



## 101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

### State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

**HB5438**

by Rep. Grant Wehrli - Deanne M. Mazzochi - Amy Grant, Lindsay Parkhurst and Tom Weber

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-170  
35 ILCS 200/15-172

Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that, for taxable years 2020 and thereafter, the maximum reduction under the senior citizens homestead exemption is \$9,000 in all counties (currently, \$8,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$5,000 in all other counties). Provides that the maximum income limitation for the senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption is \$75,000 (currently, \$65,000). Effective immediately.

LRB101 18945 HLH 68404 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT  
MAY APPLY

HOUSING  
AFFORDABILITY  
IMPACT NOTE ACT  
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing  
5 Sections 15-170 and 15-172 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/15-170)

7 Sec. 15-170. Senior citizens homestead exemption.

8 (a) An annual homestead exemption limited, except as  
9 described here with relation to cooperatives or life care  
10 facilities, to a maximum reduction set forth below from the  
11 property's value, as equalized or assessed by the Department,  
12 is granted for property that is occupied as a residence by a  
13 person 65 years of age or older who is liable for paying real  
14 estate taxes on the property and is an owner of record of the  
15 property or has a legal or equitable interest therein as  
16 evidenced by a written instrument, except for a leasehold  
17 interest, other than a leasehold interest of land on which a  
18 single family residence is located, which is occupied as a  
19 residence by a person 65 years or older who has an ownership  
20 interest therein, legal, equitable or as a lessee, and on which  
21 he or she is liable for the payment of property taxes. Before  
22 taxable year 2004, the maximum reduction shall be \$2,500 in  
23 counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$2,000 in all

1 other counties. For taxable years 2004 through 2005, the  
2 maximum reduction shall be \$3,000 in all counties. For taxable  
3 years 2006 and 2007, the maximum reduction shall be \$3,500. For  
4 taxable years 2008 through 2011, the maximum reduction is  
5 \$4,000 in all counties. For taxable year 2012, the maximum  
6 reduction is \$5,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more  
7 inhabitants and \$4,000 in all other counties. For taxable years  
8 2013 through 2016, the maximum reduction is \$5,000 in all  
9 counties. For taxable years 2017 through 2019 ~~and thereafter~~,  
10 the maximum reduction is \$8,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or  
11 more inhabitants and \$5,000 in all other counties. For taxable  
12 years 2020 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$9,000 in  
13 all counties.

14 (b) For land improved with an apartment building owned and  
15 operated as a cooperative, the maximum reduction from the value  
16 of the property, as equalized by the Department, shall be  
17 multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by a  
18 person 65 years of age or older who is liable, by contract with  
19 the owner or owners of record, for paying property taxes on the  
20 property and is an owner of record of a legal or equitable  
21 interest in the cooperative apartment building, other than a  
22 leasehold interest. For land improved with a life care  
23 facility, the maximum reduction from the value of the property,  
24 as equalized by the Department, shall be multiplied by the  
25 number of apartments or units occupied by persons 65 years of  
26 age or older, irrespective of any legal, equitable, or

1 leasehold interest in the facility, who are liable, under a  
2 contract with the owner or owners of record of the facility,  
3 for paying property taxes on the property. In a cooperative or  
4 a life care facility where a homestead exemption has been  
5 granted, the cooperative association or the management firm of  
6 the cooperative or facility shall credit the savings resulting  
7 from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of  
8 the owner or resident who qualified for the exemption. Any  
9 person who willfully refuses to so credit the savings shall be  
10 guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Under this Section and  
11 Sections 15-175, 15-176, and 15-177, "life care facility" means  
12 a facility, as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities  
13 Act, with which the applicant for the homestead exemption has a  
14 life care contract as defined in that Act.

15 (c) When a homestead exemption has been granted under this  
16 Section and the person qualifying subsequently becomes a  
17 resident of a facility licensed under the Assisted Living and  
18 Shared Housing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized  
19 Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community  
20 Care Act, or the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall continue so  
21 long as the residence continues to be occupied by the  
22 qualifying person's spouse if the spouse is 65 years of age or  
23 older, or if the residence remains unoccupied but is still  
24 owned by the person qualified for the homestead exemption.

25 (d) A person who will be 65 years of age during the current  
26 assessment year shall be eligible to apply for the homestead

1 exemption during that assessment year. Application shall be  
2 made during the application period in effect for the county of  
3 his residence.

4 (e) Beginning with assessment year 2003, for taxes payable  
5 in 2004, property that is first occupied as a residence after  
6 January 1 of any assessment year by a person who is eligible  
7 for the senior citizens homestead exemption under this Section  
8 must be granted a pro-rata exemption for the assessment year.  
9 The amount of the pro-rata exemption is the exemption allowed  
10 in the county under this Section divided by 365 and multiplied  
11 by the number of days during the assessment year the property  
12 is occupied as a residence by a person eligible for the  
13 exemption under this Section. The chief county assessment  
14 officer must adopt reasonable procedures to establish  
15 eligibility for this pro-rata exemption.

16 (f) The assessor or chief county assessment officer may  
17 determine the eligibility of a life care facility to receive  
18 the benefits provided by this Section, by affidavit,  
19 application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other  
20 reasonable methods in order to insure that the tax savings  
21 resulting from the exemption are credited by the management  
22 firm to the apportioned tax liability of each qualifying  
23 resident. The assessor may request reasonable proof that the  
24 management firm has so credited the exemption.

25 (g) The chief county assessment officer of each county with  
26 less than 3,000,000 inhabitants shall provide to each person

1 allowed a homestead exemption under this Section a form to  
2 designate any other person to receive a duplicate of any notice  
3 of delinquency in the payment of taxes assessed and levied  
4 under this Code on the property of the person receiving the  
5 exemption. The duplicate notice shall be in addition to the  
6 notice required to be provided to the person receiving the  
7 exemption, and shall be given in the manner required by this  
8 Code. The person filing the request for the duplicate notice  
9 shall pay a fee of \$5 to cover administrative costs to the  
10 supervisor of assessments, who shall then file the executed  
11 designation with the county collector. Notwithstanding any  
12 other provision of this Code to the contrary, the filing of  
13 such an executed designation requires the county collector to  
14 provide duplicate notices as indicated by the designation. A  
15 designation may be rescinded by the person who executed such  
16 designation at any time, in the manner and form required by the  
17 chief county assessment officer.

18 (h) The assessor or chief county assessment officer may  
19 determine the eligibility of residential property to receive  
20 the homestead exemption provided by this Section by  
21 application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other  
22 reasonable methods. The determination shall be made in  
23 accordance with guidelines established by the Department.

24 (i) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, for  
25 taxable years 2010 through 2018, and beginning again in taxable  
26 year 2024, each taxpayer who has been granted an exemption

1 under this Section must reapply on an annual basis.

2 If a reapplication is required, then the chief county  
3 assessment officer shall mail the application to the taxpayer  
4 at least 60 days prior to the last day of the application  
5 period for the county.

6 For taxable years 2019 through 2023, in counties with  
7 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, a taxpayer who has been granted  
8 an exemption under this Section need not reapply. However, if  
9 the property ceases to be qualified for the exemption under  
10 this Section in any year for which a reapplication is not  
11 required under this Section, then the owner of record of the  
12 property shall notify the chief county assessment officer that  
13 the property is no longer qualified. In addition, for taxable  
14 years 2019 through 2023, the chief county assessment officer of  
15 a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall enter into an  
16 intergovernmental agreement with the county clerk of that  
17 county and the Department of Public Health, as well as any  
18 other appropriate governmental agency, to obtain information  
19 that documents the death of a taxpayer who has been granted an  
20 exemption under this Section. Notwithstanding any other  
21 provision of law, the county clerk and the Department of Public  
22 Health shall provide that information to the chief county  
23 assessment officer. The Department of Public Health shall  
24 supply this information no less frequently than every calendar  
25 quarter. Information concerning the death of a taxpayer may be  
26 shared with the county treasurer. The chief county assessment

1 officer shall also enter into a data exchange agreement with  
2 the Social Security Administration or its agent to obtain  
3 access to the information regarding deaths in possession of the  
4 Social Security Administration. The chief county assessment  
5 officer shall, subject to the notice requirements under  
6 subsection (m) of Section 9-275, terminate the exemption under  
7 this Section if the information obtained indicates that the  
8 property is no longer qualified for the exemption. In counties  
9 with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the assessor and the county  
10 recorder of deeds shall establish policies and practices for  
11 the regular exchange of information for the purpose of alerting  
12 the assessor whenever the transfer of ownership of any property  
13 receiving an exemption under this Section has occurred. When  
14 such a transfer occurs, the assessor shall mail a notice to the  
15 new owner of the property (i) informing the new owner that the  
16 exemption will remain in place through the year of the  
17 transfer, after which it will be canceled, and (ii) providing  
18 information pertaining to the rules for reapplying for the  
19 exemption if the owner qualifies. In counties with 3,000,000 or  
20 more inhabitants, the chief county assessment official shall  
21 conduct audits of all exemptions granted under this Section no  
22 later than December 31, 2022 and no later than December 31,  
23 2024. The audit shall be designed to ascertain whether any  
24 senior homestead exemptions have been granted erroneously. If  
25 it is determined that a senior homestead exemption has been  
26 erroneously applied to a property, the chief county assessment



1 officer shall make use of the appropriate provisions of Section  
2 9-275 in relation to the property that received the erroneous  
3 homestead exemption.

4 (j) In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the  
5 county board may by resolution provide that if a person has  
6 been granted a homestead exemption under this Section, the  
7 person qualifying need not reapply for the exemption.

8 In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if the  
9 assessor or chief county assessment officer requires annual  
10 application for verification of eligibility for an exemption  
11 once granted under this Section, the application shall be  
12 mailed to the taxpayer.

13 (l) The assessor or chief county assessment officer shall  
14 notify each person who qualifies for an exemption under this  
15 Section that the person may also qualify for deferral of real  
16 estate taxes under the Senior Citizens Real Estate Tax Deferral  
17 Act. The notice shall set forth the qualifications needed for  
18 deferral of real estate taxes, the address and telephone number  
19 of county collector, and a statement that applications for  
20 deferral of real estate taxes may be obtained from the county  
21 collector.

22 (m) Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates  
23 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the  
24 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

25 (Source: P.A. 100-401, eff. 8-25-17; 101-453, eff. 8-23-19;  
26 101-622, eff. 1-14-20.)

1 (35 ILCS 200/15-172)

2 Sec. 15-172. Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead  
3 Exemption.

4 (a) This Section may be cited as the Senior Citizens  
5 Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption.

6 (b) As used in this Section:

7 "Applicant" means an individual who has filed an  
8 application under this Section.

9 "Base amount" means the base year equalized assessed value  
10 of the residence plus the first year's equalized assessed value  
11 of any added improvements which increased the assessed value of  
12 the residence after the base year.

13 "Base year" means the taxable year prior to the taxable  
14 year for which the applicant first qualifies and applies for  
15 the exemption provided that in the prior taxable year the  
16 property was improved with a permanent structure that was  
17 occupied as a residence by the applicant who was liable for  
18 paying real property taxes on the property and who was either  
19 (i) an owner of record of the property or had legal or  
20 equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written  
21 instrument or (ii) had a legal or equitable interest as a  
22 lessee in the parcel of property that was single family  
23 residence. If in any subsequent taxable year for which the  
24 applicant applies and qualifies for the exemption the equalized  
25 assessed value of the residence is less than the equalized

1 assessed value in the existing base year (provided that such  
2 equalized assessed value is not based on an assessed value that  
3 results from a temporary irregularity in the property that  
4 reduces the assessed value for one or more taxable years), then  
5 that subsequent taxable year shall become the base year until a  
6 new base year is established under the terms of this paragraph.  
7 For taxable year 1999 only, the Chief County Assessment Officer  
8 shall review (i) all taxable years for which the applicant  
9 applied and qualified for the exemption and (ii) the existing  
10 base year. The assessment officer shall select as the new base  
11 year the year with the lowest equalized assessed value. An  
12 equalized assessed value that is based on an assessed value  
13 that results from a temporary irregularity in the property that  
14 reduces the assessed value for one or more taxable years shall  
15 not be considered the lowest equalized assessed value. The  
16 selected year shall be the base year for taxable year 1999 and  
17 thereafter until a new base year is established under the terms  
18 of this paragraph.

19 "Chief County Assessment Officer" means the County  
20 Assessor or Supervisor of Assessments of the county in which  
21 the property is located.

22 "Equalized assessed value" means the assessed value as  
23 equalized by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

24 "Household" means the applicant, the spouse of the  
25 applicant, and all persons using the residence of the applicant  
26 as their principal place of residence.

1 "Household income" means the combined income of the members  
2 of a household for the calendar year preceding the taxable  
3 year.

4 "Income" has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07  
5 of the Senior Citizens and Persons with Disabilities Property  
6 Tax Relief Act, except that, beginning in assessment year 2001,  
7 "income" does not include veteran's benefits.

8 "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the United States  
9 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor law or laws  
10 relating to federal income taxes in effect for the year  
11 preceding the taxable year.

12 "Life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative" means  
13 a facility as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities  
14 Act.

15 "Maximum income limitation" means:

- 16 (1) \$35,000 prior to taxable year 1999;  
17 (2) \$40,000 in taxable years 1999 through 2003;  
18 (3) \$45,000 in taxable years 2004 through 2005;  
19 (4) \$50,000 in taxable years 2006 and 2007;  
20 (5) \$55,000 in taxable years 2008 through 2016;  
21 (6) for taxable year 2017, (i) \$65,000 for qualified  
22 property located in a county with 3,000,000 or more  
23 inhabitants and (ii) \$55,000 for qualified property  
24 located in a county with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants;  
25 ~~and~~  
26 (7) for taxable years 2018 and 2019 thereafter, \$65,000

1 for all qualified property; and ~~—~~

2 (8) for taxable years 2020 and thereafter, \$75,000 for  
3 all qualified property.

4 "Residence" means the principal dwelling place and  
5 appurtenant structures used for residential purposes in this  
6 State occupied on January 1 of the taxable year by a household  
7 and so much of the surrounding land, constituting the parcel  
8 upon which the dwelling place is situated, as is used for  
9 residential purposes. If the Chief County Assessment Officer  
10 has established a specific legal description for a portion of  
11 property constituting the residence, then that portion of  
12 property shall be deemed the residence for the purposes of this  
13 Section.

14 "Taxable year" means the calendar year during which ad  
15 valorem property taxes payable in the next succeeding year are  
16 levied.

17 (c) Beginning in taxable year 1994, a senior citizens  
18 assessment freeze homestead exemption is granted for real  
19 property that is improved with a permanent structure that is  
20 occupied as a residence by an applicant who (i) is 65 years of  
21 age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household  
22 income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation,  
23 (iii) is liable for paying real property taxes on the property,  
24 and (iv) is an owner of record of the property or has a legal or  
25 equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written  
26 instrument. This homestead exemption shall also apply to a

1 leasehold interest in a parcel of property improved with a  
2 permanent structure that is a single family residence that is  
3 occupied as a residence by a person who (i) is 65 years of age  
4 or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income  
5 that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) has a  
6 legal or equitable ownership interest in the property as  
7 lessee, and (iv) is liable for the payment of real property  
8 taxes on that property.

9 In counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the amount of  
10 the exemption for all taxable years is the equalized assessed  
11 value of the residence in the taxable year for which  
12 application is made minus the base amount. In all other  
13 counties, the amount of the exemption is as follows: (i)  
14 through taxable year 2005 and for taxable year 2007 and  
15 thereafter, the amount of this exemption shall be the equalized  
16 assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which  
17 application is made minus the base amount; and (ii) for taxable  
18 year 2006, the amount of the exemption is as follows:

19 (1) For an applicant who has a household income of  
20 \$45,000 or less, the amount of the exemption is the  
21 equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable  
22 year for which application is made minus the base amount.

23 (2) For an applicant who has a household income  
24 exceeding \$45,000 but not exceeding \$46,250, the amount of  
25 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the  
26 residence in the taxable year for which application is made

1 minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.8.

2 (3) For an applicant who has a household income  
3 exceeding \$46,250 but not exceeding \$47,500, the amount of  
4 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the  
5 residence in the taxable year for which application is made  
6 minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.6.

7 (4) For an applicant who has a household income  
8 exceeding \$47,500 but not exceeding \$48,750, the amount of  
9 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the  
10 residence in the taxable year for which application is made  
11 minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.4.

12 (5) For an applicant who has a household income  
13 exceeding \$48,750 but not exceeding \$50,000, the amount of  
14 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the  
15 residence in the taxable year for which application is made  
16 minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.2.

17 When the applicant is a surviving spouse of an applicant  
18 for a prior year for the same residence for which an exemption  
19 under this Section has been granted, the base year and base  
20 amount for that residence are the same as for the applicant for  
21 the prior year.

22 Each year at the time the assessment books are certified to  
23 the County Clerk, the Board of Review or Board of Appeals shall  
24 give to the County Clerk a list of the assessed values of  
25 improvements on each parcel qualifying for this exemption that  
26 were added after the base year for this parcel and that

1 increased the assessed value of the property.

2 In the case of land improved with an apartment building  
3 owned and operated as a cooperative or a building that is a  
4 life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative, the maximum  
5 reduction from the equalized assessed value of the property is  
6 limited to the sum of the reductions calculated for each unit  
7 occupied as a residence by a person or persons (i) 65 years of  
8 age or older, (ii) with a household income that does not exceed  
9 the maximum income limitation, (iii) who is liable, by contract  
10 with the owner or owners of record, for paying real property  
11 taxes on the property, and (iv) who is an owner of record of a  
12 legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment  
13 building, other than a leasehold interest. In the instance of a  
14 cooperative where a homestead exemption has been granted under  
15 this Section, the cooperative association or its management  
16 firm shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption  
17 only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner who  
18 qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses  
19 to credit that savings to an owner who qualifies for the  
20 exemption is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

21 When a homestead exemption has been granted under this  
22 Section and an applicant then becomes a resident of a facility  
23 licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the  
24 Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health  
25 Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community Care Act, or  
26 the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall be granted in subsequent



1 years so long as the residence (i) continues to be occupied by  
2 the qualified applicant's spouse or (ii) if remaining  
3 unoccupied, is still owned by the qualified applicant for the  
4 homestead exemption.

5 Beginning January 1, 1997, when an individual dies who  
6 would have qualified for an exemption under this Section, and  
7 the surviving spouse does not independently qualify for this  
8 exemption because of age, the exemption under this Section  
9 shall be granted to the surviving spouse for the taxable year  
10 preceding and the taxable year of the death, provided that,  
11 except for age, the surviving spouse meets all other  
12 qualifications for the granting of this exemption for those  
13 years.

14 When married persons maintain separate residences, the  
15 exemption provided for in this Section may be claimed by only  
16 one of such persons and for only one residence.

17 For taxable year 1994 only, in counties having less than  
18 3,000,000 inhabitants, to receive the exemption, a person shall  
19 submit an application by February 15, 1995 to the Chief County  
20 Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is  
21 located. In counties having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, for  
22 taxable year 1994 and all subsequent taxable years, to receive  
23 the exemption, a person may submit an application to the Chief  
24 County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property  
25 is located during such period as may be specified by the Chief  
26 County Assessment Officer. The Chief County Assessment Officer

1 in counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall annually  
2 give notice of the application period by mail or by  
3 publication. In counties having less than 3,000,000  
4 inhabitants, beginning with taxable year 1995 and thereafter,  
5 to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application  
6 by July 1 of each taxable year to the Chief County Assessment  
7 Officer of the county in which the property is located. A  
8 county may, by ordinance, establish a date for submission of  
9 applications that is different than July 1. The applicant shall  
10 submit with the application an affidavit of the applicant's  
11 total household income, age, marital status (and if married the  
12 name and address of the applicant's spouse, if known), and  
13 principal dwelling place of members of the household on January  
14 1 of the taxable year. The Department shall establish, by rule,  
15 a method for verifying the accuracy of affidavits filed by  
16 applicants under this Section, and the Chief County Assessment  
17 Officer may conduct audits of any taxpayer claiming an  
18 exemption under this Section to verify that the taxpayer is  
19 eligible to receive the exemption. Each application shall  
20 contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made  
21 under the penalties of perjury. A taxpayer's signing a  
22 fraudulent application under this Act is perjury, as defined in  
23 Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The applications  
24 shall be clearly marked as applications for the Senior Citizens  
25 Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption and must contain a notice  
26 that any taxpayer who receives the exemption is subject to an

1 audit by the Chief County Assessment Officer.

2 Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in  
3 counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an  
4 applicant fails to file the application required by this  
5 Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a  
6 mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to  
7 render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a  
8 timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend  
9 the filing deadline for a period of 30 days after the applicant  
10 regains the capability to file the application, but in no case  
11 may the filing deadline be extended beyond 3 months of the  
12 original filing deadline. In order to receive the extension  
13 provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the  
14 Chief County Assessment Officer with a signed statement from  
15 the applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse,  
16 or physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the  
17 condition, that, in the physician's, advanced practice  
18 registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the  
19 condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant  
20 incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, and the  
21 date on which the applicant regained the capability to file the  
22 application.

23 Beginning January 1, 1998, notwithstanding any other  
24 provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than  
25 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the  
26 application required by this Section in a timely manner and

1 this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition  
2 sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of  
3 filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County  
4 Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period  
5 of 3 months. In order to receive the extension provided in this  
6 paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County  
7 Assessment Officer with a signed statement from the applicant's  
8 physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician  
9 assistant stating the nature and extent of the condition, and  
10 that, in the physician's, advanced practice registered  
11 nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the condition was so  
12 severe that it rendered the applicant incapable of filing the  
13 application in a timely manner.

14 In counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an  
15 applicant was denied an exemption in taxable year 1994 and the  
16 denial occurred due to an error on the part of an assessment  
17 official, or his or her agent or employee, then beginning in  
18 taxable year 1997 the applicant's base year, for purposes of  
19 determining the amount of the exemption, shall be 1993 rather  
20 than 1994. In addition, in taxable year 1997, the applicant's  
21 exemption shall also include an amount equal to (i) the amount  
22 of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1995  
23 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year,  
24 (ii) the amount of any exemption denied to the applicant in  
25 taxable year 1996 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993,  
26 as the base year, and (iii) the amount of the exemption

1 erroneously denied for taxable year 1994.

2 For purposes of this Section, a person who will be 65 years  
3 of age during the current taxable year shall be eligible to  
4 apply for the homestead exemption during that taxable year.  
5 Application shall be made during the application period in  
6 effect for the county of his or her residence.

7 The Chief County Assessment Officer may determine the  
8 eligibility of a life care facility that qualifies as a  
9 cooperative to receive the benefits provided by this Section by  
10 use of an affidavit, application, visual inspection,  
11 questionnaire, or other reasonable method in order to insure  
12 that the tax savings resulting from the exemption are credited  
13 by the management firm to the apportioned tax liability of each  
14 qualifying resident. The Chief County Assessment Officer may  
15 request reasonable proof that the management firm has so  
16 credited that exemption.

17 Except as provided in this Section, all information  
18 received by the chief county assessment officer or the  
19 Department from applications filed under this Section, or from  
20 any investigation conducted under the provisions of this  
21 Section, shall be confidential, except for official purposes or  
22 pursuant to official procedures for collection of any State or  
23 local tax or enforcement of any civil or criminal penalty or  
24 sanction imposed by this Act or by any statute or ordinance  
25 imposing a State or local tax. Any person who divulges any such  
26 information in any manner, except in accordance with a proper

1 judicial order, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

2 Nothing contained in this Section shall prevent the  
3 Director or chief county assessment officer from publishing or  
4 making available reasonable statistics concerning the  
5 operation of the exemption contained in this Section in which  
6 the contents of claims are grouped into aggregates in such a  
7 way that information contained in any individual claim shall  
8 not be disclosed.

9 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for taxable  
10 year 2017 and thereafter, in counties of 3,000,000 or more  
11 inhabitants, the amount of the exemption shall be the greater  
12 of (i) the amount of the exemption otherwise calculated under  
13 this Section or (ii) \$2,000.

14 (d) Each Chief County Assessment Officer shall annually  
15 publish a notice of availability of the exemption provided  
16 under this Section. The notice shall be published at least 60  
17 days but no more than 75 days prior to the date on which the  
18 application must be submitted to the Chief County Assessment  
19 Officer of the county in which the property is located. The  
20 notice shall appear in a newspaper of general circulation in  
21 the county.

22 Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates Act,  
23 no reimbursement by the State is required for the  
24 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

25 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-180, eff. 7-29-15;  
26 99-581, eff. 1-1-17; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 100-401, eff.

1 8-25-17; 100-513, eff. 1-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)

2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon  
3 becoming law.