

Rep. Emanuel Chris Welch

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	10000SB3108ham001	LRB100 19512 HEP 39930 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE E	BILL 3108
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senat	te Bill 3108 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause w	with the following:
4 5	"Section 5. The Code of Civil changing Section 13-225 as follows:	Procedure is amended by
6	(735 ILCS 5/13-225)	
7	Sec. 13-225. <u>Trafficking vict</u>	ims protection Predator
8	accountability.	
9	(a) In this Section, <u>"human tr</u>	afficking", "involuntary
10	servitude", "sex trade", and "victim of	of the sex trade" have the
11	meanings ascribed to them in Sectio	on 10 of the <u>Trafficking</u>
12	Victims Protection Predator Accountab	ility Act.
13	(b) Subject to both subsect:	ions (e) and (f) and
14	notwithstanding any other provision of	f law, an action under the
15	Trafficking Victims Protection Pred	lator Accountability Act
16	must be commenced within 10 years of	the date the limitation

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1 period begins to run under subsection (d) or within 10 years of 2 the date the plaintiff discovers or through the use of 3 reasonable diligence should discover both (i) that the sex 4 trade, involuntary servitude, or human trafficking act 5 occurred, and (ii) that the defendant caused, was responsible 6 for, or profited from the sex trade, involuntary servitude, or human trafficking act. The fact that the plaintiff discovers or 7 8 through the use of reasonable diligence should discover that 9 the sex trade, involuntary servitude, or human trafficking act 10 occurred is not, by itself, sufficient to start the discovery 11 period under this subsection (b).

(c) If the injury is caused by 2 or more acts that are part 12 13 of a continuing series of sex trade, involuntary servitude, or 14 human trafficking acts by the same defendant, then the 15 discovery period under subsection (b) shall be computed from 16 the date the person abused discovers or through the use of reasonable diligence should discover (i) that the last sex 17 trade, involuntary servitude, or human trafficking act in the 18 continuing series occurred, and (ii) that the defendant caused, 19 20 was responsible for, or profited from the series of sex trade, involuntary servitude, or human trafficking acts. The fact that 21 22 the plaintiff discovers or through the use of reasonable 23 diligence should discover that the last sex trade, involuntary 24 servitude, or human trafficking act in the continuing series 25 occurred is not, by itself, sufficient to start the discovery 26 period under subsection (b).

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1 (d) The limitation periods in subsection (b) do not begin 2 to run before the plaintiff attains the age of 18 years; and, 3 if at the time the plaintiff attains the age of 18 years he or 4 she is under other legal disability, the limitation periods 5 under subsection (b) do not begin to run until the removal of 6 the disability.

7 (e) The limitation periods in subsection (b) do not run 8 during a time period when the plaintiff is subject to threats, 9 intimidation, manipulation, or fraud perpetrated by the 10 defendant or by any person acting in the interest of the 11 defendant.

12 (f) The limitation periods in subsection (b) do not 13 commence running until the expiration of all limitations 14 periods applicable to the criminal prosecution of the plaintiff 15 for any acts which form the basis of a cause of action under 16 the <u>Trafficking Victims Protection</u> Predator Accountability 17 Act.

18 (Source: P.A. 94-998, eff. 7-3-06.)

19 Section 10. The Predator Accountability Act is amended by 20 changing Sections 1, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, and 45 as follows:

21 (740 ILCS 128/1)

22 Sec. 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the 23 <u>Trafficking Victims Protection</u> Predator Accountability Act.

24 (Source: P.A. 94-998, eff. 7-3-06.)

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1 (740 ILCS 128/5)
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Sec. 5. Purpose. The purpose of this Act is to allow persons who have been or who are subjected to the sex trade, <u>involuntary servitude</u>, <u>or human trafficking</u> to seek civil damages and remedies from individuals and entities that recruited, harmed, profited from, or maintained them in the sex trade <u>or involuntary servitude or subjected them to human</u> <u>trafficking</u>.

9 (Source: P.A. 94-998, eff. 7-3-06.)

10 (740 ILCS 128/10)

11 Sec. 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

12 <u>"Human trafficking" means a violation or attempted</u>
13 <u>violation of subsection (d) of Section 10-9 of the Criminal</u>
14 <u>Code of 2012.</u>

15 <u>"Involuntary servitude" means a violation or attempted</u>
16 violation of subsection (b) of Section 10-9 of the Criminal
17 Code of 2012.

"Sex trade" means any act, which if proven beyond a reasonable doubt could support a conviction for a violation or attempted violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012: 11-14.3 (promoting prostitution); 11-14.4 (promoting juvenile prostitution); 11-15 (soliciting for a prostitute); 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute); 11-16 (pandering); 10000SB3108ham001 -5- LRB100 19512 HEP 39930 a

1 11-17 (keeping a place of prostitution); 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution); 11-19 (pimping); 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping and aggravated juvenile pimping); 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child); 11-20 (obscenity); 11-20.1 (child pornography); or 11-20.1B or 11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography); or <u>subsection (c) of</u> Section 10-9 (trafficking in persons and involuntary <u>sexual</u> servitude <u>of a minor</u>).

8 "Sex trade" activity may involve adults and youth of all 9 genders and sexual orientations.

10 "Victim of the sex trade" means, for the following sex 11 trade acts, the person or persons indicated:

12 (1) soliciting for a prostitute: the prostitute who is13 the object of the solicitation;

14 (2) soliciting for a juvenile prostitute: the juvenile 15 prostitute, or person with a severe or profound 16 intellectual disability, who is the object of the 17 solicitation;

(3) promoting prostitution as described in subdivision
(a) (2) (A) or (a) (2) (B) of Section 11-14.3 of the Criminal
Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or pandering:
the person intended or compelled to act as a prostitute;

(4) keeping a place of prostitution: any person
intended or compelled to act as a prostitute, while present
at the place, during the time period in question;

(5) keeping a place of juvenile prostitution: any
 juvenile intended or compelled to act as a prostitute,

1 while present at the place, during the time period in 2 question;

(6) promoting prostitution as described in subdivision
(a) (2) (C) of Section 11-14.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961
or the Criminal Code of 2012, or pimping: the prostitute
from whom anything of value is received;

7 (7) promoting juvenile prostitution as described in 8 subdivision (a)(2) or (a)(3) of Section 11-14.4 of the 9 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or 10 juvenile pimping and aggravated juvenile pimping: the 11 juvenile, or person with a severe or profound intellectual 12 disability, from whom anything of value is received for 13 that person's act of prostitution;

(8) promoting juvenile prostitution as described in subdivision (a) (4) of Section 11-14.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or exploitation of a child: the juvenile, or person with a severe or profound intellectual disability, intended or compelled to act as a prostitute or from whom anything of value is received for that person's act of prostitution;

21 22 (9) obscenity: any person who appears in or is described or depicted in the offending conduct or material;

(10) child pornography or aggravated child pornography: any child, or person with a severe or profound intellectual disability, who appears in or is described or depicted in the offending conduct or material; or

1	(11) trafficking of persons or involuntary <u>sexual</u>
2	servitude of a minor: a "trafficking victim" as defined in
3	subsection (c) of Section 10-9 of the Criminal Code of 1961
4	or the Criminal Code of 2012.
5	(Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)
6	(740 ILCS 128/15)
7	Sec. 15. Cause of action.
8	(a) <u>A victim of the sex trade, involuntary servitude, or</u>
9	human trafficking may bring an action in civil court under this
10	Act Violations of this Act are actionable in civil court.
11	(a-1) A legal guardian, agent of the victim, court
12	appointee, or organization that represents the interests of or
13	serves victims may bring a cause of action on behalf of a
14	victim. An action may also be brought by a government entity
15	responsible for enforcing the laws of this State.
16	(b) A victim of the sex trade has a cause of action against
17	a person or entity who:
18	(1) recruits, profits from, or maintains the victim in
19	any sex trade act;
20	(2) intentionally abuses, as defined in Section 103 of
21	the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, or causes
22	bodily harm, as defined in Section 11-0.1 of the Criminal
23	Code of 2012, to <u>a victim of the sex trade</u> the victim in
24	any sex trade act; or
25	(3) knowingly advertises or publishes advertisements

1	for purposes of recruitment into sex trade activity.
2	(b-1) A victim of involuntary servitude or human
3	trafficking has a cause of action against any person or entity
4	who knowingly subjects, attempts to subject, or engages in a
5	conspiracy to subject the victim to involuntary servitude or
6	human trafficking.
7	(c) This Section shall not be construed to create liability
8	to any person or entity who provides goods or services to the
9	general public, who also provides those goods or services to
10	persons who would be liable under subsection (b) of this
11	Section, absent a showing that the person or entity either:
12	(1) knowingly markets or provides its goods or services
13	primarily to persons or entities liable under subsection
14	(b) of this Section;
15	(2) knowingly receives a higher level of compensation
16	from persons or entities liable under subsection (b) of
17	this Section than it generally receives from customers; or
18	(3) supervises or exercises control over persons or
19	entities liable under subsection (b) of this Section.
20	(d) The standard of proof in any action brought under this
21	Section is a preponderance of the evidence.
22	(Source: P.A. 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
23	(740 ILCS 128/20)
24	Sec. 20. Relief. A prevailing victim of the sex trade <u>,</u>

25 <u>involuntary servitude</u>, or human trafficking shall be entitled

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to all relief that would make him or her whole. This includes, 1 but is not limited to: 2 3 (1) declaratory relief; (2) injunctive relief; 4 (3) recovery of costs and attorney fees including, but 5 not limited to, costs for expert testimony and witness 6 7 fees: 8 (4) compensatory damages including, but not limited 9 to: 10 (A) economic loss, including damage, destruction, or loss of use of personal property, and loss of past 11 or future earning capacity, and, for a victim of 12 13 involuntary servitude or human trafficking, any 14 statutorily required wages under applicable State or 15 federal law; and (B) damages for death, personal injury, disease, 16 17 and mental and emotional harm, including medical, rehabilitation, burial expenses, pain and suffering, 18 19 and physical impairment; 20 (5) punitive damages; and 21 (6) damages in the amount of the gross revenues 22 received by the defendant from, or related to, the sex trade, involuntary servitude, or human trafficking 23 24 activities of the plaintiff or the trafficking and 25 involuntary servitude of the plaintiff. (Source: P.A. 94-998, eff. 7-3-06; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.) 26

1	(740 ILCS 128/25)
2	Sec. 25. Non-defenses.
3	(a) It is not a defense to an action brought under this Act
4	that:
5	(1) the victim of the sex trade, involuntary servitude,
6	or human trafficking and the defendant had a marital or
7	consenting sexual relationship;
8	(2) the defendant is related to the victim of the sex
9	trade, involuntary servitude, or human trafficking by
10	blood or marriage, or has lived with the defendant in any
11	formal or informal household arrangement;
12	(3) the victim of the sex trade, involuntary servitude,
13	or human trafficking was paid or otherwise compensated for
14	sex trade activity, human, or other services;
15	(4) the victim of the sex trade engaged in sex trade
16	activity or had been subjected to involuntary servitude or
17	human trafficking prior to any involvement with the
18	defendant;
19	(5) the victim of the sex trade, involuntary servitude,
20	or human trafficking made no attempt to escape, flee, or
21	otherwise terminate contact with the defendant;
22	(6) the victim of the sex trade, involuntary servitude,
23	or human trafficking consented to engage in acts of the sex
24	trade, human, or other services;
25	(7) it was a single incident of activity; or

1	(8) there was no physical contact involved; or-
2	(9) a defendant has been acquitted or has not been
3	investigated, arrested, prosecuted, or convicted under the
4	Criminal Code of 2012 or has been convicted of a different
5	offense for the conduct that is alleged to give rise to
6	liability under this Act.
7	(b) Any illegality of the sex trade activity <u>, human, or</u>
8	$\underline{services}$ on the part of the victim of the sex trade_
9	involuntary servitude, or human trafficking shall not be an
10	affirmative defense to any action brought under this Act.

11 (Source: P.A. 94-998, eff. 7-3-06.)

12

(740 ILCS 128/45)

Sec. 45. No avoidance of liability. No person may avoid liability under this Act by means of any conveyance of any right, title, or interest in real property, or by any indemnification, hold harmless agreement, or similar agreement that purports to show consent of the victim of the sex trade, involuntary servitude, or human trafficking.

19 (Source: P.A. 94-998, eff. 7-3-06.)".