visiting experts, along with State agencies  
15 implementing perinatal doula services and relevant bodies  
16 under the Illinois Early Learning Council. This body of experts  
17 shall inform the Department on the credentials necessary for  
18 perinatal doula and home visiting services to be eligible for  
19 Medicaid reimbursement and the rate of reimbursement for home  
20 visiting and perinatal doula services in the prenatal, labor  
21 and delivery, and postpartum periods. Every 2 years, the  
22 Department shall assess the rates of reimbursement for  
23 perinatal doula and home visiting services and adjust rates  
24 accordingly.

25 (d) The Department shall seek such State plan amendments or  
26 waivers as may be necessary to implement this Section and shall



1 secure federal financial participation for expenditures made  
2 by the Department in accordance with this Section.

3 Title X. Miscellaneous

4 Article 999.

5 Section 999-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon  
6 becoming law.".