



Rep. Camille Y. Lilly

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LRB101 20617 CPF 74775 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5548

2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend House Bill 5548 by replacing  
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Title I. General Provisions

5 Article 1.

6 Section 1-1. This Act may be referred to as the Illinois  
7 Health Care and Human Service Reform Act.

8 Section 1-5. Findings.

9 "We, the People of the State of Illinois - grateful to  
10 Almighty God for the civil, political and religious liberty  
11 which He has permitted us to enjoy and seeking His blessing  
12 upon our endeavors - in order to provide for the health, safety  
13 and welfare of the people; maintain a representative and  
14 orderly government; eliminate poverty and inequality; assure

1 legal, social and economic justice; provide opportunity for the  
2 fullest development of the individual; insure domestic  
3 tranquility; provide for the common defense; and secure the  
4 blessings of freedom and liberty to ourselves and our posterity  
5 - do ordain and establish this Constitution for the State of  
6 Illinois."

7 The Illinois Legislative Black Caucus finds that, in order  
8 to improve the health outcomes of Black residents in the State  
9 of Illinois, it is essential to dramatically reform the State's  
10 health and human service system. For over 3 decades, multiple  
11 health studies have found that health inequities at their very  
12 core are due to racism. As early as 1998 research demonstrated  
13 that Black Americans received less health care than white  
14 Americans because doctors treated patients differently on the  
15 basis of race. Yet, Illinois' health and human service system  
16 disappointingly continues to perpetuate health disparities  
17 among Black Illinoisans of all ages, genders, and socioeconomic  
18 status.

19 In July 2020, Trinity Health announced its plans to close  
20 Mercy Hospital, an essential resource serving the Chicago South  
21 Side's predominantly Black residents. Trinity Health argued  
22 that this closure would have no impact on health access but  
23 failed to understand the community's needs. Closure of Mercy  
24 Hospital would only serve to create a health access desert and  
25 exacerbate existing health disparities. On December 15, 2020,  
26 after hearing from community members and advocates, the Health

1 Facilities and Services Review Board unanimously voted to deny  
2 closure efforts, yet Trinity still seeks to cease Mercy's  
3 operations.

4 Prior to COVID-19, much of the social and political  
5 attention surrounding the nationwide opioid epidemic focused  
6 on the increase in overdose deaths among white, middle-class,  
7 suburban and rural users; the impact of the epidemic in Black  
8 communities was largely unrecognized. Research has shown rates  
9 of opioid use at the national scale are higher for whites than  
10 they are for Blacks, yet rates of opioid deaths are higher  
11 among Blacks (43%) than whites (22%). The COVID-19 pandemic  
12 will likely exacerbate this situation due to job loss,  
13 stay-at-home orders, and ongoing mitigation efforts creating a  
14 lack of physical access to addiction support and harm reduction  
15 groups.

16 In 2018, the Illinois Department of Public Health reported  
17 that Black women were about 6 times as likely to die from a  
18 pregnancy-related cause as white women. Of those, 72% of  
19 pregnancy-related deaths and 93% of violent  
20 pregnancy-associated deaths were deemed preventable. Between  
21 2016 and 2017, Black women had the highest rate of severe  
22 maternal morbidity with a rate of 101.5 per 10,000 deliveries,  
23 which is almost 3 times as high as the rate for white women.

24 In the City of Chicago, African American and Latinx  
25 populations are suffering from higher rates of AIDS/HIV  
26 compared to the general population. Recent data places HIV as

1 one of the top 5 leading causes of death in African American  
2 women between the ages of 35 to 44 and the seventh ranking  
3 cause in African American women between the ages of 20 to 34.  
4 Among the Latinx population, nearly 20% with HIV exclusively  
5 depend on indigenous-led and staffed organizations for  
6 services.

7 Cardiovascular disease (CVD) accounts for more deaths in  
8 Illinois than any other cause of death, according to the  
9 Illinois Department of Public Health; CVD is the leading cause  
10 of death among Black residents. According to the Kaiser Family  
11 Foundation (KFF), for every 100,000 people, 224 Black  
12 Illinoisans die of CVD compared to 158 white Illinoisans.  
13 Cancer, the second leading cause of death in Illinois, too is  
14 pervasive among African Americans. In 2019, an estimated  
15 606,880 Americans, or 1,660 people a day, died of cancer; the  
16 American Cancer Society estimated 24,410 deaths occurred in  
17 Illinois. KFF estimates that, out of every 100,000 people, 191  
18 Black Illinoisans die of cancer compared to 152 white  
19 Illinoisans.

20 Black Americans suffer at much higher rates from chronic  
21 diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, heart disease,  
22 asthma, and many cancers. Utilizing community health workers in  
23 patient education and chronic disease management is needed to  
24 close these health disparities. Studies have shown that  
25 diabetes patients in the care of a community health worker  
26 demonstrate improved knowledge and lifestyle and

1 self-management behaviors, as well as decreases in the use of  
2 the emergency department. A study of asthma control among black  
3 adolescents concluded that asthma control was reduced by 35%  
4 among adolescents working with community health workers,  
5 resulting in a savings of \$5.58 per dollar spent on the  
6 intervention. A study of the return on investment for community  
7 health workers employed in Colorado showed that, after a  
8 9-month period, patients working with community health workers  
9 had an increased number of primary care visits and a decrease  
10 in urgent and inpatient care. Utilization of community health  
11 workers led to a \$2.38 return on investment for every dollar  
12 invested in community health workers.

13 Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) are traumatic  
14 experiences occurring during childhood that have been found to  
15 have a profound effect on a child's developing brain structure  
16 and body which may result in poor health during a person's  
17 adulthood. ACEs studies have found a strong correlation between  
18 the number of ACEs and a person's risk for disease and negative  
19 health behaviors, including suicide, depression, cancer,  
20 stroke, ischemic heart disease, diabetes, autoimmune disease,  
21 smoking, substance abuse, interpersonal violence, obesity,  
22 unplanned pregnancies, lower educational achievement,  
23 workplace absenteeism, and lower wages. Data also shows that  
24 approximately 20% of African American and Hispanic adults in  
25 Illinois reported 4 or more ACEs, compared to 13% of  
26 non-Hispanic whites. Long-standing ACE interventions include

1 tools such as trauma-informed care. Trauma-informed care has  
2 been promoted and established in communities across the country  
3 on a bipartisan basis, including in the states of California,  
4 Florida, Massachusetts, Missouri, Oregon, Pennsylvania,  
5 Washington, and Wisconsin. Several federal agencies have  
6 integrated trauma-informed approaches in their programs and  
7 grants which should be leveraged by the State.

8 According to a 2019 Rush University report, a Black  
9 person's life expectancy on average is less when compared to a  
10 white person's life expectancy. For instance, when comparing  
11 life expectancy in Chicago's Austin neighborhood to the Chicago  
12 Loop, there is a difference of 11 years between Black life  
13 expectancy (71 years) and white life expectancy (82 years).

14 In a 2015 literature review of implicit racial and ethnic  
15 bias among medical professionals, it was concluded that there  
16 is a moderate level of implicit bias in most medical  
17 professionals. Further, the literature review showed that  
18 implicit bias has negative consequences for patients,  
19 including strained patient relationships and negative health  
20 outcomes. It is critical for medical professionals to be aware  
21 of implicit racial and ethnic bias and work to eliminate bias  
22 through training.

23 In the field of medicine, a historically racist profession,  
24 Black medical professionals have commonly been ostracized. In  
25 1934, Dr. Roland B. Scott was the first African American to  
26 pass the pediatric board exam, yet when he applied for

1 membership with the American Academy of Pediatrics he was  
2 rejected multiple times. Few medical organizations have  
3 confronted the roles they played in blocking opportunities for  
4 Black advancement in the medical profession until the formal  
5 apologies of the American Medical Association in 2008. For  
6 decades, organizations like the AMA predicated their  
7 membership on joining a local state medical society, several of  
8 which excluded Black physicians.

9 In 2010, the General Assembly, in partnership with  
10 Treatment Alternatives for Safe Communities, published the  
11 Disproportionate Justice Impact Study. The study examined the  
12 impact of Illinois drug laws on racial and ethnic groups and  
13 the resulting over-representation of racial and ethnic minority  
14 groups in the Illinois criminal justice system. Unsurprisingly  
15 and disappointingly, the study confirmed decades long  
16 injustices, such as nonwhites being arrested at a higher rate  
17 than whites relative to their representation in the general  
18 population throughout Illinois.

19 All together, the above mentioned only begins to capture a  
20 part of a larger system of racial injustices and inequities.  
21 The General Assembly and the people of Illinois are urged to  
22 recognize while racism is a core fault of the current health  
23 and human service system, that it is a pervasive disease  
24 affecting a multiplitude of institutions which truly drive  
25 systematic health inequities: education, child care, criminal  
26 justice, affordable housing, environmental justice, and job

1 security and so forth. For persons to live up to their full  
2 human potential, their rights to quality of life, health care,  
3 a quality job, a fair wage, housing, and education must not be  
4 inhibited.

5 Therefore, the Illinois Legislative Black Caucus, as  
6 informed by the Senate's Health and Human Service Pillar  
7 subject matter hearings, seeks to remedy a fraction of a much  
8 larger broken system by addressing access to health care,  
9 hospital closures, managed care organization reform, community  
10 health worker certification, maternal and infant mortality,  
11 mental and substance abuse treatment, hospital reform, and  
12 medical implicit bias in the Illinois Health Care and Human  
13 Service Reform Act. This Act shall achieve needed change  
14 through the use of, but not limited to, the Medicaid Managed  
15 Care Oversight Commission, the Health and Human Services Task  
16 Force, and a hospital closure moratorium, in order to address  
17 Illinois' long-standing health inequities.

18 Title II. Community Health Workers

19 Article 5.

20 Section 5-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the  
21 Community Health Worker Certification and Reimbursement Act.  
22 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.



1           Section 5-5. Definition. In this Act, "community health  
2 worker" means a frontline public health worker who is a trusted  
3 member or has an unusually close understanding of the community  
4 served. This trusting relationship enables the community  
5 health worker to serve as a liaison, link, and intermediary  
6 between health and social services and the community to  
7 facilitate access to services and improve the quality and  
8 cultural competence of service delivery. A community health  
9 worker also builds individual and community capacity by  
10 increasing health knowledge and self-sufficiency through a  
11 range of activities, including outreach, community education,  
12 informal counseling, social support, and advocacy. A community  
13 health worker shall have the following core competencies:

14           (1) communication;

15           (2) interpersonal skills and relationship building;

16           (3) service coordination and navigation skills;

17           (4) capacity-building;

18           (5) advocacy;

19           (6) presentation and facilitation skills;

20           (7) organizational skills; cultural competency;

21           (8) public health knowledge;

22           (9) understanding of health systems and basic  
23 diseases;

24           (10) behavioral health issues; and

25           (11) field experience.

26           Nothing in this definition shall be construed to authorize

1 a community health worker to provide direct care or treatment  
2 to any person or to perform any act or service for which a  
3 license issued by a professional licensing board is required.

4 Section 5-10. Community health worker training.

5 (a) Community health workers shall be provided with  
6 multi-tiered academic and community-based training  
7 opportunities that lead to the mastery of community health  
8 worker core competencies.

9 (b) For academic-based training programs, the Department  
10 of Public Health shall collaborate with the Illinois State  
11 Board of Education, the Illinois Community College Board, and  
12 the Illinois Board of Higher Education to adopt a process to  
13 certify academic-based training programs that students can  
14 attend to obtain individual community health worker  
15 certification. Certified training programs shall reflect the  
16 approved core competencies and roles for community health  
17 workers.

18 (c) For community-based training programs, the Department  
19 of Public Health shall collaborate with a statewide association  
20 representing community health workers to adopt a process to  
21 certify community-based programs that students can attend to  
22 obtain individual community health worker certification.

23 (d) Community health workers may need to undergo additional  
24 training, including, but not limited to, asthma, diabetes,  
25 maternal child health, behavioral health, and social

1 determinants of health training. Multi-tiered training  
2 approaches shall provide opportunities that build on each other  
3 and prepare community health workers for career pathways both  
4 within the community health worker profession and within allied  
5 professions.

6 Section 5-15. Illinois Community Health Worker  
7 Certification Board.

8 (a) There is created within the Department of Public  
9 Health, in shared leadership with a statewide association  
10 representing community health workers, the Illinois Community  
11 Health Worker Certification Board. The Board shall serve as the  
12 regulatory body that develops and has oversight of initial  
13 community health workers certification and certification  
14 renewals for both individuals and academic and community-based  
15 training programs

16 (b) A representative from the Department of Public Health,  
17 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and the  
18 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall serve on the  
19 Board. At least one full-time professional shall be assigned to  
20 staff the Board with additional administrative support  
21 available as needed. The Board shall have balanced  
22 representation from the community health worker workforce,  
23 community health worker employers, community health worker  
24 training and educational organizations, and other engaged  
25 stakeholders.

1           (c) The Board shall propose a certification process for and  
2 be authorized to approve training from community-based  
3 organizations, in conjunction with a statewide organization  
4 representing community health workers, and academic  
5 institutions, in consultation with the Illinois State Board of  
6 Education, the Illinois Community College Board and the  
7 Illinois Board of Higher Education. The Board shall base  
8 training approval on core competencies, best practices, and  
9 affordability. In addition, the Board shall maintain a registry  
10 of certification records for individually certified community  
11 health workers.

12           (d) All training programs that are deemed certifiable by  
13 the Board shall go through a renewal process, which will be  
14 determined by the Board once established. The Board shall  
15 establish criteria to grandfather in any community health  
16 workers who were practicing prior to the establishment of a  
17 certification program.

18           Section 5-20. Reimbursement. Community health worker  
19 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program  
20 for persons who are otherwise eligible for medical assistance.  
21 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall develop  
22 services, including but not limited to, care coordination and  
23 diagnostic-related patient education services, for which  
24 community health workers will be eligible for reimbursement and  
25 shall submit a State Plan Amendment (SPA) to the Centers for

1 Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) to amend the agreement  
2 between Illinois and the Federal government to include  
3 community health workers as practitioners under Medicaid.  
4 Certification shall not be required for reimbursement. In  
5 addition, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
6 shall amend its contracts with managed care entities to allow  
7 managed care entities to employ community health workers or  
8 subcontract with community-based organizations that employ  
9 community health workers.

10 Title III. Hospital Reform

11 Article 10.

12 Section 10-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is  
13 amended by adding Section 12 as follows:

14 (110 ILCS 330/12 new)

15 Sec. 12. Credentials and certificates. The University of  
16 Illinois Hospital shall require an intern, resident, or  
17 physician who provides medical services at the University of  
18 Illinois Hospital to have proper credentials and any required  
19 certificates for ongoing training at the time the intern,  
20 resident, or physician renews his or her license.

21 Section 10-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by

1 adding Section 10.12 as follows:

2 (210 ILCS 85/10.12 new)

3 Sec. 10.12. Credentials and certificates. A hospital  
4 licensed under this Act shall require an intern, resident, or  
5 physician who provides medical services at the hospital to have  
6 proper credentials and any required certificates for ongoing  
7 training at the time the intern, resident, or physician renews  
8 his or her license.

9 Section 10-15. The Hospital Report Card Act is amended by  
10 changing Section 25 as follows:

11 (210 ILCS 86/25)

12 Sec. 25. Hospital reports.

13 (a) Individual hospitals shall prepare a quarterly report  
14 including all of the following:

15 (1) Nursing hours per patient day, average daily  
16 census, and average daily hours worked for each clinical  
17 service area.

18 (2) Infection-related measures for the facility for  
19 the specific clinical procedures and devices determined by  
20 the Department by rule under 2 or more of the following  
21 categories:

22 (A) Surgical procedure outcome measures.

23 (B) Surgical procedure infection control process

1 measures.

2 (C) Outcome or process measures related to  
3 ventilator-associated pneumonia.

4 (D) Central vascular catheter-related bloodstream  
5 infection rates in designated critical care units.

6 (3) Information required under paragraph (4) of  
7 Section 2310-312 of the Department of Public Health Powers  
8 and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of  
9 Illinois.

10 (4) Additional infection measures mandated by the  
11 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services that are  
12 reported by hospitals to the Centers for Disease Control  
13 and Prevention's National Healthcare Safety Network  
14 surveillance system, or its successor, and deemed relevant  
15 to patient safety by the Department.

16 (5) Each instance of preterm birth and infant mortality  
17 within the reporting period, including the racial and  
18 ethnic information of the mothers of those infants.

19 (6) Each instance of maternal mortality within the  
20 reporting period, including the racial and ethnic  
21 information of those mothers.

22 (7) The number of female patients who have died within  
23 the reporting period.

24 (8) The number of female patients who have died of a  
25 preventable cause within the reporting period and the  
26 number of those preventable deaths that the hospital has

1           otherwise reported within the reporting period.

2           (9) The number of physicians, as that term is defined  
3           in the Medical Practice Act of 1987, required by the  
4           hospital to undergo any amount or type of retraining during  
5           the reporting period.

6           The infection-related measures developed by the Department  
7           shall be based upon measures and methods developed by the  
8           Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Centers for  
9           Medicare and Medicaid Services, the Agency for Healthcare  
10          Research and Quality, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of  
11          Healthcare Organizations, or the National Quality Forum. The  
12          Department may align the infection-related measures with the  
13          measures and methods developed by the Centers for Disease  
14          Control and Prevention, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid  
15          Services, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the  
16          Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations,  
17          and the National Quality Forum by adding reporting measures  
18          based on national health care strategies and measures deemed  
19          scientifically reliable and valid for public reporting. The  
20          Department shall receive approval from the State Board of  
21          Health to retire measures deemed no longer scientifically valid  
22          or valuable for informing quality improvement or infection  
23          prevention efforts. The Department shall notify the Chairs and  
24          Minority Spokespersons of the House Human Services Committee  
25          and the Senate Public Health Committee of its intent to have  
26          the State Board of Health take action to retire measures no



1 later than 7 business days before the meeting of the State  
2 Board of Health.

3 The Department shall include interpretive guidelines for  
4 infection-related indicators and, when available, shall  
5 include relevant benchmark information published by national  
6 organizations.

7 The Department shall collect the information reported  
8 under paragraphs (5) and (6) and shall use it to illustrate the  
9 disparity of those occurrences across different racial and  
10 ethnic groups.

11 (b) Individual hospitals shall prepare annual reports  
12 including vacancy and turnover rates for licensed nurses per  
13 clinical service area.

14 (c) None of the information the Department discloses to the  
15 public may be made available in any form or fashion unless the  
16 information has been reviewed, adjusted, and validated  
17 according to the following process:

18 (1) The Department shall organize an advisory  
19 committee, including representatives from the Department,  
20 public and private hospitals, direct care nursing staff,  
21 physicians, academic researchers, consumers, health  
22 insurance companies, organized labor, and organizations  
23 representing hospitals and physicians. The advisory  
24 committee must be meaningfully involved in the development  
25 of all aspects of the Department's methodology for  
26 collecting, analyzing, and disclosing the information

1 collected under this Act, including collection methods,  
2 formatting, and methods and means for release and  
3 dissemination.

4 (2) The entire methodology for collecting and  
5 analyzing the data shall be disclosed to all relevant  
6 organizations and to all hospitals that are the subject of  
7 any information to be made available to the public before  
8 any public disclosure of such information.

9 (3) Data collection and analytical methodologies shall  
10 be used that meet accepted standards of validity and  
11 reliability before any information is made available to the  
12 public.

13 (4) The limitations of the data sources and analytic  
14 methodologies used to develop comparative hospital  
15 information shall be clearly identified and acknowledged,  
16 including but not limited to the appropriate and  
17 inappropriate uses of the data.

18 (5) To the greatest extent possible, comparative  
19 hospital information initiatives shall use standard-based  
20 norms derived from widely accepted provider-developed  
21 practice guidelines.

22 (6) Comparative hospital information and other  
23 information that the Department has compiled regarding  
24 hospitals shall be shared with the hospitals under review  
25 prior to public dissemination of such information and these  
26 hospitals have 30 days to make corrections and to add

1 helpful explanatory comments about the information before  
2 the publication.

3 (7) Comparisons among hospitals shall adjust for  
4 patient case mix and other relevant risk factors and  
5 control for provider peer groups, when appropriate.

6 (8) Effective safeguards to protect against the  
7 unauthorized use or disclosure of hospital information  
8 shall be developed and implemented.

9 (9) Effective safeguards to protect against the  
10 dissemination of inconsistent, incomplete, invalid,  
11 inaccurate, or subjective hospital data shall be developed  
12 and implemented.

13 (10) The quality and accuracy of hospital information  
14 reported under this Act and its data collection, analysis,  
15 and dissemination methodologies shall be evaluated  
16 regularly.

17 (11) Only the most basic identifying information from  
18 mandatory reports shall be used, and information  
19 identifying a patient, employee, or licensed professional  
20 shall not be released. None of the information the  
21 Department discloses to the public under this Act may be  
22 used to establish a standard of care in a private civil  
23 action.

24 (d) Quarterly reports shall be submitted, in a format set  
25 forth in rules adopted by the Department, to the Department by  
26 April 30, July 31, October 31, and January 31 each year for the

1 previous quarter. Data in quarterly reports must cover a period  
2 ending not earlier than one month prior to submission of the  
3 report. Annual reports shall be submitted by December 31 in a  
4 format set forth in rules adopted by the Department to the  
5 Department. All reports shall be made available to the public  
6 on-site and through the Department.

7 (e) If the hospital is a division or subsidiary of another  
8 entity that owns or operates other hospitals or related  
9 organizations, the annual public disclosure report shall be for  
10 the specific division or subsidiary and not for the other  
11 entity.

12 (f) The Department shall disclose information under this  
13 Section in accordance with provisions for inspection and  
14 copying of public records required by the Freedom of  
15 Information Act provided that such information satisfies the  
16 provisions of subsection (c) of this Section.

17 (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, under no  
18 circumstances shall the Department disclose information  
19 obtained from a hospital that is confidential under Part 21 of  
20 Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure.

21 (h) No hospital report or Department disclosure may contain  
22 information identifying a patient, employee, or licensed  
23 professional.

24 (Source: P.A. 101-446, eff. 8-23-19.)

1 Section 15-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
2 adding Section 6.30 as follows:

3 (210 ILCS 85/6.30 new)

4 Sec. 6.30. Posting charity care policy, financial  
5 counselor. A hospital that receives a property tax exemption  
6 under Section 15-86 of the Property Tax Code must post the  
7 hospital's charity care policy and the contact information of a  
8 financial counselor in a reasonably viewable area in the  
9 hospital's emergency room.

10 Article 20.

11 Section 20-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is  
12 amended by adding Section 8d as follows:

13 (110 ILCS 330/8d new)

14 Sec. 8d. N95 masks. The University of Illinois Hospital  
15 shall provide N95 masks to all physicians licensed under the  
16 Medical Practice Act of 1987 and registered nurses and advanced  
17 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing  
18 Act if the physician, registered nurse, or advanced practice  
19 registered nurse is employed by or providing services for  
20 another employer at the University of Illinois Hospital.

1 Section 20-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
2 adding Section 6.28 as follows:

3 (210 ILCS 85/6.28 new)

4 Sec. 6.28. N95 masks. A hospital licensed under this Act  
5 shall provide N95 masks to all physicians licensed under the  
6 Medical Practice Act of 1987 and registered nurses and advanced  
7 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing  
8 Act if the physician, registered nurse, or advanced practice  
9 registered nurse is employed by or providing services for  
10 another employer at the hospital.

11 Article 25.

12 Section 25-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is  
13 amended by adding Section 11 as follows:

14 (110 ILCS 330/11 new)

15 Sec. 11. Demographic data; release of individuals with  
16 symptoms of COVID-19. The University of Illinois Hospital shall  
17 report to the Department of Public Health the demographic data  
18 of individuals who have symptoms of COVID-19 and are released  
19 from, not admitted to, the University of Illinois Hospital.

20 Section 25-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
21 adding Section 6.31 as follows:

1 (210 ILCS 85/6.31 new)

2 Sec. 6.31. Demographic data; release of individuals with  
3 symptoms of COVID-19. A hospital licensed under this Act shall  
4 report to the Department the demographic data of individuals  
5 who have symptoms of COVID-19 and are released from, not  
6 admitted to, the hospital.

7 Article 35.

8 Section 35-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
9 changing Section 5-5.05 as follows:

10 (305 ILCS 5/5-5.05)

11 Sec. 5-5.05. Hospitals; psychiatric services.

12 (a) On and after July 1, 2008, the inpatient, per diem rate  
13 to be paid to a hospital for inpatient psychiatric services  
14 shall be \$363.77.

15 (b) For purposes of this Section, "hospital" means the  
16 following:

17 (1) Advocate Christ Hospital, Oak Lawn, Illinois.

18 (2) Barnes-Jewish Hospital, St. Louis, Missouri.

19 (3) BroMenn Healthcare, Bloomington, Illinois.

20 (4) Jackson Park Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

21 (5) Katherine Shaw Bethea Hospital, Dixon, Illinois.

22 (6) Lawrence County Memorial Hospital, Lawrenceville,

1 Illinois.

2 (7) Advocate Lutheran General Hospital, Park Ridge,  
3 Illinois.

4 (8) Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, Chicago,  
5 Illinois.

6 (9) Methodist Medical Center of Illinois, Peoria,  
7 Illinois.

8 (10) Provena United Samaritans Medical Center,  
9 Danville, Illinois.

10 (11) Rockford Memorial Hospital, Rockford, Illinois.

11 (12) Sarah Bush Lincoln Health Center, Mattoon,  
12 Illinois.

13 (13) Provena Covenant Medical Center, Urbana,  
14 Illinois.

15 (14) Rush-Presbyterian-St. Luke's Medical Center,  
16 Chicago, Illinois.

17 (15) Mt. Sinai Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

18 (16) Gateway Regional Medical Center, Granite City,  
19 Illinois.

20 (17) St. Mary of Nazareth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

21 (18) Provena St. Mary's Hospital, Kankakee, Illinois.

22 (19) St. Mary's Hospital, Decatur, Illinois.

23 (20) Memorial Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

24 (21) Swedish Covenant Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

25 (22) Trinity Medical Center, Rock Island, Illinois.

26 (23) St. Elizabeth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.



- 1 (24) Richland Memorial Hospital, Olney, Illinois.  
2 (25) St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.  
3 (26) Samaritan Health System, Clinton, Iowa.  
4 (27) St. John's Hospital, Springfield, Illinois.  
5 (28) St. Mary's Hospital, Centralia, Illinois.  
6 (29) Loretto Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.  
7 (30) Kenneth Hall Regional Hospital, East St. Louis,  
8 Illinois.  
9 (31) Hinsdale Hospital, Hinsdale, Illinois.  
10 (32) Pekin Hospital, Pekin, Illinois.  
11 (33) University of Chicago Medical Center, Chicago,  
12 Illinois.  
13 (34) St. Anthony's Health Center, Alton, Illinois.  
14 (35) OSF St. Francis Medical Center, Peoria, Illinois.  
15 (36) Memorial Medical Center, Springfield, Illinois.  
16 (37) A hospital with a distinct part unit for  
17 psychiatric services that begins operating on or after July  
18 1, 2008.

19 For purposes of this Section, "inpatient psychiatric  
20 services" means those services provided to patients who are in  
21 need of short-term acute inpatient hospitalization for active  
22 treatment of an emotional or mental disorder.

23 (b-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section,  
24 the inpatient, per diem rate to be paid to all community  
25 safety-net hospitals for inpatient psychiatric services on and  
26 after January 1, 2021 shall be at least \$630.

1 (c) No rules shall be promulgated to implement this  
2 Section. For purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the  
3 meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois  
4 Administrative Procedure Act.

5 (d) This Section shall not be in effect during any period  
6 of time that the State has in place a fully operational  
7 hospital assessment plan that has been approved by the Centers  
8 for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of  
9 Health and Human Services.

10 (e) On and after July 1, 2012, the Department shall reduce  
11 any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments or  
12 alter any methodologies authorized by this Code to reduce any  
13 rate of reimbursement for services or other payments in  
14 accordance with Section 5-5e.

15 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12.)

16 Title IV. Medical Implicit Bias

17 Article 45.

18 Section 45-1. Findings. The General Assembly finds and  
19 declares all of the following:

20 (a) Implicit bias, meaning the attitudes or internalized  
21 stereotypes that affect our perceptions, actions, and  
22 decisions in an unconscious manner, exists and often  
23 contributes to unequal treatment of people based on race,

1 ethnicity, gender identity, sexual orientation, age,  
2 disability, and other characteristics.

3 (b) Implicit bias contributes to health disparities by  
4 affecting the behavior of physicians and surgeons, nurses,  
5 physician assistants, and other healing arts licensees.

6 (c) African American women are 3 to 4 times more likely  
7 than white women to die from pregnancy-related causes  
8 nationwide. African American patients often are prescribed  
9 less pain medication than white patients who present the same  
10 complaints. African American patients with signs of heart  
11 problems are not referred for advanced cardiovascular  
12 procedures as often as white patients with the same symptoms.

13 (d) Implicit gender bias also impacts treatment decisions  
14 and outcomes. Women are less likely to survive a heart attack  
15 when they are treated by a male physician and surgeon. LGBTQ  
16 and gender-nonconforming patients are less likely to seek  
17 timely medical care because they experience disrespect and  
18 discrimination from health care staff, with one out of 5  
19 transgender patients nationwide reporting that they were  
20 outright denied medical care due to bias.

21 (e) The General Assembly intends to reduce disparate  
22 outcomes and ensure that all patients receive fair treatment  
23 and quality health care.

24 Section 45-5. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended  
25 by changing Section 20 as follows:

1 (225 ILCS 60/20) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-20)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2022)

3 Sec. 20. Continuing education.

4 (a) The Department shall promulgate rules of continuing  
5 education for persons licensed under this Act that require an  
6 average of 50 hours of continuing education per license year.  
7 These rules shall be consistent with requirements of relevant  
8 professional associations, specialty societies, or boards. The  
9 rules shall also address variances in part or in whole for good  
10 cause, including, but not limited to, temporary illness or  
11 hardship. In establishing these rules, the Department shall  
12 consider educational requirements for medical staffs,  
13 requirements for specialty society board certification or for  
14 continuing education requirements as a condition of membership  
15 in societies representing the 2 categories of licensee under  
16 this Act. These rules shall assure that licensees are given the  
17 opportunity to participate in those programs sponsored by or  
18 through their professional associations or hospitals which are  
19 relevant to their practice.

20 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the  
21 rules adopted under this Section shall require that, on and  
22 after January 1, 2022, all continuing education courses for  
23 persons licensed under this Act contain curriculum that  
24 includes the understanding of implicit bias. Beginning January  
25 1, 2023, continuing education providers shall ensure

1 compliance with this Section. Beginning January 1, 2023, the  
2 Department shall audit continuing education providers at least  
3 once every 5 years to ensure adherence to regulatory  
4 requirements and shall withhold or rescind approval from any  
5 provider that is in violation of the requirements of this  
6 subsection.

7 A continuing education course dedicated solely to research  
8 or other issues that does not include a direct patient care  
9 component is not required to contain curriculum that includes  
10 implicit bias in the practice of medicine.

11 To satisfy the requirements of this subsection, continuing  
12 education courses shall address at least one of the following:

13 (1) examples of how implicit bias affects perceptions  
14 and treatment decisions, leading to disparities in health  
15 outcomes; or

16 (2) strategies to address how unintended biases in  
17 decision making may contribute to health care disparities  
18 by shaping behavior and producing differences in medical  
19 treatment along lines of race, ethnicity, gender identity,  
20 sexual orientation, age, socioeconomic status, or other  
21 characteristics.

22 (c) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of  
23 completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to  
24 produce the records when requested by the Department.

25 (Source: P.A. 97-622, eff. 11-23-11.)

1 Section 45-10. The Nurse Practice Act is amended by  
2 changing Sections 55-35, 60-40, and 65-60 as follows:

3 (225 ILCS 65/55-35)

4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

5 Sec. 55-35. Continuing education for LPN licensees.

6 (a) The Department may adopt rules of continuing education  
7 for licensed practical nurses that require 20 hours of  
8 continuing education per 2-year license renewal cycle. The  
9 rules shall address variances in part or in whole for good  
10 cause, including without limitation illness or hardship. The  
11 continuing education rules must ensure that licensees are given  
12 the opportunity to participate in programs sponsored by or  
13 through their State or national professional associations,  
14 hospitals, or other providers of continuing education.

15 (b) For license renewals occurring on or after January 1,  
16 2022, all licensed practical nurses must complete at least one  
17 hour of implicit bias training per 2-year license renewal  
18 cycle. The Department may adopt rules for the implementation of  
19 this subsection.

20 (c) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of  
21 completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to  
22 produce the records when requested by the Department.

23 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)

24 (225 ILCS 65/60-40)

1 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

2 Sec. 60-40. Continuing education for RN licensees.

3 (a) The Department may adopt rules of continuing education  
4 for registered professional nurses licensed under this Act that  
5 require 20 hours of continuing education per 2-year license  
6 renewal cycle. The rules shall address variances in part or in  
7 whole for good cause, including without limitation illness or  
8 hardship. The continuing education rules must ensure that  
9 licensees are given the opportunity to participate in programs  
10 sponsored by or through their State or national professional  
11 associations, hospitals, or other providers of continuing  
12 education.

13 (b) For license renewals occurring on or after January 1,  
14 2022, all registered professional nurses must complete at least  
15 one hour of implicit bias training per 2-year license renewal  
16 cycle. The Department may adopt rules for the implementation of  
17 this subsection.

18 (c) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of  
19 completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to  
20 produce the records when requested by the Department.

21 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)

22 (225 ILCS 65/65-60) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-45)

23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

24 Sec. 65-60. Continuing education.

25 (a) The Department shall adopt rules of continuing

1 education for persons licensed under this Article as advanced  
2 practice registered nurses that require 80 hours of continuing  
3 education per 2-year license renewal cycle. Completion of the  
4 80 hours of continuing education shall be deemed to satisfy the  
5 continuing education requirements for renewal of a registered  
6 professional nurse license as required by this Act.

7 The 80 hours of continuing education required under this  
8 Section shall be completed as follows:

9 (1) A minimum of 50 hours of the continuing education  
10 shall be obtained in continuing education programs as  
11 determined by rule that shall include no less than 20 hours  
12 of pharmacotherapeutics, including 10 hours of opioid  
13 prescribing or substance abuse education. Continuing  
14 education programs may be conducted or endorsed by  
15 educational institutions, hospitals, specialist  
16 associations, facilities, or other organizations approved  
17 to offer continuing education under this Act or rules and  
18 shall be in the advanced practice registered nurse's  
19 specialty.

20 (2) A maximum of 30 hours of credit may be obtained by  
21 presentations in the advanced practice registered nurse's  
22 clinical specialty, evidence-based practice, or quality  
23 improvement projects, publications, research projects, or  
24 preceptor hours as determined by rule.

25 The rules adopted regarding continuing education shall be  
26 consistent to the extent possible with requirements of relevant



1 national certifying bodies or State or national professional  
2 associations.

3 (b) The rules shall not be inconsistent with requirements  
4 of relevant national certifying bodies or State or national  
5 professional associations. The rules shall also address  
6 variances in part or in whole for good cause, including but not  
7 limited to illness or hardship. The continuing education rules  
8 shall assure that licensees are given the opportunity to  
9 participate in programs sponsored by or through their State or  
10 national professional associations, hospitals, or other  
11 providers of continuing education.

12 (c) For license renewals occurring on or after January 1,  
13 2022, all advanced practice registered nurses must complete at  
14 least one hour of implicit bias training per 2-year license  
15 renewal cycle. The Department may adopt rules for the  
16 implementation of this subsection.

17 (d) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of  
18 completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to  
19 produce the records when requested by the Department.

20 (Source: P.A. 100-513, eff. 1-1-18.)

21 Section 45-15. The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987  
22 is amended by changing Section 11.5 as follows:

23 (225 ILCS 95/11.5)

24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

1           Sec. 11.5. Continuing education.

2           (a) The Department shall adopt rules for continuing  
3 education for persons licensed under this Act that require 50  
4 hours of continuing education per 2-year license renewal cycle.  
5 Completion of the 50 hours of continuing education shall be  
6 deemed to satisfy the continuing education requirements for  
7 renewal of a physician assistant license as required by this  
8 Act. The rules shall not be inconsistent with requirements of  
9 relevant national certifying bodies or State or national  
10 professional associations. The rules shall also address  
11 variances in part or in whole for good cause, including, but  
12 not limited to, illness or hardship. The continuing education  
13 rules shall ensure that licensees are given the opportunity to  
14 participate in programs sponsored by or through their State or  
15 national professional associations, hospitals, or other  
16 providers of continuing education.

17           (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the  
18 rules adopted under this Section shall require that, on and  
19 after January 1, 2022, all continuing education courses for  
20 persons licensed under this Act contain curriculum that  
21 includes the understanding of implicit bias. Beginning January  
22 1, 2023, continuing education providers shall ensure  
23 compliance with this Section. Beginning January 1, 2023, the  
24 Department shall audit continuing education providers at least  
25 once every 5 years to ensure adherence to regulatory  
26 requirements and shall withhold or rescind approval from any

1 provider that is in violation of the regulatory requirements.

2 A continuing education course dedicated solely to research  
3 or other issues that does not include a direct patient care  
4 component is not required to contain curriculum that includes  
5 implicit bias in the practice of medicine.

6 To satisfy the requirements of subsection (a) of this  
7 Section, continuing education courses shall address at least  
8 one of the following:

9 (1) examples of how implicit bias affects perceptions  
10 and treatment decisions, leading to disparities in health  
11 outcomes; or

12 (2) strategies to address how unintended biases in  
13 decision making may contribute to health care disparities  
14 by shaping behavior and producing differences in medical  
15 treatment along lines of race, ethnicity, gender identity,  
16 sexual orientation, age, socioeconomic status, or other  
17 characteristics.

18 (c) Each licensee is responsible for maintaining records of  
19 completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to  
20 produce the records when requested by the Department.

21 (Source: P.A. 100-453, eff. 8-25-17.)

22 Title V. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Treatment

23 Article 50.

1 Section 50-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is  
2 amended by changing Section 414 as follows:

3 (720 ILCS 570/414)

4 Sec. 414. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

5 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a  
6 controlled substance-induced physiological event that results  
7 in a life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,  
8 inhaled, injected or otherwise bodily absorbed a controlled,  
9 counterfeit, or look-alike substance or a controlled substance  
10 analog.

11 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency  
12 medical assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall  
13 not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of  
14 Section 401 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,  
15 Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 55  
16 or 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection  
17 Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph  
18 (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code  
19 of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony possession of a controlled, counterfeit,~~  
20 ~~or look-alike substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if  
21 evidence for the violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was  
22 acquired as a result of the person seeking or obtaining  
23 emergency medical assistance and providing the amount of  
24 substance recovered is within the amount identified in  
25 subsection (d) of this Section. The violations listed in this

1 subsection (b) must not serve as the sole basis of a violation  
2 of parole, mandatory supervised release, probation, or  
3 conditional discharge, a Department of Children and Family  
4 Services investigation, or any seizure of property under any  
5 State law authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence  
6 for the violation was acquired as a result of the person  
7 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event  
8 of an overdose.

9 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be  
10 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 401  
11 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 3.5  
12 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the  
13 Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of  
14 Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony~~  
15 ~~possession of a controlled, counterfeit, or look alike~~  
16 ~~substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if evidence for the  
17 violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was acquired as a  
18 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
19 assistance and providing the amount of substance recovered is  
20 within the amount identified in subsection (d) of this Section.  
21 The violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as  
22 the sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised  
23 release, probation, or conditional discharge, a Department of  
24 Children and Family Services investigation, or any seizure of  
25 property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture so  
26 long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a result

1 of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance  
2 in the event of an overdose.

3 (d) For the purposes of subsections (b) and (c), the  
4 limited immunity shall only apply to a person possessing the  
5 following amount:

6 (1) less than 3 grams of a substance containing heroin;

7 (2) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
8 cocaine;

9 (3) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
10 morphine;

11 (4) less than 40 grams of a substance containing  
12 peyote;

13 (5) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a  
14 derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a  
15 derivative of barbituric acid;

16 (6) less than 40 grams of a substance containing  
17 amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of  
18 amphetamine;

19 (7) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
20 lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

21 (8) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
22 pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
23 isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;

24 (9) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
25 methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
26 isomers of methaqualone;

1           (10) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
2           phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
3           isomers of phencyclidine (PCP);

4           (11) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
5           ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers  
6           of ketamine;

7           (12) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a  
8           substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedules I or  
9           II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included  
10          in this subsection.

11          (e) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and  
12          (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement  
13          has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,  
14          or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this  
15          Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or  
16          probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or  
17          independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or  
18          (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical  
19          assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of  
20          seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in  
21          this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the  
22          investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the  
23          delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other  
24          controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other  
25          crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a  
26          result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical

1 assistance in the event of an overdose.

2 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

3 Section 50-10. The Methamphetamine Control and Community  
4 Protection Act is amended by changing Section 115 as follows:

5 (720 ILCS 646/115)

6 Sec. 115. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

7 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a  
8 methamphetamine-induced physiological event that results in a  
9 life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,  
10 inhaled, injected, or otherwise bodily absorbed  
11 methamphetamine.

12 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks emergency medical  
13 assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall not be  
14 arrested, charged or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55  
15 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia  
16 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or  
17 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the  
18 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~  
19 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the violation ~~Class 3 felony~~  
20 ~~possession charge~~ was acquired as a result of the person  
21 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance and  
22 providing the amount of substance recovered is less than 3  
23 grams ~~one gram~~ of methamphetamine or a substance containing  
24 methamphetamine. The violations listed in this subsection (b)



1 must not serve as the sole basis of a violation of parole,  
2 mandatory supervised release, probation, or conditional  
3 discharge, a Department of Children and Family Services  
4 investigation, or any seizure of property under any State law  
5 authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence for the  
6 violation was acquired as a result of the person seeking or  
7 obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event of an  
8 overdose.

9 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be  
10 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55  
11 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia  
12 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or  
13 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the  
14 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~  
15 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the Class 3 felony possession  
16 charge was acquired as a result of the person seeking or  
17 obtaining emergency medical assistance and providing the  
18 amount of substance recovered is less than one gram of  
19 methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine. The  
20 violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as the  
21 sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised  
22 release, probation, or conditional discharge, a Department of  
23 Children and Family Services investigation, or any seizure of  
24 property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture so  
25 long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a result  
26 of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance

1 in the event of an overdose.

2 (d) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and  
3 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement  
4 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,  
5 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this  
6 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or  
7 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or  
8 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or  
9 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical  
10 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of  
11 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in  
12 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the  
13 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the  
14 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other  
15 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other  
16 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a  
17 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
18 assistance in the event of an overdose.

19 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

20 Article 55.

21 Section 55-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is  
22 amended by changing Section 316 as follows:

23 (720 ILCS 570/316)

1           Sec. 316. Prescription Monitoring Program.

2           (a) The Department must provide for a Prescription  
3 Monitoring Program for Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled  
4 substances that includes the following components and  
5 requirements:

6           (1) The dispenser must transmit to the central  
7 repository, in a form and manner specified by the  
8 Department, the following information:

9                   (A) The recipient's name and address.

10                   (B) The recipient's date of birth and gender.

11                   (C) The national drug code number of the controlled  
12 substance dispensed.

13                   (D) The date the controlled substance is  
14 dispensed.

15                   (E) The quantity of the controlled substance  
16 dispensed and days supply.

17                   (F) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement  
18 Administration registration number.

19                   (G) The prescriber's United States Drug  
20 Enforcement Administration registration number.

21                   (H) The dates the controlled substance  
22 prescription is filled.

23                   (I) The payment type used to purchase the  
24 controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party  
25 insurance).

26                   (J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing

1 home, outpatient, etc.) for the controlled substances  
2 other than those filled at a retail pharmacy.

3 (K) Any additional information that may be  
4 required by the department by administrative rule,  
5 including but not limited to information required for  
6 compliance with the criteria for electronic reporting  
7 of the American Society for Automation and Pharmacy or  
8 its successor.

9 (2) The information required to be transmitted under  
10 this Section must be transmitted not later than the end of  
11 the next business day after the date on which a controlled  
12 substance is dispensed, or at such other time as may be  
13 required by the Department by administrative rule.

14 (3) A dispenser must transmit the information required  
15 under this Section by:

16 (A) an electronic device compatible with the  
17 receiving device of the central repository;

18 (B) a computer diskette;

19 (C) a magnetic tape; or

20 (D) a pharmacy universal claim form or Pharmacy  
21 Inventory Control form.

22 (3.5) The requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)  
23 of this subsection (a) also apply to opioid treatment  
24 programs that prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, or V  
25 controlled substances for the treatment of opioid use  
26 disorder.

1           (4) The Department may impose a civil fine of up to  
2           \$100 per day for willful failure to report controlled  
3           substance dispensing to the Prescription Monitoring  
4           Program. The fine shall be calculated on no more than the  
5           number of days from the time the report was required to be  
6           made until the time the problem was resolved, and shall be  
7           payable to the Prescription Monitoring Program.

8           (a-5) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a licensed  
9           veterinarian is exempt from the reporting requirements of this  
10          Section. If a person who is presenting an animal for treatment  
11          is suspected of fraudulently obtaining any controlled  
12          substance or prescription for a controlled substance, the  
13          licensed veterinarian shall report that information to the  
14          local law enforcement agency.

15          (b) The Department, by rule, may include in the  
16          Prescription Monitoring Program certain other select drugs  
17          that are not included in Schedule II, III, IV, or V. The  
18          Prescription Monitoring Program does not apply to controlled  
19          substance prescriptions as exempted under Section 313.

20          (c) The collection of data on select drugs and scheduled  
21          substances by the Prescription Monitoring Program may be used  
22          as a tool for addressing oversight requirements of long-term  
23          care institutions as set forth by Public Act 96-1372. Long-term  
24          care pharmacies shall transmit patient medication profiles to  
25          the Prescription Monitoring Program monthly or more frequently  
26          as established by administrative rule.

1           (d) The Department of Human Services shall appoint a  
2 full-time Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring  
3 Program.

4           (e) (Blank).

5           (f) Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date  
6 of Public Act 100-564), the Department shall adopt rules  
7 requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface  
8 with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program  
9 on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all providers have  
10 access to specific patient records during the treatment of  
11 their patients. These rules shall also address the electronic  
12 integration of pharmacy records with the Prescription  
13 Monitoring Program to allow for faster transmission of the  
14 information required under this Section. The Department shall  
15 establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic  
16 Health Records System does not effectively interface with the  
17 Prescription Monitoring Program within the required timeline.

18           (g) The Department, in consultation with the Advisory  
19 Committee, shall adopt rules allowing licensed prescribers or  
20 pharmacists who have registered to access the Prescription  
21 Monitoring Program to authorize a licensed or non-licensed  
22 designee employed in that licensed prescriber's office or a  
23 licensed designee in a licensed pharmacist's pharmacy who has  
24 received training in the federal Health Insurance Portability  
25 and Accountability Act to consult the Prescription Monitoring  
26 Program on their behalf. The rules shall include reasonable

1 parameters concerning a practitioner's authority to authorize  
2 a designee, and the eligibility of a person to be selected as a  
3 designee. In this subsection (g), "pharmacist" shall include a  
4 clinical pharmacist employed by and designated by a Medicaid  
5 Managed Care Organization providing services under Article V of  
6 the Illinois Public Aid Code under a contract with the  
7 Department of Healthcare and Family Services for the sole  
8 purpose of clinical review of services provided to persons  
9 covered by the entity under the contract to determine  
10 compliance with subsections (a) and (b) of Section 314.5 of  
11 this Act. A managed care entity pharmacist shall notify  
12 prescribers of review activities.

13 (Source: P.A. 100-564, eff. 1-1-18; 100-861, eff. 8-14-18;  
14 100-1005, eff. 8-21-18; 100-1093, eff. 8-26-18; 101-81, eff.  
15 7-12-19; 101-414, eff. 8-16-19.)

16 Article 60.

17 Section 60-5. The Adult Protective Services Act is amended  
18 by adding Section 3.1 as follows:

19 (320 ILCS 20/3.1 new)

20 Sec. 3.1. Adult protective services dementia training.

21 (a) This Section shall apply to any person who is employed  
22 by the Department in the Adult Protective Services division who  
23 works on the development and implementation of social services

1 to respond to and prevent adult abuse, neglect, or  
2 exploitation.

3 (b) The Department shall develop and implement a dementia  
4 training program that must include instruction on the  
5 identification of people with dementia, risks such as  
6 wandering, communication impairments, elder abuse, and the  
7 best practices for interacting with people with dementia.

8 (c) Initial training of 4 hours shall be completed at the  
9 start of employment with the Adult Protective Services division  
10 and shall cover the following:

11 (1) Dementia, psychiatric, and behavioral symptoms.

12 (2) Communication issues, including how to communicate  
13 respectfully and effectively.

14 (3) Techniques for understanding and approaching  
15 behavioral symptoms.

16 (4) Information on how to address specific aspects of  
17 safety, for example tips to prevent wandering.

18 (5) When it is necessary to alert law enforcement  
19 agencies of potential criminal behavior involving a family  
20 member, caretaker, or institutional abuse; neglect or  
21 exploitation of a person with dementia; and what types of  
22 abuse that are most common to people with dementia.

23 (6) Identifying incidents of self-neglect for people  
24 with dementia who live alone as well as neglect by a  
25 caregiver.

26 (7) Protocols for connecting people living with



1 dementia to local care resources and professionals who are  
2 skilled in dementia care to encourage cross-referral and  
3 reporting regarding incidents of abuse.

4 (d) Annual continuing education shall include 2 hours of  
5 dementia training covering the subjects described in  
6 subsection (c).

7 (e) This Section is designed to address gaps in current  
8 dementia training requirements for Adult Protective Services  
9 officials and improve the quality of training. If currently  
10 existing law or rules contain more rigorous training  
11 requirements for Adult Protective Service officials, those  
12 laws or rules shall apply. Where there is overlap between this  
13 Section and other laws and rules, the Department shall  
14 interpret this Section to avoid duplication of requirements  
15 while ensuring that the minimum requirements set in this  
16 Section are met.

17 (f) The Department may adopt rules for the administration  
18 of this Section.

19 Title VI. Access to Health Care

20 Article 70.

21 Section 70-5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing  
22 Section 3-10 as follows:

1 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

2 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
3 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
4 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of  
5 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property  
6 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that  
7 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling  
8 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally  
9 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been  
10 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at  
11 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market  
12 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State  
13 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail.  
14 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the  
15 price at which property would change hands between a willing  
16 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion  
17 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the  
18 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by  
19 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that  
20 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by  
21 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of  
22 like kind and character in Illinois.

23 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
24 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
25 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
26 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

1           Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with  
2           respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of  
3           this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

4           With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act  
5           applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after  
6           January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the  
7           proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or  
8           before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales  
9           made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this  
10          Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then  
11          the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of  
12          sales of gasohol made during that time.

13          With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax  
14          imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales  
15          made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,  
16          2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made  
17          thereafter.

18          With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and  
19          no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies  
20          to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,  
21          2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the  
22          proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,  
23          the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no  
24          less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the  
25          rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%  
26          of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than

1 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

2 With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with  
3 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
4 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or  
5 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
6 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

7 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be  
8 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
9 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
10 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
11 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription  
12 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as  
13 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
14 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
15 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
16 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
17 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
18 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
19 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use,~~ the tax is  
20 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,  
21 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any  
22 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether  
23 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,  
24 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all  
25 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever  
26 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed

1 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but  
2 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated  
3 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the  
4 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks  
5 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
7 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
8 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
9 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
10 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
11 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

12 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
13 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
14 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
15 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
16 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
17 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
18 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
19 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
20 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
21 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
22 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
23 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

24 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
25 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
26 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not

1 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
2 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
3 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
4 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
5 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
6 flour or requires refrigeration.

7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
8 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
9 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
10 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
11 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
12 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
13 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
14 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
15 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
16 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
17 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
18 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
19 label includes:

20 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

21 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
22 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
23 substance or preparation.

24 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
25 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription  
26 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a

1 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use  
2 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

3 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
4 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
5 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
6 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
7 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

8 If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer  
9 is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before  
10 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under  
11 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed  
12 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable  
13 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state  
14 use.

15 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
16 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

17 Section 70-10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by  
18 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

19 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

20 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
21 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
22 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as  
23 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of  
24 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less

1 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

2 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
3 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
4 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
5 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

6 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
7 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price  
8 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
9 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%  
10 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
11 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
12 July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter.  
13 If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
14 gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate  
15 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
16 the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

17 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
18 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
19 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
20 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
21 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
22 thereafter.

23 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
24 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
25 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price  
26 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service



1 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and  
2 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,  
3 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
4 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less  
5 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate  
6 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
7 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%  
8 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

9 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
10 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
11 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
12 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price  
13 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
14 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
15 applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

16 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each  
17 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual  
18 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an  
19 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in  
20 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or  
21 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate  
22 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax  
23 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost  
24 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an  
25 incident to the sale of those services.

26 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared

1 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of  
2 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act  
3 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the  
4 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD  
5 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,  
6 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at  
7 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be  
8 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
9 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
10 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
11 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this  
12 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,  
13 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III  
14 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
15 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
16 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
17 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
18 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
19 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
20 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~. For the  
21 purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term  
22 "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,  
23 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but  
24 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,  
25 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as  
26 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained

1 in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container,  
2 regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee,  
3 tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk  
4 products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk  
5 Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or  
6 vegetable juice.

7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
8 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
9 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
10 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
11 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
12 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

13 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
14 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
15 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
16 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
17 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
18 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
19 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
20 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
21 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
22 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
23 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
24 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

25 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
26 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that

1 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
2 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
3 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
4 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
5 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
6 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
7 flour or requires refrigeration.

8 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
9 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
10 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
11 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
12 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
13 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
14 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
15 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
16 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
17 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
18 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
19 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
20 label includes:

21 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

22 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
23 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
24 substance or preparation.

25 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
26 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and

1 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered  
2 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical  
3 Cannabis Program Act.

4 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
5 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
6 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
7 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
8 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

9 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is  
10 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before  
11 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under  
12 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed  
13 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable  
14 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state  
15 use.

16 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
17 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

18 Section 70-15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by  
19 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

20 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

21 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
22 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
23 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use  
24 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of

1 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be  
2 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible  
3 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item  
4 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a  
5 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on  
6 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the  
7 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the  
8 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the  
9 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,  
10 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce  
11 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this  
12 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the  
13 tangible personal property transferred incident to the  
14 completion of the contract.

15 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
16 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
17 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
18 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

19 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
20 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost  
21 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of  
22 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,  
23 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an  
24 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on  
25 or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price  
26 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on

1 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at  
2 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to  
3 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

4 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
5 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
6 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
7 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
8 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
9 thereafter.

10 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
11 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
12 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price  
13 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
14 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and  
15 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,  
16 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
17 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less  
18 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate  
19 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
20 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%  
21 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

22 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
23 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
24 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax  
25 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the  
26 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the

1 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
2 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
3 thereafter.

4 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each  
5 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual  
6 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an  
7 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in  
8 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or  
9 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate  
10 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax  
11 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost  
12 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to  
13 the sale of those services.

14 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared  
15 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of  
16 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act  
17 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the  
18 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD  
19 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,  
20 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at  
21 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be  
22 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
23 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
24 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
25 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this  
26 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,



1 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III  
2 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
3 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
4 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
5 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
6 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
7 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
8 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~. For the  
9 purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term  
10 "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,  
11 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but  
12 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,  
13 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as  
14 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained  
15 in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless  
16 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,  
17 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as  
18 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,  
19 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable  
20 juice.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
22 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
23 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
24 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
25 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
26 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

1           Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
2 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
3 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
4 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
5 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
6 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
7 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
8 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
9 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
10 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
11 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
12 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

13           Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
14 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
15 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
16 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
17 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
18 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
19 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
20 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
21 flour or requires refrigeration.

22           Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
23 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
24 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
25 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
26 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,

1 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
2 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
3 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
4 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
5 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
6 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
7 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
8 label includes:

9 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

10 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
11 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
12 substance or preparation.

13 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
14 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and  
15 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered  
16 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical  
17 Cannabis Program Act.

18 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
19 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
20 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
21 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
22 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

23 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
24 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

25 Section 70-20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended

1 by changing Section 2-10 as follows:

2 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

3 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
4 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
5 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in  
6 the course of business.

7 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
8 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
9 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
10 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

11 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with  
12 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of  
13 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

14 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory  
15 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel  
16 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a  
17 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that  
18 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of  
19 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has  
20 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and  
21 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump  
22 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be  
23 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4  
24 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to  
25 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a

1 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty  
2 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each  
3 retail premises where a violation occurs.

4 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
5 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of  
6 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,  
7 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July  
8 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the  
9 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,  
10 the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the  
11 Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax  
12 imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of  
13 gasohol made during that time.

14 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
15 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
16 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or  
17 before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of  
18 sales made thereafter.

19 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
20 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
21 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of  
22 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December  
23 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made  
24 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on  
25 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
26 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at

1 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to  
2 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less  
3 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

4 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
5 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
6 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
7 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or  
8 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
9 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

10 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be  
11 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
12 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
13 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
14 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription  
15 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as  
16 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
17 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
18 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
19 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
20 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
21 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
22 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~, the tax is  
23 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,  
24 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any  
25 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether  
26 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,

1 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all  
2 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever  
3 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed  
4 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but  
5 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated  
6 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the  
7 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks  
8 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

9 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
10 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
11 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
12 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
13 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
14 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

15 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
16 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
17 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
18 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
19 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
20 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
21 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
22 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
23 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
24 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
25 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
26 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

1           Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
2 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
3 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
4 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
5 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
6 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
7 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
8 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
9 flour or requires refrigeration.

10           Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
11 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
12 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
13 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
14 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
15 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
16 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
17 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
18 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
19 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
20 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
21 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
22 label includes:

23           (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

24           (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
25 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
26 substance or preparation.





1 remain self-sufficient. The General Assembly also believes  
2 that it is the responsibility of families to share in the costs  
3 of child care. It is also the preference of the General  
4 Assembly that all working poor families should be treated  
5 equally, regardless of their welfare status.

6 (b) To the extent resources permit, the Illinois Department  
7 shall provide child care services to parents or other relatives  
8 as defined by rule who are working or participating in  
9 employment or Department approved education or training  
10 programs. At a minimum, the Illinois Department shall cover the  
11 following categories of families:

12 (1) recipients of TANF under Article IV participating  
13 in work and training activities as specified in the  
14 personal plan for employment and self-sufficiency;

15 (2) families transitioning from TANF to work;

16 (3) families at risk of becoming recipients of TANF;

17 (4) families with special needs as defined by rule;

18 (5) working families with very low incomes as defined  
19 by rule;

20 (6) families that are not recipients of TANF and that  
21 need child care assistance to participate in education and  
22 training activities; and

23 (7) families with children under the age of 5 who have  
24 an open intact family services case with the Department of  
25 Children and Family Services. Any family that receives  
26 child care assistance in accordance with this paragraph

1 shall remain eligible for child care assistance 6 months  
2 after the child's intact family services case is closed,  
3 regardless of whether the child's parents or other  
4 relatives as defined by rule are working or participating  
5 in Department approved employment or education or training  
6 programs. The Department of Human Services, in  
7 consultation with the Department of Children and Family  
8 Services, shall adopt rules to protect the privacy of  
9 families who are the subject of an open intact family  
10 services case when such families enroll in child care  
11 services. Additional rules shall be adopted to offer  
12 children who have an open intact family services case the  
13 opportunity to receive an Early Intervention screening and  
14 other services that their families may be eligible for as  
15 provided by the Department of Human Services.

16 The Department shall specify by rule the conditions of  
17 eligibility, the application process, and the types, amounts,  
18 and duration of services. Eligibility for child care benefits  
19 and the amount of child care provided may vary based on family  
20 size, income, and other factors as specified by rule.

21 The Department shall update the Child Care Assistance  
22 Program Eligibility Calculator posted on its website to include  
23 a question on whether a family is applying for child care  
24 assistance for the first time or is applying for a  
25 redetermination of eligibility.

26 A family's eligibility for child care services shall be

1 redetermined no sooner than 12 months following the initial  
2 determination or most recent redetermination. During the  
3 12-month periods, the family shall remain eligible for child  
4 care services regardless of (i) a change in family income,  
5 unless family income exceeds 85% of State median income, or  
6 (ii) a temporary change in the ongoing status of the parents or  
7 other relatives, as defined by rule, as working or attending a  
8 job training or educational program.

9 In determining income eligibility for child care benefits,  
10 the Department annually, at the beginning of each fiscal year,  
11 shall establish, by rule, one income threshold for each family  
12 size, in relation to percentage of State median income for a  
13 family of that size, that makes families with incomes below the  
14 specified threshold eligible for assistance and families with  
15 incomes above the specified threshold ineligible for  
16 assistance. Through and including fiscal year 2007, the  
17 specified threshold must be no less than 50% of the  
18 then-current State median income for each family size.  
19 Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the specified threshold must be  
20 no less than 185% of the then-current federal poverty level for  
21 each family size. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or  
22 administrative rule to the contrary, beginning in fiscal year  
23 2019, the specified threshold for working families with very  
24 low incomes as defined by rule must be no less than 185% of the  
25 then-current federal poverty level for each family size.

26 In determining eligibility for assistance, the Department

1 shall not give preference to any category of recipients or give  
2 preference to individuals based on their receipt of benefits  
3 under this Code.

4 Nothing in this Section shall be construed as conferring  
5 entitlement status to eligible families.

6 The Illinois Department is authorized to lower income  
7 eligibility ceilings, raise parent co-payments, create waiting  
8 lists, or take such other actions during a fiscal year as are  
9 necessary to ensure that child care benefits paid under this  
10 Article do not exceed the amounts appropriated for those child  
11 care benefits. These changes may be accomplished by emergency  
12 rule under Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative  
13 Procedure Act, except that the limitation on the number of  
14 emergency rules that may be adopted in a 24-month period shall  
15 not apply.

16 The Illinois Department may contract with other State  
17 agencies or child care organizations for the administration of  
18 child care services.

19 (c) Payment shall be made for child care that otherwise  
20 meets the requirements of this Section and applicable standards  
21 of State and local law and regulation, including any  
22 requirements the Illinois Department promulgates by rule in  
23 addition to the licensure requirements promulgated by the  
24 Department of Children and Family Services and Fire Prevention  
25 and Safety requirements promulgated by the Office of the State  
26 Fire Marshal, and is provided in any of the following:

1           (1) a child care center which is licensed or exempt  
2           from licensure pursuant to Section 2.09 of the Child Care  
3           Act of 1969;

4           (2) a licensed child care home or home exempt from  
5           licensing;

6           (3) a licensed group child care home;

7           (4) other types of child care, including child care  
8           provided by relatives or persons living in the same home as  
9           the child, as determined by the Illinois Department by  
10          rule.

11          (c-5) Solely for the purposes of coverage under the  
12          Illinois Public Labor Relations Act, child and day care home  
13          providers, including licensed and license exempt,  
14          participating in the Department's child care assistance  
15          program shall be considered to be public employees and the  
16          State of Illinois shall be considered to be their employer as  
17          of January 1, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-320),  
18          but not before. The State shall engage in collective bargaining  
19          with an exclusive representative of child and day care home  
20          providers participating in the child care assistance program  
21          concerning their terms and conditions of employment that are  
22          within the State's control. Nothing in this subsection shall be  
23          understood to limit the right of families receiving services  
24          defined in this Section to select child and day care home  
25          providers or supervise them within the limits of this Section.  
26          The State shall not be considered to be the employer of child

1 and day care home providers for any purposes not specifically  
2 provided in Public Act 94-320, including, but not limited to,  
3 purposes of vicarious liability in tort and purposes of  
4 statutory retirement or health insurance benefits. Child and  
5 day care home providers shall not be covered by the State  
6 Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971.

7 In according child and day care home providers and their  
8 selected representative rights under the Illinois Public Labor  
9 Relations Act, the State intends that the State action  
10 exemption to application of federal and State antitrust laws be  
11 fully available to the extent that their activities are  
12 authorized by Public Act 94-320.

13 (d) The Illinois Department shall establish, by rule, a  
14 co-payment scale that provides for cost sharing by families  
15 that receive child care services, including parents whose only  
16 income is from assistance under this Code. The co-payment shall  
17 be based on family income and family size and may be based on  
18 other factors as appropriate. Co-payments may be waived for  
19 families whose incomes are at or below the federal poverty  
20 level.

21 (d-5) The Illinois Department, in consultation with its  
22 Child Care and Development Advisory Council, shall develop a  
23 plan to revise the child care assistance program's co-payment  
24 scale. The plan shall be completed no later than February 1,  
25 2008, and shall include:

26 (1) findings as to the percentage of income that the

1 average American family spends on child care and the  
2 relative amounts that low-income families and the average  
3 American family spend on other necessities of life;

4 (2) recommendations for revising the child care  
5 co-payment scale to assure that families receiving child  
6 care services from the Department are paying no more than  
7 they can reasonably afford;

8 (3) recommendations for revising the child care  
9 co-payment scale to provide at-risk children with complete  
10 access to Preschool for All and Head Start; and

11 (4) recommendations for changes in child care program  
12 policies that affect the affordability of child care.

13 (e) (Blank).

14 (f) The Illinois Department shall, by rule, set rates to be  
15 paid for the various types of child care. Child care may be  
16 provided through one of the following methods:

17 (1) arranging the child care through eligible  
18 providers by use of purchase of service contracts or  
19 vouchers;

20 (2) arranging with other agencies and community  
21 volunteer groups for non-reimbursed child care;

22 (3) (blank); or

23 (4) adopting such other arrangements as the Department  
24 determines appropriate.

25 (f-1) Within 30 days after June 4, 2018 (the effective date  
26 of Public Act 100-587), the Department of Human Services shall



1 establish rates for child care providers that are no less than  
2 the rates in effect on January 1, 2018 increased by 4.26%.

3 (f-5) (Blank).

4 (g) Families eligible for assistance under this Section  
5 shall be given the following options:

6 (1) receiving a child care certificate issued by the  
7 Department or a subcontractor of the Department that may be  
8 used by the parents as payment for child care and  
9 development services only; or

10 (2) if space is available, enrolling the child with a  
11 child care provider that has a purchase of service contract  
12 with the Department or a subcontractor of the Department  
13 for the provision of child care and development services.  
14 The Department may identify particular priority  
15 populations for whom they may request special  
16 consideration by a provider with purchase of service  
17 contracts, provided that the providers shall be permitted  
18 to maintain a balance of clients in terms of household  
19 incomes and families and children with special needs, as  
20 defined by rule.

21 (Source: P.A. 100-387, eff. 8-25-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;  
22 100-860, eff. 2-14-19; 100-909, eff. 10-1-18; 100-916, eff.  
23 8-17-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

1 Section 80-5. The Employee Sick Leave Act is amended by  
2 changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

3 (820 ILCS 191/5)

4 Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:

5 "Department" means the Department of Labor.

6 "Personal sick leave benefits" means any paid or unpaid  
7 time available to an employee as provided through an employment  
8 benefit plan or paid time off policy to be used as a result of  
9 absence from work due to personal illness, injury, or medical  
10 appointment or for the personal care of a parent,  
11 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandparent, or stepparent. An  
12 employment benefit plan or paid time off policy does not  
13 include long term disability, short term disability, an  
14 insurance policy, or other comparable benefit plan or policy.

15 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

16 (820 ILCS 191/10)

17 Sec. 10. Use of leave; limitations.

18 (a) An employee may use personal sick leave benefits  
19 provided by the employer for absences due to an illness,  
20 injury, or medical appointment of the employee's child,  
21 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,  
22 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or  
23 stepparent, or for the personal care of a parent,  
24 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandparent, or stepparent on

1 the same terms upon which the employee is able to use personal  
2 sick leave benefits for the employee's own illness or injury.  
3 An employer may request written verification of the employee's  
4 absence from a health care professional if such verification is  
5 required under the employer's employment benefit plan or paid  
6 time off policy.

7 (b) An employer may limit the use of personal sick leave  
8 benefits provided by the employer for absences due to an  
9 illness, injury, or medical appointment of the employee's  
10 child, stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,  
11 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or  
12 stepparent to an amount not less than the personal sick leave  
13 that would be earned or accrued during 6 months at the  
14 employee's then current rate of entitlement. For employers who  
15 base personal sick leave benefits on an employee's years of  
16 service instead of annual or monthly accrual, such employer may  
17 limit the amount of sick leave to be used under this Act to  
18 half of the employee's maximum annual grant.

19 (c) An employer who provides personal sick leave benefits  
20 or a paid time off policy that would otherwise provide benefits  
21 as required under subsections (a) and (b) shall not be required  
22 to modify such benefits.

23 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

1 Section 90-5. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by  
2 adding Section 3-206.06 as follows:

3 (210 ILCS 45/3-206.06 new)

4 Sec. 3-206.06. Testing for Legionnaires' disease. A  
5 facility licensed under this Act must prove upon inspection by  
6 the Department that it has provided testing for Legionnaires'  
7 disease. The facility must also provide the results of that  
8 testing to the Department.

9 Section 90-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
10 adding Section 6.29 as follows:

11 (210 ILCS 85/6.29 new)

12 Sec. 6.29. Testing for Legionnaires' disease. A hospital  
13 licensed under this Act must prove upon inspection by the  
14 Department that it has provided testing for Legionnaires'  
15 disease. The hospital must also provide the results of that  
16 testing to the Department.

17 Article 95.

18 Section 95-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the  
19 Child Trauma Counseling Act. References in this Article to  
20 "this Act" mean this Article.

1 Section 95-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

2 "Day care center" has the meaning given to that term in  
3 Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

4 "School" means a public or nonpublic elementary school.

5 "Trauma counselor" means a licensed professional  
6 counselor, as that term is defined in Section 10 of the  
7 Professional Counselor and Clinical Professional Counselor  
8 Licensing and Practice Act, who has experience in treating  
9 childhood trauma or who has a certification relating to  
10 treating childhood trauma.

11 Section 95-10. Trauma counseling through fifth grade.

12 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

13 (1) a day care center shall provide the services of a  
14 trauma counselor to a child, from birth through the fifth  
15 grade, enrolled and attending the day care center who has  
16 been identified as needing trauma counseling; and

17 (2) a school shall provide the services of a trauma  
18 counselor to a child who is enrolled and attending  
19 kindergarten through the fifth grade at that school and has  
20 been identified as needing trauma counseling.

21 There shall be no cost for such trauma counseling to the  
22 parents or guardians of the child.

23 (b) A child is identified as needing trauma counseling  
24 under subsection (a) if the child reports trauma to a day care  
25 center or a school or a parent or guardian of the child or

1 employee of a day care center or a school reports that the  
2 child has experienced trauma.

3 Section 95-15. Rules.

4 (a) The Department of Children and Family Services shall  
5 adopt rules to implement this Act. The Department shall seek  
6 recommendations and advice from the State Board of Education as  
7 to adoption of the Department's rules as they relate to  
8 schools.

9 (b) The Department of Financial and Professional  
10 Regulation may adopt rules regarding the qualifications of  
11 trauma counselors working with children under this Act.

12 Section 95-90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding  
13 Section 8.45 as follows:

14 (30 ILCS 805/8.45 new)

15 Sec. 8.45. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8  
16 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the  
17 implementation of any mandate created by the Child Trauma  
18 Counseling Act.

19 Article 100.

20 Section 100-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
21 the Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers Act.

1 Section 100-5. Creation; members; duties; report.

2 (a) The Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers is  
3 created. Membership of the Commission shall be as follows:

4 (1) A representative of the Illinois Comprehensive  
5 Cancer Control Program, appointed by the Director of Public  
6 Health;

7 (2) The Director of Insurance, or his or her designee;  
8 and

9 (3) 20 members who shall be appointed as follows:

10 (A) three members appointed by the Speaker of  
11 the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a  
12 survivor of ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a  
13 survivor of cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine  
14 cancer, and one of whom shall be a medical specialist  
15 in gynecologic cancers;

16 (B) three members appointed by the Senate  
17 President, one of whom shall be a survivor of ovarian  
18 cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of cervical,  
19 vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one of whom  
20 shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic cancers;

21 (C) three members appointed by the House  
22 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
23 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
24 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one  
25 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic

1 cancers;

2 (D) three members appointed by the Senate  
3 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
4 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
5 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one  
6 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic  
7 cancers; and

8 (E) eight members appointed by the Governor,  
9 one of whom shall be a caregiver of a woman diagnosed  
10 with a gynecologic cancer, one of whom shall be a  
11 medical specialist in gynecologic cancers, one of whom  
12 shall be an individual with expertise in community  
13 based health care and issues affecting underserved and  
14 vulnerable populations, 2 of whom shall be individuals  
15 representing gynecologic cancer awareness and support  
16 groups in the State, one of whom shall be a researcher  
17 specializing in gynecologic cancers, and 2 of whom  
18 shall be members of the public with demonstrated  
19 expertise in issues relating to the work of the  
20 Commission.

21 (b) Members of the Commission shall serve without  
22 compensation or reimbursement from the Commission. Members  
23 shall select a Chair from among themselves and the Chair shall  
24 set the meeting schedule.

25 (c) The Illinois Department of Public Health shall provide  
26 administrative support to the Commission.



1 (d) The Commission is charged with the study of the  
2 following:

3 (1) establishing a mechanism to ascertain the  
4 prevalence of gynecologic cancers in the State and, to the  
5 extent possible, to collect statistics relative to the  
6 timing of diagnosis and risk factors associated with  
7 gynecologic cancers;

8 (2) determining how to best effectuate early diagnosis  
9 and treatment for gynecologic cancer patients;

10 (3) determining best practices for closing disparities  
11 in outcomes for gynecologic cancer patients and innovative  
12 approaches to reaching underserved and vulnerable  
13 populations;

14 (4) determining any unmet needs of persons with  
15 gynecologic cancers and those of their families; and

16 (5) providing recommendations for additional  
17 legislation, support programs, and resources to meet the  
18 unmet needs of persons with gynecologic cancers and their  
19 families.

20 (e) The Commission shall file its final report with the  
21 General Assembly no later than December 31, 2021 and, upon the  
22 filing of its report, is dissolved.

23 Section 100-90. Repeal. This Article is repealed on January  
24 1, 2023.

1 Article 105.

2 Section 5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
3 changing Section 5A-12.7 as follows:

4 (305 ILCS 5/5A-12.7)

5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2022)

6 Sec. 5A-12.7. Continuation of hospital access payments on  
7 and after July 1, 2020.

8 (a) To preserve and improve access to hospital services,  
9 for hospital services rendered on and after July 1, 2020, the  
10 Department shall, except for hospitals described in subsection  
11 (b) of Section 5A-3, make payments to hospitals or require  
12 capitated managed care organizations to make payments as set  
13 forth in this Section. Payments under this Section are not due  
14 and payable, however, until: (i) the methodologies described in  
15 this Section are approved by the federal government in an  
16 appropriate State Plan amendment or directed payment preprint;  
17 and (ii) the assessment imposed under this Article is  
18 determined to be a permissible tax under Title XIX of the  
19 Social Security Act. In determining the hospital access  
20 payments authorized under subsection (g) of this Section, if a  
21 hospital ceases to qualify for payments from the pool, the  
22 payments for all hospitals continuing to qualify for payments  
23 from such pool shall be uniformly adjusted to fully expend the  
24 aggregate net amount of the pool, with such adjustment being

1 effective on the first day of the second month following the  
2 date the hospital ceases to receive payments from such pool.

3 (b) Amounts moved into claims-based rates and distributed  
4 in accordance with Section 14-12 shall remain in those  
5 claims-based rates.

6 (c) Graduate medical education.

7 (1) The calculation of graduate medical education  
8 payments shall be based on the hospital's Medicare cost  
9 report ending in Calendar Year 2018, as reported in the  
10 Healthcare Cost Report Information System file, release  
11 date September 30, 2019. An Illinois hospital reporting  
12 intern and resident cost on its Medicare cost report shall  
13 be eligible for graduate medical education payments.

14 (2) Each hospital's annualized Medicaid Intern  
15 Resident Cost is calculated using annualized intern and  
16 resident total costs obtained from Worksheet B Part I,  
17 Columns 21 and 22 the sum of Lines 30-43, 50-76, 90-93,  
18 96-98, and 105-112 multiplied by the percentage that the  
19 hospital's Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7,  
20 Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of the  
21 hospital's total days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 8, Lines  
22 14, 16-18, and 32).

23 (3) An annualized Medicaid indirect medical education  
24 (IME) payment is calculated for each hospital using its IME  
25 payments (Worksheet E Part A, Line 29, Column 1) multiplied  
26 by the percentage that its Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part

1 I, Column 7, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of  
2 its Medicare days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 6, Lines 2,  
3 3, 4, 14, and 16-18).

4 (4) For each hospital, its annualized Medicaid Intern  
5 Resident Cost and its annualized Medicaid IME payment are  
6 summed, and, except as capped at 120% of the average cost  
7 per intern and resident for all qualifying hospitals as  
8 calculated under this paragraph, is multiplied by 22.6% to  
9 determine the hospital's final graduate medical education  
10 payment. Each hospital's average cost per intern and  
11 resident shall be calculated by summing its total  
12 annualized Medicaid Intern Resident Cost plus its  
13 annualized Medicaid IME payment and dividing that amount by  
14 the hospital's total Full Time Equivalent Residents and  
15 Interns. If the hospital's average per intern and resident  
16 cost is greater than 120% of the same calculation for all  
17 qualifying hospitals, the hospital's per intern and  
18 resident cost shall be capped at 120% of the average cost  
19 for all qualifying hospitals.

20 (d) Fee-for-service supplemental payments. Each Illinois  
21 hospital shall receive an annual payment equal to the amounts  
22 below, to be paid in 12 equal installments on or before the  
23 seventh State business day of each month, except that no  
24 payment shall be due within 30 days after the later of the date  
25 of notification of federal approval of the payment  
26 methodologies required under this Section or any waiver

1 required under 42 CFR 433.68, at which time the sum of amounts  
2 required under this Section prior to the date of notification  
3 is due and payable.

4 (1) For critical access hospitals, \$385 per covered  
5 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and  
6 \$530 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of  
7 service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's  
8 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

9 (2) For safety-net hospitals, \$960 per covered  
10 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and  
11 \$625 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of  
12 service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's  
13 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

14 (3) For long term acute care hospitals, \$295 per  
15 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service  
16 claims for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the  
17 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

18 (4) For freestanding psychiatric hospitals, \$125 per  
19 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service  
20 claims and \$130 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim  
21 for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the  
22 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

23 (5) For freestanding rehabilitation hospitals, \$355  
24 per covered inpatient day contained in paid  
25 fee-for-service claims for dates of service in Calendar  
26 Year 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as

1 of May 11, 2020.

2 (6) For all general acute care hospitals and high  
3 Medicaid hospitals as defined in subsection (f), \$350 per  
4 covered inpatient day for dates of service in Calendar Year  
5 2019 contained in paid fee-for-service claims and \$620 per  
6 paid fee-for-service outpatient claim in the Department's  
7 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

8 (7) Alzheimer's treatment access payment. Each  
9 Illinois academic medical center or teaching hospital, as  
10 defined in Section 5-5e.2 of this Code, that is identified  
11 as the primary hospital affiliate of one of the Regional  
12 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Centers, as designated by  
13 the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act and identified in  
14 the Department of Public Health's Alzheimer's Disease  
15 State Plan dated December 2016, shall be paid an  
16 Alzheimer's treatment access payment equal to the product  
17 of the qualifying hospital's State Fiscal Year 2018 total  
18 inpatient fee-for-service days multiplied by the  
19 applicable Alzheimer's treatment rate of \$226.30 for  
20 hospitals located in Cook County and \$116.21 for hospitals  
21 located outside Cook County.

22 (e) The Department shall require managed care  
23 organizations (MCOs) to make directed payments and  
24 pass-through payments according to this Section. Each calendar  
25 year, the Department shall require MCOs to pay the maximum  
26 amount out of these funds as allowed as pass-through payments

1 under federal regulations. The Department shall require MCOs to  
2 make such pass-through payments as specified in this Section.  
3 The Department shall require the MCOs to pay the remaining  
4 amounts as directed Payments as specified in this Section. The  
5 Department shall issue payments to the Comptroller by the  
6 seventh business day of each month for all MCOs that are  
7 sufficient for MCOs to make the directed payments and  
8 pass-through payments according to this Section. The  
9 Department shall require the MCOs to make pass-through payments  
10 and directed payments using electronic funds transfers (EFT),  
11 if the hospital provides the information necessary to process  
12 such EFTs, in accordance with directions provided monthly by  
13 the Department, within 7 business days of the date the funds  
14 are paid to the MCOs, as indicated by the "Paid Date" on the  
15 website of the Office of the Comptroller if the funds are paid  
16 by EFT and the MCOs have received directed payment  
17 instructions. If funds are not paid through the Comptroller by  
18 EFT, payment must be made within 7 business days of the date  
19 actually received by the MCO. The MCO will be considered to  
20 have paid the pass-through payments when the payment remittance  
21 number is generated or the date the MCO sends the check to the  
22 hospital, if EFT information is not supplied. If an MCO is late  
23 in paying a pass-through payment or directed payment as  
24 required under this Section (including any extensions granted  
25 by the Department), it shall pay a penalty, unless waived by  
26 the Department for reasonable cause, to the Department equal to

1 5% of the amount of the pass-through payment or directed  
2 payment not paid on or before the due date plus 5% of the  
3 portion thereof remaining unpaid on the last day of each 30-day  
4 period thereafter. Payments to MCOs that would be paid  
5 consistent with actuarial certification and enrollment in the  
6 absence of the increased capitation payments under this Section  
7 shall not be reduced as a consequence of payments made under  
8 this subsection. The Department shall publish and maintain on  
9 its website for a period of no less than 8 calendar quarters,  
10 the quarterly calculation of directed payments and  
11 pass-through payments owed to each hospital from each MCO. All  
12 calculations and reports shall be posted no later than the  
13 first day of the quarter for which the payments are to be  
14 issued.

15 (f)(1) For purposes of allocating the funds included in  
16 capitation payments to MCOs, Illinois hospitals shall be  
17 divided into the following classes as defined in administrative  
18 rules:

19 (A) Critical access hospitals.

20 (B) Safety-net hospitals, except that stand-alone  
21 children's hospitals that are not specialty children's  
22 hospitals will not be included.

23 (C) Long term acute care hospitals.

24 (D) Freestanding psychiatric hospitals.

25 (E) Freestanding rehabilitation hospitals.

26 (F) High Medicaid hospitals. As used in this Section,



1 "high Medicaid hospital" means a general acute care  
2 hospital that is not a safety-net hospital or critical  
3 access hospital and that has a Medicaid Inpatient  
4 Utilization Rate above 30% or a hospital that had over  
5 35,000 inpatient Medicaid days during the applicable  
6 period. For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,  
7 2020, the applicable period for the Medicaid Inpatient  
8 Utilization Rate (MIUR) is the rate year 2020 MIUR and for  
9 the number of inpatient days it is State fiscal year 2018.  
10 Beginning in calendar year 2021, the Department shall use  
11 the most recently determined MIUR, as defined in subsection  
12 (h) of Section 5-5.02, and for the inpatient day threshold,  
13 the State fiscal year ending 18 months prior to the  
14 beginning of the calendar year. For purposes of calculating  
15 MIUR under this Section, children's hospitals and  
16 affiliated general acute care hospitals shall be  
17 considered a single hospital.

18 (G) General acute care hospitals. As used under this  
19 Section, "general acute care hospitals" means all other  
20 Illinois hospitals not identified in subparagraphs (A)  
21 through (F).

22 (2) Hospitals' qualification for each class shall be  
23 assessed prior to the beginning of each calendar year and the  
24 new class designation shall be effective January 1 of the next  
25 year. The Department shall publish by rule the process for  
26 establishing class determination.

1 (g) Fixed pool directed payments. Beginning July 1, 2020,  
2 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used  
3 to issue directed payments to qualified Illinois safety-net  
4 hospitals and critical access hospitals on a monthly basis in  
5 accordance with this subsection. Prior to the beginning of each  
6 Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department shall use  
7 encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter, accepted  
8 by the Department's Medicaid Management Information System for  
9 inpatient and outpatient services rendered by safety-net  
10 hospitals and critical access hospitals to determine a  
11 quarterly uniform per unit add-on for each hospital class.

12 (1) Inpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per  
13 diem add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly  
14 Inpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the  
15 applicable hospital class by the total inpatient days  
16 contained on all encounter claims received during the  
17 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

18 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a  
19 quarterly inpatient directed payment calculated that  
20 is equal to the product of the number of inpatient days  
21 attributable to the hospital used in the calculation of  
22 the quarterly uniform class per diem add-on,  
23 multiplied by the calculated applicable quarterly  
24 uniform class per diem add-on of the hospital class.

25 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its  
26 quarterly inpatient directed payment in each of the 3

1 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with  
2 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

3 (2) Outpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per  
4 claim add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly  
5 Outpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the  
6 applicable hospital class by the total outpatient  
7 encounter claims received during the Determination  
8 Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

9 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a  
10 quarterly outpatient directed payment calculated that  
11 is equal to the product of the number of outpatient  
12 encounter claims attributable to the hospital used in  
13 the calculation of the quarterly uniform class per  
14 claim add-on, multiplied by the calculated applicable  
15 quarterly uniform class per claim add-on of the  
16 hospital class.

17 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its  
18 quarterly outpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
19 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with  
20 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

21 (3) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly  
22 Directed Payment as identified by the Department on its  
23 quarterly determination report.

24 (4) Definitions. As used in this subsection:

25 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each 3 month calendar  
26 quarter, beginning July 1, 2020.

1 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each 3 month  
2 calendar quarter, which ends 3 months prior to the  
3 first day of each Payout Quarter.

4 (5) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020,  
5 the following amounts shall be allocated to the following  
6 hospital class directed payment pools for the quarterly  
7 development of a uniform per unit add-on:

8 (A) \$2,894,500 for hospital inpatient services for  
9 critical access hospitals.

10 (B) \$4,294,374 for hospital outpatient services  
11 for critical access hospitals.

12 (C) \$29,109,330 for hospital inpatient services  
13 for safety-net hospitals.

14 (D) \$35,041,218 for hospital outpatient services  
15 for safety-net hospitals.

16 (h) Fixed rate directed payments. Effective July 1, 2020,  
17 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used  
18 to issue directed payments to Illinois hospitals not identified  
19 in paragraph (g) on a monthly basis. Prior to the beginning of  
20 each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department  
21 shall use encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter,  
22 accepted by the Department's Medicaid Management Information  
23 System for inpatient and outpatient services rendered by  
24 hospitals in each hospital class identified in paragraph (f)  
25 and not identified in paragraph (g). For the period July 1,  
26 2020 through December 2020, the Department shall direct MCOs to

1 make payments as follows:

2 (1) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
3 \$1,750 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20  
4 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
5 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
6 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

7 (2) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
8 \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21  
9 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
10 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
11 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

12 (3) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
13 \$80 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22  
14 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
15 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
16 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

17 (4) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
18 \$375 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24  
19 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
20 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid  
21 EAPG (EAPGs) for the determination quarter.

22 (5) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
23 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27  
24 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter  
25 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of  
26 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

1           (6) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
2           \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29  
3           case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
4           the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid  
5           EAPGs for the determination quarter.

6           (7) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
7           \$1,800 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20  
8           case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
9           the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
10          category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

11          (8) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$160  
12          multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21 case  
13          mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the  
14          hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
15          category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

16          (9) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$80  
17          multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22 case  
18          mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the  
19          hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
20          category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

21          (10) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
22          \$400 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24  
23          case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
24          the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid  
25          EAPG outpatient claims for the determination quarter.

26          (11) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to

1           \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27  
2           and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter  
3           multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of  
4           service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

5           (12) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
6           \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29  
7           case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
8           the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid  
9           EAPGs for the determination quarter.

10          (13) For long term acute care hospitals the amount of  
11          \$495 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient  
12          days for the determination quarter.

13          (14) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$210  
14          multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days  
15          for category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

16          (15) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$250  
17          multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient  
18          claims for category of service 27 and 28 for the  
19          determination quarter.

20          (16) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$410  
21          multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days  
22          for category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

23          (17) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$100  
24          multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient  
25          claims for category of service 29 for the determination  
26          quarter.

1           (18) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of their quarterly  
2           inpatient and outpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
3           months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with directions  
4           provided to each MCO by the Department.

5           (19) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly  
6           Directed Payment amount as identified by the Department on  
7           its quarterly determination report.

8           Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if  
9           the Department determines that the actual total hospital  
10          utilization data that is used to calculate the fixed rate  
11          directed payments is substantially different than anticipated  
12          when the rates in this subsection were initially determined  
13          (for unforeseeable circumstances such as the COVID-19  
14          pandemic), the Department may adjust the rates specified in  
15          this subsection so that the total directed payments approximate  
16          the total spending amount anticipated when the rates were  
17          initially established.

18          Definitions. As used in this subsection:

19                 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each calendar quarter,  
20                 beginning July 1, 2020.

21                 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each calendar  
22                 quarter which ends 3 months prior to the first day of  
23                 each Payout Quarter.

24                 (C) "Case mix index" means a hospital specific  
25                 calculation. For inpatient claims the case mix index is  
26                 calculated each quarter by summing the relative weight



1 of all inpatient Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG) claims  
2 for a category of service in the applicable  
3 Determination Quarter and dividing the sum by the  
4 number of sum total of all inpatient DRG admissions for  
5 the category of service for the associated claims. The  
6 case mix index for outpatient claims is calculated each  
7 quarter by summing the relative weight of all paid  
8 EAPGs in the applicable Determination Quarter and  
9 dividing the sum by the sum total of paid EAPGs for the  
10 associated claims.

11 (i) Beginning January 1, 2021, the rates for directed  
12 payments shall be recalculated in order to spend the additional  
13 funds for directed payments that result from reduction in the  
14 amount of pass-through payments allowed under federal  
15 regulations. The additional funds for directed payments shall  
16 be allocated proportionally to each class of hospitals based on  
17 that class' proportion of services.

18 (j) Pass-through payments.

19 (1) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,  
20 2020, the Department shall assign quarterly pass-through  
21 payments to each class of hospitals equal to one-fourth of  
22 the following annual allocations:

23 (A) \$390,487,095 to safety-net hospitals.

24 (B) \$62,553,886 to critical access hospitals.

25 (C) \$345,021,438 to high Medicaid hospitals.

26 (D) \$551,429,071 to general acute care hospitals.

1 (E) \$27,283,870 to long term acute care hospitals.

2 (F) \$40,825,444 to freestanding psychiatric  
3 hospitals.

4 (G) \$9,652,108 to freestanding rehabilitation  
5 hospitals.

6 (2) The pass-through payments shall at a minimum ensure  
7 hospitals receive a total amount of monthly payments under  
8 this Section as received in calendar year 2019 in  
9 accordance with this Article and paragraph (1) of  
10 subsection (d-5) of Section 14-12, exclusive of amounts  
11 received through payments referenced in subsection (b).

12 (3) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2021,  
13 and each calendar year thereafter, each hospital's  
14 pass-through payment amount shall be reduced  
15 proportionally to the reduction of all pass-through  
16 payments required by federal regulations.

17 (k) At least 30 days prior to each calendar year, the  
18 Department shall notify each hospital of changes to the payment  
19 methodologies in this Section, including, but not limited to,  
20 changes in the fixed rate directed payment rates, the aggregate  
21 pass-through payment amount for all hospitals, and the  
22 hospital's pass-through payment amount for the upcoming  
23 calendar year.

24 (l) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section,  
25 the Department may adopt rules to change the methodology for  
26 directed and pass-through payments as set forth in this

1 Section, but only to the extent necessary to obtain federal  
2 approval of a necessary State Plan amendment or Directed  
3 Payment Preprint or to otherwise conform to federal law or  
4 federal regulation.

5 (m) As used in this subsection, "managed care organization"  
6 or "MCO" means an entity which contracts with the Department to  
7 provide services where payment for medical services is made on  
8 a capitated basis, excluding contracted entities for dual  
9 eligible or Department of Children and Family Services youth  
10 populations.

11 (n) In order to address the escalating infant mortality  
12 rates among minority communities in Illinois, the State shall,  
13 subject to appropriation, create a pool of funding of at least  
14 \$50,000,000 annually to be dispersed among community  
15 safety-net hospitals that maintain perinatal designation from  
16 the Department of Public Health. The funding shall be used to  
17 preserve or enhance OB/GYN services or other specialty services  
18 at the receiving hospital.

19 (Source: P.A. 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

20 Article 110.

21 Section 110-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
22 the Racial Impact Note Act.

23 Section 110-5. Racial impact note.

1           (a) Every bill which has or could have a disparate impact  
2 on racial and ethnic minorities, upon the request of any  
3 member, shall have prepared for it, before second reading in  
4 the house of introduction, a brief explanatory statement or  
5 note that shall include a reliable estimate of the anticipated  
6 impact on those racial and ethnic minorities likely to be  
7 impacted by the bill. Each racial impact note must include, for  
8 racial and ethnic minorities for which data are available: (i)  
9 an estimate of how the proposed legislation would impact racial  
10 and ethnic minorities; (ii) a statement of the methodologies  
11 and assumptions used in preparing the estimate; (iii) an  
12 estimate of the racial and ethnic composition of the population  
13 who may be impacted by the proposed legislation, including  
14 those persons who may be negatively impacted and those persons  
15 who may benefit from the proposed legislation; and (iv) any  
16 other matter that a responding agency considers appropriate in  
17 relation to the racial and ethnic minorities likely to be  
18 affected by the bill.

19           Section 110-10. Preparation.

20           (a) The sponsor of each bill for which a request under  
21 Section 110-5 has been made shall present a copy of the bill  
22 with the request for a racial impact note to the appropriate  
23 responding agency or agencies under subsection (b). The  
24 responding agency or agencies shall prepare and submit the note  
25 to the sponsor of the bill within 5 calendar days, except that

1 whenever, because of the complexity of the measure, additional  
2 time is required for the preparation of the racial impact note,  
3 the responding agency or agencies may inform the sponsor of the  
4 bill, and the sponsor may approve an extension of the time  
5 within which the note is to be submitted, not to extend,  
6 however, beyond June 15, following the date of the request. If,  
7 in the opinion of the responding agency or agencies, there is  
8 insufficient information to prepare a reliable estimate of the  
9 anticipated impact, a statement to that effect can be filed and  
10 shall meet the requirements of this Act.

11 (b) If a bill concerns arrests, convictions, or law  
12 enforcement, a statement shall be prepared by the Illinois  
13 Criminal Justice Information Authority specifying the impact  
14 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns  
15 corrections, sentencing, or the placement of individuals  
16 within the Department of Corrections, a statement shall be  
17 prepared by the Department of Corrections specifying the impact  
18 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns local  
19 government, a statement shall be prepared by the Department of  
20 Commerce and Economic Opportunity specifying the impact on  
21 racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns education, one  
22 of the following agencies shall prepare a statement specifying  
23 the impact on racial and ethnic minorities: (i) the Illinois  
24 Community College Board, if the bill affects community  
25 colleges; (ii) the Illinois State Board of Education, if the  
26 bill affects primary and secondary education; or (iii) the

1 Illinois Board of Higher Education, if the bill affects State  
2 universities. Any other State agency impacted or responsible  
3 for implementing all or part of this bill shall prepare a  
4 statement of the racial and ethnic impact of the bill as it  
5 relates to that agency.

6 Section 110-15. Requisites and contents. The note shall be  
7 factual in nature, as brief and concise as may be, and, in  
8 addition, it shall include both the immediate effect and, if  
9 determinable or reasonably foreseeable, the long range effect  
10 of the measure on racial and ethnic minorities. If, after  
11 careful investigation, it is determined that such an effect is  
12 not ascertainable, the note shall contain a statement to that  
13 effect, setting forth the reasons why no ascertainable effect  
14 can be given.

15 Section 110-20. Comment or opinion; technical or  
16 mechanical defects. No comment or opinion shall be included in  
17 the racial impact note with regard to the merits of the measure  
18 for which the racial impact note is prepared; however,  
19 technical or mechanical defects may be noted.

20 Section 110-25. Appearance of State officials and  
21 employees in support or opposition of measure. The fact that a  
22 racial impact note is prepared for any bill shall not preclude  
23 or restrict the appearance before any committee of the General

1 Assembly of any official or authorized employee of the  
2 responding agency or agencies, or any other impacted State  
3 agency, who desires to be heard in support of or in opposition  
4 to the measure.

5 Article 115.

6 Section 115-5. The Department of Healthcare and Family  
7 Services Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is  
8 amended by adding Section 2205-35 as follows:

9 (20 ILCS 2205/2205-35 new)

10 Sec. 2205-35. Increasing access to primary care in  
11 hospitals. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
12 shall develop a program to increase the presence of Federally  
13 Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) in hospitals, including, but  
14 not limited to, safety-net hospitals, with the goal of  
15 increasing care coordination, managing chronic diseases, and  
16 addressing the social determinants of health on or before  
17 December 31, 2021. In addition, the Department shall develop a  
18 payment methodology to allow FQHCs to provide care coordination  
19 services, including, but not limited to, chronic disease  
20 management and behavioral health services. The Department of  
21 Healthcare and Family Services shall develop a payment  
22 methodology to allow for care coordination services in FQHCs by  
23 no later than December 31, 2021.

1 Article 120.

2 Section 120-5. The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is  
3 amended by changing Section 5-565 as follows:

4 (20 ILCS 5/5-565) (was 20 ILCS 5/6.06)

5 Sec. 5-565. In the Department of Public Health.

6 (a) The General Assembly declares it to be the public  
7 policy of this State that all residents ~~citizens~~ of Illinois  
8 are entitled to lead healthy lives. Governmental public health  
9 has a specific responsibility to ensure that a public health  
10 system is in place to allow the public health mission to be  
11 achieved. The public health system is the collection of public,  
12 private, and voluntary entities as well as individuals and  
13 informal associations that contribute to the public's health  
14 within the State. To develop a public health system requires  
15 certain core functions to be performed by government. The State  
16 Board of Health is to assume the leadership role in advising  
17 the Director in meeting the following functions:

18 (1) Needs assessment.

19 (2) Statewide health objectives.

20 (3) Policy development.

21 (4) Assurance of access to necessary services.

22 There shall be a State Board of Health composed of 20  
23 persons, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, with



1 the advice and consent of the Senate for those appointed by the  
2 Governor on and after June 30, 1998, and one of whom shall be a  
3 senior citizen age 60 or over. Five members shall be physicians  
4 licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, one  
5 representing a medical school faculty, one who is board  
6 certified in preventive medicine, and one who is engaged in  
7 private practice. One member shall be a chiropractic physician.  
8 One member shall be a dentist; one an environmental health  
9 practitioner; one a local public health administrator; one a  
10 local board of health member; one a registered nurse; one a  
11 physical therapist; one an optometrist; one a veterinarian; one  
12 a public health academician; one a health care industry  
13 representative; one a representative of the business  
14 community; one a representative of the non-profit public  
15 interest community; and 2 shall be citizens at large.

16 The terms of Board of Health members shall be 3 years,  
17 except that members shall continue to serve on the Board of  
18 Health until a replacement is appointed. Upon the effective  
19 date of Public Act 93-975 (January 1, 2005) ~~this amendatory Act~~  
20 ~~of the 93rd General Assembly,~~ in the appointment of the Board  
21 of Health members appointed to vacancies or positions with  
22 terms expiring on or before December 31, 2004, the Governor  
23 shall appoint up to 6 members to serve for terms of 3 years; up  
24 to 6 members to serve for terms of 2 years; and up to 5 members  
25 to serve for a term of one year, so that the term of no more  
26 than 6 members expire in the same year. All members shall be

1 legal residents of the State of Illinois. The duties of the  
2 Board shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

3 (1) To advise the Department of ways to encourage  
4 public understanding and support of the Department's  
5 programs.

6 (2) To evaluate all boards, councils, committees,  
7 authorities, and bodies advisory to, or an adjunct of, the  
8 Department of Public Health or its Director for the purpose  
9 of recommending to the Director one or more of the  
10 following:

11 (i) The elimination of bodies whose activities are  
12 not consistent with goals and objectives of the  
13 Department.

14 (ii) The consolidation of bodies whose activities  
15 encompass compatible programmatic subjects.

16 (iii) The restructuring of the relationship  
17 between the various bodies and their integration  
18 within the organizational structure of the Department.

19 (iv) The establishment of new bodies deemed  
20 essential to the functioning of the Department.

21 (3) To serve as an advisory group to the Director for  
22 public health emergencies and control of health hazards.

23 (4) To advise the Director regarding public health  
24 policy, and to make health policy recommendations  
25 regarding priorities to the Governor through the Director.

26 (5) To present public health issues to the Director and

1 to make recommendations for the resolution of those issues.

2 (6) To recommend studies to delineate public health  
3 problems.

4 (7) To make recommendations to the Governor through the  
5 Director regarding the coordination of State public health  
6 activities with other State and local public health  
7 agencies and organizations.

8 (8) To report on or before February 1 of each year on  
9 the health of the residents of Illinois to the Governor,  
10 the General Assembly, and the public.

11 (9) To review the final draft of all proposed  
12 administrative rules, other than emergency or peremptory  
13 ~~preemptory~~ rules and those rules that another advisory body  
14 must approve or review within a statutorily defined time  
15 period, of the Department after September 19, 1991 (the  
16 effective date of Public Act 87-633). The Board shall  
17 review the proposed rules within 90 days of submission by  
18 the Department. The Department shall take into  
19 consideration any comments and recommendations of the  
20 Board regarding the proposed rules prior to submission to  
21 the Secretary of State for initial publication. If the  
22 Department disagrees with the recommendations of the  
23 Board, it shall submit a written response outlining the  
24 reasons for not accepting the recommendations.

25 In the case of proposed administrative rules or  
26 amendments to administrative rules regarding immunization

1 of children against preventable communicable diseases  
2 designated by the Director under the Communicable Disease  
3 Prevention Act, after the Immunization Advisory Committee  
4 has made its recommendations, the Board shall conduct 3  
5 public hearings, geographically distributed throughout the  
6 State. At the conclusion of the hearings, the State Board  
7 of Health shall issue a report, including its  
8 recommendations, to the Director. The Director shall take  
9 into consideration any comments or recommendations made by  
10 the Board based on these hearings.

11 (10) To deliver to the Governor for presentation to the  
12 General Assembly a State Health Assessment (SHA) and a  
13 State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP). The first 5 ~~3~~ such  
14 plans shall be delivered to the Governor on January 1,  
15 2006, January 1, 2009, ~~and~~ January 1, 2016, January 1,  
16 2021, and June 30, 2022, and then every 5 years thereafter.

17 The State Health Assessment and State Health  
18 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall assess and recommend  
19 priorities and strategies to improve the public health  
20 system, ~~and~~ the health status of Illinois residents, reduce  
21 health disparities and inequities, and promote health  
22 equity. The State Health Assessment and State Health  
23 Improvement Plan development and implementation shall  
24 conform to national Public Health Accreditation Board  
25 Standards. The State Health Assessment and State Health  
26 Improvement Plan development and implementation process

1 shall be carried out with the administrative and  
2 operational support of the Department of Public Health  
3 ~~taking into consideration national health objectives and~~  
4 ~~system standards as frameworks for assessment.~~

5 The State Health Assessment shall include  
6 comprehensive, broad-based data and information from a  
7 variety of sources on health status and the public health  
8 system including:

9 (i) quantitative data on the demographics and  
10 health status of the population, including data over  
11 time on health by gender, sex, race, ethnicity, age,  
12 socio-economic factors, geographic region, and other  
13 indicators of disparity;

14 (ii) quantitative data on social and structural  
15 issues affecting health (social and structural  
16 determinants of health), including, but not limited  
17 to, housing, transportation, educational attainment,  
18 employment, and income inequality;

19 (iii) priorities and strategies developed at the  
20 community level through the Illinois Project for Local  
21 Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and other local and  
22 regional community health needs assessments;

23 (iv) qualitative data representing the  
24 population's input on health concerns and well-being,  
25 including the perceptions of people experiencing  
26 disparities and health inequities;

1           (v) information on health disparities and health  
2           inequities; and

3           (vi) information on public health system strengths  
4           and areas for improvement.

5           ~~The Plan shall also take into consideration priorities~~  
6           ~~and strategies developed at the community level through the~~  
7           ~~Illinois Project for Local Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and~~  
8           ~~any regional health improvement plans that may be~~  
9           ~~developed.~~

10           The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall focus on  
11           prevention, social determinants of health, and promoting  
12           health equity as key strategies ~~as a key strategy~~ for  
13           long-term health improvement in Illinois.

14           The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall identify  
15           priority State health issues and social issues affecting  
16           health, and shall examine and make recommendations on the  
17           contributions and strategies of the public and private  
18           sectors for improving health status and the public health  
19           system in the State. In addition to recommendations on  
20           health status improvement priorities and strategies for  
21           the population of the State as a whole, the State Health  
22           Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall make recommendations regarding  
23           priorities and strategies for reducing and eliminating  
24           health disparities and health inequities in Illinois;  
25           including racial, ethnic, gender, sex, age,  
26           socio-economic, and geographic disparities. The State

1 Health Improvement Plan shall make recommendations  
2 regarding social determinants of health, such as housing,  
3 transportation, educational attainment, employment, and  
4 income inequality.

5 The development and implementation of the State Health  
6 Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan shall be a  
7 collaborative public-private cross-agency effort overseen  
8 by the SHA and SHIP Partnership. The Director of Public  
9 Health shall consult with the Governor to ensure  
10 participation by the head of State agencies with public  
11 health responsibilities (or their designees) in the SHA and  
12 SHIP Partnership, including, but not limited to, the  
13 Department of Public Health, the Department of Human  
14 Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family  
15 Services, the Department of Children and Family Services,  
16 the Environmental Protection Agency, the Illinois State  
17 Board of Education, the Department on Aging, the Illinois  
18 Housing Development Authority, the Illinois Criminal  
19 Justice Information Authority, the Department of  
20 Agriculture, the Department of Transportation, the  
21 Department of Corrections, the Department of Commerce and  
22 Economic Opportunity, and the Chair of the State Board of  
23 Health to also serve on the Partnership. A member of the  
24 Governors' staff shall participate in the Partnership and  
25 serve as a liaison to the Governors' office.

26 The Director of ~~the Illinois Department of Public~~

1 Health shall appoint a minimum of 20 other members of the  
2 SHA and SHIP Partnership representing ~~a Planning Team that~~  
3 ~~includes~~ a range of public, private, and voluntary sector  
4 stakeholders and participants in the public health system.  
5 For the first SHA and SHIP Partnership after the effective  
6 date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly,  
7 one-half of the members shall be appointed for a 3-year  
8 term, and one-half of the members shall be appointed for a  
9 5-year term. Subsequently, members shall be appointed to  
10 5-year terms. Should any member not be able to fulfill his  
11 or her term, the Director may appoint a replacement to  
12 complete that term. The Director, in consultation with the  
13 SHA and SHIP Partnership, may engage additional  
14 individuals and organizations to serve on subcommittees  
15 and ad hoc efforts to conduct the State Health Assessment  
16 and develop and implement the State Health Improvement  
17 Plan. Members of the SHA and SHIP Partnership shall receive  
18 no compensation for serving as members, but may be  
19 reimbursed for their necessary expenses.

20 The SHA and SHIP Partnership ~~This Team~~ shall include:  
21 ~~the directors of State agencies with public health~~  
22 ~~responsibilities (or their designees), including but not~~  
23 ~~limited to the Illinois Departments of Public Health and~~  
24 ~~Department of Human Services,~~ representatives of local  
25 health departments, ~~representatives of local community~~  
26 ~~health partnerships,~~ and individuals with expertise who



1 represent an array of organizations and constituencies  
2 engaged in public health improvement and prevention, such  
3 as non-profit public interest groups, groups serving  
4 populations that experience health disparities and health  
5 inequities, groups addressing social determinants of  
6 health, health issue groups, faith community groups,  
7 health care providers, businesses and employers, academic  
8 institutions, and community-based organizations.

9 The Director shall endeavor to make the membership of  
10 the Partnership diverse and inclusive of the racial,  
11 ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity  
12 of the State. The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall be chaired  
13 by the Director of Public Health or his or her designee.

14 The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall develop and  
15 implement a community engagement process that facilitates  
16 input into the development of the State Health Assessment  
17 and State Health Improvement Plan. This engagement process  
18 shall ensure that individuals with lived experience in the  
19 issues addressed in the State Health Assessment and State  
20 Health Improvement Plan are meaningfully engaged in the  
21 development and implementation of the State Health  
22 Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan.

23 The State Board of Health shall hold at least 3 public  
24 hearings addressing a draft of the State Health Improvement  
25 Plan ~~drafts of the Plan~~ in representative geographic areas  
26 of the State. ~~Members of the Planning Team shall receive no~~

1 ~~compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for~~  
2 ~~their necessary expenses.~~

3 ~~Upon the delivery of each State Health Improvement~~  
4 ~~Plan, the Governor shall appoint a SHIP Implementation~~  
5 ~~Coordination Council that includes a range of public,~~  
6 ~~private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and~~  
7 ~~participants in the public health system. The Council shall~~  
8 ~~include the directors of State agencies and entities with~~  
9 ~~public health system responsibilities (or their~~  
10 ~~designees), including but not limited to the Department of~~  
11 ~~Public Health, Department of Human Services, Department of~~  
12 ~~Healthcare and Family Services, Environmental Protection~~  
13 ~~Agency, Illinois State Board of Education, Department on~~  
14 ~~Aging, Illinois Violence Prevention Authority, Department~~  
15 ~~of Agriculture, Department of Insurance, Department of~~  
16 ~~Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of~~  
17 ~~Transportation, and Department of Commerce and Economic~~  
18 ~~Opportunity and the Chair of the State Board of Health. The~~  
19 ~~Council shall include representatives of local health~~  
20 ~~departments and individuals with expertise who represent~~  
21 ~~an array of organizations and constituencies engaged in~~  
22 ~~public health improvement and prevention, including~~  
23 ~~non-profit public interest groups, health issue groups,~~  
24 ~~faith community groups, health care providers, businesses~~  
25 ~~and employers, academic institutions, and community based~~  
26 ~~organizations. The Governor shall endeavor to make the~~

1 ~~membership of the Council representative of the racial,~~  
2 ~~ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity~~  
3 ~~of the State. The Governor shall designate one State agency~~  
4 ~~representative and one other non-governmental member as~~  
5 ~~co chairs of the Council. The Governor shall designate a~~  
6 ~~member of the Governor's office to serve as liaison to the~~  
7 ~~Council and one or more State agencies to provide or~~  
8 ~~arrange for support to the Council. The members of the SHIP~~  
9 ~~Implementation Coordination Council for each State Health~~  
10 ~~Improvement Plan shall serve until the delivery of the~~  
11 ~~subsequent State Health Improvement Plan, whereupon a new~~  
12 ~~Council shall be appointed. Members of the SHIP Planning~~  
13 ~~Team may serve on the SHIP Implementation Coordination~~  
14 ~~Council if so appointed by the Governor.~~

15 Upon the delivery of each State Health Assessment and  
16 State Health Improvement Plan, the SHA and SHIP Partnership  
17 ~~The SHIP Implementation Coordination Council~~ shall  
18 coordinate the efforts and engagement of the public,  
19 private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and  
20 participants in the public health system to implement each  
21 SHIP. The Partnership Council shall serve as a forum for  
22 collaborative action; coordinate existing and new  
23 initiatives; develop detailed implementation steps, with  
24 mechanisms for action; implement specific projects;  
25 identify public and private funding sources at the local,  
26 State and federal level; promote public awareness of the

1 SHIP; and advocate for the implementation of the SHIP. The  
2 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall implement strategies to  
3 ensure that individuals and communities affected by health  
4 disparities and health inequities are engaged in the  
5 process throughout the 5-year cycle. The SHA and SHIP  
6 Partnership shall not have the authority to direct any  
7 public or private entity to take specific action to  
8 implement the SHIP.  ~~; and develop an annual report to the~~  
9 ~~Governor, General Assembly, and public regarding the~~  
10 ~~status of implementation of the SHIP. The Council shall~~  
11 ~~not, however, have the authority to direct any public or~~  
12 ~~private entity to take specific action to implement the~~  
13 ~~SHIP.~~

14 The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall regularly evaluate  
15 and update the State Health Assessment and track  
16 implementation of the State Health Improvement Plan with  
17 revisions as necessary. The State Board of Health shall  
18 submit a report by January 31 of each year on the status of  
19 State Health Improvement Plan implementation and community  
20 engagement activities to the Governor, General Assembly,  
21 and public. In the fifth year, the report may be  
22 consolidated into the new State Health Assessment and State  
23 Health Improvement Plan.

24 (11) Upon the request of the Governor, to recommend to  
25 the Governor candidates for Director of Public Health when  
26 vacancies occur in the position.

1           (12) To adopt bylaws for the conduct of its own  
2           business, including the authority to establish ad hoc  
3           committees to address specific public health programs  
4           requiring resolution.

5           (13) (Blank).

6           Upon appointment, the Board shall elect a chairperson from  
7           among its members.

8           Members of the Board shall receive compensation for their  
9           services at the rate of \$150 per day, not to exceed \$10,000 per  
10          year, as designated by the Director for each day required for  
11          transacting the business of the Board and shall be reimbursed  
12          for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their  
13          duties. The Board shall meet from time to time at the call of  
14          the Department, at the call of the chairperson, or upon the  
15          request of 3 of its members, but shall not meet less than 4  
16          times per year.

17          (b) (Blank).

18          (c) An Advisory Board on Necropsy Service to Coroners,  
19          which shall counsel and advise with the Director on the  
20          administration of the Autopsy Act. The Advisory Board shall  
21          consist of 11 members, including a senior citizen age 60 or  
22          over, appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be  
23          designated as chairman by a majority of the members of the  
24          Board. In the appointment of the first Board the Governor shall  
25          appoint 3 members to serve for terms of 1 year, 3 for terms of 2  
26          years, and 3 for terms of 3 years. The members first appointed

1 under Public Act 83-1538 shall serve for a term of 3 years. All  
2 members appointed thereafter shall be appointed for terms of 3  
3 years, except that when an appointment is made to fill a  
4 vacancy, the appointment shall be for the remaining term of the  
5 position vacant. The members of the Board shall be citizens of  
6 the State of Illinois. In the appointment of members of the  
7 Advisory Board the Governor shall appoint 3 members who shall  
8 be persons licensed to practice medicine and surgery in the  
9 State of Illinois, at least 2 of whom shall have received  
10 post-graduate training in the field of pathology; 3 members who  
11 are duly elected coroners in this State; and 5 members who  
12 shall have interest and abilities in the field of forensic  
13 medicine but who shall be neither persons licensed to practice  
14 any branch of medicine in this State nor coroners. In the  
15 appointment of medical and coroner members of the Board, the  
16 Governor shall invite nominations from recognized medical and  
17 coroners organizations in this State respectively. Board  
18 members, while serving on business of the Board, shall receive  
19 actual necessary travel and subsistence expenses while so  
20 serving away from their places of residence.

21 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 99-527, eff. 1-1-17;  
22 revised 7-17-19.)

23 Article 125.

24 Section 125-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as

1 the Health and Human Services Task Force and Study Act.  
2 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

3 Section 125-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

4 (1) The State is committed to improving the health and  
5 well-being of Illinois residents and families.

6 (2) According to data collected by the Kaiser  
7 Foundation, Illinois had over 905,000 uninsured residents  
8 in 2019, with a total uninsured rate of 7.3%.

9 (3) Many Illinois residents and families who have  
10 health insurance cannot afford to use it due to high  
11 deductibles and cost sharing.

12 (4) Lack of access to affordable health care services  
13 disproportionately affects minority communities throughout  
14 the State, leading to poorer health outcomes among those  
15 populations.

16 (5) Illinois Medicaid beneficiaries are not receiving  
17 the coordinated and effective care they need to support  
18 their overall health and well-being.

19 (6) Illinois has an opportunity to improve the health  
20 and well-being of a historically underserved and  
21 vulnerable population by providing more coordinated and  
22 higher quality care to its Medicaid beneficiaries.

23 (7) The State of Illinois has a responsibility to help  
24 crime victims access justice, assistance, and the support  
25 they need to heal.

1           (8) Research has shown that people who are repeatedly  
2 victimized are more likely to face mental health problems  
3 such as depression, anxiety, and symptoms related to  
4 post-traumatic stress disorder and chronic trauma.

5           (9) Trauma-informed care has been promoted and  
6 established in communities across the country on a  
7 bipartisan basis, and numerous federal agencies have  
8 integrated trauma-informed approaches into their programs  
9 and grants, which should be leveraged by the State of  
10 Illinois.

11           (10) Infants, children, and youth and their families  
12 who have experienced or are at risk of experiencing trauma,  
13 including those who are low-income, homeless, involved  
14 with the child welfare system, involved in the juvenile or  
15 adult justice system, unemployed, or not enrolled in or at  
16 risk of dropping out of an educational institution and live  
17 in a community that has faced acute or long-term exposure  
18 to substantial discrimination, historical oppression,  
19 intergenerational poverty, a high rate of violence or drug  
20 overdose deaths, should have an opportunity for improved  
21 outcomes; this means increasing access to greater  
22 opportunities to meet educational, employment, health,  
23 developmental, community reentry, permanency from foster  
24 care, or other key goals.

25           Section 125-10. Health and Human Services Task Force. The



1 Health and Human Services Task Force is created within the  
2 Department of Human Services to undertake a systematic review  
3 of health and human service departments and programs with the  
4 goal of improving health and human service outcomes for  
5 Illinois residents.

6 Section 125-15. Study.

7 (1) The Task Force shall review all health and human  
8 service departments and programs and make recommendations for  
9 achieving a system that will improve interagency  
10 interoperability with respect to improving access to  
11 healthcare, healthcare disparities, workforce competency and  
12 diversity, social determinants of health, and data sharing and  
13 collection. These recommendations shall include, but are not  
14 limited to, the following elements:

15 (i) impact on infant and maternal mortality;

16 (ii) impact of hospital closures, including safety-net  
17 hospitals, on local communities; and

18 (iii) impact on Medicaid Managed Care Organizations.

19 (2) The Task Force shall review and make recommendations on  
20 ways the Medicaid program can partner and cooperate with other  
21 agencies, including but not limited to the Department of  
22 Agriculture, the Department of Insurance, the Department of  
23 Human Services, the Department of Labor, the Environmental  
24 Protection Agency, and the Department of Public Health, to  
25 better address social determinants of public health,

1 including, but not limited to, food deserts, affordable  
2 housing, environmental pollutions, employment, education, and  
3 public support services. This shall include a review and  
4 recommendations on ways Medicaid and the agencies can share  
5 costs related to better health outcomes.

6 (3) The Task Force shall review the current partnership,  
7 communication, and cooperation between Federally Qualified  
8 Health Centers (FQHCs) and safety-net hospitals in Illinois and  
9 make recommendations on public policies that will improve  
10 interoperability and cooperations between these entities in  
11 order to achieve improved coordinated care and better health  
12 outcomes for vulnerable populations in the State.

13 (4) The Task Force shall review and examine public policies  
14 affecting trauma and social determinants of health, including  
15 trauma-informed care, and make recommendations on ways to  
16 improve and integrate trauma-informed approaches into programs  
17 and agencies in the State, including, but not limited to,  
18 Medicaid and other health care programs administered by the  
19 State, and increase awareness of trauma and its effects on  
20 communities across Illinois.

21 (5) The Task Force shall review and examine the connection  
22 between access to education and health outcomes particularly in  
23 African American and minority communities and make  
24 recommendations on public policies to address any gaps or  
25 deficiencies.

1 Section 125-20. Membership; appointments; meetings;  
2 support.

3 (1) The Task Force shall include representation from both  
4 public and private organizations, and its membership shall  
5 reflect regional, racial, and cultural diversity to ensure  
6 representation of the needs of all Illinois citizens. Task  
7 Force members shall include one member appointed by the  
8 President of the Senate, one member appointed by the Minority  
9 Leader of the Senate, one member appointed by the Speaker of  
10 the House of Representatives, one member appointed by the  
11 Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and other  
12 members appointed by the Governor. The Governor's appointments  
13 shall include, without limitation, the following:

14 (A) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
15 President, who shall serve as Co-Chair;

16 (B) One member of the House of Representatives,  
17 appointed by the Speaker of the House, who shall serve as  
18 Co-Chair;

19 (C) Eight members of the General Assembly representing  
20 each of the majority and minority caucuses of each chamber.

21 (D) The Directors or Secretaries of the following State  
22 agencies or their designees:

23 (i) Department of Human Services.

24 (ii) Department of Children and Family Services.

25 (iii) Department of Healthcare and Family  
26 Services.

1 (iv) State Board of Education.

2 (v) Department on Aging.

3 (vi) Department of Public Health.

4 (vii) Department of Veterans' Affairs.

5 (viii) Department of Insurance.

6 (E) Local government stakeholders and nongovernmental  
7 stakeholders with an interest in human services, including  
8 representation among the following private-sector fields  
9 and constituencies:

10 (i) Early childhood education and development.

11 (ii) Child care.

12 (iii) Child welfare.

13 (iv) Youth services.

14 (v) Developmental disabilities.

15 (vi) Mental health.

16 (vii) Employment and training.

17 (viii) Sexual and domestic violence.

18 (ix) Alcohol and substance abuse.

19 (x) Local community collaborations among human  
20 services programs.

21 (xi) Immigrant services.

22 (xii) Affordable housing.

23 (xiii) Food and nutrition.

24 (xiv) Homelessness.

25 (xv) Older adults.

26 (xvi) Physical disabilities.

1 (xvii) Maternal and child health.

2 (xviii) Medicaid managed care organizations.

3 (xix) Healthcare delivery.

4 (xx) Health insurance.

5 (2) Members shall serve without compensation for the  
6 duration of the Task Force.

7 (3) In the event of a vacancy, the appointment to fill the  
8 vacancy shall be made in the same manner as the original  
9 appointment.

10 (4) The Task Force shall convene within 60 days after the  
11 effective date of this Act. The initial meeting of the Task  
12 Force shall be convened by the co-chair selected by the  
13 Governor. Subsequent meetings shall convene at the call of the  
14 co-chairs. The Task Force shall meet on a quarterly basis, or  
15 more often if necessary.

16 (5) The Department of Human Services shall provide  
17 administrative support to the Task Force.

18 Section 125-25. Report. The Task Force shall report to the  
19 Governor and the General Assembly on the Task Force's progress  
20 toward its goals and objectives by June 30, 2021, and every  
21 June 30 thereafter.

22 Section 125-30. Transparency. In addition to whatever  
23 policies or procedures it may adopt, all operations of the Task  
24 Force shall be subject to the provisions of the Freedom of

1 Information Act and the Open Meetings Act. This Section shall  
2 not be construed so as to preclude other State laws from  
3 applying to the Task Force and its activities.

4 Section 125-40. Repeal. This Article is repealed June 30,  
5 2023.

6 Article 130.

7 Section 130-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
8 the Anti-Racism Commission Act. References in this Article to  
9 "this Act" mean this Article.

10 Section 130-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds and  
11 declares all of the following:

12 (1) Public health is the science and art of preventing  
13 disease, of protecting and improving the health of people,  
14 entire populations, and their communities; this work is  
15 achieved by promoting healthy lifestyles and choices,  
16 researching disease, and preventing injury.

17 (2) Public health professionals try to prevent  
18 problems from happening or recurring through implementing  
19 educational programs, recommending policies, administering  
20 services, and limiting health disparities through the  
21 promotion of equitable and accessible healthcare.

22 (3) According to the Centers for Disease Control and

1 Prevention, racism and segregation in the State of Illinois  
2 have exacerbated a health divide, resulting in Black  
3 residents having lower life expectancies than white  
4 citizens of this State and being far more likely than other  
5 races to die prematurely (before the age of 75) and to die  
6 of heart disease or stroke; Black residents of Illinois  
7 have a higher level of infant mortality, lower birth weight  
8 babies, and are more likely to be overweight or obese as  
9 adults, have adult diabetes, and have long-term  
10 complications from diabetes that exacerbate other  
11 conditions, including the susceptibility to COVID-19.

12 (4) Black and Brown people are more likely to  
13 experience poor health outcomes as a consequence of their  
14 social determinants of health, health inequities stemming  
15 from economic instability, education, physical  
16 environment, food, and access to health care systems.

17 (5) Black residents in Illinois are more likely than  
18 white residents to experience violence-related trauma as a  
19 result of socioeconomic conditions resulting from systemic  
20 racism.

21 (6) Racism is a social system with multiple dimensions  
22 in which individual racism is internalized or  
23 interpersonal and systemic racism is institutional or  
24 structural and is a system of structuring opportunity and  
25 assigning value based on the social interpretation of how  
26 one looks; this unfairly disadvantages specific

1 individuals and communities, while unfairly giving  
2 advantages to other individuals and communities; it saps  
3 the strength of the whole society through the waste of  
4 human resources.

5 (7) Racism causes persistent racial discrimination  
6 that influences many areas of life, including housing,  
7 education, employment, and criminal justice; an emerging  
8 body of research demonstrates that racism itself is a  
9 social determinant of health.

10 (8) More than 100 studies have linked racism to worse  
11 health outcomes.

12 (9) The American Public Health Association launched a  
13 National Campaign against Racism.

14 (10) Public health's responsibilities to address  
15 racism include reshaping our discourse and agenda so that  
16 we all actively engage in racial justice work.

17 Section 130-10. Anti-Racism Commission.

18 (a) The Anti-Racism Commission is hereby created to  
19 identify and propose statewide policies to eliminate systemic  
20 racism and advance equitable solutions for Black and Brown  
21 people in Illinois.

22 (b) The Anti-Racism Commission shall consist of the  
23 following members, who shall serve without compensation:

24 (1) one member of the House of Representatives,  
25 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,



1 who shall serve as co-chair;

2 (2) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
3 President, who shall serve as co-chair;

4 (3) one member of the House of Representatives,  
5 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of  
6 Representatives;

7 (4) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Minority  
8 Leader of the Senate;

9 (5) the Director of Public Health, or his or her  
10 designee;

11 (6) the Chair of the House Black Caucus;

12 (7) the Chair of the Senate Black Caucus;

13 (8) the Chair of the Joint Legislative Black Caucus;

14 (9) the director of a statewide association  
15 representing public health departments, appointed by the  
16 Speaker of the House of Representatives;

17 (10) the Chair of the House Latino Caucus;

18 (11) the Chair of the Senate Latino Caucus;

19 (12) one community member appointed by the House Black  
20 Caucus Chair;

21 (13) one community member appointed by the Senate Black  
22 Caucus Chair;

23 (14) one community member appointed by the House Latino  
24 Caucus Chair; and

25 (15) one community member appointed by the Senate  
26 Latino Caucus Chair.

1 (c) The Department of Public Health shall provide  
2 administrative support for the Commission.

3 (d) The Commission is charged with, but not limited to, the  
4 following tasks:

5 (1) Working to create an equity and justice-oriented  
6 State government.

7 (2) Assessing the policy and procedures of all State  
8 agencies to ensure racial equity is a core element of State  
9 government.

10 (3) Developing and incorporating into the  
11 organizational structure of State government a plan for  
12 educational efforts to understand, address, and dismantle  
13 systemic racism in government actions.

14 (4) Recommending and advocating for policies that  
15 improve health in Black and Brown people and support local,  
16 State, regional, and federal initiatives that advance  
17 efforts to dismantle systemic racism.

18 (5) Working to build alliances and partnerships with  
19 organizations that are confronting racism and encouraging  
20 other local, State, regional, and national entities to  
21 recognize racism as a public health crisis.

22 (6) Promoting community engagement, actively engaging  
23 citizens on issues of racism and assisting in providing  
24 tools to engage actively and authentically with Black and  
25 Brown people.

26 (7) Reviewing all portions of codified State laws

1 through the lens of racial equity.

2 (8) Working with the Department of Central Management  
3 Services to update policies that encourage diversity in  
4 human resources, including hiring, board appointments, and  
5 vendor selection by agencies, and to review all grant  
6 management activities with an eye toward equity and  
7 workforce development.

8 (9) Recommending policies that promote racially  
9 equitable economic and workforce development practices.

10 (10) Promoting and supporting all policies that  
11 prioritize the health of all people, especially people of  
12 color, by mitigating exposure to adverse childhood  
13 experiences and trauma in childhood and ensuring  
14 implementation of health and equity in all policies.

15 (11) Encouraging community partners and stakeholders  
16 in the education, employment, housing, criminal justice,  
17 and safety arenas to recognize racism as a public health  
18 crisis and to implement policy recommendations.

19 (12) Identifying clear goals and objectives, including  
20 specific benchmarks, to assess progress.

21 (13) Holding public hearings across Illinois to  
22 continue to explore and to recommend needed action by the  
23 General Assembly.

24 (14) Working with the Governor and the General Assembly  
25 to identify the necessary funds to support the Anti-Racism  
26 Commission and its endeavors.



1 and treatment of sickle cell disease and for educational  
2 programs concerning the disease.

3 Section 131-15. Grants; eligibility standards.

4 (a) The Department shall do the following:

5 (1) (A) Develop application criteria and standards of  
6 eligibility for groups or organizations who apply for funds  
7 under the program.

8 (B) Make available grants to groups and organizations  
9 who meet the eligibility standards set by the Department.

10 However:

11 (i) the highest priority for grants shall be  
12 accorded to established sickle cell disease  
13 community-based organizations throughout Illinois; and

14 (ii) priority shall also be given to ensuring the  
15 establishment of sickle cell disease centers in  
16 underserved areas that have a higher population of  
17 sickle cell disease patients.

18 (2) Determine the maximum amount available for each  
19 grant provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).

20 (3) Determine policies for the expiration and renewal  
21 of grants provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).

22 (4) Require that all grant funds be used for the  
23 purpose of prevention, care, and treatment of sickle cell  
24 disease or for educational programs concerning the  
25 disease. Grant funds shall be used for one or more of the

1 following purposes:

2 (A) Assisting in the development and expansion of  
3 care for the treatment of individuals with sickle cell  
4 disease, particularly for adults, including the  
5 following types of care:

6 (i) Self-administered care.

7 (ii) Preventive care.

8 (iii) Home care.

9 (iv) Other evidence-based medical procedures  
10 and techniques designed to provide maximum control  
11 over sickling episodes typical of occurring to an  
12 individual with the disease.

13 (B) Increasing access to health care for  
14 individuals with sickle cell disease.

15 (C) Establishing additional sickle cell disease  
16 infusion centers.

17 (D) Increasing access to mental health resources  
18 and pain management therapies for individuals with  
19 sickle cell disease.

20 (E) Providing counseling to any individual, at no  
21 cost, concerning sickle cell disease and sickle cell  
22 trait, and the characteristics, symptoms, and  
23 treatment of the disease.

24 (i) The counseling described in this  
25 subparagraph (E) may consist of any of the  
26 following:

1 (I) Genetic counseling for an individual  
2 who tests positive for the sickle cell trait.

3 (II) Psychosocial counseling for an  
4 individual who tests positive for sickle cell  
5 disease, including any of the following:

6 (aa) Social service counseling.

7 (bb) Psychological counseling.

8 (cc) Psychiatric counseling.

9 (5) Develop a sickle cell disease educational outreach  
10 program that includes the dissemination of educational  
11 materials to the following concerning sickle cell disease  
12 and sickle cell trait:

13 (A) Medical residents.

14 (B) Immigrants.

15 (C) Schools and universities.

16 (6) Adopt any rules necessary to implement the  
17 provisions of this Act.

18 (b) The Department may contract with an entity to implement  
19 the sickle cell disease educational outreach program described  
20 in paragraph (5) of subsection (a).

21 Section 131-20. Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

22 (a) The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund is created as a  
23 special fund in the State treasury for the purpose of carrying  
24 out the provisions of this Act and for no other purpose. The  
25 Fund shall be administered by the Department.

1 (b) The Fund shall consist of:

2 (1) Any moneys appropriated to the Department for the  
3 Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program.

4 (2) Gifts, bequests, and other sources of funding.

5 (3) All interest earned on moneys in the Fund.

6 Section 131-25. Study.

7 (a) Before July 1, 2022, and on a biennial basis  
8 thereafter, the Department, with the assistance of:

9 (1) the Center for Minority Health Services;

10 (2) health care providers that treat individuals with  
11 sickle cell disease;

12 (3) individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease;

13 (4) representatives of community-based organizations  
14 that serve individuals with sickle cell disease; and

15 (5) data collected via newborn screening for sickle  
16 cell disease;

17 shall perform a study to determine the prevalence, impact, and  
18 needs of individuals with sickle cell disease and the sickle  
19 cell trait in Illinois.

20 (b) The study must include the following:

21 (1) The prevalence, by geographic location, of  
22 individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease in  
23 Illinois.

24 (2) The prevalence, by geographic location, of  
25 individuals diagnosed as sickle cell trait carriers in



1 Illinois.

2 (3) The availability and affordability of screening  
3 services in Illinois for the sickle cell trait.

4 (4) The location and capacity of the following for the  
5 treatment of sickle cell disease and sickle cell trait  
6 carriers:

7 (A) Treatment centers.

8 (B) Clinics.

9 (C) Community-based social service organizations.

10 (D) Medical specialists.

11 (5) The unmet medical, psychological, and social needs  
12 encountered by individuals in Illinois with sickle cell  
13 disease.

14 (6) The underserved areas of Illinois for the treatment  
15 of sickle cell disease.

16 (7) Recommendations for actions to address any  
17 shortcomings in the State identified under this Section.

18 (c) The Department shall submit a report on the study  
19 performed under this Section to the General Assembly.

20 Section 131-30. Implementation subject to appropriation.

21 Implementation of this Act is subject to appropriation.

22 Section 131-90. The State Finance Act is amended by adding  
23 Section 5.936 as follows:

1 (30 ILCS 105/5.936 new)

2 Sec. 5.936. The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

3 Article 132.

4 Section 132-5. The School Code is amended by adding Section  
5 34-18.67 as follows:

6 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.67 new)

7 Sec. 34-18.67. School nurse pilot program. The board shall  
8 establish a school nurse pilot program. Under the program, the  
9 board shall require the top 20% of the lowest performing  
10 schools in the district, as determined by the board, to employ  
11 a school nurse in conformance with Section 10-22.23 of this  
12 Code. The board shall implement this program beginning with the  
13 2021-2022 school year.

14 Article 133.

15 Section 133-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
16 the Health Care for All Illinois Act. References in this  
17 Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

18 Section 133-5. Purposes. It is the purpose of this Act to  
19 provide universal access to health care for all individuals  
20 within the State, to promote and improve the health of all its

1 citizens, to stress the importance of good public health  
2 through treatment and prevention of diseases, and to contain  
3 costs to make the delivery of this care affordable. Should  
4 legislation of this kind be enacted on a federal level, it is  
5 the intent of this Act to become a part of a nationwide system.

6 Section 133-10. Definitions. In this Act:

7 "Board" means the Illinois Health Services Governing  
8 Board.

9 "Program" means the Illinois Health Services Program.

10 Section 133-15. Eligibility; registration. All individuals  
11 residing in this State are covered under the Illinois Health  
12 Services Program for health insurance and shall receive a card  
13 with a unique number in the mail. An individual's social  
14 security number shall not be used for purposes of registration  
15 under this Section. Individuals and families shall receive an  
16 Illinois Health Services Insurance Card in the mail after  
17 filling out a program application form at a health care  
18 provider. Such application form shall be no more than 2 pages  
19 long. Individuals who present themselves for covered services  
20 from a participating provider shall be presumed to be eligible  
21 for benefits under this Act, but shall complete an application  
22 for benefits in order to receive an Illinois Health Services  
23 Insurance Card and have payment made for such benefits.

1 Section 133-20. Benefits and portability.

2 (a) The health coverage benefits under this Act shall cover  
3 all medically necessary services, including:

4 (1) primary care and prevention;

5 (2) specialty care (other than what is deemed elective  
6 cosmetic);

7 (3) inpatient care;

8 (4) outpatient care;

9 (5) emergency care;

10 (6) prescription drugs;

11 (7) durable medical equipment;

12 (8) long-term care;

13 (9) mental health services;

14 (10) the full scope of dental services (other than  
15 elective cosmetic dentistry);

16 (11) substance abuse treatment services;

17 (12) chiropractic services; and

18 (13) basic vision care and vision correction.

19 (b) Health coverage benefits under this Act are available  
20 through any licensed health care provider anywhere in the State  
21 that is legally qualified to provide such benefits and for  
22 emergency care anywhere in the United States.

23 (c) No deductibles, copayments, coinsurance, or other cost  
24 sharing shall be imposed with respect to covered benefits  
25 except for those goods or services that exceed basic covered  
26 benefits, as defined by the Board.

1 Section 133-25. Qualification of participating providers.

2 (a) Health care delivery facilities must meet regional and  
3 State quality and licensing guidelines as a condition of  
4 participation under the program, including guidelines  
5 regarding safe staffing and quality of care.

6 (b) A participating health care provider must be licensed  
7 by the State. No health care provider whose license is under  
8 suspension or has been revoked may participate in the program.

9 (c) Only nonprofit health maintenance organizations that  
10 actually deliver care in their own facilities and directly  
11 employ clinicians may participate in the program.

12 (d) Patients shall have free choice of participating  
13 eligible providers, hospitals, and inpatient care facilities.

14 Section 133-30. Provider reimbursement.

15 (a) The program shall pay all health care providers  
16 according to the following standards:

17 (1) Physicians and other practitioners can choose to be  
18 paid fee-for-service, salaried by institutions receiving  
19 global budgets, or salaried by group practices or health  
20 maintenance organizations receiving capitation payments.  
21 Investor-owned health maintenance organizations and group  
22 practices shall be converted to not-for-profit status.  
23 Only institutions that deliver care shall be eligible for  
24 program payments.

1           (2) The program will pay each hospital and providing  
2           institution a monthly lump sum (global budget) to cover all  
3           operating expenses. The hospital and program will  
4           negotiate the amount of this payment annually based on past  
5           budgets, clinical performance, projected changes in demand  
6           for services and input costs, and proposed new programs.  
7           Hospitals shall not bill patients for services covered by  
8           the program, and cannot use any of their operating budgets  
9           for expansion, profit, excessive executive income,  
10          marketing, or major capital purchases or leases.

11          (3) The program budget will fund major capital  
12          expenditures, including the construction of new health  
13          facilities and the purchase of expensive equipment. The  
14          regional health planning districts shall allocate these  
15          capital funds and oversee capital projects funded from  
16          private donations.

17          (b) The program shall reimburse physicians choosing to be  
18          paid fee-for-service according to a fee schedule negotiated  
19          between physician representatives and the program on at least  
20          an annual basis.

21          (c) Hospitals, nursing homes, community health centers,  
22          nonprofit staff model health maintenance organizations, and  
23          home health care agencies will receive a global budget to cover  
24          operating expenses, negotiated annually with the program based  
25          on past expenditures, past budgets, clinical performance,  
26          projected changes in demand for services and input costs, and

1 proposed new programs. Expansions and other substantive  
2 capital investments will be funded separately.

3 (d) All covered prescription drugs and durable medical  
4 supplies will be paid for according to a fee schedule  
5 negotiated between manufacturers and the program on at least an  
6 annual basis. Price reductions shall be achieved by bulk  
7 purchasing whenever possible. Where therapeutically equivalent  
8 drugs are available, the formulary shall specify the use of the  
9 lowest-cost medication, with exceptions available in the case  
10 of medical necessity.

11 Section 133-35. Prohibition against duplicating coverage;  
12 investor-ownership of health delivery facilities.

13 (a) It is unlawful for a private health insurer to sell  
14 health insurance coverage that duplicates the benefits  
15 provided under this Act. Nothing in this Act shall be construed  
16 as prohibiting the sale of health insurance coverage for any  
17 additional benefits not covered by this Act.

18 (b) Investor-ownership of health delivery facilities,  
19 including hospitals, health maintenance organizations, nursing  
20 homes, and clinics, is unlawful. Investor-owners of health  
21 delivery facilities at the time of the effective date of this  
22 Act shall be compensated for the loss of their facilities, but  
23 not for loss of business opportunities or for administrative  
24 capacity not used by the program.

1 Section 133-40. Illinois Health Services Trust.

2 (a) The State shall establish the Illinois Health Services  
3 Trust (IHST), the sole purpose of which shall be to provide the  
4 financing reserve for the purposes outlined in this Act.  
5 Specifically, the IHST shall provide all of the following:

6 (1) The funds for the general operating budget of the  
7 program.

8 (2) Reimbursement for those benefits outlined in  
9 Section 133-20 of this Act.

10 (3) Public health services.

11 (4) Capital expenditures for construction or  
12 renovation of health care facilities or major equipment  
13 purchases deemed necessary throughout the State and  
14 approved by the Board.

15 (5) Re-education and job placement of persons who have  
16 lost their jobs as a result of this transition, limited to  
17 the first 5 years.

18 (b) The General Assembly or the Governor may provide funds  
19 to the IHST, but may not remove or borrow funds from the IHST.

20 (c) The IHST shall be administered by the Board, under the  
21 oversight of the General Assembly.

22 (d) Funding of the IHST shall include, but is not limited  
23 to, all of the following:

24 (1) Funds appropriated as outlined by the General  
25 Assembly on a yearly basis.

26 (2) A progressive set of graduated income



1 contributions; 20% paid by individuals, 20% paid by  
2 businesses, and 60% paid by the government.

3 (3) All federal moneys that are designated for health  
4 care, including, but not limited to, all moneys designated  
5 for Medicaid. The Secretary of Human Services shall be  
6 authorized to negotiate with the federal government for  
7 funding of Medicare recipients.

8 (4) Grants and contributions, both public and private.

9 (5) Any other tax revenues designated by the General  
10 Assembly.

11 (6) Any other funds specifically earmarked for health  
12 care or health care education, such as settlements from  
13 litigation.

14 (e) The total overhead and administrative portion of the  
15 program budget may not exceed 12% of the total operating budget  
16 of the program for the first 2 years that the program is in  
17 operation; 8% for the following 2 years; and 5% for each year  
18 thereafter.

19 (f) The program may be divided into regional districts for  
20 the purposes of local administration and oversight of programs  
21 that are specific to each region's needs.

22 (g) Claims billing from all providers must be submitted  
23 electronically and in compliance with current State and federal  
24 privacy laws within 5 years after the effective date of this  
25 Act. Electronic claims and billing must be uniform across the  
26 State. The Board shall create and implement a statewide uniform

1 system of electronic medical records that is in compliance with  
2 current State and federal privacy laws within 7 years after the  
3 effective date of this Act. Payments to providers must be made  
4 in a timely fashion as outlined under current State and federal  
5 law. Providers who accept payment from the program for services  
6 rendered may not bill any patient for covered services.  
7 Providers may elect either to participate fully, or not at all,  
8 in the program.

9 Section 133-45. Long-term care payment. The Board shall  
10 establish funding for long-term care services, including  
11 in-home, nursing home, and community-based care. A local public  
12 agency shall be established in each community to determine  
13 eligibility and coordinate home and nursing home long-term  
14 care. This agency may contract with long-term care providers  
15 for the full range of needed long-term care services.

16 Section 133-50. Mental health services. The program shall  
17 provide coverage for all medically necessary mental health care  
18 on the same basis as the coverage for other conditions. The  
19 program shall cover supportive residences, occupational  
20 therapy, and ongoing mental health and counseling services  
21 outside the hospital for patients with serious mental illness.  
22 In all cases the highest quality and most effective care shall  
23 be delivered, including institutional care.

1 Section 133-55. Payment for prescription medications,  
2 medical supplies, and medically necessary assistive equipment.

3 (a) The program shall establish a single prescription drug  
4 formulary and list of approved durable medical goods and  
5 supplies. The Board shall, by itself or by a committee of  
6 health professionals and related individuals appointed by the  
7 Board and called the Pharmaceutical and Durable Medical Goods  
8 Committee, meet on a quarterly basis to discuss, reverse, add  
9 to, or remove items from the formulary according to sound  
10 medical practice.

11 (b) The Pharmaceutical and Durable Medical Goods Committee  
12 shall negotiate the prices of pharmaceuticals and durable  
13 medical goods with suppliers or manufacturers on an open bid  
14 competitive basis. Prices shall be reviewed, negotiated, or  
15 renegotiated on no less than an annual basis. The  
16 Pharmaceutical and Durable Medical Goods Committee shall  
17 establish a process of open forum to the public for the  
18 purposes of grievance and petition from suppliers, provider  
19 groups, and the public regarding the formulary no less than 2  
20 times a year.

21 (c) All pharmacy and durable medical goods vendors must be  
22 licensed to distribute medical goods through the regulations  
23 outlined by the Board.

24 (d) All decisions and determinations of the Pharmaceutical  
25 and Durable Medical Goods Committee must be presented to and  
26 approved by the Board on an annual basis.

1 Section 133-60. Illinois Health Services Governing Board.

2 (a) The program shall be administered by an independent  
3 agency known as the Illinois Health Services Governing Board.  
4 The Board will consist of a Commissioner, a Chief Medical  
5 Officer, and public State board members. The Board is  
6 responsible for administration of the program, including:

7 (1) implementation of eligibility standards and  
8 program enrollment;

9 (2) adoption of the benefits package;

10 (3) establishing formulas for setting health  
11 expenditure budgets;

12 (4) administration of global budgets, capital  
13 expenditure budgets, and prompt reimbursement of  
14 providers;

15 (5) negotiations of service fee schedules and prices  
16 for prescription drugs and durable medical supplies;

17 (6) recommending evidence-based changes to benefits;  
18 and

19 (7) quality and planning functions, including criteria  
20 for capital expansion and infrastructure development,  
21 measurement and evaluation of health quality indicators,  
22 and the establishment of regions for long-term care  
23 integration.

24 (b) At least one-third of the members of the Board,  
25 including all committees dedicated to benefits design, health

1 planning, quality, and long-term care, shall be consumer  
2 representatives.

3 Section 133-65. Patients' rights. The program shall  
4 protect the rights and privacy of the patients that it serves  
5 in accordance with all current State and federal statutes. With  
6 the development of the electronic medical records, patients  
7 shall be afforded the right and option of keeping any portion  
8 of their medical records separate from the electronic medical  
9 records. Patients have the right to access their medical  
10 records upon demand.

11 Section 133-70. Compensation. The Commissioner, the Chief  
12 Medical Officer, public State board members, and employees of  
13 the program shall be compensated in accordance with the current  
14 pay scale for State employees and as deemed professionally  
15 appropriate by the General Assembly and reviewed in accordance  
16 with all other State employees.

17 Title VII. Hospital Closure

18 Article 135.

19 Section 135-5. The Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act  
20 is amended by changing Sections 4 and 8.7 and by adding Section  
21 5.5 as follows:

1 (20 ILCS 3960/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1154)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

3 Sec. 4. Health Facilities and Services Review Board;  
4 membership; appointment; term; compensation; quorum.

5 (a) There is created the Health Facilities and Services  
6 Review Board, which shall perform the functions described in  
7 this Act. The Department shall provide operational support to  
8 the Board as necessary, including the provision of office  
9 space, supplies, and clerical, financial, and accounting  
10 services. The Board may contract for functions or operational  
11 support as needed. The Board may also contract with experts  
12 related to specific health services or facilities and create  
13 technical advisory panels to assist in the development of  
14 criteria, standards, and procedures used in the evaluation of  
15 applications for permit and exemption.

16 (b) The State Board shall consist of 11 ~~9~~ voting members.  
17 All members shall be residents of Illinois and at least 4 shall  
18 reside outside the Chicago Metropolitan Statistical Area.  
19 Consideration shall be given to potential appointees who  
20 reflect the ethnic and cultural diversity of the State. Neither  
21 Board members nor Board staff shall be convicted felons or have  
22 pled guilty to a felony.

23 Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the  
24 practice, procedures and principles of the health care delivery  
25 system in Illinois, including at least 5 members who shall be

1 knowledgeable about health care delivery systems, health  
2 systems planning, finance, or the management of health care  
3 facilities currently regulated under the Act. One member shall  
4 be a representative of a non-profit health care consumer  
5 advocacy organization. Two members shall be representatives  
6 from the community with experience on the effects of  
7 discontinuing health care services or the closure of health  
8 care facilities on the surrounding community. A spouse, parent,  
9 sibling, or child of a Board member cannot be an employee,  
10 agent, or under contract with services or facilities subject to  
11 the Act. Prior to appointment and in the course of service on  
12 the Board, members of the Board shall disclose the employment  
13 or other financial interest of any other relative of the  
14 member, if known, in service or facilities subject to the Act.  
15 Members of the Board shall declare any conflict of interest  
16 that may exist with respect to the status of those relatives  
17 and recuse themselves from voting on any issue for which a  
18 conflict of interest is declared. No person shall be appointed  
19 or continue to serve as a member of the State Board who is, or  
20 whose spouse, parent, sibling, or child is, a member of the  
21 Board of Directors of, has a financial interest in, or has a  
22 business relationship with a health care facility.

23 Notwithstanding any provision of this Section to the  
24 contrary, the term of office of each member of the State Board  
25 serving on the day before the effective date of this amendatory  
26 Act of the 96th General Assembly is abolished on the date upon

1 which members of the 9-member Board, as established by this  
2 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, have been  
3 appointed and can begin to take action as a Board.

4 (c) The State Board shall be appointed by the Governor,  
5 with the advice and consent of the Senate. Not more than 5 of  
6 the appointments shall be of the same political party at the  
7 time of the appointment.

8 The Secretary of Human Services, the Director of Healthcare  
9 and Family Services, and the Director of Public Health, or  
10 their designated representatives, shall serve as ex-officio,  
11 non-voting members of the State Board.

12 (d) Of those 9 members initially appointed by the Governor  
13 following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th  
14 General Assembly, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1,  
15 2011, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2012, and 3  
16 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2013. Thereafter, each  
17 appointed member shall hold office for a term of 3 years,  
18 provided that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring  
19 prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her  
20 predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder  
21 of such term and the term of office of each successor shall  
22 commence on July 1 of the year in which his predecessor's term  
23 expires. Each member shall hold office until his or her  
24 successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor may  
25 reappoint a member for additional terms, but no member shall  
26 serve more than 3 terms, subject to review and re-approval



1 every 3 years.

2 (e) State Board members, while serving on business of the  
3 State Board, shall receive actual and necessary travel and  
4 subsistence expenses while so serving away from their places of  
5 residence. Until March 1, 2010, a member of the State Board who  
6 experiences a significant financial hardship due to the loss of  
7 income on days of attendance at meetings or while otherwise  
8 engaged in the business of the State Board may be paid a  
9 hardship allowance, as determined by and subject to the  
10 approval of the Governor's Travel Control Board.

11 (f) The Governor shall designate one of the members to  
12 serve as the Chairman of the Board, who shall be a person with  
13 expertise in health care delivery system planning, finance or  
14 management of health care facilities that are regulated under  
15 the Act. The Chairman shall annually review Board member  
16 performance and shall report the attendance record of each  
17 Board member to the General Assembly.

18 (g) The State Board, through the Chairman, shall prepare a  
19 separate and distinct budget approved by the General Assembly  
20 and shall hire and supervise its own professional staff  
21 responsible for carrying out the responsibilities of the Board.

22 (h) The State Board shall meet at least every 45 days, or  
23 as often as the Chairman of the State Board deems necessary, or  
24 upon the request of a majority of the members.

25 (i) Five members of the State Board shall constitute a  
26 quorum. The affirmative vote of 5 of the members of the State

1 Board shall be necessary for any action requiring a vote to be  
2 taken by the State Board. A vacancy in the membership of the  
3 State Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise  
4 all the rights and perform all the duties of the State Board as  
5 provided by this Act.

6 (j) A State Board member shall disqualify himself or  
7 herself from the consideration of any application for a permit  
8 or exemption in which the State Board member or the State Board  
9 member's spouse, parent, sibling, or child: (i) has an economic  
10 interest in the matter; or (ii) is employed by, serves as a  
11 consultant for, or is a member of the governing board of the  
12 applicant or a party opposing the application.

13 (k) The Chairman, Board members, and Board staff must  
14 comply with the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 99-527, eff. 1-1-17; 100-681, eff. 8-3-18.)

16 (20 ILCS 3960/5.5 new)

17 Sec. 5.5. Moratorium on hospital closures.

18 Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, due to the  
19 COVID-19 pandemic, the State shall institute a moratorium on  
20 the closure of hospitals until December 31, 2023. As such, no  
21 hospital shall close or reduce capacity below the hospital's  
22 capacity as of January 1, 2020 before the end of such  
23 moratorium.

24 (b) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2024.

1 (20 ILCS 3960/8.7)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

3 Sec. 8.7. Application for permit for discontinuation of a  
4 health care facility or category of service; public notice and  
5 public hearing.

6 (a) Upon a finding that an application to close a health  
7 care facility or discontinue a category of service is complete,  
8 the State Board shall publish a legal notice on 3 consecutive  
9 days in a newspaper of general circulation in the area or  
10 community to be affected and afford the public an opportunity  
11 to request a hearing. If the application is for a facility  
12 located in a Metropolitan Statistical Area, an additional legal  
13 notice shall be published in a newspaper of limited  
14 circulation, if one exists, in the area in which the facility  
15 is located. If the newspaper of limited circulation is  
16 published on a daily basis, the additional legal notice shall  
17 be published on 3 consecutive days. The legal notice shall also  
18 be posted on the Health Facilities and Services Review Board's  
19 website and sent to the State Representative and State Senator  
20 of the district in which the health care facility is located.  
21 In addition, the health care facility shall provide notice of  
22 closure to the local media that the health care facility would  
23 routinely notify about facility events.

24 Upon the completion of an application to close a health  
25 care facility or discontinue a category of service, the State  
26 Board shall conduct a racial equity impact assessment to

1 determine the effect of the closure or discontinuation of  
2 service on racial and ethnic minorities. The results of the  
3 racial equity impact assessment shall be made available to the  
4 public.

5 An application to close a health care facility shall only  
6 be deemed complete if it includes evidence that the health care  
7 facility provided written notice at least 30 days prior to  
8 filing the application of its intent to do so to the  
9 municipality in which it is located, the State Representative  
10 and State Senator of the district in which the health care  
11 facility is located, the State Board, the Director of Public  
12 Health, and the Director of Healthcare and Family Services. The  
13 changes made to this subsection by this amendatory Act of the  
14 101st General Assembly shall apply to all applications  
15 submitted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
16 the 101st General Assembly.

17 (b) No later than 30 days after issuance of a permit to  
18 close a health care facility or discontinue a category of  
19 service, the permit holder shall give written notice of the  
20 closure or discontinuation to the State Senator and State  
21 Representative serving the legislative district in which the  
22 health care facility is located.

23 (c) If there is a pending lawsuit that challenges an  
24 application to discontinue a health care facility that either  
25 names the Board as a party or alleges fraud in the filing of  
26 the application, the Board may defer action on the application

1 for up to 6 months after the date of the initial deferral of  
2 the application.

3 (d) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act  
4 of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to all applications  
5 submitted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
6 the 101st General Assembly.

7 (Source: P.A. 101-83, eff. 7-15-19; 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

8 Title VIII. Managed Care Organization Reform

9 Article 145.

10 Section 145-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
11 changing Section 5-30.1 as follows:

12 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.1)

13 Sec. 5-30.1. Managed care protections.

14 (a) As used in this Section:

15 "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means any entity which  
16 contracts with the Department to provide services where payment  
17 for medical services is made on a capitated basis.

18 "Emergency services" include:

19 (1) emergency services, as defined by Section 10 of the  
20 Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act;

21 (2) emergency medical screening examinations, as  
22 defined by Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and

1 Patient Rights Act;

2 (3) post-stabilization medical services, as defined by  
3 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights  
4 Act; and

5 (4) emergency medical conditions, as defined by  
6 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights  
7 Act.

8 (b) As provided by Section 5-16.12, managed care  
9 organizations are subject to the provisions of the Managed Care  
10 Reform and Patient Rights Act.

11 (c) An MCO shall pay any provider of emergency services  
12 that does not have in effect a contract with the contracted  
13 Medicaid MCO. The default rate of reimbursement shall be the  
14 rate paid under Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program  
15 methodology, including all policy adjusters, including but not  
16 limited to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid  
17 Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments,  
18 and all outlier add-on adjustments to the extent such  
19 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
20 applicable MCO capitated rates.

21 (d) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization services as  
22 a covered service in any of the following situations:

23 (1) the MCO authorized such services;

24 (2) such services were administered to maintain the  
25 enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a  
26 request to the MCO for authorization of further

1 post-stabilization services;

2 (3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize  
3 such services within one hour;

4 (4) the MCO could not be contacted; or

5 (5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating  
6 provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an  
7 agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated  
8 provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case  
9 the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the treating  
10 non-affiliated provider until an affiliated provider was  
11 reached and either concurred with the treating  
12 non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed  
13 responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall  
14 be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under  
15 Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program methodology,  
16 including all policy adjusters, including but not limited  
17 to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage  
18 Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments and all  
19 outlier add-on adjustments to the extent that such  
20 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
21 applicable MCO capitated rates.

22 (e) The following requirements apply to MCOs in determining  
23 payment for all emergency services:

24 (1) MCOs shall not impose any requirements for prior  
25 approval of emergency services.

26 (2) The MCO shall cover emergency services provided to

1           enrollees who are temporarily away from their residence and  
2           outside the contracting area to the extent that the  
3           enrollees would be entitled to the emergency services if  
4           they still were within the contracting area.

5           (3) The MCO shall have no obligation to cover medical  
6           services provided on an emergency basis that are not  
7           covered services under the contract.

8           (4) The MCO shall not condition coverage for emergency  
9           services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the  
10          enrollee's screening and treatment within 10 days after  
11          presentation for emergency services.

12          (5) The determination of the attending emergency  
13          physician, or the provider actually treating the enrollee,  
14          of whether an enrollee is sufficiently stabilized for  
15          discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be binding  
16          on the MCO. The MCO shall cover emergency services for all  
17          enrollees whether the emergency services are provided by an  
18          affiliated or non-affiliated provider.

19          (6) The MCO's financial responsibility for  
20          post-stabilization care services it has not pre-approved  
21          ends when:

22                 (A) a plan physician with privileges at the  
23                 treating hospital assumes responsibility for the  
24                 enrollee's care;

25                 (B) a plan physician assumes responsibility for  
26                 the enrollee's care through transfer;



1 (C) a contracting entity representative and the  
2 treating physician reach an agreement concerning the  
3 enrollee's care; or

4 (D) the enrollee is discharged.

5 (f) Network adequacy and transparency.

6 (1) The Department shall:

7 (A) ensure that an adequate provider network is in  
8 place, taking into consideration health professional  
9 shortage areas and medically underserved areas;

10 (B) publicly release an explanation of its process  
11 for analyzing network adequacy;

12 (C) periodically ensure that an MCO continues to  
13 have an adequate network in place; and

14 (D) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care  
15 Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet provider  
16 directory requirements under Section 5-30.3.

17 (2) Each MCO shall confirm its receipt of information  
18 submitted specific to physician or dentist additions or  
19 physician or dentist deletions from the MCO's provider  
20 network within 3 days after receiving all required  
21 information from contracted physicians or dentists, and  
22 electronic physician and dental directories must be  
23 updated consistent with current rules as published by the  
24 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or its successor  
25 agency.

26 (g) Timely payment of claims.

1           (1) The MCO shall pay a claim within 30 days of  
2 receiving a claim that contains all the essential  
3 information needed to adjudicate the claim.

4           (2) The MCO shall notify the billing party of its  
5 inability to adjudicate a claim within 30 days of receiving  
6 that claim.

7           (3) The MCO shall pay a penalty that is at least equal  
8 to the timely payment interest penalty imposed under  
9 Section 368a of the Illinois Insurance Code for any claims  
10 not timely paid.

11           (A) When an MCO is required to pay a timely payment  
12 interest penalty to a provider, the MCO must calculate  
13 and pay the timely payment interest penalty that is due  
14 to the provider within 30 days after the payment of the  
15 claim. In no event shall a provider be required to  
16 request or apply for payment of any owed timely payment  
17 interest penalties.

18           (B) Such payments shall be reported separately  
19 from the claim payment for services rendered to the  
20 MCO's enrollee and clearly identified as interest  
21 payments.

22           (4) (A) The Department shall require MCOs to expedite  
23 payments to providers identified on the Department's  
24 expedited provider list, determined in accordance with 89  
25 Ill. Adm. Code 140.71(b), on a schedule at least as  
26 frequently as the providers are paid under the Department's

1 fee-for-service expedited provider schedule.

2 (B) Compliance with the expedited provider requirement  
3 may be satisfied by an MCO through the use of a Periodic  
4 Interim Payment (PIP) program that has been mutually agreed  
5 to and documented between the MCO and the provider, and the  
6 PIP program ensures that any expedited provider receives  
7 regular and periodic payments based on prior period payment  
8 experience from that MCO. Total payments under the PIP  
9 program may be reconciled against future PIP payments on a  
10 schedule mutually agreed to between the MCO and the  
11 provider.

12 (C) The Department shall share at least monthly its  
13 expedited provider list and the frequency with which it  
14 pays providers on the expedited list.

15 (g-5) Recognizing that the rapid transformation of the  
16 Illinois Medicaid program may have unintended operational  
17 challenges for both payers and providers:

18 (1) in no instance shall a medically necessary covered  
19 service rendered in good faith, based upon eligibility  
20 information documented by the provider, be denied coverage  
21 or diminished in payment amount if the eligibility or  
22 coverage information available at the time the service was  
23 rendered is later found to be inaccurate in the assignment  
24 of coverage responsibility between MCOs or the  
25 fee-for-service system, except for instances when an  
26 individual is deemed to have not been eligible for coverage

1 under the Illinois Medicaid program; and

2 (2) the Department shall, by December 31, 2016, adopt  
3 rules establishing policies that shall be included in the  
4 Medicaid managed care policy and procedures manual  
5 addressing payment resolutions in situations in which a  
6 provider renders services based upon information obtained  
7 after verifying a patient's eligibility and coverage plan  
8 through either the Department's current enrollment system  
9 or a system operated by the coverage plan identified by the  
10 patient presenting for services:

11 (A) such medically necessary covered services  
12 shall be considered rendered in good faith;

13 (B) such policies and procedures shall be  
14 developed in consultation with industry  
15 representatives of the Medicaid managed care health  
16 plans and representatives of provider associations  
17 representing the majority of providers within the  
18 identified provider industry; and

19 (C) such rules shall be published for a review and  
20 comment period of no less than 30 days on the  
21 Department's website with final rules remaining  
22 available on the Department's website.

23 The rules on payment resolutions shall include, but not be  
24 limited to:

25 (A) the extension of the timely filing period;

26 (B) retroactive prior authorizations; and

1 (C) guaranteed minimum payment rate of no less than the  
2 current, as of the date of service, fee-for-service rate,  
3 plus all applicable add-ons, when the resulting service  
4 relationship is out of network.

5 The rules shall be applicable for both MCO coverage and  
6 fee-for-service coverage.

7 If the fee-for-service system is ultimately determined to  
8 have been responsible for coverage on the date of service, the  
9 Department shall provide for an extended period for claims  
10 submission outside the standard timely filing requirements.

11 (g-6) MCO Performance Metrics Report.

12 (1) The Department shall publish, on at least a  
13 quarterly basis, each MCO's operational performance,  
14 including, but not limited to, the following categories of  
15 metrics:

16 (A) claims payment, including timeliness and  
17 accuracy;

18 (B) prior authorizations;

19 (C) grievance and appeals;

20 (D) utilization statistics;

21 (E) provider disputes;

22 (F) provider credentialing; and

23 (G) member and provider customer service.

24 (2) The Department shall ensure that the metrics report  
25 is accessible to providers online by January 1, 2017.

26 (3) The metrics shall be developed in consultation with

1 industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care  
2 health plans and representatives of associations  
3 representing the majority of providers within the  
4 identified industry.

5 (4) Metrics shall be defined and incorporated into the  
6 applicable Managed Care Policy Manual issued by the  
7 Department.

8 (g-7) MCO claims processing and performance analysis. In  
9 order to monitor MCO payments to hospital providers, pursuant  
10 to this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the  
11 Department shall post an analysis of MCO claims processing and  
12 payment performance on its website every 6 months. Such  
13 analysis shall include a review and evaluation of a  
14 representative sample of hospital claims that are rejected and  
15 denied for clean and unclean claims and the top 5 reasons for  
16 such actions and timeliness of claims adjudication, which  
17 identifies the percentage of claims adjudicated within 30, 60,  
18 90, and over 90 days, and the dollar amounts associated with  
19 those claims. The Department shall post the contracted claims  
20 report required by HealthChoice Illinois on its website every 3  
21 months.

22 (g-8) Dispute resolution process. The Department shall  
23 maintain a provider complaint portal through which a provider  
24 can submit to the Department unresolved disputes with an MCO.  
25 An unresolved dispute means an MCO's decision that denies in  
26 whole or in part a claim for reimbursement to a provider for

1 health care services rendered by the provider to an enrollee of  
2 the MCO with which the provider disagrees. Disputes shall not  
3 be submitted to the portal until the provider has availed  
4 itself of the MCO's internal dispute resolution process.  
5 Disputes that are submitted to the MCO internal dispute  
6 resolution process may be submitted to the Department of  
7 Healthcare and Family Services' complaint portal no sooner than  
8 30 days after submitting to the MCO's internal process and not  
9 later than 30 days after the unsatisfactory resolution of the  
10 internal MCO process or 60 days after submitting the dispute to  
11 the MCO internal process. Multiple claim disputes involving the  
12 same MCO may be submitted in one complaint, regardless of  
13 whether the claims are for different enrollees, when the  
14 specific reason for non-payment of the claims involves a common  
15 question of fact or policy. Within 10 business days of receipt  
16 of a complaint, the Department shall present such disputes to  
17 the appropriate MCO, which shall then have 30 days to issue its  
18 written proposal to resolve the dispute. The Department may  
19 grant one 30-day extension of this time frame to one of the  
20 parties to resolve the dispute. If the dispute remains  
21 unresolved at the end of this time frame or the provider is not  
22 satisfied with the MCO's written proposal to resolve the  
23 dispute, the provider may, within 30 days, request the  
24 Department to review the dispute and make a final  
25 determination. Within 30 days of the request for Department  
26 review of the dispute, both the provider and the MCO shall

1 present all relevant information to the Department for  
2 resolution and make individuals with knowledge of the issues  
3 available to the Department for further inquiry if needed.  
4 Within 30 days of receiving the relevant information on the  
5 dispute, or the lapse of the period for submitting such  
6 information, the Department shall issue a written decision on  
7 the dispute based on contractual terms between the provider and  
8 the MCO, contractual terms between the MCO and the Department  
9 of Healthcare and Family Services and applicable Medicaid  
10 policy. The decision of the Department shall be final. By  
11 January 1, 2020, the Department shall establish by rule further  
12 details of this dispute resolution process. Disputes between  
13 MCOs and providers presented to the Department for resolution  
14 are not contested cases, as defined in Section 1-30 of the  
15 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, conferring any right to  
16 an administrative hearing.

17 (g-9)(1) The Department shall publish annually on its  
18 website a report on the calculation of each managed care  
19 organization's medical loss ratio showing the following:

20 (A) Premium revenue, with appropriate adjustments.

21 (B) Benefit expense, setting forth the aggregate  
22 amount spent for the following:

23 (i) Direct paid claims.

24 (ii) Subcapitation payments.

25 (iii) Other claim payments.

26 (iv) Direct reserves.



1 (v) Gross recoveries.

2 (vi) Expenses for activities that improve health  
3 care quality as allowed by the Department.

4 (2) The medical loss ratio shall be calculated consistent  
5 with federal law and regulation following a claims runout  
6 period determined by the Department.

7 (g-10)(1) "Liability effective date" means the date on  
8 which an MCO becomes responsible for payment for medically  
9 necessary and covered services rendered by a provider to one of  
10 its enrollees in accordance with the contract terms between the  
11 MCO and the provider. The liability effective date shall be the  
12 later of:

13 (A) The execution date of a network participation  
14 contract agreement.

15 (B) The date the provider or its representative submits  
16 to the MCO the complete and accurate standardized roster  
17 form for the provider in the format approved by the  
18 Department.

19 (C) The provider effective date contained within the  
20 Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the  
21 Illinois Medicaid Program Advanced Cloud Technology  
22 (IMPACT) System.

23 (2) The standardized roster form may be submitted to the  
24 MCO at the same time that the provider submits an enrollment  
25 application to the Department through IMPACT.

26 (3) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall require all

1 MCOs to update their provider directory with information for  
2 new practitioners of existing contracted providers within 30  
3 days of receipt of a complete and accurate standardized roster  
4 template in the format approved by the Department provided that  
5 the provider is effective in the Department's provider  
6 enrollment subsystem within the IMPACT system. Such provider  
7 directory shall be readily accessible for purposes of selecting  
8 an approved health care provider and comply with all other  
9 federal and State requirements.

10 (g-11) The Department shall work with relevant  
11 stakeholders on the development of operational guidelines to  
12 enhance and improve operational performance of Illinois'  
13 Medicaid managed care program, including, but not limited to,  
14 improving provider billing practices, reducing claim  
15 rejections and inappropriate payment denials, and  
16 standardizing processes, procedures, definitions, and response  
17 timelines, with the goal of reducing provider and MCO  
18 administrative burdens and conflict. The Department shall  
19 include a report on the progress of these program improvements  
20 and other topics in its Fiscal Year 2020 annual report to the  
21 General Assembly.

22 (h) The Department shall not expand mandatory MCO  
23 enrollment into new counties beyond those counties already  
24 designated by the Department as of June 1, 2014 for the  
25 individuals whose eligibility for medical assistance is not the  
26 seniors or people with disabilities population until the

1 Department provides an opportunity for accountable care  
2 entities and MCOs to participate in such newly designated  
3 counties.

4 (h-5) MCOs shall be required to publish, at least quarterly  
5 for the preceding quarter, on their websites:

6 (1) the total number of claims received by the MCO;

7 (2) the number and monetary amount of claims payments  
8 made to a service provider as defined in Section 2-16 of  
9 this Code;

10 (3) the dates of services rendered for the claims  
11 payments made under paragraph (2);

12 (4) the dates the claims were received by the MCO for  
13 the claims payments made under paragraph (2); and

14 (5) the dates on which claims payments under paragraph  
15 (2) were released.

16 (i) The requirements of this Section apply to contracts  
17 with accountable care entities and MCOs entered into, amended,  
18 or renewed after June 16, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
19 Act 98-651).

20 (j) Health care information released to managed care  
21 organizations. A health care provider shall release to a  
22 Medicaid managed care organization, upon request, and subject  
23 to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of  
24 1996 and any other law applicable to the release of health  
25 information, the health care information of the MCO's enrollee,  
26 if the enrollee has completed and signed a general release form

1 that grants to the health care provider permission to release  
2 the recipient's health care information to the recipient's  
3 insurance carrier.

4 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-580, eff. 3-12-18;  
5 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

6 Article 150.

7 Section 150-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
8 changing Section 5-30.1 and by adding Section 5-30.15 as  
9 follows:

10 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.1)

11 Sec. 5-30.1. Managed care protections.

12 (a) As used in this Section:

13 "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means any entity which  
14 contracts with the Department to provide services where payment  
15 for medical services is made on a capitated basis.

16 "Emergency services" include:

17 (1) emergency services, as defined by Section 10 of the  
18 Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act;

19 (2) emergency medical screening examinations, as  
20 defined by Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and  
21 Patient Rights Act;

22 (3) post-stabilization medical services, as defined by  
23 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights

1 Act; and

2 (4) emergency medical conditions, as defined by  
3 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights  
4 Act.

5 (b) As provided by Section 5-16.12, managed care  
6 organizations are subject to the provisions of the Managed Care  
7 Reform and Patient Rights Act.

8 (c) An MCO shall pay any provider of emergency services  
9 that does not have in effect a contract with the contracted  
10 Medicaid MCO. The default rate of reimbursement shall be the  
11 rate paid under Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program  
12 methodology, including all policy adjusters, including but not  
13 limited to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid  
14 Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments,  
15 and all outlier add-on adjustments to the extent such  
16 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
17 applicable MCO capitated rates.

18 (d) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization services as  
19 a covered service in any of the following situations:

20 (1) the MCO authorized such services;

21 (2) such services were administered to maintain the  
22 enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a  
23 request to the MCO for authorization of further  
24 post-stabilization services;

25 (3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize  
26 such services within one hour;

1 (4) the MCO could not be contacted; or

2 (5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating  
3 provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an  
4 agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated  
5 provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case  
6 the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the treating  
7 non-affiliated provider until an affiliated provider was  
8 reached and either concurred with the treating  
9 non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed  
10 responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall  
11 be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under  
12 Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program methodology,  
13 including all policy adjusters, including but not limited  
14 to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage  
15 Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments and all  
16 outlier add-on adjustments to the extent that such  
17 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
18 applicable MCO capitated rates.

19 (e) The following requirements apply to MCOs in determining  
20 payment for all emergency services:

21 (1) MCOs shall not impose any requirements for prior  
22 approval of emergency services.

23 (2) The MCO shall cover emergency services provided to  
24 enrollees who are temporarily away from their residence and  
25 outside the contracting area to the extent that the  
26 enrollees would be entitled to the emergency services if

1           they still were within the contracting area.

2           (3) The MCO shall have no obligation to cover medical  
3           services provided on an emergency basis that are not  
4           covered services under the contract.

5           (4) The MCO shall not condition coverage for emergency  
6           services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the  
7           enrollee's screening and treatment within 10 days after  
8           presentation for emergency services.

9           (5) The determination of the attending emergency  
10          physician, or the provider actually treating the enrollee,  
11          of whether an enrollee is sufficiently stabilized for  
12          discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be binding  
13          on the MCO. The MCO shall cover emergency services for all  
14          enrollees whether the emergency services are provided by an  
15          affiliated or non-affiliated provider.

16          (6) The MCO's financial responsibility for  
17          post-stabilization care services it has not pre-approved  
18          ends when:

19                (A) a plan physician with privileges at the  
20                treating hospital assumes responsibility for the  
21                enrollee's care;

22                (B) a plan physician assumes responsibility for  
23                the enrollee's care through transfer;

24                (C) a contracting entity representative and the  
25                treating physician reach an agreement concerning the  
26                enrollee's care; or

1 (D) the enrollee is discharged.

2 (f) Network adequacy and transparency.

3 (1) The Department shall:

4 (A) ensure that an adequate provider network is in  
5 place, taking into consideration health professional  
6 shortage areas and medically underserved areas;

7 (B) publicly release an explanation of its process  
8 for analyzing network adequacy;

9 (C) periodically ensure that an MCO continues to  
10 have an adequate network in place; ~~and~~

11 (D) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care  
12 Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet provider  
13 directory requirements under Section 5-30.3; ~~and~~ -

14 (E) require MCOs to: (i) ensure that any provider  
15 under contract with an MCO on the date of service is  
16 paid for any medically necessary service rendered to  
17 any of the MCO's enrollees, regardless of inclusion on  
18 the MCO's published and publicly available roster of  
19 available providers; and (ii) ensure that all  
20 contracted providers are listed on an updated roster  
21 within 7 days of entering into a contract with the MCO  
22 and that such roster is readily accessible to all  
23 medical assistance enrollees for purposes of selecting  
24 an approved healthcare provider.

25 (2) Each MCO shall confirm its receipt of information  
26 submitted specific to physician or dentist additions or



1 physician or dentist deletions from the MCO's provider  
2 network within 3 days after receiving all required  
3 information from contracted physicians or dentists, and  
4 electronic physician and dental directories must be  
5 updated consistent with current rules as published by the  
6 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or its successor  
7 agency.

8 (g) Timely payment of claims.

9 (1) The MCO shall pay a claim within 30 days of  
10 receiving a claim that contains all the essential  
11 information needed to adjudicate the claim.

12 (2) The MCO shall notify the billing party of its  
13 inability to adjudicate a claim within 30 days of receiving  
14 that claim.

15 (3) The MCO shall pay a penalty that is at least equal  
16 to the timely payment interest penalty imposed under  
17 Section 368a of the Illinois Insurance Code for any claims  
18 not timely paid.

19 (A) When an MCO is required to pay a timely payment  
20 interest penalty to a provider, the MCO must calculate  
21 and pay the timely payment interest penalty that is due  
22 to the provider within 30 days after the payment of the  
23 claim. In no event shall a provider be required to  
24 request or apply for payment of any owed timely payment  
25 interest penalties.

26 (B) Such payments shall be reported separately

1 from the claim payment for services rendered to the  
2 MCO's enrollee and clearly identified as interest  
3 payments.

4 (4) ~~(A)~~ The Department shall require MCOs to expedite  
5 payments to providers based on criteria that include, but  
6 are not limited to:

7 (A) At a minimum, each MCO shall ensure that  
8 providers identified on the Department's expedited  
9 provider list, determined in accordance with 89 Ill.  
10 Adm. Code 140.71(b), are paid by the MCO on a schedule  
11 at least as frequently as the providers are paid under  
12 the Department's fee-for-service expedited provider  
13 schedule.

14 (B) Compliance with the expedited provider  
15 requirement may be satisfied by an MCO through the use  
16 of a Periodic Interim Payment (PIP) program that has  
17 been mutually agreed to and documented between the MCO  
18 and the provider, if ~~and~~ the PIP program ensures that  
19 any expedited provider receives regular and periodic  
20 payments based on prior period payment experience from  
21 that MCO. Total payments under the PIP program may be  
22 reconciled against future PIP payments on a schedule  
23 mutually agreed to between the MCO and the provider.

24 (C) The Department shall share at least monthly its  
25 expedited provider list and the frequency with which it  
26 pays providers on the expedited list.

1 (g-5) Recognizing that the rapid transformation of the  
2 Illinois Medicaid program may have unintended operational  
3 challenges for both payers and providers:

4 (1) in no instance shall a medically necessary covered  
5 service rendered in good faith, based upon eligibility  
6 information documented by the provider, be denied coverage  
7 or diminished in payment amount if the eligibility or  
8 coverage information available at the time the service was  
9 rendered is later found to be inaccurate in the assignment  
10 of coverage responsibility between MCOs or the  
11 fee-for-service system, except for instances when an  
12 individual is deemed to have not been eligible for coverage  
13 under the Illinois Medicaid program; and

14 (2) the Department shall, by December 31, 2016, adopt  
15 rules establishing policies that shall be included in the  
16 Medicaid managed care policy and procedures manual  
17 addressing payment resolutions in situations in which a  
18 provider renders services based upon information obtained  
19 after verifying a patient's eligibility and coverage plan  
20 through either the Department's current enrollment system  
21 or a system operated by the coverage plan identified by the  
22 patient presenting for services:

23 (A) such medically necessary covered services  
24 shall be considered rendered in good faith;

25 (B) such policies and procedures shall be  
26 developed in consultation with industry

1           representatives of the Medicaid managed care health  
2           plans and representatives of provider associations  
3           representing the majority of providers within the  
4           identified provider industry; and

5           (C) such rules shall be published for a review and  
6           comment period of no less than 30 days on the  
7           Department's website with final rules remaining  
8           available on the Department's website.

9           The rules on payment resolutions shall include, but not be  
10          limited to:

11           (A) the extension of the timely filing period;

12           (B) retroactive prior authorizations; and

13           (C) guaranteed minimum payment rate of no less than the  
14          current, as of the date of service, fee-for-service rate,  
15          plus all applicable add-ons, when the resulting service  
16          relationship is out of network.

17          The rules shall be applicable for both MCO coverage and  
18          fee-for-service coverage.

19          If the fee-for-service system is ultimately determined to  
20          have been responsible for coverage on the date of service, the  
21          Department shall provide for an extended period for claims  
22          submission outside the standard timely filing requirements.

23          (g-6) MCO Performance Metrics Report.

24           (1) The Department shall publish, on at least a  
25          quarterly basis, each MCO's operational performance,  
26          including, but not limited to, the following categories of

1 metrics:

2 (A) claims payment, including timeliness and  
3 accuracy;

4 (B) prior authorizations;

5 (C) grievance and appeals;

6 (D) utilization statistics;

7 (E) provider disputes;

8 (F) provider credentialing; and

9 (G) member and provider customer service.

10 (2) The Department shall ensure that the metrics report  
11 is accessible to providers online by January 1, 2017.

12 (3) The metrics shall be developed in consultation with  
13 industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care  
14 health plans and representatives of associations  
15 representing the majority of providers within the  
16 identified industry.

17 (4) Metrics shall be defined and incorporated into the  
18 applicable Managed Care Policy Manual issued by the  
19 Department.

20 (g-7) MCO claims processing and performance analysis. In  
21 order to monitor MCO payments to hospital providers, pursuant  
22 to this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the  
23 Department shall post an analysis of MCO claims processing and  
24 payment performance on its website every 6 months. Such  
25 analysis shall include a review and evaluation of a  
26 representative sample of hospital claims that are rejected and

1 denied for clean and unclean claims and the top 5 reasons for  
2 such actions and timeliness of claims adjudication, which  
3 identifies the percentage of claims adjudicated within 30, 60,  
4 90, and over 90 days, and the dollar amounts associated with  
5 those claims. The Department shall post the contracted claims  
6 report required by HealthChoice Illinois on its website every 3  
7 months.

8 (g-8) Dispute resolution process. The Department shall  
9 maintain a provider complaint portal through which a provider  
10 can submit to the Department unresolved disputes with an MCO.  
11 An unresolved dispute means an MCO's decision that denies in  
12 whole or in part a claim for reimbursement to a provider for  
13 health care services rendered by the provider to an enrollee of  
14 the MCO with which the provider disagrees. Disputes shall not  
15 be submitted to the portal until the provider has availed  
16 itself of the MCO's internal dispute resolution process.  
17 Disputes that are submitted to the MCO internal dispute  
18 resolution process may be submitted to the Department of  
19 Healthcare and Family Services' complaint portal no sooner than  
20 30 days after submitting to the MCO's internal process and not  
21 later than 30 days after the unsatisfactory resolution of the  
22 internal MCO process or 60 days after submitting the dispute to  
23 the MCO internal process. Multiple claim disputes involving the  
24 same MCO may be submitted in one complaint, regardless of  
25 whether the claims are for different enrollees, when the  
26 specific reason for non-payment of the claims involves a common

1 question of fact or policy. Within 10 business days of receipt  
2 of a complaint, the Department shall present such disputes to  
3 the appropriate MCO, which shall then have 30 days to issue its  
4 written proposal to resolve the dispute. The Department may  
5 grant one 30-day extension of this time frame to one of the  
6 parties to resolve the dispute. If the dispute remains  
7 unresolved at the end of this time frame or the provider is not  
8 satisfied with the MCO's written proposal to resolve the  
9 dispute, the provider may, within 30 days, request the  
10 Department to review the dispute and make a final  
11 determination. Within 30 days of the request for Department  
12 review of the dispute, both the provider and the MCO shall  
13 present all relevant information to the Department for  
14 resolution and make individuals with knowledge of the issues  
15 available to the Department for further inquiry if needed.  
16 Within 30 days of receiving the relevant information on the  
17 dispute, or the lapse of the period for submitting such  
18 information, the Department shall issue a written decision on  
19 the dispute based on contractual terms between the provider and  
20 the MCO, contractual terms between the MCO and the Department  
21 of Healthcare and Family Services and applicable Medicaid  
22 policy. The decision of the Department shall be final. By  
23 January 1, 2020, the Department shall establish by rule further  
24 details of this dispute resolution process. Disputes between  
25 MCOs and providers presented to the Department for resolution  
26 are not contested cases, as defined in Section 1-30 of the

1 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, conferring any right to  
2 an administrative hearing.

3 (g-9) (1) The Department shall publish annually on its  
4 website a report on the calculation of each managed care  
5 organization's medical loss ratio showing the following:

6 (A) Premium revenue, with appropriate adjustments.

7 (B) Benefit expense, setting forth the aggregate  
8 amount spent for the following:

9 (i) Direct paid claims.

10 (ii) Subcapitation payments.

11 (iii) Other claim payments.

12 (iv) Direct reserves.

13 (v) Gross recoveries.

14 (vi) Expenses for activities that improve health  
15 care quality as allowed by the Department.

16 (2) The medical loss ratio shall be calculated consistent  
17 with federal law and regulation following a claims runout  
18 period determined by the Department.

19 (g-10) (1) "Liability effective date" means the date on  
20 which an MCO becomes responsible for payment for medically  
21 necessary and covered services rendered by a provider to one of  
22 its enrollees in accordance with the contract terms between the  
23 MCO and the provider. The liability effective date shall be the  
24 later of:

25 (A) The execution date of a network participation  
26 contract agreement.



1           (B) The date the provider or its representative submits  
2           to the MCO the complete and accurate standardized roster  
3           form for the provider in the format approved by the  
4           Department.

5           (C) The provider effective date contained within the  
6           Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the  
7           Illinois Medicaid Program Advanced Cloud Technology  
8           (IMPACT) System.

9           (2) The standardized roster form may be submitted to the  
10          MCO at the same time that the provider submits an enrollment  
11          application to the Department through IMPACT.

12          (3) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall require all  
13          MCOs to update their provider directory with information for  
14          new practitioners of existing contracted providers within 30  
15          days of receipt of a complete and accurate standardized roster  
16          template in the format approved by the Department provided that  
17          the provider is effective in the Department's provider  
18          enrollment subsystem within the IMPACT system. Such provider  
19          directory shall be readily accessible for purposes of selecting  
20          an approved health care provider and comply with all other  
21          federal and State requirements.

22          (g-11) The Department shall work with relevant  
23          stakeholders on the development of operational guidelines to  
24          enhance and improve operational performance of Illinois'  
25          Medicaid managed care program, including, but not limited to,  
26          improving provider billing practices, reducing claim

1 rejections and inappropriate payment denials, and  
2 standardizing processes, procedures, definitions, and response  
3 timelines, with the goal of reducing provider and MCO  
4 administrative burdens and conflict. The Department shall  
5 include a report on the progress of these program improvements  
6 and other topics in its Fiscal Year 2020 annual report to the  
7 General Assembly.

8 (g-12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the  
9 Department or an MCO requires submission of a claim for payment  
10 in a non-electronic format, a provider shall always be afforded  
11 a period of no less than 90 business days, as a correction  
12 period, following any notification of rejection by either the  
13 Department or the MCO to correct errors or omissions in the  
14 original submission.

15 Under no circumstances, either by an MCO or under the  
16 State's fee-for-service system, shall a provider be denied  
17 payment for failure to comply with any timely claims submission  
18 requirements under this Code or under any existing contract,  
19 unless the non-electronic format claim submission occurs after  
20 the initial 180 days following the latest date of service on  
21 the claim, or after the 90 business days correction period  
22 following notification to the provider of rejection or denial  
23 of payment.

24 (h) The Department shall not expand mandatory MCO  
25 enrollment into new counties beyond those counties already  
26 designated by the Department as of June 1, 2014 for the

1 individuals whose eligibility for medical assistance is not the  
2 seniors or people with disabilities population until the  
3 Department provides an opportunity for accountable care  
4 entities and MCOs to participate in such newly designated  
5 counties.

6 (h-5) MCOs shall be required to publish, at least quarterly  
7 for the preceding quarter, on their websites:

8 (1) the total number of claims received by the MCO;

9 (2) the number and monetary amount of claims payments  
10 made to a service provider as defined in Section 2-16 of  
11 this Code;

12 (3) the dates of services rendered for the claims  
13 payments made under paragraph (2);

14 (4) the dates the claims were received by the MCO for  
15 the claims payments made under paragraph (2); and

16 (5) the dates on which claims payments under paragraph  
17 (2) were released.

18 (i) The requirements of this Section apply to contracts  
19 with accountable care entities and MCOs entered into, amended,  
20 or renewed after June 16, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
21 Act 98-651).

22 (j) Health care information released to managed care  
23 organizations. A health care provider shall release to a  
24 Medicaid managed care organization, upon request, and subject  
25 to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of  
26 1996 and any other law applicable to the release of health

1 information, the health care information of the MCO's enrollee,  
2 if the enrollee has completed and signed a general release form  
3 that grants to the health care provider permission to release  
4 the recipient's health care information to the recipient's  
5 insurance carrier.

6 (k) The requirements of this Section added by this  
7 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to  
8 services provided on or after the first day of the month that  
9 begins 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act  
10 of the 101st General Assembly.

11 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-580, eff. 3-12-18;  
12 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

13 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.15 new)

14 Sec. 5-30.15. Discharge notification and facility  
15 placement of individuals; managed care. Whenever a hospital  
16 provides notice to a managed care organization (MCO) that an  
17 individual covered under the State's medical assistance  
18 program has received a discharge order from the attending  
19 physician and is ready for discharge from an inpatient hospital  
20 stay to another level of care, the MCO shall secure the  
21 individual's placement in or transfer to another facility  
22 within 24 hours of receiving the hospital's notification, or  
23 shall pay the hospital a daily rate equal to the hospital's  
24 daily rate associated with the stay ending, including all  
25 applicable add-on adjustment payments.

1 Article 155.

2 Section 155-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
3 adding Section 5-30.17 as follows:

4 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.17 new)

5 Sec. 5-30.17. Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission.

6 (a) The Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission is  
7 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
8 to evaluate the effectiveness of Illinois' managed care  
9 program.

10 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

11 (1) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
12 President, who shall serve as co-chair.

13 (2) One member of the House of Representatives,  
14 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,  
15 who shall serve as co-chair.

16 (3) One member of the House of Representatives,  
17 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of  
18 Representatives.

19 (4) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
20 Minority Leader.

21 (5) One member representing the Department of  
22 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

23 (6) One member representing the Department of Public

1 Health, appointed by the Governor.

2 (7) One member representing the Department of Human  
3 Services, appointed by the Governor.

4 (8) One member representing the Department of Children  
5 and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

6 (9) One member of a statewide association representing  
7 Medicaid managed care plans.

8 (10) One member of a statewide association  
9 representing hospitals.

10 (11) Two academic experts on Medicaid managed care  
11 programs.

12 (12) One member of a statewide association  
13 representing primary care providers.

14 (13) One member of a statewide association  
15 representing behavioral health providers.

16 (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and  
17 chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the  
18 Commission's executive administrators in providing  
19 administrative support, research support, and other  
20 administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.  
21 Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and  
22 housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing budget.

23 (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no  
24 compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

25 (e) The Commission shall meet quarterly beginning as soon  
26 as is practicable after the effective date of this amendatory

1 Act of the 101st General Assembly.

2 (f) The Commission shall:

3 (1) review data on health outcomes of Medicaid managed  
4 care members;

5 (2) review current care coordination and case  
6 management efforts and make recommendations on expanding  
7 care coordination to additional populations with a focus on  
8 the social determinants of health;

9 (3) review and assess the appropriateness of metrics  
10 used in the Pay-for-Performance programs;

11 (4) review the Department's prior authorization and  
12 utilization management requirements and recommend  
13 adaptations for the Medicaid population;

14 (5) review managed care performance in meeting  
15 diversity contracting goals and the use of funds dedicated  
16 to meeting such goals, including, but not limited to,  
17 contracting requirements set forth in the Business  
18 Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with  
19 Disabilities Act; recommend strategies to increase  
20 compliance with diversity contracting goals in  
21 collaboration with the Chief Procurement Officer for  
22 General Services and the Business Enterprise Council for  
23 Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities; and  
24 recoup any misappropriated funds for diversity  
25 contracting;

26 (6) review data on the effectiveness of claims

1 processing to medical providers;

2 (7) review the adequacy of the Medicaid managed care  
3 network and member access to health care services,  
4 including specialty care services;

5 (8) review value-based and other alternative payment  
6 methodologies to enhance program efficiency and improve  
7 health outcomes;

8 (9) review the compliance of all managed care entities  
9 in State contracts and recommend reasonable financial  
10 penalties for any noncompliance; and

11 (10) produce an annual report detailing the  
12 Commission's findings based upon its review of research  
13 conducted under this Section, including specific  
14 recommendations, if any, and any other information the  
15 Commission may deem proper in furtherance of its duties  
16 under this Section.

17 (g) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall  
18 impose financial penalties on any managed care entity that is  
19 found to not be in compliance with any provision of a State  
20 contract. In addition to any financial penalties imposed under  
21 this subsection, the Department shall recoup any  
22 misappropriated funds identified by the Commission for the  
23 purpose of meeting the Business Enterprise Program  
24 requirements set forth in contracts with managed care entities.  
25 Any financial penalty imposed or funds recouped in accordance  
26 with this Section shall be deposited into the Managed Care



1 Oversight Fund.

2 When recommending reasonable financial penalties upon a  
3 finding of noncompliance under this subsection, the Commission  
4 shall consider the scope and nature of the noncompliance and  
5 whether or not it was intentional or unreasonable. In imposing  
6 a financial penalty on any managed care entity that is found to  
7 not be in compliance, the Department of Healthcare and Family  
8 Services shall consider the recommendations of the Commission.

9 Upon conclusion by the Department of Healthcare and Family  
10 Services that any managed care entity is not in compliance with  
11 its contract with the State based on the findings of the  
12 Commission, it shall issue the managed care entity a written  
13 notification of noncompliance. The written notice shall  
14 specify any financial penalty to be imposed and whether this  
15 penalty is consistent with the recommendation of the  
16 Commission. If the specified financial penalty differs from the  
17 Commission's recommendation, the Department of Healthcare and  
18 Family Services shall specify why the Department did not impose  
19 the recommended penalty and how the Department arrived at its  
20 determination of the reasonableness of the financial penalty  
21 imposed.

22 Within 14 calendar days after receipt of the notification  
23 of noncompliance, the managed care entity shall submit a  
24 written response to the Department of Healthcare and Family  
25 Services. The response shall indicate whether the managed care  
26 entity: (i) disputes the determination of noncompliance,

1 including any facts or conduct to show compliance; (ii) agrees  
2 to the determination of noncompliance and any financial penalty  
3 imposed; or (iii) agrees to the determination of noncompliance  
4 but disputes the financial penalty imposed.

5 Failure to respond to the notification of noncompliance  
6 shall be deemed acceptance of the Department of Healthcare and  
7 Family Services' determination of noncompliance.

8 If a managed care entity disputes any part of the  
9 Department of Healthcare and Family Services' determination of  
10 noncompliance, within 30 calendar days of receipt of the  
11 managed care entity's response the Department shall respond in  
12 writing whether it (i) agrees to review its determination of  
13 noncompliance or (ii) disagrees with the entity's disputation.

14 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall  
15 issue a written notice to the Commission of the dispute and its  
16 chosen response at the same time notice is made to the managed  
17 care entity.

18 Nothing in this Section limits or alters a person or  
19 entity's existing rights or protections under State or federal  
20 law.

21 (h) A decision of the Department of Healthcare and Family  
22 Services to impose a financial penalty on a managed care entity  
23 for noncompliance under subsection (g) is subject to judicial  
24 review under the Administrative Review Law.

25 (i) The Department shall issue quarterly reports to the  
26 Governor and the General Assembly indicating: (i) the number of

1 determinations of noncompliance since the last quarter; (ii)  
2 the number of financial penalties imposed; and (iii) the  
3 outcome or status of each determination.

4 (j) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year  
5 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its  
6 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The  
7 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of  
8 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in  
9 electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the  
10 Secretary shall direct.

11 Article 160.

12 Section 160-5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding  
13 Sections 5.935 and 6z-124 as follows:

14 (30 ILCS 105/5.935 new)

15 Sec. 5.935. The Managed Care Oversight Fund.

16 (30 ILCS 105/6z-124 new)

17 Sec. 6z-124. Managed Care Oversight Fund. The Managed Care  
18 Oversight Fund is created as a special fund in the State  
19 treasury. Subject to appropriation, available annual moneys in  
20 the Fund shall be used by the Department of Healthcare and  
21 Family Services to support emergency procurement and sole  
22 source contracting with women and minority-owned businesses as

1 part of the Department's Business Enterprise Program  
2 requirements. The Department shall prioritize contracts for  
3 care coordination services in allocating funds. Funds may not  
4 be used for institutional overhead costs, indirect costs, or  
5 other organizational levies.

6 Article 165.

7 Section 165-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
8 adding Section 5-45 as follows:

9 (305 ILCS 5/5-45 new)

10 Sec. 5-45. Termination of managed care. The Department of  
11 Healthcare and Family Services shall not renew, re-enter,  
12 renegotiate, change orders, or amend any contract or agreement  
13 it entered with a managed care organization, as defined in  
14 Section 5-30.1, that was solicited under the State of Illinois  
15 Medicaid Managed Care Organization Request for Proposals  
16 (2018-24-001). Any care health plan administered by a managed  
17 care organization that entered a contract with the Department  
18 under the State of Illinois Medicaid Managed Care Organization  
19 Request for Proposals 2018-24-001) shall be transitioned to the  
20 State's fee-for-service medical assistance program upon the  
21 expiration of the managed care organization's contract with the  
22 Department until such time the Department enters a new contract  
23 in accordance with Section 5-30.6. Any new contract entered

1 into by the Department with a Managed Care Organization in  
2 accordance with Section 5-30.6 shall specify the patient  
3 diseases that require care planning and assessment, including,  
4 but not limited to, social determinants of health as determined  
5 by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

6 Article 170.

7 Section 170-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
8 adding Section 5-30.16 as follows:

9 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.16 new)

10 Sec. 5-30.16. Managed care organizations; subcontracting  
11 diversity requirements.

12 (a) In this Section, "managed care organization" has the  
13 meaning given to that term in Section 5-30.1.

14 (b) The Illinois Department shall require each managed care  
15 organization participating in the medical assistance program  
16 established under this Article to satisfy any minority-owned or  
17 women-owned business subcontracting requirements to which the  
18 managed care organization is subject under the contract.

19 (c) The Illinois Department shall terminate its contract  
20 with any managed care organization that does not meet the  
21 minority-owned or women-owned business subcontracting  
22 requirements under its contract with the State. The Illinois  
23 Department shall terminate the contract no later than 60 days

1 after receiving a contractually required report indicating  
2 that the managed care organization has not met the  
3 subcontracting goals. To ensure there is no disruption of care  
4 to Medicaid recipients who are enrolled with a managed care  
5 organization whose contract is terminated as provided under  
6 this subsection, the Illinois Department shall reassign to  
7 another managed care plan any Medicaid recipient who will lose  
8 healthcare coverage as a result of the Illinois Department's  
9 decision to terminate its contract with the managed care  
10 organization.

11 Title IX. Maternal and Infant Mortality

12 Article 175.

13 Section 175-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
14 adding Section 5-18.5 as follows:

15 (305 ILCS 5/5-18.5 new)

16 Sec. 5-18.5. Perinatal doula and evidence-based home  
17 visiting services.

18 (a) As used in this Section:

19 "Home visiting" means a voluntary, evidence-based strategy  
20 used to support pregnant people, infants, and young children  
21 and their caregivers to promote infant, child, and maternal  
22 health, to foster educational development and school

1 readiness, and to help prevent child abuse and neglect. Home  
2 visitors are trained professionals whose visits and activities  
3 focus on promoting strong parent-child attachment to foster  
4 healthy child development.

5 "Perinatal doula" means a trained provider who provides  
6 regular, voluntary physical, emotional, and educational  
7 support, but not medical or midwife care, to pregnant and  
8 birthing persons before, during, and after childbirth,  
9 otherwise known as the perinatal period.

10 "Perinatal doula training" means any doula training that  
11 focuses on providing support throughout the prenatal, labor and  
12 delivery, or postpartum period, and reflects the type of doula  
13 care that the doula seeks to provide.

14 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article,  
15 perinatal doula services and evidence-based home visiting  
16 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program  
17 for persons who are otherwise eligible for medical assistance  
18 under this Article. Perinatal doula services include regular  
19 visits beginning in the prenatal period and continuing into the  
20 postnatal period, inclusive of continuous support during labor  
21 and delivery, that support healthy pregnancies and positive  
22 birth outcomes. Perinatal doula services may be embedded in an  
23 existing program, such as evidence-based home visiting.  
24 Perinatal doula services provided during the prenatal period  
25 may be provided weekly, services provided during the labor and  
26 delivery period may be provided for the entire duration of

1 labor and the time immediately following birth, and services  
2 provided during the postpartum period may be provided up to 12  
3 months postpartum.

4 (c) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall  
5 adopt rules to administer this Section. In this rulemaking, the  
6 Department shall consider the expertise of and consult with  
7 doula program experts, doula training providers, practicing  
8 doulas, and home visiting experts, along with State agencies  
9 implementing perinatal doula services and relevant bodies  
10 under the Illinois Early Learning Council. This body of experts  
11 shall inform the Department on the credentials necessary for  
12 perinatal doula and home visiting services to be eligible for  
13 Medicaid reimbursement and the rate of reimbursement for home  
14 visiting and perinatal doula services in the prenatal, labor  
15 and delivery, and postpartum periods. Every 2 years, the  
16 Department shall assess the rates of reimbursement for  
17 perinatal doula and home visiting services and adjust rates  
18 accordingly.

19 (d) The Department shall seek such State plan amendments or  
20 waivers as may be necessary to implement this Section and shall  
21 secure federal financial participation for expenditures made  
22 by the Department in accordance with this Section.

23 Title X. Miscellaneous

24 Article 999.



1           Section 999-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon  
2 becoming law, except that Article 133 takes effect January 1,  
3 2023.".