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1 SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

2 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 4

WHEREAS, The Ninety-second Congress of the United States of America, at its Second Session, in both houses, by a constitutional majority of two-thirds, adopted the following proposition to amend the Constitution of the United States of America:

8 "JOINT RESOLUTION

RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED (TWO-THIRDS OF EACH HOUSE CONCURRING THEREIN), That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

17 "ARTICLE

Section 1. Equality of rights under the law shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

Section 2. The Congress shall have the power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

23 Section 3. This amendment shall take effect two years after 24 the date of ratification.""; and

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WHEREAS, A Joint Resolution is a resolution adopted by both 1 2 houses of the General Assembly and does not require the 3 signature of the Governor; a Joint Resolution is sufficient for Illinois' ratification of an amendment to the United States 4 5 Constitution; and

6 WHEREAS, The United States Congress has recently adopted 7 the 27th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, 8 the so-called Madison Amendment, relating to Compensation of 9 Members of Congress; this amendment was proposed 203 years 10 earlier by our First Congress and only recently ratified by 11 three-fourths of the States; the United States Archivist

certified the 27th Amendment on May 18, 1992; and

WHEREAS, The founders of our nation, James Madison included, did not favor further restrictions to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, the amending procedure; the United States Constitution is harder to amend than any other constitution in history; and

WHEREAS, The restricting time limit for the Equal Rights Amendment ratification is in the resolving clause and is not a part of the amendment proposed by Congress and already ratified by 35 states; and

- WHEREAS, Having passed a time extension for the Equal 1
- 2 Rights Amendment on October 20, 1978, Congress has demonstrated
- that a time limit in a resolving clause can be disregarded if 3
- it is not a part of the proposed amendment; and
- 5 WHEREAS, The United States Supreme Court in Coleman v.
- 6 Miller, 307 U.S. 433, at 456 (1939), recognized that Congress
- 7 is in a unique position to judge the tenor of the nation, to be
- 8 aware of the political, social, and economic factors affecting
- 9 the nation, and to be aware of the importance to the nation of
- 10 the proposed amendment; and
- 11 WHEREAS, If an amendment to the Constitution of the United
- 12 States has been proposed by two-thirds of both houses of
- 13 Congress and ratified by three-fourths of the
- 14 legislatures, it is for Congress under the principles of
- 15 Coleman v. Miller to determine the validity of the state
- ratifications occurring after a time limit in the resolving 16
- 17 clause, but not in the amendment itself; and
- 18 WHEREAS, Constitutional equality for women and
- 19 continues to be timely in the United States and worldwide, and
- 20 a number of other nations have achieved constitutional equality
- 21 for their women and men; therefore, be it
- 22 RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDREDTH GENERAL

- 1 ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
- 2 CONCURRING HEREIN, that the proposed amendment to the
- 3 Constitution of the United States of America set forth in this
- resolution is ratified; and be it further
- 5 RESOLVED, That a certified copy of this resolution be
- 6 forwarded to the Archivist of the United States, the President
- 7 pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
- Representatives of the Congress of the United States, and each 8
- 9 member of the Illinois congressional delegation.