## **101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

# State of Illinois

## 2019 and 2020

#### HB5805

Introduced 11/10/2020, by Rep. Curtis J. Tarver, II and Jonathan "Yoni" Pizer

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

50 ILCS 705/7 50 ILCS 705/10.6 new from Ch. 85, par. 507

Amends the Illinois Police Training Act. Provides that the training curriculum for probationary and permanent police officers shall include: (1) at least 12 hours of hands-on, scenario-based role-playing; (2) at least 6 hours of instruction on use of force techniques, including the use of de-escalation techniques to prevent or reduce the need for force whenever safe and feasible; (3) specific training on officer safety techniques, including cover, concealment, and time; and (4) at least 6 hours of training focused on high-risk traffic stops. Requires the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board to adopt minimum standards for police training that includes annual advanced first-aid training and certification. Requires the Board to adopt rules and minimum standards for in-service training requirements consisting of at least 30 hours of training every 2 years, and including training similar to that added to the curriculum requirements for probationary and permanent police officers.

LRB101 21623 HEP 72635 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning local government.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Police Training Act is amended by 5 changing Section 7 and by adding Section 10.6 as follows:

6 (50 ILCS 705/7) (from Ch. 85, par. 507)

Sec. 7. Rules and standards for schools. The Board shall adopt rules and minimum standards for such schools which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

a. The curriculum for probationary police officers 10 which shall be offered by all certified schools shall 11 12 include, but not be limited to, courses of procedural justice, arrest and use and control tactics, search and 13 14 seizure, including temporary questioning, civil rights, rights, human relations, cultural 15 human competency, 16 including implicit bias and racial and ethnic sensitivity, criminal law, law of criminal procedure, constitutional 17 and proper use of law enforcement authority, vehicle and 18 19 traffic law including uniform and non-discriminatory 20 enforcement of the Illinois Vehicle Code, traffic control 21 and accident investigation, techniques of obtaining 22 physical evidence, court testimonies, statements, reports, firearms training, training in the use of electronic 23

1 control devices, including the psychological and 2 physiological effects of the use of those devices on 3 first-aid (including humans, cardiopulmonary resuscitation), training in the administration of opioid 4 5 antagonists as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (e) 6 of Section 5-23 of the Substance Use Disorder Act, handling 7 of juvenile offenders, recognition of mental conditions 8 and crises, including, but not limited to, the disease of 9 addiction, which require immediate assistance and response 10 and methods to safequard and provide assistance to a person 11 in need of mental treatment, recognition of abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, and self-neglect of adults with 12 disabilities and older adults, as defined in Section 2 of 13 14 the Adult Protective Services Act, crimes against the 15 elderly, law of evidence, the hazards of high-speed police 16 vehicle chases with an emphasis on alternatives to the high-speed chase, and physical training. The curriculum 17 include specific training in techniques 18 shall for 19 immediate response to and investigation of cases of domestic violence and of sexual assault of adults and 20 21 children, including cultural perceptions and common myths 22 of sexual assault and sexual abuse as well as interview 23 techniques that are age sensitive and are trauma informed, 24 victim centered, and victim sensitive. The curriculum 25 shall include training in techniques designed to promote effective communication at the initial contact with crime 26

1 victims and ways to comprehensively explain to victims and 2 witnesses their rights under the Rights of Crime Victims 3 and Witnesses Act and the Crime Victims Compensation Act. The curriculum shall also include training in effective 4 5 recognition of and responses to stress, trauma, and 6 post-traumatic stress experienced by police officers that 7 is consistent with Section 25 of the Illinois Mental Health 8 First Aid Training Act in a peer setting, including 9 recognizing signs and symptoms of work-related cumulative 10 stress, issues that may lead to suicide, and solutions for 11 intervention with peer support resources. The curriculum 12 include a block of instruction addressing the shall mandatory reporting requirements under the Abused and 13 14 Neglected Child Reporting Act. The curriculum shall also 15 include a block of instruction aimed at identifying and 16 interacting with persons with autism and other 17 developmental or physical disabilities, reducing barriers reporting crimes against persons with autism, and 18 to 19 addressing the unique challenges presented by cases 20 involving victims or witnesses with autism and other developmental disabilities. The curriculum shall include 21 22 training in the detection and investigation of all forms of 23 human trafficking. The curriculum shall also include 24 instruction in trauma-informed responses designed to 25 ensure the physical safety and well-being of a child of an 26 arrested parent or immediate family member; this

instruction must include, but is not limited to: 1 (1)2 understanding the trauma experienced by the child while 3 maintaining the integrity of the arrest and safety of officers, suspects, and other involved individuals; (2) 4 5 de-escalation tactics that would include the use of force 6 when reasonably necessary; and (3) inquiring whether a 7 child will require supervision and care. The curriculum for 8 probationary police officers shall include: (1) at least 12 9 hours of hands-on, scenario-based role-playing; (2) at 10 least 6 hours of instruction on use of force techniques, 11 including the use of de-escalation techniques to prevent or 12 reduce the need for force whenever safe and feasible; (3) 13 specific training on officer safety techniques, including 14 cover, concealment, and time; and (4) at least 6 hours of 15 training focused on high-risk traffic stops. The 16 curriculum for permanent police officers shall include, but not be limited to: (1) refresher and in-service 17 18 training in any of the courses listed above in this 19 subparagraph, (2) advanced courses in any of the subjects 20 listed above in this subparagraph, (3) training for 21 supervisory personnel, and (4) specialized training in 22 subjects and fields to be selected by the board. The 23 training in the use of electronic control devices shall be conducted for probationary police officers, including 24 25 University police officers.

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b. Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements

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and equipment requirements.

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c. Minimum requirements for instructors.

3 Minimum basic training requirements, which d. а probationary police officer must satisfactorily complete 4 5 before being eligible for permanent employment as a local enforcement officer for 6 law а participating local 7 governmental agency. Those requirements shall include 8 training in first aid (including cardiopulmonary 9 resuscitation).

10 e. Minimum basic training requirements, which a 11 probationary county corrections officer must 12 satisfactorily complete before being eligible for 13 permanent employment as a county corrections officer for a 14 participating local governmental agency.

Minimum basic training requirements which a 15 f. 16 probationary court security officer must satisfactorily 17 complete before being eligible for permanent employment as a court security officer for a participating local 18 19 governmental agency. The Board shall establish those 20 training requirements which it considers appropriate for court security officers and shall certify schools to 21 22 conduct that training.

A person hired to serve as a court security officer must obtain from the Board a certificate (i) attesting to his or her successful completion of the training course; (ii) attesting to his or her satisfactory completion of a

training program of similar content and number of hours that has been found acceptable by the Board under the provisions of this Act; or (iii) attesting to the Board's determination that the training course is unnecessary because of the person's extensive prior law enforcement experience.

7 Individuals who currently serve as court security 8 officers shall be deemed qualified to continue to serve in 9 that capacity so long as they are certified as provided by 10 this Act within 24 months of June 1, 1997 (the effective 11 date of Public Act 89-685). Failure to be so certified, 12 absent a waiver from the Board, shall cause the officer to 13 forfeit his or her position.

All individuals hired as court security officers on or after June 1, 1997 (the effective date of Public Act 89-685) shall be certified within 12 months of the date of their hire, unless a waiver has been obtained by the Board, or they shall forfeit their positions.

19 The Sheriff's Merit Commission, if one exists, or the 20 Sheriff's Office if there is no Sheriff's Merit Commission, shall maintain a list of all individuals who have filed 21 22 applications to become court security officers and who meet 23 the eligibility requirements established under this Act. 24 Either the Sheriff's Merit Commission, or the Sheriff's 25 Office if no Sheriff's Merit Commission exists, shall 26 establish а schedule of reasonable intervals for

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verification of the applicants' qualifications under this Act and as established by the Board.

g. Minimum in-service training requirements, which a
police officer must satisfactorily complete every 3 years.
Those requirements shall include constitutional and proper
use of law enforcement authority, procedural justice,
civil rights, human rights, mental health awareness and
response, officer wellness, reporting child abuse and
neglect, and cultural competency.

h. Minimum in-service training requirements, which a
police officer must satisfactorily complete at least
annually. Those requirements shall include law updates,
<u>advanced first-aid training and certification</u>, and use of
force training which shall include scenario based
training, or similar training approved by the Board.

16i. Minimum in-service training requirements as set17forth in Section 10.6.

18 (Source: P.A. 100-121, eff. 1-1-18; 100-247, eff. 1-1-18; 19 100-759, eff. 1-1-19; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-910, eff. 20 1-1-19; 101-18, eff. 1-1-20; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-215, 21 eff. 1-1-20; 101-224, eff. 8-9-19; 101-375, eff. 8-16-19; 22 101-564, eff. 1-1-20; revised 9-10-19.)

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(50 ILCS 705/10.6 new)

24 <u>Sec. 10.6. Mandatory training to be completed every 2</u> 25 years. The Board shall adopt rules and minimum standards for - 8 - LRB101 21623 HEP 72635 b

in-service training requirements as set forth in this Section. 1 2 The training shall provide officers with knowledge of policies 3 and laws regulating the use of force; equip officers with 4 tactics and skills, including de-escalation techniques, to 5 prevent or reduce the need to use force or, when force must be used, to use force that is objectively reasonable, necessary, 6 7 and proportional under the totality of the circumstances; and 8 ensure appropriate supervision and accountability. The 9 training shall consist of at least 30 hours of training every 2 10 years and shall include: 11 (1) At least 12 hours of hands-on, scenario-based 12 role-playing. 13 (2) At least 6 hours of instruction on use of force 14 techniques, including the use of de-escalation techniques to prevent or reduce the need for force whenever safe and 15 16 feasible. 17 (3) Specific training on the law concerning stops, searches, and the use of force under the Fourth Amendment to 18 19 the United States Constitution. 20 (4) Specific training on officer safety techniques, 21 including cover, concealment, and time. 22 (5) At least 6 hours of training focused on high-risk 23 traffic stops.

HB5805