



Sen. Mattie Hunter

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3840

2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend House Bill 3840 by replacing  
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Title I. General Provisions

5 Article 1.

6 Section 1-1. This Act may be referred to as the Illinois  
7 Health Care and Human Service Reform Act.

8 Section 1-5. Findings.

9 "We, the People of the State of Illinois in order to  
10 provide for the health, safety and welfare of the people;  
11 maintain a representative and orderly government; eliminate  
12 poverty and inequality; assure legal, social and economic  
13 justice; provide opportunity for the fullest development of the  
14 individual; insure domestic tranquility; provide for the

1 common defense; and secure the blessings of freedom and liberty  
2 to ourselves and our posterity - do ordain and establish this  
3 Constitution for the State of Illinois."

4 The Illinois Legislative Black Caucus finds that, in order  
5 to improve the health outcomes of Black residents in the State  
6 of Illinois, it is essential to dramatically reform the State's  
7 health and human service system. For over 3 decades, multiple  
8 health studies have found that health inequities at their very  
9 core are due to racism. As early as 1998 research demonstrated  
10 that Black Americans received less health care than white  
11 Americans because doctors treated patients differently on the  
12 basis of race. Yet, Illinois' health and human service system  
13 disappointingly continues to perpetuate health disparities  
14 among Black Illinoisans of all ages, genders, and socioeconomic  
15 status.

16 In July 2020, Trinity Health announced its plans to close  
17 Mercy Hospital, an essential resource serving the Chicago South  
18 Side's predominantly Black residents. Trinity Health argued  
19 that this closure would have no impact on health access but  
20 failed to understand the community's needs. Closure of Mercy  
21 Hospital would only serve to create a health access desert and  
22 exacerbate existing health disparities. On December 15, 2020,  
23 after hearing from community members and advocates, the Health  
24 Facilities and Services Review Board unanimously voted to deny  
25 closure efforts, yet Trinity still seeks to cease Mercy's  
26 operations.

1 Prior to COVID-19, much of the social and political  
2 attention surrounding the nationwide opioid epidemic focused  
3 on the increase in overdose deaths among white, middle-class,  
4 suburban and rural users; the impact of the epidemic in Black  
5 communities was largely unrecognized. Research has shown rates  
6 of opioid use at the national scale are higher for whites than  
7 they are for Blacks, yet rates of opioid deaths are higher  
8 among Blacks (43%) than whites (22%). The COVID-19 pandemic  
9 will likely exacerbate this situation due to job loss,  
10 stay-at-home orders, and ongoing mitigation efforts creating a  
11 lack of physical access to addiction support and harm reduction  
12 groups.

13 In 2018, the Illinois Department of Public Health reported  
14 that Black women were about 6 times as likely to die from a  
15 pregnancy-related cause as white women. Of those, 72% of  
16 pregnancy-related deaths and 93% of violent  
17 pregnancy-associated deaths were deemed preventable. Between  
18 2016 and 2017, Black women had the highest rate of severe  
19 maternal morbidity with a rate of 101.5 per 10,000 deliveries,  
20 which is almost 3 times as high as the rate for white women.

21 In the City of Chicago, African American and Latinx  
22 populations are suffering from higher rates of AIDS/HIV  
23 compared to the general population. Recent data places HIV as  
24 one of the top 5 leading causes of death in African American  
25 women between the ages of 35 to 44 and the seventh ranking  
26 cause in African American women between the ages of 20 to 34.

1 Among the Latinx population, nearly 20% with HIV exclusively  
2 depend on indigenous-led and staffed organizations for  
3 services.

4 Cardiovascular disease (CVD) accounts for more deaths in  
5 Illinois than any other cause of death, according to the  
6 Illinois Department of Public Health; CVD is the leading cause  
7 of death among Black residents. According to the Kaiser Family  
8 Foundation (KFF), for every 100,000 people, 224 Black  
9 Illinoisans die of CVD compared to 158 white Illinoisans.  
10 Cancer, the second leading cause of death in Illinois, too is  
11 pervasive among African Americans. In 2019, an estimated  
12 606,880 Americans, or 1,660 people a day, died of cancer; the  
13 American Cancer Society estimated 24,410 deaths occurred in  
14 Illinois. KFF estimates that, out of every 100,000 people, 191  
15 Black Illinoisans die of cancer compared to 152 white  
16 Illinoisans.

17 Black Americans suffer at much higher rates from chronic  
18 diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, heart disease,  
19 asthma, and many cancers. Utilizing community health workers in  
20 patient education and chronic disease management is needed to  
21 close these health disparities. Studies have shown that  
22 diabetes patients in the care of a community health worker  
23 demonstrate improved knowledge and lifestyle and  
24 self-management behaviors, as well as decreases in the use of  
25 the emergency department. A study of asthma control among black  
26 adolescents concluded that asthma control was reduced by 35%

1 among adolescents working with community health workers,  
2 resulting in a savings of \$5.58 per dollar spent on the  
3 intervention. A study of the return on investment for community  
4 health workers employed in Colorado showed that, after a  
5 9-month period, patients working with community health workers  
6 had an increased number of primary care visits and a decrease  
7 in urgent and inpatient care. Utilization of community health  
8 workers led to a \$2.38 return on investment for every dollar  
9 invested in community health workers.

10 Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) are traumatic  
11 experiences occurring during childhood that have been found to  
12 have a profound effect on a child's developing brain structure  
13 and body which may result in poor health during a person's  
14 adulthood. ACEs studies have found a strong correlation between  
15 the number of ACEs and a person's risk for disease and negative  
16 health behaviors, including suicide, depression, cancer,  
17 stroke, ischemic heart disease, diabetes, autoimmune disease,  
18 smoking, substance abuse, interpersonal violence, obesity,  
19 unplanned pregnancies, lower educational achievement,  
20 workplace absenteeism, and lower wages. Data also shows that  
21 approximately 20% of African American and Hispanic adults in  
22 Illinois reported 4 or more ACEs, compared to 13% of  
23 non-Hispanic whites. Long-standing ACE interventions include  
24 tools such as trauma-informed care. Trauma-informed care has  
25 been promoted and established in communities across the country  
26 on a bipartisan basis, including in the states of California,

1 Florida, Massachusetts, Missouri, Oregon, Pennsylvania,  
2 Washington, and Wisconsin. Several federal agencies have  
3 integrated trauma-informed approaches in their programs and  
4 grants which should be leveraged by the State.

5 According to a 2019 Rush University report, a Black  
6 person's life expectancy on average is less when compared to a  
7 white person's life expectancy. For instance, when comparing  
8 life expectancy in Chicago's Austin neighborhood to the Chicago  
9 Loop, there is a difference of 11 years between Black life  
10 expectancy (71 years) and white life expectancy (82 years).

11 In a 2015 literature review of implicit racial and ethnic  
12 bias among medical professionals, it was concluded that there  
13 is a moderate level of implicit bias in most medical  
14 professionals. Further, the literature review showed that  
15 implicit bias has negative consequences for patients,  
16 including strained patient relationships and negative health  
17 outcomes. It is critical for medical professionals to be aware  
18 of implicit racial and ethnic bias and work to eliminate bias  
19 through training.

20 In the field of medicine, a historically racist profession,  
21 Black medical professionals have commonly been ostracized. In  
22 1934, Dr. Roland B. Scott was the first African American to  
23 pass the pediatric board exam, yet when he applied for  
24 membership with the American Academy of Pediatrics he was  
25 rejected multiple times. Few medical organizations have  
26 confronted the roles they played in blocking opportunities for

1 Black advancement in the medical profession until the formal  
2 apologies of the American Medical Association in 2008. For  
3 decades, organizations like the AMA predicated their  
4 membership on joining a local state medical society, several of  
5 which excluded Black physicians.

6 In 2010, the General Assembly, in partnership with  
7 Treatment Alternatives for Safe Communities, published the  
8 Disproportionate Justice Impact Study. The study examined the  
9 impact of Illinois drug laws on racial and ethnic groups and  
10 the resulting over-representation of racial and ethnic minority  
11 groups in the Illinois criminal justice system. Unsurprisingly  
12 and disappointingly, the study confirmed decades long  
13 injustices, such as nonwhites being arrested at a higher rate  
14 than whites relative to their representation in the general  
15 population throughout Illinois.

16 All together, the above mentioned only begins to capture a  
17 part of a larger system of racial injustices and inequities.  
18 The General Assembly and the people of Illinois are urged to  
19 recognize while racism is a core fault of the current health  
20 and human service system, that it is a pervasive disease  
21 affecting a multiplitude of institutions which truly drive  
22 systematic health inequities: education, child care, criminal  
23 justice, affordable housing, environmental justice, and job  
24 security and so forth. For persons to live up to their full  
25 human potential, their rights to quality of life, health care,  
26 a quality job, a fair wage, housing, and education must not be

1 inhibited.

2 Therefore, the Illinois Legislative Black Caucus, as  
3 informed by the Senate's Health and Human Service Pillar  
4 subject matter hearings, seeks to remedy a fraction of a much  
5 larger broken system by addressing access to health care,  
6 hospital closures, managed care organization reform, community  
7 health worker certification, maternal and infant mortality,  
8 mental and substance abuse treatment, hospital reform, and  
9 medical implicit bias in the Illinois Health Care and Human  
10 Service Reform Act. This Act shall achieve needed change  
11 through the use of, but not limited to, the Medicaid Managed  
12 Care Oversight Commission, the Health and Human Services Task  
13 Force, and a hospital closure moratorium, in order to address  
14 Illinois' long-standing health inequities.

15 Title II. Community Health Workers

16 Article 5.

17 Section 5-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the  
18 Community Health Worker Certification and Reimbursement Act.  
19 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

20 Section 5-5. Definition. In this Act, "community health  
21 worker" means a frontline public health worker who is a trusted  
22 member or has an unusually close understanding of the community



1 served. This trusting relationship enables the community  
2 health worker to serve as a liaison, link, and intermediary  
3 between health and social services and the community to  
4 facilitate access to services and improve the quality and  
5 cultural competence of service delivery. A community health  
6 worker also builds individual and community capacity by  
7 increasing health knowledge and self-sufficiency through a  
8 range of activities, including outreach, community education,  
9 informal counseling, social support, and advocacy. A community  
10 health worker shall have the following core competencies:

- 11 (1) communication;
- 12 (2) interpersonal skills and relationship building;
- 13 (3) service coordination and navigation skills;
- 14 (4) capacity-building;
- 15 (5) advocacy;
- 16 (6) presentation and facilitation skills;
- 17 (7) organizational skills; cultural competency;
- 18 (8) public health knowledge;
- 19 (9) understanding of health systems and basic  
20 diseases;
- 21 (10) behavioral health issues; and
- 22 (11) field experience.

23 Nothing in this definition shall be construed to authorize  
24 a community health worker to provide direct care or treatment  
25 to any person or to perform any act or service for which a  
26 license issued by a professional licensing board is required.

1 Section 5-10. Community health worker training.

2 (a) Community health workers shall be provided with  
3 multi-tiered academic and community-based training  
4 opportunities that lead to the mastery of community health  
5 worker core competencies.

6 (b) For academic-based training programs, the Department  
7 of Public Health shall collaborate with the Illinois State  
8 Board of Education, the Illinois Community College Board, and  
9 the Illinois Board of Higher Education to adopt a process to  
10 certify academic-based training programs that students can  
11 attend to obtain individual community health worker  
12 certification. Certified training programs shall reflect the  
13 approved core competencies and roles for community health  
14 workers.

15 (c) For community-based training programs, the Department  
16 of Public Health shall collaborate with a statewide association  
17 representing community health workers to adopt a process to  
18 certify community-based programs that students can attend to  
19 obtain individual community health worker certification.

20 (d) Community health workers may need to undergo additional  
21 training, including, but not limited to, asthma, diabetes,  
22 maternal child health, behavioral health, and social  
23 determinants of health training. Multi-tiered training  
24 approaches shall provide opportunities that build on each other  
25 and prepare community health workers for career pathways both

1 within the community health worker profession and within allied  
2 professions.

3 Section 5-15. Illinois Community Health Worker  
4 Certification Board.

5 (a) There is created within the Department of Public  
6 Health, in shared leadership with a statewide association  
7 representing community health workers, the Illinois Community  
8 Health Worker Certification Board. The Board shall serve as the  
9 regulatory body that develops and has oversight of initial  
10 community health workers certification and certification  
11 renewals for both individuals and academic and community-based  
12 training programs.

13 (b) A representative from the Department of Public Health,  
14 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the  
15 Department of Healthcare and Family Services, and the  
16 Department of Human Services shall serve on the Board. At least  
17 one full-time professional shall be assigned to staff the Board  
18 with additional administrative support available as needed.  
19 The Board shall have balanced representation from the community  
20 health worker workforce, community health worker employers,  
21 community health worker training and educational  
22 organizations, and other engaged stakeholders.

23 (c) The Board shall propose a certification process for and  
24 be authorized to approve training from community-based  
25 organizations, in conjunction with a statewide organization

1 representing community health workers, and academic  
2 institutions, in consultation with the Illinois State Board of  
3 Education, the Illinois Community College Board and the  
4 Illinois Board of Higher Education. The Board shall base  
5 training approval on core competencies, best practices, and  
6 affordability. In addition, the Board shall maintain a registry  
7 of certification records for individually certified community  
8 health workers.

9 (d) All training programs that are deemed certifiable by  
10 the Board shall go through a renewal process, which will be  
11 determined by the Board once established. The Board shall  
12 establish criteria to grandfather in any community health  
13 workers who were practicing prior to the establishment of a  
14 certification program.

15 (e) To ensure high-quality service, the Illinois Community  
16 Health Worker Certification Board shall examine and consider  
17 for adoption best practices from other states that have  
18 implemented policies to allow for alternative opportunities to  
19 demonstrate competency in core skills and knowledge in addition  
20 to certification.

21 (f) The Department of Public Health shall explore ways to  
22 compensate members of the Board.

23 Section 5-20. Reimbursement. Community health worker  
24 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program,  
25 subject to funding availability, for persons who are otherwise

1 eligible for medical assistance. The Department of Healthcare  
2 and Family Services shall develop services, including, but not  
3 limited to, care coordination and diagnosis-related patient  
4 services, for which community health workers will be eligible  
5 for reimbursement and shall request approval from the federal  
6 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to reimburse  
7 community health worker services under the medical assistance  
8 program. For reimbursement under the medical assistance  
9 program, a community health worker must work under the  
10 supervision of an enrolled medical program provider, as  
11 specified by the Department, and certification shall be  
12 required for reimbursement. The supervision of enrolled  
13 medical program providers and certification are not required  
14 for community health workers who receive reimbursement through  
15 managed care administrative moneys. Noncertified community  
16 health workers are reimbursable at the discretion of managed  
17 care entities following availability of community health  
18 worker certification. In addition, the Department of  
19 Healthcare and Family Services shall amend its contracts with  
20 managed care entities to allow managed care entities to employ  
21 community health workers or subcontract with community-based  
22 organizations that employ community health workers.

23 Section 5-23. Certification. Certification shall not be  
24 required for employment of community health workers.  
25 Noncertified community health workers may be employed through

1 funding sources outside of the medical assistance program.

2 Section 5-25. Rules. The Department of Public Health and  
3 the Department of Healthcare and Family Services may adopt  
4 rules for the implementation and administration of this Act.

5 Title III. Hospital Reform

6 Article 10.

7 Section 10-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
8 changing Section 10.4 as follows:

9 (210 ILCS 85/10.4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 151.4)

10 Sec. 10.4. Medical staff privileges.

11 (a) Any hospital licensed under this Act or any hospital  
12 organized under the University of Illinois Hospital Act shall,  
13 prior to the granting of any medical staff privileges to an  
14 applicant, or renewing a current medical staff member's  
15 privileges, request of the Director of Professional Regulation  
16 information concerning the licensure status, proper  
17 credentials, required certificates, and any disciplinary  
18 action taken against the applicant's or medical staff member's  
19 license, except: (1) for medical personnel who enter a hospital  
20 to obtain organs and tissues for transplant from a donor in  
21 accordance with the Illinois Anatomical Gift Act; or (2) for

1 medical personnel who have been granted disaster privileges  
2 pursuant to the procedures and requirements established by  
3 rules adopted by the Department. Any hospital and any employees  
4 of the hospital or others involved in granting privileges who,  
5 in good faith, grant disaster privileges pursuant to this  
6 Section to respond to an emergency shall not, as a result of  
7 their acts or omissions, be liable for civil damages for  
8 granting or denying disaster privileges except in the event of  
9 willful and wanton misconduct, as that term is defined in  
10 Section 10.2 of this Act. Individuals granted privileges who  
11 provide care in an emergency situation, in good faith and  
12 without direct compensation, shall not, as a result of their  
13 acts or omissions, except for acts or omissions involving  
14 willful and wanton misconduct, as that term is defined in  
15 Section 10.2 of this Act, on the part of the person, be liable  
16 for civil damages. The Director of Professional Regulation  
17 shall transmit, in writing and in a timely fashion, such  
18 information regarding the license of the applicant or the  
19 medical staff member, including the record of imposition of any  
20 periods of supervision or monitoring as a result of alcohol or  
21 substance abuse, as provided by Section 23 of the Medical  
22 Practice Act of 1987, and such information as may have been  
23 submitted to the Department indicating that the application or  
24 medical staff member has been denied, or has surrendered,  
25 medical staff privileges at a hospital licensed under this Act,  
26 or any equivalent facility in another state or territory of the

1 United States. The Director of Professional Regulation shall  
2 define by rule the period for timely response to such requests.

3 No transmittal of information by the Director of  
4 Professional Regulation, under this Section shall be to other  
5 than the president, chief operating officer, chief  
6 administrative officer, or chief of the medical staff of a  
7 hospital licensed under this Act, a hospital organized under  
8 the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a hospital operated  
9 by the United States, or any of its instrumentalities. The  
10 information so transmitted shall be afforded the same status as  
11 is information concerning medical studies by Part 21 of Article  
12 VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, as now or hereafter  
13 amended.

14 (b) All hospitals licensed under this Act, except county  
15 hospitals as defined in subsection (c) of Section 15-1 of the  
16 Illinois Public Aid Code, shall comply with, and the medical  
17 staff bylaws of these hospitals shall include rules consistent  
18 with, the provisions of this Section in granting, limiting,  
19 renewing, or denying medical staff membership and clinical  
20 staff privileges. Hospitals that require medical staff members  
21 to possess faculty status with a specific institution of higher  
22 education are not required to comply with subsection (1) below  
23 when the physician does not possess faculty status.

24 (1) Minimum procedures for pre-applicants and  
25 applicants for medical staff membership shall include the  
26 following:



1           (A) Written procedures relating to the acceptance  
2           and processing of pre-applicants or applicants for  
3           medical staff membership, which should be contained in  
4           medical staff bylaws.

5           (B) Written procedures to be followed in  
6           determining a pre-applicant's or an applicant's  
7           qualifications for being granted medical staff  
8           membership and privileges.

9           (C) Written criteria to be followed in evaluating a  
10          pre-applicant's or an applicant's qualifications.

11          (D) An evaluation of a pre-applicant's or an  
12          applicant's current health status and current license  
13          status in Illinois.

14          (E) A written response to each pre-applicant or  
15          applicant that explains the reason or reasons for any  
16          adverse decision (including all reasons based in whole  
17          or in part on the applicant's medical qualifications or  
18          any other basis, including economic factors).

19          (2) Minimum procedures with respect to medical staff  
20          and clinical privilege determinations concerning current  
21          members of the medical staff shall include the following:

22                (A) A written notice of an adverse decision.

23                (B) An explanation of the reasons for an adverse  
24          decision including all reasons based on the quality of  
25          medical care or any other basis, including economic  
26          factors.

1 (C) A statement of the medical staff member's right  
2 to request a fair hearing on the adverse decision  
3 before a hearing panel whose membership is mutually  
4 agreed upon by the medical staff and the hospital  
5 governing board. The hearing panel shall have  
6 independent authority to recommend action to the  
7 hospital governing board. Upon the request of the  
8 medical staff member or the hospital governing board,  
9 the hearing panel shall make findings concerning the  
10 nature of each basis for any adverse decision  
11 recommended to and accepted by the hospital governing  
12 board.

13 (i) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a  
14 hospital's or medical staff's right to summarily  
15 suspend, without a prior hearing, a person's  
16 medical staff membership or clinical privileges if  
17 the continuation of practice of a medical staff  
18 member constitutes an immediate danger to the  
19 public, including patients, visitors, and hospital  
20 employees and staff. In the event that a hospital  
21 or the medical staff imposes a summary suspension,  
22 the Medical Executive Committee, or other  
23 comparable governance committee of the medical  
24 staff as specified in the bylaws, must meet as soon  
25 as is reasonably possible to review the suspension  
26 and to recommend whether it should be affirmed,

1           lifted, expunged, or modified if the suspended  
2           physician requests such review. A summary  
3           suspension may not be implemented unless there is  
4           actual documentation or other reliable information  
5           that an immediate danger exists. This  
6           documentation or information must be available at  
7           the time the summary suspension decision is made  
8           and when the decision is reviewed by the Medical  
9           Executive Committee. If the Medical Executive  
10          Committee recommends that the summary suspension  
11          should be lifted, expunged, or modified, this  
12          recommendation must be reviewed and considered by  
13          the hospital governing board, or a committee of the  
14          board, on an expedited basis. Nothing in this  
15          subparagraph (C) shall affect the requirement that  
16          any requested hearing must be commenced within 15  
17          days after the summary suspension and completed  
18          without delay unless otherwise agreed to by the  
19          parties. A fair hearing shall be commenced within  
20          15 days after the suspension and completed without  
21          delay, except that when the medical staff member's  
22          license to practice has been suspended or revoked  
23          by the State's licensing authority, no hearing  
24          shall be necessary.

25                 (ii) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a  
26          medical staff's right to permit, in the medical

1 staff bylaws, summary suspension of membership or  
2 clinical privileges in designated administrative  
3 circumstances as specifically approved by the  
4 medical staff. This bylaw provision must  
5 specifically describe both the administrative  
6 circumstance that can result in a summary  
7 suspension and the length of the summary  
8 suspension. The opportunity for a fair hearing is  
9 required for any administrative summary  
10 suspension. Any requested hearing must be  
11 commenced within 15 days after the summary  
12 suspension and completed without delay. Adverse  
13 decisions other than suspension or other  
14 restrictions on the treatment or admission of  
15 patients may be imposed summarily and without a  
16 hearing under designated administrative  
17 circumstances as specifically provided for in the  
18 medical staff bylaws as approved by the medical  
19 staff.

20 (iii) If a hospital exercises its option to  
21 enter into an exclusive contract and that contract  
22 results in the total or partial termination or  
23 reduction of medical staff membership or clinical  
24 privileges of a current medical staff member, the  
25 hospital shall provide the affected medical staff  
26 member 60 days prior notice of the effect on his or

1 her medical staff membership or privileges. An  
2 affected medical staff member desiring a hearing  
3 under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2) must  
4 request the hearing within 14 days after the date  
5 he or she is so notified. The requested hearing  
6 shall be commenced and completed (with a report and  
7 recommendation to the affected medical staff  
8 member, hospital governing board, and medical  
9 staff) within 30 days after the date of the medical  
10 staff member's request. If agreed upon by both the  
11 medical staff and the hospital governing board,  
12 the medical staff bylaws may provide for longer  
13 time periods.

14 (C-5) All peer review used for the purpose of  
15 credentialing, privileging, disciplinary action, or  
16 other recommendations affecting medical staff  
17 membership or exercise of clinical privileges, whether  
18 relying in whole or in part on internal or external  
19 reviews, shall be conducted in accordance with the  
20 medical staff bylaws and applicable rules,  
21 regulations, or policies of the medical staff. If  
22 external review is obtained, any adverse report  
23 utilized shall be in writing and shall be made part of  
24 the internal peer review process under the bylaws. The  
25 report shall also be shared with a medical staff peer  
26 review committee and the individual under review. If

1 the medical staff peer review committee or the  
2 individual under review prepares a written response to  
3 the report of the external peer review within 30 days  
4 after receiving such report, the governing board shall  
5 consider the response prior to the implementation of  
6 any final actions by the governing board which may  
7 affect the individual's medical staff membership or  
8 clinical privileges. Any peer review that involves  
9 willful or wanton misconduct shall be subject to civil  
10 damages as provided for under Section 10.2 of this Act.

11 (D) A statement of the member's right to inspect  
12 all pertinent information in the hospital's possession  
13 with respect to the decision.

14 (E) A statement of the member's right to present  
15 witnesses and other evidence at the hearing on the  
16 decision.

17 (E-5) The right to be represented by a personal  
18 attorney.

19 (F) A written notice and written explanation of the  
20 decision resulting from the hearing.

21 (F-5) A written notice of a final adverse decision  
22 by a hospital governing board.

23 (G) Notice given 15 days before implementation of  
24 an adverse medical staff membership or clinical  
25 privileges decision based substantially on economic  
26 factors. This notice shall be given after the medical

1 staff member exhausts all applicable procedures under  
2 this Section, including item (iii) of subparagraph (C)  
3 of this paragraph (2), and under the medical staff  
4 bylaws in order to allow sufficient time for the  
5 orderly provision of patient care.

6 (H) Nothing in this paragraph (2) of this  
7 subsection (b) limits a medical staff member's right to  
8 waive, in writing, the rights provided in  
9 subparagraphs (A) through (G) of this paragraph (2) of  
10 this subsection (b) upon being granted the written  
11 exclusive right to provide particular services at a  
12 hospital, either individually or as a member of a  
13 group. If an exclusive contract is signed by a  
14 representative of a group of physicians, a waiver  
15 contained in the contract shall apply to all members of  
16 the group unless stated otherwise in the contract.

17 (3) Every adverse medical staff membership and  
18 clinical privilege decision based substantially on  
19 economic factors shall be reported to the Hospital  
20 Licensing Board before the decision takes effect. These  
21 reports shall not be disclosed in any form that reveals the  
22 identity of any hospital or physician. These reports shall  
23 be utilized to study the effects that hospital medical  
24 staff membership and clinical privilege decisions based  
25 upon economic factors have on access to care and the  
26 availability of physician services. The Hospital Licensing

1 Board shall submit an initial study to the Governor and the  
2 General Assembly by January 1, 1996, and subsequent reports  
3 shall be submitted periodically thereafter.

4 (4) As used in this Section:

5 "Adverse decision" means a decision reducing,  
6 restricting, suspending, revoking, denying, or not  
7 renewing medical staff membership or clinical privileges.

8 "Economic factor" means any information or reasons for  
9 decisions unrelated to quality of care or professional  
10 competency.

11 "Pre-applicant" means a physician licensed to practice  
12 medicine in all its branches who requests an application  
13 for medical staff membership or privileges.

14 "Privilege" means permission to provide medical or  
15 other patient care services and permission to use hospital  
16 resources, including equipment, facilities and personnel  
17 that are necessary to effectively provide medical or other  
18 patient care services. This definition shall not be  
19 construed to require a hospital to acquire additional  
20 equipment, facilities, or personnel to accommodate the  
21 granting of privileges.

22 (5) Any amendment to medical staff bylaws required  
23 because of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly  
24 shall be adopted on or before July 1, 2001.

25 (c) All hospitals shall consult with the medical staff  
26 prior to closing membership in the entire or any portion of the



1 medical staff or a department. If the hospital closes  
2 membership in the medical staff, any portion of the medical  
3 staff, or the department over the objections of the medical  
4 staff, then the hospital shall provide a detailed written  
5 explanation for the decision to the medical staff 10 days prior  
6 to the effective date of any closure. No applications need to  
7 be provided when membership in the medical staff or any  
8 relevant portion of the medical staff is closed.

9 (Source: P.A. 96-445, eff. 8-14-09; 97-1006, eff. 8-17-12.)

10 Article 15.

11 Section 15-3. The Illinois Health Finance Reform Act is  
12 amended by changing Section 4-4 as follows:

13 (20 ILCS 2215/4-4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 6504-4)

14 Sec. 4-4. (a) Hospitals shall make available to prospective  
15 patients information on the normal charge incurred for any  
16 procedure or operation the prospective patient is considering.

17 (b) The Department of Public Health shall require hospitals  
18 to post, either by physical or electronic means, in prominent  
19 letters, ~~in letters no more than one inch in height~~ the  
20 established charges for services, where applicable, including  
21 but not limited to the hospital's private room charge,  
22 semi-private room charge, charge for a room with 3 or more  
23 beds, intensive care room charges, emergency room charge,

1 operating room charge, electrocardiogram charge, anesthesia  
2 charge, chest x-ray charge, blood sugar charge, blood chemistry  
3 charge, tissue exam charge, blood typing charge and Rh factor  
4 charge. The definitions of each charge to be posted shall be  
5 determined by the Department.

6 (Source: P.A. 92-597, eff. 7-1-02.)

7 Section 15-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
8 changing Sections 6, 6.14c, 10.10, and 11.5 as follows:

9 (210 ILCS 85/6) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 147)

10 Sec. 6. (a) Upon receipt of an application for a permit to  
11 establish a hospital the Director shall issue a permit if he  
12 finds (1) that the applicant is fit, willing, and able to  
13 provide a proper standard of hospital service for the community  
14 with particular regard to the qualification, background, and  
15 character of the applicant, (2) that the financial resources  
16 available to the applicant demonstrate an ability to construct,  
17 maintain, and operate a hospital in accordance with the  
18 standards, rules, and regulations adopted pursuant to this Act,  
19 and (3) that safeguards are provided which assure hospital  
20 operation and maintenance consistent with the public interest  
21 having particular regard to safe, adequate, and efficient  
22 hospital facilities and services.

23 The Director may request the cooperation of county and  
24 multiple-county health departments, municipal boards of

1 health, and other governmental and non-governmental agencies  
2 in obtaining information and in conducting investigations  
3 relating to such applications.

4 A permit to establish a hospital shall be valid only for  
5 the premises and person named in the application for such  
6 permit and shall not be transferable or assignable.

7 In the event the Director issues a permit to establish a  
8 hospital the applicant shall thereafter submit plans and  
9 specifications to the Department in accordance with Section 8  
10 of this Act.

11 (b) Upon receipt of an application for license to open,  
12 conduct, operate, and maintain a hospital, the Director shall  
13 issue a license if he finds the applicant and the hospital  
14 facilities comply with standards, rules, and regulations  
15 promulgated under this Act. A license, unless sooner suspended  
16 or revoked, shall be renewable annually upon approval by the  
17 Department and payment of a license fee as established pursuant  
18 to Section 5 of this Act. Each license shall be issued only for  
19 the premises and persons named in the application and shall not  
20 be transferable or assignable. Licenses shall be posted, either  
21 by physical or electronic means, in a conspicuous place on the  
22 licensed premises. The Department may, either before or after  
23 the issuance of a license, request the cooperation of the State  
24 Fire Marshal, county and multiple county health departments, or  
25 municipal boards of health to make investigations to determine  
26 if the applicant or licensee is complying with the minimum

1 standards prescribed by the Department. The report and  
2 recommendations of any such agency shall be in writing and  
3 shall state with particularity its findings with respect to  
4 compliance or noncompliance with such minimum standards,  
5 rules, and regulations.

6 The Director may issue a provisional license to any  
7 hospital which does not substantially comply with the  
8 provisions of this Act and the standards, rules, and  
9 regulations promulgated by virtue thereof provided that he  
10 finds that such hospital has undertaken changes and corrections  
11 which upon completion will render the hospital in substantial  
12 compliance with the provisions of this Act, and the standards,  
13 rules, and regulations adopted hereunder, and provided that the  
14 health and safety of the patients of the hospital will be  
15 protected during the period for which such provisional license  
16 is issued. The Director shall advise the licensee of the  
17 conditions under which such provisional license is issued,  
18 including the manner in which the hospital facilities fail to  
19 comply with the provisions of the Act, standards, rules, and  
20 regulations, and the time within which the changes and  
21 corrections necessary for such hospital facilities to  
22 substantially comply with this Act, and the standards, rules,  
23 and regulations of the Department relating thereto shall be  
24 completed.

25 (Source: P.A. 98-683, eff. 6-30-14.)

1 (210 ILCS 85/6.14c)

2 Sec. 6.14c. Posting of information. Every hospital shall  
3 conspicuously post, either by physical or electronic means, for  
4 display in an area of its offices accessible to patients,  
5 employees, and visitors the following:

6 (1) its current license;

7 (2) a description, provided by the Department, of  
8 complaint procedures established under this Act and the  
9 name, address, and telephone number of a person authorized  
10 by the Department to receive complaints;

11 (3) a list of any orders pertaining to the hospital  
12 issued by the Department during the past year and any court  
13 orders reviewing such Department orders issued during the  
14 past year; and

15 (4) a list of the material available for public  
16 inspection under Section 6.14d.

17 Each hospital shall post, either by physical or electronic  
18 means, in each facility that has an emergency room, a notice in  
19 a conspicuous location in the emergency room with information  
20 about how to enroll in health insurance through the Illinois  
21 health insurance marketplace in accordance with Sections 1311  
22 and 1321 of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care  
23 Act.

24 (Source: P.A. 101-117, eff. 1-1-20.)

25 (210 ILCS 85/10.10)

1           Sec. 10.10. Nurse Staffing by Patient Acuity.

2           (a) Findings. The Legislature finds and declares all of the  
3 following:

4           (1) The State of Illinois has a substantial interest in  
5 promoting quality care and improving the delivery of health  
6 care services.

7           (2) Evidence-based studies have shown that the basic  
8 principles of staffing in the acute care setting should be  
9 based on the complexity of patients' care needs aligned  
10 with available nursing skills to promote quality patient  
11 care consistent with professional nursing standards.

12           (3) Compliance with this Section promotes an  
13 organizational climate that values registered nurses'  
14 input in meeting the health care needs of hospital  
15 patients.

16           (b) Definitions. As used in this Section:

17           "Acuity model" means an assessment tool selected and  
18 implemented by a hospital, as recommended by a nursing care  
19 committee, that assesses the complexity of patient care needs  
20 requiring professional nursing care and skills and aligns  
21 patient care needs and nursing skills consistent with  
22 professional nursing standards.

23           "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

24           "Direct patient care" means care provided by a registered  
25 professional nurse with direct responsibility to oversee or  
26 carry out medical regimens or nursing care for one or more

1 patients.

2 "Nursing care committee" means an existing or newly created  
3 hospital-wide committee or committees of nurses whose  
4 functions, in part or in whole, contribute to the development,  
5 recommendation, and review of the hospital's nurse staffing  
6 plan established pursuant to subsection (d).

7 "Registered professional nurse" means a person licensed as  
8 a Registered Nurse under the Nurse Practice Act.

9 "Written staffing plan for nursing care services" means a  
10 written plan for guiding the assignment of patient care nursing  
11 staff based on multiple nurse and patient considerations that  
12 yield minimum staffing levels for inpatient care units and the  
13 adopted acuity model aligning patient care needs with nursing  
14 skills required for quality patient care consistent with  
15 professional nursing standards.

16 (c) Written staffing plan.

17 (1) Every hospital shall implement a written  
18 hospital-wide staffing plan, recommended by a nursing care  
19 committee or committees, that provides for minimum direct  
20 care professional registered nurse-to-patient staffing  
21 needs for each inpatient care unit. The written  
22 hospital-wide staffing plan shall include, but need not be  
23 limited to, the following considerations:

24 (A) The complexity of complete care, assessment on  
25 patient admission, volume of patient admissions,  
26 discharges and transfers, evaluation of the progress

1 of a patient's problems, ongoing physical assessments,  
2 planning for a patient's discharge, assessment after a  
3 change in patient condition, and assessment of the need  
4 for patient referrals.

5 (B) The complexity of clinical professional  
6 nursing judgment needed to design and implement a  
7 patient's nursing care plan, the need for specialized  
8 equipment and technology, the skill mix of other  
9 personnel providing or supporting direct patient care,  
10 and involvement in quality improvement activities,  
11 professional preparation, and experience.

12 (C) Patient acuity and the number of patients for  
13 whom care is being provided.

14 (D) The ongoing assessments of a unit's patient  
15 acuity levels and nursing staff needed shall be  
16 routinely made by the unit nurse manager or his or her  
17 designee.

18 (E) The identification of additional registered  
19 nurses available for direct patient care when  
20 patients' unexpected needs exceed the planned workload  
21 for direct care staff.

22 (2) In order to provide staffing flexibility to meet  
23 patient needs, every hospital shall identify an acuity  
24 model for adjusting the staffing plan for each inpatient  
25 care unit.

26 (3) The written staffing plan shall be posted, either



1        by physical or electronic means, in a conspicuous and  
2        accessible location for both patients and direct care  
3        staff, as required under the Hospital Report Card Act. A  
4        copy of the written staffing plan shall be provided to any  
5        member of the general public upon request.

6        (d) Nursing care committee.

7            (1) Every hospital shall have a nursing care committee.  
8        A hospital shall appoint members of a committee whereby at  
9        least 50% of the members are registered professional nurses  
10       providing direct patient care.

11           (2) A nursing care committee's recommendations must be  
12       given significant regard and weight in the hospital's  
13       adoption and implementation of a written staffing plan.

14           (3) A nursing care committee or committees shall  
15       recommend a written staffing plan for the hospital based on  
16       the principles from the staffing components set forth in  
17       subsection (c). In particular, a committee or committees  
18       shall provide input and feedback on the following:

19            (A) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of  
20       minimum staffing levels for inpatient care units.

21            (B) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of  
22       an acuity model to provide staffing flexibility that  
23       aligns changing patient acuity with nursing skills  
24       required.

25            (C) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of a  
26       written staffing plan incorporating the items

1 described in subdivisions (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this  
2 Section.

3 (D) Review the following: nurse-to-patient  
4 staffing guidelines for all inpatient areas; and  
5 current acuity tools and measures in use.

6 (4) A nursing care committee must address the items  
7 described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (3)  
8 semi-annually.

9 (e) Nothing in this Section 10.10 shall be construed to  
10 limit, alter, or modify any of the terms, conditions, or  
11 provisions of a collective bargaining agreement entered into by  
12 the hospital.

13 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 97-423, eff. 1-1-12;  
14 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)

15 (210 ILCS 85/11.5)

16 Sec. 11.5. Uniform standards of obstetrical care  
17 regardless of ability to pay.

18 (a) No hospital may promulgate policies or implement  
19 practices that determine differing standards of obstetrical  
20 care based upon a patient's source of payment or ability to pay  
21 for medical services.

22 (b) Each hospital shall develop a written policy statement  
23 reflecting the requirements of subsection (a) and shall post,  
24 either by physical or electronic means, written notices of this  
25 policy in the obstetrical admitting areas of the hospital by

1 July 1, 2004. Notices posted pursuant to this Section shall be  
2 posted in the predominant language or languages spoken in the  
3 hospital's service area.

4 (Source: P.A. 93-981, eff. 8-23-04.)

5 Section 15-10. The Language Assistance Services Act is  
6 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

7 (210 ILCS 87/15)

8 Sec. 15. Language assistance services.

9 (a) To ensure access to health care information and  
10 services for limited-English-speaking or non-English-speaking  
11 residents and deaf residents, a health facility must do the  
12 following:

13 (1) Adopt and review annually a policy for providing  
14 language assistance services to patients with language or  
15 communication barriers. The policy shall include  
16 procedures for providing, to the extent possible as  
17 determined by the facility, the use of an interpreter  
18 whenever a language or communication barrier exists,  
19 except where the patient, after being informed of the  
20 availability of the interpreter service, chooses to use a  
21 family member or friend who volunteers to interpret. The  
22 procedures shall be designed to maximize efficient use of  
23 interpreters and minimize delays in providing interpreters  
24 to patients. The procedures shall insure, to the extent

1 possible as determined by the facility, that interpreters  
2 are available, either on the premises or accessible by  
3 telephone, 24 hours a day. The facility shall annually  
4 transmit to the Department of Public Health a copy of the  
5 updated policy and shall include a description of the  
6 facility's efforts to insure adequate and speedy  
7 communication between patients with language or  
8 communication barriers and staff.

9 (2) Develop, and post, either by physical or electronic  
10 means, in conspicuous locations, notices that advise  
11 patients and their families of the availability of  
12 interpreters, the procedure for obtaining an interpreter,  
13 and the telephone numbers to call for filing complaints  
14 concerning interpreter service problems, including, but  
15 not limited to, a TTY number for persons who are deaf or  
16 hard of hearing. The notices shall be posted, at a minimum,  
17 in the emergency room, the admitting area, the facility  
18 entrance, and the outpatient area. Notices shall inform  
19 patients that interpreter services are available on  
20 request, shall list the languages most commonly  
21 encountered at the facility for which interpreter services  
22 are available, and shall instruct patients to direct  
23 complaints regarding interpreter services to the  
24 Department of Public Health, including the telephone  
25 numbers to call for that purpose.

26 (3) Notify the facility's employees of the language

1 services available at the facility and train them on how to  
2 make those language services available to patients.

3 (b) In addition, a health facility may do one or more of  
4 the following:

5 (1) Identify and record a patient's primary language  
6 and dialect on one or more of the following: a patient  
7 medical chart, hospital bracelet, bedside notice, or  
8 nursing card.

9 (2) Prepare and maintain, as needed, a list of  
10 interpreters who have been identified as proficient in sign  
11 language according to the Interpreter for the Deaf  
12 Licensure Act of 2007 and a list of the languages of the  
13 population of the geographical area served by the facility.

14 (3) Review all standardized written forms, waivers,  
15 documents, and informational materials available to  
16 patients on admission to determine which to translate into  
17 languages other than English.

18 (4) Consider providing its nonbilingual staff with  
19 standardized picture and phrase sheets for use in routine  
20 communications with patients who have language or  
21 communication barriers.

22 (5) Develop community liaison groups to enable the  
23 facility and the limited-English-speaking,  
24 non-English-speaking, and deaf communities to ensure the  
25 adequacy of the interpreter services.

26 (Source: P.A. 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

1           Section 15-15. The Fair Patient Billing Act is amended by  
2 changing Section 15 as follows:

3           (210 ILCS 88/15)

4           Sec. 15. Patient notification.

5           (a) Each hospital shall post a sign with the following  
6 notice:

7                   "You may be eligible for financial assistance under  
8 the terms and conditions the hospital offers to qualified  
9 patients. For more information contact [hospital financial  
10 assistance representative]".

11           (b) The sign under subsection (a) shall be posted, either  
12 by physical or electronic means, conspicuously in the admission  
13 and registration areas of the hospital.

14           (c) The sign shall be in English, and in any other language  
15 that is the primary language of at least 5% of the patients  
16 served by the hospital annually.

17           (d) Each hospital that has a website must post a notice in  
18 a prominent place on its website that financial assistance is  
19 available at the hospital, a description of the financial  
20 assistance application process, and a copy of the financial  
21 assistance application.

22           (e) Within 180 days after the effective date of this  
23 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly, each ~~Each~~  
24 hospital must make available information regarding financial

1 assistance from the hospital in the form of either a brochure,  
2 an application for financial assistance, or other written or  
3 electronic material in the emergency room, ~~material in the~~  
4 hospital admission, or registration area.

5 (Source: P.A. 94-885, eff. 1-1-07.)

6 Section 15-16. The Health Care Violence Prevention Act is  
7 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

8 (210 ILCS 160/15)

9 Sec. 15. Workplace safety.

10 (a) A health care worker who contacts law enforcement or  
11 files a report with law enforcement against a patient or  
12 individual because of workplace violence shall provide notice  
13 to management of the health care provider by which he or she is  
14 employed within 3 days after contacting law enforcement or  
15 filing the report.

16 (b) No management of a health care provider may discourage  
17 a health care worker from exercising his or her right to  
18 contact law enforcement or file a report with law enforcement  
19 because of workplace violence.

20 (c) A health care provider that employs a health care  
21 worker shall display a notice, either by physical or electronic  
22 means, stating that verbal aggression will not be tolerated and  
23 physical assault will be reported to law enforcement.

24 (d) The health care provider shall offer immediate

1 post-incident services for a health care worker directly  
2 involved in a workplace violence incident caused by patients or  
3 their visitors, including acute treatment and access to  
4 psychological evaluation.

5 (Source: P.A. 100-1051, eff. 1-1-19.)

6 Section 15-17. The Medical Patient Rights Act is amended by  
7 changing Sections 3.4 and 5.2 as follows:

8 (410 ILCS 50/3.4)

9 Sec. 3.4. Rights of women; pregnancy and childbirth.

10 (a) In addition to any other right provided under this Act,  
11 every woman has the following rights with regard to pregnancy  
12 and childbirth:

13 (1) The right to receive health care before, during,  
14 and after pregnancy and childbirth.

15 (2) The right to receive care for her and her infant  
16 that is consistent with generally accepted medical  
17 standards.

18 (3) The right to choose a certified nurse midwife or  
19 physician as her maternity care professional.

20 (4) The right to choose her birth setting from the full  
21 range of birthing options available in her community.

22 (5) The right to leave her maternity care professional  
23 and select another if she becomes dissatisfied with her  
24 care, except as otherwise provided by law.



1           (6) The right to receive information about the names of  
2 those health care professionals involved in her care.

3           (7) The right to privacy and confidentiality of  
4 records, except as provided by law.

5           (8) The right to receive information concerning her  
6 condition and proposed treatment, including methods of  
7 relieving pain.

8           (9) The right to accept or refuse any treatment, to the  
9 extent medically possible.

10          (10) The right to be informed if her caregivers wish to  
11 enroll her or her infant in a research study in accordance  
12 with Section 3.1 of this Act.

13          (11) The right to access her medical records in  
14 accordance with Section 8-2001 of the Code of Civil  
15 Procedure.

16          (12) The right to receive information in a language in  
17 which she can communicate in accordance with federal law.

18          (13) The right to receive emotional and physical  
19 support during labor and birth.

20          (14) The right to freedom of movement during labor and  
21 to give birth in the position of her choice, within  
22 generally accepted medical standards.

23          (15) The right to contact with her newborn, except  
24 where necessary care must be provided to the mother or  
25 infant.

26          (16) The right to receive information about

1 breastfeeding.

2 (17) The right to decide collaboratively with  
3 caregivers when she and her baby will leave the birth site  
4 for home, based on their conditions and circumstances.

5 (18) The right to be treated with respect at all times  
6 before, during, and after pregnancy by her health care  
7 professionals.

8 (19) The right of each patient, regardless of source of  
9 payment, to examine and receive a reasonable explanation of  
10 her total bill for services rendered by her maternity care  
11 professional or health care provider, including itemized  
12 charges for specific services received. Each maternity  
13 care professional or health care provider shall be  
14 responsible only for a reasonable explanation of those  
15 specific services provided by the maternity care  
16 professional or health care provider.

17 (b) The Department of Public Health, Department of  
18 Healthcare and Family Services, Department of Children and  
19 Family Services, and Department of Human Services shall post,  
20 either by physical or electronic means, information about these  
21 rights on their publicly available websites. Every health care  
22 provider, day care center licensed under the Child Care Act of  
23 1969, Head Start, and community center shall post information  
24 about these rights in a prominent place and on their websites,  
25 if applicable.

26 (c) The Department of Public Health shall adopt rules to

1 implement this Section.

2 (d) Nothing in this Section or any rules adopted under  
3 subsection (c) shall be construed to require a physician,  
4 health care professional, hospital, hospital affiliate, or  
5 health care provider to provide care inconsistent with  
6 generally accepted medical standards or available capabilities  
7 or resources.

8 (Source: P.A. 101-445, eff. 1-1-20.)

9 (410 ILCS 50/5.2)

10 Sec. 5.2. Emergency room anti-discrimination notice. Every  
11 hospital shall post, either by physical or electronic means, a  
12 sign next to or in close proximity of its sign required by  
13 Section 489.20 (q)(1) of Title 42 of the Code of Federal  
14 Regulations stating the following:

15 "You have the right not to be discriminated against by the  
16 hospital due to your race, color, or national origin if these  
17 characteristics are unrelated to your diagnosis or treatment.  
18 If you believe this right has been violated, please call  
19 (insert number for hospital grievance officer).".

20 (Source: P.A. 97-485, eff. 8-22-11.)

21 Section 15-25. The Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act  
22 is amended by changing Section 22 as follows:

23 (325 ILCS 2/22)

1           Sec. 22. Signs. Every hospital, fire station, emergency  
2 medical facility, and police station that is required to accept  
3 a relinquished newborn infant in accordance with this Act must  
4 post, either by physical or electronic means, a sign in a  
5 conspicuous place on the exterior of the building housing the  
6 facility informing persons that a newborn infant may be  
7 relinquished at the facility in accordance with this Act. The  
8 Department shall prescribe specifications for the signs and for  
9 their placement that will ensure statewide uniformity.

10           This Section does not apply to a hospital, fire station,  
11 emergency medical facility, or police station that has a sign  
12 that is consistent with the requirements of this Section that  
13 is posted on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the  
14 95th General Assembly.

15           (Source: P.A. 95-275, eff. 8-17-07.)

16           Section 15-30. The Crime Victims Compensation Act is  
17 amended by changing Section 5.1 as follows:

18           (740 ILCS 45/5.1) (from Ch. 70, par. 75.1)

19           Sec. 5.1. (a) Every hospital licensed under the laws of  
20 this State shall display prominently in its emergency room  
21 posters giving notification of the existence and general  
22 provisions of this Act. The posters may be displayed by  
23 physical or electronic means. Such posters shall be provided by  
24 the Attorney General.

1           (b) Any law enforcement agency that investigates an offense  
2 committed in this State shall inform the victim of the offense  
3 or his dependents concerning the availability of an award of  
4 compensation and advise such persons that any information  
5 concerning this Act and the filing of a claim may be obtained  
6 from the office of the Attorney General.

7           (Source: P.A. 81-1013.)

8           Section 15-35. The Human Trafficking Resource Center  
9 Notice Act is amended by changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

10           (775 ILCS 50/5)

11           Sec. 5. Posted notice required.

12           (a) Each of the following businesses and other  
13 establishments shall, upon the availability of the model notice  
14 described in Section 15 of this Act, post a notice that  
15 complies with the requirements of this Act in a conspicuous  
16 place near the public entrance of the establishment or in  
17 another conspicuous location in clear view of the public and  
18 employees where similar notices are customarily posted:

19           (1) On premise consumption retailer licensees under  
20 the Liquor Control Act of 1934 where the sale of alcoholic  
21 liquor is the principal business carried on by the licensee  
22 at the premises and primary to the sale of food.

23           (2) Adult entertainment facilities, as defined in  
24 Section 5-1097.5 of the Counties Code.

1           (3) Primary airports, as defined in Section 47102(16)  
2 of Title 49 of the United States Code.

3           (4) Intercity passenger rail or light rail stations.

4           (5) Bus stations.

5           (6) Truck stops. For purposes of this Act, "truck stop"  
6 means a privately-owned and operated facility that  
7 provides food, fuel, shower or other sanitary facilities,  
8 and lawful overnight truck parking.

9           (7) Emergency rooms within general acute care  
10 hospitals, in which case the notice may be posted by  
11 electronic means.

12           (8) Urgent care centers, in which case the notice may  
13 be posted by electronic means.

14           (9) Farm labor contractors. For purposes of this Act,  
15 "farm labor contractor" means: (i) any person who for a fee  
16 or other valuable consideration recruits, supplies, or  
17 hires, or transports in connection therewith, into or  
18 within the State, any farmworker not of the contractor's  
19 immediate family to work for, or under the direction,  
20 supervision, or control of, a third person; or (ii) any  
21 person who for a fee or other valuable consideration  
22 recruits, supplies, or hires, or transports in connection  
23 therewith, into or within the State, any farmworker not of  
24 the contractor's immediate family, and who for a fee or  
25 other valuable consideration directs, supervises, or  
26 controls all or any part of the work of the farmworker or

1 who disburses wages to the farmworker. However, "farm labor  
2 contractor" does not include full-time regular employees  
3 of food processing companies when the employees are engaged  
4 in recruiting for the companies if those employees are not  
5 compensated according to the number of farmworkers they  
6 recruit.

7 (10) Privately-operated job recruitment centers.

8 (11) Massage establishments. As used in this Act,  
9 "massage establishment" means a place of business in which  
10 any method of massage therapy is administered or practiced  
11 for compensation. "Massage establishment" does not  
12 include: an establishment at which persons licensed under  
13 the Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Illinois Physical  
14 Therapy Act, or the Naprapathic Practice Act engage in  
15 practice under one of those Acts; a business owned by a  
16 sole licensed massage therapist; or a cosmetology or  
17 esthetics salon registered under the Barber, Cosmetology,  
18 Esthetics, Hair Braiding, and Nail Technology Act of 1985.

19 (b) The Department of Transportation shall, upon the  
20 availability of the model notice described in Section 15 of  
21 this Act, post a notice that complies with the requirements of  
22 this Act in a conspicuous place near the public entrance of  
23 each roadside rest area or in another conspicuous location in  
24 clear view of the public and employees where similar notices  
25 are customarily posted.

26 (c) The owner of a hotel or motel shall, upon the

1 availability of the model notice described in Section 15 of  
2 this Act, post a notice that complies with the requirements of  
3 this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the  
4 premises in clear view of the employees where similar notices  
5 are customarily posted.

6 (d) The organizer of a public gathering or special event  
7 that is conducted on property open to the public and requires  
8 the issuance of a permit from the unit of local government  
9 shall post a notice that complies with the requirements of this  
10 Act in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the  
11 premises in clear view of the public and employees where  
12 similar notices are customarily posted.

13 (e) The administrator of a public or private elementary  
14 school or public or private secondary school shall post a  
15 printout of the downloadable notice provided by the Department  
16 of Human Services under Section 15 that complies with the  
17 requirements of this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place  
18 chosen by the administrator in the administrative office or  
19 another location in view of school employees. School districts  
20 and personnel are not subject to the penalties provided under  
21 subsection (a) of Section 20.

22 (f) The owner of an establishment registered under the  
23 Tattoo and Body Piercing Establishment Registration Act shall  
24 post a notice that complies with the requirements of this Act  
25 in a conspicuous and accessible place in clear view of  
26 establishment employees.



1 (Source: P.A. 99-99, eff. 1-1-16; 99-565, eff. 7-1-17; 100-671,  
2 eff. 1-1-19.)

3 (775 ILCS 50/10)

4 Sec. 10. Form of posted notice.

5 (a) The notice required under this Act shall be at least 8  
6 1/2 inches by 11 inches in size, written in a 16-point font,  
7 except that when the notice is provided by electronic means the  
8 size of the notice and font shall not be required to comply  
9 with these specifications, and shall state the following:

10 "If you or someone you know is being forced to engage in any  
11 activity and cannot leave, whether it is commercial sex,  
12 housework, farm work, construction, factory, retail, or  
13 restaurant work, or any other activity, call the National Human  
14 Trafficking Resource Center at 1-888-373-7888 to access help  
15 and services.

16 Victims of slavery and human trafficking are protected under  
17 United States and Illinois law. The hotline is:

- 18 \* Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- 19 \* Toll-free.
- 20 \* Operated by nonprofit nongovernmental organizations.
- 21 \* Anonymous and confidential.
- 22 \* Accessible in more than 160 languages.
- 23 \* Able to provide help, referral to services, training,

1 and general information.".

2 (b) The notice shall be printed in English, Spanish, and in  
3 one other language that is the most widely spoken language in  
4 the county where the establishment is located and for which  
5 translation is mandated by the federal Voting Rights Act, as  
6 applicable. This subsection does not require a business or  
7 other establishment in a county where a language other than  
8 English or Spanish is the most widely spoken language to print  
9 the notice in more than one language in addition to English and  
10 Spanish.

11 (Source: P.A. 99-99, eff. 1-1-16.)

12 Article 20.

13 Section 20-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is  
14 amended by adding Section 8d as follows:

15 (110 ILCS 330/8d new)

16 Sec. 8d. N95 masks. The University of Illinois Hospital  
17 shall provide N95 masks to physicians licensed under the  
18 Medical Practice Act of 1987, registered nurses and advanced  
19 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing  
20 Act, and other employees, to the extent the hospital determines  
21 that the physician, registered nurse, advanced practice  
22 registered nurse, or other employee is required to have such a

1 mask to serve patients of the hospital, in accordance with the  
2 policies, guidance, and recommendations of State and federal  
3 public health and infection control authorities and taking into  
4 consideration the limitations on access to N95 masks caused by  
5 disruptions in local, State, national, and international  
6 supply chains; however, nothing in this Section shall be  
7 construed to impose any new duty or obligation on the hospital  
8 that is greater than that imposed under State and federal laws  
9 in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the  
10 101st General Assembly. This Section is repealed on December  
11 31, 2021.

12 Section 20-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
13 adding Section 6.28 as follows:

14 (210 ILCS 85/6.28 new)

15 Sec. 6.28. N95 masks. A hospital licensed under this Act  
16 shall provide N95 masks to physicians licensed under the  
17 Medical Practice Act of 1987, registered nurses and advanced  
18 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing  
19 Act, and other employees, to the extent the hospital determines  
20 that the physician, registered nurse, advanced practice  
21 registered nurse, or other employee is required to have such a  
22 mask to serve patients of the hospital, in accordance with the  
23 policies, guidance, and recommendations of State and federal  
24 public health and infection control authorities and taking into

1 consideration the limitations on access to N95 masks caused by  
2 disruptions in local, State, national, and international  
3 supply chains; however, nothing in this Section shall be  
4 construed to impose any new duty or obligation on the hospital  
5 that is greater than that imposed under State and federal laws  
6 in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the  
7 101st General Assembly. This Section is repealed on December  
8 31, 2021.

9 Article 35.

10 Section 35-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
11 changing Section 5-5.05 as follows:

12 (305 ILCS 5/5-5.05)

13 Sec. 5-5.05. Hospitals; psychiatric services.

14 (a) On and after July 1, 2008, the inpatient, per diem rate  
15 to be paid to a hospital for inpatient psychiatric services  
16 shall be \$363.77.

17 (b) For purposes of this Section, "hospital" means the  
18 following:

- 19 (1) Advocate Christ Hospital, Oak Lawn, Illinois.
- 20 (2) Barnes-Jewish Hospital, St. Louis, Missouri.
- 21 (3) BroMenn Healthcare, Bloomington, Illinois.
- 22 (4) Jackson Park Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.
- 23 (5) Katherine Shaw Bethea Hospital, Dixon, Illinois.

1 (6) Lawrence County Memorial Hospital, Lawrenceville,  
2 Illinois.

3 (7) Advocate Lutheran General Hospital, Park Ridge,  
4 Illinois.

5 (8) Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, Chicago,  
6 Illinois.

7 (9) Methodist Medical Center of Illinois, Peoria,  
8 Illinois.

9 (10) Provena United Samaritans Medical Center,  
10 Danville, Illinois.

11 (11) Rockford Memorial Hospital, Rockford, Illinois.

12 (12) Sarah Bush Lincoln Health Center, Mattoon,  
13 Illinois.

14 (13) Provena Covenant Medical Center, Urbana,  
15 Illinois.

16 (14) Rush-Presbyterian-St. Luke's Medical Center,  
17 Chicago, Illinois.

18 (15) Mt. Sinai Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

19 (16) Gateway Regional Medical Center, Granite City,  
20 Illinois.

21 (17) St. Mary of Nazareth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

22 (18) Provena St. Mary's Hospital, Kankakee, Illinois.

23 (19) St. Mary's Hospital, Decatur, Illinois.

24 (20) Memorial Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

25 (21) Swedish Covenant Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

26 (22) Trinity Medical Center, Rock Island, Illinois.

- 1 (23) St. Elizabeth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.  
2 (24) Richland Memorial Hospital, Olney, Illinois.  
3 (25) St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.  
4 (26) Samaritan Health System, Clinton, Iowa.  
5 (27) St. John's Hospital, Springfield, Illinois.  
6 (28) St. Mary's Hospital, Centralia, Illinois.  
7 (29) Loretto Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.  
8 (30) Kenneth Hall Regional Hospital, East St. Louis,  
9 Illinois.  
10 (31) Hinsdale Hospital, Hinsdale, Illinois.  
11 (32) Pekin Hospital, Pekin, Illinois.  
12 (33) University of Chicago Medical Center, Chicago,  
13 Illinois.  
14 (34) St. Anthony's Health Center, Alton, Illinois.  
15 (35) OSF St. Francis Medical Center, Peoria, Illinois.  
16 (36) Memorial Medical Center, Springfield, Illinois.  
17 (37) A hospital with a distinct part unit for  
18 psychiatric services that begins operating on or after July  
19 1, 2008.

20 For purposes of this Section, "inpatient psychiatric  
21 services" means those services provided to patients who are in  
22 need of short-term acute inpatient hospitalization for active  
23 treatment of an emotional or mental disorder.

24 (b-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section,  
25 and subject to available appropriations, the inpatient, per  
26 diem rate to be paid to all safety-net hospitals for inpatient

1 psychiatric services on and after January 1, 2021 shall be at  
2 least \$630.

3 (c) No rules shall be promulgated to implement this  
4 Section. For purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the  
5 meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois  
6 Administrative Procedure Act.

7 (d) This Section shall not be in effect during any period  
8 of time that the State has in place a fully operational  
9 hospital assessment plan that has been approved by the Centers  
10 for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of  
11 Health and Human Services.

12 (e) On and after July 1, 2012, the Department shall reduce  
13 any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments or  
14 alter any methodologies authorized by this Code to reduce any  
15 rate of reimbursement for services or other payments in  
16 accordance with Section 5-5e.

17 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12.)

18 Title IV. Medical Implicit Bias

19 Article 45.

20 Section 45-5. The Department of Professional Regulation  
21 Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by  
22 adding Section 2105-15.7 as follows:

1 (20 ILCS 2105/2105-15.7 new)

2 Sec. 2105-15.7. Implicit bias awareness training.

3 (a) As used in this Section, "health care professional"  
4 means a person licensed or registered by the Department of  
5 Financial and Professional Regulation under the following  
6 Acts: Medical Practice Act of 1987, Nurse Practice Act,  
7 Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, Illinois Dental Practice  
8 Act, Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987, Pharmacy  
9 Practice Act, Illinois Physical Therapy Act, Physician  
10 Assistant Practice Act of 1987, Acupuncture Practice Act,  
11 Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act, Clinical Social Work  
12 and Social Work Practice Act, Dietitian Nutritionist Practice  
13 Act, Home Medical Equipment and Services Provider License Act,  
14 Naprapathic Practice Act, Nursing Home Administrators  
15 Licensing and Disciplinary Act, Illinois Occupational Therapy  
16 Practice Act, Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987,  
17 Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987, Respiratory Care  
18 Practice Act, Professional Counselor and Clinical Professional  
19 Counselor Licensing and Practice Act, Sex Offender Evaluation  
20 and Treatment Provider Act, Illinois Speech-Language Pathology  
21 and Audiology Practice Act, Perfusionist Practice Act,  
22 Registered Surgical Assistant and Registered Surgical  
23 Technologist Title Protection Act, and Genetic Counselor  
24 Licensing Act.

25 (b) For license or registration renewals occurring on or  
26 after January 1, 2022, a health care professional who has



1 continuing education requirements must complete at least a  
2 one-hour course in training on implicit bias awareness per  
3 renewal period. A health care professional may count this one  
4 hour for completion of this course toward meeting the minimum  
5 credit hours required for continuing education. Any training on  
6 implicit bias awareness applied to meet any other State  
7 licensure requirement, professional accreditation or  
8 certification requirement, or health care institutional  
9 practice agreement may count toward the one-hour requirement  
10 under this Section.

11 (c) The Department may adopt rules for the implementation  
12 of this Section.

13 Title V. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Treatment

14 Article 50.

15 Section 50-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is  
16 amended by changing Section 414 as follows:

17 (720 ILCS 570/414)

18 Sec. 414. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

19 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a  
20 controlled substance-induced physiological event that results  
21 in a life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,  
22 inhaled, injected or otherwise bodily absorbed a controlled,

1 counterfeit, or look-alike substance or a controlled substance  
2 analog.

3 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency  
4 medical assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall  
5 not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of  
6 Section 401 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,  
7 Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 55  
8 or 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection  
9 Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph  
10 (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code  
11 of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony possession of a controlled, counterfeit,~~  
12 ~~or look-alike substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if  
13 evidence for the violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was  
14 acquired as a result of the person seeking or obtaining  
15 emergency medical assistance and providing the amount of  
16 substance recovered is within the amount identified in  
17 subsection (d) of this Section. The violations listed in this  
18 subsection (b) must not serve as the sole basis of a violation  
19 of parole, mandatory supervised release, probation, or  
20 conditional discharge, or any seizure of property under any  
21 State law authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence  
22 for the violation was acquired as a result of the person  
23 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event  
24 of an overdose.

25 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be  
26 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 401

1 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 3.5  
2 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the  
3 Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of  
4 Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony~~  
5 ~~possession of a controlled, counterfeit, or look alike~~  
6 ~~substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if evidence for the  
7 violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was acquired as a  
8 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
9 assistance and providing the amount of substance recovered is  
10 within the amount identified in subsection (d) of this Section.  
11 The violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as  
12 the sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised  
13 release, probation, or conditional discharge, or any seizure of  
14 property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture so  
15 long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a result  
16 of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance  
17 in the event of an overdose.

18 (d) For the purposes of subsections (b) and (c), the  
19 limited immunity shall only apply to a person possessing the  
20 following amount:

21 (1) less than 3 grams of a substance containing heroin;

22 (2) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
23 cocaine;

24 (3) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
25 morphine;

26 (4) less than 40 grams of a substance containing

1 peyote;

2 (5) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a  
3 derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a  
4 derivative of barbituric acid;

5 (6) less than 40 grams of a substance containing  
6 amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of  
7 amphetamine;

8 (7) less than 3 grams of a substance containing  
9 lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

10 (8) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
11 pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
12 isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;

13 (9) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
14 methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
15 isomers of methaqualone;

16 (10) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
17 phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of  
18 isomers of phencyclidine (PCP);

19 (11) less than 6 grams of a substance containing  
20 ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers  
21 of ketamine;

22 (12) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a  
23 substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedules I or  
24 II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included  
25 in this subsection.

26 (e) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and

1 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement  
2 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,  
3 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this  
4 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or  
5 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or  
6 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or  
7 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical  
8 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of  
9 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in  
10 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the  
11 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the  
12 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other  
13 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other  
14 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a  
15 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
16 assistance in the event of an overdose.

17 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

18 Section 50-10. The Methamphetamine Control and Community  
19 Protection Act is amended by changing Section 115 as follows:

20 (720 ILCS 646/115)

21 Sec. 115. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

22 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a  
23 methamphetamine-induced physiological event that results in a  
24 life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,

1 inhaled, injected, or otherwise bodily absorbed  
2 methamphetamine.

3 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks emergency medical  
4 assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall not be  
5 arrested, charged or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55  
6 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia  
7 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or  
8 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the  
9 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~  
10 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the violation ~~Class 3 felony~~  
11 ~~possession charge~~ was acquired as a result of the person  
12 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance and  
13 providing the amount of substance recovered is less than 3  
14 grams ~~one gram~~ of methamphetamine or a substance containing  
15 methamphetamine. The violations listed in this subsection (b)  
16 must not serve as the sole basis of a violation of parole,  
17 mandatory supervised release, probation, or conditional  
18 discharge, or any seizure of property under any State law  
19 authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence for the  
20 violation was acquired as a result of the person seeking or  
21 obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event of an  
22 overdose.

23 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be  
24 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55  
25 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia  
26 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or

1 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the  
2 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~  
3 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the Class 3 felony possession  
4 charge was acquired as a result of the person seeking or  
5 obtaining emergency medical assistance and providing the  
6 amount of substance recovered is less than one gram of  
7 methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine. The  
8 violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as the  
9 sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised  
10 release, probation, or conditional discharge, or any seizure of  
11 property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture so  
12 long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a result  
13 of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance  
14 in the event of an overdose.

15 (d) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and  
16 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement  
17 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,  
18 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this  
19 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or  
20 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or  
21 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or  
22 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical  
23 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of  
24 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in  
25 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the  
26 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the

1 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other  
2 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other  
3 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a  
4 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical  
5 assistance in the event of an overdose.

6 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

7 Article 55.

8 Section 55-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is  
9 amended by changing Section 316 as follows:

10 (720 ILCS 570/316)

11 Sec. 316. Prescription Monitoring Program.

12 (a) The Department must provide for a Prescription  
13 Monitoring Program for Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled  
14 substances that includes the following components and  
15 requirements:

16 (1) The dispenser must transmit to the central  
17 repository, in a form and manner specified by the  
18 Department, the following information:

19 (A) The recipient's name and address.

20 (B) The recipient's date of birth and gender.

21 (C) The national drug code number of the controlled  
22 substance dispensed.

23 (D) The date the controlled substance is



1 dispensed.

2 (E) The quantity of the controlled substance  
3 dispensed and days supply.

4 (F) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement  
5 Administration registration number.

6 (G) The prescriber's United States Drug  
7 Enforcement Administration registration number.

8 (H) The dates the controlled substance  
9 prescription is filled.

10 (I) The payment type used to purchase the  
11 controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party  
12 insurance).

13 (J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing  
14 home, outpatient, etc.) for the controlled substances  
15 other than those filled at a retail pharmacy.

16 (K) Any additional information that may be  
17 required by the department by administrative rule,  
18 including but not limited to information required for  
19 compliance with the criteria for electronic reporting  
20 of the American Society for Automation and Pharmacy or  
21 its successor.

22 (2) The information required to be transmitted under  
23 this Section must be transmitted not later than the end of  
24 the next business day after the date on which a controlled  
25 substance is dispensed, or at such other time as may be  
26 required by the Department by administrative rule.

1           (3) A dispenser must transmit the information required  
2 under this Section by:

3           (A) an electronic device compatible with the  
4 receiving device of the central repository;

5           (B) a computer diskette;

6           (C) a magnetic tape; or

7           (D) a pharmacy universal claim form or Pharmacy  
8 Inventory Control form.

9           (3.5) The requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)  
10 of this subsection (a) also apply to opioid treatment  
11 programs that prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, or V  
12 controlled substances for the treatment of opioid use  
13 disorder.

14           (4) The Department may impose a civil fine of up to  
15 \$100 per day for willful failure to report controlled  
16 substance dispensing to the Prescription Monitoring  
17 Program. The fine shall be calculated on no more than the  
18 number of days from the time the report was required to be  
19 made until the time the problem was resolved, and shall be  
20 payable to the Prescription Monitoring Program.

21           (a-5) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a licensed  
22 veterinarian is exempt from the reporting requirements of this  
23 Section. If a person who is presenting an animal for treatment  
24 is suspected of fraudulently obtaining any controlled  
25 substance or prescription for a controlled substance, the  
26 licensed veterinarian shall report that information to the

1 local law enforcement agency.

2 (b) The Department, by rule, may include in the  
3 Prescription Monitoring Program certain other select drugs  
4 that are not included in Schedule II, III, IV, or V. The  
5 Prescription Monitoring Program does not apply to controlled  
6 substance prescriptions as exempted under Section 313.

7 (c) The collection of data on select drugs and scheduled  
8 substances by the Prescription Monitoring Program may be used  
9 as a tool for addressing oversight requirements of long-term  
10 care institutions as set forth by Public Act 96-1372. Long-term  
11 care pharmacies shall transmit patient medication profiles to  
12 the Prescription Monitoring Program monthly or more frequently  
13 as established by administrative rule.

14 (d) The Department of Human Services shall appoint a  
15 full-time Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring  
16 Program.

17 (e) (Blank).

18 (f) Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date  
19 of Public Act 100-564), the Department shall adopt rules  
20 requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface  
21 with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program  
22 on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all providers have  
23 access to specific patient records during the treatment of  
24 their patients. These rules shall also address the electronic  
25 integration of pharmacy records with the Prescription  
26 Monitoring Program to allow for faster transmission of the

1 information required under this Section. The Department shall  
2 establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic  
3 Health Records System does not effectively interface with the  
4 Prescription Monitoring Program within the required timeline.

5 (g) The Department, in consultation with the Advisory  
6 Committee, shall adopt rules allowing licensed prescribers or  
7 pharmacists who have registered to access the Prescription  
8 Monitoring Program to authorize a licensed or non-licensed  
9 designee employed in that licensed prescriber's office or a  
10 licensed designee in a licensed pharmacist's pharmacy who has  
11 received training in the federal Health Insurance Portability  
12 and Accountability Act to consult the Prescription Monitoring  
13 Program on their behalf. The rules shall include reasonable  
14 parameters concerning a practitioner's authority to authorize  
15 a designee, and the eligibility of a person to be selected as a  
16 designee. In this subsection (g), "pharmacist" shall include a  
17 clinical pharmacist employed by and designated by a Medicaid  
18 Managed Care Organization providing services under Article V of  
19 the Illinois Public Aid Code under a contract with the  
20 Department of Healthcare and Family Services for the sole  
21 purpose of clinical review of services provided to persons  
22 covered by the entity under the contract to determine  
23 compliance with subsections (a) and (b) of Section 314.5 of  
24 this Act. A managed care entity pharmacist shall notify  
25 prescribers of review activities.

26 (Source: P.A. 100-564, eff. 1-1-18; 100-861, eff. 8-14-18;

1 100-1005, eff. 8-21-18; 100-1093, eff. 8-26-18; 101-81, eff.  
2 7-12-19; 101-414, eff. 8-16-19.)

3 Article 60.

4 Section 60-5. The Adult Protective Services Act is amended  
5 by adding Section 3.1 as follows:

6 (320 ILCS 20/3.1 new)

7 Sec. 3.1. Adult protective services dementia training.

8 (a) This Section shall apply to any person who is employed  
9 by the Department in the Adult Protective Services division who  
10 works on the development and implementation of social services  
11 to respond to and prevent adult abuse, neglect, or  
12 exploitation, subject to or until specific appropriations  
13 become available.

14 (b) The Department shall develop and implement a dementia  
15 training program that must include instruction on the  
16 identification of people with dementia, risks such as  
17 wandering, communication impairments, elder abuse, and the  
18 best practices for interacting with people with dementia.

19 (c) Initial training of 4 hours shall be completed at the  
20 start of employment with the Adult Protective Services division  
21 and shall cover the following:

22 (1) Dementia, psychiatric, and behavioral symptoms.

23 (2) Communication issues, including how to communicate

1 respectfully and effectively.

2 (3) Techniques for understanding and approaching  
3 behavioral symptoms.

4 (4) Information on how to address specific aspects of  
5 safety, for example tips to prevent wandering.

6 (5) When it is necessary to alert law enforcement  
7 agencies of potential criminal behavior involving a family  
8 member, caretaker, or institutional abuse; neglect or  
9 exploitation of a person with dementia; and what types of  
10 abuse that are most common to people with dementia.

11 (6) Identifying incidents of self-neglect for people  
12 with dementia who live alone as well as neglect by a  
13 caregiver.

14 (7) Protocols for connecting people living with  
15 dementia to local care resources and professionals who are  
16 skilled in dementia care to encourage cross-referral and  
17 reporting regarding incidents of abuse.

18 (d) Annual continuing education shall include 2 hours of  
19 dementia training covering the subjects described in  
20 subsection (c).

21 (e) This Section is designed to address gaps in current  
22 dementia training requirements for Adult Protective Services  
23 officials and improve the quality of training. If currently  
24 existing law or rules contain more rigorous training  
25 requirements for Adult Protective Service officials, those  
26 laws or rules shall apply. Where there is overlap between this

1 Section and other laws and rules, the Department shall  
2 interpret this Section to avoid duplication of requirements  
3 while ensuring that the minimum requirements set in this  
4 Section are met.

5 (f) The Department may adopt rules for the administration  
6 of this Section.

7 Article 65.

8 Section 65-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the  
9 Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of Illinois Act.  
10 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

11 Section 65-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds as  
12 follows:

13 (1) There are insufficient behavioral health  
14 professionals in this State's behavioral health workforce  
15 and further that there are insufficient behavioral health  
16 professionals trained in evidence-based practices.

17 (2) The Illinois behavioral health workforce situation  
18 is at a crisis state and the lack of a behavioral health  
19 strategy is exacerbating the problem.

20 (3) In 2019, the Journal of Community Health found that  
21 suicide rates are disproportionately higher among African  
22 American adolescents. From 2001 to 2017, the rate for  
23 African American teen boys rose 60%, according to the

1 study. Among African American teen girls, rates nearly  
2 tripled, rising by an astounding 182%. Illinois was among  
3 the 10 states with the greatest number of African American  
4 adolescent suicides (2015-2017).

5 (4) Workforce shortages are evident in all behavioral  
6 health professions, including, but not limited to,  
7 psychiatry, psychiatric nursing, psychiatric physician  
8 assistant, social work (licensed social work, licensed  
9 clinical social work), counseling (licensed professional  
10 counseling, licensed clinical professional counseling),  
11 marriage and family therapy, licensed clinical psychology,  
12 occupational therapy, prevention, substance use disorder  
13 counseling, and peer support.

14 (5) The shortage of behavioral health practitioners  
15 affects every Illinois county, every group of people with  
16 behavioral health needs, including children and  
17 adolescents, justice-involved populations, working adults,  
18 people experiencing homelessness, veterans, and older  
19 adults, and every health care and social service setting,  
20 from residential facilities and hospitals to  
21 community-based organizations and primary care clinics.

22 (6) Estimates of unmet needs consistently highlight  
23 the dire situation in Illinois. Mental Health America ranks  
24 Illinois 29th in the country in mental health workforce  
25 availability based on its 480-to-1 ratio of population to  
26 mental health professionals, and the Kaiser Family



1 Foundation estimates that only 23.3% of Illinoisans'  
2 mental health needs can be met with its current workforce.

3 (7) Shortages are especially acute in rural areas and  
4 among low-income and under-insured individuals and  
5 families. 30.3% of Illinois' rural hospitals are in  
6 designated primary care shortage areas and 93.7% are in  
7 designated mental health shortage areas. Nationally, 40%  
8 of psychiatrists work in cash-only practices, limiting  
9 access for those who cannot afford high out-of-pocket  
10 costs, especially Medicaid eligible individuals and  
11 families.

12 (8) Spanish-speaking therapists in suburban Cook  
13 County, as well as in immigrant new growth communities  
14 throughout the State, for example, and master's-prepared  
15 social workers in rural communities are especially  
16 difficult to recruit and retain.

17 (9) Illinois' shortage of psychiatrists specializing  
18 in serving children and adolescents is also severe.  
19 Eighty-one out of 102 Illinois counties have no child and  
20 adolescent psychiatrists, and the remaining 21 counties  
21 have only 310 child and adolescent psychiatrists for a  
22 population of 2,450,000 children.

23 (10) Only 38.9% of the 121,000 Illinois youth aged 12  
24 through 17 who experienced a major depressive episode  
25 received care.

26 (11) An annual average of 799,000 people in Illinois

1 aged 12 and older need but do not receive substance use  
2 disorder treatment at specialty facilities.

3 (12) According to the Statewide Semiannual Opioid  
4 Report, Illinois Department of Public Health, September  
5 2020, the number of opioid deaths in Illinois has increased  
6 3% from 2,167 deaths in 2018 to 2,233 deaths in 2019.

7 (13) Behavioral health workforce shortages have led to  
8 well-documented problems of long wait times for  
9 appointments with psychiatrists (4 to 6 months in some  
10 cases), high turnover, and unfilled vacancies for social  
11 workers and other behavioral health professionals that  
12 have eroded the gains in insurance coverage for mental  
13 illness and substance use disorder under the federal  
14 Affordable Care Act and parity laws.

15 (14) As a result, individuals with mental illness or  
16 substance use disorders end up in hospital emergency rooms,  
17 which are the most expensive level of care, or are  
18 incarcerated and do not receive adequate care, if any.

19 (15) There are many organizations and institutions  
20 that are affected by behavioral health workforce  
21 shortages, but no one entity is responsible for monitoring  
22 the workforce supply and intervening to ensure it can  
23 effectively meet behavioral health needs throughout the  
24 State.

25 (16) Workforce shortages are more complex than simple  
26 numerical shortfalls. Identifying the optimal number,

1 type, and location of behavioral health professionals to  
2 meet the differing needs of Illinois' diverse regions and  
3 populations across the lifespan is a difficult logistical  
4 problem at the system and practice level that requires  
5 coordinated efforts in research, education, service  
6 delivery, and policy.

7 (17) This State has a compelling and substantial  
8 interest in building a pipeline for behavioral health  
9 professionals and to anchor research and education for  
10 behavioral health workforce development. Beginning with  
11 the proposed Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center  
12 of Illinois, Illinois has the chance to develop a blueprint  
13 to be a national leader in behavioral health workforce  
14 development.

15 (18) The State must act now to improve the ability of  
16 its residents to achieve their human potential and to live  
17 healthy, productive lives by reducing the misery and  
18 suffering with unmet behavioral health needs.

19 Section 65-10. Behavioral Health Workforce Education  
20 Center of Illinois.

21 (a) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
22 Illinois is created and shall be administered by a teaching,  
23 research, or both teaching and research public institution of  
24 higher education in this State. Subject to appropriation, the  
25 Center shall be operational on or before July 1, 2022.

1           (b) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
2 Illinois shall leverage workforce and behavioral health  
3 resources, including, but not limited to, State, federal, and  
4 foundation grant funding, federal Workforce Investment Act of  
5 1998 programs, the National Health Service Corps and other  
6 nongraduate medical education physician workforce training  
7 programs, and existing behavioral health partnerships, and  
8 align with reforms in Illinois.

9           Section 65-15. Structure.

10          (a) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
11 Illinois shall be structured as a multisite model, and the  
12 administering public institution of higher education shall  
13 serve as the hub institution, complemented by secondary  
14 regional hubs, namely academic institutions, that serve rural  
15 and small urban areas and at least one academic institution  
16 serving a densely urban municipality with more than 1,000,000  
17 inhabitants.

18          (b) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
19 Illinois shall be located within one academic institution and  
20 shall be tasked with a convening and coordinating role for  
21 workforce research and planning, including monitoring progress  
22 toward Center goals.

23          (c) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of  
24 Illinois shall also coordinate with key State agencies involved  
25 in behavioral health, workforce development, and higher

1 education in order to leverage disparate resources from health  
2 care, workforce, and economic development programs in Illinois  
3 government.

4 Section 65-20. Duties. The Behavioral Health Workforce  
5 Education Center of Illinois shall perform the following  
6 duties:

7 (1) Organize a consortium of universities in  
8 partnerships with providers, school districts, law  
9 enforcement, consumers and their families, State agencies,  
10 and other stakeholders to implement workforce development  
11 concepts and strategies in every region of this State.

12 (2) Be responsible for developing and implementing a  
13 strategic plan for the recruitment, education, and  
14 retention of a qualified, diverse, and evolving behavioral  
15 health workforce in this State. Its planning and activities  
16 shall include:

17 (A) convening and organizing vested stakeholders  
18 spanning government agencies, clinics, behavioral  
19 health facilities, prevention programs, hospitals,  
20 schools, jails, prisons and juvenile justice, police  
21 and emergency medical services, consumers and their  
22 families, and other stakeholders;

23 (B) collecting and analyzing data on the  
24 behavioral health workforce in Illinois, with detailed  
25 information on specialties, credentials, additional

1            qualifications (such as training or experience in  
2            particular models of care), location of practice, and  
3            demographic characteristics, including age, gender,  
4            race and ethnicity, and languages spoken;

5            (C) building partnerships with school districts,  
6            public institutions of higher education, and workforce  
7            investment agencies to create pipelines to behavioral  
8            health careers from high schools and colleges,  
9            pathways to behavioral health specialization among  
10           health professional students, and expanded behavioral  
11           health residency and internship opportunities for  
12           graduates;

13           (D) evaluating and disseminating information about  
14           evidence-based practices emerging from research  
15           regarding promising modalities of treatment, care  
16           coordination models, and medications;

17           (E) developing systems for tracking the  
18           utilization of evidence-based practices that most  
19           effectively meet behavioral health needs; and

20           (F) providing technical assistance to support  
21           professional training and continuing education  
22           programs that provide effective training in  
23           evidence-based behavioral health practices.

24           (3) Coordinate data collection and analysis, including  
25           systematic tracking of the behavioral health workforce and  
26           datasets that support workforce planning for an

1 accessible, high-quality behavioral health system. In the  
2 medium to long-term, the Center shall develop Illinois  
3 behavioral workforce data capacity by:

4 (A) filling gaps in workforce data by collecting  
5 information on specialty, training, and qualifications  
6 for specific models of care, demographic  
7 characteristics, including gender, race, ethnicity,  
8 and languages spoken, and participation in public and  
9 private insurance networks;

10 (B) identifying the highest priority geographies,  
11 populations, and occupations for recruitment and  
12 training;

13 (C) monitoring the incidence of behavioral health  
14 conditions to improve estimates of unmet need; and

15 (D) compiling up-to-date, evidence-based  
16 practices, monitoring utilization, and aligning  
17 training resources to improve the uptake of the most  
18 effective practices.

19 (4) Work to grow and advance peer and parent-peer  
20 workforce development by:

21 (A) assessing the credentialing and reimbursement  
22 processes and recommending reforms;

23 (B) evaluating available peer-parent training  
24 models, choosing a model that meets Illinois' needs,  
25 and working with partners to implement it universally  
26 in child-serving programs throughout this State; and

1 (C) including peer recovery specialists and  
2 parent-peer support professionals in interdisciplinary  
3 training programs.

4 (5) Focus on the training of behavioral health  
5 professionals in telehealth techniques, including taking  
6 advantage of a telehealth network that exists, and other  
7 innovative means of care delivery in order to increase  
8 access to behavioral health services for all persons within  
9 this State.

10 (6) No later than December 1 of every odd-numbered  
11 year, prepare a report of its activities under this Act.  
12 The report shall be filed electronically with the General  
13 Assembly, as provided under Section 3.1 of the General  
14 Assembly Organization Act, and shall be provided  
15 electronically to any member of the General Assembly upon  
16 request.

17 Section 65-25. Selection process.

18 (a) No later than 90 days after the effective date of this  
19 Act, the Board of Higher Education shall select a public  
20 institution of higher education, with input and assistance from  
21 the Division of Mental Health of the Department of Human  
22 Services, to administer the Behavioral Health Workforce  
23 Education Center of Illinois.

24 (b) The selection process shall articulate the principles  
25 of the Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of



1 Illinois, not inconsistent with this Act.

2 (c) The Board of Higher Education, with input and  
3 assistance from the Division of Mental Health of the Department  
4 of Human Services, shall make its selection of a public  
5 institution of higher education based on its ability and  
6 willingness to execute the following tasks:

7 (1) Convening academic institutions providing  
8 behavioral health education to:

9 (A) develop curricula to train future behavioral  
10 health professionals in evidence-based practices that  
11 meet the most urgent needs of Illinois' residents;

12 (B) build capacity to provide clinical training  
13 and supervision; and

14 (C) facilitate telehealth services to every region  
15 of the State.

16 (2) Functioning as a clearinghouse for research,  
17 education, and training efforts to identify and  
18 disseminate evidence-based practices across the State.

19 (3) Leveraging financial support from grants and  
20 social impact loan funds.

21 (4) Providing infrastructure to organize regional  
22 behavioral health education and outreach. As budgets  
23 allow, this shall include conference and training space,  
24 research and faculty staff time, telehealth, and distance  
25 learning equipment.

26 (5) Working with regional hubs that assess and serve

1 the workforce needs of specific, well-defined regions and  
2 specialize in specific research and training areas, such as  
3 telehealth or mental health-criminal justice partnerships,  
4 for which the regional hub can serve as a statewide leader.

5 (d) The Board of Higher Education may adopt such rules as  
6 may be necessary to implement and administer this Section.

7 Title VI. Access to Health Care

8 Article 70.

9 Section 70-5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing  
10 Section 3-10 as follows:

11 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

12 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
13 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
14 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of  
15 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property  
16 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that  
17 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling  
18 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally  
19 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been  
20 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at  
21 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market  
22 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State

1 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail.  
2 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the  
3 price at which property would change hands between a willing  
4 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion  
5 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the  
6 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by  
7 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that  
8 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by  
9 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of  
10 like kind and character in Illinois.

11 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
12 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
13 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
14 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

15 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with  
16 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of  
17 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

18 With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act  
19 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after  
20 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the  
21 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or  
22 before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales  
23 made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this  
24 Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then  
25 the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of  
26 sales of gasohol made during that time.

1           With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax  
2 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales  
3 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,  
4 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made  
5 thereafter.

6           With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and  
7 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies  
8 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,  
9 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the  
10 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,  
11 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no  
12 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the  
13 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%  
14 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than  
15 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

16           With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with  
17 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
18 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or  
19 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
20 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

21           With respect to food for human consumption that is to be  
22 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
23 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
24 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
25 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription  
26 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as

1 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
2 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
3 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
4 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
5 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
6 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
7 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~, the tax is  
8 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,  
9 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any  
10 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether  
11 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,  
12 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all  
13 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever  
14 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed  
15 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but  
16 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated  
17 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the  
18 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks  
19 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
21 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
22 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
23 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
24 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
25 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

26 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other

1 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
2 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
3 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
4 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
5 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
6 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
7 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
8 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
9 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
10 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
11 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

12 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
13 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
14 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
15 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
16 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
17 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
18 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
19 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
20 flour or requires refrigeration.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
22 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
23 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
24 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
25 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
26 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan

1 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
2 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
3 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
4 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
5 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
6 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
7 label includes:

8 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

9 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
10 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
11 substance or preparation.

12 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
13 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription  
14 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a  
15 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use  
16 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

17 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
18 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
19 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
20 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
21 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

22 If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer  
23 is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before  
24 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under  
25 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed  
26 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable

1 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state  
2 use.

3 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
4 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

5 Section 70-10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by  
6 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

7 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

8 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
9 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
10 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as  
11 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of  
12 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less  
13 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

14 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
15 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
16 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
17 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

18 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
19 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price  
20 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
21 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%  
22 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
23 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
24 July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter.



1 If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
2 gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate  
3 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
4 the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

5 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
6 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
7 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
8 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
9 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
10 thereafter.

11 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
12 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
13 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price  
14 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
15 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and  
16 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,  
17 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
18 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less  
19 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate  
20 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
21 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%  
22 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

23 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
24 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
25 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
26 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price

1 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
2 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
3 applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

4 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each  
5 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual  
6 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an  
7 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in  
8 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or  
9 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate  
10 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax  
11 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost  
12 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an  
13 incident to the sale of those services.

14 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared  
15 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of  
16 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act  
17 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the  
18 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD  
19 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,  
20 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at  
21 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be  
22 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
23 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
24 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
25 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this  
26 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,

1 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III  
2 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
3 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
4 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
5 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
6 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
7 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
8 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~. For the  
9 purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term  
10 "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,  
11 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but  
12 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,  
13 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as  
14 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained  
15 in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container,  
16 regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee,  
17 tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk  
18 products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk  
19 Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or  
20 vegetable juice.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
22 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
23 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
24 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
25 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
26 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

1           Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
2 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
3 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
4 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
5 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
6 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
7 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
8 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
9 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
10 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
11 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
12 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

13           Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
14 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
15 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
16 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
17 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
18 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
19 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
20 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
21 flour or requires refrigeration.

22           Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
23 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
24 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
25 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
26 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,

1 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
2 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
3 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
4 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
5 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
6 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
7 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
8 label includes:

9 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

10 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
11 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
12 substance or preparation.

13 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
14 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and  
15 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered  
16 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical  
17 Cannabis Program Act.

18 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
19 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
20 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
21 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
22 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

23 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is  
24 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before  
25 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under  
26 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed

1 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable  
2 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state  
3 use.

4 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
5 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

6 Section 70-15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by  
7 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

8 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

9 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
10 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
11 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use  
12 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of  
13 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be  
14 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible  
15 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item  
16 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a  
17 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on  
18 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the  
19 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the  
20 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the  
21 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,  
22 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce  
23 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this  
24 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the

1 tangible personal property transferred incident to the  
2 completion of the contract.

3 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
4 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
5 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
6 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

7 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
8 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost  
9 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of  
10 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,  
11 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an  
12 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on  
13 or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price  
14 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on  
15 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at  
16 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to  
17 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

18 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
19 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
20 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to  
21 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
22 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
23 thereafter.

24 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
25 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
26 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price

1 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service  
2 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and  
3 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,  
4 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of  
5 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less  
6 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate  
7 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of  
8 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%  
9 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

10 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
11 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
12 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax  
13 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the  
14 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the  
15 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before  
16 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price  
17 thereafter.

18 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each  
19 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual  
20 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an  
21 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in  
22 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or  
23 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate  
24 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax  
25 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost  
26 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to



1 the sale of those services.

2 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared  
3 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of  
4 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act  
5 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the  
6 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD  
7 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,  
8 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at  
9 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be  
10 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
11 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult  
12 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
13 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this  
14 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,  
15 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III  
16 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
17 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
18 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
19 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
20 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
21 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
22 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~. For the  
23 purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term  
24 "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,  
25 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but  
26 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,

1 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as  
2 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained  
3 in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless  
4 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,  
5 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as  
6 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,  
7 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable  
8 juice.

9 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
10 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
11 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
12 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk  
13 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
14 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

15 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
16 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
17 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
18 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
19 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
20 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
21 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
22 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
23 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
24 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
25 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
26 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

1           Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
2 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
3 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
4 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
5 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
6 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
7 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
8 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
9 flour or requires refrigeration.

10           Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
11 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
12 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For  
13 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
14 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
15 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
16 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
17 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
18 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
19 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
20 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
21 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
22 label includes:

23           (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

24           (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
25 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
26 substance or preparation.

1           Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
2 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and  
3 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered  
4 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical  
5 Cannabis Program Act.

6           As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
7 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
8 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
9 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
10 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

11           (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
12 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

13           Section 70-20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended  
14 by changing Section 2-10 as follows:

15           (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

16           Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this  
17 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of  
18 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in  
19 the course of business.

20           Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,  
21 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the  
22 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of  
23 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

24           Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with

1 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of  
2 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

3 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory  
4 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel  
5 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a  
6 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that  
7 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of  
8 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has  
9 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and  
10 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump  
11 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be  
12 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4  
13 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to  
14 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a  
15 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty  
16 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each  
17 retail premises where a violation occurs.

18 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the  
19 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of  
20 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,  
21 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July  
22 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the  
23 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,  
24 the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the  
25 Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax  
26 imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of

1 gasohol made during that time.

2 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined  
3 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply  
4 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or  
5 before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of  
6 sales made thereafter.

7 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax  
8 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the  
9 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of  
10 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December  
11 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made  
12 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on  
13 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
14 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at  
15 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to  
16 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less  
17 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

18 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax  
19 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with  
20 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed  
21 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or  
22 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but  
23 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

24 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be  
25 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than  
26 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult

1 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for  
2 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription  
3 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as  
4 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug  
5 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a  
6 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related  
7 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the  
8 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,  
9 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and  
10 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~, the tax is  
11 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,  
12 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any  
13 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether  
14 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,  
15 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all  
16 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever  
17 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed  
18 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but  
19 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated  
20 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the  
21 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks  
22 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

23 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
24 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic  
25 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft  
26 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk

1 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater  
2 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

3       Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other  
4 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to  
5 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all  
6 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and  
7 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
8 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning  
9 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of  
10 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed  
11 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold  
12 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food  
13 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,  
14 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

15       Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
16 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that  
17 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not  
18 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a  
19 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial  
20 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other  
21 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or  
22 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains  
23 flour or requires refrigeration.

24       Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,  
25 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and  
26 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For



1 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"  
2 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,  
3 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan  
4 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by  
5 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the  
6 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of  
7 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human  
8 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug  
9 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"  
10 label includes:

11 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

12 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a  
13 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,  
14 substance or preparation.

15 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
16 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription  
17 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a  
18 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use  
19 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

20 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means  
21 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation  
22 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and  
23 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the  
24 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

25 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;  
26 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

1 Article 72.

2 Section 72-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the  
3 Underlying Causes of Crime and Violence Study Act.

4 Section 72-5. Legislative findings. In the State of  
5 Illinois, two-thirds of gun violence is related to suicide, and  
6 one-third is related to homicide, claiming approximately  
7 12,000 lives a year. Violence has plagued communities,  
8 predominantly poor and distressed communities in urban  
9 settings, which have always treated violence as a criminal  
10 justice issue, instead of a public health issue. On February  
11 21, 2018, Pastor Anthony Williams was informed that his son,  
12 Nehemiah William, had been shot to death. Due to this  
13 disheartening event, Pastor Anthony Williams reached out to  
14 State Representative Elizabeth "Lisa" Hernandez, urging that  
15 the issue of violence be treated as a disease. In 2018, elected  
16 officials from all levels of government started a coalition to  
17 address violence as a disease, with the assistance of  
18 faith-based organizations, advocates, and community members  
19 and held a statewide listening tour from August 2018 to April  
20 2019. The listening tour consisted of stops on the South Side  
21 and West Side of Chicago, Maywood, Springfield, and East St.  
22 Louis, with a future scheduled visit in Danville. During the  
23 statewide listening sessions, community members actively

1 discussed neighborhood safety, defining violence and how and  
2 why violence occurs in their communities. The listening  
3 sessions provided different solutions to address violence,  
4 however, all sessions confirmed a disconnect from the  
5 priorities of government and the needs of these communities.

6 Section 72-10. Study. The Department of Public Health and  
7 the Department of Human Services shall study how to create a  
8 process to identify high violence communities, also known as R3  
9 (Restore, Reinvest, and Renew) areas, and prioritize State  
10 dollars to go to these communities to fund programs as well as  
11 community and economic development projects that would address  
12 the underlying causes of crime and violence.

13 Due to a variety of reasons, including in particular the  
14 State's budget impasse, funds were unavailable to establish  
15 such a comprehensive policy. Policies like R3 are needed in  
16 order to provide communities that have historically suffered  
17 from divestment, poverty, and incarceration with smart  
18 solutions that can solve the plague of violence. It is clear  
19 that violence is a public health problem that needs to be  
20 treated as such, a disease. Research has shown that when  
21 violence is treated in such a way, then its effects can be  
22 slowed or even halted.

23 Section 72-15. Report. The Department of Public Health and  
24 the Department of Human Services are required to report their

1 findings to the General Assembly by December 31, 2021.

2 Article 75.

3 Section 75-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
4 changing Section 9A-11 as follows:

5 (305 ILCS 5/9A-11) (from Ch. 23, par. 9A-11)

6 Sec. 9A-11. Child care.

7 (a) The General Assembly recognizes that families with  
8 children need child care in order to work. Child care is  
9 expensive and families with low incomes, including those who  
10 are transitioning from welfare to work, often struggle to pay  
11 the costs of day care. The General Assembly understands the  
12 importance of helping low-income working families become and  
13 remain self-sufficient. The General Assembly also believes  
14 that it is the responsibility of families to share in the costs  
15 of child care. It is also the preference of the General  
16 Assembly that all working poor families should be treated  
17 equally, regardless of their welfare status.

18 (b) To the extent resources permit, the Illinois Department  
19 shall provide child care services to parents or other relatives  
20 as defined by rule who are working or participating in  
21 employment or Department approved education or training  
22 programs. At a minimum, the Illinois Department shall cover the  
23 following categories of families:

1           (1) recipients of TANF under Article IV participating  
2           in work and training activities as specified in the  
3           personal plan for employment and self-sufficiency;

4           (2) families transitioning from TANF to work;

5           (3) families at risk of becoming recipients of TANF;

6           (4) families with special needs as defined by rule;

7           (5) working families with very low incomes as defined  
8           by rule;

9           (6) families that are not recipients of TANF and that  
10          need child care assistance to participate in education and  
11          training activities; and

12          (7) families with children under the age of 5 who have  
13          an open intact family services case with the Department of  
14          Children and Family Services. Any family that receives  
15          child care assistance in accordance with this paragraph  
16          shall remain eligible for child care assistance 6 months  
17          after the child's intact family services case is closed,  
18          regardless of whether the child's parents or other  
19          relatives as defined by rule are working or participating  
20          in Department approved employment or education or training  
21          programs. The Department of Human Services, in  
22          consultation with the Department of Children and Family  
23          Services, shall adopt rules to protect the privacy of  
24          families who are the subject of an open intact family  
25          services case when such families enroll in child care  
26          services. Additional rules shall be adopted to offer

1 children who have an open intact family services case the  
2 opportunity to receive an Early Intervention screening and  
3 other services that their families may be eligible for as  
4 provided by the Department of Human Services.

5 The Department shall specify by rule the conditions of  
6 eligibility, the application process, and the types, amounts,  
7 and duration of services. Eligibility for child care benefits  
8 and the amount of child care provided may vary based on family  
9 size, income, and other factors as specified by rule.

10 The Department shall update the Child Care Assistance  
11 Program Eligibility Calculator posted on its website to include  
12 a question on whether a family is applying for child care  
13 assistance for the first time or is applying for a  
14 redetermination of eligibility.

15 A family's eligibility for child care services shall be  
16 redetermined no sooner than 12 months following the initial  
17 determination or most recent redetermination. During the  
18 12-month periods, the family shall remain eligible for child  
19 care services regardless of (i) a change in family income,  
20 unless family income exceeds 85% of State median income, or  
21 (ii) a temporary change in the ongoing status of the parents or  
22 other relatives, as defined by rule, as working or attending a  
23 job training or educational program.

24 In determining income eligibility for child care benefits,  
25 the Department annually, at the beginning of each fiscal year,  
26 shall establish, by rule, one income threshold for each family

1 size, in relation to percentage of State median income for a  
2 family of that size, that makes families with incomes below the  
3 specified threshold eligible for assistance and families with  
4 incomes above the specified threshold ineligible for  
5 assistance. Through and including fiscal year 2007, the  
6 specified threshold must be no less than 50% of the  
7 then-current State median income for each family size.  
8 Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the specified threshold must be  
9 no less than 185% of the then-current federal poverty level for  
10 each family size. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or  
11 administrative rule to the contrary, beginning in fiscal year  
12 2019, the specified threshold for working families with very  
13 low incomes as defined by rule must be no less than 185% of the  
14 then-current federal poverty level for each family size.

15 In determining eligibility for assistance, the Department  
16 shall not give preference to any category of recipients or give  
17 preference to individuals based on their receipt of benefits  
18 under this Code.

19 Nothing in this Section shall be construed as conferring  
20 entitlement status to eligible families.

21 The Illinois Department is authorized to lower income  
22 eligibility ceilings, raise parent co-payments, create waiting  
23 lists, or take such other actions during a fiscal year as are  
24 necessary to ensure that child care benefits paid under this  
25 Article do not exceed the amounts appropriated for those child  
26 care benefits. These changes may be accomplished by emergency

1 rule under Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative  
2 Procedure Act, except that the limitation on the number of  
3 emergency rules that may be adopted in a 24-month period shall  
4 not apply.

5 The Illinois Department may contract with other State  
6 agencies or child care organizations for the administration of  
7 child care services.

8 (c) Payment shall be made for child care that otherwise  
9 meets the requirements of this Section and applicable standards  
10 of State and local law and regulation, including any  
11 requirements the Illinois Department promulgates by rule in  
12 addition to the licensure requirements promulgated by the  
13 Department of Children and Family Services and Fire Prevention  
14 and Safety requirements promulgated by the Office of the State  
15 Fire Marshal, and is provided in any of the following:

16 (1) a child care center which is licensed or exempt  
17 from licensure pursuant to Section 2.09 of the Child Care  
18 Act of 1969;

19 (2) a licensed child care home or home exempt from  
20 licensing;

21 (3) a licensed group child care home;

22 (4) other types of child care, including child care  
23 provided by relatives or persons living in the same home as  
24 the child, as determined by the Illinois Department by  
25 rule.

26 (c-5) Solely for the purposes of coverage under the



1 Illinois Public Labor Relations Act, child and day care home  
2 providers, including licensed and license exempt,  
3 participating in the Department's child care assistance  
4 program shall be considered to be public employees and the  
5 State of Illinois shall be considered to be their employer as  
6 of January 1, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-320),  
7 but not before. The State shall engage in collective bargaining  
8 with an exclusive representative of child and day care home  
9 providers participating in the child care assistance program  
10 concerning their terms and conditions of employment that are  
11 within the State's control. Nothing in this subsection shall be  
12 understood to limit the right of families receiving services  
13 defined in this Section to select child and day care home  
14 providers or supervise them within the limits of this Section.  
15 The State shall not be considered to be the employer of child  
16 and day care home providers for any purposes not specifically  
17 provided in Public Act 94-320, including, but not limited to,  
18 purposes of vicarious liability in tort and purposes of  
19 statutory retirement or health insurance benefits. Child and  
20 day care home providers shall not be covered by the State  
21 Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971.

22 In according child and day care home providers and their  
23 selected representative rights under the Illinois Public Labor  
24 Relations Act, the State intends that the State action  
25 exemption to application of federal and State antitrust laws be  
26 fully available to the extent that their activities are

1 authorized by Public Act 94-320.

2 (d) The Illinois Department shall establish, by rule, a  
3 co-payment scale that provides for cost sharing by families  
4 that receive child care services, including parents whose only  
5 income is from assistance under this Code. The co-payment shall  
6 be based on family income and family size and may be based on  
7 other factors as appropriate. Co-payments may be waived for  
8 families whose incomes are at or below the federal poverty  
9 level.

10 (d-5) The Illinois Department, in consultation with its  
11 Child Care and Development Advisory Council, shall develop a  
12 plan to revise the child care assistance program's co-payment  
13 scale. The plan shall be completed no later than February 1,  
14 2008, and shall include:

15 (1) findings as to the percentage of income that the  
16 average American family spends on child care and the  
17 relative amounts that low-income families and the average  
18 American family spend on other necessities of life;

19 (2) recommendations for revising the child care  
20 co-payment scale to assure that families receiving child  
21 care services from the Department are paying no more than  
22 they can reasonably afford;

23 (3) recommendations for revising the child care  
24 co-payment scale to provide at-risk children with complete  
25 access to Preschool for All and Head Start; and

26 (4) recommendations for changes in child care program

1 policies that affect the affordability of child care.

2 (e) (Blank).

3 (f) The Illinois Department shall, by rule, set rates to be  
4 paid for the various types of child care. Child care may be  
5 provided through one of the following methods:

6 (1) arranging the child care through eligible  
7 providers by use of purchase of service contracts or  
8 vouchers;

9 (2) arranging with other agencies and community  
10 volunteer groups for non-reimbursed child care;

11 (3) (blank); or

12 (4) adopting such other arrangements as the Department  
13 determines appropriate.

14 (f-1) Within 30 days after June 4, 2018 (the effective date  
15 of Public Act 100-587), the Department of Human Services shall  
16 establish rates for child care providers that are no less than  
17 the rates in effect on January 1, 2018 increased by 4.26%.

18 (f-5) (Blank).

19 (g) Families eligible for assistance under this Section  
20 shall be given the following options:

21 (1) receiving a child care certificate issued by the  
22 Department or a subcontractor of the Department that may be  
23 used by the parents as payment for child care and  
24 development services only; or

25 (2) if space is available, enrolling the child with a  
26 child care provider that has a purchase of service contract

1 with the Department or a subcontractor of the Department  
2 for the provision of child care and development services.  
3 The Department may identify particular priority  
4 populations for whom they may request special  
5 consideration by a provider with purchase of service  
6 contracts, provided that the providers shall be permitted  
7 to maintain a balance of clients in terms of household  
8 incomes and families and children with special needs, as  
9 defined by rule.

10 (Source: P.A. 100-387, eff. 8-25-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;  
11 100-860, eff. 2-14-19; 100-909, eff. 10-1-18; 100-916, eff.  
12 8-17-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

13 Article 80.

14 Section 80-5. The Employee Sick Leave Act is amended by  
15 changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

16 (820 ILCS 191/5)

17 Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:

18 "Covered family member" means an employee's child,  
19 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,  
20 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or  
21 stepparent.

22 "Department" means the Department of Labor.

23 "Personal care" means activities to ensure that a covered

1 family member's basic medical, hygiene, nutritional, or safety  
2 needs are met, or to provide transportation to medical  
3 appointments, for a covered family member who is unable to meet  
4 those needs himself or herself. "Personal care" also means  
5 being physically present to provide emotional support to a  
6 covered family member with a serious health condition who is  
7 receiving inpatient or home care.

8 "Personal sick leave benefits" means any paid or unpaid  
9 time available to an employee as provided through an employment  
10 benefit plan or paid time off policy to be used as a result of  
11 absence from work due to personal illness, injury, or medical  
12 appointment or for personal care of a covered family member. An  
13 employment benefit plan or paid time off policy does not  
14 include long term disability, short term disability, an  
15 insurance policy, or other comparable benefit plan or policy.

16 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

17 (820 ILCS 191/10)

18 Sec. 10. Use of leave; limitations.

19 (a) An employee may use personal sick leave benefits  
20 provided by the employer for absences due to an illness,  
21 injury, or medical appointment of the employee's child,  
22 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,  
23 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or  
24 stepparent, or for personal care of a covered family member on  
25 the same terms upon which the employee is able to use personal

1 sick leave benefits for the employee's own illness or injury.  
2 An employer may request written verification of the employee's  
3 absence from a health care professional if such verification is  
4 required under the employer's employment benefit plan or paid  
5 time off policy.

6 (b) An employer may limit the use of personal sick leave  
7 benefits provided by the employer for absences due to an  
8 illness, injury, or medical appointment of the employee's  
9 child, stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,  
10 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or  
11 stepparent to an amount not less than the personal sick leave  
12 that would be earned or accrued during 6 months at the  
13 employee's then current rate of entitlement. For employers who  
14 base personal sick leave benefits on an employee's years of  
15 service instead of annual or monthly accrual, such employer may  
16 limit the amount of sick leave to be used under this Act to  
17 half of the employee's maximum annual grant.

18 (c) An employer who provides personal sick leave benefits  
19 or a paid time off policy that would otherwise provide benefits  
20 as required under subsections (a) and (b) shall not be required  
21 to modify such benefits.

22 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

23 Article 90.

24 Section 90-5. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by

1 adding Section 3-206.06 as follows:

2 (210 ILCS 45/3-206.06 new)

3 Sec. 3-206.06. Testing for Legionella bacteria. A facility  
4 shall develop a policy for testing its water supply for  
5 Legionella bacteria. The policy shall include the frequency  
6 with which testing is conducted. The policy and the results of  
7 any tests shall be made available to the Department upon  
8 request.

9 Section 90-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
10 adding Section 6.29 as follows:

11 (210 ILCS 85/6.29 new)

12 Sec. 6.29. Testing for Legionella bacteria. A hospital  
13 shall develop a policy for testing its water supply for  
14 Legionella bacteria. The policy shall include the frequency  
15 with which testing is conducted. The policy and the results of  
16 any tests shall be made available to the Department upon  
17 request.

18 Article 95.

19 Section 95-5. The Child Care Act of 1969 is amended by  
20 changing Section 7 as follows:

1 (225 ILCS 10/7) (from Ch. 23, par. 2217)

2 Sec. 7. (a) The Department must prescribe and publish  
3 minimum standards for licensing that apply to the various types  
4 of facilities for child care defined in this Act and that are  
5 equally applicable to like institutions under the control of  
6 the Department and to foster family homes used by and under the  
7 direct supervision of the Department. The Department shall seek  
8 the advice and assistance of persons representative of the  
9 various types of child care facilities in establishing such  
10 standards. The standards prescribed and published under this  
11 Act take effect as provided in the Illinois Administrative  
12 Procedure Act, and are restricted to regulations pertaining to  
13 the following matters and to any rules and regulations required  
14 or permitted by any other Section of this Act:

15 (1) The operation and conduct of the facility and  
16 responsibility it assumes for child care;

17 (2) The character, suitability and qualifications of  
18 the applicant and other persons directly responsible for  
19 the care and welfare of children served. All child day care  
20 center licensees and employees who are required to report  
21 child abuse or neglect under the Abused and Neglected Child  
22 Reporting Act shall be required to attend training on  
23 recognizing child abuse and neglect, as prescribed by  
24 Department rules;

25 (3) The general financial ability and competence of the  
26 applicant to provide necessary care for children and to



1 maintain prescribed standards;

2 (4) The number of individuals or staff required to  
3 insure adequate supervision and care of the children  
4 received. The standards shall provide that each child care  
5 institution, maternity center, day care center, group  
6 home, day care home, and group day care home shall have on  
7 its premises during its hours of operation at least one  
8 staff member certified in first aid, in the Heimlich  
9 maneuver and in cardiopulmonary resuscitation by the  
10 American Red Cross or other organization approved by rule  
11 of the Department. Child welfare agencies shall not be  
12 subject to such a staffing requirement. The Department may  
13 offer, or arrange for the offering, on a periodic basis in  
14 each community in this State in cooperation with the  
15 American Red Cross, the American Heart Association or other  
16 appropriate organization, voluntary programs to train  
17 operators of foster family homes and day care homes in  
18 first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation;

19 (5) The appropriateness, safety, cleanliness, and  
20 general adequacy of the premises, including maintenance of  
21 adequate fire prevention and health standards conforming  
22 to State laws and municipal codes to provide for the  
23 physical comfort, care, and well-being of children  
24 received;

25 (6) Provisions for food, clothing, educational  
26 opportunities, program, equipment and individual supplies

1 to assure the healthy physical, mental, and spiritual  
2 development of children served;

3 (7) Provisions to safeguard the legal rights of  
4 children served;

5 (8) Maintenance of records pertaining to the  
6 admission, progress, health, and discharge of children,  
7 including, for day care centers and day care homes, records  
8 indicating each child has been immunized as required by  
9 State regulations. The Department shall require proof that  
10 children enrolled in a facility have been immunized against  
11 Haemophilus Influenzae B (HIB);

12 (9) Filing of reports with the Department;

13 (10) Discipline of children;

14 (11) Protection and fostering of the particular  
15 religious faith of the children served;

16 (12) Provisions prohibiting firearms on day care  
17 center premises except in the possession of peace officers;

18 (13) Provisions prohibiting handguns on day care home  
19 premises except in the possession of peace officers or  
20 other adults who must possess a handgun as a condition of  
21 employment and who reside on the premises of a day care  
22 home;

23 (14) Provisions requiring that any firearm permitted  
24 on day care home premises, except handguns in the  
25 possession of peace officers, shall be kept in a  
26 disassembled state, without ammunition, in locked storage,

1           inaccessible to children and that ammunition permitted on  
2           day care home premises shall be kept in locked storage  
3           separate from that of disassembled firearms, inaccessible  
4           to children;

5           (15) Provisions requiring notification of parents or  
6           guardians enrolling children at a day care home of the  
7           presence in the day care home of any firearms and  
8           ammunition and of the arrangements for the separate, locked  
9           storage of such firearms and ammunition;

10          (16) Provisions requiring all licensed child care  
11          facility employees who care for newborns and infants to  
12          complete training every 3 years on the nature of sudden  
13          unexpected infant death (SUID), sudden infant death  
14          syndrome (SIDS), and the safe sleep recommendations of the  
15          American Academy of Pediatrics; and

16          (17) With respect to foster family homes, provisions  
17          requiring the Department to review quality of care concerns  
18          and to consider those concerns in determining whether a  
19          foster family home is qualified to care for children.

20          By July 1, 2022, all licensed day care home providers,  
21          licensed group day care home providers, and licensed day care  
22          center directors and classroom staff shall participate in at  
23          least one training that includes the topics of early childhood  
24          social emotional learning, infant and early childhood mental  
25          health, early childhood trauma, or adverse childhood  
26          experiences. Current licensed providers, directors, and

1 classroom staff shall complete training by July 1, 2022 and  
2 shall participate in training that includes the above topics at  
3 least once every 3 years.

4 (b) If, in a facility for general child care, there are  
5 children diagnosed as mentally ill or children diagnosed as  
6 having an intellectual or physical disability, who are  
7 determined to be in need of special mental treatment or of  
8 nursing care, or both mental treatment and nursing care, the  
9 Department shall seek the advice and recommendation of the  
10 Department of Human Services, the Department of Public Health,  
11 or both Departments regarding the residential treatment and  
12 nursing care provided by the institution.

13 (c) The Department shall investigate any person applying to  
14 be licensed as a foster parent to determine whether there is  
15 any evidence of current drug or alcohol abuse in the  
16 prospective foster family. The Department shall not license a  
17 person as a foster parent if drug or alcohol abuse has been  
18 identified in the foster family or if a reasonable suspicion of  
19 such abuse exists, except that the Department may grant a  
20 foster parent license to an applicant identified with an  
21 alcohol or drug problem if the applicant has successfully  
22 participated in an alcohol or drug treatment program, self-help  
23 group, or other suitable activities and if the Department  
24 determines that the foster family home can provide a safe,  
25 appropriate environment and meet the physical and emotional  
26 needs of children.

1           (d) The Department, in applying standards prescribed and  
2 published, as herein provided, shall offer consultation  
3 through employed staff or other qualified persons to assist  
4 applicants and licensees in meeting and maintaining minimum  
5 requirements for a license and to help them otherwise to  
6 achieve programs of excellence related to the care of children  
7 served. Such consultation shall include providing information  
8 concerning education and training in early childhood  
9 development to providers of day care home services. The  
10 Department may provide or arrange for such education and  
11 training for those providers who request such assistance.

12           (e) The Department shall distribute copies of licensing  
13 standards to all licensees and applicants for a license. Each  
14 licensee or holder of a permit shall distribute copies of the  
15 appropriate licensing standards and any other information  
16 required by the Department to child care facilities under its  
17 supervision. Each licensee or holder of a permit shall maintain  
18 appropriate documentation of the distribution of the  
19 standards. Such documentation shall be part of the records of  
20 the facility and subject to inspection by authorized  
21 representatives of the Department.

22           (f) The Department shall prepare summaries of day care  
23 licensing standards. Each licensee or holder of a permit for a  
24 day care facility shall distribute a copy of the appropriate  
25 summary and any other information required by the Department,  
26 to the legal guardian of each child cared for in that facility

1 at the time when the child is enrolled or initially placed in  
2 the facility. The licensee or holder of a permit for a day care  
3 facility shall secure appropriate documentation of the  
4 distribution of the summary and brochure. Such documentation  
5 shall be a part of the records of the facility and subject to  
6 inspection by an authorized representative of the Department.

7 (g) The Department shall distribute to each licensee and  
8 holder of a permit copies of the licensing or permit standards  
9 applicable to such person's facility. Each licensee or holder  
10 of a permit shall make available by posting at all times in a  
11 common or otherwise accessible area a complete and current set  
12 of licensing standards in order that all employees of the  
13 facility may have unrestricted access to such standards. All  
14 employees of the facility shall have reviewed the standards and  
15 any subsequent changes. Each licensee or holder of a permit  
16 shall maintain appropriate documentation of the current review  
17 of licensing standards by all employees. Such records shall be  
18 part of the records of the facility and subject to inspection  
19 by authorized representatives of the Department.

20 (h) Any standards involving physical examinations,  
21 immunization, or medical treatment shall include appropriate  
22 exemptions for children whose parents object thereto on the  
23 grounds that they conflict with the tenets and practices of a  
24 recognized church or religious organization, of which the  
25 parent is an adherent or member, and for children who should  
26 not be subjected to immunization for clinical reasons.

1           (i) The Department, in cooperation with the Department of  
2 Public Health, shall work to increase immunization awareness  
3 and participation among parents of children enrolled in day  
4 care centers and day care homes by publishing on the  
5 Department's website information about the benefits of  
6 immunization against vaccine preventable diseases, including  
7 influenza and pertussis. The information for vaccine  
8 preventable diseases shall include the incidence and severity  
9 of the diseases, the availability of vaccines, and the  
10 importance of immunizing children and persons who frequently  
11 have close contact with children. The website content shall be  
12 reviewed annually in collaboration with the Department of  
13 Public Health to reflect the most current recommendations of  
14 the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). The  
15 Department shall work with day care centers and day care homes  
16 licensed under this Act to ensure that the information is  
17 annually distributed to parents in August or September.

18           (j) Any standard adopted by the Department that requires an  
19 applicant for a license to operate a day care home to include a  
20 copy of a high school diploma or equivalent certificate with  
21 his or her application shall be deemed to be satisfied if the  
22 applicant includes a copy of a high school diploma or  
23 equivalent certificate or a copy of a degree from an accredited  
24 institution of higher education or vocational institution or  
25 equivalent certificate.

26           (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-779, eff. 1-1-17;

1 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

2 Article 100.

3 Section 100-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
4 the Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers Act.

5 Section 100-5. Creation; members; duties; report.

6 (a) The Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers is  
7 created. Membership of the Commission shall be as follows:

8 (1) A representative of the Illinois Comprehensive  
9 Cancer Control Program, appointed by the Director of Public  
10 Health;

11 (2) The Director of Insurance, or his or her designee;  
12 and

13 (3) 20 members who shall be appointed as follows:

14 (A) three members appointed by the Speaker of  
15 the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a  
16 survivor of ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a  
17 survivor of cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine  
18 cancer, and one of whom shall be a medical specialist  
19 in gynecologic cancers;

20 (B) three members appointed by the Senate  
21 President, one of whom shall be a survivor of ovarian  
22 cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of cervical,  
23 vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one of whom



1 shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic cancers;

2 (C) three members appointed by the House  
3 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
4 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
5 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one  
6 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic  
7 cancers;

8 (D) three members appointed by the Senate  
9 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
10 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of  
11 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one  
12 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic  
13 cancers; and

14 (E) eight members appointed by the Governor,  
15 one of whom shall be a caregiver of a woman diagnosed  
16 with a gynecologic cancer, one of whom shall be a  
17 medical specialist in gynecologic cancers, one of whom  
18 shall be an individual with expertise in community  
19 based health care and issues affecting underserved and  
20 vulnerable populations, 2 of whom shall be individuals  
21 representing gynecologic cancer awareness and support  
22 groups in the State, one of whom shall be a researcher  
23 specializing in gynecologic cancers, and 2 of whom  
24 shall be members of the public with demonstrated  
25 expertise in issues relating to the work of the  
26 Commission.

1 (b) Members of the Commission shall serve without  
2 compensation or reimbursement from the Commission. Members  
3 shall select a Chair from among themselves and the Chair shall  
4 set the meeting schedule.

5 (c) The Illinois Department of Public Health shall provide  
6 administrative support to the Commission.

7 (d) The Commission is charged with the study of the  
8 following:

9 (1) establishing a mechanism to ascertain the  
10 prevalence of gynecologic cancers in the State and, to the  
11 extent possible, to collect statistics relative to the  
12 timing of diagnosis and risk factors associated with  
13 gynecologic cancers;

14 (2) determining how to best effectuate early diagnosis  
15 and treatment for gynecologic cancer patients;

16 (3) determining best practices for closing disparities  
17 in outcomes for gynecologic cancer patients and innovative  
18 approaches to reaching underserved and vulnerable  
19 populations;

20 (4) determining any unmet needs of persons with  
21 gynecologic cancers and those of their families; and

22 (5) providing recommendations for additional  
23 legislation, support programs, and resources to meet the  
24 unmet needs of persons with gynecologic cancers and their  
25 families.

26 (e) The Commission shall file its final report with the

1 General Assembly no later than December 31, 2021 and, upon the  
2 filing of its report, is dissolved.

3 Section 100-90. Repeal. This Article is repealed on January  
4 1, 2023.

5 Article 105.

6 Section 105-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
7 changing Section 5A-12.7 as follows:

8 (305 ILCS 5/5A-12.7)

9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2022)

10 Sec. 5A-12.7. Continuation of hospital access payments on  
11 and after July 1, 2020.

12 (a) To preserve and improve access to hospital services,  
13 for hospital services rendered on and after July 1, 2020, the  
14 Department shall, except for hospitals described in subsection  
15 (b) of Section 5A-3, make payments to hospitals or require  
16 capitated managed care organizations to make payments as set  
17 forth in this Section. Payments under this Section are not due  
18 and payable, however, until: (i) the methodologies described in  
19 this Section are approved by the federal government in an  
20 appropriate State Plan amendment or directed payment preprint;  
21 and (ii) the assessment imposed under this Article is  
22 determined to be a permissible tax under Title XIX of the

1 Social Security Act. In determining the hospital access  
2 payments authorized under subsection (g) of this Section, if a  
3 hospital ceases to qualify for payments from the pool, the  
4 payments for all hospitals continuing to qualify for payments  
5 from such pool shall be uniformly adjusted to fully expend the  
6 aggregate net amount of the pool, with such adjustment being  
7 effective on the first day of the second month following the  
8 date the hospital ceases to receive payments from such pool.

9 (b) Amounts moved into claims-based rates and distributed  
10 in accordance with Section 14-12 shall remain in those  
11 claims-based rates.

12 (c) Graduate medical education.

13 (1) The calculation of graduate medical education  
14 payments shall be based on the hospital's Medicare cost  
15 report ending in Calendar Year 2018, as reported in the  
16 Healthcare Cost Report Information System file, release  
17 date September 30, 2019. An Illinois hospital reporting  
18 intern and resident cost on its Medicare cost report shall  
19 be eligible for graduate medical education payments.

20 (2) Each hospital's annualized Medicaid Intern  
21 Resident Cost is calculated using annualized intern and  
22 resident total costs obtained from Worksheet B Part I,  
23 Columns 21 and 22 the sum of Lines 30-43, 50-76, 90-93,  
24 96-98, and 105-112 multiplied by the percentage that the  
25 hospital's Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7,  
26 Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of the

1 hospital's total days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 8, Lines  
2 14, 16-18, and 32).

3 (3) An annualized Medicaid indirect medical education  
4 (IME) payment is calculated for each hospital using its IME  
5 payments (Worksheet E Part A, Line 29, Column 1) multiplied  
6 by the percentage that its Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part  
7 I, Column 7, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of  
8 its Medicare days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 6, Lines 2,  
9 3, 4, 14, and 16-18).

10 (4) For each hospital, its annualized Medicaid Intern  
11 Resident Cost and its annualized Medicaid IME payment are  
12 summed, and, except as capped at 120% of the average cost  
13 per intern and resident for all qualifying hospitals as  
14 calculated under this paragraph, is multiplied by 22.6% to  
15 determine the hospital's final graduate medical education  
16 payment. Each hospital's average cost per intern and  
17 resident shall be calculated by summing its total  
18 annualized Medicaid Intern Resident Cost plus its  
19 annualized Medicaid IME payment and dividing that amount by  
20 the hospital's total Full Time Equivalent Residents and  
21 Interns. If the hospital's average per intern and resident  
22 cost is greater than 120% of the same calculation for all  
23 qualifying hospitals, the hospital's per intern and  
24 resident cost shall be capped at 120% of the average cost  
25 for all qualifying hospitals.

26 (d) Fee-for-service supplemental payments. Each Illinois

1 hospital shall receive an annual payment equal to the amounts  
2 below, to be paid in 12 equal installments on or before the  
3 seventh State business day of each month, except that no  
4 payment shall be due within 30 days after the later of the date  
5 of notification of federal approval of the payment  
6 methodologies required under this Section or any waiver  
7 required under 42 CFR 433.68, at which time the sum of amounts  
8 required under this Section prior to the date of notification  
9 is due and payable.

10 (1) For critical access hospitals, \$385 per covered  
11 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and  
12 \$530 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of  
13 service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's  
14 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

15 (2) For safety-net hospitals, \$960 per covered  
16 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and  
17 \$625 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of  
18 service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's  
19 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

20 (3) For long term acute care hospitals, \$295 per  
21 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service  
22 claims for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the  
23 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

24 (4) For freestanding psychiatric hospitals, \$125 per  
25 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service  
26 claims and \$130 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim

1 for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the  
2 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

3 (5) For freestanding rehabilitation hospitals, \$355  
4 per covered inpatient day contained in paid  
5 fee-for-service claims for dates of service in Calendar  
6 Year 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as  
7 of May 11, 2020.

8 (6) For all general acute care hospitals and high  
9 Medicaid hospitals as defined in subsection (f), \$350 per  
10 covered inpatient day for dates of service in Calendar Year  
11 2019 contained in paid fee-for-service claims and \$620 per  
12 paid fee-for-service outpatient claim in the Department's  
13 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

14 (7) Alzheimer's treatment access payment. Each  
15 Illinois academic medical center or teaching hospital, as  
16 defined in Section 5-5e.2 of this Code, that is identified  
17 as the primary hospital affiliate of one of the Regional  
18 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Centers, as designated by  
19 the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act and identified in  
20 the Department of Public Health's Alzheimer's Disease  
21 State Plan dated December 2016, shall be paid an  
22 Alzheimer's treatment access payment equal to the product  
23 of the qualifying hospital's State Fiscal Year 2018 total  
24 inpatient fee-for-service days multiplied by the  
25 applicable Alzheimer's treatment rate of \$226.30 for  
26 hospitals located in Cook County and \$116.21 for hospitals

1 located outside Cook County.

2 (e) The Department shall require managed care  
3 organizations (MCOs) to make directed payments and  
4 pass-through payments according to this Section. Each calendar  
5 year, the Department shall require MCOs to pay the maximum  
6 amount out of these funds as allowed as pass-through payments  
7 under federal regulations. The Department shall require MCOs to  
8 make such pass-through payments as specified in this Section.  
9 The Department shall require the MCOs to pay the remaining  
10 amounts as directed Payments as specified in this Section. The  
11 Department shall issue payments to the Comptroller by the  
12 seventh business day of each month for all MCOs that are  
13 sufficient for MCOs to make the directed payments and  
14 pass-through payments according to this Section. The  
15 Department shall require the MCOs to make pass-through payments  
16 and directed payments using electronic funds transfers (EFT),  
17 if the hospital provides the information necessary to process  
18 such EFTs, in accordance with directions provided monthly by  
19 the Department, within 7 business days of the date the funds  
20 are paid to the MCOs, as indicated by the "Paid Date" on the  
21 website of the Office of the Comptroller if the funds are paid  
22 by EFT and the MCOs have received directed payment  
23 instructions. If funds are not paid through the Comptroller by  
24 EFT, payment must be made within 7 business days of the date  
25 actually received by the MCO. The MCO will be considered to  
26 have paid the pass-through payments when the payment remittance



1 number is generated or the date the MCO sends the check to the  
2 hospital, if EFT information is not supplied. If an MCO is late  
3 in paying a pass-through payment or directed payment as  
4 required under this Section (including any extensions granted  
5 by the Department), it shall pay a penalty, unless waived by  
6 the Department for reasonable cause, to the Department equal to  
7 5% of the amount of the pass-through payment or directed  
8 payment not paid on or before the due date plus 5% of the  
9 portion thereof remaining unpaid on the last day of each 30-day  
10 period thereafter. Payments to MCOs that would be paid  
11 consistent with actuarial certification and enrollment in the  
12 absence of the increased capitation payments under this Section  
13 shall not be reduced as a consequence of payments made under  
14 this subsection. The Department shall publish and maintain on  
15 its website for a period of no less than 8 calendar quarters,  
16 the quarterly calculation of directed payments and  
17 pass-through payments owed to each hospital from each MCO. All  
18 calculations and reports shall be posted no later than the  
19 first day of the quarter for which the payments are to be  
20 issued.

21 (f)(1) For purposes of allocating the funds included in  
22 capitation payments to MCOs, Illinois hospitals shall be  
23 divided into the following classes as defined in administrative  
24 rules:

25 (A) Critical access hospitals.

26 (B) Safety-net hospitals, except that stand-alone

1 children's hospitals that are not specialty children's  
2 hospitals will not be included.

3 (C) Long term acute care hospitals.

4 (D) Freestanding psychiatric hospitals.

5 (E) Freestanding rehabilitation hospitals.

6 (F) High Medicaid hospitals. As used in this Section,  
7 "high Medicaid hospital" means a general acute care  
8 hospital that is not a safety-net hospital or critical  
9 access hospital and that has a Medicaid Inpatient  
10 Utilization Rate above 30% or a hospital that had over  
11 35,000 inpatient Medicaid days during the applicable  
12 period. For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,  
13 2020, the applicable period for the Medicaid Inpatient  
14 Utilization Rate (MIUR) is the rate year 2020 MIUR and for  
15 the number of inpatient days it is State fiscal year 2018.  
16 Beginning in calendar year 2021, the Department shall use  
17 the most recently determined MIUR, as defined in subsection  
18 (h) of Section 5-5.02, and for the inpatient day threshold,  
19 the State fiscal year ending 18 months prior to the  
20 beginning of the calendar year. For purposes of calculating  
21 MIUR under this Section, children's hospitals and  
22 affiliated general acute care hospitals shall be  
23 considered a single hospital.

24 (G) General acute care hospitals. As used under this  
25 Section, "general acute care hospitals" means all other  
26 Illinois hospitals not identified in subparagraphs (A)

1 through (F).

2 (2) Hospitals' qualification for each class shall be  
3 assessed prior to the beginning of each calendar year and the  
4 new class designation shall be effective January 1 of the next  
5 year. The Department shall publish by rule the process for  
6 establishing class determination.

7 (g) Fixed pool directed payments. Beginning July 1, 2020,  
8 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used  
9 to issue directed payments to qualified Illinois safety-net  
10 hospitals and critical access hospitals on a monthly basis in  
11 accordance with this subsection. Prior to the beginning of each  
12 Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department shall use  
13 encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter, accepted  
14 by the Department's Medicaid Management Information System for  
15 inpatient and outpatient services rendered by safety-net  
16 hospitals and critical access hospitals to determine a  
17 quarterly uniform per unit add-on for each hospital class.

18 (1) Inpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per  
19 diem add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly  
20 Inpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the  
21 applicable hospital class by the total inpatient days  
22 contained on all encounter claims received during the  
23 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

24 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a  
25 quarterly inpatient directed payment calculated that  
26 is equal to the product of the number of inpatient days

1           attributable to the hospital used in the calculation of  
2           the quarterly uniform class per diem add-on,  
3           multiplied by the calculated applicable quarterly  
4           uniform class per diem add-on of the hospital class.

5           (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its  
6           quarterly inpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
7           months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with  
8           directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

9           (2) Outpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per  
10          claim add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly  
11          Outpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the  
12          applicable hospital class by the total outpatient  
13          encounter claims received during the Determination  
14          Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

15          (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a  
16          quarterly outpatient directed payment calculated that  
17          is equal to the product of the number of outpatient  
18          encounter claims attributable to the hospital used in  
19          the calculation of the quarterly uniform class per  
20          claim add-on, multiplied by the calculated applicable  
21          quarterly uniform class per claim add-on of the  
22          hospital class.

23          (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its  
24          quarterly outpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
25          months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with  
26          directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

1           (3) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly  
2 Directed Payment as identified by the Department on its  
3 quarterly determination report.

4           (4) Definitions. As used in this subsection:

5                 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each 3 month calendar  
6 quarter, beginning July 1, 2020.

7                 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each 3 month  
8 calendar quarter, which ends 3 months prior to the  
9 first day of each Payout Quarter.

10           (5) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020,  
11 the following amounts shall be allocated to the following  
12 hospital class directed payment pools for the quarterly  
13 development of a uniform per unit add-on:

14                 (A) \$2,894,500 for hospital inpatient services for  
15 critical access hospitals.

16                 (B) \$4,294,374 for hospital outpatient services  
17 for critical access hospitals.

18                 (C) \$29,109,330 for hospital inpatient services  
19 for safety-net hospitals.

20                 (D) \$35,041,218 for hospital outpatient services  
21 for safety-net hospitals.

22           (h) Fixed rate directed payments. Effective July 1, 2020,  
23 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used  
24 to issue directed payments to Illinois hospitals not identified  
25 in paragraph (g) on a monthly basis. Prior to the beginning of  
26 each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department

1 shall use encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter,  
2 accepted by the Department's Medicaid Management Information  
3 System for inpatient and outpatient services rendered by  
4 hospitals in each hospital class identified in paragraph (f)  
5 and not identified in paragraph (g). For the period July 1,  
6 2020 through December 2020, the Department shall direct MCOs to  
7 make payments as follows:

8 (1) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
9 \$1,750 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20  
10 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
11 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
12 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

13 (2) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
14 \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21  
15 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
16 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
17 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

18 (3) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
19 \$80 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22  
20 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
21 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
22 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

23 (4) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
24 \$375 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24  
25 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
26 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid

1 EAPG (EAPGs) for the determination quarter.

2 (5) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
3 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27  
4 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter  
5 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of  
6 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

7 (6) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to  
8 \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29  
9 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
10 the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid  
11 EAPGs for the determination quarter.

12 (7) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
13 \$1,800 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20  
14 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
15 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
16 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

17 (8) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$160  
18 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21 case  
19 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the  
20 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
21 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

22 (9) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$80  
23 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22 case  
24 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the  
25 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for  
26 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

1           (10) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
2           \$400 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24  
3           case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
4           the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid  
5           EAPG outpatient claims for the determination quarter.

6           (11) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
7           \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27  
8           and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter  
9           multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of  
10          service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

11          (12) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to  
12          \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29  
13          case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by  
14          the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid  
15          EAPGs for the determination quarter.

16          (13) For long term acute care hospitals the amount of  
17          \$495 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient  
18          days for the determination quarter.

19          (14) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$210  
20          multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days  
21          for category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

22          (15) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$250  
23          multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient  
24          claims for category of service 27 and 28 for the  
25          determination quarter.

26          (16) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$410



1 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days  
2 for category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

3 (17) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$100  
4 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient  
5 claims for category of service 29 for the determination  
6 quarter.

7 (18) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of their quarterly  
8 inpatient and outpatient directed payment in each of the 3  
9 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with directions  
10 provided to each MCO by the Department.

11 (19) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly  
12 Directed Payment amount as identified by the Department on  
13 its quarterly determination report.

14 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if  
15 the Department determines that the actual total hospital  
16 utilization data that is used to calculate the fixed rate  
17 directed payments is substantially different than anticipated  
18 when the rates in this subsection were initially determined  
19 (for unforeseeable circumstances such as the COVID-19  
20 pandemic), the Department may adjust the rates specified in  
21 this subsection so that the total directed payments approximate  
22 the total spending amount anticipated when the rates were  
23 initially established.

24 Definitions. As used in this subsection:

25 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each calendar quarter,  
26 beginning July 1, 2020.

1           (B) "Determination Quarter" means each calendar  
2           quarter which ends 3 months prior to the first day of  
3           each Payout Quarter.

4           (C) "Case mix index" means a hospital specific  
5           calculation. For inpatient claims the case mix index is  
6           calculated each quarter by summing the relative weight  
7           of all inpatient Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG) claims  
8           for a category of service in the applicable  
9           Determination Quarter and dividing the sum by the  
10          number of sum total of all inpatient DRG admissions for  
11          the category of service for the associated claims. The  
12          case mix index for outpatient claims is calculated each  
13          quarter by summing the relative weight of all paid  
14          EAPGs in the applicable Determination Quarter and  
15          dividing the sum by the sum total of paid EAPGs for the  
16          associated claims.

17          (i) Beginning January 1, 2021, the rates for directed  
18          payments shall be recalculated in order to spend the additional  
19          funds for directed payments that result from reduction in the  
20          amount of pass-through payments allowed under federal  
21          regulations. The additional funds for directed payments shall  
22          be allocated proportionally to each class of hospitals based on  
23          that class' proportion of services.

24          (j) Pass-through payments.

25               (1) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,  
26          2020, the Department shall assign quarterly pass-through

1 payments to each class of hospitals equal to one-fourth of  
2 the following annual allocations:

3 (A) \$390,487,095 to safety-net hospitals.

4 (B) \$62,553,886 to critical access hospitals.

5 (C) \$345,021,438 to high Medicaid hospitals.

6 (D) \$551,429,071 to general acute care hospitals.

7 (E) \$27,283,870 to long term acute care hospitals.

8 (F) \$40,825,444 to freestanding psychiatric  
9 hospitals.

10 (G) \$9,652,108 to freestanding rehabilitation  
11 hospitals.

12 (2) The pass-through payments shall at a minimum ensure  
13 hospitals receive a total amount of monthly payments under  
14 this Section as received in calendar year 2019 in  
15 accordance with this Article and paragraph (1) of  
16 subsection (d-5) of Section 14-12, exclusive of amounts  
17 received through payments referenced in subsection (b).

18 (3) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2021,  
19 and each calendar year thereafter, each hospital's  
20 pass-through payment amount shall be reduced  
21 proportionally to the reduction of all pass-through  
22 payments required by federal regulations.

23 (k) At least 30 days prior to each calendar year, the  
24 Department shall notify each hospital of changes to the payment  
25 methodologies in this Section, including, but not limited to,  
26 changes in the fixed rate directed payment rates, the aggregate

1 pass-through payment amount for all hospitals, and the  
2 hospital's pass-through payment amount for the upcoming  
3 calendar year.

4 (l) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section,  
5 the Department may adopt rules to change the methodology for  
6 directed and pass-through payments as set forth in this  
7 Section, but only to the extent necessary to obtain federal  
8 approval of a necessary State Plan amendment or Directed  
9 Payment Preprint or to otherwise conform to federal law or  
10 federal regulation.

11 (m) As used in this subsection, "managed care organization"  
12 or "MCO" means an entity which contracts with the Department to  
13 provide services where payment for medical services is made on  
14 a capitated basis, excluding contracted entities for dual  
15 eligible or Department of Children and Family Services youth  
16 populations.

17 (n) In order to address the escalating infant mortality  
18 rates among minority communities in Illinois, the State shall,  
19 subject to appropriation, create a pool of funding of at least  
20 \$50,000,000 annually to be dispersed among safety-net  
21 hospitals that maintain perinatal designation from the  
22 Department of Public Health. The funding shall be used to  
23 preserve or enhance OB/GYN services or other specialty services  
24 at the receiving hospital, with the distribution of funding to  
25 be established by rule and with consideration to perinatal  
26 hospitals with safe birthing levels and quality metrics for

1 healthy mothers and babies.

2 (Source: P.A. 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

3 Article 110.

4 Section 110-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
5 the Racial Impact Note Act.

6 Section 110-5. Racial impact note.

7 (a) Every bill which has or could have a disparate impact  
8 on racial and ethnic minorities, upon the request of any  
9 member, shall have prepared for it, before second reading in  
10 the house of introduction, a brief explanatory statement or  
11 note that shall include a reliable estimate of the anticipated  
12 impact on those racial and ethnic minorities likely to be  
13 impacted by the bill. Each racial impact note must include, for  
14 racial and ethnic minorities for which data are available: (i)  
15 an estimate of how the proposed legislation would impact racial  
16 and ethnic minorities; (ii) a statement of the methodologies  
17 and assumptions used in preparing the estimate; (iii) an  
18 estimate of the racial and ethnic composition of the population  
19 who may be impacted by the proposed legislation, including  
20 those persons who may be negatively impacted and those persons  
21 who may benefit from the proposed legislation; and (iv) any  
22 other matter that a responding agency considers appropriate in  
23 relation to the racial and ethnic minorities likely to be

1 affected by the bill.

2 Section 110-10. Preparation.

3 (a) The sponsor of each bill for which a request under  
4 Section 110-5 has been made shall present a copy of the bill  
5 with the request for a racial impact note to the appropriate  
6 responding agency or agencies under subsection (b). The  
7 responding agency or agencies shall prepare and submit the note  
8 to the sponsor of the bill within 5 calendar days, except that  
9 whenever, because of the complexity of the measure, additional  
10 time is required for the preparation of the racial impact note,  
11 the responding agency or agencies may inform the sponsor of the  
12 bill, and the sponsor may approve an extension of the time  
13 within which the note is to be submitted, not to extend,  
14 however, beyond June 15, following the date of the request. If,  
15 in the opinion of the responding agency or agencies, there is  
16 insufficient information to prepare a reliable estimate of the  
17 anticipated impact, a statement to that effect can be filed and  
18 shall meet the requirements of this Act.

19 (b) If a bill concerns arrests, convictions, or law  
20 enforcement, a statement shall be prepared by the Illinois  
21 Criminal Justice Information Authority specifying the impact  
22 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns  
23 corrections, sentencing, or the placement of individuals  
24 within the Department of Corrections, a statement shall be  
25 prepared by the Department of Corrections specifying the impact

1 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns local  
2 government, a statement shall be prepared by the Department of  
3 Commerce and Economic Opportunity specifying the impact on  
4 racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns education, one  
5 of the following agencies shall prepare a statement specifying  
6 the impact on racial and ethnic minorities: (i) the Illinois  
7 Community College Board, if the bill affects community  
8 colleges; (ii) the Illinois State Board of Education, if the  
9 bill affects primary and secondary education; or (iii) the  
10 Illinois Board of Higher Education, if the bill affects State  
11 universities. Any other State agency impacted or responsible  
12 for implementing all or part of this bill shall prepare a  
13 statement of the racial and ethnic impact of the bill as it  
14 relates to that agency.

15 Section 110-15. Requisites and contents. The note shall be  
16 factual in nature, as brief and concise as may be, and, in  
17 addition, it shall include both the immediate effect and, if  
18 determinable or reasonably foreseeable, the long range effect  
19 of the measure on racial and ethnic minorities. If, after  
20 careful investigation, it is determined that such an effect is  
21 not ascertainable, the note shall contain a statement to that  
22 effect, setting forth the reasons why no ascertainable effect  
23 can be given.

24 Section 110-20. Comment or opinion; technical or

1 mechanical defects. No comment or opinion shall be included in  
2 the racial impact note with regard to the merits of the measure  
3 for which the racial impact note is prepared; however,  
4 technical or mechanical defects may be noted.

5 Section 110-25. Appearance of State officials and  
6 employees in support or opposition of measure. The fact that a  
7 racial impact note is prepared for any bill shall not preclude  
8 or restrict the appearance before any committee of the General  
9 Assembly of any official or authorized employee of the  
10 responding agency or agencies, or any other impacted State  
11 agency, who desires to be heard in support of or in opposition  
12 to the measure.

13 Article 115.

14 Section 115-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
15 adding Section 14-14 as follows:

16 (305 ILCS 5/14-14 new)

17 Sec. 14-14. Increasing access to primary care in hospitals.  
18 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall develop  
19 a program to encourage coordination between Federally  
20 Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) and hospitals, including, but  
21 not limited to, safety-net hospitals, with the goal of  
22 increasing care coordination, managing chronic diseases, and



1 addressing the social determinants of health on or before  
2 December 31, 2021. In addition, the Department shall develop a  
3 payment methodology to allow FQHCs to provide care coordination  
4 services, including, but not limited to, chronic disease  
5 management and behavioral health services. The Department of  
6 Healthcare and Family Services shall develop a payment  
7 methodology to allow for FQHC care coordination services by no  
8 later than December 31, 2021.

9 Article 120.

10 Section 120-5. The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is  
11 amended by changing Section 5-565 as follows:

12 (20 ILCS 5/5-565) (was 20 ILCS 5/6.06)

13 Sec. 5-565. In the Department of Public Health.

14 (a) The General Assembly declares it to be the public  
15 policy of this State that all residents ~~citizens~~ of Illinois  
16 are entitled to lead healthy lives. Governmental public health  
17 has a specific responsibility to ensure that a public health  
18 system is in place to allow the public health mission to be  
19 achieved. The public health system is the collection of public,  
20 private, and voluntary entities as well as individuals and  
21 informal associations that contribute to the public's health  
22 within the State. To develop a public health system requires  
23 certain core functions to be performed by government. The State

1 Board of Health is to assume the leadership role in advising  
2 the Director in meeting the following functions:

3 (1) Needs assessment.

4 (2) Statewide health objectives.

5 (3) Policy development.

6 (4) Assurance of access to necessary services.

7 There shall be a State Board of Health composed of 20  
8 persons, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, with  
9 the advice and consent of the Senate for those appointed by the  
10 Governor on and after June 30, 1998, and one of whom shall be a  
11 senior citizen age 60 or over. Five members shall be physicians  
12 licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, one  
13 representing a medical school faculty, one who is board  
14 certified in preventive medicine, and one who is engaged in  
15 private practice. One member shall be a chiropractic physician.  
16 One member shall be a dentist; one an environmental health  
17 practitioner; one a local public health administrator; one a  
18 local board of health member; one a registered nurse; one a  
19 physical therapist; one an optometrist; one a veterinarian; one  
20 a public health academician; one a health care industry  
21 representative; one a representative of the business  
22 community; one a representative of the non-profit public  
23 interest community; and 2 shall be citizens at large.

24 The terms of Board of Health members shall be 3 years,  
25 except that members shall continue to serve on the Board of  
26 Health until a replacement is appointed. Upon the effective

1 date of Public Act 93-975 (January 1, 2005) ~~this amendatory Act~~  
2 ~~of the 93rd General Assembly,~~ in the appointment of the Board  
3 of Health members appointed to vacancies or positions with  
4 terms expiring on or before December 31, 2004, the Governor  
5 shall appoint up to 6 members to serve for terms of 3 years; up  
6 to 6 members to serve for terms of 2 years; and up to 5 members  
7 to serve for a term of one year, so that the term of no more  
8 than 6 members expire in the same year. All members shall be  
9 legal residents of the State of Illinois. The duties of the  
10 Board shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

11 (1) To advise the Department of ways to encourage  
12 public understanding and support of the Department's  
13 programs.

14 (2) To evaluate all boards, councils, committees,  
15 authorities, and bodies advisory to, or an adjunct of, the  
16 Department of Public Health or its Director for the purpose  
17 of recommending to the Director one or more of the  
18 following:

19 (i) The elimination of bodies whose activities are  
20 not consistent with goals and objectives of the  
21 Department.

22 (ii) The consolidation of bodies whose activities  
23 encompass compatible programmatic subjects.

24 (iii) The restructuring of the relationship  
25 between the various bodies and their integration  
26 within the organizational structure of the Department.

1           (iv) The establishment of new bodies deemed  
2           essential to the functioning of the Department.

3           (3) To serve as an advisory group to the Director for  
4           public health emergencies and control of health hazards.

5           (4) To advise the Director regarding public health  
6           policy, and to make health policy recommendations  
7           regarding priorities to the Governor through the Director.

8           (5) To present public health issues to the Director and  
9           to make recommendations for the resolution of those issues.

10          (6) To recommend studies to delineate public health  
11          problems.

12          (7) To make recommendations to the Governor through the  
13          Director regarding the coordination of State public health  
14          activities with other State and local public health  
15          agencies and organizations.

16          (8) To report on or before February 1 of each year on  
17          the health of the residents of Illinois to the Governor,  
18          the General Assembly, and the public.

19          (9) To review the final draft of all proposed  
20          administrative rules, other than emergency or peremptory  
21          ~~preemptory~~ rules and those rules that another advisory body  
22          must approve or review within a statutorily defined time  
23          period, of the Department after September 19, 1991 (the  
24          effective date of Public Act 87-633). The Board shall  
25          review the proposed rules within 90 days of submission by  
26          the Department. The Department shall take into

1 consideration any comments and recommendations of the  
2 Board regarding the proposed rules prior to submission to  
3 the Secretary of State for initial publication. If the  
4 Department disagrees with the recommendations of the  
5 Board, it shall submit a written response outlining the  
6 reasons for not accepting the recommendations.

7 In the case of proposed administrative rules or  
8 amendments to administrative rules regarding immunization  
9 of children against preventable communicable diseases  
10 designated by the Director under the Communicable Disease  
11 Prevention Act, after the Immunization Advisory Committee  
12 has made its recommendations, the Board shall conduct 3  
13 public hearings, geographically distributed throughout the  
14 State. At the conclusion of the hearings, the State Board  
15 of Health shall issue a report, including its  
16 recommendations, to the Director. The Director shall take  
17 into consideration any comments or recommendations made by  
18 the Board based on these hearings.

19 (10) To deliver to the Governor for presentation to the  
20 General Assembly a State Health Assessment (SHA) and a  
21 State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP). The first 5 ~~3~~ such  
22 plans shall be delivered to the Governor on January 1,  
23 2006, January 1, 2009, ~~and~~ January 1, 2016, January 1,  
24 2021, and June 30, 2022, and then every 5 years thereafter.

25 The State Health Assessment and State Health  
26 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall assess and recommend

1 priorities and strategies to improve the public health  
2 system, ~~and~~ the health status of Illinois residents, reduce  
3 health disparities and inequities, and promote health  
4 equity. The State Health Assessment and State Health  
5 Improvement Plan development and implementation shall  
6 conform to national Public Health Accreditation Board  
7 Standards. The State Health Assessment and State Health  
8 Improvement Plan development and implementation process  
9 shall be carried out with the administrative and  
10 operational support of the Department of Public Health  
11 ~~taking into consideration national health objectives and~~  
12 ~~system standards as frameworks for assessment.~~

13 The State Health Assessment shall include  
14 comprehensive, broad-based data and information from a  
15 variety of sources on health status and the public health  
16 system including:

17 (i) quantitative data on the demographics and  
18 health status of the population, including data over  
19 time on health by gender identity, sexual orientation,  
20 race, ethnicity, age, socio-economic factors,  
21 geographic region, disability status, and other  
22 indicators of disparity;

23 (ii) quantitative data on social and structural  
24 issues affecting health (social and structural  
25 determinants of health), including, but not limited  
26 to, housing, transportation, educational attainment,

1           employment, and income inequality;

2           (iii) priorities and strategies developed at the  
3           community level through the Illinois Project for Local  
4           Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and other local and  
5           regional community health needs assessments;

6           (iv) qualitative data representing the  
7           population's input on health concerns and well-being,  
8           including the perceptions of people experiencing  
9           disparities and health inequities;

10           (v) information on health disparities and health  
11           inequities; and

12           (vi) information on public health system strengths  
13           and areas for improvement.

14           ~~The Plan shall also take into consideration priorities~~  
15           ~~and strategies developed at the community level through the~~  
16           ~~Illinois Project for Local Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and~~  
17           ~~any regional health improvement plans that may be~~  
18           ~~developed.~~

19           The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall focus on  
20           prevention, social determinants of health, and promoting  
21           health equity as key strategies ~~as a key strategy~~ for  
22           long-term health improvement in Illinois.

23           The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall identify  
24           priority State health issues and social issues affecting  
25           health, and shall examine and make recommendations on the  
26           contributions and strategies of the public and private

1 sectors for improving health status and the public health  
2 system in the State. In addition to recommendations on  
3 health status improvement priorities and strategies for  
4 the population of the State as a whole, the State Health  
5 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall make recommendations regarding  
6 priorities and strategies for reducing and eliminating  
7 health disparities and health inequities in Illinois;  
8 including racial, ethnic, gender identification, sexual  
9 orientation, age, disability, socio-economic, and  
10 geographic disparities. The State Health Improvement Plan  
11 shall make recommendations regarding social determinants  
12 of health, such as housing, transportation, educational  
13 attainment, employment, and income inequality.

14 The development and implementation of the State Health  
15 Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan shall be a  
16 collaborative public-private cross-agency effort overseen  
17 by the SHA and SHIP Partnership. The Director of Public  
18 Health shall consult with the Governor to ensure  
19 participation by the head of State agencies with public  
20 health responsibilities (or their designees) in the SHA and  
21 SHIP Partnership, including, but not limited to, the  
22 Department of Public Health, the Department of Human  
23 Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family  
24 Services, the Department of Children and Family Services,  
25 the Environmental Protection Agency, the Illinois State  
26 Board of Education, the Department on Aging, the Illinois



1 Housing Development Authority, the Illinois Criminal  
2 Justice Information Authority, the Department of  
3 Agriculture, the Department of Transportation, the  
4 Department of Corrections, the Department of Commerce and  
5 Economic Opportunity, and the Chair of the State Board of  
6 Health to also serve on the Partnership. A member of the  
7 Governors' staff shall participate in the Partnership and  
8 serve as a liaison to the Governors' office.

9 The Director of ~~the Illinois Department of~~ Public  
10 Health shall appoint a minimum of 15 other members of the  
11 SHA and SHIP Partnership representing a Planning Team that  
12 ~~includes~~ a range of public, private, and voluntary sector  
13 stakeholders and participants in the public health system.  
14 For the first SHA and SHIP Partnership after the effective  
15 date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly,  
16 one-half of the members shall be appointed for a 3-year  
17 term, and one-half of the members shall be appointed for a  
18 5-year term. Subsequently, members shall be appointed to  
19 5-year terms. Should any member not be able to fulfill his  
20 or her term, the Director may appoint a replacement to  
21 complete that term. The Director, in consultation with the  
22 SHA and SHIP Partnership, may engage additional  
23 individuals and organizations to serve on subcommittees  
24 and ad hoc efforts to conduct the State Health Assessment  
25 and develop and implement the State Health Improvement  
26 Plan. Members of the SHA and SHIP Partnership shall receive

1        no compensation for serving as members, but may be  
2        reimbursed for their necessary expenses if departmental  
3        resources allow.

4        The SHA and SHIP Partnership ~~This Team~~ shall include:  
5        ~~the directors of State agencies with public health~~  
6        ~~responsibilities (or their designees), including but not~~  
7        ~~limited to the Illinois Departments of Public Health and~~  
8        ~~Department of Human Services,~~ representatives of local  
9        ~~health departments, representatives of local community~~  
10       ~~health partnerships,~~ and individuals with expertise who  
11       represent an array of organizations and constituencies  
12       engaged in public health improvement and prevention, such  
13       as non-profit public interest groups, groups serving  
14       populations that experience health disparities and health  
15       inequities, groups addressing social determinants of  
16       health, health issue groups, faith community groups,  
17       health care providers, businesses and employers, academic  
18       institutions, and community-based organizations.

19       The Director shall endeavor to make the membership of  
20       the Partnership diverse and inclusive of the racial,  
21       ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity  
22       of the State. The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall be chaired  
23       by the Director of Public Health or his or her designee.

24       The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall develop and  
25       implement a community engagement process that facilitates  
26       input into the development of the State Health Assessment

1       and State Health Improvement Plan. This engagement process  
2       shall ensure that individuals with lived experience in the  
3       issues addressed in the State Health Assessment and State  
4       Health Improvement Plan are meaningfully engaged in the  
5       development and implementation of the State Health  
6       Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan.

7           The State Board of Health shall hold at least 3 public  
8       hearings addressing a draft of the State Health Improvement  
9       Plan ~~drafts of the Plan~~ in representative geographic areas  
10      of the State. ~~Members of the Planning Team shall receive no~~  
11      ~~compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for~~  
12      ~~their necessary expenses.~~

13           ~~Upon the delivery of each State Health Improvement~~  
14      ~~Plan, the Governor shall appoint a SHIP Implementation~~  
15      ~~Coordination Council that includes a range of public,~~  
16      ~~private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and~~  
17      ~~participants in the public health system. The Council shall~~  
18      ~~include the directors of State agencies and entities with~~  
19      ~~public health system responsibilities (or their~~  
20      ~~designees), including but not limited to the Department of~~  
21      ~~Public Health, Department of Human Services, Department of~~  
22      ~~Healthcare and Family Services, Environmental Protection~~  
23      ~~Agency, Illinois State Board of Education, Department on~~  
24      ~~Aging, Illinois Violence Prevention Authority, Department~~  
25      ~~of Agriculture, Department of Insurance, Department of~~  
26      ~~Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of~~

1 ~~Transportation, and Department of Commerce and Economic~~  
2 ~~Opportunity and the Chair of the State Board of Health. The~~  
3 ~~Council shall include representatives of local health~~  
4 ~~departments and individuals with expertise who represent~~  
5 ~~an array of organizations and constituencies engaged in~~  
6 ~~public health improvement and prevention, including~~  
7 ~~non profit public interest groups, health issue groups,~~  
8 ~~faith community groups, health care providers, businesses~~  
9 ~~and employers, academic institutions, and community-based~~  
10 ~~organizations. The Governor shall endeavor to make the~~  
11 ~~membership of the Council representative of the racial,~~  
12 ~~ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity~~  
13 ~~of the State. The Governor shall designate one State agency~~  
14 ~~representative and one other non governmental member as~~  
15 ~~co chairs of the Council. The Governor shall designate a~~  
16 ~~member of the Governor's office to serve as liaison to the~~  
17 ~~Council and one or more State agencies to provide or~~  
18 ~~arrange for support to the Council. The members of the SHIP~~  
19 ~~Implementation Coordination Council for each State Health~~  
20 ~~Improvement Plan shall serve until the delivery of the~~  
21 ~~subsequent State Health Improvement Plan, whereupon a new~~  
22 ~~Council shall be appointed. Members of the SHIP Planning~~  
23 ~~Team may serve on the SHIP Implementation Coordination~~  
24 ~~Council if so appointed by the Governor.~~

25 Upon the delivery of each State Health Assessment and  
26 State Health Improvement Plan, the SHA and SHIP Partnership

1 ~~The SHIP Implementation Coordination Council~~ shall  
2 coordinate the efforts and engagement of the public,  
3 private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and  
4 participants in the public health system to implement each  
5 SHIP. The Partnership Council shall serve as a forum for  
6 collaborative action; coordinate existing and new  
7 initiatives; develop detailed implementation steps, with  
8 mechanisms for action; implement specific projects;  
9 identify public and private funding sources at the local,  
10 State and federal level; promote public awareness of the  
11 SHIP; and advocate for the implementation of the SHIP. The  
12 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall implement strategies to  
13 ensure that individuals and communities affected by health  
14 disparities and health inequities are engaged in the  
15 process throughout the 5-year cycle. The SHA and SHIP  
16 Partnership shall regularly evaluate and update the State  
17 Health Assessment and track implementation of the State  
18 Health Improvement Plan with revisions as necessary. The  
19 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall not have the authority to  
20 direct any public or private entity to take specific action  
21 to implement the SHIP. ; and develop an annual report to  
22 the Governor, General Assembly, and public regarding the  
23 status of implementation of the SHIP. The Council shall  
24 not, however, have the authority to direct any public or  
25 private entity to take specific action to implement the  
26 SHIP.

1           The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall regularly evaluate  
2           and update the State Health Assessment and track  
3           implementation of the State Health Improvement Plan with  
4           revisions as necessary. The State Board of Health shall  
5           submit a report by January 31 of each year on the status of  
6           State Health Improvement Plan implementation and community  
7           engagement activities to the Governor, General Assembly,  
8           and public. In the fifth year, the report may be  
9           consolidated into the new State Health Assessment and State  
10           Health Improvement Plan.

11           (11) Upon the request of the Governor, to recommend to  
12           the Governor candidates for Director of Public Health when  
13           vacancies occur in the position.

14           (12) To adopt bylaws for the conduct of its own  
15           business, including the authority to establish ad hoc  
16           committees to address specific public health programs  
17           requiring resolution.

18           (13) (Blank).

19           Upon appointment, the Board shall elect a chairperson from  
20           among its members.

21           Members of the Board shall receive compensation for their  
22           services at the rate of \$150 per day, not to exceed \$10,000 per  
23           year, as designated by the Director for each day required for  
24           transacting the business of the Board and shall be reimbursed  
25           for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their  
26           duties. The Board shall meet from time to time at the call of

1 the Department, at the call of the chairperson, or upon the  
2 request of 3 of its members, but shall not meet less than 4  
3 times per year.

4 (b) (Blank).

5 (c) An Advisory Board on Necropsy Service to Coroners,  
6 which shall counsel and advise with the Director on the  
7 administration of the Autopsy Act. The Advisory Board shall  
8 consist of 11 members, including a senior citizen age 60 or  
9 over, appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be  
10 designated as chairman by a majority of the members of the  
11 Board. In the appointment of the first Board the Governor shall  
12 appoint 3 members to serve for terms of 1 year, 3 for terms of 2  
13 years, and 3 for terms of 3 years. The members first appointed  
14 under Public Act 83-1538 shall serve for a term of 3 years. All  
15 members appointed thereafter shall be appointed for terms of 3  
16 years, except that when an appointment is made to fill a  
17 vacancy, the appointment shall be for the remaining term of the  
18 position vacant. The members of the Board shall be citizens of  
19 the State of Illinois. In the appointment of members of the  
20 Advisory Board the Governor shall appoint 3 members who shall  
21 be persons licensed to practice medicine and surgery in the  
22 State of Illinois, at least 2 of whom shall have received  
23 post-graduate training in the field of pathology; 3 members who  
24 are duly elected coroners in this State; and 5 members who  
25 shall have interest and abilities in the field of forensic  
26 medicine but who shall be neither persons licensed to practice

1 any branch of medicine in this State nor coroners. In the  
2 appointment of medical and coroner members of the Board, the  
3 Governor shall invite nominations from recognized medical and  
4 coroners organizations in this State respectively. Board  
5 members, while serving on business of the Board, shall receive  
6 actual necessary travel and subsistence expenses while so  
7 serving away from their places of residence.

8 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 99-527, eff. 1-1-17;  
9 revised 7-17-19.)

10 Article 125.

11 Section 125-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
12 the Health and Human Services Task Force and Study Act.  
13 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

14 Section 125-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

15 (1) The State is committed to improving the health and  
16 well-being of Illinois residents and families.

17 (2) According to data collected by the Kaiser  
18 Foundation, Illinois had over 905,000 uninsured residents  
19 in 2019, with a total uninsured rate of 7.3%.

20 (3) Many Illinois residents and families who have  
21 health insurance cannot afford to use it due to high  
22 deductibles and cost sharing.

23 (4) Lack of access to affordable health care services



1 disproportionately affects minority communities throughout  
2 the State, leading to poorer health outcomes among those  
3 populations.

4 (5) Illinois Medicaid beneficiaries are not receiving  
5 the coordinated and effective care they need to support  
6 their overall health and well-being.

7 (6) Illinois has an opportunity to improve the health  
8 and well-being of a historically underserved and  
9 vulnerable population by providing more coordinated and  
10 higher quality care to its Medicaid beneficiaries.

11 (7) The State of Illinois has a responsibility to help  
12 crime victims access justice, assistance, and the support  
13 they need to heal.

14 (8) Research has shown that people who are repeatedly  
15 victimized are more likely to face mental health problems  
16 such as depression, anxiety, and symptoms related to  
17 post-traumatic stress disorder and chronic trauma.

18 (9) Trauma-informed care has been promoted and  
19 established in communities across the country on a  
20 bipartisan basis, and numerous federal agencies have  
21 integrated trauma-informed approaches into their programs  
22 and grants, which should be leveraged by the State of  
23 Illinois.

24 (10) Infants, children, and youth and their families  
25 who have experienced or are at risk of experiencing trauma,  
26 including those who are low-income, homeless, involved

1 with the child welfare system, involved in the juvenile or  
2 adult justice system, unemployed, or not enrolled in or at  
3 risk of dropping out of an educational institution and live  
4 in a community that has faced acute or long-term exposure  
5 to substantial discrimination, historical oppression,  
6 intergenerational poverty, a high rate of violence or drug  
7 overdose deaths, should have an opportunity for improved  
8 outcomes; this means increasing access to greater  
9 opportunities to meet educational, employment, health,  
10 developmental, community reentry, permanency from foster  
11 care, or other key goals.

12 Section 125-10. Health and Human Services Task Force. The  
13 Health and Human Services Task Force is created within the  
14 Department of Human Services to undertake a systematic review  
15 of health and human service departments and programs with the  
16 goal of improving health and human service outcomes for  
17 Illinois residents.

18 Section 125-15. Study.

19 (1) The Task Force shall review all health and human  
20 service departments and programs and make recommendations for  
21 achieving a system that will improve interagency  
22 interoperability with respect to improving access to  
23 healthcare, healthcare disparities, workforce competency and  
24 diversity, social determinants of health, and data sharing and

1 collection. These recommendations shall include, but are not  
2 limited to, the following elements:

3 (i) impact on infant and maternal mortality;

4 (ii) impact of hospital closures, including safety-net  
5 hospitals, on local communities; and

6 (iii) impact on Medicaid Managed Care Organizations.

7 (2) The Task Force shall review and make recommendations on  
8 ways the Medicaid program can partner and cooperate with other  
9 agencies, including but not limited to the Department of  
10 Agriculture, the Department of Insurance, the Department of  
11 Human Services, the Department of Labor, the Environmental  
12 Protection Agency, and the Department of Public Health, to  
13 better address social determinants of public health,  
14 including, but not limited to, food deserts, affordable  
15 housing, environmental pollutions, employment, education, and  
16 public support services. This shall include a review and  
17 recommendations on ways Medicaid and the agencies can share  
18 costs related to better health outcomes.

19 (3) The Task Force shall review the current partnership,  
20 communication, and cooperation between Federally Qualified  
21 Health Centers (FQHCs) and safety-net hospitals in Illinois and  
22 make recommendations on public policies that will improve  
23 interoperability and cooperations between these entities in  
24 order to achieve improved coordinated care and better health  
25 outcomes for vulnerable populations in the State.

26 (4) The Task Force shall review and examine public policies

1 affecting trauma and social determinants of health, including  
2 trauma-informed care, and make recommendations on ways to  
3 improve and integrate trauma-informed approaches into programs  
4 and agencies in the State, including, but not limited to,  
5 Medicaid and other health care programs administered by the  
6 State, and increase awareness of trauma and its effects on  
7 communities across Illinois.

8 (5) The Task Force shall review and examine the connection  
9 between access to education and health outcomes particularly in  
10 African American and minority communities and make  
11 recommendations on public policies to address any gaps or  
12 deficiencies.

13 Section 125-20. Membership; appointments; meetings;  
14 support.

15 (1) The Task Force shall include representation from both  
16 public and private organizations, and its membership shall  
17 reflect regional, racial, and cultural diversity to ensure  
18 representation of the needs of all Illinois citizens. Task  
19 Force members shall include one member appointed by the  
20 President of the Senate, one member appointed by the Minority  
21 Leader of the Senate, one member appointed by the Speaker of  
22 the House of Representatives, one member appointed by the  
23 Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and other  
24 members appointed by the Governor. The Governor's appointments  
25 shall include, without limitation, the following:

1 (A) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
2 President, who shall serve as Co-Chair;

3 (B) One member of the House of Representatives,  
4 appointed by the Speaker of the House, who shall serve as  
5 Co-Chair;

6 (C) Eight members of the General Assembly representing  
7 each of the majority and minority caucuses of each chamber.

8 (D) The Directors or Secretaries of the following State  
9 agencies or their designees:

10 (i) Department of Human Services.

11 (ii) Department of Children and Family Services.

12 (iii) Department of Healthcare and Family  
13 Services.

14 (iv) State Board of Education.

15 (v) Department on Aging.

16 (vi) Department of Public Health.

17 (vii) Department of Veterans' Affairs.

18 (viii) Department of Insurance.

19 (E) Local government stakeholders and nongovernmental  
20 stakeholders with an interest in human services, including  
21 representation among the following private-sector fields  
22 and constituencies:

23 (i) Early childhood education and development.

24 (ii) Child care.

25 (iii) Child welfare.

26 (iv) Youth services.

- 1 (v) Developmental disabilities.
- 2 (vi) Mental health.
- 3 (vii) Employment and training.
- 4 (viii) Sexual and domestic violence.
- 5 (ix) Alcohol and substance abuse.
- 6 (x) Local community collaborations among human  
7 services programs.
- 8 (xi) Immigrant services.
- 9 (xii) Affordable housing.
- 10 (xiii) Food and nutrition.
- 11 (xiv) Homelessness.
- 12 (xv) Older adults.
- 13 (xvi) Physical disabilities.
- 14 (xvii) Maternal and child health.
- 15 (xviii) Medicaid managed care organizations.
- 16 (xix) Healthcare delivery.
- 17 (xx) Health insurance.

18 (2) Members shall serve without compensation for the  
19 duration of the Task Force.

20 (3) In the event of a vacancy, the appointment to fill the  
21 vacancy shall be made in the same manner as the original  
22 appointment.

23 (4) The Task Force shall convene within 60 days after the  
24 effective date of this Act. The initial meeting of the Task  
25 Force shall be convened by the co-chair selected by the  
26 Governor. Subsequent meetings shall convene at the call of the

1 co-chairs. The Task Force shall meet on a quarterly basis, or  
2 more often if necessary.

3 (5) The Department of Human Services shall provide  
4 administrative support to the Task Force.

5 Section 125-25. Report. The Task Force shall report to the  
6 Governor and the General Assembly on the Task Force's progress  
7 toward its goals and objectives by June 30, 2021, and every  
8 June 30 thereafter.

9 Section 125-30. Transparency. In addition to whatever  
10 policies or procedures it may adopt, all operations of the Task  
11 Force shall be subject to the provisions of the Freedom of  
12 Information Act and the Open Meetings Act. This Section shall  
13 not be construed so as to preclude other State laws from  
14 applying to the Task Force and its activities.

15 Section 125-40. Repeal. This Article is repealed June 30,  
16 2023.

17 Article 130.

18 Section 130-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
19 the Anti-Racism Commission Act. References in this Article to  
20 "this Act" mean this Article.

1 Section 130-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds and  
2 declares all of the following:

3 (1) Public health is the science and art of preventing  
4 disease, of protecting and improving the health of people,  
5 entire populations, and their communities; this work is  
6 achieved by promoting healthy lifestyles and choices,  
7 researching disease, and preventing injury.

8 (2) Public health professionals try to prevent  
9 problems from happening or recurring through implementing  
10 educational programs, recommending policies, administering  
11 services, and limiting health disparities through the  
12 promotion of equitable and accessible healthcare.

13 (3) According to the Centers for Disease Control and  
14 Prevention, racism and segregation in the State of Illinois  
15 have exacerbated a health divide, resulting in Black  
16 residents having lower life expectancies than white  
17 citizens of this State and being far more likely than other  
18 races to die prematurely (before the age of 75) and to die  
19 of heart disease or stroke; Black residents of Illinois  
20 have a higher level of infant mortality, lower birth weight  
21 babies, and are more likely to be overweight or obese as  
22 adults, have adult diabetes, and have long-term  
23 complications from diabetes that exacerbate other  
24 conditions, including the susceptibility to COVID-19.

25 (4) Black and Brown people are more likely to  
26 experience poor health outcomes as a consequence of their



1 social determinants of health, health inequities stemming  
2 from economic instability, education, physical  
3 environment, food, and access to health care systems.

4 (5) Black residents in Illinois are more likely than  
5 white residents to experience violence-related trauma as a  
6 result of socioeconomic conditions resulting from systemic  
7 racism.

8 (6) Racism is a social system with multiple dimensions  
9 in which individual racism is internalized or  
10 interpersonal and systemic racism is institutional or  
11 structural and is a system of structuring opportunity and  
12 assigning value based on the social interpretation of how  
13 one looks; this unfairly disadvantages specific  
14 individuals and communities, while unfairly giving  
15 advantages to other individuals and communities; it saps  
16 the strength of the whole society through the waste of  
17 human resources.

18 (7) Racism causes persistent racial discrimination  
19 that influences many areas of life, including housing,  
20 education, employment, and criminal justice; an emerging  
21 body of research demonstrates that racism itself is a  
22 social determinant of health.

23 (8) More than 100 studies have linked racism to worse  
24 health outcomes.

25 (9) The American Public Health Association launched a  
26 National Campaign against Racism.

1           (10) Public health's responsibilities to address  
2 racism include reshaping our discourse and agenda so that  
3 we all actively engage in racial justice work.

4           Section 130-10. Anti-Racism Commission.

5           (a) The Anti-Racism Commission is hereby created to  
6 identify and propose statewide policies to eliminate systemic  
7 racism and advance equitable solutions for Black and Brown  
8 people in Illinois.

9           (b) The Anti-Racism Commission shall consist of the  
10 following members, who shall serve without compensation:

11           (1) one member of the House of Representatives,  
12 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,  
13 who shall serve as co-chair;

14           (2) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
15 President, who shall serve as co-chair;

16           (3) one member of the House of Representatives,  
17 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of  
18 Representatives;

19           (4) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Minority  
20 Leader of the Senate;

21           (5) the Director of Public Health, or his or her  
22 designee;

23           (6) the Chair of the House Black Caucus;

24           (7) the Chair of the Senate Black Caucus;

25           (8) the Chair of the Joint Legislative Black Caucus;

1           (9) the director of a statewide association  
2 representing public health departments, appointed by the  
3 Speaker of the House of Representatives;

4           (10) the Chair of the House Latino Caucus;

5           (11) the Chair of the Senate Latino Caucus;

6           (12) one community member appointed by the House Black  
7 Caucus Chair;

8           (13) one community member appointed by the Senate Black  
9 Caucus Chair;

10          (14) one community member appointed by the House Latino  
11 Caucus Chair; and

12          (15) one community member appointed by the Senate  
13 Latino Caucus Chair.

14          (c) The Department of Public Health shall provide  
15 administrative support for the Commission.

16          (d) The Commission is charged with, but not limited to, the  
17 following tasks:

18           (1) Working to create an equity and justice-oriented  
19 State government.

20           (2) Assessing the policy and procedures of all State  
21 agencies to ensure racial equity is a core element of State  
22 government.

23           (3) Developing and incorporating into the  
24 organizational structure of State government a plan for  
25 educational efforts to understand, address, and dismantle  
26 systemic racism in government actions.

1           (4) Recommending and advocating for policies that  
2 improve health in Black and Brown people and support local,  
3 State, regional, and federal initiatives that advance  
4 efforts to dismantle systemic racism.

5           (5) Working to build alliances and partnerships with  
6 organizations that are confronting racism and encouraging  
7 other local, State, regional, and national entities to  
8 recognize racism as a public health crisis.

9           (6) Promoting community engagement, actively engaging  
10 citizens on issues of racism and assisting in providing  
11 tools to engage actively and authentically with Black and  
12 Brown people.

13           (7) Reviewing all portions of codified State laws  
14 through the lens of racial equity.

15           (8) Working with the Department of Central Management  
16 Services to update policies that encourage diversity in  
17 human resources, including hiring, board appointments, and  
18 vendor selection by agencies, and to review all grant  
19 management activities with an eye toward equity and  
20 workforce development.

21           (9) Recommending policies that promote racially  
22 equitable economic and workforce development practices.

23           (10) Promoting and supporting all policies that  
24 prioritize the health of all people, especially people of  
25 color, by mitigating exposure to adverse childhood  
26 experiences and trauma in childhood and ensuring

1 implementation of health and equity in all policies.

2 (11) Encouraging community partners and stakeholders  
3 in the education, employment, housing, criminal justice,  
4 and safety arenas to recognize racism as a public health  
5 crisis and to implement policy recommendations.

6 (12) Identifying clear goals and objectives, including  
7 specific benchmarks, to assess progress.

8 (13) Holding public hearings across Illinois to  
9 continue to explore and to recommend needed action by the  
10 General Assembly.

11 (14) Working with the Governor and the General Assembly  
12 to identify the necessary funds to support the Anti-Racism  
13 Commission and its endeavors.

14 (15) Identifying resources to allocate to Black and  
15 Brown communities on an annual basis.

16 (16) Encouraging corporate investment in anti-racism  
17 policies in Black and Brown communities.

18 (e) The Commission shall submit its final report to the  
19 Governor and the General Assembly no later than December 31,  
20 2021. The Commission is dissolved upon the filing of its  
21 report.

22 Section 130-15. Repeal. This Article is repealed on January  
23 1, 2023.

1           Section 131-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
2 the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program Act.  
3 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

4           Section 131-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

5           "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

6           "Program" means the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and  
7 Treatment Program.

8           Section 131-10. Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and  
9 Treatment Program. The Department shall establish a grant  
10 program for the purpose of providing for the prevention, care,  
11 and treatment of sickle cell disease and for educational  
12 programs concerning the disease.

13           Section 131-15. Grants; eligibility standards.

14           (a) The Department shall do the following:

15                 (1) (A) Develop application criteria and standards of  
16 eligibility for groups or organizations who apply for funds  
17 under the program.

18                 (B) Make available grants to groups and organizations  
19 who meet the eligibility standards set by the Department.

20           However:

21                 (i) the highest priority for grants shall be  
22 accorded to established sickle cell disease

1 community-based organizations throughout Illinois; and

2 (ii) priority shall also be given to ensuring the  
3 establishment of sickle cell disease centers in  
4 underserved areas that have a higher population of  
5 sickle cell disease patients.

6 (2) Determine the maximum amount available for each  
7 grant provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).

8 (3) Determine policies for the expiration and renewal  
9 of grants provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).

10 (4) Require that all grant funds be used for the  
11 purpose of prevention, care, and treatment of sickle cell  
12 disease or for educational programs concerning the  
13 disease. Grant funds shall be used for one or more of the  
14 following purposes:

15 (A) Assisting in the development and expansion of  
16 care for the treatment of individuals with sickle cell  
17 disease, particularly for adults, including the  
18 following types of care:

19 (i) Self-administered care.

20 (ii) Preventive care.

21 (iii) Home care.

22 (iv) Other evidence-based medical procedures  
23 and techniques designed to provide maximum control  
24 over sickling episodes typical of occurring to an  
25 individual with the disease.

26 (B) Increasing access to health care for

1 individuals with sickle cell disease.

2 (C) Establishing additional sickle cell disease  
3 infusion centers.

4 (D) Increasing access to mental health resources  
5 and pain management therapies for individuals with  
6 sickle cell disease.

7 (E) Providing counseling to any individual, at no  
8 cost, concerning sickle cell disease and sickle cell  
9 trait, and the characteristics, symptoms, and  
10 treatment of the disease.

11 (i) The counseling described in this  
12 subparagraph (E) may consist of any of the  
13 following:

14 (I) Genetic counseling for an individual  
15 who tests positive for the sickle cell trait.

16 (II) Psychosocial counseling for an  
17 individual who tests positive for sickle cell  
18 disease, including any of the following:

19 (aa) Social service counseling.

20 (bb) Psychological counseling.

21 (cc) Psychiatric counseling.

22 (5) Develop a sickle cell disease educational outreach  
23 program that includes the dissemination of educational  
24 materials to the following concerning sickle cell disease  
25 and sickle cell trait:

26 (A) Medical residents.



1 (B) Immigrants.

2 (C) Schools and universities.

3 (6) Adopt any rules necessary to implement the  
4 provisions of this Act.

5 (b) The Department may contract with an entity to implement  
6 the sickle cell disease educational outreach program described  
7 in paragraph (5) of subsection (a).

8 Section 131-20. Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

9 (a) The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund is created as a  
10 special fund in the State treasury for the purpose of carrying  
11 out the provisions of this Act and for no other purpose. The  
12 Fund shall be administered by the Department.

13 (b) The Fund shall consist of:

14 (1) Any moneys appropriated to the Department for the  
15 Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program.

16 (2) Gifts, bequests, and other sources of funding.

17 (3) All interest earned on moneys in the Fund.

18 Section 131-25. Study.

19 (a) Before July 1, 2022, and on a biennial basis  
20 thereafter, the Department, with the assistance of:

21 (1) the Center for Minority Health Services;

22 (2) health care providers that treat individuals with  
23 sickle cell disease;

24 (3) individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease;

1 (4) representatives of community-based organizations  
2 that serve individuals with sickle cell disease; and

3 (5) data collected via newborn screening for sickle  
4 cell disease;

5 shall perform a study to determine the prevalence, impact, and  
6 needs of individuals with sickle cell disease and the sickle  
7 cell trait in Illinois.

8 (b) The study must include the following:

9 (1) The prevalence, by geographic location, of  
10 individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease in  
11 Illinois.

12 (2) The prevalence, by geographic location, of  
13 individuals diagnosed as sickle cell trait carriers in  
14 Illinois.

15 (3) The availability and affordability of screening  
16 services in Illinois for the sickle cell trait.

17 (4) The location and capacity of the following for the  
18 treatment of sickle cell disease and sickle cell trait  
19 carriers:

20 (A) Treatment centers.

21 (B) Clinics.

22 (C) Community-based social service organizations.

23 (D) Medical specialists.

24 (5) The unmet medical, psychological, and social needs  
25 encountered by individuals in Illinois with sickle cell  
26 disease.



1 membership; appointment; term; compensation; quorum.

2 (a) There is created the Health Facilities and Services  
3 Review Board, which shall perform the functions described in  
4 this Act. The Department shall provide operational support to  
5 the Board as necessary, including the provision of office  
6 space, supplies, and clerical, financial, and accounting  
7 services. The Board may contract for functions or operational  
8 support as needed. The Board may also contract with experts  
9 related to specific health services or facilities and create  
10 technical advisory panels to assist in the development of  
11 criteria, standards, and procedures used in the evaluation of  
12 applications for permit and exemption.

13 (b) The State Board shall consist of 11 ~~9~~ voting members.  
14 All members shall be residents of Illinois and at least 4 shall  
15 reside outside the Chicago Metropolitan Statistical Area.  
16 Consideration shall be given to potential appointees who  
17 reflect the ethnic and cultural diversity of the State. Neither  
18 Board members nor Board staff shall be convicted felons or have  
19 pled guilty to a felony.

20 Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the  
21 practice, procedures and principles of the health care delivery  
22 system in Illinois, including at least 5 members who shall be  
23 knowledgeable about health care delivery systems, health  
24 systems planning, finance, or the management of health care  
25 facilities currently regulated under the Act. One member shall  
26 be a representative of a non-profit health care consumer

1 advocacy organization. One member shall be a representative  
2 from the community with experience on the effects of  
3 discontinuing health care services or the closure of health  
4 care facilities on the surrounding community; provided,  
5 however, that all other members of the Board shall be appointed  
6 before this member shall be appointed. A spouse, parent,  
7 sibling, or child of a Board member cannot be an employee,  
8 agent, or under contract with services or facilities subject to  
9 the Act. Prior to appointment and in the course of service on  
10 the Board, members of the Board shall disclose the employment  
11 or other financial interest of any other relative of the  
12 member, if known, in service or facilities subject to the Act.  
13 Members of the Board shall declare any conflict of interest  
14 that may exist with respect to the status of those relatives  
15 and recuse themselves from voting on any issue for which a  
16 conflict of interest is declared. No person shall be appointed  
17 or continue to serve as a member of the State Board who is, or  
18 whose spouse, parent, sibling, or child is, a member of the  
19 Board of Directors of, has a financial interest in, or has a  
20 business relationship with a health care facility.

21 Notwithstanding any provision of this Section to the  
22 contrary, the term of office of each member of the State Board  
23 serving on the day before the effective date of this amendatory  
24 Act of the 96th General Assembly is abolished on the date upon  
25 which members of the ~~9-member~~ Board, as established by this  
26 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, have been

1 appointed and can begin to take action as a Board.

2 (c) The State Board shall be appointed by the Governor,  
3 with the advice and consent of the Senate. Not more than 6 ~~5~~ of  
4 the appointments shall be of the same political party at the  
5 time of the appointment.

6 The Secretary of Human Services, the Director of Healthcare  
7 and Family Services, and the Director of Public Health, or  
8 their designated representatives, shall serve as ex-officio,  
9 non-voting members of the State Board.

10 (d) Of those ~~9~~ members initially appointed by the Governor  
11 following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th  
12 General Assembly, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1,  
13 2011, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2012, and 3  
14 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2013. Thereafter, each  
15 appointed member shall hold office for a term of 3 years,  
16 provided that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring  
17 prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her  
18 predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder  
19 of such term and the term of office of each successor shall  
20 commence on July 1 of the year in which his predecessor's term  
21 expires. Each member shall hold office until his or her  
22 successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor may  
23 reappoint a member for additional terms, but no member shall  
24 serve more than 3 terms, subject to review and re-approval  
25 every 3 years.

26 (e) State Board members, while serving on business of the

1 State Board, shall receive actual and necessary travel and  
2 subsistence expenses while so serving away from their places of  
3 residence. Until March 1, 2010, a member of the State Board who  
4 experiences a significant financial hardship due to the loss of  
5 income on days of attendance at meetings or while otherwise  
6 engaged in the business of the State Board may be paid a  
7 hardship allowance, as determined by and subject to the  
8 approval of the Governor's Travel Control Board.

9 (f) The Governor shall designate one of the members to  
10 serve as the Chairman of the Board, who shall be a person with  
11 expertise in health care delivery system planning, finance or  
12 management of health care facilities that are regulated under  
13 the Act. The Chairman shall annually review Board member  
14 performance and shall report the attendance record of each  
15 Board member to the General Assembly.

16 (g) The State Board, through the Chairman, shall prepare a  
17 separate and distinct budget approved by the General Assembly  
18 and shall hire and supervise its own professional staff  
19 responsible for carrying out the responsibilities of the Board.

20 (h) The State Board shall meet at least every 45 days, or  
21 as often as the Chairman of the State Board deems necessary, or  
22 upon the request of a majority of the members.

23 (i) Six ~~Five~~ members of the State Board shall constitute a  
24 quorum. The affirmative vote of 6 ~~5~~ of the members of the State  
25 Board shall be necessary for any action requiring a vote to be  
26 taken by the State Board. A vacancy in the membership of the

1 State Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise  
2 all the rights and perform all the duties of the State Board as  
3 provided by this Act.

4 (j) A State Board member shall disqualify himself or  
5 herself from the consideration of any application for a permit  
6 or exemption in which the State Board member or the State Board  
7 member's spouse, parent, sibling, or child: (i) has an economic  
8 interest in the matter; or (ii) is employed by, serves as a  
9 consultant for, or is a member of the governing board of the  
10 applicant or a party opposing the application.

11 (k) The Chairman, Board members, and Board staff must  
12 comply with the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

13 (Source: P.A. 99-527, eff. 1-1-17; 100-681, eff. 8-3-18.)

14 (20 ILCS 3960/5.4)

15 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

16 Sec. 5.4. Safety Net Impact Statement.

17 (a) General review criteria shall include a requirement  
18 that all health care facilities, with the exception of skilled  
19 and intermediate long-term care facilities licensed under the  
20 Nursing Home Care Act, provide a Safety Net Impact Statement,  
21 which shall be filed with an application for a substantive  
22 project or when the application proposes to discontinue a  
23 category of service.

24 (b) For the purposes of this Section, "safety net services"  
25 are services provided by health care providers or organizations



1 that deliver health care services to persons with barriers to  
2 mainstream health care due to lack of insurance, inability to  
3 pay, special needs, ethnic or cultural characteristics, or  
4 geographic isolation. Safety net service providers include,  
5 but are not limited to, hospitals and private practice  
6 physicians that provide charity care, school-based health  
7 centers, migrant health clinics, rural health clinics,  
8 federally qualified health centers, community health centers,  
9 public health departments, and community mental health  
10 centers.

11 (c) As developed by the applicant, a Safety Net Impact  
12 Statement shall describe all of the following:

13 (1) The project's material impact, if any, on essential  
14 safety net services in the community, including the impact  
15 on racial and health care disparities in the community, to  
16 the extent that it is feasible for an applicant to have  
17 such knowledge.

18 (2) The project's impact on the ability of another  
19 provider or health care system to cross-subsidize safety  
20 net services, if reasonably known to the applicant.

21 (3) How the discontinuation of a facility or service  
22 might impact the remaining safety net providers in a given  
23 community, if reasonably known by the applicant.

24 (d) Safety Net Impact Statements shall also include all of  
25 the following:

26 (1) For the 3 fiscal years prior to the application, a

1 certification describing the amount of charity care  
2 provided by the applicant. The amount calculated by  
3 hospital applicants shall be in accordance with the  
4 reporting requirements for charity care reporting in the  
5 Illinois Community Benefits Act. Non-hospital applicants  
6 shall report charity care, at cost, in accordance with an  
7 appropriate methodology specified by the Board.

8 (2) For the 3 fiscal years prior to the application, a  
9 certification of the amount of care provided to Medicaid  
10 patients. Hospital and non-hospital applicants shall  
11 provide Medicaid information in a manner consistent with  
12 the information reported each year to the State Board  
13 regarding "Inpatients and Outpatients Served by Payor  
14 Source" and "Inpatient and Outpatient Net Revenue by Payor  
15 Source" as required by the Board under Section 13 of this  
16 Act and published in the Annual Hospital Profile.

17 (3) Any information the applicant believes is directly  
18 relevant to safety net services, including information  
19 regarding teaching, research, and any other service.

20 (e) The Board staff shall publish a notice, that an  
21 application accompanied by a Safety Net Impact Statement has  
22 been filed, in a newspaper having general circulation within  
23 the area affected by the application. If no newspaper has a  
24 general circulation within the county, the Board shall post the  
25 notice in 5 conspicuous places within the proposed area.

26 (f) Any person, community organization, provider, or

1 health system or other entity wishing to comment upon or oppose  
2 the application may file a Safety Net Impact Statement Response  
3 with the Board, which shall provide additional information  
4 concerning a project's impact on safety net services in the  
5 community.

6 (g) Applicants shall be provided an opportunity to submit a  
7 reply to any Safety Net Impact Statement Response.

8 (h) The State Board Staff Report shall include a statement  
9 as to whether a Safety Net Impact Statement was filed by the  
10 applicant and whether it included information on charity care,  
11 the amount of care provided to Medicaid patients, and  
12 information on teaching, research, or any other service  
13 provided by the applicant directly relevant to safety net  
14 services. The report shall also indicate the names of the  
15 parties submitting responses and the number of responses and  
16 replies, if any, that were filed.

17 (Source: P.A. 100-518, eff. 6-1-18.)

18 (20 ILCS 3960/8.7)

19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

20 Sec. 8.7. Application for permit for discontinuation of a  
21 health care facility or category of service; public notice and  
22 public hearing.

23 (a) Upon a finding that an application to close a health  
24 care facility or discontinue a category of service is complete,  
25 the State Board shall publish a legal notice on 3 consecutive

1 days in a newspaper of general circulation in the area or  
2 community to be affected and afford the public an opportunity  
3 to request a hearing. If the application is for a facility  
4 located in a Metropolitan Statistical Area, an additional legal  
5 notice shall be published in a newspaper of limited  
6 circulation, if one exists, in the area in which the facility  
7 is located. If the newspaper of limited circulation is  
8 published on a daily basis, the additional legal notice shall  
9 be published on 3 consecutive days. The legal notice shall also  
10 be posted on the Health Facilities and Services Review Board's  
11 website and sent to the State Representative and State Senator  
12 of the district in which the health care facility is located.  
13 In addition, the health care facility shall provide notice of  
14 closure to the local media that the health care facility would  
15 routinely notify about facility events.

16 An application to close a health care facility shall only  
17 be deemed complete if it includes evidence that the health care  
18 facility provided written notice at least 30 days prior to  
19 filing the application of its intent to do so to the  
20 municipality in which it is located, the State Representative  
21 and State Senator of the district in which the health care  
22 facility is located, the State Board, the Director of Public  
23 Health, and the Director of Healthcare and Family Services. The  
24 changes made to this subsection by this amendatory Act of the  
25 101st General Assembly shall apply to all applications  
26 submitted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of

1 the 101st General Assembly.

2 (b) No later than 30 days after issuance of a permit to  
3 close a health care facility or discontinue a category of  
4 service, the permit holder shall give written notice of the  
5 closure or discontinuation to the State Senator and State  
6 Representative serving the legislative district in which the  
7 health care facility is located.

8 (c) (1) If there is a pending lawsuit that challenges an  
9 application to discontinue a health care facility that either  
10 names the Board as a party or alleges fraud in the filing of  
11 the application, the Board may defer action on the application  
12 for up to 6 months after the date of the initial deferral of  
13 the application.

14 (2) The Board may defer action on an application to  
15 discontinue a hospital that is pending before the Board as of  
16 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General  
17 Assembly for up to 60 days after the effective date of this  
18 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

19 (3) The Board may defer taking final action on an  
20 application to discontinue a hospital that is filed on or after  
21 January 12, 2021, until the earlier to occur of: (i) the  
22 expiration of the statewide disaster declaration proclaimed by  
23 the Governor of the State of Illinois due to the COVID-19  
24 pandemic that is in effect on January 12, 2021, or any  
25 extension thereof, or July 1, 2021, whichever occurs later; or  
26 (ii) the expiration of the declaration of a public health

1 emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic as declared by the  
2 Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  
3 that is in effect on January 12, 2021, or any extension  
4 thereof, or July 1, 2021, whichever occurs later. This  
5 paragraph (3) is repealed as of the date of the expiration of  
6 the statewide disaster declaration proclaimed by the Governor  
7 of the State of Illinois due to the COVID-19 pandemic that is  
8 in effect on January 12, 2021, or any extension thereof, or  
9 July 1, 2021, whichever occurs later.

10 (d) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act  
11 of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to all applications  
12 submitted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of  
13 the 101st General Assembly.

14 (Source: P.A. 101-83, eff. 7-15-19; 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

15 Title VIII. Managed Care Organization Reform

16 Article 150.

17 Section 150-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
18 changing Section 5-30.1 as follows:

19 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.1)

20 Sec. 5-30.1. Managed care protections.

21 (a) As used in this Section:

22 "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means any entity which

1 contracts with the Department to provide services where payment  
2 for medical services is made on a capitated basis.

3 "Emergency services" include:

4 (1) emergency services, as defined by Section 10 of the  
5 Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act;

6 (2) emergency medical screening examinations, as  
7 defined by Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and  
8 Patient Rights Act;

9 (3) post-stabilization medical services, as defined by  
10 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights  
11 Act; and

12 (4) emergency medical conditions, as defined by  
13 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights  
14 Act.

15 (b) As provided by Section 5-16.12, managed care  
16 organizations are subject to the provisions of the Managed Care  
17 Reform and Patient Rights Act.

18 (c) An MCO shall pay any provider of emergency services  
19 that does not have in effect a contract with the contracted  
20 Medicaid MCO. The default rate of reimbursement shall be the  
21 rate paid under Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program  
22 methodology, including all policy adjusters, including but not  
23 limited to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid  
24 Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments,  
25 and all outlier add-on adjustments to the extent such  
26 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the

1 applicable MCO capitated rates.

2 (d) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization services as  
3 a covered service in any of the following situations:

4 (1) the MCO authorized such services;

5 (2) such services were administered to maintain the  
6 enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a  
7 request to the MCO for authorization of further  
8 post-stabilization services;

9 (3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize  
10 such services within one hour;

11 (4) the MCO could not be contacted; or

12 (5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating  
13 provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an  
14 agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated  
15 provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case  
16 the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the treating  
17 non-affiliated provider until an affiliated provider was  
18 reached and either concurred with the treating  
19 non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed  
20 responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall  
21 be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under  
22 Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program methodology,  
23 including all policy adjusters, including but not limited  
24 to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage  
25 Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments and all  
26 outlier add-on adjustments to the extent that such



1 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the  
2 applicable MCO capitated rates.

3 (e) The following requirements apply to MCOs in determining  
4 payment for all emergency services:

5 (1) MCOs shall not impose any requirements for prior  
6 approval of emergency services.

7 (2) The MCO shall cover emergency services provided to  
8 enrollees who are temporarily away from their residence and  
9 outside the contracting area to the extent that the  
10 enrollees would be entitled to the emergency services if  
11 they still were within the contracting area.

12 (3) The MCO shall have no obligation to cover medical  
13 services provided on an emergency basis that are not  
14 covered services under the contract.

15 (4) The MCO shall not condition coverage for emergency  
16 services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the  
17 enrollee's screening and treatment within 10 days after  
18 presentation for emergency services.

19 (5) The determination of the attending emergency  
20 physician, or the provider actually treating the enrollee,  
21 of whether an enrollee is sufficiently stabilized for  
22 discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be binding  
23 on the MCO. The MCO shall cover emergency services for all  
24 enrollees whether the emergency services are provided by an  
25 affiliated or non-affiliated provider.

26 (6) The MCO's financial responsibility for

1 post-stabilization care services it has not pre-approved  
2 ends when:

3 (A) a plan physician with privileges at the  
4 treating hospital assumes responsibility for the  
5 enrollee's care;

6 (B) a plan physician assumes responsibility for  
7 the enrollee's care through transfer;

8 (C) a contracting entity representative and the  
9 treating physician reach an agreement concerning the  
10 enrollee's care; or

11 (D) the enrollee is discharged.

12 (f) Network adequacy and transparency.

13 (1) The Department shall:

14 (A) ensure that an adequate provider network is in  
15 place, taking into consideration health professional  
16 shortage areas and medically underserved areas;

17 (B) publicly release an explanation of its process  
18 for analyzing network adequacy;

19 (C) periodically ensure that an MCO continues to  
20 have an adequate network in place; ~~and~~

21 (D) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care  
22 Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet provider  
23 directory requirements under Section 5-30.3; and ~~-~~

24 (E) require MCOs to ensure that any  
25 Medicaid-certified provider under contract with an MCO  
26 and previously submitted on a roster on the date of

1           service is paid for any medically necessary,  
2           Medicaid-covered, and authorized service rendered to  
3           any of the MCO's enrollees, regardless of inclusion on  
4           the MCO's published and publicly available directory  
5           of available providers.

6           (2) Each MCO shall confirm its receipt of information  
7           submitted specific to physician or dentist additions or  
8           physician or dentist deletions from the MCO's provider  
9           network within 3 days after receiving all required  
10          information from contracted physicians or dentists, and  
11          electronic physician and dental directories must be  
12          updated consistent with current rules as published by the  
13          Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or its successor  
14          agency.

15          (g) Timely payment of claims.

16           (1) The MCO shall pay a claim within 30 days of  
17           receiving a claim that contains all the essential  
18           information needed to adjudicate the claim.

19           (2) The MCO shall notify the billing party of its  
20           inability to adjudicate a claim within 30 days of receiving  
21           that claim.

22           (3) The MCO shall pay a penalty that is at least equal  
23           to the timely payment interest penalty imposed under  
24           Section 368a of the Illinois Insurance Code for any claims  
25           not timely paid.

26           (A) When an MCO is required to pay a timely payment

1 interest penalty to a provider, the MCO must calculate  
2 and pay the timely payment interest penalty that is due  
3 to the provider within 30 days after the payment of the  
4 claim. In no event shall a provider be required to  
5 request or apply for payment of any owed timely payment  
6 interest penalties.

7 (B) Such payments shall be reported separately  
8 from the claim payment for services rendered to the  
9 MCO's enrollee and clearly identified as interest  
10 payments.

11 (4) (A) The Department shall require MCOs to expedite  
12 payments to providers identified on the Department's  
13 expedited provider list, determined in accordance with 89  
14 Ill. Adm. Code 140.71(b), on a schedule at least as  
15 frequently as the providers are paid under the Department's  
16 fee-for-service expedited provider schedule.

17 (B) Compliance with the expedited provider  
18 requirement may be satisfied by an MCO through the use  
19 of a Periodic Interim Payment (PIP) program that has  
20 been mutually agreed to and documented between the MCO  
21 and the provider, if ~~and~~ the PIP program ensures that  
22 any expedited provider receives regular and periodic  
23 payments based on prior period payment experience from  
24 that MCO. Total payments under the PIP program may be  
25 reconciled against future PIP payments on a schedule  
26 mutually agreed to between the MCO and the provider.

1 (C) The Department shall share at least monthly its  
2 expedited provider list and the frequency with which it  
3 pays providers on the expedited list.

4 (g-5) Recognizing that the rapid transformation of the  
5 Illinois Medicaid program may have unintended operational  
6 challenges for both payers and providers:

7 (1) in no instance shall a medically necessary covered  
8 service rendered in good faith, based upon eligibility  
9 information documented by the provider, be denied coverage  
10 or diminished in payment amount if the eligibility or  
11 coverage information available at the time the service was  
12 rendered is later found to be inaccurate in the assignment  
13 of coverage responsibility between MCOs or the  
14 fee-for-service system, except for instances when an  
15 individual is deemed to have not been eligible for coverage  
16 under the Illinois Medicaid program; and

17 (2) the Department shall, by December 31, 2016, adopt  
18 rules establishing policies that shall be included in the  
19 Medicaid managed care policy and procedures manual  
20 addressing payment resolutions in situations in which a  
21 provider renders services based upon information obtained  
22 after verifying a patient's eligibility and coverage plan  
23 through either the Department's current enrollment system  
24 or a system operated by the coverage plan identified by the  
25 patient presenting for services:

26 (A) such medically necessary covered services

1 shall be considered rendered in good faith;

2 (B) such policies and procedures shall be  
3 developed in consultation with industry  
4 representatives of the Medicaid managed care health  
5 plans and representatives of provider associations  
6 representing the majority of providers within the  
7 identified provider industry; and

8 (C) such rules shall be published for a review and  
9 comment period of no less than 30 days on the  
10 Department's website with final rules remaining  
11 available on the Department's website.

12 The rules on payment resolutions shall include, but not be  
13 limited to:

14 (A) the extension of the timely filing period;

15 (B) retroactive prior authorizations; and

16 (C) guaranteed minimum payment rate of no less than the  
17 current, as of the date of service, fee-for-service rate,  
18 plus all applicable add-ons, when the resulting service  
19 relationship is out of network.

20 The rules shall be applicable for both MCO coverage and  
21 fee-for-service coverage.

22 If the fee-for-service system is ultimately determined to  
23 have been responsible for coverage on the date of service, the  
24 Department shall provide for an extended period for claims  
25 submission outside the standard timely filing requirements.

26 (g-6) MCO Performance Metrics Report.

1           (1) The Department shall publish, on at least a  
2           quarterly basis, each MCO's operational performance,  
3           including, but not limited to, the following categories of  
4           metrics:

5                   (A) claims payment, including timeliness and  
6                   accuracy;

7                   (B) prior authorizations;

8                   (C) grievance and appeals;

9                   (D) utilization statistics;

10                  (E) provider disputes;

11                  (F) provider credentialing; and

12                  (G) member and provider customer service.

13           (2) The Department shall ensure that the metrics report  
14           is accessible to providers online by January 1, 2017.

15           (3) The metrics shall be developed in consultation with  
16           industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care  
17           health plans and representatives of associations  
18           representing the majority of providers within the  
19           identified industry.

20           (4) Metrics shall be defined and incorporated into the  
21           applicable Managed Care Policy Manual issued by the  
22           Department.

23           (g-7) MCO claims processing and performance analysis. In  
24           order to monitor MCO payments to hospital providers, pursuant  
25           to this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the  
26           Department shall post an analysis of MCO claims processing and

1 payment performance on its website every 6 months. Such  
2 analysis shall include a review and evaluation of a  
3 representative sample of hospital claims that are rejected and  
4 denied for clean and unclean claims and the top 5 reasons for  
5 such actions and timeliness of claims adjudication, which  
6 identifies the percentage of claims adjudicated within 30, 60,  
7 90, and over 90 days, and the dollar amounts associated with  
8 those claims. The Department shall post the contracted claims  
9 report required by HealthChoice Illinois on its website every 3  
10 months.

11 (g-8) Dispute resolution process. The Department shall  
12 maintain a provider complaint portal through which a provider  
13 can submit to the Department unresolved disputes with an MCO.  
14 An unresolved dispute means an MCO's decision that denies in  
15 whole or in part a claim for reimbursement to a provider for  
16 health care services rendered by the provider to an enrollee of  
17 the MCO with which the provider disagrees. Disputes shall not  
18 be submitted to the portal until the provider has availed  
19 itself of the MCO's internal dispute resolution process.  
20 Disputes that are submitted to the MCO internal dispute  
21 resolution process may be submitted to the Department of  
22 Healthcare and Family Services' complaint portal no sooner than  
23 30 days after submitting to the MCO's internal process and not  
24 later than 30 days after the unsatisfactory resolution of the  
25 internal MCO process or 60 days after submitting the dispute to  
26 the MCO internal process. Multiple claim disputes involving the



1 same MCO may be submitted in one complaint, regardless of  
2 whether the claims are for different enrollees, when the  
3 specific reason for non-payment of the claims involves a common  
4 question of fact or policy. Within 10 business days of receipt  
5 of a complaint, the Department shall present such disputes to  
6 the appropriate MCO, which shall then have 30 days to issue its  
7 written proposal to resolve the dispute. The Department may  
8 grant one 30-day extension of this time frame to one of the  
9 parties to resolve the dispute. If the dispute remains  
10 unresolved at the end of this time frame or the provider is not  
11 satisfied with the MCO's written proposal to resolve the  
12 dispute, the provider may, within 30 days, request the  
13 Department to review the dispute and make a final  
14 determination. Within 30 days of the request for Department  
15 review of the dispute, both the provider and the MCO shall  
16 present all relevant information to the Department for  
17 resolution and make individuals with knowledge of the issues  
18 available to the Department for further inquiry if needed.  
19 Within 30 days of receiving the relevant information on the  
20 dispute, or the lapse of the period for submitting such  
21 information, the Department shall issue a written decision on  
22 the dispute based on contractual terms between the provider and  
23 the MCO, contractual terms between the MCO and the Department  
24 of Healthcare and Family Services and applicable Medicaid  
25 policy. The decision of the Department shall be final. By  
26 January 1, 2020, the Department shall establish by rule further

1 details of this dispute resolution process. Disputes between  
2 MCOs and providers presented to the Department for resolution  
3 are not contested cases, as defined in Section 1-30 of the  
4 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, conferring any right to  
5 an administrative hearing.

6 (g-9) (1) The Department shall publish annually on its  
7 website a report on the calculation of each managed care  
8 organization's medical loss ratio showing the following:

9 (A) Premium revenue, with appropriate adjustments.

10 (B) Benefit expense, setting forth the aggregate  
11 amount spent for the following:

12 (i) Direct paid claims.

13 (ii) Subcapitation payments.

14 (iii) Other claim payments.

15 (iv) Direct reserves.

16 (v) Gross recoveries.

17 (vi) Expenses for activities that improve health  
18 care quality as allowed by the Department.

19 (2) The medical loss ratio shall be calculated consistent  
20 with federal law and regulation following a claims runout  
21 period determined by the Department.

22 (g-10) (1) "Liability effective date" means the date on  
23 which an MCO becomes responsible for payment for medically  
24 necessary and covered services rendered by a provider to one of  
25 its enrollees in accordance with the contract terms between the  
26 MCO and the provider. The liability effective date shall be the

1 later of:

2 (A) The execution date of a network participation  
3 contract agreement.

4 (B) The date the provider or its representative submits  
5 to the MCO the complete and accurate standardized roster  
6 form for the provider in the format approved by the  
7 Department.

8 (C) The provider effective date contained within the  
9 Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the  
10 Illinois Medicaid Program Advanced Cloud Technology  
11 (IMPACT) System.

12 (2) The standardized roster form may be submitted to the  
13 MCO at the same time that the provider submits an enrollment  
14 application to the Department through IMPACT.

15 (3) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall require all  
16 MCOs to update their provider directory with information for  
17 new practitioners of existing contracted providers within 30  
18 days of receipt of a complete and accurate standardized roster  
19 template in the format approved by the Department provided that  
20 the provider is effective in the Department's provider  
21 enrollment subsystem within the IMPACT system. Such provider  
22 directory shall be readily accessible for purposes of selecting  
23 an approved health care provider and comply with all other  
24 federal and State requirements.

25 (g-11) The Department shall work with relevant  
26 stakeholders on the development of operational guidelines to

1 enhance and improve operational performance of Illinois'  
2 Medicaid managed care program, including, but not limited to,  
3 improving provider billing practices, reducing claim  
4 rejections and inappropriate payment denials, and  
5 standardizing processes, procedures, definitions, and response  
6 timelines, with the goal of reducing provider and MCO  
7 administrative burdens and conflict. The Department shall  
8 include a report on the progress of these program improvements  
9 and other topics in its Fiscal Year 2020 annual report to the  
10 General Assembly.

11 (g-12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the  
12 Department or an MCO requires submission of a claim for payment  
13 in a non-electronic format, a provider shall always be afforded  
14 a period of no less than 90 business days, as a correction  
15 period, following any notification of rejection by either the  
16 Department or the MCO to correct errors or omissions in the  
17 original submission.

18 Under no circumstances, either by an MCO or under the  
19 State's fee-for-service system, shall a provider be denied  
20 payment for failure to comply with any timely submission  
21 requirements under this Code or under any existing contract,  
22 unless the non-electronic format claim submission occurs after  
23 the initial 180 days following the latest date of service on  
24 the claim, or after the 90 business days correction period  
25 following notification to the provider of rejection or denial  
26 of payment.

1           (h) The Department shall not expand mandatory MCO  
2 enrollment into new counties beyond those counties already  
3 designated by the Department as of June 1, 2014 for the  
4 individuals whose eligibility for medical assistance is not the  
5 seniors or people with disabilities population until the  
6 Department provides an opportunity for accountable care  
7 entities and MCOs to participate in such newly designated  
8 counties.

9           (i) The requirements of this Section apply to contracts  
10 with accountable care entities and MCOs entered into, amended,  
11 or renewed after June 16, 2014 (the effective date of Public  
12 Act 98-651).

13           (j) Health care information released to managed care  
14 organizations. A health care provider shall release to a  
15 Medicaid managed care organization, upon request, and subject  
16 to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of  
17 1996 and any other law applicable to the release of health  
18 information, the health care information of the MCO's enrollee,  
19 if the enrollee has completed and signed a general release form  
20 that grants to the health care provider permission to release  
21 the recipient's health care information to the recipient's  
22 insurance carrier.

23           (k) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services,  
24 managed care organizations, a statewide organization  
25 representing hospitals, and a statewide organization  
26 representing safety-net hospitals shall explore ways to

1 support billing departments in safety-net hospitals.

2 (1) The requirements of this Section added by this  
3 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to  
4 services provided on or after the first day of the month that  
5 begins 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act  
6 of the 101st General Assembly.

7 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-580, eff. 3-12-18;  
8 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

9 Article 155.

10 Section 155-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
11 adding Section 5-30.17 as follows:

12 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.17 new)

13 Sec. 5-30.17. Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission.

14 (a) The Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission is  
15 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
16 to evaluate the effectiveness of Illinois' managed care  
17 program.

18 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

19 (1) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
20 President, who shall serve as co-chair.

21 (2) One member of the House of Representatives,  
22 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,  
23 who shall serve as co-chair.

1           (3) One member of the House of Representatives,  
2           appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of  
3           Representatives.

4           (4) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate  
5           Minority Leader.

6           (5) One member representing the Department of  
7           Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

8           (6) One member representing the Department of Public  
9           Health, appointed by the Governor.

10           (7) One member representing the Department of Human  
11           Services, appointed by the Governor.

12           (8) One member representing the Department of Children  
13           and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

14           (9) One member of a statewide association representing  
15           Medicaid managed care plans, appointed by the Governor.

16           (10) One member of a statewide association  
17           representing a majority of hospitals, appointed by the  
18           Governor.

19           (11) Two academic experts on Medicaid managed care  
20           programs, appointed by the Governor.

21           (12) One member of a statewide association  
22           representing primary care providers, appointed by the  
23           Governor.

24           (13) One member of a statewide association  
25           representing behavioral health providers, appointed by the  
26           Governor.

1           (14) Members representing Federally Qualified Health  
2           Centers, a long-term care association, pharmacies and  
3           pharmacists, a developmental disability association, a  
4           Medicaid consumer advocate, a Medicaid consumer, an  
5           association representing physicians, a behavioral health  
6           association, and an association representing  
7           pediatricians, appointed by the Governor.

8           (15) A member of a statewide association representing  
9           only safety-net hospitals, appointed by the Governor.

10          (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and  
11          chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the  
12          Commission's executive administrators in providing  
13          administrative support, research support, and other  
14          administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.  
15          Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and  
16          housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing budget.

17          (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no  
18          compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

19          (e) The Commission shall meet quarterly beginning as soon  
20          as is practicable after the effective date of this amendatory  
21          Act of the 101st General Assembly.

22          (f) The Commission shall:

23                (1) review data on health outcomes of Medicaid managed  
24                care members;

25                (2) review current care coordination and case  
26                management efforts and make recommendations on expanding



1 care coordination to additional populations with a focus on  
2 the social determinants of health;

3 (3) review and assess the appropriateness of metrics  
4 used in the Pay-for-Performance programs;

5 (4) review the Department's prior authorization and  
6 utilization management requirements and recommend  
7 adaptations for the Medicaid population;

8 (5) review managed care performance in meeting  
9 diversity contracting goals and the use of funds dedicated  
10 to meeting such goals, including, but not limited to,  
11 contracting requirements set forth in the Business  
12 Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with  
13 Disabilities Act; recommend strategies to increase  
14 compliance with diversity contracting goals in  
15 collaboration with the Chief Procurement Officer for  
16 General Services and the Business Enterprise Council for  
17 Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities; and  
18 recoup any misappropriated funds for diversity  
19 contracting;

20 (6) review data on the effectiveness of processing to  
21 medical providers;

22 (7) review member access to health care services in the  
23 Medicaid Program, including specialty care services;

24 (8) review value-based and other alternative payment  
25 methodologies to make recommendations to enhance program  
26 efficiency and improve health outcomes;

1           (9) review the compliance of all managed care entities  
2           in State contracts and recommend reasonable financial  
3           penalties for any noncompliance;

4           (10) produce an annual report detailing the  
5           Commission's findings based upon its review of research  
6           conducted under this Section, including specific  
7           recommendations, if any, and any other information the  
8           Commission may deem proper in furtherance of its duties  
9           under this Section;

10           (11) review provider availability and make  
11           recommendations to increase providers where needed,  
12           including reviewing the regulatory environment and making  
13           recommendations for reforms;

14           (12) review capacity for culturally competent  
15           services, including translation services among providers;  
16           and

17           (13) review and recommend changes to the safety-net  
18           hospital definition to create different classifications of  
19           safety-net hospitals.

20           (f-5) The Department shall make available upon request the  
21           analytics of Medicaid managed care clearinghouse data  
22           regarding processing.

23           (g) The Department shall issue quarterly reports to the  
24           Governor and the General Assembly indicating: (i) the number of  
25           determinations of noncompliance since the last quarter; (ii)  
26           the number of financial penalties imposed; and (iii) the

1 outcome or status of each determination.

2 (h) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year  
3 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its  
4 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The  
5 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of  
6 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in  
7 electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the  
8 Secretary shall direct.

9 Article 160.

10 Section 160-5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding  
11 Sections 5.935 and 6z-124 as follows:

12 (30 ILCS 105/5.935 new)

13 Sec. 5.935. The Managed Care Oversight Fund.

14 (30 ILCS 105/6z-124 new)

15 Sec. 6z-124. Managed Care Oversight Fund. The Managed Care  
16 Oversight Fund is created as a special fund in the State  
17 treasury. Subject to appropriation, available annual moneys in  
18 the Fund shall be used by the Department of Healthcare and  
19 Family Services to support contracting with women and  
20 minority-owned businesses as part of the Department's Business  
21 Enterprise Program requirements. The Department shall  
22 prioritize contracts for care coordination services, workforce

1 development, and other services that support the Department's  
2 mission to promote health equity. Funds may not be used for any  
3 administrative costs of the Department.

4 Article 170.

5 Section 170-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
6 adding Section 5-30.16 as follows:

7 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.16 new)

8 Sec. 5-30.16. Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission.

9 (a) The Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission is  
10 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family Services  
11 to develop a program to support and grow minority, women, and  
12 persons with disability owned businesses.

13 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

14 (1) Two members appointed by the Illinois Legislative  
15 Black Caucus.

16 (2) Two members appointed by the Illinois Legislative  
17 Latino Caucus.

18 (3) Two members appointed by the Conference of Women  
19 Legislators of the Illinois General Assembly.

20 (4) Two members representing a statewide Medicaid  
21 health plan association, appointed by the Governor.

22 (5) One member representing the Department of  
23 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

1           (6) Three members representing businesses currently  
2           registered with the Business Enterprise Program, appointed  
3           by the Governor.

4           (7) One member representing the disability community,  
5           appointed by the Governor.

6           (8) One member representing the Business Enterprise  
7           Council, appointed by the Governor.

8           (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and  
9           chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the  
10           Commission's executive administrators in providing  
11           administrative support, research support, and other  
12           administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.  
13           Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and  
14           housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing budget.

15           (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no  
16           compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

17           (e) The members of the Commission shall designate co-chairs  
18           of the Commission to lead their efforts at the first meeting of  
19           the Commission.

20           (f) The Commission shall meet at least monthly beginning as  
21           soon as is practicable after the effective date of this  
22           amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

23           (g) The Commission shall:

24           (1) Develop a recommendation on a Medicaid Business  
25           Opportunity Program for Minority, Women, and Persons with  
26           Disability Owned business contracting requirements to be

1 included in the contracts between the Department of  
2 Healthcare and Family Services and the Managed Care  
3 entities for the provision of Medicaid Services.

4 (2) Make recommendations on the process by which  
5 vendors or providers would be certified as eligible to be  
6 included in the program and appropriate eligibility  
7 standards relative to the healthcare industry.

8 (3) Make a recommendation on whether to include not for  
9 profit organizations, diversity councils, or diversity  
10 chambers as eligible for certification.

11 (4) Make a recommendation on whether diverse staff  
12 shall be considered within the goals set for managed care  
13 entities.

14 (5) Make a recommendation on whether a new platform for  
15 certification is necessary to administer this program or if  
16 the existing platform for the Business Enterprise Program  
17 is capable of including recommended changes coming from  
18 this Commission.

19 (6) Make a recommendation on the ongoing activity of  
20 the Commission including structure, frequency of meetings,  
21 and agendas to ensure ongoing oversight of the program by  
22 the Commission.

23 (h) The Commission shall provide recommendations to the  
24 Department and the General assembly by April 15, 2021 in order  
25 to ensure prompt implementation of the Medicaid Business  
26 Opportunity Program.



1           (b) The methodology shall provide reasonable compensation  
2 for the services provided attributable to the days of the  
3 extended stay for which the prevailing rate methodology  
4 provides no reimbursement. The Department may use a day outlier  
5 program to satisfy this requirement. The reimbursement rate  
6 shall be set at a level so as not to act as an incentive to  
7 avoid transfer to the appropriate level of care needed or  
8 placement, after discharge.

9           (c) The Department shall require managed care  
10 organizations to adopt this methodology or an alternative  
11 methodology that pays at least as much as the Department's  
12 adopted methodology unless otherwise mutually agreed upon  
13 contractual language is developed by the provider and the  
14 managed care organization for a risk-based or innovative  
15 payment methodology.

16           (d) Days beyond medical necessity shall not be eligible for  
17 per diem add-on payments under the Medicaid High Volume  
18 Adjustment (MHVA) or the Medicaid Percentage Adjustment (MPA)  
19 programs.

20           (e) For services covered by the fee-for-service program,  
21 reimbursement under this Section shall only be made for days  
22 beyond medical necessity that occur after the hospital has  
23 notified the Department of the need for post-discharge  
24 placement. For services covered by a managed care organization,  
25 hospitals shall notify the appropriate managed care  
26 organization of an admission within 24 hours of admission. For



1 every 24-hour period beyond the initial 24 hours after  
2 admission that the hospital fails to notify the managed care  
3 organization of the admission, reimbursement under this  
4 subsection shall be reduced by one day.

5 (Source: P.A. 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

6 Title IX. Maternal and Infant Mortality

7 Article 175.

8 Section 175-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by  
9 adding Section 5-18.5 as follows:

10 (305 ILCS 5/5-18.5 new)

11 Sec. 5-18.5. Perinatal doula and evidence-based home  
12 visiting services.

13 (a) As used in this Section:

14 "Home visiting" means a voluntary, evidence-based strategy  
15 used to support pregnant people, infants, and young children  
16 and their caregivers to promote infant, child, and maternal  
17 health, to foster educational development and school  
18 readiness, and to help prevent child abuse and neglect. Home  
19 visitors are trained professionals whose visits and activities  
20 focus on promoting strong parent-child attachment to foster  
21 healthy child development.

22 "Perinatal doula" means a trained provider who provides

1 regular, voluntary physical, emotional, and educational  
2 support, but not medical or midwife care, to pregnant and  
3 birthing persons before, during, and after childbirth,  
4 otherwise known as the perinatal period.

5 "Perinatal doula training" means any doula training that  
6 focuses on providing support throughout the prenatal, labor and  
7 delivery, or postpartum period, and reflects the type of doula  
8 care that the doula seeks to provide.

9 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article,  
10 perinatal doula services and evidence-based home visiting  
11 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program,  
12 subject to appropriation, for persons who are otherwise  
13 eligible for medical assistance under this Article. Perinatal  
14 doula services include regular visits beginning in the prenatal  
15 period and continuing into the postnatal period, inclusive of  
16 continuous support during labor and delivery, that support  
17 healthy pregnancies and positive birth outcomes. Perinatal  
18 doula services may be embedded in an existing program, such as  
19 evidence-based home visiting. Perinatal doula services  
20 provided during the prenatal period may be provided weekly,  
21 services provided during the labor and delivery period may be  
22 provided for the entire duration of labor and the time  
23 immediately following birth, and services provided during the  
24 postpartum period may be provided up to 12 months postpartum.

25 (c) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall  
26 adopt rules to administer this Section. In this rulemaking, the

1 Department shall consider the expertise of and consult with  
2 doula program experts, doula training providers, practicing  
3 doulas, and home visiting experts, along with State agencies  
4 implementing perinatal doula services and relevant bodies  
5 under the Illinois Early Learning Council. This body of experts  
6 shall inform the Department on the credentials necessary for  
7 perinatal doula and home visiting services to be eligible for  
8 Medicaid reimbursement and the rate of reimbursement for home  
9 visiting and perinatal doula services in the prenatal, labor  
10 and delivery, and postpartum periods. Every 2 years, the  
11 Department shall assess the rates of reimbursement for  
12 perinatal doula and home visiting services and adjust rates  
13 accordingly.

14 (d) The Department shall seek such State plan amendments or  
15 waivers as may be necessary to implement this Section and shall  
16 secure federal financial participation for expenditures made  
17 by the Department in accordance with this Section.

18 Title X. Medicaid Managed Care Reform

19 Article 185.

20 Section 185-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as  
21 the Medicaid Technical Assistance Act. References in this  
22 Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

1 Section 185-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

2 "Behavioral health providers" means mental health and  
3 substance use disorder providers.

4 "Department" means the Department of Healthcare and Family  
5 Services.

6 "Health care providers" means organizations who provide  
7 physical, mental, substance use disorder, or social  
8 determinant of health services.

9 "Network adequacy" means a Medicaid beneficiaries' ability  
10 to access all necessary provider types within time and distance  
11 standards as defined in the Managed Care Organization model  
12 contract.

13 "Service deserts" means geographic areas of the State with  
14 no or limited Medicaid providers that accept Medicaid.

15 "Social determinants of health" means any conditions that  
16 impact an individual's health, including, but not limited to,  
17 access to healthy food, safety, education, and housing  
18 stability.

19 "Stakeholders" means, but are not limited to, health care  
20 providers, advocacy organizations, managed care organizations,  
21 Medicaid beneficiaries, and State and city partners.

22 Section 185-10. Medicaid Technical Assistance Center. The  
23 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall establish a  
24 Medicaid Technical Assistance Center. The Medicaid Technical  
25 Assistance Center shall operate as a cross-system educational

1 resource to strengthen the business infrastructure of health  
2 care provider organizations in Illinois to ultimately increase  
3 the capacity, access, and quality of Illinois' Medicaid managed  
4 care program, HealthChoice Illinois. The Medicaid Technical  
5 Assistance Center shall be established within the Department's  
6 Office of Medicaid Innovation.

7 Section 185-15. Collaboration. The Medicaid Technical  
8 Assistance Center shall collaborate with public and private  
9 partners throughout the State to identify, establish, and  
10 maintain best practices necessary for health providers to  
11 ensure their capacity to participate in HealthChoice Illinois.  
12 The Medicaid Technical Assistance Center shall administer the  
13 following:

14 (1) Trainings: The Medicaid Technical Assistance  
15 Center shall create and administer ongoing trainings for  
16 health care providers. Trainings may be subcontracted. The  
17 Medicaid Technical Assistance Center shall provide  
18 in-person and web-based trainings. In-person training  
19 shall be conducted throughout the State. All trainings must  
20 be free of charge. The Medicaid Technical Assistance Center  
21 shall administer post-training surveys and incorporate  
22 feedback. Training content and delivery must be reflective  
23 of Illinois providers' varying levels of readiness,  
24 resources, and client populations.

25 (2) Web-based resources: The Medicaid Technical

1 Assistance Center shall maintain an independent, easy to  
2 navigate, and up-to-date website that includes, but is not  
3 limited to: recorded training archives, a training  
4 calendar, provider resources and tools, up-to-date  
5 explanations of Department and managed care organization  
6 guidance, a running database of frequently asked questions  
7 and contact information for key staff members of the  
8 Department, managed care organizations, and the Medicaid  
9 Technical Assistance Center.

10 (3) Learning collaboratives: The Medicaid Technical  
11 Assistance Center shall host regional learning  
12 collaboratives that will supplement the Medicaid Technical  
13 Assistance Center training curriculum to bring together  
14 groups of stakeholders to share issues, best practices, and  
15 escalate issues. Leadership of the Department and managed  
16 care organizations shall attend learning collaboratives on  
17 a quarterly basis.

18 (4) Network adequacy reports: The Medicaid Technical  
19 Assistance Center shall publicly release a report on  
20 Medicaid provider network adequacy within the first 3 years  
21 of implementation and annually thereafter. The reports  
22 shall identify provider service deserts and health care  
23 disparities by race and ethnicity.

24 Section 185-20. Federal financial participation. The  
25 Department of Healthcare and Family Services, to the extent

1 allowable under federal law, shall maximize federal financial  
2 participation for any moneys appropriated to the Department for  
3 the Medicaid Technical Assistance Center. Any federal  
4 financial participation funds obtained in accordance with this  
5 Section shall be used for the further development and expansion  
6 of the Medicaid Technical Assistance Center. All federal  
7 financial participation funds obtained under this subsection  
8 shall be deposited into the Medicaid Technical Assistance  
9 Center Fund created under Section 185-25.

10 Section 185-25. Medicaid Technical Assistance Center Fund.  
11 The Medicaid Technical Assistance Center Fund is created as a  
12 special fund in the State treasury. The Fund shall consist of  
13 any moneys appropriated to the Department of Healthcare and  
14 Family Services for the purposes of this Act and any federal  
15 financial participation funds obtained as provided under  
16 Section 20. Moneys in the Fund shall be used for carrying out  
17 the purposes of this Act and for no other purpose. All interest  
18 earned on the moneys in the Fund shall be deposited into the  
19 Fund.

20 Section 185-90. The State Finance Act is amended by adding  
21 Section 5.936 as follows:

22 (30 ILCS 105/5.936 new)

23 Sec. 5.936. The Medicaid Technical Assistance Center Fund.

1 Title XI.Miscellaneous

2 Article 999.

3 Section 999-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon  
4 becoming law.".