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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3840

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 3840 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Title I. General Provisions

5 Article 1.

6 Section 1-1. This Act may be referred to as the Illinois
7 Health Care and Human Service Reform Act.

8 Section 1-5. Findings.

9 "We, the People of the State of Illinois in order to
10 provide for the health, safety and welfare of the people;
11 maintain a representative and orderly government; eliminate
12 poverty and inequality; assure legal, social and economic
13 justice; provide opportunity for the fullest development of the
14 individual; insure domestic tranquility; provide for the

1 common defense; and secure the blessings of freedom and liberty
2 to ourselves and our posterity - do ordain and establish this
3 Constitution for the State of Illinois."

4 The Illinois Legislative Black Caucus finds that, in order
5 to improve the health outcomes of Black residents in the State
6 of Illinois, it is essential to dramatically reform the State's
7 health and human service system. For over 3 decades, multiple
8 health studies have found that health inequities at their very
9 core are due to racism. As early as 1998 research demonstrated
10 that Black Americans received less health care than white
11 Americans because doctors treated patients differently on the
12 basis of race. Yet, Illinois' health and human service system
13 disappointingly continues to perpetuate health disparities
14 among Black Illinoisans of all ages, genders, and socioeconomic
15 status.

16 In July 2020, Trinity Health announced its plans to close
17 Mercy Hospital, an essential resource serving the Chicago South
18 Side's predominantly Black residents. Trinity Health argued
19 that this closure would have no impact on health access but
20 failed to understand the community's needs. Closure of Mercy
21 Hospital would only serve to create a health access desert and
22 exacerbate existing health disparities. On December 15, 2020,
23 after hearing from community members and advocates, the Health
24 Facilities and Services Review Board unanimously voted to deny
25 closure efforts, yet Trinity still seeks to cease Mercy's
26 operations.

1 Prior to COVID-19, much of the social and political
2 attention surrounding the nationwide opioid epidemic focused
3 on the increase in overdose deaths among white, middle-class,
4 suburban and rural users; the impact of the epidemic in Black
5 communities was largely unrecognized. Research has shown rates
6 of opioid use at the national scale are higher for whites than
7 they are for Blacks, yet rates of opioid deaths are higher
8 among Blacks (43%) than whites (22%). The COVID-19 pandemic
9 will likely exacerbate this situation due to job loss,
10 stay-at-home orders, and ongoing mitigation efforts creating a
11 lack of physical access to addiction support and harm reduction
12 groups.

13 In 2018, the Illinois Department of Public Health reported
14 that Black women were about 6 times as likely to die from a
15 pregnancy-related cause as white women. Of those, 72% of
16 pregnancy-related deaths and 93% of violent
17 pregnancy-associated deaths were deemed preventable. Between
18 2016 and 2017, Black women had the highest rate of severe
19 maternal morbidity with a rate of 101.5 per 10,000 deliveries,
20 which is almost 3 times as high as the rate for white women.

21 In the City of Chicago, African American and Latinx
22 populations are suffering from higher rates of AIDS/HIV
23 compared to the general population. Recent data places HIV as
24 one of the top 5 leading causes of death in African American
25 women between the ages of 35 to 44 and the seventh ranking
26 cause in African American women between the ages of 20 to 34.

1 Among the Latinx population, nearly 20% with HIV exclusively
2 depend on indigenous-led and staffed organizations for
3 services.

4 Cardiovascular disease (CVD) accounts for more deaths in
5 Illinois than any other cause of death, according to the
6 Illinois Department of Public Health; CVD is the leading cause
7 of death among Black residents. According to the Kaiser Family
8 Foundation (KFF), for every 100,000 people, 224 Black
9 Illinoisans die of CVD compared to 158 white Illinoisans.
10 Cancer, the second leading cause of death in Illinois, too is
11 pervasive among African Americans. In 2019, an estimated
12 606,880 Americans, or 1,660 people a day, died of cancer; the
13 American Cancer Society estimated 24,410 deaths occurred in
14 Illinois. KFF estimates that, out of every 100,000 people, 191
15 Black Illinoisans die of cancer compared to 152 white
16 Illinoisans.

17 Black Americans suffer at much higher rates from chronic
18 diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, heart disease,
19 asthma, and many cancers. Utilizing community health workers in
20 patient education and chronic disease management is needed to
21 close these health disparities. Studies have shown that
22 diabetes patients in the care of a community health worker
23 demonstrate improved knowledge and lifestyle and
24 self-management behaviors, as well as decreases in the use of
25 the emergency department. A study of asthma control among black
26 adolescents concluded that asthma control was reduced by 35%

1 among adolescents working with community health workers,
2 resulting in a savings of \$5.58 per dollar spent on the
3 intervention. A study of the return on investment for community
4 health workers employed in Colorado showed that, after a
5 9-month period, patients working with community health workers
6 had an increased number of primary care visits and a decrease
7 in urgent and inpatient care. Utilization of community health
8 workers led to a \$2.38 return on investment for every dollar
9 invested in community health workers.

10 Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) are traumatic
11 experiences occurring during childhood that have been found to
12 have a profound effect on a child's developing brain structure
13 and body which may result in poor health during a person's
14 adulthood. ACEs studies have found a strong correlation between
15 the number of ACEs and a person's risk for disease and negative
16 health behaviors, including suicide, depression, cancer,
17 stroke, ischemic heart disease, diabetes, autoimmune disease,
18 smoking, substance abuse, interpersonal violence, obesity,
19 unplanned pregnancies, lower educational achievement,
20 workplace absenteeism, and lower wages. Data also shows that
21 approximately 20% of African American and Hispanic adults in
22 Illinois reported 4 or more ACEs, compared to 13% of
23 non-Hispanic whites. Long-standing ACE interventions include
24 tools such as trauma-informed care. Trauma-informed care has
25 been promoted and established in communities across the country
26 on a bipartisan basis, including in the states of California,

1 Florida, Massachusetts, Missouri, Oregon, Pennsylvania,
2 Washington, and Wisconsin. Several federal agencies have
3 integrated trauma-informed approaches in their programs and
4 grants which should be leveraged by the State.

5 According to a 2019 Rush University report, a Black
6 person's life expectancy on average is less when compared to a
7 white person's life expectancy. For instance, when comparing
8 life expectancy in Chicago's Austin neighborhood to the Chicago
9 Loop, there is a difference of 11 years between Black life
10 expectancy (71 years) and white life expectancy (82 years).

11 In a 2015 literature review of implicit racial and ethnic
12 bias among medical professionals, it was concluded that there
13 is a moderate level of implicit bias in most medical
14 professionals. Further, the literature review showed that
15 implicit bias has negative consequences for patients,
16 including strained patient relationships and negative health
17 outcomes. It is critical for medical professionals to be aware
18 of implicit racial and ethnic bias and work to eliminate bias
19 through training.

20 In the field of medicine, a historically racist profession,
21 Black medical professionals have commonly been ostracized. In
22 1934, Dr. Roland B. Scott was the first African American to
23 pass the pediatric board exam, yet when he applied for
24 membership with the American Academy of Pediatrics he was
25 rejected multiple times. Few medical organizations have
26 confronted the roles they played in blocking opportunities for

1 Black advancement in the medical profession until the formal
2 apologies of the American Medical Association in 2008. For
3 decades, organizations like the AMA predicated their
4 membership on joining a local state medical society, several of
5 which excluded Black physicians.

6 In 2010, the General Assembly, in partnership with
7 Treatment Alternatives for Safe Communities, published the
8 Disproportionate Justice Impact Study. The study examined the
9 impact of Illinois drug laws on racial and ethnic groups and
10 the resulting over-representation of racial and ethnic minority
11 groups in the Illinois criminal justice system. Unsurprisingly
12 and disappointingly, the study confirmed decades long
13 injustices, such as nonwhites being arrested at a higher rate
14 than whites relative to their representation in the general
15 population throughout Illinois.

16 All together, the above mentioned only begins to capture a
17 part of a larger system of racial injustices and inequities.
18 The General Assembly and the people of Illinois are urged to
19 recognize while racism is a core fault of the current health
20 and human service system, that it is a pervasive disease
21 affecting a multiplitude of institutions which truly drive
22 systematic health inequities: education, child care, criminal
23 justice, affordable housing, environmental justice, and job
24 security and so forth. For persons to live up to their full
25 human potential, their rights to quality of life, health care,
26 a quality job, a fair wage, housing, and education must not be

1 inhibited.

2 Therefore, the Illinois Legislative Black Caucus, as
3 informed by the Senate's Health and Human Service Pillar
4 subject matter hearings, seeks to remedy a fraction of a much
5 larger broken system by addressing access to health care,
6 hospital closures, managed care organization reform, community
7 health worker certification, maternal and infant mortality,
8 mental and substance abuse treatment, hospital reform, and
9 medical implicit bias in the Illinois Health Care and Human
10 Service Reform Act. This Act shall achieve needed change
11 through the use of, but not limited to, the Medicaid Managed
12 Care Oversight Commission, the Health and Human Services Task
13 Force, and a hospital closure moratorium, in order to address
14 Illinois' long-standing health inequities.

15 Title II. Community Health Workers

16 Article 5.

17 Section 5-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
18 Community Health Worker Certification and Reimbursement Act.
19 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

20 Section 5-5. Definition. In this Act, "community health
21 worker" means a frontline public health worker who is a trusted
22 member or has an unusually close understanding of the community

1 served. This trusting relationship enables the community
2 health worker to serve as a liaison, link, and intermediary
3 between health and social services and the community to
4 facilitate access to services and improve the quality and
5 cultural competence of service delivery. A community health
6 worker also builds individual and community capacity by
7 increasing health knowledge and self-sufficiency through a
8 range of activities, including outreach, community education,
9 informal counseling, social support, and advocacy. A community
10 health worker shall have the following core competencies:

- 11 (1) communication;
- 12 (2) interpersonal skills and relationship building;
- 13 (3) service coordination and navigation skills;
- 14 (4) capacity-building;
- 15 (5) advocacy;
- 16 (6) presentation and facilitation skills;
- 17 (7) organizational skills; cultural competency;
- 18 (8) public health knowledge;
- 19 (9) understanding of health systems and basic
20 diseases;
- 21 (10) behavioral health issues; and
- 22 (11) field experience.

23 Nothing in this definition shall be construed to authorize
24 a community health worker to provide direct care or treatment
25 to any person or to perform any act or service for which a
26 license issued by a professional licensing board is required.

1 Section 5-10. Community health worker training.

2 (a) Community health workers shall be provided with
3 multi-tiered academic and community-based training
4 opportunities that lead to the mastery of community health
5 worker core competencies.

6 (b) For academic-based training programs, the Department
7 of Public Health shall collaborate with the Illinois State
8 Board of Education, the Illinois Community College Board, and
9 the Illinois Board of Higher Education to adopt a process to
10 certify academic-based training programs that students can
11 attend to obtain individual community health worker
12 certification. Certified training programs shall reflect the
13 approved core competencies and roles for community health
14 workers.

15 (c) For community-based training programs, the Department
16 of Public Health shall collaborate with a statewide association
17 representing community health workers to adopt a process to
18 certify community-based programs that students can attend to
19 obtain individual community health worker certification.

20 (d) Community health workers may need to undergo additional
21 training, including, but not limited to, asthma, diabetes,
22 maternal child health, behavioral health, and social
23 determinants of health training. Multi-tiered training
24 approaches shall provide opportunities that build on each other
25 and prepare community health workers for career pathways both

1 within the community health worker profession and within allied
2 professions.

3 Section 5-15. Illinois Community Health Worker
4 Certification Board.

5 (a) There is created within the Department of Public
6 Health, in shared leadership with a statewide association
7 representing community health workers, the Illinois Community
8 Health Worker Certification Board. The Board shall serve as the
9 regulatory body that develops and has oversight of initial
10 community health workers certification and certification
11 renewals for both individuals and academic and community-based
12 training programs.

13 (b) A representative from the Department of Public Health,
14 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the
15 Department of Healthcare and Family Services, and the
16 Department of Human Services shall serve on the Board. At least
17 one full-time professional shall be assigned to staff the Board
18 with additional administrative support available as needed.
19 The Board shall have balanced representation from the community
20 health worker workforce, community health worker employers,
21 community health worker training and educational
22 organizations, and other engaged stakeholders.

23 (c) The Board shall propose a certification process for and
24 be authorized to approve training from community-based
25 organizations, in conjunction with a statewide organization

1 representing community health workers, and academic
2 institutions, in consultation with the Illinois State Board of
3 Education, the Illinois Community College Board and the
4 Illinois Board of Higher Education. The Board shall base
5 training approval on core competencies, best practices, and
6 affordability. In addition, the Board shall maintain a registry
7 of certification records for individually certified community
8 health workers.

9 (d) All training programs that are deemed certifiable by
10 the Board shall go through a renewal process, which will be
11 determined by the Board once established. The Board shall
12 establish criteria to grandfather in any community health
13 workers who were practicing prior to the establishment of a
14 certification program.

15 (e) To ensure high-quality service, the Illinois Community
16 Health Worker Certification Board shall examine and consider
17 for adoption best practices from other states that have
18 implemented policies to allow for alternative opportunities to
19 demonstrate competency in core skills and knowledge in addition
20 to certification.

21 (f) The Department of Public Health shall explore ways to
22 compensate members of the Board.

23 Section 5-20. Reimbursement. Community health worker
24 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program
25 for persons who are otherwise eligible for medical assistance.

1 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall develop
2 services, including but not limited to, care coordination and
3 diagnostic-related patient services, for which community
4 health workers will be eligible for reimbursement and shall
5 request approval from the federal Centers for Medicare and
6 Medicaid Services to reimburse community health worker
7 services under the medical assistance program. Certification
8 shall not be required for reimbursement. In addition, the
9 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall amend its
10 contracts with managed care entities to allow managed care
11 entities to employ community health workers or subcontract with
12 community-based organizations that employ community health
13 workers.

14 Section 5-25. Rules. The Department of Public Health and
15 the Department of Healthcare and Family Services may adopt
16 rules for the implementation and administration of this Act.

17 Title III. Hospital Reform

18 Article 10.

19 Section 10-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
20 changing Section 10.4 as follows:

21 (210 ILCS 85/10.4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 151.4)

1 Sec. 10.4. Medical staff privileges.

2 (a) Any hospital licensed under this Act or any hospital
3 organized under the University of Illinois Hospital Act shall,
4 prior to the granting of any medical staff privileges to an
5 applicant, or renewing a current medical staff member's
6 privileges, request of the Director of Professional Regulation
7 information concerning the licensure status, proper
8 credentials, required certificates, and any disciplinary
9 action taken against the applicant's or medical staff member's
10 license, except: (1) for medical personnel who enter a hospital
11 to obtain organs and tissues for transplant from a donor in
12 accordance with the Illinois Anatomical Gift Act; or (2) for
13 medical personnel who have been granted disaster privileges
14 pursuant to the procedures and requirements established by
15 rules adopted by the Department. Any hospital and any employees
16 of the hospital or others involved in granting privileges who,
17 in good faith, grant disaster privileges pursuant to this
18 Section to respond to an emergency shall not, as a result of
19 their acts or omissions, be liable for civil damages for
20 granting or denying disaster privileges except in the event of
21 willful and wanton misconduct, as that term is defined in
22 Section 10.2 of this Act. Individuals granted privileges who
23 provide care in an emergency situation, in good faith and
24 without direct compensation, shall not, as a result of their
25 acts or omissions, except for acts or omissions involving
26 willful and wanton misconduct, as that term is defined in

1 Section 10.2 of this Act, on the part of the person, be liable
2 for civil damages. The Director of Professional Regulation
3 shall transmit, in writing and in a timely fashion, such
4 information regarding the license of the applicant or the
5 medical staff member, including the record of imposition of any
6 periods of supervision or monitoring as a result of alcohol or
7 substance abuse, as provided by Section 23 of the Medical
8 Practice Act of 1987, and such information as may have been
9 submitted to the Department indicating that the application or
10 medical staff member has been denied, or has surrendered,
11 medical staff privileges at a hospital licensed under this Act,
12 or any equivalent facility in another state or territory of the
13 United States. The Director of Professional Regulation shall
14 define by rule the period for timely response to such requests.

15 No transmittal of information by the Director of
16 Professional Regulation, under this Section shall be to other
17 than the president, chief operating officer, chief
18 administrative officer, or chief of the medical staff of a
19 hospital licensed under this Act, a hospital organized under
20 the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a hospital operated
21 by the United States, or any of its instrumentalities. The
22 information so transmitted shall be afforded the same status as
23 is information concerning medical studies by Part 21 of Article
24 VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, as now or hereafter
25 amended.

26 (b) All hospitals licensed under this Act, except county

1 hospitals as defined in subsection (c) of Section 15-1 of the
2 Illinois Public Aid Code, shall comply with, and the medical
3 staff bylaws of these hospitals shall include rules consistent
4 with, the provisions of this Section in granting, limiting,
5 renewing, or denying medical staff membership and clinical
6 staff privileges. Hospitals that require medical staff members
7 to possess faculty status with a specific institution of higher
8 education are not required to comply with subsection (1) below
9 when the physician does not possess faculty status.

10 (1) Minimum procedures for pre-applicants and
11 applicants for medical staff membership shall include the
12 following:

13 (A) Written procedures relating to the acceptance
14 and processing of pre-applicants or applicants for
15 medical staff membership, which should be contained in
16 medical staff bylaws.

17 (B) Written procedures to be followed in
18 determining a pre-applicant's or an applicant's
19 qualifications for being granted medical staff
20 membership and privileges.

21 (C) Written criteria to be followed in evaluating a
22 pre-applicant's or an applicant's qualifications.

23 (D) An evaluation of a pre-applicant's or an
24 applicant's current health status and current license
25 status in Illinois.

26 (E) A written response to each pre-applicant or

1 applicant that explains the reason or reasons for any
2 adverse decision (including all reasons based in whole
3 or in part on the applicant's medical qualifications or
4 any other basis, including economic factors).

5 (2) Minimum procedures with respect to medical staff
6 and clinical privilege determinations concerning current
7 members of the medical staff shall include the following:

8 (A) A written notice of an adverse decision.

9 (B) An explanation of the reasons for an adverse
10 decision including all reasons based on the quality of
11 medical care or any other basis, including economic
12 factors.

13 (C) A statement of the medical staff member's right
14 to request a fair hearing on the adverse decision
15 before a hearing panel whose membership is mutually
16 agreed upon by the medical staff and the hospital
17 governing board. The hearing panel shall have
18 independent authority to recommend action to the
19 hospital governing board. Upon the request of the
20 medical staff member or the hospital governing board,
21 the hearing panel shall make findings concerning the
22 nature of each basis for any adverse decision
23 recommended to and accepted by the hospital governing
24 board.

25 (i) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a
26 hospital's or medical staff's right to summarily

1 suspend, without a prior hearing, a person's
2 medical staff membership or clinical privileges if
3 the continuation of practice of a medical staff
4 member constitutes an immediate danger to the
5 public, including patients, visitors, and hospital
6 employees and staff. In the event that a hospital
7 or the medical staff imposes a summary suspension,
8 the Medical Executive Committee, or other
9 comparable governance committee of the medical
10 staff as specified in the bylaws, must meet as soon
11 as is reasonably possible to review the suspension
12 and to recommend whether it should be affirmed,
13 lifted, expunged, or modified if the suspended
14 physician requests such review. A summary
15 suspension may not be implemented unless there is
16 actual documentation or other reliable information
17 that an immediate danger exists. This
18 documentation or information must be available at
19 the time the summary suspension decision is made
20 and when the decision is reviewed by the Medical
21 Executive Committee. If the Medical Executive
22 Committee recommends that the summary suspension
23 should be lifted, expunged, or modified, this
24 recommendation must be reviewed and considered by
25 the hospital governing board, or a committee of the
26 board, on an expedited basis. Nothing in this

1 subparagraph (C) shall affect the requirement that
2 any requested hearing must be commenced within 15
3 days after the summary suspension and completed
4 without delay unless otherwise agreed to by the
5 parties. A fair hearing shall be commenced within
6 15 days after the suspension and completed without
7 delay, except that when the medical staff member's
8 license to practice has been suspended or revoked
9 by the State's licensing authority, no hearing
10 shall be necessary.

11 (ii) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a
12 medical staff's right to permit, in the medical
13 staff bylaws, summary suspension of membership or
14 clinical privileges in designated administrative
15 circumstances as specifically approved by the
16 medical staff. This bylaw provision must
17 specifically describe both the administrative
18 circumstance that can result in a summary
19 suspension and the length of the summary
20 suspension. The opportunity for a fair hearing is
21 required for any administrative summary
22 suspension. Any requested hearing must be
23 commenced within 15 days after the summary
24 suspension and completed without delay. Adverse
25 decisions other than suspension or other
26 restrictions on the treatment or admission of

1 patients may be imposed summarily and without a
2 hearing under designated administrative
3 circumstances as specifically provided for in the
4 medical staff bylaws as approved by the medical
5 staff.

6 (iii) If a hospital exercises its option to
7 enter into an exclusive contract and that contract
8 results in the total or partial termination or
9 reduction of medical staff membership or clinical
10 privileges of a current medical staff member, the
11 hospital shall provide the affected medical staff
12 member 60 days prior notice of the effect on his or
13 her medical staff membership or privileges. An
14 affected medical staff member desiring a hearing
15 under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2) must
16 request the hearing within 14 days after the date
17 he or she is so notified. The requested hearing
18 shall be commenced and completed (with a report and
19 recommendation to the affected medical staff
20 member, hospital governing board, and medical
21 staff) within 30 days after the date of the medical
22 staff member's request. If agreed upon by both the
23 medical staff and the hospital governing board,
24 the medical staff bylaws may provide for longer
25 time periods.

26 (C-5) All peer review used for the purpose of

1 credentialing, privileging, disciplinary action, or
2 other recommendations affecting medical staff
3 membership or exercise of clinical privileges, whether
4 relying in whole or in part on internal or external
5 reviews, shall be conducted in accordance with the
6 medical staff bylaws and applicable rules,
7 regulations, or policies of the medical staff. If
8 external review is obtained, any adverse report
9 utilized shall be in writing and shall be made part of
10 the internal peer review process under the bylaws. The
11 report shall also be shared with a medical staff peer
12 review committee and the individual under review. If
13 the medical staff peer review committee or the
14 individual under review prepares a written response to
15 the report of the external peer review within 30 days
16 after receiving such report, the governing board shall
17 consider the response prior to the implementation of
18 any final actions by the governing board which may
19 affect the individual's medical staff membership or
20 clinical privileges. Any peer review that involves
21 willful or wanton misconduct shall be subject to civil
22 damages as provided for under Section 10.2 of this Act.

23 (D) A statement of the member's right to inspect
24 all pertinent information in the hospital's possession
25 with respect to the decision.

26 (E) A statement of the member's right to present

1 witnesses and other evidence at the hearing on the
2 decision.

3 (E-5) The right to be represented by a personal
4 attorney.

5 (F) A written notice and written explanation of the
6 decision resulting from the hearing.

7 (F-5) A written notice of a final adverse decision
8 by a hospital governing board.

9 (G) Notice given 15 days before implementation of
10 an adverse medical staff membership or clinical
11 privileges decision based substantially on economic
12 factors. This notice shall be given after the medical
13 staff member exhausts all applicable procedures under
14 this Section, including item (iii) of subparagraph (C)
15 of this paragraph (2), and under the medical staff
16 bylaws in order to allow sufficient time for the
17 orderly provision of patient care.

18 (H) Nothing in this paragraph (2) of this
19 subsection (b) limits a medical staff member's right to
20 waive, in writing, the rights provided in
21 subparagraphs (A) through (G) of this paragraph (2) of
22 this subsection (b) upon being granted the written
23 exclusive right to provide particular services at a
24 hospital, either individually or as a member of a
25 group. If an exclusive contract is signed by a
26 representative of a group of physicians, a waiver

1 contained in the contract shall apply to all members of
2 the group unless stated otherwise in the contract.

3 (3) Every adverse medical staff membership and
4 clinical privilege decision based substantially on
5 economic factors shall be reported to the Hospital
6 Licensing Board before the decision takes effect. These
7 reports shall not be disclosed in any form that reveals the
8 identity of any hospital or physician. These reports shall
9 be utilized to study the effects that hospital medical
10 staff membership and clinical privilege decisions based
11 upon economic factors have on access to care and the
12 availability of physician services. The Hospital Licensing
13 Board shall submit an initial study to the Governor and the
14 General Assembly by January 1, 1996, and subsequent reports
15 shall be submitted periodically thereafter.

16 (4) As used in this Section:

17 "Adverse decision" means a decision reducing,
18 restricting, suspending, revoking, denying, or not
19 renewing medical staff membership or clinical privileges.

20 "Economic factor" means any information or reasons for
21 decisions unrelated to quality of care or professional
22 competency.

23 "Pre-applicant" means a physician licensed to practice
24 medicine in all its branches who requests an application
25 for medical staff membership or privileges.

26 "Privilege" means permission to provide medical or

1 other patient care services and permission to use hospital
2 resources, including equipment, facilities and personnel
3 that are necessary to effectively provide medical or other
4 patient care services. This definition shall not be
5 construed to require a hospital to acquire additional
6 equipment, facilities, or personnel to accommodate the
7 granting of privileges.

8 (5) Any amendment to medical staff bylaws required
9 because of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly
10 shall be adopted on or before July 1, 2001.

11 (c) All hospitals shall consult with the medical staff
12 prior to closing membership in the entire or any portion of the
13 medical staff or a department. If the hospital closes
14 membership in the medical staff, any portion of the medical
15 staff, or the department over the objections of the medical
16 staff, then the hospital shall provide a detailed written
17 explanation for the decision to the medical staff 10 days prior
18 to the effective date of any closure. No applications need to
19 be provided when membership in the medical staff or any
20 relevant portion of the medical staff is closed.

21 (Source: P.A. 96-445, eff. 8-14-09; 97-1006, eff. 8-17-12.)

22 Article 15.

23 Section 15-3. The Illinois Health Finance Reform Act is
24 amended by changing Section 4-4 as follows:

1 (20 ILCS 2215/4-4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 6504-4)

2 Sec. 4-4. (a) Hospitals shall make available to prospective
3 patients information on the normal charge incurred for any
4 procedure or operation the prospective patient is considering.

5 (b) The Department of Public Health shall require hospitals
6 to post, either by physical or electronic means, in prominent
7 letters, ~~in letters no more than one inch in height~~ the
8 established charges for services, where applicable, including
9 but not limited to the hospital's private room charge,
10 semi-private room charge, charge for a room with 3 or more
11 beds, intensive care room charges, emergency room charge,
12 operating room charge, electrocardiogram charge, anesthesia
13 charge, chest x-ray charge, blood sugar charge, blood chemistry
14 charge, tissue exam charge, blood typing charge and Rh factor
15 charge. The definitions of each charge to be posted shall be
16 determined by the Department.

17 (Source: P.A. 92-597, eff. 7-1-02.)

18 Section 15-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
19 changing Sections 6, 6.14c, 10.10, and 11.5 as follows:

20 (210 ILCS 85/6) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 147)

21 Sec. 6. (a) Upon receipt of an application for a permit to
22 establish a hospital the Director shall issue a permit if he
23 finds (1) that the applicant is fit, willing, and able to

1 provide a proper standard of hospital service for the community
2 with particular regard to the qualification, background, and
3 character of the applicant, (2) that the financial resources
4 available to the applicant demonstrate an ability to construct,
5 maintain, and operate a hospital in accordance with the
6 standards, rules, and regulations adopted pursuant to this Act,
7 and (3) that safeguards are provided which assure hospital
8 operation and maintenance consistent with the public interest
9 having particular regard to safe, adequate, and efficient
10 hospital facilities and services.

11 The Director may request the cooperation of county and
12 multiple-county health departments, municipal boards of
13 health, and other governmental and non-governmental agencies
14 in obtaining information and in conducting investigations
15 relating to such applications.

16 A permit to establish a hospital shall be valid only for
17 the premises and person named in the application for such
18 permit and shall not be transferable or assignable.

19 In the event the Director issues a permit to establish a
20 hospital the applicant shall thereafter submit plans and
21 specifications to the Department in accordance with Section 8
22 of this Act.

23 (b) Upon receipt of an application for license to open,
24 conduct, operate, and maintain a hospital, the Director shall
25 issue a license if he finds the applicant and the hospital
26 facilities comply with standards, rules, and regulations

1 promulgated under this Act. A license, unless sooner suspended
2 or revoked, shall be renewable annually upon approval by the
3 Department and payment of a license fee as established pursuant
4 to Section 5 of this Act. Each license shall be issued only for
5 the premises and persons named in the application and shall not
6 be transferable or assignable. Licenses shall be posted, either
7 by physical or electronic means, in a conspicuous place on the
8 licensed premises. The Department may, either before or after
9 the issuance of a license, request the cooperation of the State
10 Fire Marshal, county and multiple county health departments, or
11 municipal boards of health to make investigations to determine
12 if the applicant or licensee is complying with the minimum
13 standards prescribed by the Department. The report and
14 recommendations of any such agency shall be in writing and
15 shall state with particularity its findings with respect to
16 compliance or noncompliance with such minimum standards,
17 rules, and regulations.

18 The Director may issue a provisional license to any
19 hospital which does not substantially comply with the
20 provisions of this Act and the standards, rules, and
21 regulations promulgated by virtue thereof provided that he
22 finds that such hospital has undertaken changes and corrections
23 which upon completion will render the hospital in substantial
24 compliance with the provisions of this Act, and the standards,
25 rules, and regulations adopted hereunder, and provided that the
26 health and safety of the patients of the hospital will be

1 protected during the period for which such provisional license
2 is issued. The Director shall advise the licensee of the
3 conditions under which such provisional license is issued,
4 including the manner in which the hospital facilities fail to
5 comply with the provisions of the Act, standards, rules, and
6 regulations, and the time within which the changes and
7 corrections necessary for such hospital facilities to
8 substantially comply with this Act, and the standards, rules,
9 and regulations of the Department relating thereto shall be
10 completed.

11 (Source: P.A. 98-683, eff. 6-30-14.)

12 (210 ILCS 85/6.14c)

13 Sec. 6.14c. Posting of information. Every hospital shall
14 conspicuously post, either by physical or electronic means, for
15 display in an area of its offices accessible to patients,
16 employees, and visitors the following:

17 (1) its current license;

18 (2) a description, provided by the Department, of
19 complaint procedures established under this Act and the
20 name, address, and telephone number of a person authorized
21 by the Department to receive complaints;

22 (3) a list of any orders pertaining to the hospital
23 issued by the Department during the past year and any court
24 orders reviewing such Department orders issued during the
25 past year; and

1 (4) a list of the material available for public
2 inspection under Section 6.14d.

3 Each hospital shall post, either by physical or electronic
4 means, in each facility that has an emergency room, a notice in
5 a conspicuous location in the emergency room with information
6 about how to enroll in health insurance through the Illinois
7 health insurance marketplace in accordance with Sections 1311
8 and 1321 of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care
9 Act.

10 (Source: P.A. 101-117, eff. 1-1-20.)

11 (210 ILCS 85/10.10)

12 Sec. 10.10. Nurse Staffing by Patient Acuity.

13 (a) Findings. The Legislature finds and declares all of the
14 following:

15 (1) The State of Illinois has a substantial interest in
16 promoting quality care and improving the delivery of health
17 care services.

18 (2) Evidence-based studies have shown that the basic
19 principles of staffing in the acute care setting should be
20 based on the complexity of patients' care needs aligned
21 with available nursing skills to promote quality patient
22 care consistent with professional nursing standards.

23 (3) Compliance with this Section promotes an
24 organizational climate that values registered nurses'
25 input in meeting the health care needs of hospital

1 patients.

2 (b) Definitions. As used in this Section:

3 "Acuity model" means an assessment tool selected and
4 implemented by a hospital, as recommended by a nursing care
5 committee, that assesses the complexity of patient care needs
6 requiring professional nursing care and skills and aligns
7 patient care needs and nursing skills consistent with
8 professional nursing standards.

9 "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

10 "Direct patient care" means care provided by a registered
11 professional nurse with direct responsibility to oversee or
12 carry out medical regimens or nursing care for one or more
13 patients.

14 "Nursing care committee" means an existing or newly created
15 hospital-wide committee or committees of nurses whose
16 functions, in part or in whole, contribute to the development,
17 recommendation, and review of the hospital's nurse staffing
18 plan established pursuant to subsection (d).

19 "Registered professional nurse" means a person licensed as
20 a Registered Nurse under the Nurse Practice Act.

21 "Written staffing plan for nursing care services" means a
22 written plan for guiding the assignment of patient care nursing
23 staff based on multiple nurse and patient considerations that
24 yield minimum staffing levels for inpatient care units and the
25 adopted acuity model aligning patient care needs with nursing
26 skills required for quality patient care consistent with

1 professional nursing standards.

2 (c) Written staffing plan.

3 (1) Every hospital shall implement a written
4 hospital-wide staffing plan, recommended by a nursing care
5 committee or committees, that provides for minimum direct
6 care professional registered nurse-to-patient staffing
7 needs for each inpatient care unit. The written
8 hospital-wide staffing plan shall include, but need not be
9 limited to, the following considerations:

10 (A) The complexity of complete care, assessment on
11 patient admission, volume of patient admissions,
12 discharges and transfers, evaluation of the progress
13 of a patient's problems, ongoing physical assessments,
14 planning for a patient's discharge, assessment after a
15 change in patient condition, and assessment of the need
16 for patient referrals.

17 (B) The complexity of clinical professional
18 nursing judgment needed to design and implement a
19 patient's nursing care plan, the need for specialized
20 equipment and technology, the skill mix of other
21 personnel providing or supporting direct patient care,
22 and involvement in quality improvement activities,
23 professional preparation, and experience.

24 (C) Patient acuity and the number of patients for
25 whom care is being provided.

26 (D) The ongoing assessments of a unit's patient

1 acuity levels and nursing staff needed shall be
2 routinely made by the unit nurse manager or his or her
3 designee.

4 (E) The identification of additional registered
5 nurses available for direct patient care when
6 patients' unexpected needs exceed the planned workload
7 for direct care staff.

8 (2) In order to provide staffing flexibility to meet
9 patient needs, every hospital shall identify an acuity
10 model for adjusting the staffing plan for each inpatient
11 care unit.

12 (3) The written staffing plan shall be posted, either
13 by physical or electronic means, in a conspicuous and
14 accessible location for both patients and direct care
15 staff, as required under the Hospital Report Card Act. A
16 copy of the written staffing plan shall be provided to any
17 member of the general public upon request.

18 (d) Nursing care committee.

19 (1) Every hospital shall have a nursing care committee.
20 A hospital shall appoint members of a committee whereby at
21 least 50% of the members are registered professional nurses
22 providing direct patient care.

23 (2) A nursing care committee's recommendations must be
24 given significant regard and weight in the hospital's
25 adoption and implementation of a written staffing plan.

26 (3) A nursing care committee or committees shall

1 recommend a written staffing plan for the hospital based on
2 the principles from the staffing components set forth in
3 subsection (c). In particular, a committee or committees
4 shall provide input and feedback on the following:

5 (A) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of
6 minimum staffing levels for inpatient care units.

7 (B) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of
8 an acuity model to provide staffing flexibility that
9 aligns changing patient acuity with nursing skills
10 required.

11 (C) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of a
12 written staffing plan incorporating the items
13 described in subdivisions (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this
14 Section.

15 (D) Review the following: nurse-to-patient
16 staffing guidelines for all inpatient areas; and
17 current acuity tools and measures in use.

18 (4) A nursing care committee must address the items
19 described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (3)
20 semi-annually.

21 (e) Nothing in this Section 10.10 shall be construed to
22 limit, alter, or modify any of the terms, conditions, or
23 provisions of a collective bargaining agreement entered into by
24 the hospital.

25 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 97-423, eff. 1-1-12;
26 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)

1 (210 ILCS 85/11.5)

2 Sec. 11.5. Uniform standards of obstetrical care
3 regardless of ability to pay.

4 (a) No hospital may promulgate policies or implement
5 practices that determine differing standards of obstetrical
6 care based upon a patient's source of payment or ability to pay
7 for medical services.

8 (b) Each hospital shall develop a written policy statement
9 reflecting the requirements of subsection (a) and shall post,
10 either by physical or electronic means, written notices of this
11 policy in the obstetrical admitting areas of the hospital by
12 July 1, 2004. Notices posted pursuant to this Section shall be
13 posted in the predominant language or languages spoken in the
14 hospital's service area.

15 (Source: P.A. 93-981, eff. 8-23-04.)

16 Section 15-10. The Language Assistance Services Act is
17 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

18 (210 ILCS 87/15)

19 Sec. 15. Language assistance services.

20 (a) To ensure access to health care information and
21 services for limited-English-speaking or non-English-speaking
22 residents and deaf residents, a health facility must do the
23 following:

1 (1) Adopt and review annually a policy for providing
2 language assistance services to patients with language or
3 communication barriers. The policy shall include
4 procedures for providing, to the extent possible as
5 determined by the facility, the use of an interpreter
6 whenever a language or communication barrier exists,
7 except where the patient, after being informed of the
8 availability of the interpreter service, chooses to use a
9 family member or friend who volunteers to interpret. The
10 procedures shall be designed to maximize efficient use of
11 interpreters and minimize delays in providing interpreters
12 to patients. The procedures shall insure, to the extent
13 possible as determined by the facility, that interpreters
14 are available, either on the premises or accessible by
15 telephone, 24 hours a day. The facility shall annually
16 transmit to the Department of Public Health a copy of the
17 updated policy and shall include a description of the
18 facility's efforts to insure adequate and speedy
19 communication between patients with language or
20 communication barriers and staff.

21 (2) Develop, and post, either by physical or electronic
22 means, in conspicuous locations, notices that advise
23 patients and their families of the availability of
24 interpreters, the procedure for obtaining an interpreter,
25 and the telephone numbers to call for filing complaints
26 concerning interpreter service problems, including, but

1 not limited to, a TTY number for persons who are deaf or
2 hard of hearing. The notices shall be posted, at a minimum,
3 in the emergency room, the admitting area, the facility
4 entrance, and the outpatient area. Notices shall inform
5 patients that interpreter services are available on
6 request, shall list the languages most commonly
7 encountered at the facility for which interpreter services
8 are available, and shall instruct patients to direct
9 complaints regarding interpreter services to the
10 Department of Public Health, including the telephone
11 numbers to call for that purpose.

12 (3) Notify the facility's employees of the language
13 services available at the facility and train them on how to
14 make those language services available to patients.

15 (b) In addition, a health facility may do one or more of
16 the following:

17 (1) Identify and record a patient's primary language
18 and dialect on one or more of the following: a patient
19 medical chart, hospital bracelet, bedside notice, or
20 nursing card.

21 (2) Prepare and maintain, as needed, a list of
22 interpreters who have been identified as proficient in sign
23 language according to the Interpreter for the Deaf
24 Licensure Act of 2007 and a list of the languages of the
25 population of the geographical area served by the facility.

26 (3) Review all standardized written forms, waivers,

1 documents, and informational materials available to
2 patients on admission to determine which to translate into
3 languages other than English.

4 (4) Consider providing its nonbilingual staff with
5 standardized picture and phrase sheets for use in routine
6 communications with patients who have language or
7 communication barriers.

8 (5) Develop community liaison groups to enable the
9 facility and the limited-English-speaking,
10 non-English-speaking, and deaf communities to ensure the
11 adequacy of the interpreter services.

12 (Source: P.A. 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

13 Section 15-15. The Fair Patient Billing Act is amended by
14 changing Section 15 as follows:

15 (210 ILCS 88/15)

16 Sec. 15. Patient notification.

17 (a) Each hospital shall post a sign with the following
18 notice:

19 "You may be eligible for financial assistance under
20 the terms and conditions the hospital offers to qualified
21 patients. For more information contact [hospital financial
22 assistance representative]".

23 (b) The sign under subsection (a) shall be posted, either
24 by physical or electronic means, conspicuously in the admission

1 and registration areas of the hospital.

2 (c) The sign shall be in English, and in any other language
3 that is the primary language of at least 5% of the patients
4 served by the hospital annually.

5 (d) Each hospital that has a website must post a notice in
6 a prominent place on its website that financial assistance is
7 available at the hospital, a description of the financial
8 assistance application process, and a copy of the financial
9 assistance application.

10 (e) Within 180 days after the effective date of this
11 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly, each ~~Each~~
12 hospital must make available information regarding financial
13 assistance from the hospital in the form of either a brochure,
14 an application for financial assistance, or other written or
15 electronic material in the emergency room, ~~material in the~~
16 hospital admission, or registration area.

17 (Source: P.A. 94-885, eff. 1-1-07.)

18 Section 15-16. The Health Care Violence Prevention Act is
19 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

20 (210 ILCS 160/15)

21 Sec. 15. Workplace safety.

22 (a) A health care worker who contacts law enforcement or
23 files a report with law enforcement against a patient or
24 individual because of workplace violence shall provide notice

1 to management of the health care provider by which he or she is
2 employed within 3 days after contacting law enforcement or
3 filing the report.

4 (b) No management of a health care provider may discourage
5 a health care worker from exercising his or her right to
6 contact law enforcement or file a report with law enforcement
7 because of workplace violence.

8 (c) A health care provider that employs a health care
9 worker shall display a notice, either by physical or electronic
10 means, stating that verbal aggression will not be tolerated and
11 physical assault will be reported to law enforcement.

12 (d) The health care provider shall offer immediate
13 post-incident services for a health care worker directly
14 involved in a workplace violence incident caused by patients or
15 their visitors, including acute treatment and access to
16 psychological evaluation.

17 (Source: P.A. 100-1051, eff. 1-1-19.)

18 Section 15-17. The Medical Patient Rights Act is amended by
19 changing Sections 3.4 and 5.2 as follows:

20 (410 ILCS 50/3.4)

21 Sec. 3.4. Rights of women; pregnancy and childbirth.

22 (a) In addition to any other right provided under this Act,
23 every woman has the following rights with regard to pregnancy
24 and childbirth:

1 (1) The right to receive health care before, during,
2 and after pregnancy and childbirth.

3 (2) The right to receive care for her and her infant
4 that is consistent with generally accepted medical
5 standards.

6 (3) The right to choose a certified nurse midwife or
7 physician as her maternity care professional.

8 (4) The right to choose her birth setting from the full
9 range of birthing options available in her community.

10 (5) The right to leave her maternity care professional
11 and select another if she becomes dissatisfied with her
12 care, except as otherwise provided by law.

13 (6) The right to receive information about the names of
14 those health care professionals involved in her care.

15 (7) The right to privacy and confidentiality of
16 records, except as provided by law.

17 (8) The right to receive information concerning her
18 condition and proposed treatment, including methods of
19 relieving pain.

20 (9) The right to accept or refuse any treatment, to the
21 extent medically possible.

22 (10) The right to be informed if her caregivers wish to
23 enroll her or her infant in a research study in accordance
24 with Section 3.1 of this Act.

25 (11) The right to access her medical records in
26 accordance with Section 8-2001 of the Code of Civil

1 Procedure.

2 (12) The right to receive information in a language in
3 which she can communicate in accordance with federal law.

4 (13) The right to receive emotional and physical
5 support during labor and birth.

6 (14) The right to freedom of movement during labor and
7 to give birth in the position of her choice, within
8 generally accepted medical standards.

9 (15) The right to contact with her newborn, except
10 where necessary care must be provided to the mother or
11 infant.

12 (16) The right to receive information about
13 breastfeeding.

14 (17) The right to decide collaboratively with
15 caregivers when she and her baby will leave the birth site
16 for home, based on their conditions and circumstances.

17 (18) The right to be treated with respect at all times
18 before, during, and after pregnancy by her health care
19 professionals.

20 (19) The right of each patient, regardless of source of
21 payment, to examine and receive a reasonable explanation of
22 her total bill for services rendered by her maternity care
23 professional or health care provider, including itemized
24 charges for specific services received. Each maternity
25 care professional or health care provider shall be
26 responsible only for a reasonable explanation of those

1 specific services provided by the maternity care
2 professional or health care provider.

3 (b) The Department of Public Health, Department of
4 Healthcare and Family Services, Department of Children and
5 Family Services, and Department of Human Services shall post,
6 either by physical or electronic means, information about these
7 rights on their publicly available websites. Every health care
8 provider, day care center licensed under the Child Care Act of
9 1969, Head Start, and community center shall post information
10 about these rights in a prominent place and on their websites,
11 if applicable.

12 (c) The Department of Public Health shall adopt rules to
13 implement this Section.

14 (d) Nothing in this Section or any rules adopted under
15 subsection (c) shall be construed to require a physician,
16 health care professional, hospital, hospital affiliate, or
17 health care provider to provide care inconsistent with
18 generally accepted medical standards or available capabilities
19 or resources.

20 (Source: P.A. 101-445, eff. 1-1-20.)

21 (410 ILCS 50/5.2)

22 Sec. 5.2. Emergency room anti-discrimination notice. Every
23 hospital shall post, either by physical or electronic means, a
24 sign next to or in close proximity of its sign required by
25 Section 489.20 (q) (1) of Title 42 of the Code of Federal

1 Regulations stating the following:

2 "You have the right not to be discriminated against by the
3 hospital due to your race, color, or national origin if these
4 characteristics are unrelated to your diagnosis or treatment.
5 If you believe this right has been violated, please call
6 (insert number for hospital grievance officer).".

7 (Source: P.A. 97-485, eff. 8-22-11.)

8 Section 15-20. The Smoke Free Illinois Act is amended by
9 changing Section 20 as follows:

10 (410 ILCS 82/20)

11 Sec. 20. Posting of signs; removal of ashtrays.

12 (a) "No Smoking" signs or the international "No Smoking"
13 symbol, consisting of a pictorial representation of a burning
14 cigarette enclosed in a red circle with a red bar across it,
15 shall be clearly and conspicuously posted in each public place
16 and place of employment where smoking is prohibited by this Act
17 by the owner, operator, manager, or other person in control of
18 that place. When the public place or place of employment is a
19 health care facility, the "No Smoking" sign or symbol may be
20 posted by electronic means.

21 (b) Each public place and place of employment where smoking
22 is prohibited by this Act shall have posted at every entrance a
23 conspicuous sign clearly stating that smoking is prohibited.
24 When the public place or place of employment is a health care

1 facility, the sign may be posted by electronic means.

2 (c) All ashtrays shall be removed from any area where
3 smoking is prohibited by this Act by the owner, operator,
4 manager, or other person having control of the area.

5 (Source: P.A. 95-17, eff. 1-1-08.)

6 Section 15-25. The Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act
7 is amended by changing Section 22 as follows:

8 (325 ILCS 2/22)

9 Sec. 22. Signs. Every hospital, fire station, emergency
10 medical facility, and police station that is required to accept
11 a relinquished newborn infant in accordance with this Act must
12 post, either by physical or electronic means, a sign in a
13 conspicuous place on the exterior of the building housing the
14 facility informing persons that a newborn infant may be
15 relinquished at the facility in accordance with this Act. The
16 Department shall prescribe specifications for the signs and for
17 their placement that will ensure statewide uniformity.

18 This Section does not apply to a hospital, fire station,
19 emergency medical facility, or police station that has a sign
20 that is consistent with the requirements of this Section that
21 is posted on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
22 95th General Assembly.

23 (Source: P.A. 95-275, eff. 8-17-07.)

1 Section 15-30. The Crime Victims Compensation Act is
2 amended by changing Section 5.1 as follows:

3 (740 ILCS 45/5.1) (from Ch. 70, par. 75.1)

4 Sec. 5.1. (a) Every hospital licensed under the laws of
5 this State shall display prominently in its emergency room
6 posters giving notification of the existence and general
7 provisions of this Act. The posters may be displayed by
8 physical or electronic means. Such posters shall be provided by
9 the Attorney General.

10 (b) Any law enforcement agency that investigates an offense
11 committed in this State shall inform the victim of the offense
12 or his dependents concerning the availability of an award of
13 compensation and advise such persons that any information
14 concerning this Act and the filing of a claim may be obtained
15 from the office of the Attorney General.

16 (Source: P.A. 81-1013.)

17 Section 15-35. The Human Trafficking Resource Center
18 Notice Act is amended by changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

19 (775 ILCS 50/5)

20 Sec. 5. Posted notice required.

21 (a) Each of the following businesses and other
22 establishments shall, upon the availability of the model notice
23 described in Section 15 of this Act, post a notice that

1 complies with the requirements of this Act in a conspicuous
2 place near the public entrance of the establishment or in
3 another conspicuous location in clear view of the public and
4 employees where similar notices are customarily posted:

5 (1) On premise consumption retailer licensees under
6 the Liquor Control Act of 1934 where the sale of alcoholic
7 liquor is the principal business carried on by the licensee
8 at the premises and primary to the sale of food.

9 (2) Adult entertainment facilities, as defined in
10 Section 5-1097.5 of the Counties Code.

11 (3) Primary airports, as defined in Section 47102(16)
12 of Title 49 of the United States Code.

13 (4) Intercity passenger rail or light rail stations.

14 (5) Bus stations.

15 (6) Truck stops. For purposes of this Act, "truck stop"
16 means a privately-owned and operated facility that
17 provides food, fuel, shower or other sanitary facilities,
18 and lawful overnight truck parking.

19 (7) Emergency rooms within general acute care
20 hospitals, in which case the notice may be posted by
21 electronic means.

22 (8) Urgent care centers, in which case the notice may
23 be posted by electronic means.

24 (9) Farm labor contractors. For purposes of this Act,
25 "farm labor contractor" means: (i) any person who for a fee
26 or other valuable consideration recruits, supplies, or

1 hires, or transports in connection therewith, into or
2 within the State, any farmworker not of the contractor's
3 immediate family to work for, or under the direction,
4 supervision, or control of, a third person; or (ii) any
5 person who for a fee or other valuable consideration
6 recruits, supplies, or hires, or transports in connection
7 therewith, into or within the State, any farmworker not of
8 the contractor's immediate family, and who for a fee or
9 other valuable consideration directs, supervises, or
10 controls all or any part of the work of the farmworker or
11 who disburses wages to the farmworker. However, "farm labor
12 contractor" does not include full-time regular employees
13 of food processing companies when the employees are engaged
14 in recruiting for the companies if those employees are not
15 compensated according to the number of farmworkers they
16 recruit.

17 (10) Privately-operated job recruitment centers.

18 (11) Massage establishments. As used in this Act,
19 "massage establishment" means a place of business in which
20 any method of massage therapy is administered or practiced
21 for compensation. "Massage establishment" does not
22 include: an establishment at which persons licensed under
23 the Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Illinois Physical
24 Therapy Act, or the Naprapathic Practice Act engage in
25 practice under one of those Acts; a business owned by a
26 sole licensed massage therapist; or a cosmetology or

1 esthetics salon registered under the Barber, Cosmetology,
2 Esthetics, Hair Braiding, and Nail Technology Act of 1985.

3 (b) The Department of Transportation shall, upon the
4 availability of the model notice described in Section 15 of
5 this Act, post a notice that complies with the requirements of
6 this Act in a conspicuous place near the public entrance of
7 each roadside rest area or in another conspicuous location in
8 clear view of the public and employees where similar notices
9 are customarily posted.

10 (c) The owner of a hotel or motel shall, upon the
11 availability of the model notice described in Section 15 of
12 this Act, post a notice that complies with the requirements of
13 this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the
14 premises in clear view of the employees where similar notices
15 are customarily posted.

16 (d) The organizer of a public gathering or special event
17 that is conducted on property open to the public and requires
18 the issuance of a permit from the unit of local government
19 shall post a notice that complies with the requirements of this
20 Act in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the
21 premises in clear view of the public and employees where
22 similar notices are customarily posted.

23 (e) The administrator of a public or private elementary
24 school or public or private secondary school shall post a
25 printout of the downloadable notice provided by the Department
26 of Human Services under Section 15 that complies with the

1 requirements of this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place
2 chosen by the administrator in the administrative office or
3 another location in view of school employees. School districts
4 and personnel are not subject to the penalties provided under
5 subsection (a) of Section 20.

6 (f) The owner of an establishment registered under the
7 Tattoo and Body Piercing Establishment Registration Act shall
8 post a notice that complies with the requirements of this Act
9 in a conspicuous and accessible place in clear view of
10 establishment employees.

11 (Source: P.A. 99-99, eff. 1-1-16; 99-565, eff. 7-1-17; 100-671,
12 eff. 1-1-19.)

13 (775 ILCS 50/10)

14 Sec. 10. Form of posted notice.

15 (a) The notice required under this Act shall be at least 8
16 1/2 inches by 11 inches in size, written in a 16-point font,
17 except that when the notice is provided by electronic means the
18 size of the notice and font shall not be required to comply
19 with these specifications, and shall state the following:

20 "If you or someone you know is being forced to engage in any
21 activity and cannot leave, whether it is commercial sex,
22 housework, farm work, construction, factory, retail, or
23 restaurant work, or any other activity, call the National Human
24 Trafficking Resource Center at 1-888-373-7888 to access help

1 and services.

2 Victims of slavery and human trafficking are protected under
3 United States and Illinois law. The hotline is:

4 * Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

5 * Toll-free.

6 * Operated by nonprofit nongovernmental organizations.

7 * Anonymous and confidential.

8 * Accessible in more than 160 languages.

9 * Able to provide help, referral to services, training,
10 and general information.".

11 (b) The notice shall be printed in English, Spanish, and in
12 one other language that is the most widely spoken language in
13 the county where the establishment is located and for which
14 translation is mandated by the federal Voting Rights Act, as
15 applicable. This subsection does not require a business or
16 other establishment in a county where a language other than
17 English or Spanish is the most widely spoken language to print
18 the notice in more than one language in addition to English and
19 Spanish.

20 (Source: P.A. 99-99, eff. 1-1-16.)

21 Article 20.

22 Section 20-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is

1 amended by adding Section 8d as follows:

2 (110 ILCS 330/8d new)

3 Sec. 8d. N95 masks. The University of Illinois Hospital
4 shall provide N95 masks to physicians licensed under the
5 Medical Practice Act of 1987, registered nurses and advanced
6 practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse Licensing
7 Act, and other employees, to the extent the hospital determines
8 that the physician, registered nurse, advanced practice
9 registered nurse, or other employee is required to have such a
10 mask to serve patients of the hospital, in accordance with the
11 policies, guidance, and recommendations of State and federal
12 public health and infection control authorities and taking into
13 consideration the limitations on access to N95 masks caused by
14 disruptions in local, State, national, and international
15 supply chains; however, nothing in this Section shall be
16 construed to impose any new duty or obligation on the hospital
17 that is greater than that imposed under State and federal laws
18 in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
19 101st General Assembly. This Section is repealed on December
20 31, 2021.

21 Section 20-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
22 adding Section 6.28 as follows:

23 (210 ILCS 85/6.28 new)

1 (a) On and after July 1, 2008, the inpatient, per diem rate
2 to be paid to a hospital for inpatient psychiatric services
3 shall be \$363.77.

4 (b) For purposes of this Section, "hospital" means the
5 following:

6 (1) Advocate Christ Hospital, Oak Lawn, Illinois.

7 (2) Barnes-Jewish Hospital, St. Louis, Missouri.

8 (3) BroMenn Healthcare, Bloomington, Illinois.

9 (4) Jackson Park Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

10 (5) Katherine Shaw Bethea Hospital, Dixon, Illinois.

11 (6) Lawrence County Memorial Hospital, Lawrenceville,
12 Illinois.

13 (7) Advocate Lutheran General Hospital, Park Ridge,
14 Illinois.

15 (8) Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, Chicago,
16 Illinois.

17 (9) Methodist Medical Center of Illinois, Peoria,
18 Illinois.

19 (10) Provena United Samaritans Medical Center,
20 Danville, Illinois.

21 (11) Rockford Memorial Hospital, Rockford, Illinois.

22 (12) Sarah Bush Lincoln Health Center, Mattoon,
23 Illinois.

24 (13) Provena Covenant Medical Center, Urbana,
25 Illinois.

26 (14) Rush-Presbyterian-St. Luke's Medical Center,

1 Chicago, Illinois.

2 (15) Mt. Sinai Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

3 (16) Gateway Regional Medical Center, Granite City,
4 Illinois.

5 (17) St. Mary of Nazareth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

6 (18) Provena St. Mary's Hospital, Kankakee, Illinois.

7 (19) St. Mary's Hospital, Decatur, Illinois.

8 (20) Memorial Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

9 (21) Swedish Covenant Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

10 (22) Trinity Medical Center, Rock Island, Illinois.

11 (23) St. Elizabeth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

12 (24) Richland Memorial Hospital, Olney, Illinois.

13 (25) St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

14 (26) Samaritan Health System, Clinton, Iowa.

15 (27) St. John's Hospital, Springfield, Illinois.

16 (28) St. Mary's Hospital, Centralia, Illinois.

17 (29) Loretto Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

18 (30) Kenneth Hall Regional Hospital, East St. Louis,
19 Illinois.

20 (31) Hinsdale Hospital, Hinsdale, Illinois.

21 (32) Pekin Hospital, Pekin, Illinois.

22 (33) University of Chicago Medical Center, Chicago,
23 Illinois.

24 (34) St. Anthony's Health Center, Alton, Illinois.

25 (35) OSF St. Francis Medical Center, Peoria, Illinois.

26 (36) Memorial Medical Center, Springfield, Illinois.

1 (37) A hospital with a distinct part unit for
2 psychiatric services that begins operating on or after July
3 1, 2008.

4 For purposes of this Section, "inpatient psychiatric
5 services" means those services provided to patients who are in
6 need of short-term acute inpatient hospitalization for active
7 treatment of an emotional or mental disorder.

8 (b-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section,
9 the inpatient, per diem rate to be paid to all safety-net
10 hospitals for inpatient psychiatric services on and after
11 January 1, 2021 shall be at least \$630.

12 (c) No rules shall be promulgated to implement this
13 Section. For purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the
14 meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois
15 Administrative Procedure Act.

16 (d) This Section shall not be in effect during any period
17 of time that the State has in place a fully operational
18 hospital assessment plan that has been approved by the Centers
19 for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of
20 Health and Human Services.

21 (e) On and after July 1, 2012, the Department shall reduce
22 any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments or
23 alter any methodologies authorized by this Code to reduce any
24 rate of reimbursement for services or other payments in
25 accordance with Section 5-5e.

26 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12.)

1 Title IV. Medical Implicit Bias

2 Article 45.

3 Section 45-5. The Department of Professional Regulation
4 Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by
5 adding Section 2105-15.7 as follows:

6 (20 ILCS 2105/2105-15.7 new)

7 Sec. 2105-15.7. Implicit bias awareness training.

8 (a) As used in this Section, "health care professional"
9 means a person licensed or registered by the Department of
10 Financial and Professional Regulation under the following
11 Acts: Medical Practice Act of 1987, Nurse Practice Act,
12 Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, Illinois Dental Practice
13 Act, Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987, Pharmacy
14 Practice Act, Illinois Physical Therapy Act, Physician
15 Assistant Practice Act of 1987, Acupuncture Practice Act,
16 Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act, Clinical Social Work
17 and Social Work Practice Act, Dietitian Nutritionist Practice
18 Act, Home Medical Equipment and Services Provider License Act,
19 Naprapathic Practice Act, Nursing Home Administrators
20 Licensing and Disciplinary Act, Illinois Occupational Therapy
21 Practice Act, Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987,
22 Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987, Respiratory Care

1 Practice Act, Professional Counselor and Clinical Professional
2 Counselor Licensing and Practice Act, Sex Offender Evaluation
3 and Treatment Provider Act, Illinois Speech-Language Pathology
4 and Audiology Practice Act, Perfusionist Practice Act,
5 Registered Surgical Assistant and Registered Surgical
6 Technologist Title Protection Act, and Genetic Counselor
7 Licensing Act.

8 (b) For license or registration renewals occurring on or
9 after January 1, 2022, a health care professional who has
10 continuing education requirements must complete at least a
11 one-hour course in training on implicit bias awareness per
12 renewal period. A health care professional may count this one
13 hour for completion of this course toward meeting the minimum
14 credit hours required for continuing education. Any training on
15 implicit bias awareness applied to meet any other State
16 licensure requirement, professional accreditation or
17 certification requirement, or health care institutional
18 practice agreement may count toward the one-hour requirement
19 under this Section.

20 (c) The Department may adopt rules for the implementation
21 of this Section.

22 Title V. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Treatment

23 Article 50.

1 Section 50-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
2 amended by changing Section 414 as follows:

3 (720 ILCS 570/414)

4 Sec. 414. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

5 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a
6 controlled substance-induced physiological event that results
7 in a life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,
8 inhaled, injected or otherwise bodily absorbed a controlled,
9 counterfeit, or look-alike substance or a controlled substance
10 analog.

11 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency
12 medical assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall
13 not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of
14 Section 401 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,
15 Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 55
16 or 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection
17 Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph
18 (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code
19 of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony possession of a controlled, counterfeit,~~
20 ~~or look-alike substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if
21 evidence for the violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was
22 acquired as a result of the person seeking or obtaining
23 emergency medical assistance and providing the amount of
24 substance recovered is within the amount identified in
25 subsection (d) of this Section. The violations listed in this

1 subsection (b) must not serve as the sole basis of a violation
2 of parole, mandatory supervised release, probation, or
3 conditional discharge, or any seizure of property under any
4 State law authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence
5 for the violation was acquired as a result of the person
6 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event
7 of an overdose.

8 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be
9 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 401
10 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 3.5
11 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the
12 Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of
13 Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony~~
14 ~~possession of a controlled, counterfeit, or look alike~~
15 ~~substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if evidence for the
16 violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was acquired as a
17 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
18 assistance and providing the amount of substance recovered is
19 within the amount identified in subsection (d) of this Section.
20 The violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as
21 the sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised
22 release, probation, or conditional discharge, or any seizure of
23 property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture so
24 long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a result
25 of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance
26 in the event of an overdose.

1 (d) For the purposes of subsections (b) and (c), the
2 limited immunity shall only apply to a person possessing the
3 following amount:

4 (1) less than 3 grams of a substance containing heroin;

5 (2) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
6 cocaine;

7 (3) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
8 morphine;

9 (4) less than 40 grams of a substance containing
10 peyote;

11 (5) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a
12 derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a
13 derivative of barbituric acid;

14 (6) less than 40 grams of a substance containing
15 amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of
16 amphetamine;

17 (7) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
18 lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

19 (8) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
20 pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
21 isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;

22 (9) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
23 methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
24 isomers of methaqualone;

25 (10) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
26 phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of

1 isomers of phencyclidine (PCP);

2 (11) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
3 ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers
4 of ketamine;

5 (12) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a
6 substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedules I or
7 II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included
8 in this subsection.

9 (e) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and
10 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement
11 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,
12 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this
13 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or
14 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or
15 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or
16 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical
17 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of
18 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in
19 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the
20 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the
21 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other
22 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other
23 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a
24 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
25 assistance in the event of an overdose.

26 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

1 Section 50-10. The Methamphetamine Control and Community
2 Protection Act is amended by changing Section 115 as follows:

3 (720 ILCS 646/115)

4 Sec. 115. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

5 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a
6 methamphetamine-induced physiological event that results in a
7 life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,
8 inhaled, injected, or otherwise bodily absorbed
9 methamphetamine.

10 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks emergency medical
11 assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall not be
12 arrested, charged or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55
13 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia
14 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or
15 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the
16 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~
17 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the violation ~~Class 3 felony~~
18 ~~possession charge~~ was acquired as a result of the person
19 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance and
20 providing the amount of substance recovered is less than 3
21 grams ~~one gram~~ of methamphetamine or a substance containing
22 methamphetamine. The violations listed in this subsection (b)
23 must not serve as the sole basis of a violation of parole,
24 mandatory supervised release, probation, or conditional

1 discharge, or any seizure of property under any State law
2 authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence for the
3 violation was acquired as a result of the person seeking or
4 obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event of an
5 overdose.

6 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be
7 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55
8 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia
9 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or
10 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the
11 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~
12 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the Class 3 felony possession
13 charge was acquired as a result of the person seeking or
14 obtaining emergency medical assistance and providing the
15 amount of substance recovered is less than one gram of
16 methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine. The
17 violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as the
18 sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised
19 release, probation, or conditional discharge, or any seizure of
20 property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture so
21 long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a result
22 of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance
23 in the event of an overdose.

24 (d) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and
25 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement
26 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,

1 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this
2 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or
3 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or
4 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or
5 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical
6 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of
7 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in
8 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the
9 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the
10 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other
11 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other
12 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a
13 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
14 assistance in the event of an overdose.

15 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

16 Article 55.

17 Section 55-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
18 amended by changing Section 316 as follows:

19 (720 ILCS 570/316)

20 Sec. 316. Prescription Monitoring Program.

21 (a) The Department must provide for a Prescription
22 Monitoring Program for Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled
23 substances that includes the following components and

1 requirements:

2 (1) The dispenser must transmit to the central
3 repository, in a form and manner specified by the
4 Department, the following information:

5 (A) The recipient's name and address.

6 (B) The recipient's date of birth and gender.

7 (C) The national drug code number of the controlled
8 substance dispensed.

9 (D) The date the controlled substance is
10 dispensed.

11 (E) The quantity of the controlled substance
12 dispensed and days supply.

13 (F) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement
14 Administration registration number.

15 (G) The prescriber's United States Drug
16 Enforcement Administration registration number.

17 (H) The dates the controlled substance
18 prescription is filled.

19 (I) The payment type used to purchase the
20 controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party
21 insurance).

22 (J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing
23 home, outpatient, etc.) for the controlled substances
24 other than those filled at a retail pharmacy.

25 (K) Any additional information that may be
26 required by the department by administrative rule,

1 including but not limited to information required for
2 compliance with the criteria for electronic reporting
3 of the American Society for Automation and Pharmacy or
4 its successor.

5 (2) The information required to be transmitted under
6 this Section must be transmitted not later than the end of
7 the next business day after the date on which a controlled
8 substance is dispensed, or at such other time as may be
9 required by the Department by administrative rule.

10 (3) A dispenser must transmit the information required
11 under this Section by:

12 (A) an electronic device compatible with the
13 receiving device of the central repository;

14 (B) a computer diskette;

15 (C) a magnetic tape; or

16 (D) a pharmacy universal claim form or Pharmacy
17 Inventory Control form.

18 (3.5) The requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)
19 of this subsection (a) also apply to opioid treatment
20 programs that prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, or V
21 controlled substances for the treatment of opioid use
22 disorder.

23 (4) The Department may impose a civil fine of up to
24 \$100 per day for willful failure to report controlled
25 substance dispensing to the Prescription Monitoring
26 Program. The fine shall be calculated on no more than the

1 number of days from the time the report was required to be
2 made until the time the problem was resolved, and shall be
3 payable to the Prescription Monitoring Program.

4 (a-5) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a licensed
5 veterinarian is exempt from the reporting requirements of this
6 Section. If a person who is presenting an animal for treatment
7 is suspected of fraudulently obtaining any controlled
8 substance or prescription for a controlled substance, the
9 licensed veterinarian shall report that information to the
10 local law enforcement agency.

11 (b) The Department, by rule, may include in the
12 Prescription Monitoring Program certain other select drugs
13 that are not included in Schedule II, III, IV, or V. The
14 Prescription Monitoring Program does not apply to controlled
15 substance prescriptions as exempted under Section 313.

16 (c) The collection of data on select drugs and scheduled
17 substances by the Prescription Monitoring Program may be used
18 as a tool for addressing oversight requirements of long-term
19 care institutions as set forth by Public Act 96-1372. Long-term
20 care pharmacies shall transmit patient medication profiles to
21 the Prescription Monitoring Program monthly or more frequently
22 as established by administrative rule.

23 (d) The Department of Human Services shall appoint a
24 full-time Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring
25 Program.

26 (e) (Blank).

1 (f) Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date
2 of Public Act 100-564), the Department shall adopt rules
3 requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface
4 with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program
5 on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all providers have
6 access to specific patient records during the treatment of
7 their patients. These rules shall also address the electronic
8 integration of pharmacy records with the Prescription
9 Monitoring Program to allow for faster transmission of the
10 information required under this Section. The Department shall
11 establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic
12 Health Records System does not effectively interface with the
13 Prescription Monitoring Program within the required timeline.

14 (g) The Department, in consultation with the Advisory
15 Committee, shall adopt rules allowing licensed prescribers or
16 pharmacists who have registered to access the Prescription
17 Monitoring Program to authorize a licensed or non-licensed
18 designee employed in that licensed prescriber's office or a
19 licensed designee in a licensed pharmacist's pharmacy who has
20 received training in the federal Health Insurance Portability
21 and Accountability Act to consult the Prescription Monitoring
22 Program on their behalf. The rules shall include reasonable
23 parameters concerning a practitioner's authority to authorize
24 a designee, and the eligibility of a person to be selected as a
25 designee. In this subsection (g), "pharmacist" shall include a
26 clinical pharmacist employed by and designated by a Medicaid

1 Managed Care Organization providing services under Article V of
2 the Illinois Public Aid Code under a contract with the
3 Department of Healthcare and Family Services for the sole
4 purpose of clinical review of services provided to persons
5 covered by the entity under the contract to determine
6 compliance with subsections (a) and (b) of Section 314.5 of
7 this Act. A managed care entity pharmacist shall notify
8 prescribers of review activities.

9 (Source: P.A. 100-564, eff. 1-1-18; 100-861, eff. 8-14-18;
10 100-1005, eff. 8-21-18; 100-1093, eff. 8-26-18; 101-81, eff.
11 7-12-19; 101-414, eff. 8-16-19.)

12 Article 60.

13 Section 60-5. The Adult Protective Services Act is amended
14 by adding Section 3.1 as follows:

15 (320 ILCS 20/3.1 new)

16 Sec. 3.1. Adult protective services dementia training.

17 (a) This Section shall apply to any person who is employed
18 by the Department in the Adult Protective Services division who
19 works on the development and implementation of social services
20 to respond to and prevent adult abuse, neglect, or
21 exploitation, subject to or until specific appropriations
22 become available.

23 (b) The Department shall develop and implement a dementia

1 training program that must include instruction on the
2 identification of people with dementia, risks such as
3 wandering, communication impairments, elder abuse, and the
4 best practices for interacting with people with dementia.

5 (c) Initial training of 4 hours shall be completed at the
6 start of employment with the Adult Protective Services division
7 and shall cover the following:

8 (1) Dementia, psychiatric, and behavioral symptoms.

9 (2) Communication issues, including how to communicate
10 respectfully and effectively.

11 (3) Techniques for understanding and approaching
12 behavioral symptoms.

13 (4) Information on how to address specific aspects of
14 safety, for example tips to prevent wandering.

15 (5) When it is necessary to alert law enforcement
16 agencies of potential criminal behavior involving a family
17 member, caretaker, or institutional abuse; neglect or
18 exploitation of a person with dementia; and what types of
19 abuse that are most common to people with dementia.

20 (6) Identifying incidents of self-neglect for people
21 with dementia who live alone as well as neglect by a
22 caregiver.

23 (7) Protocols for connecting people living with
24 dementia to local care resources and professionals who are
25 skilled in dementia care to encourage cross-referral and
26 reporting regarding incidents of abuse.

1 (d) Annual continuing education shall include 2 hours of
2 dementia training covering the subjects described in
3 subsection (c).

4 (e) This Section is designed to address gaps in current
5 dementia training requirements for Adult Protective Services
6 officials and improve the quality of training. If currently
7 existing law or rules contain more rigorous training
8 requirements for Adult Protective Service officials, those
9 laws or rules shall apply. Where there is overlap between this
10 Section and other laws and rules, the Department shall
11 interpret this Section to avoid duplication of requirements
12 while ensuring that the minimum requirements set in this
13 Section are met.

14 (f) The Department may adopt rules for the administration
15 of this Section.

16 Article 65.

17 Section 65-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
18 Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of Illinois Act.
19 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

20 Section 65-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds as
21 follows:

- 22 (1) There are insufficient behavioral health
23 professionals in this State's behavioral health workforce

1 and further that there are insufficient behavioral health
2 professionals trained in evidence-based practices.

3 (2) The Illinois behavioral health workforce situation
4 is at a crisis state and the lack of a behavioral health
5 strategy is exacerbating the problem.

6 (3) In 2019, the Journal of Community Health found that
7 suicide rates are disproportionately higher among African
8 American adolescents. From 2001 to 2017, the rate for
9 African American teen boys rose 60%, according to the
10 study. Among African American teen girls, rates nearly
11 tripled, rising by an astounding 182%. Illinois was among
12 the 10 states with the greatest number of African American
13 adolescent suicides (2015-2017).

14 (4) Workforce shortages are evident in all behavioral
15 health professions, including, but not limited to,
16 psychiatry, psychiatric nursing, psychiatric physician
17 assistant, social work (licensed social work, licensed
18 clinical social work), counseling (licensed professional
19 counseling, licensed clinical professional counseling),
20 marriage and family therapy, licensed clinical psychology,
21 occupational therapy, prevention, substance use disorder
22 counseling, and peer support.

23 (5) The shortage of behavioral health practitioners
24 affects every Illinois county, every group of people with
25 behavioral health needs, including children and
26 adolescents, justice-involved populations, working adults,

1 people experiencing homelessness, veterans, and older
2 adults, and every health care and social service setting,
3 from residential facilities and hospitals to
4 community-based organizations and primary care clinics.

5 (6) Estimates of unmet needs consistently highlight
6 the dire situation in Illinois. Mental Health America ranks
7 Illinois 29th in the country in mental health workforce
8 availability based on its 480-to-1 ratio of population to
9 mental health professionals, and the Kaiser Family
10 Foundation estimates that only 23.3% of Illinoisans'
11 mental health needs can be met with its current workforce.

12 (7) Shortages are especially acute in rural areas and
13 among low-income and under-insured individuals and
14 families. 30.3% of Illinois' rural hospitals are in
15 designated primary care shortage areas and 93.7% are in
16 designated mental health shortage areas. Nationally, 40%
17 of psychiatrists work in cash-only practices, limiting
18 access for those who cannot afford high out-of-pocket
19 costs, especially Medicaid eligible individuals and
20 families.

21 (8) Spanish-speaking therapists in suburban Cook
22 County, as well as in immigrant new growth communities
23 throughout the State, for example, and master's-prepared
24 social workers in rural communities are especially
25 difficult to recruit and retain.

26 (9) Illinois' shortage of psychiatrists specializing

1 in serving children and adolescents is also severe.
2 Eighty-one out of 102 Illinois counties have no child and
3 adolescent psychiatrists, and the remaining 21 counties
4 have only 310 child and adolescent psychiatrists for a
5 population of 2,450,000 children.

6 (10) Only 38.9% of the 121,000 Illinois youth aged 12
7 through 17 who experienced a major depressive episode
8 received care.

9 (11) An annual average of 799,000 people in Illinois
10 aged 12 and older need but do not receive substance use
11 disorder treatment at specialty facilities.

12 (12) According to the Statewide Semiannual Opioid
13 Report, Illinois Department of Public Health, September
14 2020, the number of opioid deaths in Illinois has increased
15 3% from 2,167 deaths in 2018 to 2,233 deaths in 2019.

16 (13) Behavioral health workforce shortages have led to
17 well-documented problems of long wait times for
18 appointments with psychiatrists (4 to 6 months in some
19 cases), high turnover, and unfilled vacancies for social
20 workers and other behavioral health professionals that
21 have eroded the gains in insurance coverage for mental
22 illness and substance use disorder under the federal
23 Affordable Care Act and parity laws.

24 (14) As a result, individuals with mental illness or
25 substance use disorders end up in hospital emergency rooms,
26 which are the most expensive level of care, or are

1 incarcerated and do not receive adequate care, if any.

2 (15) There are many organizations and institutions
3 that are affected by behavioral health workforce
4 shortages, but no one entity is responsible for monitoring
5 the workforce supply and intervening to ensure it can
6 effectively meet behavioral health needs throughout the
7 State.

8 (16) Workforce shortages are more complex than simple
9 numerical shortfalls. Identifying the optimal number,
10 type, and location of behavioral health professionals to
11 meet the differing needs of Illinois' diverse regions and
12 populations across the lifespan is a difficult logistical
13 problem at the system and practice level that requires
14 coordinated efforts in research, education, service
15 delivery, and policy.

16 (17) This State has a compelling and substantial
17 interest in building a pipeline for behavioral health
18 professionals and to anchor research and education for
19 behavioral health workforce development. Beginning with
20 the proposed Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center
21 of Illinois, Illinois has the chance to develop a blueprint
22 to be a national leader in behavioral health workforce
23 development.

24 (18) The State must act now to improve the ability of
25 its residents to achieve their human potential and to live
26 healthy, productive lives by reducing the misery and

1 suffering with unmet behavioral health needs.

2 Section 65-10. Behavioral Health Workforce Education
3 Center of Illinois.

4 (a) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
5 Illinois is created and shall be administered by a teaching,
6 research, or both teaching and research public institution of
7 higher education in this State. Subject to appropriation, the
8 Center shall be operational on or before July 1, 2022.

9 (b) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
10 Illinois shall leverage workforce and behavioral health
11 resources, including, but not limited to, State, federal, and
12 foundation grant funding, federal Workforce Investment Act of
13 1998 programs, the National Health Service Corps and other
14 nongraduate medical education physician workforce training
15 programs, and existing behavioral health partnerships, and
16 align with reforms in Illinois.

17 Section 65-15. Structure.

18 (a) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
19 Illinois shall be structured as a multisite model, and the
20 administering public institution of higher education shall
21 serve as the hub institution, complemented by secondary
22 regional hubs, namely academic institutions, that serve rural
23 and small urban areas and at least one academic institution
24 serving a densely urban municipality with more than 1,000,000

1 inhabitants.

2 (b) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
3 Illinois shall be located within one academic institution and
4 shall be tasked with a convening and coordinating role for
5 workforce research and planning, including monitoring progress
6 toward Center goals.

7 (c) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
8 Illinois shall also coordinate with key State agencies involved
9 in behavioral health, workforce development, and higher
10 education in order to leverage disparate resources from health
11 care, workforce, and economic development programs in Illinois
12 government.

13 Section 65-20. Duties. The Behavioral Health Workforce
14 Education Center of Illinois shall perform the following
15 duties:

16 (1) Organize a consortium of universities in
17 partnerships with providers, school districts, law
18 enforcement, consumers and their families, State agencies,
19 and other stakeholders to implement workforce development
20 concepts and strategies in every region of this State.

21 (2) Be responsible for developing and implementing a
22 strategic plan for the recruitment, education, and
23 retention of a qualified, diverse, and evolving behavioral
24 health workforce in this State. Its planning and activities
25 shall include:

1 (A) convening and organizing vested stakeholders
2 spanning government agencies, clinics, behavioral
3 health facilities, prevention programs, hospitals,
4 schools, jails, prisons and juvenile justice, police
5 and emergency medical services, consumers and their
6 families, and other stakeholders;

7 (B) collecting and analyzing data on the
8 behavioral health workforce in Illinois, with detailed
9 information on specialties, credentials, additional
10 qualifications (such as training or experience in
11 particular models of care), location of practice, and
12 demographic characteristics, including age, gender,
13 race and ethnicity, and languages spoken;

14 (C) building partnerships with school districts,
15 public institutions of higher education, and workforce
16 investment agencies to create pipelines to behavioral
17 health careers from high schools and colleges,
18 pathways to behavioral health specialization among
19 health professional students, and expanded behavioral
20 health residency and internship opportunities for
21 graduates;

22 (D) evaluating and disseminating information about
23 evidence-based practices emerging from research
24 regarding promising modalities of treatment, care
25 coordination models, and medications;

26 (E) developing systems for tracking the

1 utilization of evidence-based practices that most
2 effectively meet behavioral health needs; and

3 (F) providing technical assistance to support
4 professional training and continuing education
5 programs that provide effective training in
6 evidence-based behavioral health practices.

7 (3) Coordinate data collection and analysis, including
8 systematic tracking of the behavioral health workforce and
9 datasets that support workforce planning for an
10 accessible, high-quality behavioral health system. In the
11 medium to long-term, the Center shall develop Illinois
12 behavioral workforce data capacity by:

13 (A) filling gaps in workforce data by collecting
14 information on specialty, training, and qualifications
15 for specific models of care, demographic
16 characteristics, including gender, race, ethnicity,
17 and languages spoken, and participation in public and
18 private insurance networks;

19 (B) identifying the highest priority geographies,
20 populations, and occupations for recruitment and
21 training;

22 (C) monitoring the incidence of behavioral health
23 conditions to improve estimates of unmet need; and

24 (D) compiling up-to-date, evidence-based
25 practices, monitoring utilization, and aligning
26 training resources to improve the uptake of the most

1 effective practices.

2 (4) Work to grow and advance peer and parent-peer
3 workforce development by:

4 (A) assessing the credentialing and reimbursement
5 processes and recommending reforms;

6 (B) evaluating available peer-parent training
7 models, choosing a model that meets Illinois' needs,
8 and working with partners to implement it universally
9 in child-serving programs throughout this State; and

10 (C) including peer recovery specialists and
11 parent-peer support professionals in interdisciplinary
12 training programs.

13 (5) Focus on the training of behavioral health
14 professionals in telehealth techniques, including taking
15 advantage of a telehealth network that exists, and other
16 innovative means of care delivery in order to increase
17 access to behavioral health services for all persons within
18 this State.

19 (6) No later than December 1 of every odd-numbered
20 year, prepare a report of its activities under this Act.
21 The report shall be filed electronically with the General
22 Assembly, as provided under Section 3.1 of the General
23 Assembly Organization Act, and shall be provided
24 electronically to any member of the General Assembly upon
25 request.

1 Section 65-25. Selection process.

2 (a) No later than 90 days after the effective date of this
3 Act, the Board of Higher Education shall select a public
4 institution of higher education, with input and assistance from
5 the Division of Mental Health of the Department of Human
6 Services, to administer the Behavioral Health Workforce
7 Education Center of Illinois.

8 (b) The selection process shall articulate the principles
9 of the Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
10 Illinois, not inconsistent with this Act.

11 (c) The Board of Higher Education, with input and
12 assistance from the Division of Mental Health of the Department
13 of Human Services, shall make its selection of a public
14 institution of higher education based on its ability and
15 willingness to execute the following tasks:

16 (1) Convening academic institutions providing
17 behavioral health education to:

18 (A) develop curricula to train future behavioral
19 health professionals in evidence-based practices that
20 meet the most urgent needs of Illinois' residents;

21 (B) build capacity to provide clinical training
22 and supervision; and

23 (C) facilitate telehealth services to every region
24 of the State.

25 (2) Functioning as a clearinghouse for research,
26 education, and training efforts to identify and

1 disseminate evidence-based practices across the State.

2 (3) Leveraging financial support from grants and
3 social impact loan funds.

4 (4) Providing infrastructure to organize regional
5 behavioral health education and outreach. As budgets
6 allow, this shall include conference and training space,
7 research and faculty staff time, telehealth, and distance
8 learning equipment.

9 (5) Working with regional hubs that assess and serve
10 the workforce needs of specific, well-defined regions and
11 specialize in specific research and training areas, such as
12 telehealth or mental health-criminal justice partnerships,
13 for which the regional hub can serve as a statewide leader.

14 (d) The Board of Higher Education may adopt such rules as
15 may be necessary to implement and administer this Section.

16 Title VI. Access to Health Care

17 Article 70.

18 Section 70-5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing
19 Section 3-10 as follows:

20 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

21 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
22 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of

1 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of
2 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property
3 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that
4 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling
5 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally
6 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been
7 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at
8 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market
9 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State
10 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail.
11 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the
12 price at which property would change hands between a willing
13 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion
14 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the
15 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by
16 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that
17 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by
18 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of
19 like kind and character in Illinois.

20 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
21 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
22 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
23 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

24 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
25 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of
26 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

1 With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act
2 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after
3 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the
4 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or
5 before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales
6 made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this
7 Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then
8 the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of
9 sales of gasohol made during that time.

10 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax
11 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales
12 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,
13 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made
14 thereafter.

15 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and
16 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies
17 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,
18 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the
19 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,
20 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no
21 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the
22 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%
23 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than
24 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

25 With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with
26 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed

1 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
2 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but
3 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

4 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
5 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
6 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
7 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
8 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription
9 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as
10 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
11 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a
12 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related
13 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the
14 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,
15 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and
16 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~, the tax is
17 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,
18 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any
19 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether
20 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,
21 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all
22 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever
23 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed
24 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but
25 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated
26 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the

1 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks
2 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

3 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
4 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
5 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
6 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
7 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
8 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

9 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
10 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
11 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
12 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
13 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
14 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
15 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
16 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
17 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
18 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
19 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
20 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
22 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
23 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
24 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
25 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
26 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other

1 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
2 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
3 flour or requires refrigeration.

4 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
5 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
6 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
7 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
8 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
9 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
10 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
11 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
12 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
13 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
14 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
15 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
16 label includes:

17 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

18 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
19 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
20 substance or preparation.

21 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
22 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
23 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a
24 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use
25 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

26 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means

1 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
2 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and
3 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
4 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

5 If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer
6 is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
7 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
8 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed
9 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
10 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state
11 use.

12 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
13 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

14 Section 70-10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by
15 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

17 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
18 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
19 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as
20 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of
21 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less
22 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

23 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
24 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the

1 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
2 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

3 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
4 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price
5 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
6 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%
7 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
8 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
9 July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter.

10 If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
11 gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate
12 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
13 the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

14 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
15 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
16 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
17 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
18 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price
19 thereafter.

20 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
21 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
22 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price
23 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
24 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and
25 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,
26 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of

1 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less
2 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate
3 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
4 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%
5 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

6 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
7 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
8 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
9 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price
10 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
11 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but
12 applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

13 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
14 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
15 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an
16 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
17 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
18 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate
19 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax
20 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost
21 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an
22 incident to the sale of those services.

23 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
24 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of
25 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act
26 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the

1 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD
2 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,
3 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at
4 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be
5 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
6 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
7 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
8 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this
9 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
10 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III
11 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
12 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a
13 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related
14 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the
15 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,
16 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and
17 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~. For the
18 purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term
19 "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,
20 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but
21 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,
22 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as
23 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained
24 in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container,
25 regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee,
26 tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk

1 products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk
2 Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or
3 vegetable juice.

4 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
5 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
6 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
7 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
8 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
9 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

10 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
11 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
12 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
13 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
14 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
15 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
16 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
17 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
18 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
19 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
20 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
21 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

22 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
23 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
24 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
25 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
26 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial

1 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
2 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
3 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
4 flour or requires refrigeration.

5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
6 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
7 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
8 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
9 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
10 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
11 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
12 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
13 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
14 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
15 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
16 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
17 label includes:

18 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

19 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
20 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
21 substance or preparation.

22 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
23 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
24 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
25 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
26 Cannabis Program Act.

1 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
2 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
3 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and
4 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
5 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

6 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is
7 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
8 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
9 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed
10 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
11 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state
12 use.

13 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
14 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

15 Section 70-15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by
16 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

17 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

18 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
19 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
20 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use
21 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of
22 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be
23 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible
24 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item

1 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a
2 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on
3 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the
4 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the
5 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the
6 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,
7 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce
8 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this
9 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the
10 tangible personal property transferred incident to the
11 completion of the contract.

12 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
13 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
14 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
15 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

16 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
17 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost
18 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of
19 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,
20 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an
21 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on
22 or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price
23 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
24 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at
25 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
26 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

1 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
2 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
3 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
4 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
5 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price
6 thereafter.

7 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
8 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
9 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price
10 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
11 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and
12 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If,
13 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
14 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less
15 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate
16 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
17 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1%
18 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

19 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
20 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
21 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax
22 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the
23 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the
24 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
25 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price
26 thereafter.

1 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
2 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
3 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an
4 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
5 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
6 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate
7 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax
8 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost
9 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to
10 the sale of those services.

11 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
12 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of
13 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act
14 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the
15 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD
16 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,
17 or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at
18 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be
19 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
20 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
21 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
22 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this
23 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
24 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III
25 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
26 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a

1 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related
2 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the
3 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,
4 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and
5 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~. For the
6 purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term
7 "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,
8 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but
9 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,
10 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as
11 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained
12 in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless
13 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,
14 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
15 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
16 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
17 juice.

18 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
19 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
20 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
21 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
22 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
23 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

24 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
25 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
26 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all

1 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
2 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
3 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
4 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
5 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
6 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
7 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
8 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
9 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

10 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
11 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
12 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
13 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
14 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
15 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
16 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
17 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
18 flour or requires refrigeration.

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
20 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
21 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
22 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
23 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
24 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
25 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
26 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the

1 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
2 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
3 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
4 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
5 label includes:

6 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

7 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
8 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
9 substance or preparation.

10 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
11 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
12 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
13 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
14 Cannabis Program Act.

15 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
16 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
17 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and
18 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
19 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

20 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
21 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

22 Section 70-20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended
23 by changing Section 2-10 as follows:

24 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

1 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
2 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
3 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in
4 the course of business.

5 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
6 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
7 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
8 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

9 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
10 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of
11 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

12 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory
13 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel
14 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a
15 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that
16 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of
17 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has
18 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and
19 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump
20 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be
21 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4
22 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to
23 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a
24 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty
25 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each
26 retail premises where a violation occurs.

1 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
2 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of
3 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,
4 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July
5 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the
6 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,
7 the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the
8 Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax
9 imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of
10 gasohol made during that time.

11 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
12 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
13 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or
14 before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of
15 sales made thereafter.

16 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax
17 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the
18 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of
19 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December
20 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made
21 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
22 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
23 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at
24 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
25 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less
26 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

1 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
2 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
3 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
4 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
5 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but
6 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

7 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
8 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
9 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
10 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
11 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription
12 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as
13 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
14 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a
15 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related
16 to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the
17 purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability,
18 and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials, syringes, and
19 needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use,~~ the tax is
20 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section,
21 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any
22 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether
23 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,
24 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all
25 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever
26 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed

1 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but
2 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated
3 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the
4 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks
5 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
7 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
8 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
9 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
10 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
11 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

12 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
13 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
14 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
15 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
16 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
17 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
18 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
19 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
20 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
21 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
22 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
23 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

24 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
25 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
26 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not

1 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
2 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
3 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other
4 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
5 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
6 flour or requires refrigeration.

7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
8 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
9 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
10 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
11 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
12 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
13 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
14 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
15 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
16 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
17 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
18 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
19 label includes:

20 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

21 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
22 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
23 substance or preparation.

24 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
25 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
26 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a

1 registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use
2 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

3 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
4 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
5 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and
6 does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
7 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

8 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
9 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

10 Article 72.

11 Section 72-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
12 Underlying Causes of Crime and Violence Study Act.

13 Section 72-5. Legislative findings. In the State of
14 Illinois, two-thirds of gun violence is related to suicide, and
15 one-third is related to homicide, claiming approximately
16 12,000 lives a year. Violence has plagued communities,
17 predominantly poor and distressed communities in urban
18 settings, which have always treated violence as a criminal
19 justice issue, instead of a public health issue. On February
20 21, 2018, Pastor Anthony Williams was informed that his son,
21 Nehemiah William, had been shot to death. Due to this
22 disheartening event, Pastor Anthony Williams reached out to
23 State Representative Elizabeth "Lisa" Hernandez, urging that

1 the issue of violence be treated as a disease. In 2018, elected
2 officials from all levels of government started a coalition to
3 address violence as a disease, with the assistance of
4 faith-based organizations, advocates, and community members
5 and held a statewide listening tour from August 2018 to April
6 2019. The listening tour consisted of stops on the South Side
7 and West Side of Chicago, Maywood, Springfield, and East St.
8 Louis, with a future scheduled visit in Danville. During the
9 statewide listening sessions, community members actively
10 discussed neighborhood safety, defining violence and how and
11 why violence occurs in their communities. The listening
12 sessions provided different solutions to address violence,
13 however, all sessions confirmed a disconnect from the
14 priorities of government and the needs of these communities.

15 Section 72-10. Study. The Department of Public Health and
16 the Department of Human Services shall study how to create a
17 process to identify high violence communities, also known as R3
18 (Restore, Reinvest, and Renew) areas, and prioritize State
19 dollars to go to these communities to fund programs as well as
20 community and economic development projects that would address
21 the underlying causes of crime and violence.

22 Due to a variety of reasons, including in particular the
23 State's budget impasse, funds were unavailable to establish
24 such a comprehensive policy. Policies like R3 are needed in
25 order to provide communities that have historically suffered

1 from divestment, poverty, and incarceration with smart
2 solutions that can solve the plague of violence. It is clear
3 that violence is a public health problem that needs to be
4 treated as such, a disease. Research has shown that when
5 violence is treated in such a way, then its effects can be
6 slowed or even halted.

7 Section 72-15. Report. The Department of Public Health and
8 the Department of Human Services are required to report their
9 findings to the General Assembly by December 31, 2021.

10 Article 75.

11 Section 75-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
12 changing Section 9A-11 as follows:

13 (305 ILCS 5/9A-11) (from Ch. 23, par. 9A-11)

14 Sec. 9A-11. Child care.

15 (a) The General Assembly recognizes that families with
16 children need child care in order to work. Child care is
17 expensive and families with low incomes, including those who
18 are transitioning from welfare to work, often struggle to pay
19 the costs of day care. The General Assembly understands the
20 importance of helping low-income working families become and
21 remain self-sufficient. The General Assembly also believes
22 that it is the responsibility of families to share in the costs

1 of child care. It is also the preference of the General
2 Assembly that all working poor families should be treated
3 equally, regardless of their welfare status.

4 (b) To the extent resources permit, the Illinois Department
5 shall provide child care services to parents or other relatives
6 as defined by rule who are working or participating in
7 employment or Department approved education or training
8 programs. At a minimum, the Illinois Department shall cover the
9 following categories of families:

10 (1) recipients of TANF under Article IV participating
11 in work and training activities as specified in the
12 personal plan for employment and self-sufficiency;

13 (2) families transitioning from TANF to work;

14 (3) families at risk of becoming recipients of TANF;

15 (4) families with special needs as defined by rule;

16 (5) working families with very low incomes as defined
17 by rule;

18 (6) families that are not recipients of TANF and that
19 need child care assistance to participate in education and
20 training activities; and

21 (7) families with children under the age of 5 who have
22 an open intact family services case with the Department of
23 Children and Family Services. Any family that receives
24 child care assistance in accordance with this paragraph
25 shall remain eligible for child care assistance 6 months
26 after the child's intact family services case is closed,

1 regardless of whether the child's parents or other
2 relatives as defined by rule are working or participating
3 in Department approved employment or education or training
4 programs. The Department of Human Services, in
5 consultation with the Department of Children and Family
6 Services, shall adopt rules to protect the privacy of
7 families who are the subject of an open intact family
8 services case when such families enroll in child care
9 services. Additional rules shall be adopted to offer
10 children who have an open intact family services case the
11 opportunity to receive an Early Intervention screening and
12 other services that their families may be eligible for as
13 provided by the Department of Human Services.

14 The Department shall specify by rule the conditions of
15 eligibility, the application process, and the types, amounts,
16 and duration of services. Eligibility for child care benefits
17 and the amount of child care provided may vary based on family
18 size, income, and other factors as specified by rule.

19 The Department shall update the Child Care Assistance
20 Program Eligibility Calculator posted on its website to include
21 a question on whether a family is applying for child care
22 assistance for the first time or is applying for a
23 redetermination of eligibility.

24 A family's eligibility for child care services shall be
25 redetermined no sooner than 12 months following the initial
26 determination or most recent redetermination. During the

1 12-month periods, the family shall remain eligible for child
2 care services regardless of (i) a change in family income,
3 unless family income exceeds 85% of State median income, or
4 (ii) a temporary change in the ongoing status of the parents or
5 other relatives, as defined by rule, as working or attending a
6 job training or educational program.

7 In determining income eligibility for child care benefits,
8 the Department annually, at the beginning of each fiscal year,
9 shall establish, by rule, one income threshold for each family
10 size, in relation to percentage of State median income for a
11 family of that size, that makes families with incomes below the
12 specified threshold eligible for assistance and families with
13 incomes above the specified threshold ineligible for
14 assistance. Through and including fiscal year 2007, the
15 specified threshold must be no less than 50% of the
16 then-current State median income for each family size.
17 Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the specified threshold must be
18 no less than 185% of the then-current federal poverty level for
19 each family size. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or
20 administrative rule to the contrary, beginning in fiscal year
21 2019, the specified threshold for working families with very
22 low incomes as defined by rule must be no less than 185% of the
23 then-current federal poverty level for each family size.

24 In determining eligibility for assistance, the Department
25 shall not give preference to any category of recipients or give
26 preference to individuals based on their receipt of benefits

1 under this Code.

2 Nothing in this Section shall be construed as conferring
3 entitlement status to eligible families.

4 The Illinois Department is authorized to lower income
5 eligibility ceilings, raise parent co-payments, create waiting
6 lists, or take such other actions during a fiscal year as are
7 necessary to ensure that child care benefits paid under this
8 Article do not exceed the amounts appropriated for those child
9 care benefits. These changes may be accomplished by emergency
10 rule under Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative
11 Procedure Act, except that the limitation on the number of
12 emergency rules that may be adopted in a 24-month period shall
13 not apply.

14 The Illinois Department may contract with other State
15 agencies or child care organizations for the administration of
16 child care services.

17 (c) Payment shall be made for child care that otherwise
18 meets the requirements of this Section and applicable standards
19 of State and local law and regulation, including any
20 requirements the Illinois Department promulgates by rule in
21 addition to the licensure requirements promulgated by the
22 Department of Children and Family Services and Fire Prevention
23 and Safety requirements promulgated by the Office of the State
24 Fire Marshal, and is provided in any of the following:

25 (1) a child care center which is licensed or exempt
26 from licensure pursuant to Section 2.09 of the Child Care

1 Act of 1969;

2 (2) a licensed child care home or home exempt from
3 licensing;

4 (3) a licensed group child care home;

5 (4) other types of child care, including child care
6 provided by relatives or persons living in the same home as
7 the child, as determined by the Illinois Department by
8 rule.

9 (c-5) Solely for the purposes of coverage under the
10 Illinois Public Labor Relations Act, child and day care home
11 providers, including licensed and license exempt,
12 participating in the Department's child care assistance
13 program shall be considered to be public employees and the
14 State of Illinois shall be considered to be their employer as
15 of January 1, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-320),
16 but not before. The State shall engage in collective bargaining
17 with an exclusive representative of child and day care home
18 providers participating in the child care assistance program
19 concerning their terms and conditions of employment that are
20 within the State's control. Nothing in this subsection shall be
21 understood to limit the right of families receiving services
22 defined in this Section to select child and day care home
23 providers or supervise them within the limits of this Section.
24 The State shall not be considered to be the employer of child
25 and day care home providers for any purposes not specifically
26 provided in Public Act 94-320, including, but not limited to,

1 purposes of vicarious liability in tort and purposes of
2 statutory retirement or health insurance benefits. Child and
3 day care home providers shall not be covered by the State
4 Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971.

5 In according child and day care home providers and their
6 selected representative rights under the Illinois Public Labor
7 Relations Act, the State intends that the State action
8 exemption to application of federal and State antitrust laws be
9 fully available to the extent that their activities are
10 authorized by Public Act 94-320.

11 (d) The Illinois Department shall establish, by rule, a
12 co-payment scale that provides for cost sharing by families
13 that receive child care services, including parents whose only
14 income is from assistance under this Code. The co-payment shall
15 be based on family income and family size and may be based on
16 other factors as appropriate. Co-payments may be waived for
17 families whose incomes are at or below the federal poverty
18 level.

19 (d-5) The Illinois Department, in consultation with its
20 Child Care and Development Advisory Council, shall develop a
21 plan to revise the child care assistance program's co-payment
22 scale. The plan shall be completed no later than February 1,
23 2008, and shall include:

24 (1) findings as to the percentage of income that the
25 average American family spends on child care and the
26 relative amounts that low-income families and the average

1 American family spend on other necessities of life;

2 (2) recommendations for revising the child care
3 co-payment scale to assure that families receiving child
4 care services from the Department are paying no more than
5 they can reasonably afford;

6 (3) recommendations for revising the child care
7 co-payment scale to provide at-risk children with complete
8 access to Preschool for All and Head Start; and

9 (4) recommendations for changes in child care program
10 policies that affect the affordability of child care.

11 (e) (Blank).

12 (f) The Illinois Department shall, by rule, set rates to be
13 paid for the various types of child care. Child care may be
14 provided through one of the following methods:

15 (1) arranging the child care through eligible
16 providers by use of purchase of service contracts or
17 vouchers;

18 (2) arranging with other agencies and community
19 volunteer groups for non-reimbursed child care;

20 (3) (blank); or

21 (4) adopting such other arrangements as the Department
22 determines appropriate.

23 (f-1) Within 30 days after June 4, 2018 (the effective date
24 of Public Act 100-587), the Department of Human Services shall
25 establish rates for child care providers that are no less than
26 the rates in effect on January 1, 2018 increased by 4.26%.

1 (f-5) (Blank).

2 (g) Families eligible for assistance under this Section
3 shall be given the following options:

4 (1) receiving a child care certificate issued by the
5 Department or a subcontractor of the Department that may be
6 used by the parents as payment for child care and
7 development services only; or

8 (2) if space is available, enrolling the child with a
9 child care provider that has a purchase of service contract
10 with the Department or a subcontractor of the Department
11 for the provision of child care and development services.
12 The Department may identify particular priority
13 populations for whom they may request special
14 consideration by a provider with purchase of service
15 contracts, provided that the providers shall be permitted
16 to maintain a balance of clients in terms of household
17 incomes and families and children with special needs, as
18 defined by rule.

19 (Source: P.A. 100-387, eff. 8-25-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;
20 100-860, eff. 2-14-19; 100-909, eff. 10-1-18; 100-916, eff.
21 8-17-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

22 Article 80.

23 Section 80-5. The Employee Sick Leave Act is amended by
24 changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

1 (820 ILCS 191/5)

2 Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:

3 "Covered family member" means an employee's child,
4 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,
5 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or
6 stepparent.

7 "Department" means the Department of Labor.

8 "Personal care" means activities to ensure that a covered
9 family member's basic medical, hygiene, nutritional, or safety
10 needs are met, or to provide transportation to medical
11 appointments, for a covered family member who is unable to meet
12 those needs himself or herself. "Personal care" also means
13 being physically present to provide emotional support to a
14 covered family member with a serious health condition who is
15 receiving inpatient or home care.

16 "Personal sick leave benefits" means any paid or unpaid
17 time available to an employee as provided through an employment
18 benefit plan or paid time off policy to be used as a result of
19 absence from work due to personal illness, injury, or medical
20 appointment or for personal care of a covered family member. An
21 employment benefit plan or paid time off policy does not
22 include long term disability, short term disability, an
23 insurance policy, or other comparable benefit plan or policy.

24 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

1 (820 ILCS 191/10)

2 Sec. 10. Use of leave; limitations.

3 (a) An employee may use personal sick leave benefits
4 provided by the employer for absences due to an illness,
5 injury, or medical appointment of the employee's child,
6 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,
7 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or
8 stepparent, or for personal care of a covered family member on
9 the same terms upon which the employee is able to use personal
10 sick leave benefits for the employee's own illness or injury.
11 An employer may request written verification of the employee's
12 absence from a health care professional if such verification is
13 required under the employer's employment benefit plan or paid
14 time off policy.

15 (b) An employer may limit the use of personal sick leave
16 benefits provided by the employer for absences due to an
17 illness, injury, or medical appointment of the employee's
18 child, stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,
19 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or
20 stepparent to an amount not less than the personal sick leave
21 that would be earned or accrued during 6 months at the
22 employee's then current rate of entitlement. For employers who
23 base personal sick leave benefits on an employee's years of
24 service instead of annual or monthly accrual, such employer may
25 limit the amount of sick leave to be used under this Act to
26 half of the employee's maximum annual grant.

1 (c) An employer who provides personal sick leave benefits
2 or a paid time off policy that would otherwise provide benefits
3 as required under subsections (a) and (b) shall not be required
4 to modify such benefits.

5 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

6 Article 90.

7 Section 90-5. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by
8 adding Section 3-206.06 as follows:

9 (210 ILCS 45/3-206.06 new)

10 Sec. 3-206.06. Testing for Legionella bacteria. A facility
11 shall develop a policy for testing its water supply for
12 Legionella bacteria. The policy shall include the frequency
13 with which testing is conducted. The policy and the results of
14 any tests shall be made available to the Department upon
15 request.

16 Section 90-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
17 adding Section 6.29 as follows:

18 (210 ILCS 85/6.29 new)

19 Sec. 6.29. Testing for Legionella bacteria. A hospital
20 shall develop a policy for testing its water supply for
21 Legionella bacteria. The policy shall include the frequency

1 with which testing is conducted. The policy and the results of
2 any tests shall be made available to the Department upon
3 request.

4 Article 95.

5 Section 95-5. The Child Care Act of 1969 is amended by
6 changing Section 7 as follows:

7 (225 ILCS 10/7) (from Ch. 23, par. 2217)

8 Sec. 7. (a) The Department must prescribe and publish
9 minimum standards for licensing that apply to the various types
10 of facilities for child care defined in this Act and that are
11 equally applicable to like institutions under the control of
12 the Department and to foster family homes used by and under the
13 direct supervision of the Department. The Department shall seek
14 the advice and assistance of persons representative of the
15 various types of child care facilities in establishing such
16 standards. The standards prescribed and published under this
17 Act take effect as provided in the Illinois Administrative
18 Procedure Act, and are restricted to regulations pertaining to
19 the following matters and to any rules and regulations required
20 or permitted by any other Section of this Act:

21 (1) The operation and conduct of the facility and
22 responsibility it assumes for child care;

23 (2) The character, suitability and qualifications of

1 the applicant and other persons directly responsible for
2 the care and welfare of children served. All child day care
3 center licensees and employees who are required to report
4 child abuse or neglect under the Abused and Neglected Child
5 Reporting Act shall be required to attend training on
6 recognizing child abuse and neglect, as prescribed by
7 Department rules;

8 (3) The general financial ability and competence of the
9 applicant to provide necessary care for children and to
10 maintain prescribed standards;

11 (4) The number of individuals or staff required to
12 insure adequate supervision and care of the children
13 received. The standards shall provide that each child care
14 institution, maternity center, day care center, group
15 home, day care home, and group day care home shall have on
16 its premises during its hours of operation at least one
17 staff member certified in first aid, in the Heimlich
18 maneuver and in cardiopulmonary resuscitation by the
19 American Red Cross or other organization approved by rule
20 of the Department. Child welfare agencies shall not be
21 subject to such a staffing requirement. The Department may
22 offer, or arrange for the offering, on a periodic basis in
23 each community in this State in cooperation with the
24 American Red Cross, the American Heart Association or other
25 appropriate organization, voluntary programs to train
26 operators of foster family homes and day care homes in

1 first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation;

2 (5) The appropriateness, safety, cleanliness, and
3 general adequacy of the premises, including maintenance of
4 adequate fire prevention and health standards conforming
5 to State laws and municipal codes to provide for the
6 physical comfort, care, and well-being of children
7 received;

8 (6) Provisions for food, clothing, educational
9 opportunities, program, equipment and individual supplies
10 to assure the healthy physical, mental, and spiritual
11 development of children served;

12 (7) Provisions to safeguard the legal rights of
13 children served;

14 (8) Maintenance of records pertaining to the
15 admission, progress, health, and discharge of children,
16 including, for day care centers and day care homes, records
17 indicating each child has been immunized as required by
18 State regulations. The Department shall require proof that
19 children enrolled in a facility have been immunized against
20 Haemophilus Influenzae B (HIB);

21 (9) Filing of reports with the Department;

22 (10) Discipline of children;

23 (11) Protection and fostering of the particular
24 religious faith of the children served;

25 (12) Provisions prohibiting firearms on day care
26 center premises except in the possession of peace officers;

1 (13) Provisions prohibiting handguns on day care home
2 premises except in the possession of peace officers or
3 other adults who must possess a handgun as a condition of
4 employment and who reside on the premises of a day care
5 home;

6 (14) Provisions requiring that any firearm permitted
7 on day care home premises, except handguns in the
8 possession of peace officers, shall be kept in a
9 disassembled state, without ammunition, in locked storage,
10 inaccessible to children and that ammunition permitted on
11 day care home premises shall be kept in locked storage
12 separate from that of disassembled firearms, inaccessible
13 to children;

14 (15) Provisions requiring notification of parents or
15 guardians enrolling children at a day care home of the
16 presence in the day care home of any firearms and
17 ammunition and of the arrangements for the separate, locked
18 storage of such firearms and ammunition;

19 (16) Provisions requiring all licensed child care
20 facility employees who care for newborns and infants to
21 complete training every 3 years on the nature of sudden
22 unexpected infant death (SUID), sudden infant death
23 syndrome (SIDS), and the safe sleep recommendations of the
24 American Academy of Pediatrics; and

25 (17) With respect to foster family homes, provisions
26 requiring the Department to review quality of care concerns

1 and to consider those concerns in determining whether a
2 foster family home is qualified to care for children.

3 By July 1, 2022, all licensed day care home providers,
4 licensed group day care home providers, and licensed day care
5 center directors and classroom staff shall participate in at
6 least one training that includes the topics of early childhood
7 social emotional learning, infant and early childhood mental
8 health, early childhood trauma, or adverse childhood
9 experiences. Current licensed providers, directors, and
10 classroom staff shall complete training by July 1, 2022 and
11 shall participate in training that includes the above topics at
12 least once every 3 years.

13 (b) If, in a facility for general child care, there are
14 children diagnosed as mentally ill or children diagnosed as
15 having an intellectual or physical disability, who are
16 determined to be in need of special mental treatment or of
17 nursing care, or both mental treatment and nursing care, the
18 Department shall seek the advice and recommendation of the
19 Department of Human Services, the Department of Public Health,
20 or both Departments regarding the residential treatment and
21 nursing care provided by the institution.

22 (c) The Department shall investigate any person applying to
23 be licensed as a foster parent to determine whether there is
24 any evidence of current drug or alcohol abuse in the
25 prospective foster family. The Department shall not license a
26 person as a foster parent if drug or alcohol abuse has been

1 identified in the foster family or if a reasonable suspicion of
2 such abuse exists, except that the Department may grant a
3 foster parent license to an applicant identified with an
4 alcohol or drug problem if the applicant has successfully
5 participated in an alcohol or drug treatment program, self-help
6 group, or other suitable activities and if the Department
7 determines that the foster family home can provide a safe,
8 appropriate environment and meet the physical and emotional
9 needs of children.

10 (d) The Department, in applying standards prescribed and
11 published, as herein provided, shall offer consultation
12 through employed staff or other qualified persons to assist
13 applicants and licensees in meeting and maintaining minimum
14 requirements for a license and to help them otherwise to
15 achieve programs of excellence related to the care of children
16 served. Such consultation shall include providing information
17 concerning education and training in early childhood
18 development to providers of day care home services. The
19 Department may provide or arrange for such education and
20 training for those providers who request such assistance.

21 (e) The Department shall distribute copies of licensing
22 standards to all licensees and applicants for a license. Each
23 licensee or holder of a permit shall distribute copies of the
24 appropriate licensing standards and any other information
25 required by the Department to child care facilities under its
26 supervision. Each licensee or holder of a permit shall maintain

1 appropriate documentation of the distribution of the
2 standards. Such documentation shall be part of the records of
3 the facility and subject to inspection by authorized
4 representatives of the Department.

5 (f) The Department shall prepare summaries of day care
6 licensing standards. Each licensee or holder of a permit for a
7 day care facility shall distribute a copy of the appropriate
8 summary and any other information required by the Department,
9 to the legal guardian of each child cared for in that facility
10 at the time when the child is enrolled or initially placed in
11 the facility. The licensee or holder of a permit for a day care
12 facility shall secure appropriate documentation of the
13 distribution of the summary and brochure. Such documentation
14 shall be a part of the records of the facility and subject to
15 inspection by an authorized representative of the Department.

16 (g) The Department shall distribute to each licensee and
17 holder of a permit copies of the licensing or permit standards
18 applicable to such person's facility. Each licensee or holder
19 of a permit shall make available by posting at all times in a
20 common or otherwise accessible area a complete and current set
21 of licensing standards in order that all employees of the
22 facility may have unrestricted access to such standards. All
23 employees of the facility shall have reviewed the standards and
24 any subsequent changes. Each licensee or holder of a permit
25 shall maintain appropriate documentation of the current review
26 of licensing standards by all employees. Such records shall be

1 part of the records of the facility and subject to inspection
2 by authorized representatives of the Department.

3 (h) Any standards involving physical examinations,
4 immunization, or medical treatment shall include appropriate
5 exemptions for children whose parents object thereto on the
6 grounds that they conflict with the tenets and practices of a
7 recognized church or religious organization, of which the
8 parent is an adherent or member, and for children who should
9 not be subjected to immunization for clinical reasons.

10 (i) The Department, in cooperation with the Department of
11 Public Health, shall work to increase immunization awareness
12 and participation among parents of children enrolled in day
13 care centers and day care homes by publishing on the
14 Department's website information about the benefits of
15 immunization against vaccine preventable diseases, including
16 influenza and pertussis. The information for vaccine
17 preventable diseases shall include the incidence and severity
18 of the diseases, the availability of vaccines, and the
19 importance of immunizing children and persons who frequently
20 have close contact with children. The website content shall be
21 reviewed annually in collaboration with the Department of
22 Public Health to reflect the most current recommendations of
23 the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). The
24 Department shall work with day care centers and day care homes
25 licensed under this Act to ensure that the information is
26 annually distributed to parents in August or September.

1 (j) Any standard adopted by the Department that requires an
2 applicant for a license to operate a day care home to include a
3 copy of a high school diploma or equivalent certificate with
4 his or her application shall be deemed to be satisfied if the
5 applicant includes a copy of a high school diploma or
6 equivalent certificate or a copy of a degree from an accredited
7 institution of higher education or vocational institution or
8 equivalent certificate.

9 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-779, eff. 1-1-17;
10 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

11 Article 100.

12 Section 100-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
13 the Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers Act.

14 Section 100-5. Creation; members; duties; report.

15 (a) The Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers is
16 created. Membership of the Commission shall be as follows:

17 (1) A representative of the Illinois Comprehensive
18 Cancer Control Program, appointed by the Director of Public
19 Health;

20 (2) The Director of Insurance, or his or her designee;
21 and

22 (3) 20 members who shall be appointed as follows:

23 (A) three members appointed by the Speaker of

1 the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a
2 survivor of ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a
3 survivor of cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine
4 cancer, and one of whom shall be a medical specialist
5 in gynecologic cancers;

6 (B) three members appointed by the Senate
7 President, one of whom shall be a survivor of ovarian
8 cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of cervical,
9 vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one of whom
10 shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic cancers;

11 (C) three members appointed by the House
12 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of
13 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of
14 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one
15 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic
16 cancers;

17 (D) three members appointed by the Senate
18 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of
19 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of
20 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one
21 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic
22 cancers; and

23 (E) eight members appointed by the Governor,
24 one of whom shall be a caregiver of a woman diagnosed
25 with a gynecologic cancer, one of whom shall be a
26 medical specialist in gynecologic cancers, one of whom

1 shall be an individual with expertise in community
2 based health care and issues affecting underserved and
3 vulnerable populations, 2 of whom shall be individuals
4 representing gynecologic cancer awareness and support
5 groups in the State, one of whom shall be a researcher
6 specializing in gynecologic cancers, and 2 of whom
7 shall be members of the public with demonstrated
8 expertise in issues relating to the work of the
9 Commission.

10 (b) Members of the Commission shall serve without
11 compensation or reimbursement from the Commission. Members
12 shall select a Chair from among themselves and the Chair shall
13 set the meeting schedule.

14 (c) The Illinois Department of Public Health shall provide
15 administrative support to the Commission.

16 (d) The Commission is charged with the study of the
17 following:

18 (1) establishing a mechanism to ascertain the
19 prevalence of gynecologic cancers in the State and, to the
20 extent possible, to collect statistics relative to the
21 timing of diagnosis and risk factors associated with
22 gynecologic cancers;

23 (2) determining how to best effectuate early diagnosis
24 and treatment for gynecologic cancer patients;

25 (3) determining best practices for closing disparities
26 in outcomes for gynecologic cancer patients and innovative

1 approaches to reaching underserved and vulnerable
2 populations;

3 (4) determining any unmet needs of persons with
4 gynecologic cancers and those of their families; and

5 (5) providing recommendations for additional
6 legislation, support programs, and resources to meet the
7 unmet needs of persons with gynecologic cancers and their
8 families.

9 (e) The Commission shall file its final report with the
10 General Assembly no later than December 31, 2021 and, upon the
11 filing of its report, is dissolved.

12 Section 100-90. Repeal. This Article is repealed on January
13 1, 2023.

14 Article 105.

15 Section 105-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
16 changing Section 5A-12.7 as follows:

17 (305 ILCS 5/5A-12.7)

18 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2022)

19 Sec. 5A-12.7. Continuation of hospital access payments on
20 and after July 1, 2020.

21 (a) To preserve and improve access to hospital services,
22 for hospital services rendered on and after July 1, 2020, the

1 Department shall, except for hospitals described in subsection
2 (b) of Section 5A-3, make payments to hospitals or require
3 capitated managed care organizations to make payments as set
4 forth in this Section. Payments under this Section are not due
5 and payable, however, until: (i) the methodologies described in
6 this Section are approved by the federal government in an
7 appropriate State Plan amendment or directed payment preprint;
8 and (ii) the assessment imposed under this Article is
9 determined to be a permissible tax under Title XIX of the
10 Social Security Act. In determining the hospital access
11 payments authorized under subsection (g) of this Section, if a
12 hospital ceases to qualify for payments from the pool, the
13 payments for all hospitals continuing to qualify for payments
14 from such pool shall be uniformly adjusted to fully expend the
15 aggregate net amount of the pool, with such adjustment being
16 effective on the first day of the second month following the
17 date the hospital ceases to receive payments from such pool.

18 (b) Amounts moved into claims-based rates and distributed
19 in accordance with Section 14-12 shall remain in those
20 claims-based rates.

21 (c) Graduate medical education.

22 (1) The calculation of graduate medical education
23 payments shall be based on the hospital's Medicare cost
24 report ending in Calendar Year 2018, as reported in the
25 Healthcare Cost Report Information System file, release
26 date September 30, 2019. An Illinois hospital reporting

1 intern and resident cost on its Medicare cost report shall
2 be eligible for graduate medical education payments.

3 (2) Each hospital's annualized Medicaid Intern
4 Resident Cost is calculated using annualized intern and
5 resident total costs obtained from Worksheet B Part I,
6 Columns 21 and 22 the sum of Lines 30-43, 50-76, 90-93,
7 96-98, and 105-112 multiplied by the percentage that the
8 hospital's Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7,
9 Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of the
10 hospital's total days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 8, Lines
11 14, 16-18, and 32).

12 (3) An annualized Medicaid indirect medical education
13 (IME) payment is calculated for each hospital using its IME
14 payments (Worksheet E Part A, Line 29, Column 1) multiplied
15 by the percentage that its Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part
16 I, Column 7, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of
17 its Medicare days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 6, Lines 2,
18 3, 4, 14, and 16-18).

19 (4) For each hospital, its annualized Medicaid Intern
20 Resident Cost and its annualized Medicaid IME payment are
21 summed, and, except as capped at 120% of the average cost
22 per intern and resident for all qualifying hospitals as
23 calculated under this paragraph, is multiplied by 22.6% to
24 determine the hospital's final graduate medical education
25 payment. Each hospital's average cost per intern and
26 resident shall be calculated by summing its total

1 annualized Medicaid Intern Resident Cost plus its
2 annualized Medicaid IME payment and dividing that amount by
3 the hospital's total Full Time Equivalent Residents and
4 Interns. If the hospital's average per intern and resident
5 cost is greater than 120% of the same calculation for all
6 qualifying hospitals, the hospital's per intern and
7 resident cost shall be capped at 120% of the average cost
8 for all qualifying hospitals.

9 (d) Fee-for-service supplemental payments. Each Illinois
10 hospital shall receive an annual payment equal to the amounts
11 below, to be paid in 12 equal installments on or before the
12 seventh State business day of each month, except that no
13 payment shall be due within 30 days after the later of the date
14 of notification of federal approval of the payment
15 methodologies required under this Section or any waiver
16 required under 42 CFR 433.68, at which time the sum of amounts
17 required under this Section prior to the date of notification
18 is due and payable.

19 (1) For critical access hospitals, \$385 per covered
20 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and
21 \$530 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of
22 service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's
23 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

24 (2) For safety-net hospitals, \$960 per covered
25 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and
26 \$625 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of

1 service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's
2 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

3 (3) For long term acute care hospitals, \$295 per
4 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service
5 claims for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the
6 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

7 (4) For freestanding psychiatric hospitals, \$125 per
8 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service
9 claims and \$130 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim
10 for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the
11 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

12 (5) For freestanding rehabilitation hospitals, \$355
13 per covered inpatient day contained in paid
14 fee-for-service claims for dates of service in Calendar
15 Year 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as
16 of May 11, 2020.

17 (6) For all general acute care hospitals and high
18 Medicaid hospitals as defined in subsection (f), \$350 per
19 covered inpatient day for dates of service in Calendar Year
20 2019 contained in paid fee-for-service claims and \$620 per
21 paid fee-for-service outpatient claim in the Department's
22 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

23 (7) Alzheimer's treatment access payment. Each
24 Illinois academic medical center or teaching hospital, as
25 defined in Section 5-5e.2 of this Code, that is identified
26 as the primary hospital affiliate of one of the Regional

1 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Centers, as designated by
2 the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act and identified in
3 the Department of Public Health's Alzheimer's Disease
4 State Plan dated December 2016, shall be paid an
5 Alzheimer's treatment access payment equal to the product
6 of the qualifying hospital's State Fiscal Year 2018 total
7 inpatient fee-for-service days multiplied by the
8 applicable Alzheimer's treatment rate of \$226.30 for
9 hospitals located in Cook County and \$116.21 for hospitals
10 located outside Cook County.

11 (e) The Department shall require managed care
12 organizations (MCOs) to make directed payments and
13 pass-through payments according to this Section. Each calendar
14 year, the Department shall require MCOs to pay the maximum
15 amount out of these funds as allowed as pass-through payments
16 under federal regulations. The Department shall require MCOs to
17 make such pass-through payments as specified in this Section.
18 The Department shall require the MCOs to pay the remaining
19 amounts as directed Payments as specified in this Section. The
20 Department shall issue payments to the Comptroller by the
21 seventh business day of each month for all MCOs that are
22 sufficient for MCOs to make the directed payments and
23 pass-through payments according to this Section. The
24 Department shall require the MCOs to make pass-through payments
25 and directed payments using electronic funds transfers (EFT),
26 if the hospital provides the information necessary to process

1 such EFTs, in accordance with directions provided monthly by
2 the Department, within 7 business days of the date the funds
3 are paid to the MCOs, as indicated by the "Paid Date" on the
4 website of the Office of the Comptroller if the funds are paid
5 by EFT and the MCOs have received directed payment
6 instructions. If funds are not paid through the Comptroller by
7 EFT, payment must be made within 7 business days of the date
8 actually received by the MCO. The MCO will be considered to
9 have paid the pass-through payments when the payment remittance
10 number is generated or the date the MCO sends the check to the
11 hospital, if EFT information is not supplied. If an MCO is late
12 in paying a pass-through payment or directed payment as
13 required under this Section (including any extensions granted
14 by the Department), it shall pay a penalty, unless waived by
15 the Department for reasonable cause, to the Department equal to
16 5% of the amount of the pass-through payment or directed
17 payment not paid on or before the due date plus 5% of the
18 portion thereof remaining unpaid on the last day of each 30-day
19 period thereafter. Payments to MCOs that would be paid
20 consistent with actuarial certification and enrollment in the
21 absence of the increased capitation payments under this Section
22 shall not be reduced as a consequence of payments made under
23 this subsection. The Department shall publish and maintain on
24 its website for a period of no less than 8 calendar quarters,
25 the quarterly calculation of directed payments and
26 pass-through payments owed to each hospital from each MCO. All

1 calculations and reports shall be posted no later than the
2 first day of the quarter for which the payments are to be
3 issued.

4 (f)(1) For purposes of allocating the funds included in
5 capitation payments to MCOs, Illinois hospitals shall be
6 divided into the following classes as defined in administrative
7 rules:

8 (A) Critical access hospitals.

9 (B) Safety-net hospitals, except that stand-alone
10 children's hospitals that are not specialty children's
11 hospitals will not be included.

12 (C) Long term acute care hospitals.

13 (D) Freestanding psychiatric hospitals.

14 (E) Freestanding rehabilitation hospitals.

15 (F) High Medicaid hospitals. As used in this Section,
16 "high Medicaid hospital" means a general acute care
17 hospital that is not a safety-net hospital or critical
18 access hospital and that has a Medicaid Inpatient
19 Utilization Rate above 30% or a hospital that had over
20 35,000 inpatient Medicaid days during the applicable
21 period. For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,
22 2020, the applicable period for the Medicaid Inpatient
23 Utilization Rate (MIUR) is the rate year 2020 MIUR and for
24 the number of inpatient days it is State fiscal year 2018.
25 Beginning in calendar year 2021, the Department shall use
26 the most recently determined MIUR, as defined in subsection

1 (h) of Section 5-5.02, and for the inpatient day threshold,
2 the State fiscal year ending 18 months prior to the
3 beginning of the calendar year. For purposes of calculating
4 MIUR under this Section, children's hospitals and
5 affiliated general acute care hospitals shall be
6 considered a single hospital.

7 (G) General acute care hospitals. As used under this
8 Section, "general acute care hospitals" means all other
9 Illinois hospitals not identified in subparagraphs (A)
10 through (F).

11 (2) Hospitals' qualification for each class shall be
12 assessed prior to the beginning of each calendar year and the
13 new class designation shall be effective January 1 of the next
14 year. The Department shall publish by rule the process for
15 establishing class determination.

16 (g) Fixed pool directed payments. Beginning July 1, 2020,
17 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used
18 to issue directed payments to qualified Illinois safety-net
19 hospitals and critical access hospitals on a monthly basis in
20 accordance with this subsection. Prior to the beginning of each
21 Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department shall use
22 encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter, accepted
23 by the Department's Medicaid Management Information System for
24 inpatient and outpatient services rendered by safety-net
25 hospitals and critical access hospitals to determine a
26 quarterly uniform per unit add-on for each hospital class.

1 (1) Inpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per
2 diem add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly
3 Inpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the
4 applicable hospital class by the total inpatient days
5 contained on all encounter claims received during the
6 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

7 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a
8 quarterly inpatient directed payment calculated that
9 is equal to the product of the number of inpatient days
10 attributable to the hospital used in the calculation of
11 the quarterly uniform class per diem add-on,
12 multiplied by the calculated applicable quarterly
13 uniform class per diem add-on of the hospital class.

14 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its
15 quarterly inpatient directed payment in each of the 3
16 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with
17 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

18 (2) Outpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per
19 claim add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly
20 Outpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the
21 applicable hospital class by the total outpatient
22 encounter claims received during the Determination
23 Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

24 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a
25 quarterly outpatient directed payment calculated that
26 is equal to the product of the number of outpatient

1 encounter claims attributable to the hospital used in
2 the calculation of the quarterly uniform class per
3 claim add-on, multiplied by the calculated applicable
4 quarterly uniform class per claim add-on of the
5 hospital class.

6 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its
7 quarterly outpatient directed payment in each of the 3
8 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with
9 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

10 (3) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly
11 Directed Payment as identified by the Department on its
12 quarterly determination report.

13 (4) Definitions. As used in this subsection:

14 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each 3 month calendar
15 quarter, beginning July 1, 2020.

16 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each 3 month
17 calendar quarter, which ends 3 months prior to the
18 first day of each Payout Quarter.

19 (5) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020,
20 the following amounts shall be allocated to the following
21 hospital class directed payment pools for the quarterly
22 development of a uniform per unit add-on:

23 (A) \$2,894,500 for hospital inpatient services for
24 critical access hospitals.

25 (B) \$4,294,374 for hospital outpatient services
26 for critical access hospitals.

1 (C) \$29,109,330 for hospital inpatient services
2 for safety-net hospitals.

3 (D) \$35,041,218 for hospital outpatient services
4 for safety-net hospitals.

5 (h) Fixed rate directed payments. Effective July 1, 2020,
6 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be used
7 to issue directed payments to Illinois hospitals not identified
8 in paragraph (g) on a monthly basis. Prior to the beginning of
9 each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the Department
10 shall use encounter claims data from the Determination Quarter,
11 accepted by the Department's Medicaid Management Information
12 System for inpatient and outpatient services rendered by
13 hospitals in each hospital class identified in paragraph (f)
14 and not identified in paragraph (g). For the period July 1,
15 2020 through December 2020, the Department shall direct MCOs to
16 make payments as follows:

17 (1) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to
18 \$1,750 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20
19 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
20 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
21 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

22 (2) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to
23 \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21
24 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
25 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
26 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

1 (3) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to
2 \$80 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22
3 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
4 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
5 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

6 (4) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to
7 \$375 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24
8 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
9 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid
10 EAPG (EAPGs) for the determination quarter.

11 (5) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to
12 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27
13 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter
14 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of
15 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

16 (6) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal to
17 \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29
18 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
19 the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid
20 EAPGs for the determination quarter.

21 (7) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
22 \$1,800 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20
23 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
24 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
25 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

26 (8) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$160

1 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21 case
2 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the
3 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
4 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

5 (9) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$80
6 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22 case
7 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the
8 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
9 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

10 (10) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
11 \$400 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24
12 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
13 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid
14 EAPG outpatient claims for the determination quarter.

15 (11) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
16 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27
17 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter
18 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of
19 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

20 (12) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
21 \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29
22 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
23 the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid
24 EAPGs for the determination quarter.

25 (13) For long term acute care hospitals the amount of
26 \$495 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient

1 days for the determination quarter.

2 (14) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$210
3 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days
4 for category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

5 (15) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$250
6 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient
7 claims for category of service 27 and 28 for the
8 determination quarter.

9 (16) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$410
10 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient days
11 for category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

12 (17) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$100
13 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient
14 claims for category of service 29 for the determination
15 quarter.

16 (18) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of their quarterly
17 inpatient and outpatient directed payment in each of the 3
18 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with directions
19 provided to each MCO by the Department.

20 (19) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly
21 Directed Payment amount as identified by the Department on
22 its quarterly determination report.

23 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if
24 the Department determines that the actual total hospital
25 utilization data that is used to calculate the fixed rate
26 directed payments is substantially different than anticipated

1 when the rates in this subsection were initially determined
2 (for unforeseeable circumstances such as the COVID-19
3 pandemic), the Department may adjust the rates specified in
4 this subsection so that the total directed payments approximate
5 the total spending amount anticipated when the rates were
6 initially established.

7 Definitions. As used in this subsection:

8 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each calendar quarter,
9 beginning July 1, 2020.

10 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each calendar
11 quarter which ends 3 months prior to the first day of
12 each Payout Quarter.

13 (C) "Case mix index" means a hospital specific
14 calculation. For inpatient claims the case mix index is
15 calculated each quarter by summing the relative weight
16 of all inpatient Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG) claims
17 for a category of service in the applicable
18 Determination Quarter and dividing the sum by the
19 number of sum total of all inpatient DRG admissions for
20 the category of service for the associated claims. The
21 case mix index for outpatient claims is calculated each
22 quarter by summing the relative weight of all paid
23 EAPGs in the applicable Determination Quarter and
24 dividing the sum by the sum total of paid EAPGs for the
25 associated claims.

26 (i) Beginning January 1, 2021, the rates for directed

1 payments shall be recalculated in order to spend the additional
2 funds for directed payments that result from reduction in the
3 amount of pass-through payments allowed under federal
4 regulations. The additional funds for directed payments shall
5 be allocated proportionally to each class of hospitals based on
6 that class' proportion of services.

7 (j) Pass-through payments.

8 (1) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,
9 2020, the Department shall assign quarterly pass-through
10 payments to each class of hospitals equal to one-fourth of
11 the following annual allocations:

12 (A) \$390,487,095 to safety-net hospitals.

13 (B) \$62,553,886 to critical access hospitals.

14 (C) \$345,021,438 to high Medicaid hospitals.

15 (D) \$551,429,071 to general acute care hospitals.

16 (E) \$27,283,870 to long term acute care hospitals.

17 (F) \$40,825,444 to freestanding psychiatric
18 hospitals.

19 (G) \$9,652,108 to freestanding rehabilitation
20 hospitals.

21 (2) The pass-through payments shall at a minimum ensure
22 hospitals receive a total amount of monthly payments under
23 this Section as received in calendar year 2019 in
24 accordance with this Article and paragraph (1) of
25 subsection (d-5) of Section 14-12, exclusive of amounts
26 received through payments referenced in subsection (b).

1 (3) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2021,
2 and each calendar year thereafter, each hospital's
3 pass-through payment amount shall be reduced
4 proportionally to the reduction of all pass-through
5 payments required by federal regulations.

6 (k) At least 30 days prior to each calendar year, the
7 Department shall notify each hospital of changes to the payment
8 methodologies in this Section, including, but not limited to,
9 changes in the fixed rate directed payment rates, the aggregate
10 pass-through payment amount for all hospitals, and the
11 hospital's pass-through payment amount for the upcoming
12 calendar year.

13 (l) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section,
14 the Department may adopt rules to change the methodology for
15 directed and pass-through payments as set forth in this
16 Section, but only to the extent necessary to obtain federal
17 approval of a necessary State Plan amendment or Directed
18 Payment Preprint or to otherwise conform to federal law or
19 federal regulation.

20 (m) As used in this subsection, "managed care organization"
21 or "MCO" means an entity which contracts with the Department to
22 provide services where payment for medical services is made on
23 a capitated basis, excluding contracted entities for dual
24 eligible or Department of Children and Family Services youth
25 populations.

26 (n) In order to address the escalating infant mortality

1 rates among minority communities in Illinois, the State shall,
2 subject to appropriation, create a pool of funding of at least
3 \$50,000,000 annually to be dispersed among safety-net
4 hospitals that maintain perinatal designation from the
5 Department of Public Health. The funding shall be used to
6 preserve or enhance OB/GYN services or other specialty services
7 at the receiving hospital.

8 (Source: P.A. 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

9 Article 110.

10 Section 110-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
11 the Racial Impact Note Act.

12 Section 110-5. Racial impact note.

13 (a) Every bill which has or could have a disparate impact
14 on racial and ethnic minorities, upon the request of any
15 member, shall have prepared for it, before second reading in
16 the house of introduction, a brief explanatory statement or
17 note that shall include a reliable estimate of the anticipated
18 impact on those racial and ethnic minorities likely to be
19 impacted by the bill. Each racial impact note must include, for
20 racial and ethnic minorities for which data are available: (i)
21 an estimate of how the proposed legislation would impact racial
22 and ethnic minorities; (ii) a statement of the methodologies
23 and assumptions used in preparing the estimate; (iii) an

1 estimate of the racial and ethnic composition of the population
2 who may be impacted by the proposed legislation, including
3 those persons who may be negatively impacted and those persons
4 who may benefit from the proposed legislation; and (iv) any
5 other matter that a responding agency considers appropriate in
6 relation to the racial and ethnic minorities likely to be
7 affected by the bill.

8 Section 110-10. Preparation.

9 (a) The sponsor of each bill for which a request under
10 Section 110-5 has been made shall present a copy of the bill
11 with the request for a racial impact note to the appropriate
12 responding agency or agencies under subsection (b). The
13 responding agency or agencies shall prepare and submit the note
14 to the sponsor of the bill within 5 calendar days, except that
15 whenever, because of the complexity of the measure, additional
16 time is required for the preparation of the racial impact note,
17 the responding agency or agencies may inform the sponsor of the
18 bill, and the sponsor may approve an extension of the time
19 within which the note is to be submitted, not to extend,
20 however, beyond June 15, following the date of the request. If,
21 in the opinion of the responding agency or agencies, there is
22 insufficient information to prepare a reliable estimate of the
23 anticipated impact, a statement to that effect can be filed and
24 shall meet the requirements of this Act.

25 (b) If a bill concerns arrests, convictions, or law

1 enforcement, a statement shall be prepared by the Illinois
2 Criminal Justice Information Authority specifying the impact
3 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns
4 corrections, sentencing, or the placement of individuals
5 within the Department of Corrections, a statement shall be
6 prepared by the Department of Corrections specifying the impact
7 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns local
8 government, a statement shall be prepared by the Department of
9 Commerce and Economic Opportunity specifying the impact on
10 racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns education, one
11 of the following agencies shall prepare a statement specifying
12 the impact on racial and ethnic minorities: (i) the Illinois
13 Community College Board, if the bill affects community
14 colleges; (ii) the Illinois State Board of Education, if the
15 bill affects primary and secondary education; or (iii) the
16 Illinois Board of Higher Education, if the bill affects State
17 universities. Any other State agency impacted or responsible
18 for implementing all or part of this bill shall prepare a
19 statement of the racial and ethnic impact of the bill as it
20 relates to that agency.

21 Section 110-15. Requisites and contents. The note shall be
22 factual in nature, as brief and concise as may be, and, in
23 addition, it shall include both the immediate effect and, if
24 determinable or reasonably foreseeable, the long range effect
25 of the measure on racial and ethnic minorities. If, after

1 careful investigation, it is determined that such an effect is
2 not ascertainable, the note shall contain a statement to that
3 effect, setting forth the reasons why no ascertainable effect
4 can be given.

5 Section 110-20. Comment or opinion; technical or
6 mechanical defects. No comment or opinion shall be included in
7 the racial impact note with regard to the merits of the measure
8 for which the racial impact note is prepared; however,
9 technical or mechanical defects may be noted.

10 Section 110-25. Appearance of State officials and
11 employees in support or opposition of measure. The fact that a
12 racial impact note is prepared for any bill shall not preclude
13 or restrict the appearance before any committee of the General
14 Assembly of any official or authorized employee of the
15 responding agency or agencies, or any other impacted State
16 agency, who desires to be heard in support of or in opposition
17 to the measure.

18 Article 115.

19 Section 115-5. The Department of Healthcare and Family
20 Services Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is
21 amended by adding Section 2205-35 as follows:

1 (20 ILCS 2205/2205-35 new)

2 Sec. 2205-35. Increasing access to primary care in
3 hospitals. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services
4 shall develop a program to encourage coordination between
5 Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) and hospitals,
6 including, but not limited to, safety-net hospitals, with the
7 goal of increasing care coordination, managing chronic
8 diseases, and addressing the social determinants of health on
9 or before December 31, 2021. In addition, the Department shall
10 develop a payment methodology to allow FQHCs to provide care
11 coordination services, including, but not limited to, chronic
12 disease management and behavioral health services. The
13 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall develop a
14 payment methodology to allow for care coordination services in
15 FQHCs by no later than December 31, 2021.

16 Article 120.

17 Section 120-5. The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is
18 amended by changing Section 5-565 as follows:

19 (20 ILCS 5/5-565) (was 20 ILCS 5/6.06)

20 Sec. 5-565. In the Department of Public Health.

21 (a) The General Assembly declares it to be the public
22 policy of this State that all residents ~~citizens~~ of Illinois
23 are entitled to lead healthy lives. Governmental public health

1 has a specific responsibility to ensure that a public health
2 system is in place to allow the public health mission to be
3 achieved. The public health system is the collection of public,
4 private, and voluntary entities as well as individuals and
5 informal associations that contribute to the public's health
6 within the State. To develop a public health system requires
7 certain core functions to be performed by government. The State
8 Board of Health is to assume the leadership role in advising
9 the Director in meeting the following functions:

10 (1) Needs assessment.

11 (2) Statewide health objectives.

12 (3) Policy development.

13 (4) Assurance of access to necessary services.

14 There shall be a State Board of Health composed of 20
15 persons, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, with
16 the advice and consent of the Senate for those appointed by the
17 Governor on and after June 30, 1998, and one of whom shall be a
18 senior citizen age 60 or over. Five members shall be physicians
19 licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, one
20 representing a medical school faculty, one who is board
21 certified in preventive medicine, and one who is engaged in
22 private practice. One member shall be a chiropractic physician.
23 One member shall be a dentist; one an environmental health
24 practitioner; one a local public health administrator; one a
25 local board of health member; one a registered nurse; one a
26 physical therapist; one an optometrist; one a veterinarian; one

1 a public health academician; one a health care industry
2 representative; one a representative of the business
3 community; one a representative of the non-profit public
4 interest community; and 2 shall be citizens at large.

5 The terms of Board of Health members shall be 3 years,
6 except that members shall continue to serve on the Board of
7 Health until a replacement is appointed. Upon the effective
8 date of Public Act 93-975 (January 1, 2005) ~~this amendatory Act~~
9 ~~of the 93rd General Assembly~~, in the appointment of the Board
10 of Health members appointed to vacancies or positions with
11 terms expiring on or before December 31, 2004, the Governor
12 shall appoint up to 6 members to serve for terms of 3 years; up
13 to 6 members to serve for terms of 2 years; and up to 5 members
14 to serve for a term of one year, so that the term of no more
15 than 6 members expire in the same year. All members shall be
16 legal residents of the State of Illinois. The duties of the
17 Board shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

18 (1) To advise the Department of ways to encourage
19 public understanding and support of the Department's
20 programs.

21 (2) To evaluate all boards, councils, committees,
22 authorities, and bodies advisory to, or an adjunct of, the
23 Department of Public Health or its Director for the purpose
24 of recommending to the Director one or more of the
25 following:

26 (i) The elimination of bodies whose activities are

1 not consistent with goals and objectives of the
2 Department.

3 (ii) The consolidation of bodies whose activities
4 encompass compatible programmatic subjects.

5 (iii) The restructuring of the relationship
6 between the various bodies and their integration
7 within the organizational structure of the Department.

8 (iv) The establishment of new bodies deemed
9 essential to the functioning of the Department.

10 (3) To serve as an advisory group to the Director for
11 public health emergencies and control of health hazards.

12 (4) To advise the Director regarding public health
13 policy, and to make health policy recommendations
14 regarding priorities to the Governor through the Director.

15 (5) To present public health issues to the Director and
16 to make recommendations for the resolution of those issues.

17 (6) To recommend studies to delineate public health
18 problems.

19 (7) To make recommendations to the Governor through the
20 Director regarding the coordination of State public health
21 activities with other State and local public health
22 agencies and organizations.

23 (8) To report on or before February 1 of each year on
24 the health of the residents of Illinois to the Governor,
25 the General Assembly, and the public.

26 (9) To review the final draft of all proposed

1 administrative rules, other than emergency or peremptory
2 ~~preemptory~~ rules and those rules that another advisory body
3 must approve or review within a statutorily defined time
4 period, of the Department after September 19, 1991 (the
5 effective date of Public Act 87-633). The Board shall
6 review the proposed rules within 90 days of submission by
7 the Department. The Department shall take into
8 consideration any comments and recommendations of the
9 Board regarding the proposed rules prior to submission to
10 the Secretary of State for initial publication. If the
11 Department disagrees with the recommendations of the
12 Board, it shall submit a written response outlining the
13 reasons for not accepting the recommendations.

14 In the case of proposed administrative rules or
15 amendments to administrative rules regarding immunization
16 of children against preventable communicable diseases
17 designated by the Director under the Communicable Disease
18 Prevention Act, after the Immunization Advisory Committee
19 has made its recommendations, the Board shall conduct 3
20 public hearings, geographically distributed throughout the
21 State. At the conclusion of the hearings, the State Board
22 of Health shall issue a report, including its
23 recommendations, to the Director. The Director shall take
24 into consideration any comments or recommendations made by
25 the Board based on these hearings.

26 (10) To deliver to the Governor for presentation to the

1 General Assembly a State Health Assessment (SHA) and a
2 State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP). The first 5 ~~3~~ such
3 plans shall be delivered to the Governor on January 1,
4 2006, January 1, 2009, ~~and~~ January 1, 2016, January 1,
5 2021, and June 30, 2022, and then every 5 years thereafter.

6 The State Health Assessment and State Health
7 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall assess and recommend
8 priorities and strategies to improve the public health
9 system, ~~and~~ the health status of Illinois residents, reduce
10 health disparities and inequities, and promote health
11 equity. The State Health Assessment and State Health
12 Improvement Plan development and implementation shall
13 conform to national Public Health Accreditation Board
14 Standards. The State Health Assessment and State Health
15 Improvement Plan development and implementation process
16 shall be carried out with the administrative and
17 operational support of the Department of Public Health
18 ~~taking into consideration national health objectives and~~
19 ~~system standards as frameworks for assessment.~~

20 The State Health Assessment shall include
21 comprehensive, broad-based data and information from a
22 variety of sources on health status and the public health
23 system including:

24 (i) quantitative data on the demographics and
25 health status of the population, including data over
26 time on health by gender identity, sexual orientation,

1 race, ethnicity, age, socio-economic factors,
2 geographic region, disability status, and other
3 indicators of disparity;

4 (ii) quantitative data on social and structural
5 issues affecting health (social and structural
6 determinants of health), including, but not limited
7 to, housing, transportation, educational attainment,
8 employment, and income inequality;

9 (iii) priorities and strategies developed at the
10 community level through the Illinois Project for Local
11 Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and other local and
12 regional community health needs assessments;

13 (iv) qualitative data representing the
14 population's input on health concerns and well-being,
15 including the perceptions of people experiencing
16 disparities and health inequities;

17 (v) information on health disparities and health
18 inequities; and

19 (vi) information on public health system strengths
20 and areas for improvement.

21 ~~The Plan shall also take into consideration priorities~~
22 ~~and strategies developed at the community level through the~~
23 ~~Illinois Project for Local Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and~~
24 ~~any regional health improvement plans that may be~~
25 ~~developed.~~

26 The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall focus on

1 prevention, social determinants of health, and promoting
2 health equity as key strategies ~~as a key strategy~~ for
3 long-term health improvement in Illinois.

4 The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall identify
5 priority State health issues and social issues affecting
6 health, and shall examine and make recommendations on the
7 contributions and strategies of the public and private
8 sectors for improving health status and the public health
9 system in the State. In addition to recommendations on
10 health status improvement priorities and strategies for
11 the population of the State as a whole, the State Health
12 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall make recommendations regarding
13 priorities and strategies for reducing and eliminating
14 health disparities and health inequities in Illinois;
15 including racial, ethnic, gender, sex, age,
16 socio-economic, and geographic disparities. The State
17 Health Improvement Plan shall make recommendations
18 regarding social determinants of health, such as housing,
19 transportation, educational attainment, employment, and
20 income inequality.

21 The development and implementation of the State Health
22 Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan shall be a
23 collaborative public-private cross-agency effort overseen
24 by the SHA and SHIP Partnership. The Director of Public
25 Health shall consult with the Governor to ensure
26 participation by the head of State agencies with public

1 health responsibilities (or their designees) in the SHA and
2 SHIP Partnership, including, but not limited to, the
3 Department of Public Health, the Department of Human
4 Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family
5 Services, the Department of Children and Family Services,
6 the Environmental Protection Agency, the Illinois State
7 Board of Education, the Department on Aging, the Illinois
8 Housing Development Authority, the Illinois Criminal
9 Justice Information Authority, the Department of
10 Agriculture, the Department of Transportation, the
11 Department of Corrections, the Department of Commerce and
12 Economic Opportunity, and the Chair of the State Board of
13 Health to also serve on the Partnership. A member of the
14 Governors' staff shall participate in the Partnership and
15 serve as a liaison to the Governors' office.

16 The Director of ~~the Illinois Department of~~ Public
17 Health shall appoint a minimum of 15 other members of the
18 SHA and SHIP Partnership representing a Planning Team that
19 ~~includes~~ a range of public, private, and voluntary sector
20 stakeholders and participants in the public health system.
21 For the first SHA and SHIP Partnership after the effective
22 date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly,
23 one-half of the members shall be appointed for a 3-year
24 term, and one-half of the members shall be appointed for a
25 5-year term. Subsequently, members shall be appointed to
26 5-year terms. Should any member not be able to fulfill his

1 or her term, the Director may appoint a replacement to
2 complete that term. The Director, in consultation with the
3 SHA and SHIP Partnership, may engage additional
4 individuals and organizations to serve on subcommittees
5 and ad hoc efforts to conduct the State Health Assessment
6 and develop and implement the State Health Improvement
7 Plan. Members of the SHA and SHIP Partnership shall receive
8 no compensation for serving as members, but may be
9 reimbursed for their necessary expenses if departmental
10 resources allow.

11 The SHA and SHIP Partnership ~~This Team~~ shall include:
12 ~~the directors of State agencies with public health~~
13 ~~responsibilities (or their designees), including but not~~
14 ~~limited to the Illinois Departments of Public Health and~~
15 ~~Department of Human Services,~~ representatives of local
16 health departments, ~~representatives of local community~~
17 ~~health partnerships,~~ and individuals with expertise who
18 represent an array of organizations and constituencies
19 engaged in public health improvement and prevention, such
20 as non-profit public interest groups, groups serving
21 populations that experience health disparities and health
22 inequities, groups addressing social determinants of
23 health, health issue groups, faith community groups,
24 health care providers, businesses and employers, academic
25 institutions, and community-based organizations.

26 The Director shall endeavor to make the membership of

1 the Partnership diverse and inclusive of the racial,
2 ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity
3 of the State. The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall be chaired
4 by the Director of Public Health or his or her designee.

5 The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall develop and
6 implement a community engagement process that facilitates
7 input into the development of the State Health Assessment
8 and State Health Improvement Plan. This engagement process
9 shall ensure that individuals with lived experience in the
10 issues addressed in the State Health Assessment and State
11 Health Improvement Plan are meaningfully engaged in the
12 development and implementation of the State Health
13 Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan.

14 The State Board of Health shall hold at least 3 public
15 hearings addressing a draft of the State Health Improvement
16 Plan ~~drafts of the Plan~~ in representative geographic areas
17 of the State. ~~Members of the Planning Team shall receive no~~
18 ~~compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for~~
19 ~~their necessary expenses.~~

20 ~~Upon the delivery of each State Health Improvement~~
21 ~~Plan, the Governor shall appoint a SHIP Implementation~~
22 ~~Coordination Council that includes a range of public,~~
23 ~~private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and~~
24 ~~participants in the public health system. The Council shall~~
25 ~~include the directors of State agencies and entities with~~
26 ~~public health system responsibilities (or their~~

1 ~~designees), including but not limited to the Department of~~
2 ~~Public Health, Department of Human Services, Department of~~
3 ~~Healthcare and Family Services, Environmental Protection~~
4 ~~Agency, Illinois State Board of Education, Department on~~
5 ~~Aging, Illinois Violence Prevention Authority, Department~~
6 ~~of Agriculture, Department of Insurance, Department of~~
7 ~~Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of~~
8 ~~Transportation, and Department of Commerce and Economic~~
9 ~~Opportunity and the Chair of the State Board of Health. The~~
10 ~~Council shall include representatives of local health~~
11 ~~departments and individuals with expertise who represent~~
12 ~~an array of organizations and constituencies engaged in~~
13 ~~public health improvement and prevention, including~~
14 ~~non profit public interest groups, health issue groups,~~
15 ~~faith community groups, health care providers, businesses~~
16 ~~and employers, academic institutions, and community based~~
17 ~~organizations. The Governor shall endeavor to make the~~
18 ~~membership of the Council representative of the racial,~~
19 ~~ethnic, gender, socio economic, and geographic diversity~~
20 ~~of the State. The Governor shall designate one State agency~~
21 ~~representative and one other non-governmental member as~~
22 ~~co-chairs of the Council. The Governor shall designate a~~
23 ~~member of the Governor's office to serve as liaison to the~~
24 ~~Council and one or more State agencies to provide or~~
25 ~~arrange for support to the Council. The members of the SHIP~~
26 ~~Implementation Coordination Council for each State Health~~

1 ~~Improvement Plan shall serve until the delivery of the~~
2 ~~subsequent State Health Improvement Plan, whereupon a new~~
3 ~~Council shall be appointed. Members of the SHIP Planning~~
4 ~~Team may serve on the SHIP Implementation Coordination~~
5 ~~Council if so appointed by the Governor.~~

6 Upon the delivery of each State Health Assessment and
7 State Health Improvement Plan, the SHA and SHIP Partnership
8 ~~The SHIP Implementation Coordination Council~~ shall
9 coordinate the efforts and engagement of the public,
10 private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and
11 participants in the public health system to implement each
12 SHIP. The Partnership Council shall serve as a forum for
13 collaborative action; coordinate existing and new
14 initiatives; develop detailed implementation steps, with
15 mechanisms for action; implement specific projects;
16 identify public and private funding sources at the local,
17 State and federal level; promote public awareness of the
18 SHIP; and advocate for the implementation of the SHIP. The
19 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall implement strategies to
20 ensure that individuals and communities affected by health
21 disparities and health inequities are engaged in the
22 process throughout the 5-year cycle. The SHA and SHIP
23 Partnership shall regularly evaluate and update the State
24 Health Assessment and track implementation of the State
25 Health Improvement Plan with revisions as necessary. The
26 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall not have the authority to

1 direct any public or private entity to take specific action
2 to implement the SHIP. ~~; and develop an annual report to~~
3 ~~the Governor, General Assembly, and public regarding the~~
4 ~~status of implementation of the SHIP. The Council shall~~
5 ~~not, however, have the authority to direct any public or~~
6 ~~private entity to take specific action to implement the~~
7 ~~SHIP.~~

8 The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall regularly evaluate
9 and update the State Health Assessment and track
10 implementation of the State Health Improvement Plan with
11 revisions as necessary. The State Board of Health shall
12 submit a report by January 31 of each year on the status of
13 State Health Improvement Plan implementation and community
14 engagement activities to the Governor, General Assembly,
15 and public. In the fifth year, the report may be
16 consolidated into the new State Health Assessment and State
17 Health Improvement Plan.

18 (11) Upon the request of the Governor, to recommend to
19 the Governor candidates for Director of Public Health when
20 vacancies occur in the position.

21 (12) To adopt bylaws for the conduct of its own
22 business, including the authority to establish ad hoc
23 committees to address specific public health programs
24 requiring resolution.

25 (13) (Blank).

26 Upon appointment, the Board shall elect a chairperson from

1 among its members.

2 Members of the Board shall receive compensation for their
3 services at the rate of \$150 per day, not to exceed \$10,000 per
4 year, as designated by the Director for each day required for
5 transacting the business of the Board and shall be reimbursed
6 for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their
7 duties. The Board shall meet from time to time at the call of
8 the Department, at the call of the chairperson, or upon the
9 request of 3 of its members, but shall not meet less than 4
10 times per year.

11 (b) (Blank).

12 (c) An Advisory Board on Necropsy Service to Coroners,
13 which shall counsel and advise with the Director on the
14 administration of the Autopsy Act. The Advisory Board shall
15 consist of 11 members, including a senior citizen age 60 or
16 over, appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be
17 designated as chairman by a majority of the members of the
18 Board. In the appointment of the first Board the Governor shall
19 appoint 3 members to serve for terms of 1 year, 3 for terms of 2
20 years, and 3 for terms of 3 years. The members first appointed
21 under Public Act 83-1538 shall serve for a term of 3 years. All
22 members appointed thereafter shall be appointed for terms of 3
23 years, except that when an appointment is made to fill a
24 vacancy, the appointment shall be for the remaining term of the
25 position vacant. The members of the Board shall be citizens of
26 the State of Illinois. In the appointment of members of the

1 Advisory Board the Governor shall appoint 3 members who shall
2 be persons licensed to practice medicine and surgery in the
3 State of Illinois, at least 2 of whom shall have received
4 post-graduate training in the field of pathology; 3 members who
5 are duly elected coroners in this State; and 5 members who
6 shall have interest and abilities in the field of forensic
7 medicine but who shall be neither persons licensed to practice
8 any branch of medicine in this State nor coroners. In the
9 appointment of medical and coroner members of the Board, the
10 Governor shall invite nominations from recognized medical and
11 coroners organizations in this State respectively. Board
12 members, while serving on business of the Board, shall receive
13 actual necessary travel and subsistence expenses while so
14 serving away from their places of residence.

15 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 99-527, eff. 1-1-17;
16 revised 7-17-19.)

17 Article 125.

18 Section 125-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
19 the Health and Human Services Task Force and Study Act.
20 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

21 Section 125-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

22 (1) The State is committed to improving the health and
23 well-being of Illinois residents and families.

1 (2) According to data collected by the Kaiser
2 Foundation, Illinois had over 905,000 uninsured residents
3 in 2019, with a total uninsured rate of 7.3%.

4 (3) Many Illinois residents and families who have
5 health insurance cannot afford to use it due to high
6 deductibles and cost sharing.

7 (4) Lack of access to affordable health care services
8 disproportionately affects minority communities throughout
9 the State, leading to poorer health outcomes among those
10 populations.

11 (5) Illinois Medicaid beneficiaries are not receiving
12 the coordinated and effective care they need to support
13 their overall health and well-being.

14 (6) Illinois has an opportunity to improve the health
15 and well-being of a historically underserved and
16 vulnerable population by providing more coordinated and
17 higher quality care to its Medicaid beneficiaries.

18 (7) The State of Illinois has a responsibility to help
19 crime victims access justice, assistance, and the support
20 they need to heal.

21 (8) Research has shown that people who are repeatedly
22 victimized are more likely to face mental health problems
23 such as depression, anxiety, and symptoms related to
24 post-traumatic stress disorder and chronic trauma.

25 (9) Trauma-informed care has been promoted and
26 established in communities across the country on a

1 bipartisan basis, and numerous federal agencies have
2 integrated trauma-informed approaches into their programs
3 and grants, which should be leveraged by the State of
4 Illinois.

5 (10) Infants, children, and youth and their families
6 who have experienced or are at risk of experiencing trauma,
7 including those who are low-income, homeless, involved
8 with the child welfare system, involved in the juvenile or
9 adult justice system, unemployed, or not enrolled in or at
10 risk of dropping out of an educational institution and live
11 in a community that has faced acute or long-term exposure
12 to substantial discrimination, historical oppression,
13 intergenerational poverty, a high rate of violence or drug
14 overdose deaths, should have an opportunity for improved
15 outcomes; this means increasing access to greater
16 opportunities to meet educational, employment, health,
17 developmental, community reentry, permanency from foster
18 care, or other key goals.

19 Section 125-10. Health and Human Services Task Force. The
20 Health and Human Services Task Force is created within the
21 Department of Human Services to undertake a systematic review
22 of health and human service departments and programs with the
23 goal of improving health and human service outcomes for
24 Illinois residents.

1 Section 125-15. Study.

2 (1) The Task Force shall review all health and human
3 service departments and programs and make recommendations for
4 achieving a system that will improve interagency
5 interoperability with respect to improving access to
6 healthcare, healthcare disparities, workforce competency and
7 diversity, social determinants of health, and data sharing and
8 collection. These recommendations shall include, but are not
9 limited to, the following elements:

10 (i) impact on infant and maternal mortality;

11 (ii) impact of hospital closures, including safety-net
12 hospitals, on local communities; and

13 (iii) impact on Medicaid Managed Care Organizations.

14 (2) The Task Force shall review and make recommendations on
15 ways the Medicaid program can partner and cooperate with other
16 agencies, including but not limited to the Department of
17 Agriculture, the Department of Insurance, the Department of
18 Human Services, the Department of Labor, the Environmental
19 Protection Agency, and the Department of Public Health, to
20 better address social determinants of public health,
21 including, but not limited to, food deserts, affordable
22 housing, environmental pollutions, employment, education, and
23 public support services. This shall include a review and
24 recommendations on ways Medicaid and the agencies can share
25 costs related to better health outcomes.

26 (3) The Task Force shall review the current partnership,

1 communication, and cooperation between Federally Qualified
2 Health Centers (FQHCs) and safety-net hospitals in Illinois and
3 make recommendations on public policies that will improve
4 interoperability and cooperations between these entities in
5 order to achieve improved coordinated care and better health
6 outcomes for vulnerable populations in the State.

7 (4) The Task Force shall review and examine public policies
8 affecting trauma and social determinants of health, including
9 trauma-informed care, and make recommendations on ways to
10 improve and integrate trauma-informed approaches into programs
11 and agencies in the State, including, but not limited to,
12 Medicaid and other health care programs administered by the
13 State, and increase awareness of trauma and its effects on
14 communities across Illinois.

15 (5) The Task Force shall review and examine the connection
16 between access to education and health outcomes particularly in
17 African American and minority communities and make
18 recommendations on public policies to address any gaps or
19 deficiencies.

20 Section 125-20. Membership; appointments; meetings;
21 support.

22 (1) The Task Force shall include representation from both
23 public and private organizations, and its membership shall
24 reflect regional, racial, and cultural diversity to ensure
25 representation of the needs of all Illinois citizens. Task

1 Force members shall include one member appointed by the
2 President of the Senate, one member appointed by the Minority
3 Leader of the Senate, one member appointed by the Speaker of
4 the House of Representatives, one member appointed by the
5 Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and other
6 members appointed by the Governor. The Governor's appointments
7 shall include, without limitation, the following:

8 (A) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
9 President, who shall serve as Co-Chair;

10 (B) One member of the House of Representatives,
11 appointed by the Speaker of the House, who shall serve as
12 Co-Chair;

13 (C) Eight members of the General Assembly representing
14 each of the majority and minority caucuses of each chamber.

15 (D) The Directors or Secretaries of the following State
16 agencies or their designees:

17 (i) Department of Human Services.

18 (ii) Department of Children and Family Services.

19 (iii) Department of Healthcare and Family
20 Services.

21 (iv) State Board of Education.

22 (v) Department on Aging.

23 (vi) Department of Public Health.

24 (vii) Department of Veterans' Affairs.

25 (viii) Department of Insurance.

26 (E) Local government stakeholders and nongovernmental

1 stakeholders with an interest in human services, including
2 representation among the following private-sector fields
3 and constituencies:

4 (i) Early childhood education and development.

5 (ii) Child care.

6 (iii) Child welfare.

7 (iv) Youth services.

8 (v) Developmental disabilities.

9 (vi) Mental health.

10 (vii) Employment and training.

11 (viii) Sexual and domestic violence.

12 (ix) Alcohol and substance abuse.

13 (x) Local community collaborations among human
14 services programs.

15 (xi) Immigrant services.

16 (xii) Affordable housing.

17 (xiii) Food and nutrition.

18 (xiv) Homelessness.

19 (xv) Older adults.

20 (xvi) Physical disabilities.

21 (xvii) Maternal and child health.

22 (xviii) Medicaid managed care organizations.

23 (xix) Healthcare delivery.

24 (xx) Health insurance.

25 (2) Members shall serve without compensation for the
26 duration of the Task Force.

1 (3) In the event of a vacancy, the appointment to fill the
2 vacancy shall be made in the same manner as the original
3 appointment.

4 (4) The Task Force shall convene within 60 days after the
5 effective date of this Act. The initial meeting of the Task
6 Force shall be convened by the co-chair selected by the
7 Governor. Subsequent meetings shall convene at the call of the
8 co-chairs. The Task Force shall meet on a quarterly basis, or
9 more often if necessary.

10 (5) The Department of Human Services shall provide
11 administrative support to the Task Force.

12 Section 125-25. Report. The Task Force shall report to the
13 Governor and the General Assembly on the Task Force's progress
14 toward its goals and objectives by June 30, 2021, and every
15 June 30 thereafter.

16 Section 125-30. Transparency. In addition to whatever
17 policies or procedures it may adopt, all operations of the Task
18 Force shall be subject to the provisions of the Freedom of
19 Information Act and the Open Meetings Act. This Section shall
20 not be construed so as to preclude other State laws from
21 applying to the Task Force and its activities.

22 Section 125-40. Repeal. This Article is repealed June 30,
23 2023.

1 Article 130.

2 Section 130-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
3 the Anti-Racism Commission Act. References in this Article to
4 "this Act" mean this Article.

5 Section 130-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds and
6 declares all of the following:

7 (1) Public health is the science and art of preventing
8 disease, of protecting and improving the health of people,
9 entire populations, and their communities; this work is
10 achieved by promoting healthy lifestyles and choices,
11 researching disease, and preventing injury.

12 (2) Public health professionals try to prevent
13 problems from happening or recurring through implementing
14 educational programs, recommending policies, administering
15 services, and limiting health disparities through the
16 promotion of equitable and accessible healthcare.

17 (3) According to the Centers for Disease Control and
18 Prevention, racism and segregation in the State of Illinois
19 have exacerbated a health divide, resulting in Black
20 residents having lower life expectancies than white
21 citizens of this State and being far more likely than other
22 races to die prematurely (before the age of 75) and to die
23 of heart disease or stroke; Black residents of Illinois

1 have a higher level of infant mortality, lower birth weight
2 babies, and are more likely to be overweight or obese as
3 adults, have adult diabetes, and have long-term
4 complications from diabetes that exacerbate other
5 conditions, including the susceptibility to COVID-19.

6 (4) Black and Brown people are more likely to
7 experience poor health outcomes as a consequence of their
8 social determinants of health, health inequities stemming
9 from economic instability, education, physical
10 environment, food, and access to health care systems.

11 (5) Black residents in Illinois are more likely than
12 white residents to experience violence-related trauma as a
13 result of socioeconomic conditions resulting from systemic
14 racism.

15 (6) Racism is a social system with multiple dimensions
16 in which individual racism is internalized or
17 interpersonal and systemic racism is institutional or
18 structural and is a system of structuring opportunity and
19 assigning value based on the social interpretation of how
20 one looks; this unfairly disadvantages specific
21 individuals and communities, while unfairly giving
22 advantages to other individuals and communities; it saps
23 the strength of the whole society through the waste of
24 human resources.

25 (7) Racism causes persistent racial discrimination
26 that influences many areas of life, including housing,

1 education, employment, and criminal justice; an emerging
2 body of research demonstrates that racism itself is a
3 social determinant of health.

4 (8) More than 100 studies have linked racism to worse
5 health outcomes.

6 (9) The American Public Health Association launched a
7 National Campaign against Racism.

8 (10) Public health's responsibilities to address
9 racism include reshaping our discourse and agenda so that
10 we all actively engage in racial justice work.

11 Section 130-10. Anti-Racism Commission.

12 (a) The Anti-Racism Commission is hereby created to
13 identify and propose statewide policies to eliminate systemic
14 racism and advance equitable solutions for Black and Brown
15 people in Illinois.

16 (b) The Anti-Racism Commission shall consist of the
17 following members, who shall serve without compensation:

18 (1) one member of the House of Representatives,
19 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,
20 who shall serve as co-chair;

21 (2) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
22 President, who shall serve as co-chair;

23 (3) one member of the House of Representatives,
24 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of
25 Representatives;

1 (4) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Minority
2 Leader of the Senate;

3 (5) the Director of Public Health, or his or her
4 designee;

5 (6) the Chair of the House Black Caucus;

6 (7) the Chair of the Senate Black Caucus;

7 (8) the Chair of the Joint Legislative Black Caucus;

8 (9) the director of a statewide association
9 representing public health departments, appointed by the
10 Speaker of the House of Representatives;

11 (10) the Chair of the House Latino Caucus;

12 (11) the Chair of the Senate Latino Caucus;

13 (12) one community member appointed by the House Black
14 Caucus Chair;

15 (13) one community member appointed by the Senate Black
16 Caucus Chair;

17 (14) one community member appointed by the House Latino
18 Caucus Chair; and

19 (15) one community member appointed by the Senate
20 Latino Caucus Chair.

21 (c) The Department of Public Health shall provide
22 administrative support for the Commission.

23 (d) The Commission is charged with, but not limited to, the
24 following tasks:

25 (1) Working to create an equity and justice-oriented
26 State government.

1 (2) Assessing the policy and procedures of all State
2 agencies to ensure racial equity is a core element of State
3 government.

4 (3) Developing and incorporating into the
5 organizational structure of State government a plan for
6 educational efforts to understand, address, and dismantle
7 systemic racism in government actions.

8 (4) Recommending and advocating for policies that
9 improve health in Black and Brown people and support local,
10 State, regional, and federal initiatives that advance
11 efforts to dismantle systemic racism.

12 (5) Working to build alliances and partnerships with
13 organizations that are confronting racism and encouraging
14 other local, State, regional, and national entities to
15 recognize racism as a public health crisis.

16 (6) Promoting community engagement, actively engaging
17 citizens on issues of racism and assisting in providing
18 tools to engage actively and authentically with Black and
19 Brown people.

20 (7) Reviewing all portions of codified State laws
21 through the lens of racial equity.

22 (8) Working with the Department of Central Management
23 Services to update policies that encourage diversity in
24 human resources, including hiring, board appointments, and
25 vendor selection by agencies, and to review all grant
26 management activities with an eye toward equity and

1 workforce development.

2 (9) Recommending policies that promote racially
3 equitable economic and workforce development practices.

4 (10) Promoting and supporting all policies that
5 prioritize the health of all people, especially people of
6 color, by mitigating exposure to adverse childhood
7 experiences and trauma in childhood and ensuring
8 implementation of health and equity in all policies.

9 (11) Encouraging community partners and stakeholders
10 in the education, employment, housing, criminal justice,
11 and safety arenas to recognize racism as a public health
12 crisis and to implement policy recommendations.

13 (12) Identifying clear goals and objectives, including
14 specific benchmarks, to assess progress.

15 (13) Holding public hearings across Illinois to
16 continue to explore and to recommend needed action by the
17 General Assembly.

18 (14) Working with the Governor and the General Assembly
19 to identify the necessary funds to support the Anti-Racism
20 Commission and its endeavors.

21 (15) Identifying resources to allocate to Black and
22 Brown communities on an annual basis.

23 (16) Encouraging corporate investment in anti-racism
24 policies in Black and Brown communities.

25 (e) The Commission shall submit its final report to the
26 Governor and the General Assembly no later than December 31,

1 2021. The Commission is dissolved upon the filing of its
2 report.

3 Section 130-15. Repeal. This Article is repealed on January
4 1, 2023.

5 Article 131.

6 Section 131-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
7 the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program Act.
8 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

9 Section 131-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

10 "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

11 "Program" means the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and
12 Treatment Program.

13 Section 131-10. Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and
14 Treatment Program. The Department shall establish a grant
15 program for the purpose of providing for the prevention, care,
16 and treatment of sickle cell disease and for educational
17 programs concerning the disease.

18 Section 131-15. Grants; eligibility standards.

19 (a) The Department shall do the following:

20 (1) (A) Develop application criteria and standards of

1 eligibility for groups or organizations who apply for funds
2 under the program.

3 (B) Make available grants to groups and organizations
4 who meet the eligibility standards set by the Department.

5 However:

6 (i) the highest priority for grants shall be
7 accorded to established sickle cell disease
8 community-based organizations throughout Illinois; and

9 (ii) priority shall also be given to ensuring the
10 establishment of sickle cell disease centers in
11 underserved areas that have a higher population of
12 sickle cell disease patients.

13 (2) Determine the maximum amount available for each
14 grant provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).

15 (3) Determine policies for the expiration and renewal
16 of grants provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).

17 (4) Require that all grant funds be used for the
18 purpose of prevention, care, and treatment of sickle cell
19 disease or for educational programs concerning the
20 disease. Grant funds shall be used for one or more of the
21 following purposes:

22 (A) Assisting in the development and expansion of
23 care for the treatment of individuals with sickle cell
24 disease, particularly for adults, including the
25 following types of care:

26 (i) Self-administered care.

1 (ii) Preventive care.

2 (iii) Home care.

3 (iv) Other evidence-based medical procedures
4 and techniques designed to provide maximum control
5 over sickling episodes typical of occurring to an
6 individual with the disease.

7 (B) Increasing access to health care for
8 individuals with sickle cell disease.

9 (C) Establishing additional sickle cell disease
10 infusion centers.

11 (D) Increasing access to mental health resources
12 and pain management therapies for individuals with
13 sickle cell disease.

14 (E) Providing counseling to any individual, at no
15 cost, concerning sickle cell disease and sickle cell
16 trait, and the characteristics, symptoms, and
17 treatment of the disease.

18 (i) The counseling described in this
19 subparagraph (E) may consist of any of the
20 following:

21 (I) Genetic counseling for an individual
22 who tests positive for the sickle cell trait.

23 (II) Psychosocial counseling for an
24 individual who tests positive for sickle cell
25 disease, including any of the following:

26 (aa) Social service counseling.

1 (bb) Psychological counseling.

2 (cc) Psychiatric counseling.

3 (5) Develop a sickle cell disease educational outreach
4 program that includes the dissemination of educational
5 materials to the following concerning sickle cell disease
6 and sickle cell trait:

7 (A) Medical residents.

8 (B) Immigrants.

9 (C) Schools and universities.

10 (6) Adopt any rules necessary to implement the
11 provisions of this Act.

12 (b) The Department may contract with an entity to implement
13 the sickle cell disease educational outreach program described
14 in paragraph (5) of subsection (a).

15 Section 131-20. Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

16 (a) The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund is created as a
17 special fund in the State treasury for the purpose of carrying
18 out the provisions of this Act and for no other purpose. The
19 Fund shall be administered by the Department.

20 (b) The Fund shall consist of:

21 (1) Any moneys appropriated to the Department for the
22 Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program.

23 (2) Gifts, bequests, and other sources of funding.

24 (3) All interest earned on moneys in the Fund.

1 Section 131-25. Study.

2 (a) Before July 1, 2022, and on a biennial basis
3 thereafter, the Department, with the assistance of:

4 (1) the Center for Minority Health Services;

5 (2) health care providers that treat individuals with
6 sickle cell disease;

7 (3) individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease;

8 (4) representatives of community-based organizations
9 that serve individuals with sickle cell disease; and

10 (5) data collected via newborn screening for sickle
11 cell disease;

12 shall perform a study to determine the prevalence, impact, and
13 needs of individuals with sickle cell disease and the sickle
14 cell trait in Illinois.

15 (b) The study must include the following:

16 (1) The prevalence, by geographic location, of
17 individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease in
18 Illinois.

19 (2) The prevalence, by geographic location, of
20 individuals diagnosed as sickle cell trait carriers in
21 Illinois.

22 (3) The availability and affordability of screening
23 services in Illinois for the sickle cell trait.

24 (4) The location and capacity of the following for the
25 treatment of sickle cell disease and sickle cell trait
26 carriers:

1 (A) Treatment centers.

2 (B) Clinics.

3 (C) Community-based social service organizations.

4 (D) Medical specialists.

5 (5) The unmet medical, psychological, and social needs
6 encountered by individuals in Illinois with sickle cell
7 disease.

8 (6) The underserved areas of Illinois for the treatment
9 of sickle cell disease.

10 (7) Recommendations for actions to address any
11 shortcomings in the State identified under this Section.

12 (c) The Department shall submit a report on the study
13 performed under this Section to the General Assembly.

14 Section 131-30. Implementation subject to appropriation.
15 Implementation of this Act is subject to appropriation.

16 Section 131-90. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
17 Section 5.936 as follows:

18 (30 ILCS 105/5.936 new)

19 Sec. 5.936. The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

20 Title VII. Hospital Closure

21 Article 135.

1 Section 135-5. The Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act
2 is amended by changing Sections 4, 5.4, and 8.7 as follows:

3 (20 ILCS 3960/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1154)

4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

5 Sec. 4. Health Facilities and Services Review Board;
6 membership; appointment; term; compensation; quorum.

7 (a) There is created the Health Facilities and Services
8 Review Board, which shall perform the functions described in
9 this Act. The Department shall provide operational support to
10 the Board as necessary, including the provision of office
11 space, supplies, and clerical, financial, and accounting
12 services. The Board may contract for functions or operational
13 support as needed. The Board may also contract with experts
14 related to specific health services or facilities and create
15 technical advisory panels to assist in the development of
16 criteria, standards, and procedures used in the evaluation of
17 applications for permit and exemption.

18 (b) The State Board shall consist of 10 ~~9~~ voting members.
19 All members shall be residents of Illinois and at least 4 shall
20 reside outside the Chicago Metropolitan Statistical Area.
21 Consideration shall be given to potential appointees who
22 reflect the ethnic and cultural diversity of the State. Neither
23 Board members nor Board staff shall be convicted felons or have
24 pled guilty to a felony.

1 Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the
2 practice, procedures and principles of the health care delivery
3 system in Illinois, including at least 5 members who shall be
4 knowledgeable about health care delivery systems, health
5 systems planning, finance, or the management of health care
6 facilities currently regulated under the Act. One member shall
7 be a representative of a non-profit health care consumer
8 advocacy organization. One member shall be a representative
9 from the community with experience on the effects of
10 discontinuing health care services or the closure of health
11 care facilities on the surrounding community; provided,
12 however, that all other members of the Board shall be appointed
13 before this member shall be appointed. A spouse, parent,
14 sibling, or child of a Board member cannot be an employee,
15 agent, or under contract with services or facilities subject to
16 the Act. Prior to appointment and in the course of service on
17 the Board, members of the Board shall disclose the employment
18 or other financial interest of any other relative of the
19 member, if known, in service or facilities subject to the Act.
20 Members of the Board shall declare any conflict of interest
21 that may exist with respect to the status of those relatives
22 and recuse themselves from voting on any issue for which a
23 conflict of interest is declared. No person shall be appointed
24 or continue to serve as a member of the State Board who is, or
25 whose spouse, parent, sibling, or child is, a member of the
26 Board of Directors of, has a financial interest in, or has a

1 business relationship with a health care facility.

2 Notwithstanding any provision of this Section to the
3 contrary, the term of office of each member of the State Board
4 serving on the day before the effective date of this amendatory
5 Act of the 96th General Assembly is abolished on the date upon
6 which members of the ~~9-member~~ Board, as established by this
7 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, have been
8 appointed and can begin to take action as a Board.

9 (c) The State Board shall be appointed by the Governor,
10 with the advice and consent of the Senate. Not more than 6 ~~5~~ of
11 the appointments shall be of the same political party at the
12 time of the appointment.

13 The Secretary of Human Services, the Director of Healthcare
14 and Family Services, and the Director of Public Health, or
15 their designated representatives, shall serve as ex-officio,
16 non-voting members of the State Board.

17 (d) Of those ~~9~~ members initially appointed by the Governor
18 following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th
19 General Assembly, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1,
20 2011, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2012, and 3
21 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2013. Thereafter, each
22 appointed member shall hold office for a term of 3 years,
23 provided that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring
24 prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her
25 predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder
26 of such term and the term of office of each successor shall

1 commence on July 1 of the year in which his predecessor's term
2 expires. Each member shall hold office until his or her
3 successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor may
4 reappoint a member for additional terms, but no member shall
5 serve more than 3 terms, subject to review and re-approval
6 every 3 years.

7 (e) State Board members, while serving on business of the
8 State Board, shall receive actual and necessary travel and
9 subsistence expenses while so serving away from their places of
10 residence. Until March 1, 2010, a member of the State Board who
11 experiences a significant financial hardship due to the loss of
12 income on days of attendance at meetings or while otherwise
13 engaged in the business of the State Board may be paid a
14 hardship allowance, as determined by and subject to the
15 approval of the Governor's Travel Control Board.

16 (f) The Governor shall designate one of the members to
17 serve as the Chairman of the Board, who shall be a person with
18 expertise in health care delivery system planning, finance or
19 management of health care facilities that are regulated under
20 the Act. The Chairman shall annually review Board member
21 performance and shall report the attendance record of each
22 Board member to the General Assembly.

23 (g) The State Board, through the Chairman, shall prepare a
24 separate and distinct budget approved by the General Assembly
25 and shall hire and supervise its own professional staff
26 responsible for carrying out the responsibilities of the Board.

1 (h) The State Board shall meet at least every 45 days, or
2 as often as the Chairman of the State Board deems necessary, or
3 upon the request of a majority of the members.

4 (i) ~~Six Five~~ members of the State Board shall constitute a
5 quorum. The affirmative vote of 6 5 of the members of the State
6 Board shall be necessary for any action requiring a vote to be
7 taken by the State Board. A vacancy in the membership of the
8 State Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise
9 all the rights and perform all the duties of the State Board as
10 provided by this Act.

11 (j) A State Board member shall disqualify himself or
12 herself from the consideration of any application for a permit
13 or exemption in which the State Board member or the State Board
14 member's spouse, parent, sibling, or child: (i) has an economic
15 interest in the matter; or (ii) is employed by, serves as a
16 consultant for, or is a member of the governing board of the
17 applicant or a party opposing the application.

18 (k) The Chairman, Board members, and Board staff must
19 comply with the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

20 (Source: P.A. 99-527, eff. 1-1-17; 100-681, eff. 8-3-18.)

21 (20 ILCS 3960/5.4)

22 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

23 Sec. 5.4. Safety Net Impact Statement.

24 (a) General review criteria shall include a requirement
25 that all health care facilities, with the exception of skilled

1 and intermediate long-term care facilities licensed under the
2 Nursing Home Care Act, provide a Safety Net Impact Statement,
3 which shall be filed with an application for a substantive
4 project or when the application proposes to discontinue a
5 category of service.

6 (b) For the purposes of this Section, "safety net services"
7 are services provided by health care providers or organizations
8 that deliver health care services to persons with barriers to
9 mainstream health care due to lack of insurance, inability to
10 pay, special needs, ethnic or cultural characteristics, or
11 geographic isolation. Safety net service providers include,
12 but are not limited to, hospitals and private practice
13 physicians that provide charity care, school-based health
14 centers, migrant health clinics, rural health clinics,
15 federally qualified health centers, community health centers,
16 public health departments, and community mental health
17 centers.

18 (c) As developed by the applicant, a Safety Net Impact
19 Statement shall describe all of the following:

20 (1) The project's material impact, if any, on essential
21 safety net services in the community, including the impact
22 on racial and health care disparities in the community, to
23 the extent that it is feasible for an applicant to have
24 such knowledge.

25 (2) The project's impact on the ability of another
26 provider or health care system to cross-subsidize safety

1 net services, if reasonably known to the applicant.

2 (3) How the discontinuation of a facility or service
3 might impact the remaining safety net providers in a given
4 community, if reasonably known by the applicant.

5 (d) Safety Net Impact Statements shall also include all of
6 the following:

7 (1) For the 3 fiscal years prior to the application, a
8 certification describing the amount of charity care
9 provided by the applicant. The amount calculated by
10 hospital applicants shall be in accordance with the
11 reporting requirements for charity care reporting in the
12 Illinois Community Benefits Act. Non-hospital applicants
13 shall report charity care, at cost, in accordance with an
14 appropriate methodology specified by the Board.

15 (2) For the 3 fiscal years prior to the application, a
16 certification of the amount of care provided to Medicaid
17 patients. Hospital and non-hospital applicants shall
18 provide Medicaid information in a manner consistent with
19 the information reported each year to the State Board
20 regarding "Inpatients and Outpatients Served by Payor
21 Source" and "Inpatient and Outpatient Net Revenue by Payor
22 Source" as required by the Board under Section 13 of this
23 Act and published in the Annual Hospital Profile.

24 (3) Any information the applicant believes is directly
25 relevant to safety net services, including information
26 regarding teaching, research, and any other service.

1 (e) The Board staff shall publish a notice, that an
2 application accompanied by a Safety Net Impact Statement has
3 been filed, in a newspaper having general circulation within
4 the area affected by the application. If no newspaper has a
5 general circulation within the county, the Board shall post the
6 notice in 5 conspicuous places within the proposed area.

7 (f) Any person, community organization, provider, or
8 health system or other entity wishing to comment upon or oppose
9 the application may file a Safety Net Impact Statement Response
10 with the Board, which shall provide additional information
11 concerning a project's impact on safety net services in the
12 community.

13 (g) Applicants shall be provided an opportunity to submit a
14 reply to any Safety Net Impact Statement Response.

15 (h) The State Board Staff Report shall include a statement
16 as to whether a Safety Net Impact Statement was filed by the
17 applicant and whether it included information on charity care,
18 the amount of care provided to Medicaid patients, and
19 information on teaching, research, or any other service
20 provided by the applicant directly relevant to safety net
21 services. The report shall also indicate the names of the
22 parties submitting responses and the number of responses and
23 replies, if any, that were filed.

24 (Source: P.A. 100-518, eff. 6-1-18.)

1 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

2 Sec. 8.7. Application for permit for discontinuation of a
3 health care facility or category of service; public notice and
4 public hearing.

5 (a) Upon a finding that an application to close a health
6 care facility or discontinue a category of service is complete,
7 the State Board shall publish a legal notice on 3 consecutive
8 days in a newspaper of general circulation in the area or
9 community to be affected and afford the public an opportunity
10 to request a hearing. If the application is for a facility
11 located in a Metropolitan Statistical Area, an additional legal
12 notice shall be published in a newspaper of limited
13 circulation, if one exists, in the area in which the facility
14 is located. If the newspaper of limited circulation is
15 published on a daily basis, the additional legal notice shall
16 be published on 3 consecutive days. The legal notice shall also
17 be posted on the Health Facilities and Services Review Board's
18 website and sent to the State Representative and State Senator
19 of the district in which the health care facility is located.
20 In addition, the health care facility shall provide notice of
21 closure to the local media that the health care facility would
22 routinely notify about facility events.

23 An application to close a health care facility shall only
24 be deemed complete if it includes evidence that the health care
25 facility provided written notice at least 30 days prior to
26 filing the application of its intent to do so to the

1 municipality in which it is located, the State Representative
2 and State Senator of the district in which the health care
3 facility is located, the State Board, the Director of Public
4 Health, and the Director of Healthcare and Family Services. The
5 changes made to this subsection by this amendatory Act of the
6 101st General Assembly shall apply to all applications
7 submitted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
8 the 101st General Assembly.

9 (b) No later than 30 days after issuance of a permit to
10 close a health care facility or discontinue a category of
11 service, the permit holder shall give written notice of the
12 closure or discontinuation to the State Senator and State
13 Representative serving the legislative district in which the
14 health care facility is located.

15 (c) (1) If there is a pending lawsuit that challenges an
16 application to discontinue a health care facility that either
17 names the Board as a party or alleges fraud in the filing of
18 the application, the Board may defer action on the application
19 for up to 6 months after the date of the initial deferral of
20 the application.

21 (2) The Board may defer action on an application to
22 discontinue a hospital up to 60 days after the effective date
23 of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

24 (d) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act
25 of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to all applications
26 submitted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of

1 the 101st General Assembly.

2 (Source: P.A. 101-83, eff. 7-15-19; 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

3 Title VIII. Managed Care Organization Reform

4 Article 150.

5 Section 150-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
6 changing Section 5-30.1 as follows:

7 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.1)

8 Sec. 5-30.1. Managed care protections.

9 (a) As used in this Section:

10 "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means any entity which
11 contracts with the Department to provide services where payment
12 for medical services is made on a capitated basis.

13 "Emergency services" include:

14 (1) emergency services, as defined by Section 10 of the
15 Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act;

16 (2) emergency medical screening examinations, as
17 defined by Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and
18 Patient Rights Act;

19 (3) post-stabilization medical services, as defined by
20 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights
21 Act; and

22 (4) emergency medical conditions, as defined by

1 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights
2 Act.

3 (b) As provided by Section 5-16.12, managed care
4 organizations are subject to the provisions of the Managed Care
5 Reform and Patient Rights Act.

6 (c) An MCO shall pay any provider of emergency services
7 that does not have in effect a contract with the contracted
8 Medicaid MCO. The default rate of reimbursement shall be the
9 rate paid under Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program
10 methodology, including all policy adjusters, including but not
11 limited to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid
12 Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments,
13 and all outlier add-on adjustments to the extent such
14 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the
15 applicable MCO capitated rates.

16 (d) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization services as
17 a covered service in any of the following situations:

18 (1) the MCO authorized such services;

19 (2) such services were administered to maintain the
20 enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a
21 request to the MCO for authorization of further
22 post-stabilization services;

23 (3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize
24 such services within one hour;

25 (4) the MCO could not be contacted; or

26 (5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating

1 provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an
2 agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated
3 provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case
4 the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the treating
5 non-affiliated provider until an affiliated provider was
6 reached and either concurred with the treating
7 non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed
8 responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall
9 be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under
10 Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program methodology,
11 including all policy adjusters, including but not limited
12 to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage
13 Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments and all
14 outlier add-on adjustments to the extent that such
15 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the
16 applicable MCO capitated rates.

17 (e) The following requirements apply to MCOs in determining
18 payment for all emergency services:

19 (1) MCOs shall not impose any requirements for prior
20 approval of emergency services.

21 (2) The MCO shall cover emergency services provided to
22 enrollees who are temporarily away from their residence and
23 outside the contracting area to the extent that the
24 enrollees would be entitled to the emergency services if
25 they still were within the contracting area.

26 (3) The MCO shall have no obligation to cover medical

1 services provided on an emergency basis that are not
2 covered services under the contract.

3 (4) The MCO shall not condition coverage for emergency
4 services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the
5 enrollee's screening and treatment within 10 days after
6 presentation for emergency services.

7 (5) The determination of the attending emergency
8 physician, or the provider actually treating the enrollee,
9 of whether an enrollee is sufficiently stabilized for
10 discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be binding
11 on the MCO. The MCO shall cover emergency services for all
12 enrollees whether the emergency services are provided by an
13 affiliated or non-affiliated provider.

14 (6) The MCO's financial responsibility for
15 post-stabilization care services it has not pre-approved
16 ends when:

17 (A) a plan physician with privileges at the
18 treating hospital assumes responsibility for the
19 enrollee's care;

20 (B) a plan physician assumes responsibility for
21 the enrollee's care through transfer;

22 (C) a contracting entity representative and the
23 treating physician reach an agreement concerning the
24 enrollee's care; or

25 (D) the enrollee is discharged.

26 (f) Network adequacy and transparency.

1 (1) The Department shall:

2 (A) ensure that an adequate provider network is in
3 place, taking into consideration health professional
4 shortage areas and medically underserved areas;

5 (B) publicly release an explanation of its process
6 for analyzing network adequacy;

7 (C) periodically ensure that an MCO continues to
8 have an adequate network in place; ~~and~~

9 (D) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care
10 Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet provider
11 directory requirements under Section 5-30.3; and ~~-~~

12 (E) require MCOs to ensure that any provider under
13 contract with an MCO on the date of service is paid for
14 any medically necessary service rendered to any of the
15 MCO's enrollees, regardless of inclusion on the MCO's
16 published and publicly available roster of available
17 providers.

18 (2) Each MCO shall confirm its receipt of information
19 submitted specific to physician or dentist additions or
20 physician or dentist deletions from the MCO's provider
21 network within 3 days after receiving all required
22 information from contracted physicians or dentists, and
23 electronic physician and dental directories must be
24 updated consistent with current rules as published by the
25 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or its successor
26 agency.

1 (g) Timely payment of claims.

2 (1) The MCO shall pay a claim within 30 days of
3 receiving a claim that contains all the essential
4 information needed to adjudicate the claim.

5 (2) The MCO shall notify the billing party of its
6 inability to adjudicate a claim within 30 days of receiving
7 that claim.

8 (3) The MCO shall pay a penalty that is at least equal
9 to the timely payment interest penalty imposed under
10 Section 368a of the Illinois Insurance Code for any claims
11 not timely paid.

12 (A) When an MCO is required to pay a timely payment
13 interest penalty to a provider, the MCO must calculate
14 and pay the timely payment interest penalty that is due
15 to the provider within 30 days after the payment of the
16 claim. In no event shall a provider be required to
17 request or apply for payment of any owed timely payment
18 interest penalties.

19 (B) Such payments shall be reported separately
20 from the claim payment for services rendered to the
21 MCO's enrollee and clearly identified as interest
22 payments.

23 (4) (A) The Department shall require MCOs to expedite
24 payments to providers identified on the Department's
25 expedited provider list, determined in accordance with 89
26 Ill. Adm. Code 140.71(b), on a schedule at least as

1 frequently as the providers are paid under the Department's
2 fee-for-service expedited provider schedule.

3 (B) Compliance with the expedited provider
4 requirement may be satisfied by an MCO through the use
5 of a Periodic Interim Payment (PIP) program that has
6 been mutually agreed to and documented between the MCO
7 and the provider, if ~~and~~ the PIP program ensures that
8 any expedited provider receives regular and periodic
9 payments based on prior period payment experience from
10 that MCO. Total payments under the PIP program may be
11 reconciled against future PIP payments on a schedule
12 mutually agreed to between the MCO and the provider.

13 (C) The Department shall share at least monthly its
14 expedited provider list and the frequency with which it
15 pays providers on the expedited list.

16 (g-5) Recognizing that the rapid transformation of the
17 Illinois Medicaid program may have unintended operational
18 challenges for both payers and providers:

19 (1) in no instance shall a medically necessary covered
20 service rendered in good faith, based upon eligibility
21 information documented by the provider, be denied coverage
22 or diminished in payment amount if the eligibility or
23 coverage information available at the time the service was
24 rendered is later found to be inaccurate in the assignment
25 of coverage responsibility between MCOs or the
26 fee-for-service system, except for instances when an

1 individual is deemed to have not been eligible for coverage
2 under the Illinois Medicaid program; and

3 (2) the Department shall, by December 31, 2016, adopt
4 rules establishing policies that shall be included in the
5 Medicaid managed care policy and procedures manual
6 addressing payment resolutions in situations in which a
7 provider renders services based upon information obtained
8 after verifying a patient's eligibility and coverage plan
9 through either the Department's current enrollment system
10 or a system operated by the coverage plan identified by the
11 patient presenting for services:

12 (A) such medically necessary covered services
13 shall be considered rendered in good faith;

14 (B) such policies and procedures shall be
15 developed in consultation with industry
16 representatives of the Medicaid managed care health
17 plans and representatives of provider associations
18 representing the majority of providers within the
19 identified provider industry; and

20 (C) such rules shall be published for a review and
21 comment period of no less than 30 days on the
22 Department's website with final rules remaining
23 available on the Department's website.

24 The rules on payment resolutions shall include, but not be
25 limited to:

26 (A) the extension of the timely filing period;

1 (B) retroactive prior authorizations; and

2 (C) guaranteed minimum payment rate of no less than the
3 current, as of the date of service, fee-for-service rate,
4 plus all applicable add-ons, when the resulting service
5 relationship is out of network.

6 The rules shall be applicable for both MCO coverage and
7 fee-for-service coverage.

8 If the fee-for-service system is ultimately determined to
9 have been responsible for coverage on the date of service, the
10 Department shall provide for an extended period for claims
11 submission outside the standard timely filing requirements.

12 (g-6) MCO Performance Metrics Report.

13 (1) The Department shall publish, on at least a
14 quarterly basis, each MCO's operational performance,
15 including, but not limited to, the following categories of
16 metrics:

17 (A) claims payment, including timeliness and
18 accuracy;

19 (B) prior authorizations;

20 (C) grievance and appeals;

21 (D) utilization statistics;

22 (E) provider disputes;

23 (F) provider credentialing; and

24 (G) member and provider customer service.

25 (2) The Department shall ensure that the metrics report
26 is accessible to providers online by January 1, 2017.

1 (3) The metrics shall be developed in consultation with
2 industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care
3 health plans and representatives of associations
4 representing the majority of providers within the
5 identified industry.

6 (4) Metrics shall be defined and incorporated into the
7 applicable Managed Care Policy Manual issued by the
8 Department.

9 (g-7) MCO claims processing and performance analysis. In
10 order to monitor MCO payments to hospital providers, pursuant
11 to this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the
12 Department shall post an analysis of MCO claims processing and
13 payment performance on its website every 6 months. Such
14 analysis shall include a review and evaluation of a
15 representative sample of hospital claims that are rejected and
16 denied for clean and unclean claims and the top 5 reasons for
17 such actions and timeliness of claims adjudication, which
18 identifies the percentage of claims adjudicated within 30, 60,
19 90, and over 90 days, and the dollar amounts associated with
20 those claims. The Department shall post the contracted claims
21 report required by HealthChoice Illinois on its website every 3
22 months.

23 (g-8) Dispute resolution process. The Department shall
24 maintain a provider complaint portal through which a provider
25 can submit to the Department unresolved disputes with an MCO.
26 An unresolved dispute means an MCO's decision that denies in

1 whole or in part a claim for reimbursement to a provider for
2 health care services rendered by the provider to an enrollee of
3 the MCO with which the provider disagrees. Disputes shall not
4 be submitted to the portal until the provider has availed
5 itself of the MCO's internal dispute resolution process.
6 Disputes that are submitted to the MCO internal dispute
7 resolution process may be submitted to the Department of
8 Healthcare and Family Services' complaint portal no sooner than
9 30 days after submitting to the MCO's internal process and not
10 later than 30 days after the unsatisfactory resolution of the
11 internal MCO process or 60 days after submitting the dispute to
12 the MCO internal process. Multiple claim disputes involving the
13 same MCO may be submitted in one complaint, regardless of
14 whether the claims are for different enrollees, when the
15 specific reason for non-payment of the claims involves a common
16 question of fact or policy. Within 10 business days of receipt
17 of a complaint, the Department shall present such disputes to
18 the appropriate MCO, which shall then have 30 days to issue its
19 written proposal to resolve the dispute. The Department may
20 grant one 30-day extension of this time frame to one of the
21 parties to resolve the dispute. If the dispute remains
22 unresolved at the end of this time frame or the provider is not
23 satisfied with the MCO's written proposal to resolve the
24 dispute, the provider may, within 30 days, request the
25 Department to review the dispute and make a final
26 determination. Within 30 days of the request for Department

1 review of the dispute, both the provider and the MCO shall
2 present all relevant information to the Department for
3 resolution and make individuals with knowledge of the issues
4 available to the Department for further inquiry if needed.
5 Within 30 days of receiving the relevant information on the
6 dispute, or the lapse of the period for submitting such
7 information, the Department shall issue a written decision on
8 the dispute based on contractual terms between the provider and
9 the MCO, contractual terms between the MCO and the Department
10 of Healthcare and Family Services and applicable Medicaid
11 policy. The decision of the Department shall be final. By
12 January 1, 2020, the Department shall establish by rule further
13 details of this dispute resolution process. Disputes between
14 MCOs and providers presented to the Department for resolution
15 are not contested cases, as defined in Section 1-30 of the
16 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, conferring any right to
17 an administrative hearing.

18 (g-9) (1) The Department shall publish annually on its
19 website a report on the calculation of each managed care
20 organization's medical loss ratio showing the following:

21 (A) Premium revenue, with appropriate adjustments.

22 (B) Benefit expense, setting forth the aggregate
23 amount spent for the following:

24 (i) Direct paid claims.

25 (ii) Subcapitation payments.

26 (iii) Other claim payments.

1 (iv) Direct reserves.

2 (v) Gross recoveries.

3 (vi) Expenses for activities that improve health
4 care quality as allowed by the Department.

5 (2) The medical loss ratio shall be calculated consistent
6 with federal law and regulation following a claims runout
7 period determined by the Department.

8 (g-10)(1) "Liability effective date" means the date on
9 which an MCO becomes responsible for payment for medically
10 necessary and covered services rendered by a provider to one of
11 its enrollees in accordance with the contract terms between the
12 MCO and the provider. The liability effective date shall be the
13 later of:

14 (A) The execution date of a network participation
15 contract agreement.

16 (B) The date the provider or its representative submits
17 to the MCO the complete and accurate standardized roster
18 form for the provider in the format approved by the
19 Department.

20 (C) The provider effective date contained within the
21 Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the
22 Illinois Medicaid Program Advanced Cloud Technology
23 (IMPACT) System.

24 (2) The standardized roster form may be submitted to the
25 MCO at the same time that the provider submits an enrollment
26 application to the Department through IMPACT.

1 (3) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall require all
2 MCOs to update their provider directory with information for
3 new practitioners of existing contracted providers within 30
4 days of receipt of a complete and accurate standardized roster
5 template in the format approved by the Department provided that
6 the provider is effective in the Department's provider
7 enrollment subsystem within the IMPACT system. Such provider
8 directory shall be readily accessible for purposes of selecting
9 an approved health care provider and comply with all other
10 federal and State requirements.

11 (g-11) The Department shall work with relevant
12 stakeholders on the development of operational guidelines to
13 enhance and improve operational performance of Illinois'
14 Medicaid managed care program, including, but not limited to,
15 improving provider billing practices, reducing claim
16 rejections and inappropriate payment denials, and
17 standardizing processes, procedures, definitions, and response
18 timelines, with the goal of reducing provider and MCO
19 administrative burdens and conflict. The Department shall
20 include a report on the progress of these program improvements
21 and other topics in its Fiscal Year 2020 annual report to the
22 General Assembly.

23 (g-12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the
24 Department or an MCO requires submission of a claim for payment
25 in a non-electronic format, a provider shall always be afforded
26 a period of no less than 90 business days, as a correction

1 period, following any notification of rejection by either the
2 Department or the MCO to correct errors or omissions in the
3 original submission.

4 Under no circumstances, either by an MCO or under the
5 State's fee-for-service system, shall a provider be denied
6 payment for failure to comply with any timely submission
7 requirements under this Code or under any existing contract,
8 unless the non-electronic format claim submission occurs after
9 the initial 180 days following the latest date of service on
10 the claim, or after the 90 business days correction period
11 following notification to the provider of rejection or denial
12 of payment.

13 (h) The Department shall not expand mandatory MCO
14 enrollment into new counties beyond those counties already
15 designated by the Department as of June 1, 2014 for the
16 individuals whose eligibility for medical assistance is not the
17 seniors or people with disabilities population until the
18 Department provides an opportunity for accountable care
19 entities and MCOs to participate in such newly designated
20 counties.

21 (i) The requirements of this Section apply to contracts
22 with accountable care entities and MCOs entered into, amended,
23 or renewed after June 16, 2014 (the effective date of Public
24 Act 98-651).

25 (j) Health care information released to managed care
26 organizations. A health care provider shall release to a

1 Medicaid managed care organization, upon request, and subject
2 to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of
3 1996 and any other law applicable to the release of health
4 information, the health care information of the MCO's enrollee,
5 if the enrollee has completed and signed a general release form
6 that grants to the health care provider permission to release
7 the recipient's health care information to the recipient's
8 insurance carrier.

9 (k) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services,
10 managed care organizations, a statewide organization
11 representing hospitals, and a statewide organization
12 representing safety-net hospitals shall explore ways to
13 support billing departments in safety-net hospitals.

14 (l) The requirements of this Section added by this
15 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to
16 services provided on or after the first day of the month that
17 begins 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act
18 of the 101st General Assembly.

19 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-580, eff. 3-12-18;
20 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

21 Article 155.

22 Section 155-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
23 adding Section 5-30.17 as follows:

1 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.17 new)

2 Sec. 5-30.17. Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission.

3 (a) The Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission is
4 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family Services
5 to evaluate the effectiveness of Illinois' managed care
6 program.

7 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

8 (1) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
9 President, who shall serve as co-chair.

10 (2) One member of the House of Representatives,
11 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,
12 who shall serve as co-chair.

13 (3) One member of the House of Representatives,
14 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of
15 Representatives.

16 (4) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
17 Minority Leader.

18 (5) One member representing the Department of
19 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

20 (6) One member representing the Department of Public
21 Health, appointed by the Governor.

22 (7) One member representing the Department of Human
23 Services, appointed by the Governor.

24 (8) One member representing the Department of Children
25 and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

26 (9) One member of a statewide association representing

1 Medicaid managed care plans.

2 (10) One member of a statewide association
3 representing hospitals.

4 (11) Two academic experts on Medicaid managed care
5 programs.

6 (12) One member of a statewide association
7 representing primary care providers.

8 (13) One member of a statewide association
9 representing behavioral health providers.

10 (14) Members representing Federally Qualified Health
11 Centers, a long-term care association, pharmacies and
12 pharmacists, a developmental disability association, a
13 Medicaid consumer advocate, a Medicaid consumer, an
14 association representing physicians, a behavioral health
15 association, and an association representing
16 pediatricians.

17 (15) A member of a statewide association representing
18 only safety-net hospitals.

19 The Commission has the discretion to determine other
20 membership.

21 (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and
22 chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the
23 Commission's executive administrators in providing
24 administrative support, research support, and other
25 administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.
26 Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and

1 housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing budget.

2 (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no
3 compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

4 (e) The Commission shall meet quarterly beginning as soon
5 as is practicable after the effective date of this amendatory
6 Act of the 101st General Assembly.

7 (f) The Commission shall:

8 (1) review data on health outcomes of Medicaid managed
9 care members;

10 (2) review current care coordination and case
11 management efforts and make recommendations on expanding
12 care coordination to additional populations with a focus on
13 the social determinants of health;

14 (3) review and assess the appropriateness of metrics
15 used in the Pay-for-Performance programs;

16 (4) review the Department's prior authorization and
17 utilization management requirements and recommend
18 adaptations for the Medicaid population;

19 (5) review managed care performance in meeting
20 diversity contracting goals and the use of funds dedicated
21 to meeting such goals, including, but not limited to,
22 contracting requirements set forth in the Business
23 Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with
24 Disabilities Act; recommend strategies to increase
25 compliance with diversity contracting goals in
26 collaboration with the Chief Procurement Officer for

1 General Services and the Business Enterprise Council for
2 Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities; and
3 recoup any misappropriated funds for diversity
4 contracting;

5 (6) review data on the effectiveness of processing to
6 medical providers;

7 (7) review member access to health care services in the
8 Medicaid Program, including specialty care services;

9 (8) review value-based and other alternative payment
10 methodologies to make recommendations to enhance program
11 efficiency and improve health outcomes;

12 (9) review the compliance of all managed care entities
13 in State contracts and recommend reasonable financial
14 penalties for any noncompliance;

15 (10) produce an annual report detailing the
16 Commission's findings based upon its review of research
17 conducted under this Section, including specific
18 recommendations, if any, and any other information the
19 Commission may deem proper in furtherance of its duties
20 under this Section;

21 (11) review provider availability and make
22 recommendations to increase providers where needed,
23 including reviewing the regulatory environment and making
24 recommendations for reforms;

25 (12) review capacity for culturally competent
26 services, including translation services among providers;

1 and

2 (13) review and recommend changes to the safety-net
3 hospital definition to create different classifications of
4 safety-net hospitals.

5 (f-5) The Department shall make available upon request the
6 analytics of Medicaid managed care clearinghouse data
7 regarding processing.

8 (g) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall
9 impose financial penalties on any managed care entity that is
10 found to not be in compliance with any provision of a State
11 contract. In addition to any financial penalties imposed under
12 this subsection, the Department shall recoup any
13 misappropriated funds identified by the Commission for the
14 purpose of meeting the Business Enterprise Program
15 requirements set forth in contracts with managed care entities.
16 Any financial penalty imposed or funds recouped in accordance
17 with this Section shall be deposited into the Managed Care
18 Oversight Fund.

19 When recommending reasonable financial penalties upon a
20 finding of noncompliance under this subsection, the Commission
21 shall consider the scope and nature of the noncompliance and
22 whether or not it was intentional or unreasonable. In imposing
23 a financial penalty on any managed care entity that is found to
24 not be in compliance, the Department of Healthcare and Family
25 Services shall consider the recommendations of the Commission.

26 Upon conclusion by the Department of Healthcare and Family

1 Services that any managed care entity is not in compliance with
2 its contract with the State based on the findings of the
3 Commission, it shall issue the managed care entity a written
4 notification of noncompliance. The written notice shall
5 specify any financial penalty to be imposed and whether this
6 penalty is consistent with the recommendation of the
7 Commission. If the specified financial penalty differs from the
8 Commission's recommendation, the Department of Healthcare and
9 Family Services shall specify why the Department did not impose
10 the recommended penalty and how the Department arrived at its
11 determination of the reasonableness of the financial penalty
12 imposed.

13 Within 14 calendar days after receipt of the notification
14 of noncompliance, the managed care entity shall submit a
15 written response to the Department of Healthcare and Family
16 Services. The response shall indicate whether the managed care
17 entity: (i) disputes the determination of noncompliance,
18 including any facts or conduct to show compliance; (ii) agrees
19 to the determination of noncompliance and any financial penalty
20 imposed; or (iii) agrees to the determination of noncompliance
21 but disputes the financial penalty imposed.

22 Failure to respond to the notification of noncompliance
23 shall be deemed acceptance of the Department of Healthcare and
24 Family Services' determination of noncompliance.

25 If a managed care entity disputes any part of the
26 Department of Healthcare and Family Services' determination of

1 noncompliance, within 30 calendar days of receipt of the
2 managed care entity's response the Department shall respond in
3 writing whether it (i) agrees to review its determination of
4 noncompliance or (ii) disagrees with the entity's disputation.

5 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall
6 issue a written notice to the Commission of the dispute and its
7 chosen response at the same time notice is made to the managed
8 care entity.

9 Nothing in this Section limits or alters a person or
10 entity's existing rights or protections under State or federal
11 law.

12 (h) A decision of the Department of Healthcare and Family
13 Services to impose a financial penalty on a managed care entity
14 for noncompliance under subsection (g) is subject to judicial
15 review under the Administrative Review Law.

16 (i) The Department shall issue quarterly reports to the
17 Governor and the General Assembly indicating: (i) the number of
18 determinations of noncompliance since the last quarter; (ii)
19 the number of financial penalties imposed; and (iii) the
20 outcome or status of each determination.

21 (j) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year
22 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its
23 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The
24 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of
25 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in
26 electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the

1 Secretary shall direct.

2 Article 160.

3 Section 160-5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
4 Sections 5.935 and 6z-124 as follows:

5 (30 ILCS 105/5.935 new)

6 Sec. 5.935. The Managed Care Oversight Fund.

7 (30 ILCS 105/6z-124 new)

8 Sec. 6z-124. Managed Care Oversight Fund. The Managed Care
9 Oversight Fund is created as a special fund in the State
10 treasury. Subject to appropriation, available annual moneys in
11 the Fund shall be used by the Department of Healthcare and
12 Family Services to support contracting with women and
13 minority-owned businesses as part of the Department's Business
14 Enterprise Program requirements. The Department shall
15 prioritize contracts for care coordination services, workforce
16 development, and other services that support the Department's
17 mission to promote health equity. Funds may not be used for any
18 administrative costs of the Department.

19 Article 170.

20 Section 170-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by

1 adding Section 5-30.16 as follows:

2 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.16 new)

3 Sec. 5-30.16. Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission.

4 (a) The Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission is
5 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family Services
6 to develop a program to support and grow minority, women, and
7 persons with disability owned businesses.

8 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

9 (1) Two members appointed by the Illinois Legislative
10 Black Caucus.

11 (2) Two members appointed by the Illinois Legislative
12 Latino Caucus.

13 (3) Two members appointed by the Conference of Women
14 Legislators of the Illinois General Assembly.

15 (4) Two members representing a statewide Medicaid
16 health plan association, appointed by the Governor.

17 (5) One member representing the Department of
18 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

19 (6) Three members representing businesses currently
20 registered with the Business Enterprise Program, appointed
21 by the Governor.

22 (7) One member representing the disability community,
23 appointed by the Governor.

24 (8) One member representing the Business Enterprise
25 Council, appointed by the Governor.

1 (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and
2 chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the
3 Commission's executive administrators in providing
4 administrative support, research support, and other
5 administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.
6 Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and
7 housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing budget.

8 (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no
9 compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

10 (e) The members of the Commission shall designate co-chairs
11 of the Commission to lead their efforts at the first meeting of
12 the Commission.

13 (f) The Commission shall meet at least monthly beginning as
14 soon as is practicable after the effective date of this
15 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

16 (g) The Commission shall:

17 (1) Develop a recommendation on a Medicaid Business
18 Opportunity Program which will set requirements for
19 Minority, Women, and Persons with Disability Owned
20 business contracting requirements. Such requirements shall
21 include contracting goals to be included in the contracts
22 between the Department of Healthcare and Family Services
23 and the Managed Care entities for the provision of Medicaid
24 Services.

25 (2) Make recommendations on the process by which
26 vendors or providers would be certified as eligible to be

1 included in the program and appropriate eligibility
2 standards relative to the healthcare industry.

3 (3) Make a recommendation on whether to include not for
4 profit organizations, diversity councils, or diversity
5 chambers as eligible for certification.

6 (4) Make a recommendation on identifying whether
7 providers included in the provider enrollment system are
8 qualified for certification.

9 (5) Make a recommendation on reasonable penalties or
10 sanctions for plans that fail to meet their goals and
11 remedies for these sanctions and penalties. This
12 recommendation shall also include suggestions on how
13 penalties shall be used by the Department.

14 (6) Make a recommendation on whether diverse staff
15 shall be considered within the goals set for managed care
16 entities.

17 (7) Make a recommendation on whether a new platform for
18 certification is necessary to administer this program or if
19 the existing platform for the Business Enterprise Program
20 is capable of including recommended changes coming from
21 this Commission.

22 (8) Make a recommendation on the ongoing activity of
23 the Commission including structure, frequency of meetings,
24 and agendas to ensure ongoing oversight of the program by
25 the Commission.

26 (h) The Commission shall provide recommendations to the

1 Department and the General assembly by April 15, 2021 in order
2 to ensure prompt implementation of the Medicaid Business
3 Opportunity Program.

4 (i) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year
5 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its
6 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The
7 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of
8 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in
9 electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the
10 Secretary shall direct.

11 Article 172.

12 Section 172-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
13 changing Section 14-13 as follows:

14 (305 ILCS 5/14-13)

15 Sec. 14-13. Reimbursement for inpatient stays extended
16 beyond medical necessity.

17 (a) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall by rule
18 implement a methodology effective for dates of service July 1,
19 2019 and later to reimburse hospitals for inpatient stays
20 extended beyond medical necessity due to the inability of the
21 Department or the managed care organization in which a
22 recipient is enrolled or the hospital discharge planner to find
23 an appropriate placement after discharge from the hospital. The

1 Department shall evaluate the effectiveness of the current
2 reimbursement rate for inpatient hospital stays beyond medical
3 necessity.

4 (b) The methodology shall provide reasonable compensation
5 for the services provided attributable to the days of the
6 extended stay for which the prevailing rate methodology
7 provides no reimbursement. The Department may use a day outlier
8 program to satisfy this requirement. The reimbursement rate
9 shall be set at a level so as not to act as an incentive to
10 avoid transfer to the appropriate level of care needed or
11 placement, after discharge.

12 (c) The Department shall require managed care
13 organizations to adopt this methodology or an alternative
14 methodology that pays at least as much as the Department's
15 adopted methodology unless otherwise mutually agreed upon
16 contractual language is developed by the provider and the
17 managed care organization for a risk-based or innovative
18 payment methodology.

19 (d) Days beyond medical necessity shall not be eligible for
20 per diem add-on payments under the Medicaid High Volume
21 Adjustment (MHVA) or the Medicaid Percentage Adjustment (MPA)
22 programs.

23 (e) For services covered by the fee-for-service program,
24 reimbursement under this Section shall only be made for days
25 beyond medical necessity that occur after the hospital has
26 notified the Department of the need for post-discharge

1 placement. For services covered by a managed care organization,
2 hospitals shall notify the appropriate managed care
3 organization of an admission within 24 hours of admission. For
4 every 24-hour period beyond the initial 24 hours after
5 admission that the hospital fails to notify the managed care
6 organization of the admission, reimbursement under this
7 subsection shall be reduced by one day.

8 (Source: P.A. 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

9 Title IX. Maternal and Infant Mortality

10 Article 175.

11 Section 175-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
12 adding Section 5-18.5 as follows:

13 (305 ILCS 5/5-18.5 new)

14 Sec. 5-18.5. Perinatal doula and evidence-based home
15 visiting services.

16 (a) As used in this Section:

17 "Home visiting" means a voluntary, evidence-based strategy
18 used to support pregnant people, infants, and young children
19 and their caregivers to promote infant, child, and maternal
20 health, to foster educational development and school
21 readiness, and to help prevent child abuse and neglect. Home
22 visitors are trained professionals whose visits and activities

1 focus on promoting strong parent-child attachment to foster
2 healthy child development.

3 "Perinatal doula" means a trained provider who provides
4 regular, voluntary physical, emotional, and educational
5 support, but not medical or midwife care, to pregnant and
6 birthing persons before, during, and after childbirth,
7 otherwise known as the perinatal period.

8 "Perinatal doula training" means any doula training that
9 focuses on providing support throughout the prenatal, labor and
10 delivery, or postpartum period, and reflects the type of doula
11 care that the doula seeks to provide.

12 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article,
13 perinatal doula services and evidence-based home visiting
14 services shall be covered under the medical assistance program
15 for persons who are otherwise eligible for medical assistance
16 under this Article. Perinatal doula services include regular
17 visits beginning in the prenatal period and continuing into the
18 postnatal period, inclusive of continuous support during labor
19 and delivery, that support healthy pregnancies and positive
20 birth outcomes. Perinatal doula services may be embedded in an
21 existing program, such as evidence-based home visiting.
22 Perinatal doula services provided during the prenatal period
23 may be provided weekly, services provided during the labor and
24 delivery period may be provided for the entire duration of
25 labor and the time immediately following birth, and services
26 provided during the postpartum period may be provided up to 12

1 months postpartum.

2 (c) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall
3 adopt rules to administer this Section. In this rulemaking, the
4 Department shall consider the expertise of and consult with
5 doula program experts, doula training providers, practicing
6 doulas, and home visiting experts, along with State agencies
7 implementing perinatal doula services and relevant bodies
8 under the Illinois Early Learning Council. This body of experts
9 shall inform the Department on the credentials necessary for
10 perinatal doula and home visiting services to be eligible for
11 Medicaid reimbursement and the rate of reimbursement for home
12 visiting and perinatal doula services in the prenatal, labor
13 and delivery, and postpartum periods. Every 2 years, the
14 Department shall assess the rates of reimbursement for
15 perinatal doula and home visiting services and adjust rates
16 accordingly.

17 (d) The Department shall seek such State plan amendments or
18 waivers as may be necessary to implement this Section and shall
19 secure federal financial participation for expenditures made
20 by the Department in accordance with this Section.

21 Title X. Miscellaneous

22 Article 999.

23 Section 999-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

1 becoming law.".