

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2019 and 2020 HB3099

by Rep. Katie Stuart

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Extends authorization for advance deposit wagering until December 31, 2022 (from December 31, 2020). Amends the Video Gaming Act. Allows for video gaming by licensed horse racing establishments (facilities operated by an organization licensee whose handle from wagering on Illinois races for 2016 was less than \$32,000,000 or by an inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from such an organization licensee); makes conforming changes throughout the Video Gaming Act and in the Criminal Code of 2012. Provides that a licensed horse racing establishment that is an organization licensee may operate up to 150 video gaming terminals at its organization licensee location at any time and a licensed horse racing establishment that is an inter-track wagering location licensee may operate up to 5 video gaming terminals at the inter-track wagering location licensee's location or on the premises of the organization licensee with which it is affiliated. The provisions amending the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 are effective immediately.

LRB101 04972 SMS 49981 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning gaming.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is amended by changing Sections 26, 26.8, 26.9, and 27 as follows:
- 6 (230 ILCS 5/26) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-26)
- 7 Sec. 26. Wagering.
- (a) Any licensee may conduct and supervise the pari-mutuel 8 9 system of wagering, as defined in Section 3.12 of this Act, on 10 horse races conducted by an Illinois organization licensee or conducted at a racetrack located in another state or country 11 and televised in Illinois in accordance with subsection (g) of 12 Section 26 of this Act. Subject to the prior consent of the 13 14 Board, licensees may supplement any pari-mutuel pool in order to quarantee a minimum distribution. Such pari-mutuel method of 15 16 wagering shall not, under any circumstances if conducted under 17 the provisions of this Act, be held or construed to be unlawful, other statutes of this State to the contrary 18 19 notwithstanding. Subject to rules for advance promulgated by the Board, any licensee may accept wagers in 20 21 advance of the day of the race wagered upon occurs.
- 22 (b) No other method of betting, pool making, wagering or 23 gambling shall be used or permitted by the licensee. Each

- licensee may retain, subject to the payment of all applicable taxes and purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered under subsection (a) of this Section, except as may
- 4 otherwise be permitted under this Act.
 - (b-5) An individual may place a wager under the pari-mutuel system from any licensed location authorized under this Act provided that wager is electronically recorded in the manner described in Section 3.12 of this Act. Any wager made electronically by an individual while physically on the premises of a licensee shall be deemed to have been made at the premises of that licensee.
 - (c) Until January 1, 2000, the sum held by any licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum remaining unclaimed, less any uncashed supplements contributed by such licensee for the purpose of guaranteeing minimum distributions of any pari-mutuel pool, shall be paid to the Illinois Veterans' Rehabilitation Fund of the State treasury, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act.
 - (c-5) Beginning January 1, 2000, the sum held by any licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum

- remaining unclaimed, less any uncashed supplements contributed by such licensee for the purpose of guaranteeing minimum distributions of any pari-mutuel pool, shall be evenly distributed to the purse account of the organization licensee and the organization licensee.
 - (d) A pari-mutuel ticket shall be honored until December 31 of the next calendar year, and the licensee shall pay the same and may charge the amount thereof against unpaid money similarly accumulated on account of pari-mutuel tickets not presented for payment.
 - (e) No licensee shall knowingly permit any minor, other than an employee of such licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey, driver, or employee thereof, to be admitted during a racing program unless accompanied by a parent or guardian, or any minor to be a patron of the pari-mutuel system of wagering conducted or supervised by it. The admission of any unaccompanied minor, other than an employee of the licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey, driver, or employee thereof at a race track is a Class C misdemeanor.
 - organization licensee may contract with an entity in another state or country to permit any legal wagering entity in another state or country to accept wagers solely within such other state or country on races conducted by the organization licensee in this State. Beginning January 1, 2000, these wagers shall not be subject to State taxation. Until January 1, 2000,

when the out-of-State entity conducts a pari-mutuel pool separate from the organization licensee, a privilege tax equal to 7 1/2% of all monies received by the organization licensee from entities in other states or countries pursuant to such contracts is imposed on the organization licensee, and such privilege tax shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours of receipt of the moneys from the simulcast. When the out-of-State entity conducts a combined pari-mutuel pool with the organization licensee, the tax shall be 10% of all monies received by the organization licensee with 25% of the receipts from this 10% tax to be distributed to the county in which the race was conducted.

An organization licensee may permit one or more of its races to be utilized for pari-mutuel wagering at one or more locations in other states and may transmit audio and visual signals of races the organization licensee conducts to one or more locations outside the State or country and may also permit pari-mutuel pools in other states or countries to be combined with its gross or net wagering pools or with wagering pools established by other states.

(g) A host track may accept interstate simulcast wagers on horse races conducted in other states or countries and shall control the number of signals and types of breeds of racing in its simulcast program, subject to the disapproval of the Board. The Board may prohibit a simulcast program only if it finds that the simulcast program is clearly adverse to the integrity

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of racing. The host track simulcast program shall include the signal of live racing of all organization licensees. All non-host licensees and advance deposit wagering licensees shall carry the signal of and accept wagers on live racing of all organization licensees. Advance deposit wagering licensees shall not be permitted to accept out-of-state wagers on any Illinois signal provided pursuant to this Section without the approval and consent of the organization licensee providing the signal. For one year after August 15, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-968), non-host licensees may carry the host track simulcast program and shall accept wagers on all races included as part of the simulcast program of horse races conducted at race tracks located within North America upon which wagering is permitted. For a period of one year after August 15, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-968), on horse races conducted at race tracks located outside of North America, non-host licensees may accept wagers on all races included as part of the simulcast program upon which wagering is permitted. Beginning August 15, 2015 (one year after the effective date of Public Act 98-968), non-host licensees may carry the host track simulcast program and shall accept wagers on all races included as part of the simulcast program upon which wagering is permitted. All organization licensees shall provide their live signal to all advance deposit wagering licensees for a simulcast commission fee not to exceed 6% of the advance deposit wagering licensee's Illinois handle on the

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organization licensee's signal without prior approval by the Board. The Board may adopt rules under which it may permit simulcast commission fees in excess of 6%. The Board shall adopt rules limiting the interstate commission fees charged to an advance deposit wagering licensee. The Board shall adopt regarding advance deposit wagering on interstate simulcast races that shall reflect, among other things, the General Assembly's desire to maximize revenues to the State, horsemen purses, and organizational licensees. However, organization licensees providing live signals pursuant to the requirements of this subsection (g) may petition the Board to withhold their live signals from an advance deposit wagering licensee if the organization licensee discovers and the Board finds reputable or credible information that the advance deposit wagering licensee is under investigation by another state or federal governmental agency, the advance deposit wagering licensee's license has been suspended in another state, or the advance deposit wagering licensee's license is in revocation proceedings in another state. The organization licensee's provision of their live signal to an advance deposit wagering licensee under this subsection (g) pertains to wagers placed from within Illinois. Advance deposit wagering licensees may place advance deposit wagering terminals at wagering facilities as a convenience to customers. The advance deposit wagering licensee shall not charge or collect any fee from purses for the placement of the advance deposit wagering

terminals. The costs and expenses of the host track and non-host licensees associated with interstate simulcast wagering, other than the interstate commission fee, shall be borne by the host track and all non-host licensees incurring these costs. The interstate commission fee shall not exceed 5% of Illinois handle on the interstate simulcast race or races without prior approval of the Board. The Board shall promulgate rules under which it may permit interstate commission fees in excess of 5%. The interstate commission fee and other fees charged by the sending racetrack, including, but not limited to, satellite decoder fees, shall be uniformly applied to the host track and all non-host licensees.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, through December 31, 2022 2020, an organization licensee, with the consent of the horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting, may maintain a system whereby advance deposit wagering may take place or an organization licensee, with the consent of the horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting, may contract with another person to carry out a system of advance deposit wagering. Such consent may not be unreasonably withheld. Only with respect to an appeal to the Board that consent for an organization licensee that maintains its own

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advance deposit wagering system is being unreasonably withheld, the Board shall issue a final order within 30 days after initiation of the appeal, and the organization licensee's advance deposit wagering system may remain operational during that 30-day period. The actions of any organization licensee who conducts advance deposit wagering or any person who has a contract with an organization licensee to conduct advance deposit wagering who conducts advance deposit wagering on or after January 1, 2013 and prior to June 7, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-18) taken in reliance on the changes made to this subsection (g) by Public Act 98-18 are hereby validated, provided payment of all applicable pari-mutuel taxes are remitted to the Board. All advance deposit wagers placed from within Illinois must be placed through Board-approved advance deposit wagering licensee; no other entity may accept an advance deposit wager from a person within Illinois. All advance deposit wagering is subject to any rules adopted by the Board. The Board may adopt rules necessary to regulate advance deposit wagering through the use of emergency rulemaking in accordance with Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The General Assembly finds that the adoption of rules to regulate advance deposit wagering is deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare. An advance deposit wagering licensee may retain all moneys as agreed to by contract with an organization licensee. Any moneys retained by the organization licensee from

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advance deposit wagering, not including moneys retained by the advance deposit wagering licensee, shall be paid 50% to the organization licensee's purse account and 50% to organization licensee. With the exception of any organization licensee that is owned by a publicly traded company that is incorporated in a state other than Illinois and advance deposit wagering licensees under contract with such organization licensees, organization licensees that maintain advance deposit wagering systems and advance deposit wagering licensees that contract with organization licensees shall provide sufficiently detailed monthly accountings to the horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting so that the horsemen association, as an interested party, can confirm the accuracy of the amounts paid to the purse account at the horsemen association's affiliated organization licensee from advance deposit wagering. If more than one breed races at the same race track facility, then the 50% of the moneys to be paid to an organization licensee's purse account shall be allocated among all organization licensees' purse accounts operating at that race track facility proportionately based on the actual number of host days that the Board grants to that breed at that race track facility in the current calendar year. To the extent any fees from advance deposit wagering conducted in Illinois for wagers in Illinois or other states have been placed in

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- escrow or otherwise withheld from wagers pending a determination of the legality of advance deposit wagering, no action shall be brought to declare such wagers or the disbursement of any fees previously escrowed illegal.
 - (1) Between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. an inter-track wagering licensee other than the host track may the host track simulcast supplement program additional simulcast races or race programs, provided that between January 1 and the third Friday in February of any year, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois during this period, only thoroughbred races may be used for supplemental interstate simulcast purposes. The Board shall withhold approval for a supplemental interstate simulcast only if it finds that the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. A supplemental interstate simulcast may be transmitted from inter-track wagering licensee to its affiliated an non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for a supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by the non-host licensee and its affiliated non-host licensees receiving the simulcast.
 - (2) Between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. an inter-track wagering licensee other than the host track may receive supplemental interstate simulcasts only with the consent of the host track, except when the Board finds that the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of

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racing. Consent granted under this paragraph (2) to any inter-track wagering licensee shall be deemed consent to all non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for the supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by all participating non-host licensees.

- Each licensee conducting interstate simulcast wagering may retain, subject to the payment of all applicable taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. If any licensee conducts the pari-mutuel system wagering on races conducted racetracks in another state or country, each such race or race program shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax of that daily handle as provided in subsection (a) of Section 27. Until January 1, 2000, from sums permitted to be retained pursuant to this subsection, each inter-track wagering location licensee shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered on simulcast wagering to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, subject to the provisions of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (11) of subsection (h) of Section 26 of this Act.
- (4) A licensee who receives an interstate simulcast may combine its gross or net pools with pools at the sending racetracks pursuant to rules established by the Board. All licensees combining their gross pools at a sending racetrack shall adopt the takeout take out percentages of

the sending racetrack. A licensee may also establish a separate pool and takeout structure for wagering purposes on races conducted at race tracks outside of the State of Illinois. The licensee may permit pari-mutuel wagers placed in other states or countries to be combined with its gross or net wagering pools or other wagering pools.

- (5) After the payment of the interstate commission fee (except for the interstate commission fee on a supplemental interstate simulcast, which shall be paid by the host track and by each non-host licensee through the host track host-track) and all applicable State and local taxes, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, the remainder of moneys retained from simulcast wagering pursuant to this subsection (g), and Section 26.2 shall be divided as follows:
 - (A) For interstate simulcast wagers made at a host track, 50% to the host track and 50% to purses at the host track.
 - (B) For wagers placed on interstate simulcast races, supplemental simulcasts as defined in subparagraphs (1) and (2), and separately pooled races conducted outside of the State of Illinois made at a non-host licensee, 25% to the host track, 25% to the non-host licensee, and 50% to the purses at the host track.
 - (6) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the

contrary, non-host licensees who derive their licenses from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River may receive supplemental interstate simulcast races at all times subject to Board approval, which shall be withheld only upon a finding that a supplemental interstate simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing.

- (7) Effective January 1, 2017, notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the contrary, after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, non-host licensees who derive their licenses from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall retain 50% of the retention from interstate simulcast wagers and shall pay 50% to purses at the track from which the non-host licensee derives its license.
- (7.1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, if no standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. during that calendar year shall be paid as follows:
 - (A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many

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racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000, 80% shall be paid to its thoroughbred purse account; and

- (B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund and shall be paid to purses for standardbred races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county fairgrounds. The moneys deposited into the pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to standardbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with other moneys paid into that Fund. moneys deposited pursuant to subparagraph (B) shall be allocated as provided by the Department of Agriculture, with the advice assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board.
- (7.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, if no thoroughbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. during that calendar year shall be deposited as

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(A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000, 80% shall be deposited into its standardbred purse account; and

(B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund. Moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be paid to Illinois conceived and foaled thoroughbred breeders' programs and to thoroughbred purses for races conducted at any county fairgrounds for Illinois conceived and foaled horses at discretion of the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board. The moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to thoroughbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with other moneys deposited into that Fund.

- (7.3) (Blank).
- (7.4) (Blank).

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- (8) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, an organization licensee from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River and its affiliated non-host licensees shall not be entitled to share in any retention generated on racing, inter-track wagering, or simulcast wagering at any other Illinois wagering facility.
- (8.1) Notwithstanding any provisions in this Act to the contrary, if 2 organization licensees are conducting standardbred race meetings concurrently between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, the remainder of the amount retained from simulcast wagering otherwise attributable to the host track and to host track purses shall be split daily between the 2 organization licensees and the purses at the tracks of the organization licensees, respectively, based on organization licensee's share of the total live handle for that day, provided that this provision shall not apply to any non-host licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River.
 - (9) (Blank).
- (10) (Blank).
- 25 (11) (Blank).
- 26 (12) The Board shall have authority to compel all host

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tracks to receive the simulcast of any or all races conducted at the Springfield or DuQuoin State fairgrounds and include all such races as part of their simulcast programs.

(13) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in the event that the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all wagering facilities in any calendar year is less than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all such wagering facilities for calendar year 1994, then each wagering facility that has an annual total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races that is less than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at such wagering facility for calendar year 1994, shall be permitted to receive, from any amount otherwise payable to the purse account at the race track with which the wagering facility is affiliated in the succeeding calendar year, an amount equal to 2% of the differential in total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at the wagering facility between that calendar year in question and 1994 provided, however, that a wagering facility shall not be entitled to any such payment until the Board certifies in writing to the wagering facility the amount to which the wagering facility is entitled and a schedule for payment of the amount to the wagering facility, based on: (i) the racing dates awarded

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to the race track affiliated with the wagering facility during the succeeding year; (ii) the sums available or anticipated to be available in the purse account of the race track affiliated with the wagering facility for purses during the succeeding year; and (iii) the need to ensure reasonable purse levels during the payment period. The Board's certification shall be provided no later than January 31 of the succeeding year. In the event a wagering facility entitled to a payment under this paragraph (13) is affiliated with a race track that maintains purse accounts for both standardbred and thoroughbred racing, the amount to be paid to the wagering facility shall be divided between each purse account pro rata, based on the amount of Illinois handle on Illinois standardbred and thoroughbred racing respectively at the wagering facility during the previous calendar year. Annually, the General Assembly shall appropriate sufficient funds from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Agriculture for payment into the thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing purse accounts at Illinois pari-mutuel tracks. The amount paid to each purse account shall be the amount certified by the Illinois Racing Board in January to be transferred from each account to each eligible racing facility in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

(h) The Board may approve and license the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track

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wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees subject to the following terms and conditions:

(1) Any person licensed to conduct a race meeting (i) at a track where 60 or more days of racing were conducted during the immediately preceding calendar year or where over the 5 immediately preceding calendar years an average of 30 or more days of racing were conducted annually may be issued an inter-track wagering license; (ii) at a track located in a county that is bounded by the Mississippi River, which has a population of less than 150,000 according to the 1990 decennial census, and an average of at least 60 days of racing per year between 1985 and 1993 may be issued an inter-track wagering license; or (iii) at a track located in Madison County that conducted at least 100 days of live racing during the immediately preceding calendar year may be issued an inter-track wagering license, unless a lesser schedule of live racing is the result of (A) weather, unsafe track conditions, or other acts of God; (B) an agreement between the organization licensee and the associations representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting; or (C) a finding by the Board of extraordinary circumstances and that it was in the best interest of the public and the sport to conduct fewer than 100 days of live racing. Any such person having operating

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control of the racing facility may receive inter-track wagering location licenses. An eligible race track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River may establish up to 9 inter-track wagering locations, an eligible race track located in Stickney Township in Cook County may establish up to 16 inter-track wagering locations, and an eligible race track located in Palatine Township in Cook County may establish up to 18 inter-track wagering locations. An application for said license shall be filed with the Board prior to such dates as may be fixed by the Board. With an application for an inter-track wagering location license there shall be delivered to the Board a certified check or bank draft payable to the order of the Board for an amount equal to \$500. The application shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the Board. The application shall comply with all other rules, regulations and conditions imposed by the Board in connection therewith.

(2) The Board shall examine the applications with respect to their conformity with this Act and the rules and regulations imposed by the Board. If found to be in compliance with the Act and rules and regulations of the Board, the Board may then issue a license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering to such applicant. All such applications shall be acted upon by the Board at a meeting to be held on such date as may be fixed

by the Board.

- (3) In granting licenses to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the Board shall give due consideration to the best interests of the public, of horse racing, and of maximizing revenue to the State.
- (4) Prior to the issuance of a license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the applicant shall file with the Board a bond payable to the State of Illinois in the sum of \$50,000, executed by the applicant and a surety company or companies authorized to do business in this State, and conditioned upon (i) the payment by the licensee of all taxes due under Section 27 or 27.1 and any other monies due and payable under this Act, and (ii) distribution by the licensee, upon presentation of the winning ticket or tickets, of all sums payable to the patrons of pari-mutuel pools.
- (5) Each license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall specify the person to whom it is issued, the dates on which such wagering is permitted, and the track or location where the wagering is to be conducted.
- (6) All wagering under such license is subject to this Act and to the rules and regulations from time to time prescribed by the Board, and every such license issued by the Board shall contain a recital to that effect.
 - (7) An inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track

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wagering location licensee may accept wagers at the track or location where it is licensed, or as otherwise provided under this Act.

- (8) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall not be conducted at any track less than 5 miles from a track at which a racing meeting is in progress.
- Inter-track wagering location licensees who (8.1)derive their licenses from a particular organization licensee shall conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only at locations that are within 160 miles of that race track where the particular organization licensee licensed to conduct racing. However, inter-track is wagering and simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by those licensees at any location within 5 miles of any race track at which a horse race meeting has been licensed in the current year, unless the person having operating control of such race track has given its written consent to inter-track wagering location licensees, which such consent must be filed with the Board at or prior to the time application is made. In the case of any inter-track wagering location licensee initially licensed December 31, 2013, inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by those inter-track wagering location licensees that are located outside the City of Chicago at any location within 8 miles of any race track at which a horse race meeting has been licensed in

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the current year, unless the person having operating control of such race track has given its written consent to such inter-track wagering location licensees, which consent must be filed with the Board at or prior to the time application is made.

(8.2) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee at any location within 500 feet of an existing church or existing school, nor within 500 feet of the residences of more than 50 registered voters without receiving written permission from a majority of the registered voters at such residences. Such written permission statements shall be filed with the Board. The distance of 500 feet shall be measured to the nearest part of any building used for worship services, education programs, residential purposes, or conducting inter-track wagering by an inter-track wagering location licensee, and not to property boundaries. However, inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering may be conducted at a site within 500 feet of a church, school or residences of 50 or more registered voters if such church, school or residences have been erected or established, or such voters have been after the Board registered, issues the original inter-track wagering location license at the site in question. Inter-track wagering location licensees may conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only

in areas that are zoned for commercial or manufacturing purposes or in areas for which a special use has been approved by the local zoning authority. However, no license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall be granted by the Board with respect to any inter-track wagering location within the jurisdiction of any local zoning authority which has, by ordinance or by resolution, prohibited the establishment of an inter-track wagering location within its jurisdiction. However, inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering may be conducted at a site if such ordinance or resolution is enacted after the Board licenses the original inter-track wagering location licensee for the site in question.

(9) (Blank).

(10) An inter-track wagering licensee or an inter-track wagering location licensee may retain, subject to the payment of the privilege taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. Each program of racing conducted by each inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax or pari-mutuel tax on such daily handle as provided in Section 27.

(10.1) Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, inter-track wagering location licensees

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shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the municipality in which such location is situated and 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the county in which such location is situated. In the event that an inter-track wagering location licensee is situated in an unincorporated area of a county, such licensee shall pay 2% of the pari-mutuel handle from such location to such county.

- (10.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, with respect to inter-track wagering at a race track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River ("the first race track"), or at a facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the organization licensee that operates the first race track, on races conducted at the first race track or on races another Illinois conducted at race track and simultaneously televised to the first race track or to a facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the organization licensee that operates the first race track, those moneys shall be allocated as follows:
 - (A) That portion of all moneys wagered on standardbred racing that is required under this Act to

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be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for standardbred races.

- (B) That portion of all moneys wagered on thoroughbred racing that is required under this Act to be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for thoroughbred races.
- (11) (A) After payment of the privilege or pari-mutuel tax, any other applicable taxes, and the costs and expenses connection with the gathering, transmission, and dissemination of all data necessary to the conduct of inter-track wagering, the remainder of the monies retained under either Section 26 or Section 26.2 of this Act by the inter-track wagering licensee on inter-track wagering shall be allocated with 50% to be split between the 2 participating licensees and 50% to purses, except that an inter-track wagering licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the Illinois organization licensee that provides the race or races, and an inter-track wagering licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with that organization licensee.

1 (B) From the sums permitted to be retained pursuant to 2 this Act each inter-track wagering location licensee shall 3 pay (i) the privilege or pari-mutuel tax to the State; (ii) 4.75% of the pari-mutuel handle on inter-track wagering at location on races as purses, except that 6 inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its 7 license from a track located in a county with a population 8 in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River 9 shall retain all purse moneys for its own purse account 10 consistent with distribution set forth in this subsection 11 (h), and inter-track wagering location licensees that 12 accept wagers on races conducted by an organization 13 licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 14 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall 15 distribute all purse moneys to purses at the operating host 16 track; (iii) until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (q) of Section 27 of this Act, 1% of the 17 18 pari-mutuel handle wagered on inter-track wagering and 19 simulcast wagering at each inter-track wagering location 20 licensee facility to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, 21 provided that, to the extent the total amount collected and 22 distributed to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund under 23 this subsection (h) during any calendar year exceeds the 24 amount collected and distributed to the Horse Racing Tax 25 Allocation Fund during calendar year 1994, that excess 26 amount shall be redistributed (I) to all inter-track

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wagering location licensees, based on each licensee's pro rata pro-rata share of the total handle from inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering for all inter-track wagering location licensees during the calendar year in which this provision is applicable; then (II) the amounts redistributed to each inter-track wagering licensee as described in subpart (I) shall be further redistributed as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection (q) of this Section 26 provided first, that the shares of those amounts, which are to be redistributed to the host track or to purses at the host track under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection (q) of this Section 26 shall be redistributed based on each host track's pro rata share of the total inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering handle at all host tracks during the calendar year in question, and second, that any amounts redistributed as described in part (I) to an inter-track wagering location licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall be further redistributed, effective January 1, 2017, as provided in paragraph (7) of subsection (g) of this Section 26, with the portion of that further redistribution allocated to purses at that organization licensee to be divided between standardbred purses and thoroughbred

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purses based on the amounts otherwise allocated to purses at that organization licensee during the calendar year in question; and (iv) 8% of the pari-mutuel handle on inter-track wagering wagered at such location to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting its wagering. The remainder of the monies retained by the inter-track wagering location licensee shall be allocated 40% to the location licensee and 60% to the organization licensee which provides the Illinois races to the location, except an inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the organization licensee that provides the race or races and an inter-track wagering location licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the organization licensee. Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses (ii) and (iv) of this paragraph, in the case of the additional inter-track wagering location licenses authorized under paragraph (1) of this subsection (h) by Public Act 87-110, those licensees shall pay the following amounts as purses: during the first 12 months the licensee is in operation, 5.25% of the pari-mutuel handle

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wagered at the location on races; during the second 12 months, 5.25%; during the third 12 months, 5.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 6.25%; and during the fifth 12 months and thereafter, 6.75%. The following amounts shall be retained by the licensee to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting its wagering: during the first 12 months the licensee is in operation, 8.25% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location; during the second 12 months, 8.25%; during the third 12 months, 7.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 7.25%; and during the fifth 12 months and thereafter, 6.75%. For additional inter-track wagering location licensees authorized under Public Act 89-16, purses for the first 12 months the licensee is in operation shall be 5.75% of the pari-mutuel wagered at the location, purses for the second 12 months the licensee is in operation shall be 6.25%, and purses thereafter shall be 6.75%. For additional inter-track location licensees authorized under Public Act 89-16, the licensee shall be allowed to retain to satisfy all costs and expenses: 7.75% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location during its first 12 months of operation, 7.25% during its second 12 months of operation, and 6.75% thereafter.

(C) There is hereby created the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund which shall remain in existence until December 31, 1999. Moneys remaining in the Fund after December 31, 1999 shall be paid into the General Revenue

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Fund. Until January 1, 2000, all monies paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) by inter-track wagering location licensees located in park districts of 500,000 population or less, or in municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, and operating on Mav 1, 1994 shall be allocated by appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture. Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to promote the Illinois horse racing and breeding industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee appointed by the Governor consisting of the following members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve chairman; 2 representatives of organization as licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; 2 representatives of organization licensees conducting standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by that Foundation; a representative of

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Illinois Standardbred the Owners and Breeders Association, recommended by that Association; representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association or any successor organization thereto established in Illinois comprised of the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by that Association or that successor organization; and a representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's Association, recommended by that Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a representative of any of the above-named entities has not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to fill that position. Committee members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the performance of their official duties. The remaining 50% $\circ f$ two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the Agricultural Fair Act;

Four-sevenths to park districts or municipalities that do not have a park district of 500,000 population or less for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in such a park district)

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or to conservation districts for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in a municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state of Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, except that if the conservation district does not maintain a museum, the monies shall be allocated equally between the county and the municipality in which the inter-track wagering location licensee is located for general purposes) or to a municipal recreation board for park purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in a municipality that is not included within any park district and park maintenance is the function of the municipal recreation board and the municipality has a 1990 population of 9,302 according to the United States Bureau of the Census); provided that the monies are distributed to each park district or conservation district or municipality that does not have a park district in an amount equal to four-sevenths of the amount collected by each inter-track wagering location licensee within the park district or conservation district or municipality for the Fund. Monies that were paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund before

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August 9, 1991 (the effective date of Public Act 87-110) by an inter-track wagering location licensee located in a municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district as provided in this paragraph shall, as soon as practicable after August 9, 1991 (the effective date of Public Act 87-110), be allocated and paid to that conservation district as provided in this paragraph. Any park district or municipality not maintaining a museum may deposit the monies in the corporate fund of the park district or municipality where the inter-track wagering location is located, to be used for general purposes; and

One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be used for distribution to agricultural home economics extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finances for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties of this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967.

Until January 1, 2000, all other monies paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) shall be allocated by appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture.

Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to promote the Illinois horse racing and breeding

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industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee appointed by the Governor consisting of the following members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve chairman; 2 representatives of organization licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in recommended by those licensees; this State, representatives of organization licensees conducting standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by that Foundation; a representative of Illinois Standardbred Owners the and Breeders Association, recommended by that Association; representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association or any successor organization thereto established in Illinois comprised of the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by that Association or that successor organization; and a representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's Association, recommended by that Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a representative of any of the above-named entities has not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to

fill that position. Committee members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the performance of their official duties. The remaining 50% of this two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the Agricultural Fair Act;

Four-sevenths to museums and aquariums located in park districts of over 500,000 population; provided that the monies are distributed in accordance with the previous year's distribution of the maintenance tax for such museums and aquariums as provided in Section 2 of the Park District Aquarium and Museum Act; and

One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be used for distribution to agricultural home economics extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finances for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties of this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967. This subparagraph (C) shall be inoperative and of no force and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

(D) Except as provided in paragraph (11) of this subsection (h), with respect to purse allocation from inter-track wagering, the monies so retained shall be

divided as follows:

- (i) If the inter-track wagering licensee, except an inter-track wagering licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is not conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the entire purse allocation shall be to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted.
- (ii) If the inter-track wagering licensee, except an inter-track wagering licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is also conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the purse allocation shall be as follows: 50% to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted; 50% to purses at the track where the inter-track wagering licensee is accepting such wagers.
- (iii) If the inter-track wagering is being conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee, except an inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a

population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, the entire purse allocation for Illinois races shall be to purses at the track where the race meeting being wagered on is being held.

- (12) The Board shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully supervise and control the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees, including, but not limited to the following:
 - (A) The Board is vested with power to promulgate reasonable rules and regulations for the purpose of administering the conduct of this wagering and to prescribe reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which such wagering shall be held and conducted. Such rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests of said wagering and to impose penalties for violations thereof.
 - (B) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the power to enter the facilities of any licensee to determine whether there has been compliance with the provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations relating to the conduct of such wagering.
 - (C) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it

delegates this power, may eject or exclude from any licensee's facilities, any person whose conduct or reputation is such that his presence on such premises may, in the opinion of the Board, call into the question the honesty and integrity of, or interfere with the orderly conduct of such wagering; provided, however, that no person shall be excluded or ejected from such premises solely on the grounds of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex.

- (D) (Blank).
- (E) The Board is vested with the power to appoint delegates to execute any of the powers granted to it under this Section for the purpose of administering this wagering and any rules and regulations promulgated in accordance with this Act.
- (F) The Board shall name and appoint a State director of this wagering who shall be a representative of the Board and whose duty it shall be to supervise the conduct of inter-track wagering as may be provided for by the rules and regulations of the Board; such rules and regulation shall specify the method of appointment and the Director's powers, authority and duties.
- (G) The Board is vested with the power to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against individuals and up to \$10,000 against licensees for each violation of

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any provision of this Act relating to the conduct of this wagering, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to such wagering.

The Department of Agriculture may enter into agreements with licensees authorizing such licensees to conduct inter-track wagering on races to be held at the licensed race meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture. Such agreement shall specify the races of the Department of Agriculture's licensed race meeting upon which the licensees will conduct wagering. In the event that a licensee conducts inter-track pari-mutuel wagering on races from the Illinois State Fair or DuQuoin State Fair which are in addition to the licensee's previously approved racing program, those races shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege or pari-mutuel tax on that daily handle as provided in Sections 27 and 27.1. Such agreements shall be approved by the Board before such wagering may be conducted. In determining whether to grant approval, the Board shall give due consideration to the best interests of the public and of horse racing. The provisions of paragraphs (1), (8), (8.1), and (8.2) of subsection (h) of this Section which are not specified in this paragraph (13) shall not apply to licensed race

- meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture at the
 Illinois State Fair in Sangamon County or the DuQuoin State
 Fair in Perry County, or to any wagering conducted on those
 race meetings.
- (14)inter-track wagering location 6 authorized by the Board in 2016 that is owned and operated 7 by a race track in Rock Island County shall be transferred to a commonly owned race track in Cook County on August 12, 8 9 (the effective date of Public Act 99-757). The 10 licensee shall retain its status in relation to purse 11 distribution under paragraph (11) of this subsection (h) 12 following the transfer to the new entity. The pari-mutuel 13 tax credit under Section 32.1 shall not be applied toward 14 any pari-mutuel tax obligation of the inter-track wagering 15 location licensee of the license that is transferred under 16 this paragraph (14).
- (i) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, the conduct of wagering at wagering facilities is authorized on all days, except as limited by subsection (b) of Section 19 of this Act.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 99-756, eff. 8-12-16; 99-757, eff. 8-12-16;
- 22 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-627, eff. 7-20-18; 100-1152, eff.
- 23 12-14-18; revised 1-13-19.)
- 24 (230 ILCS 5/26.8)
- 25 Sec. 26.8. Beginning on February 1, 2014 and through

December 31, 2022 2020, each wagering licensee may impose a 1 2 surcharge of up to 0.5% on winning wagers and winnings from 3 wagers. The surcharge shall be deducted from winnings prior to payout. All amounts collected from the imposition of this 4 5 surcharge shall be evenly distributed to the organization 6 licensee and the purse account of the organization licensee 7 with which the licensee is affiliated. The amounts distributed 8 under this Section shall be in addition to the amounts paid 9 pursuant to paragraph (10) of subsection (h) of Section 26, 10 Section 26.3, Section 26.4, Section 26.5, and Section 26.7. (Source: P.A. 99-756, eff. 8-12-16; 100-627, eff. 7-20-18.)

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Sec. 26.9. Beginning on February 1, 2014 and through December 31, 2022 2020, in addition to the surcharge imposed in Sections 26.3, 26.4, 26.5, 26.7, and 26.8 of this Act, each licensee shall impose a surcharge of 0.2% on winning wagers and winnings from wagers. The surcharge shall be deducted from winnings prior to payout. All amounts collected from the surcharges imposed under this Section shall be remitted to the Board. From amounts collected under this Section, the Board shall deposit an amount not to exceed \$100,000 annually into the Quarter Horse Purse Fund and all remaining amounts into the Horse Racing Fund.

24 (Source: P.A. 99-756, eff. 8-12-16; 100-627, eff. 7-20-18.)

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1 (230 ILCS 5/27) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-27)

Sec. 27. (a) In addition to the organization license fee provided by this Act, until January 1, 2000, a graduated privilege tax is hereby imposed for conducting the pari-mutuel system of wagering permitted under this Act. Until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, all of the breakage of each racing day held by any licensee in the State shall be paid to the State. Until January 1, 2000, such daily graduated privilege tax shall be paid by the licensee from the amount permitted to be retained under this Act. Until January 1, 2000, each day's graduated privilege tax, breakage, and Horse Racing Tax Allocation funds shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day upon which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes. The privilege tax hereby imposed, until January 1, 2000, shall be a flat tax at the rate of 2% of the daily pari-mutuel handle except as provided in Section 27.1.

In addition, every organization licensee, except as provided in Section 27.1 of this Act, which conducts multiple wagering shall pay, until January 1, 2000, as a privilege tax on multiple wagers an amount equal to 1.25% of all moneys wagered each day on such multiple wagers, plus an additional amount equal to 3.5% of the amount wagered each day on any other multiple wager which involves a single betting interest on 3 or more horses. The licensee shall remit the amount of

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such taxes to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day on which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes.

This subsection (a) shall be inoperative and of no force and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

(a-5) Beginning on January 1, 2000, a flat pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 1.5% of the daily pari-mutuel handle is imposed at all pari-mutuel wagering facilities and on advance deposit wagering from a location other than a wagering facility, except as otherwise provided for in this subsection (a-5). In addition to the pari-mutuel tax imposed on advance deposit wagering pursuant to this subsection (a-5), beginning on August 24, 2012 (the effective date of Public Act 97-1060) and through December 31, 2022 2020, an additional pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 0.25% shall be imposed on advance deposit wagering. Until August 25, 2012, the additional 0.25% pari-mutuel tax imposed on advance deposit wagering by Public Act 96-972 shall be deposited into the Quarter Horse Purse Fund, which shall be created as a non-appropriated trust fund administered by the Board for grants to thoroughbred organization licensees for payment of purses for quarter horse races conducted by the organization licensee. Beginning on August 26, 2012, additional 0.25% pari-mutuel tax imposed on advance deposit wagering shall be deposited into the Standardbred Purse Fund, which shall be created as a non-appropriated trust fund administered by the Board, for grants to the standardbred

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organization licensees for payment of purses for standardbred horse races conducted by the organization licensee. Thoroughbred organization licensees may petition the Board to conduct quarter horse racing and receive purse grants from the Ouarter Horse Purse Fund. The Board shall have complete discretion in distributing the Quarter Horse Purse Fund to the petitioning organization licensees. Beginning on July 26, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1287), a pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 0.75% of the daily pari-mutuel handle is imposed at a pari-mutuel facility whose license is derived from a track located in a county that borders the Mississippi River and conducted live racing in the previous year. The pari-mutuel tax imposed by this subsection (a-5) shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day upon which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes.

- (b) On or before December 31, 1999, in the event that any organization licensee conducts 2 separate programs of races on any day, each such program shall be considered a separate racing day for purposes of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax on such daily handle as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
- (c) Licensees shall at all times keep accurate books and records of all monies wagered on each day of a race meeting and of the taxes paid to the Department of Revenue under the provisions of this Section. The Board or its duly authorized

- representative or representatives shall at all reasonable times have access to such records for the purpose of examining and checking the same and ascertaining whether the proper amount of taxes is being paid as provided. The Board shall require verified reports and a statement of the total of all monies wagered daily at each wagering facility upon which the taxes are assessed and may prescribe forms upon which such reports and statement shall be made.
 - (d) Any licensee failing or refusing to pay the amount of any tax due under this Section shall be guilty of a business offense and upon conviction shall be fined not more than \$5,000 in addition to the amount found due as tax under this Section. Each day's violation shall constitute a separate offense. All fines paid into Court by a licensee hereunder shall be transmitted and paid over by the Clerk of the Court to the Board.
 - (e) No other license fee, privilege tax, excise tax, or racing fee, except as provided in this Act, shall be assessed or collected from any such licensee by the State.
 - (f) No other license fee, privilege tax, excise tax or racing fee shall be assessed or collected from any such licensee by units of local government except as provided in paragraph 10.1 of subsection (h) and subsection (f) of Section 26 of this Act. However, any municipality that has a Board licensed horse race meeting at a race track wholly within its corporate boundaries or a township that has a Board licensed

horse race meeting at a race track wholly within the unincorporated area of the township may charge a local amusement tax not to exceed 10¢ per admission to such horse race meeting by the enactment of an ordinance. However, any municipality or county that has a Board licensed inter-track wagering location facility wholly within its corporate boundaries may each impose an admission fee not to exceed \$1.00 per admission to such inter-track wagering location facility, so that a total of not more than \$2.00 per admission may be imposed. Except as provided in subparagraph (g) of Section 27 of this Act, the inter-track wagering location licensee shall collect any and all such fees and within 48 hours remit the fees to the Board, which shall, pursuant to rule, cause the fees to be distributed to the county or municipality.

(g) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, if in any calendar year the total taxes and fees required to be collected from licensees and distributed under this Act to all State and local governmental authorities exceeds the amount of such taxes and fees distributed to each State and local governmental authority to which each State and local governmental authority was entitled under this Act for calendar year 1994, then the first \$11 million of that excess amount shall be allocated at the earliest possible date for distribution as purse money for the succeeding calendar year. Upon reaching the 1994 level, and until the excess amount of taxes and fees exceeds \$11 million, the Board shall direct all

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- licensees to cease paying the subject taxes and fees and the Board shall direct all licensees to allocate any such excess amount for purses as follows:
 - (i) the excess amount shall be initially divided between thoroughbred and standardbred purses based on the thoroughbred's and standardbred's respective percentages of total Illinois live wagering in calendar year 1994;
 - (ii) each thoroughbred and standardbred organization licensee issued organization licensee an in that succeeding allocation year shall be allocated an amount equal to the product of its percentage of total Illinois live thoroughbred or standardbred wagering in calendar year 1994 (the total to be determined based on the sum of 1994 on-track wagering for all organization licensees issued organization licenses in both the allocation year and the preceding year) multiplied by the total amount for standardbred or allocated thoroughbred purses, provided that the first \$1,500,000 of the amount allocated to standardbred purses under item (i) shall be allocated to the Department of Agriculture to be expended with the assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Funds Advisory Board for the purposes listed in subsection (q) of Section 31 of this Act, before the amount allocated to standardbred purses under item (i) allocated to standardbred organization licensees in the succeeding allocation year.

- 1 To the extent the excess amount of taxes and fees to be
- 2 collected and distributed to State and local governmental
- 3 authorities exceeds \$11 million, that excess amount shall be
- 4 collected and distributed to State and local authorities as
- 5 provided for under this Act.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 99-756, eff. 8-12-16; 100-627, eff. 7-20-18.)
- 7 Section 10. The Video Gaming Act is amended by changing the
- 8 Sections 5, 25, 30, 35, 45, 55, 58, and 60 as follows:
- 9 (230 ILCS 40/5)
- 10 Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- "Board" means the Illinois Gaming Board.
- 12 "Credit" means one, 5, 10, or 25 cents either won or
- 13 purchased by a player.
- 14 "Distributor" means an individual, partnership,
- 15 corporation, or limited liability company licensed under this
- 16 Act to buy, sell, lease, or distribute video gaming terminals
- or major components or parts of video gaming terminals to or
- 18 from terminal operators.
- "Electronic card" means a card purchased from a licensed
- 20 establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed
- 21 veterans establishment, or licensed truck stop establishment
- for use in that establishment as a substitute for cash in the
- 23 conduct of gaming on a video gaming terminal.
- 24 "Electronic voucher" means a voucher printed by an

- 1 electronic video game machine that is redeemable in the
- 2 licensed establishment for which it was issued.
- 3 "Terminal operator" means an individual, partnership,
- 4 corporation, or limited liability company that is licensed
- 5 under this Act and that owns, services, and maintains video
- 6 gaming terminals for placement in licensed establishments,
- 7 licensed truck stop establishments, licensed fraternal
- 8 establishments, licensed horse racing establishments, or
- 9 licensed veterans establishments.
- "Licensed technician" means an individual who is licensed
- 11 under this Act to repair, service, and maintain video gaming
- 12 terminals.
- "Licensed terminal handler" means a person, including but
- 14 not limited to an employee or independent contractor working
- for a manufacturer, distributor, supplier, technician, or
- 16 terminal operator, who is licensed under this Act to possess or
- 17 control a video gaming terminal or to have access to the inner
- 18 workings of a video gaming terminal. A licensed terminal
- 19 handler does not include an individual, partnership,
- 20 corporation, or limited liability company defined as a
- 21 manufacturer, distributor, supplier, technician, or terminal
- 22 operator under this Act.
- "Manufacturer" means an individual, partnership,
- 24 corporation, or limited liability company that is licensed
- 25 under this Act and that manufactures or assembles video gaming
- 26 terminals.

"Supplier" means an individual, partnership, corporation, or limited liability company that is licensed under this Act to supply major components or parts to video gaming terminals to licensed terminal operators.

"Net terminal income" means money put into a video gaming terminal minus credits paid out to players.

"Video gaming terminal" means any electronic video game machine that, upon insertion of cash, electronic cards or vouchers, or any combination thereof, is available to play or simulate the play of a video game, including but not limited to video poker, line up, and blackjack, as authorized by the Board utilizing a video display and microprocessors in which the player may receive free games or credits that can be redeemed for cash. The term does not include a machine that directly dispenses coins, cash, or tokens or is for amusement purposes only.

"Licensed establishment" means any licensed retail establishment where alcoholic liquor is drawn, poured, mixed, or otherwise served for consumption on the premises, whether the establishment operates on a nonprofit or for-profit basis. "Licensed establishment" includes any such establishment that has a contractual relationship with an inter-track wagering location licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 that derives its license from an organization licensee whose handle from wagering on Illinois races for 2016 was \$32,000,000 or more, provided any contractual relationship

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shall not include any transfer or offer of revenue from the operation of video gaming under this Act to any licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Provided, however, that the licensed establishment that has such a contractual relationship with an inter-track wagering location licensee may not, itself, be (i) an inter-track wagering location licensee, (ii) the corporate parent or subsidiary of any licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, or (iii) the corporate subsidiary of a corporation that is also the corporate parent or subsidiary of any licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. "Licensed establishment" does not include a facility operated by an organization licensee, an inter-track wagering licensee, or an inter-track wagering location licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or a riverboat licensed under the Riverboat Gambling Act, except as provided in this paragraph. The changes made to this definition by Public Act 98-587 are declarative of existing law.

"Licensed fraternal establishment" means the location where a qualified fraternal organization that derives its charter from a national fraternal organization regularly meets.

"Licensed horse racing establishment" means a facility operated by an organization licensee whose handle from wagering on Illinois races for 2016 was less than \$32,000,000 or by an inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its

- 1 <u>license from such an organization licensee.</u>
- 2 "Licensed veterans establishment" means the location where
- 3 a qualified veterans organization that derives its charter from
- 4 a national veterans organization regularly meets.
- 5 "Licensed truck stop establishment" means a facility (i)
- 6 that is at least a 3-acre facility with a convenience store,
- 7 (ii) with separate diesel islands for fueling commercial motor
- 8 vehicles, (iii) that sells at retail more than 10,000 gallons
- 9 of diesel or biodiesel fuel per month, and (iv) with parking
- 10 spaces for commercial motor vehicles. "Commercial motor
- 11 vehicles" has the same meaning as defined in Section 18b-101 of
- the Illinois Vehicle Code. The requirement of item (iii) of
- this paragraph may be met by showing that estimated future
- sales or past sales average at least 10,000 gallons per month.
- 15 "Organization licensee" means an organization licensee as
- defined in the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.
- 17 "Inter-track wagering location licensee" means an
- 18 inter-track wagering location licensee as defined in the
- 19 Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-31, eff. 6-24-13;
- 21 98-582, eff. 8-27-13; 98-587, eff. 8-27-13; 98-756, eff.
- 22 7-16-14.)
- 23 (230 ILCS 40/25)
- Sec. 25. Restriction of licensees.
- 25 (a) Manufacturer. A person may not be licensed as a

- manufacturer of a video gaming terminal in Illinois unless the person has a valid manufacturer's license issued under this Act. A manufacturer may only sell video gaming terminals for
- 5 Act. A manuracturer may only sell video gaming terminals for

use in Illinois to persons having a valid distributor's

- 5 license.
- 6 (b) Distributor. A person may not sell, distribute, or
- 7 lease or market a video gaming terminal in Illinois unless the
- 8 person has a valid distributor's license issued under this Act.
- 9 A distributor may only sell video gaming terminals for use in
- 10 Illinois to persons having a valid distributor's or terminal
- 11 operator's license.
- 12 (c) Terminal operator. A person may not own, maintain, or
- 13 place a video gaming terminal unless he has a valid terminal
- operator's license issued under this Act. A terminal operator
- may only place video gaming terminals for use in Illinois in
- licensed establishments, licensed truck stop establishments,
- 17 licensed fraternal establishments, licensed horse racing
- 18 establishments, and licensed veterans establishments. No
- 19 terminal operator may give anything of value, including but not
- 20 limited to a loan or financing arrangement, to a licensed
- 21 establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed
- fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing establishment,
- 23 or licensed veterans establishment as any incentive or
- inducement to locate video terminals in that establishment. Of
- 25 the after-tax profits from a video gaming terminal, 50% shall
- 26 be paid to the terminal operator and 50% shall be paid to the

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licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing establishment, or licensed veterans establishment, notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary. Licensed horse racing establishments shall deposit 50% of their share of the net terminal income into the horsemen purse accounts associated with their respective race track. If a race track located in Cook County races multiple breeds, then the share of net terminal income deposited into the horsemen purse account shall be distributed equally among the breeds unless the organization licensee and the horsemen associations representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meetings agree to a different distribution. A video terminal operator that violates one or more requirements of this subsection is guilty of a Class 4 felony and is subject to termination of his or her license by the Board.

- (d) Licensed technician. A person may not service, maintain, or repair a video gaming terminal in this State unless he or she (1) has a valid technician's license issued under this Act, (2) is a terminal operator, or (3) is employed by a terminal operator, distributor, or manufacturer.
- (d-5) Licensed terminal handler. No person, including, but not limited to, an employee or independent contractor working for a manufacturer, distributor, supplier, technician, or terminal operator licensed pursuant to this Act, shall have

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possession or control of a video gaming terminal, or access to the inner workings of a video gaming terminal, unless that person possesses a valid terminal handler's license issued under this Act.

(e) Licensed establishment. No video gaming terminal may be placed in any licensed establishment, licensed veterans establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, <u>licensed</u> horse racing establishment, or licensed fraternal establishment unless the owner or agent of the owner of the licensed establishment, licensed veterans establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed horse racing establishment, or licensed fraternal establishment has entered into a written use agreement with the terminal operator for placement of the terminals. A copy of the use agreement shall be on file in the terminal operator's place of business and available for inspection by individuals authorized by the Board. A licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed veterans establishment, or licensed fraternal establishment may operate up to 5 video gaming terminals on its premises at any time, except that a licensed horse racing establishment that is an organization licensee who held that license in 2016 may operate up to 150 video gaming terminals at its organization licensee location at any time and a licensed horse racing establishment that is an inter-track wagering location licensee may operate up to 5 video gaming terminals at the inter-track wagering location licensee's

1	location c	or on	the premi	ses of	f the	organization	<u>licensee</u>	with
2	which it i	s aff	iliated. A	ın orga	anizat	ion licensee	may enter	into
3	a written	use	agreement	with	multi	ple terminal	operator	s for
4	placement	of	terminal	s on	the	organizati	on licen	see's
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- (f) (Blank).
- (g) Financial interest restrictions. As used in this Act, "substantial interest" in a partnership, a corporation, an organization, an association, a business, or a liability company means:
 - (A) When, with respect to a sole proprietorship, an individual or his or her spouse owns, operates, manages, or conducts, directly or indirectly, the organization, association, or business, or any part thereof; or
 - (B) When, with respect to a partnership, the individual or his or her spouse shares in any of the profits, or potential profits, of the partnership activities; or
 - (C) When, with respect to a corporation, an individual or his or her spouse is an officer or director, or the individual or his or her spouse is a holder, directly or beneficially, of 5% or more of any class of stock of the corporation; or
 - (D) When, with respect to an organization not covered in (A), (B) or (C) above, an individual or his or her spouse is an officer or manages the business affairs, or the individual or his or her spouse is the owner of or

otherwise controls 10% or more of the assets of the organization; or

- (E) When an individual or his or her spouse furnishes 5% or more of the capital, whether in cash, goods, or services, for the operation of any business, association, or organization during any calendar year; or
- (F) When, with respect to a limited liability company, an individual or his or her spouse is a member, or the individual or his or her spouse is a holder, directly or beneficially, of 5% or more of the membership interest of the limited liability company.

For purposes of this subsection (g), "individual" includes all individuals or their spouses whose combined interest would qualify as a substantial interest under this subsection (g) and whose activities with respect to an organization, association, or business are so closely aligned or coordinated as to constitute the activities of a single entity.

(h) Location restriction. A licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment that is (i) located within 1,000 feet of a facility operated by an organization licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or the home dock of a riverboat licensed under the Riverboat Gambling Act or (ii) located within 100 feet of a school or a place of worship under the Religious Corporation Act, is ineligible to operate a video gaming terminal. The

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location restrictions in this subsection (h) do not apply if

(A) a facility operated by an organization licensee, a school, or a place of worship moves to or is established within the restricted area after a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment becomes licensed under this Act or (B) a school or place of worship moves to or is established within the restricted area after a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment obtains its original liquor license. For the purpose of this subsection, "school" means an elementary or secondary public school, or an elementary or secondary private school registered with or recognized by the State Board of Education.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (h), the Board may waive the requirement that a licensed establishment, truck stop establishment, licensed licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment not be located within 1,000 feet from a facility operated by an organization licensee licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or the home dock of a riverboat licensed under the Riverboat Gambling Act. The Board shall not grant such waiver if there is any common ownership or control, shared business activity, or contractual arrangement of any type between the establishment and the organization licensee or owners licensee of a riverboat. The Board shall adopt rules to implement the

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- 1 provisions of this paragraph.
 - economic concentration. Ιn (i) Undue addition to considering all other requirements under this Act, in deciding whether to approve the operation of video gaming terminals by a terminal operator in a location, the Board shall consider the impact of any economic concentration of such operation of video gaming terminals. The Board shall not allow a terminal operator to operate video gaming terminals if the Board determines such operation will result in undue economic concentration. For purposes of this Section, "undue economic concentration" means that a terminal operator would have such actual or potential influence over video gaming terminals in Illinois as to:
- 13 (1) substantially impede or suppress competition among 14 terminal operators;
 - (2) adversely impact the economic stability of the video gaming industry in Illinois; or
- 17 (3) negatively impact the purposes of the Video Gaming
 18 Act.

The Board shall adopt rules concerning undue economic concentration with respect to the operation of video gaming terminals in Illinois. The rules shall include, but not be limited to, (i) limitations on the number of video gaming terminals operated by any terminal operator within a defined geographic radius and (ii) guidelines on the discontinuation of operation of any such video gaming terminals the Board determines will cause undue economic concentration.

licensed veterans

- 1 (j) The provisions of the Illinois Antitrust Act are fully
- 2 and equally applicable to the activities of any licensee under
- 3 this Act.

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- 4 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-31, eff. 6-24-13; 98-77,
- 5 eff. 7-15-13; 98-112, eff. 7-26-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
- 6 (230 ILCS 40/30)
- 7 Sec. 30. Multiple types of licenses prohibited. A video 8 gaming terminal manufacturer may not be licensed as a video 9 gaming terminal operator or own, manage, or control a licensed 10 establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed 11 fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing establishment, 12 or licensed veterans establishment, and shall be licensed to 1.3 sell only to persons having a valid distributor's license or, if the manufacturer also holds a valid distributor's license, 14 15 to sell, distribute, lease, or market to persons having a valid 16 terminal operator's license. A video gaming terminal distributor may not be licensed as a video gaming terminal 17 operator or own, manage, or control a licensed establishment, 18 19 licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment, and shall 20 21 only contract with a licensed terminal operator. A video gaming 22 terminal operator may not be licensed as a video gaming terminal manufacturer or distributor or own, manage, or control 23 a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, 24

licensed fraternal establishment, or

- establishment, and shall be licensed only to contract with 1 2 licensed distributors and licensed establishments, licensed 3 truck stop establishments, licensed fraternal establishments, and licensed veterans establishments. An owner or manager of a 5 licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, 6 licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed 7 establishment may not be licensed as a video gaming terminal 8 manufacturer, distributor, or operator, and shall only 9 contract with a licensed operator to place and service this 10 equipment.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-1410, eff. 7-30-10.)
- 12 (230 ILCS 40/35)
- 13 Sec. 35. Display of license; confiscation; violation as 14 felony.
- 15 (a) Each video gaming terminal shall be licensed by the 16 Board before placement or operation on the premises of a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, 17 18 licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing 19 establishment, or licensed veterans establishment. The license 20 of each video gaming terminal shall be maintained at the 21 location where the video gaming terminal is operated. Failure 22 to do so is a petty offense with a fine not to exceed \$100. Any 23 licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing 24 25 establishment, or licensed veterans establishment used for the

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conduct of gambling games in violation of this Act shall be considered a gambling place in violation of Section 28-3 of the Criminal Code of 2012. Every gambling device found in a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing establishment, or licensed veterans establishment operating gambling games in violation of this Act shall be subject to seizure, confiscation, and destruction as provided in Section 28-5 of the Criminal Code of 2012. Any license issued under the Liquor Control Act of 1934 to any owner or operator of a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing or licensed veterans establishment establishment, operates or permits the operation of a video gaming terminal within its establishment in violation of this Act shall be immediately revoked. No person may own, operate, have in his or her possession or custody or under his or her control, or permit to be kept in any place under his or her possession or control, any device that awards credits and contains a circuit, meter, or switch capable of removing and recording the removal of credits when the award of credits is dependent upon chance. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to prohibit the use of a game device only if the game device is used in an activity

A violation of this Section is a Class 4 felony. All

the Criminal Code of 2012.

that is not gambling under subsection (b) of Section 28-1 of

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devices that are owned, operated, or possessed in violation of this Section are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be subject to seizure, confiscation, and destruction as provided in Section 28-5 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

The provisions of this Section do not apply to devices or electronic video game terminals licensed pursuant to this Act. A video gaming terminal operated for amusement only and bearing a valid amusement tax sticker shall not be subject to this Section until 30 days after the Board establishes that the central communications system is functional.

- (b) (1) The odds of winning each video game shall be posted on or near each video gaming terminal. The manner in which the odds are calculated and how they are posted shall be determined by the Board by rule.
- (2) No video gaming terminal licensed under this Act may be played except during the legal hours of operation allowed for the consumption of alcoholic beverages at the licensed establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment. No video gaming terminal licensed under this Act at a licensed horse racing establishment may be played except during the legal hours of operation allowed in the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Α licensed establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing establishment, or licensed veterans establishment that violates this subsection is subject to termination of its license by the Board.

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- 1 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-111, eff. 1-1-14.)
- 2 (230 ILCS 40/45)
- 3 Sec. 45. Issuance of license.
- 4 (a) The burden is upon each applicant to demonstrate his 5 suitability for licensure. Each video gaming 6 manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, handler, 7 licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, 8 licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing 9 establishment, and licensed veterans establishment shall be 10 licensed by the Board. The Board may issue or deny a license 11 under this Act to any person pursuant to the same criteria set 12 forth in Section 9 of the Riverboat Gambling Act.
 - (a-5) The Board shall not grant a license to a person who has facilitated, enabled, or participated in the use of coin-operated devices for gambling purposes or who is under the significant influence or control of such a person. For the purposes of this Act, "facilitated, enabled, or participated in the use of coin-operated amusement devices for gambling purposes" means that the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. If there is pending legal action against a person for any such violation, then the Board shall delay the licensure of that person until the legal action is resolved.
 - (b) Each person seeking and possessing a license as a video gaming terminal manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator,

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licensed establishment, licensed handler, truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing establishment, or licensed veterans establishment shall submit to a background investigation conducted by the Board with the assistance of the State Police or other law enforcement. To the extent that the corporate structure of the applicant allows, the background investigation shall include any or all of the following as the Board deems appropriate or as provided by rule for each category of licensure: (i) each beneficiary of a trust, (ii) each partner of a partnership, (iii) each member of a limited liability company, (iv) each director and officer of a publicly or non-publicly held corporation, (v) each stockholder of a non-publicly held corporation, (vi) each stockholder of 5% or more of a publicly held corporation, or (vii) each stockholder of 5% or more in a parent or subsidiary corporation.

(c) Each person seeking and possessing a license as a video gaming terminal manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, handler, licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing establishment, or licensed veterans establishment shall disclose the identity of every person, association, trust, corporation, or limited liability company having a greater than 1% direct or indirect pecuniary interest in the video gaming terminal operation for which the license is sought. If the disclosed entity is a trust, the application

- shall disclose the names and addresses of the beneficiaries; if a corporation, the names and addresses of all stockholders and directors; if a limited liability company, the names and addresses of all members; or if a partnership, the names and addresses of all partners, both general and limited.
 - (d) No person may be licensed as a video gaming terminal manufacturer, distributor, supplier, operator, handler, licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing establishment, or licensed veterans establishment if that person has been found by the Board to:
 - (1) have a background, including a criminal record, reputation, habits, social or business associations, or prior activities that pose a threat to the public interests of the State or to the security and integrity of video gaming;
 - (2) create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, and activities in the conduct of video gaming; or
 - (3) present questionable business practices and financial arrangements incidental to the conduct of video gaming activities.
 - (e) Any applicant for any license under this Act has the burden of proving his or her qualifications to the satisfaction of the Board. The Board may adopt rules to establish additional qualifications and requirements to preserve the integrity and

1	security of video gaming in this State.
2	(f) A non-refundable application fee shall be paid at the
3	time an application for a license is filed with the Board in
4	the following amounts:
5	(1) Manufacturer \$5,000
6	(2) Distributor\$5,000
7	(3) Terminal operator\$5,000
8	(4) Supplier \$2,500
9	(5) Technician \$100
10	(6) Terminal Handler \$100
11	(7) Licensed establishment, licensed truck stop
12	establishment, licensed fraternal establishment,
13	or licensed veterans establishment\$100
14	(g) The Board shall establish an annual fee for each
15	license not to exceed the following:
15 16	license not to exceed the following: (1) Manufacturer \$10,000
16	(1) Manufacturer \$10,000
16 17	(1) Manufacturer
16 17 18	(1) Manufacturer \$10,000 (2) Distributor \$10,000 (3) Terminal operator \$5,000
16 17 18 19	(1) Manufacturer \$10,000 (2) Distributor \$10,000 (3) Terminal operator \$5,000 (4) Supplier \$2,000
16 17 18 19 20	(1) Manufacturer \$10,000 (2) Distributor \$10,000 (3) Terminal operator \$5,000 (4) Supplier \$2,000 (5) Technician \$100
16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) Manufacturer \$10,000 (2) Distributor \$10,000 (3) Terminal operator \$5,000 (4) Supplier \$2,000 (5) Technician \$100 (6) Licensed establishment, licensed truck stop
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(1) Manufacturer \$10,000 (2) Distributor \$10,000 (3) Terminal operator \$5,000 (4) Supplier \$2,000 (5) Technician \$100 (6) Licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment,
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(1) Manufacturer \$10,000 (2) Distributor \$10,000 (3) Terminal operator \$5,000 (4) Supplier \$2,000 (5) Technician \$100 (6) Licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, licensed horse racing establishment,

- 1 (h) A terminal operator and a licensed establishment,
- 2 licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal
- 3 establishment, licensed horse racing establishment, or
- 4 licensed veterans establishment shall equally split the fees
- 5 specified in item (7) of subsection (g).
- 6 (Source: P.A. 100-1152, eff. 12-14-18.)
- 7 (230 ILCS 40/55)
- 8 Sec. 55. Precondition for licensed location. In all cases 9 of application for a licensed location, to operate a video
- 10 gaming terminal, each licensed establishment, licensed
- 11 fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment
- 12 shall possess a valid liquor license issued by the Illinois
- 13 Liquor Control Commission in effect at the time of application
- 14 and at all times thereafter during which a video gaming
- 15 terminal is made available to the public for play at that
- location. Video gaming terminals in a licensed location shall
- 17 be operated only during the same hours of operation generally
- 18 permitted to holders of a license under the Liquor Control Act
- of 1934 within the unit of local government in which they are
- 20 located. <u>Licensed horse racing establishments may operate</u>
- video gaming terminals if they hold an organization license or
- 22 inter-track wagering location license issued by the Illinois
- 23 Racing Board. A licensed truck stop establishment that does not
- 24 hold a liquor license may operate video gaming terminals on a
- 25 continuous basis. A licensed fraternal establishment or

licensed veterans establishment that does not hold a liquor 1 license may operate video gaming terminals if (i) the 2 3 establishment is located in a county with a population between 6,500 and 7,000, based on the 2000 U.S. Census, (ii) the county 4 5 prohibits by ordinance the sale of alcohol, and (iii) the 6 establishment is in a portion of the county where the sale of 7 alcohol is prohibited. A licensed fraternal establishment or 8 licensed veterans establishment that does not hold a liquor 9 license may operate video gaming terminals if (i) the 10 establishment is located in a municipality within a county with 11 a population between 8,500 and 9,000 based on the 2000 U.S. 12 Census and (ii) the municipality or county prohibits or limits 13 the sale of alcohol by ordinance in a way that prohibits the establishment from selling alcohol. 14 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-1410, eff. 7-30-10; 15

17 (230 ILCS 40/58)

97-594, eff. 8-26-11.)

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Sec. 58. Location of terminals. Video gaming terminals must be located in an area restricted to persons over 21 years of age the entrance to which is within the view of at least one employee, who is over 21 years of age, of the establishment in which they are located. The placement of video gaming terminals in licensed establishments, licensed truck stop establishments, licensed fraternal establishments, licensed horse racing establishment, and licensed veterans

- 1 establishments shall be subject to the rules promulgated by the
- 2 Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09.)
- 4 (230 ILCS 40/60)

Distributive Fund.

- 5 Sec. 60. Imposition and distribution of tax.
- 6 (a) A tax of 30% is imposed on net terminal income and shall be collected by the Board.
- 8 (b) Of the tax collected under this Section, five-sixths
 9 shall be deposited into the Capital Projects Fund and one-sixth
 10 shall be deposited into the Local Government Video Gaming
- 12 (c) Revenues generated from the play of video gaming 13 terminals shall be deposited by the terminal operator, who is 14 responsible for tax payments, in a specially created, separate 15 bank account maintained by the video gaming terminal operator
- 16 to allow for electronic fund transfers of moneys for tax
- 17 payment.

- 18 (d) Each licensed establishment, licensed truck stop
- 19 establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, <u>licensed</u>
- 20 <u>horse racing establishment,</u> and licensed veterans
- 21 establishment shall maintain an adequate video gaming fund,
- with the amount to be determined by the Board.
- (e) The State's percentage of net terminal income shall be
- reported and remitted to the Board within 15 days after the
- 25 15th day of each month and within 15 days after the end of each

- 1 month by the video terminal operator. A video terminal operator
- who falsely reports or fails to report the amount due required
- 3 by this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony and is subject to
- 4 termination of his or her license by the Board. Each video
- 5 terminal operator shall keep a record of net terminal income in
- 6 such form as the Board may require. All payments not remitted
- 7 when due shall be paid together with a penalty assessment on
- 8 the unpaid balance at a rate of 1.5% per month.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09.)
- 10 Section 15. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by
- 11 changing Section 28-1 as follows:
- 12 (720 ILCS 5/28-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1)
- 13 Sec. 28-1. Gambling.
- 14 (a) A person commits gambling when he or she:
- 15 (1) knowingly plays a game of chance or skill for money
- or other thing of value, unless excepted in subsection (b)
- of this Section;
- 18 (2) knowingly makes a wager upon the result of any
- game, contest, or any political nomination, appointment or
- 20 election;
- 21 (3) knowingly operates, keeps, owns, uses, purchases,
- 22 exhibits, rents, sells, bargains for the sale or lease of,
- 23 manufactures or distributes any gambling device;
- 24 (4) contracts to have or give himself or herself or

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another the option to buy or sell, or contracts to buy or sell, at a future time, any grain or other commodity whatsoever, or any stock or security of any company, where it is at the time of making such contract intended by both parties thereto that the contract to buy or sell, or the option, whenever exercised, or the contract resulting therefrom, shall be settled, not by the receipt or delivery of such property, but by the payment only of differences in prices thereof; however, the issuance, purchase, sale, exercise, endorsement or quarantee, by or through a person registered with the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 8 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, or by or through a person exempt from such registration under said Section 8, of a put, call, or other option to buy or sell securities which have been registered with the Secretary of State or which are exempt from such registration under Section 3 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 is not gambling within the meaning of this paragraph (4);

- (5) knowingly owns or possesses any book, instrument or apparatus by means of which bets or wagers have been, or are, recorded or registered, or knowingly possesses any money which he has received in the course of a bet or wager;
- (6) knowingly sells pools upon the result of any game or contest of skill or chance, political nomination, appointment or election;

(7)	kn	owing	ly s	sets up	or p	promo	tes any	lot	tery c	r sei	lls,
offers	to	sell	or	transf	ers	any	ticket	or	share	for	any
lottery	J;										

- (8) knowingly sets up or promotes any policy game or sells, offers to sell or knowingly possesses or transfers any policy ticket, slip, record, document or other similar device:
- (9) knowingly drafts, prints or publishes any lottery ticket or share, or any policy ticket, slip, record, document or similar device, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state or foreign government;
- (10) knowingly advertises any lottery or policy game, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state;
- (11) knowingly transmits information as to wagers, betting odds, or changes in betting odds by telephone, telegraph, radio, semaphore or similar means; or knowingly installs or maintains equipment for the transmission or receipt of such information; except that nothing in this subdivision (11) prohibits transmission or receipt of such information for use in news reporting of sporting events or contests; or
 - (12) knowingly establishes, maintains, or operates an

Internet site that permits a person to play a game of chance or skill for money or other thing of value by means of the Internet or to make a wager upon the result of any game, contest, political nomination, appointment, or election by means of the Internet. This item (12) does not apply to activities referenced in items (6) and (6.1) of subsection (b) of this Section.

- (b) Participants in any of the following activities shall not be convicted of gambling:
 - (1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the happening of chance including without limitation contracts of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident insurance.
 - (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to the owners of animals or vehicles entered in such contest.
 - (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by the law of this State.
 - (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign commerce to any place outside this State when such transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal law; or the manufacture, distribution, or possession of video gaming terminals, as defined in the Video Gaming Act,

- by manufacturers, distributors, and terminal operators
 licensed to do so under the Video Gaming Act.
 - (5) The game commonly known as "bingo", when conducted in accordance with the Bingo License and Tax Act.
 - (6) Lotteries when conducted by the State of Illinois in accordance with the Illinois Lottery Law. This exemption includes any activity conducted by the Department of Revenue to sell lottery tickets pursuant to the provisions of the Illinois Lottery Law and its rules.
 - (6.1) The purchase of lottery tickets through the Internet for a lottery conducted by the State of Illinois under the program established in Section 7.12 of the Illinois Lottery Law.
 - (7) Possession of an antique slot machine that is neither used nor intended to be used in the operation or promotion of any unlawful gambling activity or enterprise. For the purpose of this subparagraph (b)(7), an antique slot machine is one manufactured 25 years ago or earlier.
 - (8) Raffles and poker runs when conducted in accordance with the Raffles and Poker Runs Act.
 - (9) Charitable games when conducted in accordance with the Charitable Games Act.
 - (10) Pull tabs and jar games when conducted under the Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act.
 - (11) Gambling games conducted on riverboats when authorized by the Riverboat Gambling Act.

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1	(12) Video gami	ng terminal	games	at a	licensed
2	establishment, license	ed truck stop	establi	shment,	licensed
3	fraternal establish	nment, <u>lic</u>	ensed	horse	racing
4	establishment, or li	censed veter	ans est	cablishm	nent when
5	conducted in accordance	e with the Vi	deo Gami	ing Act.	

- (13) Games of skill or chance where money or other things of value can be won but no payment or purchase is required to participate.
- 9 (14) Savings promotion raffles authorized under 10 Section 5g of the Illinois Banking Act, Section 7008 of the 11 Savings Bank Act, Section 42.7 of the Illinois Credit Union 12 Act, Section 5136B of the National Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 13 25a), or Section 4 of the Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 14 1463).
- 15 (c) Sentence.
- Gambling is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent conviction under subsections (a)(3) through (a)(12), is a Class 4 felony.
- 19 (d) Circumstantial evidence.
- In prosecutions under this Section circumstantial evidence shall have the same validity and weight as in any criminal prosecution.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 98-644, eff. 6-10-14; 99-149, eff. 1-1-16.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Section and Section 5 take effect upon becoming law.

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