

## 101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

## 2019 and 2020

#### HB5295

by Rep. Patrick Windhorst

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

775 ILCS 55/1-10 775 ILCS 55/1-25

Amends the Reproductive Health Act. Provides that except in the case of a medical emergency, a health care professional shall not knowingly perform, induce, or attempt to perform an abortion upon a pregnant woman when the probable gestational age of her unborn child has been determined to be at least 20 weeks. Makes conforming changes.

LRB101 18621 LNS 68076 b

HB5295

1

AN ACT concerning human rights.

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Reproductive Health Act is amended by 5 changing Sections 1-10 and 1-25 and by adding Section 1-24 as 6 follows:

7 (775 ILCS 55/1-10)

8 Sec. 1-10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

9 "Abortion" means the use of any instrument, medicine, drug, 10 or any other substance or device to terminate the pregnancy of 11 an individual known to be pregnant with an intention other than 12 to increase the probability of a live birth, to preserve the 13 life or health of the child after live birth, or to remove a 14 dead fetus.

15 "Advanced practice registered nurse" has the same meaning16 as it does in Section 50-10 of the Nurse Practice Act.

17 "Department" means the Illinois Department of Public18 Health.

19 "Fetal viability" means that, in the professional judgment 20 of the attending health care professional, based on the 21 particular facts of the case, there is a significant likelihood 22 of a fetus' sustained survival outside the uterus without the 23 application of extraordinary medical measures. HB5295

1 "Health care professional" means a person who is licensed 2 as a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or 3 physician assistant.

4 "Health of the patient" means all factors that are relevant 5 to the patient's health and well-being, including, but not 6 limited to, physical, emotional, psychological, and familial 7 health and age.

8 <u>"Major bodily function" includes, but is not limited to,</u> 9 <u>functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, and</u> 10 <u>digestive bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory,</u> 11 <u>circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions.</u>

12 "Maternity care" means the health care provided in relation 13 to pregnancy, labor and childbirth, and the postpartum period, and includes prenatal care, care during labor and birthing, and 14 15 postpartum care extending through one-year postpartum. 16 Maternity care shall, seek to optimize positive outcomes for 17 the patient, and be provided on the basis of the physical and psychosocial needs of the patient. Notwithstanding any of the 18 19 above, all care shall be subject to the informed and voluntary 20 consent of the patient, or the patient's legal proxy, when the 21 patient is unable to give consent.

22 <u>"Medical emergency" means a condition in which an abortion</u>
23 <u>is necessary to preserve the life of the pregnant woman whose</u>
24 <u>life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical illness, or</u>
25 <u>physical injury, including a life-endangering physical</u>
26 <u>condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself, or</u>

## 1 when continuation of the pregnancy will create a serious risk 2 of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily 3 function of the pregnant woman.

4 "Physician" means any person licensed to practice medicine
5 in all its branches under the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

6 "Physician assistant" has the same meaning as it does in 7 Section 4 of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987.

8 "Pregnancy" means the human reproductive process,9 beginning with the implantation of an embryo.

10 "Prevailing party" has the same meaning as in the Illinois11 Civil Rights Act of 2003.

12 "Reproductive health care" means health care offered, 13 arranged, or furnished for the purpose of preventing pregnancy, 14 terminating a pregnancy, managing pregnancy loss, or improving 15 maternal health and birth outcomes. Reproductive health care 16 includes, but is not limited to: contraception; sterilization; 17 preconception care; maternity care; abortion care; and 18 counseling regarding reproductive health care.

19 "State" includes any branch, department, agency, 20 instrumentality, and official or other person acting under color of law of this State or a political subdivision of the 21 22 State, including any unit of local government (including a home 23 rule unit), school district, instrumentality, or public subdivision. 24

25 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.)

HB5295

(775 ILCS 55/1-25) 1 2 Sec. 1-25. Reporting of abortions performed by health care 3 professionals. (a) Except in the case of a medical emergency, a health 4 5 care professional shall not knowingly perform, induce, or attempt to perform an abortion upon a pregnant woman when the 6 7 probable gestational age of her unborn child has been determined to be at least 20 weeks. Otherwise, a A health care 8 9 professional may provide abortion care in accordance with the 10 health care professional's professional judgment and training 11 and based on accepted standards of clinical practice consistent 12 with the scope of his or her practice under the Medical 13 Practice Act of 1987, the Nurse Practice Act, or the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987. If the health care professional 14 determines that there is fetal viability, the health care 15

16 professional may provide abortion care only if, in the 17 professional judgment of the health care professional, the 18 abortion is necessary to protect the life or health of the 19 patient.

(b) A report of each abortion performed by a health care professional shall be made to the Department on forms prescribed by it. Such reports shall be transmitted to the Department not later than 10 days following the end of the month in which the abortion is performed.

(c) The abortion reporting forms prescribed by theDepartment shall not request or require information that

identifies a patient by name or any other identifying
 information, and the Department shall secure anonymity of all
 patients and health care professionals.

(d) All reports received by the Department pursuant to this
Section shall be treated as confidential and exempt from the
Freedom of Information Act. Access to such reports shall be
limited to authorized Department staff who shall use the
reports for statistical purposes only. Such reports must be
destroyed within 2 years after date of receipt.

10 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.)

HB5295