

HR0694

LRB101 16778 MST 66171 r

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## HOUSE RESOLUTION

2 WHEREAS, The American Association of Community Colleges 3 (AACC) has identified 1,132 community colleges in the United 4 States, and 980 are public colleges; and

5 WHEREAS, Nearly half of all undergraduates in the United 6 States, or just over 13 million or 25% of all graduates, enroll 7 in community colleges; and

8 WHEREAS, 6,000 students from 10 community colleges in 9 California, Michigan, Nebraska, North Carolina, South Dakota, 10 Texas, Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming, responding to a recent 11 North Carolina State University research team, identified the 12 top two reasons they find it difficult to complete community 13 college; the top two reasons, tied at 34% each, were having to 14 work and not being able to afford the expense; and

15 WHEREAS, In 1965, the average public college tuition was 16 \$256 annually; today, the average annual public community 17 college tuition has risen to \$3,347; and

18 WHEREAS, Individuals earning at least a two-year community 19 college degree will earn nearly \$400,000 more over their career 20 than a person with a high school diploma; and HR0694 -2- LRB101 16778 MST 66171 r
1 WHEREAS, 44 million people in the U.S. are currently in
2 \$1.48 trillion debt, and attending a community college could
3 cut down on cost and indebtedness, even for those choosing to
4 transfer credits to a four-year institution; and

5 WHEREAS, The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics cites that 6 some of the highest paying jobs in the United States will 7 increase over the decade and will require at least a two-year 8 college degree; and

9 WHEREAS, Economies once built on low skilled industries, 10 specifically in the south, must now compete globally for jobs 11 that require training beyond high school; and

12 WHEREAS, In 1944, U.S. Congress passed the G.I. Bill, which 13 provided free higher education to millions of World War II 14 veterans and was the most successful legislation in modern 15 history, laying the groundwork for the post war economic boom 16 and growth of the middle class; and

WHEREAS, The state of California did not begin to charge for a college education until the 1980s; and

WHEREAS, Twenty states offer various forms of free
 community college, including Arkansas, California, Delaware,
 Hawaii, Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, Minnesota, Memphis,

HR0694 -3- LRB101 16778 MST 66171 r
Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Oregon, Rhode Island, Tennessee,
West Virginia, and Washington; therefore, be it

3 RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE ONE 4 HUNDRED FIRST GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that 5 we urge all municipalities and state governments to provide 6 community college education at no cost; and be it further

7 RESOLVED, That we urge Congress to pass legislation 8 requiring all states to make community college free and to 9 provide the necessary supportive funding to assure its reality; 10 and be it further

11 RESOLVED, That we recognize the increased burden this will 12 place on our educational system and urge that two years at a 13 public university or college should be subsidized at a similar 14 rate to a local community college; and be it further

15 RESOLVED, That we recognize the effect that this could have historically black colleges and universities, 16 on as a 17 disproportionate share of their students struggle 18 economically, and to preserve the heritage and history of these 19 culturally significant educational institutions, we must also increase funding to these institutions to support their 20 21 scholarship funds to maintain necessary enrollment; and be it 22 further

HR0694

## -4- LRB101 16778 MST 66171 r

1 RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be 2 delivered to the President of the United States, the Vice 3 President of the United States, all members of the United 4 States House of Representatives and the United States Senate, 5 and other federal and state government officials and agencies 6 as appropriate.