

Rep. Lou Lang

Filed: 5/16/2018

LRB100 18964 RPS 40079 a 10000SB3022ham001 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3022 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 3022 on page 2, line 9, by replacing "3-2, 3-12," with "3-1, 3-2, 3-5, 3-6, 3 4 3-7, 3-10, 3-12, 5-1,"; and on page 2, immediately below line 10, by inserting the 5 6 following: 7 "(235 ILCS 5/3-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 97) Sec. 3-1. There is hereby created an Illinois Liquor 8 Control Commission consisting of 7 members to be appointed by 9 10 the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, no more than 4 of whom shall be members of the same political party. 11 12 The Executive Director of the Illinois Liquor Control 13 Commission shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. 14 15 (Source: P.A. 91-798, eff. 7-9-00.)"; and

- on page 4, immediately below line 5, by inserting the 1
- 2 following:
- 3 "(235 ILCS 5/3-5) (from Ch. 43, par. 101)
- 4 Sec. 3-5. Each commissioner, the secretary, the Executive
- 5 Director, and each person appointed by the commission shall,
- before entering upon the duties of his or her office, take and 6
- subscribe to the constitutional oath of office. The secretary, 7
- 8 the Executive Director, and each inspector, clerk, and other
- 9 employee shall devote his or her entire time to the duties of
- 10 his or her office.
- (Source: P.A. 82-783.) 11
- 12 (235 ILCS 5/3-6) (from Ch. 43, par. 102)
- 13 Sec. 3-6. No person shall be appointed a commissioner,
- 14 secretary, Executive Director, or inspector for the commission
- who is not a citizen of the United States. No commissioner, 15
- secretary, <u>Executive Director</u>, inspector, or other employee 16
- shall be appointed who has been convicted of any violation of 17
- 18 any Federal or State law concerning the manufacture or sale of
- 19 alcoholic liquor prior or subsequent to the passage of this Act
- 20 or who has paid a fine or penalty in settlement of any
- 21 prosecution against him or her for any violation of such laws
- 22 or shall have forfeited his or her bond to appear in court to
- 23 answer charges for any such violation, nor shall any person be
- 24 appointed who has been convicted of a felony. No commissioner,

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1 Executive Director, inspector, or other employee, may, directly or indirectly, individually or as a member of a partnership, or as a shareholder of a corporation, have any 3 interest whatsoever in the manufacture, sale or distribution of alcoholic liquor, nor receive any compensation or profit 6 therefrom, nor have any interest whatsoever in the purchases or sales made by the persons authorized by this Act, or to 7 purchase or to sell alcoholic liquor. No provision of this section shall prevent any such commissioner, secretary, Executive Director, inspector, or other employee from purchasing and keeping in his or her possession for the use of himself or herself or members of his or her family or quests any alcoholic liquor which may be purchased or kept by any person by virtue of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 83-1254.)

(235 ILCS 5/3-7) (from Ch. 43, par. 103) 16

> Sec. 3-7. No commissioner, secretary, Executive Director, or person appointed or employed by the commission, shall solicit or accept any gift, gratuity, emolument or employment from any person subject to the provisions of this Act, or from any officer, agent or employee thereof, nor solicit, request from or recommend, directly or indirectly, to any such person or to any officer, agent or employee thereof, the appointment of any person to any place or position, and every such person, and every officer, agent or employee thereof, is hereby

- 1 forbidden to offer to any commissioner, secretary, Executive
- 2 Director, or to any person appointed or employed by the
- commission, any gift, gratuity, emolument or employment. If any 3
- 4 commissioner, secretary, Executive Director, or any person
- 5 appointed or employed by the commission, shall violate any of
- 6 the provisions of this Section, he or she shall be removed from
- the office or employment held by him or her. Every person 7
- 8 violating the provisions of this Section shall be guilty of a
- 9 Class A misdemeanor.
- (Source: P.A. 82-783.) 10
- 11 (235 ILCS 5/3-10) (from Ch. 43, par. 106)
- Sec. 3-10. The commissioners, the secretary, the Executive 12
- 13 Director, and all clerks, inspectors, and other employees shall
- 14 be reimbursed for all actual and necessary traveling and other
- 15 expenses and disbursements incurred or made by them in the
- discharge of their official duties. The commission may also 16
- incur necessary expenses for office furniture and other 17
- 18 incidental expenses.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 82-783.)"; and
- 20 on page 21, line 1, after "personnel" by inserting "and the
- 21 Executive Director"; and
- 22 on page 21, line 2, after "personnel" by inserting "and the
- 23 Executive Director"; and

- on page 21, by replacing lines 5 and 6 with "status and rights 1
- of the employees and the State of Illinois and its agencies 2
- under the Personnel Code, the Illinois Public Labor Relations 3
- Act, and applicable collective"; and 4
- on page 23, immediately below line 9, by inserting the 5
- 6 following:
- 7 "(235 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 115)
- 8 Sec. 5-1. Licenses issued by the Illinois Liquor Control
- Commission shall be of the following classes: 9
- (a) Manufacturer's license Class 1. Distiller, Class 2. 10
- Rectifier, Class 3. Brewer, Class 4. First Class Wine 11
- 12 Manufacturer, Class 5. Second Class Wine Manufacturer, Class 6.
- 13 First Class Winemaker, Class 7. Second Class Winemaker, Class
- 8. Limited Wine Manufacturer, Class 9. Craft Distiller, Class 14
- 10. Class 1 Brewer, Class 11. Class 2 Brewer, 15
- (b) Distributor's license, 16
- 17 (c) Importing Distributor's license,
- 18 (d) Retailer's license,
- 19 (e) Special Event Retailer's license (not-for-profit),
- 20 (f) Railroad license,
- 21 (q) Boat license,
- 2.2 (h) Non-Beverage User's license,
- 23 (i) Wine-maker's premises license,

- 1 (j) Airplane license,
- (k) Foreign importer's license,
- 3 (1) Broker's license,
- (m) Non-resident dealer's license, 4
- 5 (n) Brew Pub license,
- (o) Auction liquor license, 6
- 7 (p) Caterer retailer license,
- 8 (q) Special use permit license,
- 9 (r) Winery shipper's license,
- 10 (s) Craft distiller tasting permit.
- 11 No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal
- business entity that is engaged in the manufacturing of wine 12
- 13 may concurrently obtain and hold a wine-maker's license and a
- wine manufacturer's license. 14
- 15 (a) A manufacturer's license shall allow the manufacture,
- 16 importation in bulk, storage, distribution and sale of
- 17 alcoholic liquor to persons without the State, as may be
- 18 permitted by law and to licensees in this State as follows:
- Class 1. A Distiller may make sales and deliveries of 19
- 20 alcoholic liquor to distillers, rectifiers, importing
- 2.1 distributors, distributors and non-beverage users and to no
- other licensees. 22
- Class 2. A Rectifier, who is not a distiller, as defined 23
- 24 herein, may make sales and deliveries of alcoholic liquor to
- 25 rectifiers, importing distributors, distributors, retailers
- 26 and non-beverage users and to no other licensees.

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1 Class 3. A Brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to importing distributors and distributors and may make sales as 2 authorized under subsection (e) of Section 6-4 of this Act. 3

Class 4. A first class wine-manufacturer may make sales and deliveries of up to 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors, and to no other licensees.

Class 5. A second class Wine manufacturer may make sales and deliveries of more than 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors and to no other licensees.

Class 6. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the manufacture of up to 50,000 gallons of wine per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors in the State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A person who, prior to June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-634), is a holder of a first-class wine-maker's license and annually produces more than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or before July 1, 2008 in compliance with Public Act 95-634.

Class 7. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow the manufacture of between 50,000 and 150,000 gallons of wine per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A person who, prior to June 1, 2008 (the

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effective date of Public Act 95-634), is a holder of a 1

second-class wine-maker's license and annually produces more 2

than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its

wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or

before July 1, 2008 in compliance with Public Act 95-634.

Class 8. A limited wine-manufacturer may make sales and deliveries not to exceed 40,000 gallons of wine per year to distributors, and to non-licensees in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Class 9. A craft distiller license shall allow the manufacture of up to 100,000 gallons of spirits by distillation per year and the storage of such spirits. If a craft distiller licensee, including a craft distiller licensee who holds more than one craft distiller license, is not affiliated with any other manufacturer of spirits, then the craft distiller licensee may sell such spirits to distributors in this State and up to 2,500 gallons of such spirits to non-licensees to the extent permitted by any exemption approved by the Commission pursuant to Section 6-4 of this Act. A craft distiller license holder may store such spirits at a non-contiguous licensed location, but at no time shall a craft distiller license holder directly or indirectly produce in the aggregate more than 100,000 gallons of spirits per year.

A craft distiller licensee may hold more than one craft distiller's license. However, a craft distiller that holds more than one craft distiller license shall not manufacture, in the aggregate, more than 100,000 gallons of spirits by distillation per year and shall not sell, in the aggregate, more than 2,500 gallons of such spirits to non-licensees in accordance with an

exemption approved by the State Commission pursuant to Section

6-4 of this Act.

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Any craft distiller licensed under this Act who on July 28, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1367) was licensed as a distiller and manufactured no more spirits than permitted by this Section shall not be required to pay the initial licensing fee.

Class 10. A class 1 brewer license, which may only be issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer, shall allow the manufacture of up to 930,000 gallons of beer per year provided that the class 1 brewer licensee does not manufacture more than a combined 930,000 gallons of beer per year and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 930,000 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor. A class 1 brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing distributors and distributors and to retail licensees in accordance with the conditions set forth in paragraph (18) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12 of this Act.

Class 11. A class 2 brewer license, which may only be issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer, shall allow the manufacture of up to 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year provided that the class 2 brewer licensee does not

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manufacture more than a combined 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor. A class 2 brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing distributors and distributors, but shall not make sales or deliveries to any other licensee. If the State Commission provides prior approval, a class 2 brewer licensee may annually transfer up to 3,720,000 gallons of beer manufactured by that class 2 brewer licensee to the premises of a licensed class 2 brewer wholly owned and operated by the same licensee.

(a-1) A manufacturer which is licensed in this State to make sales or deliveries of alcoholic liquor to licensed distributors or importing distributors and which enlists agents, representatives, or individuals acting on its behalf who contact licensed retailers on a regular and continual basis in this State must register those agents, representatives, or persons acting on its behalf with the State Commission.

Registration of agents, representatives, or persons acting on behalf of a manufacturer is fulfilled by submitting a form to the Commission. The form shall be developed by Commission and shall include the name and address of the applicant, the name and address of the manufacturer he or she represents, the territory or areas assigned to sell to or discuss pricing terms of alcoholic liquor, and any other questions deemed appropriate and necessary. All statements in

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- the forms required to be made by law or by rule shall be deemed material, and any person who knowingly misstates any material fact under oath in an application is quilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Fraud, misrepresentation, false statements, misleading statements, evasions, or suppression of material facts in the securing of a registration are grounds for suspension or revocation of the registration. The State Commission shall post a list of registered agents on the Commission's website.
 - (b) A distributor's license shall allow the wholesale purchase and storage of alcoholic liquors and sale of alcoholic liquors to licensees in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. No person licensed as a distributor shall be granted a non-resident dealer's license.
 - (c) An importing distributor's license may be issued to and held by those only who are duly licensed distributors, upon the filing of an application by a duly licensed distributor, with the Commission and the Commission shall, without the payment of any fee, immediately issue such importing distributor's license to the applicant, which shall allow the importation of alcoholic liquor by the licensee into this State from any point in the United States outside this State, and the purchase of alcoholic liquor in barrels, casks or other bulk containers and the bottling of such alcoholic liquors before resale thereof, but all bottles or containers so filled shall be sealed, labeled, stamped and otherwise made to comply with all

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1 provisions, rules and regulations governing manufacturers in 2 the preparation and bottling of alcoholic liquors. importing distributor's license shall permit such licensee to 3 4 purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident 5 dealers and foreign importers only. No person licensed as an 6 importing distributor shall be granted a non-resident dealer's 7 license.

(d) A retailer's license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. Nothing in Public Act 95-634 shall deny, limit, remove, or restrict the ability of a holder of a retailer's license to transfer, deliver, or ship alcoholic liquor to the purchaser for use or consumption subject to any applicable local law or ordinance. Any retail license issued to a manufacturer shall only permit the manufacturer to sell beer on the premises actually occupied by the manufacturer. For the purpose of further describing the type of business conducted at a retail licensed premises, a retailer's licensee may be designated by the State Commission as (i) an on premise consumption retailer, (ii) an off premise sale retailer, or (iii) a combined on premise consumption and off premise sale retailer.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection (d), a retail licensee may sell alcoholic liquors to a special event retailer licensee for resale to the extent permitted under subsection (e).

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(e) A special event retailer's license (not-for-profit) shall permit the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquors from an Illinois licensed distributor (unless the licensee purchases less than \$500 of alcoholic liquors for the special event, in which case the licensee may purchase the alcoholic liquors from a licensed retailer) and shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale, at retail, alcoholic liquors for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form and only at the location and on the specific dates designated for the special event in the license. An applicant for a special event retailer license must (i) furnish with the application: (A) a resale number issued under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or evidence that the applicant is registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, (B) a current, valid exemption identification number issued under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and a certification to the Commission that the purchase of alcoholic liquors will be a tax-exempt purchase, or (C) a statement that the applicant is not registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, does not hold a resale number under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and does not hold an exemption number under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, in which event the Commission shall set forth on the special event retailer's license a statement to that effect; (ii) submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State

obtained local authority approval.

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- 1 Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance in the maximum limits; and 2 (iii) show proof 3 satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant has
- 5 (f) A railroad license shall permit the licensee to import 6 alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors 7 8 in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors 9 10 and importing distributors from within or outside this State; 11 and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with 12 13 the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be 14 sold or dispensed on a club, buffet, lounge or dining car 15 operated on an electric, gas or steam railway in this State; 16 and provided further, that railroad licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII 17 18 of this Act as applied to importing distributors. A railroad license shall also permit the licensee to sell or dispense 19 20 alcoholic liquors on any club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway regularly 2.1 operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not 22 permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any 23 24 licensee within this State. A license shall be obtained for each car in which such sales are made. 25
 - (g) A boat license shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor

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- in individual drinks, on any passenger boat regularly operated 1 as a common carrier on navigable waters in this State or on any 2 3 riverboat operated under the Riverboat Gambling Act, which boat 4 or riverboat maintains a public dining room or restaurant
- (h) A non-beverage user's license shall allow the licensee 6 to purchase alcoholic liquor from a licensed manufacturer or 7

importing distributor, without the imposition of any tax upon 8

the business of such licensed manufacturer or importing

distributor as to such alcoholic liquor to be used by such

licensee solely for the non-beverage purposes set forth in

subsection (a) of Section 8-1 of this Act, and such licenses

shall be divided and classified and shall permit the purchase,

possession and use of limited and stated quantities of

15 alcoholic liquor as follows:

- 16 Class 1, not to exceed 500 gallons
- Class 2, not to exceed 1,000 gallons 17

Class 3, not to exceed 5,000 gallons 18

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20 Class 5, not to exceed 50,000 gallons

(i) A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license to

sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in

24 such license not more than 50,000 gallons of the first-class

wine-maker's wine that is made at the first-class wine-maker's

licensed premises per year for use or consumption, but not for

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resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee who concurrently holds a second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in such license up to 100,000 gallons of the second-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the second-class wine-maker's licensed premises per year for use or consumption but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license or a second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail at the premises specified in the wine-maker's premises license, for use or consumption but not for resale in any form, any beer, wine, and spirits purchased from a licensed distributor. Upon approval from the State Commission, a wine-maker's premises license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at (i) the wine-maker's licensed premises and (ii) at up to 2 additional locations for use and consumption and not for resale. Each location shall require additional licensing per location as specified in Section 5-3 of this Act. A wine-maker's premises licensee shall secure liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount at least equal to the maximum liability amounts set forth in subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act.

(j) An airplane license shall permit the licensee to import alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors

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directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be sold or dispensed on an airplane; and provided further, that airplane licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to importing distributors. An airplane licensee shall also permit the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquors on any passenger airplane regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any licensee within this State. A single airplane license shall be required of an airline company if liquor service is provided on board aircraft in this State. The annual fee for such license shall be as determined in Section 5-3.

(k) A foreign importer's license shall permit such licensee purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident dealers only, and to import alcoholic liquor other than in bulk from any point outside the United States and to sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed importing distributors and to no one else in Illinois; provided that (i) the foreign importer registers with the State Commission every brand of alcoholic liquor that it proposes to sell to Illinois licensees during the license period, (ii) the foreign importer complies with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 of this Act

- 1 with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may
- be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale, and 2
- 3 (iii) the foreign importer complies with the provisions of
- 4 Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these
- 5 provisions apply to manufacturers.
- (1) (i) A broker's license shall be required of all persons 6
- who solicit orders for, offer to sell or offer to supply 7
- 8 alcoholic liquor to retailers in the State of Illinois, or who
- 9 offer to retailers to ship or cause to be shipped or to make
- 10 contact with distillers, rectifiers, brewers or manufacturers
- 11 or any other party within or without the State of Illinois in
- order that alcoholic liquors be shipped to a distributor, 12
- 13 importing distributor or foreign importer, whether such
- solicitation or offer is consummated within or without the 14
- 15 State of Illinois.
- 16 No holder of a retailer's license issued by the Illinois
- Liquor Control Commission shall purchase or receive any 17
- alcoholic liquor, the order for which was solicited or offered 18
- for sale to such retailer by a broker unless the broker is the 19
- 20 holder of a valid broker's license.
- 2.1 The broker shall, upon the acceptance by a retailer of the
- broker's solicitation of an order or offer to sell or supply or 22
- 23 deliver or have delivered alcoholic liquors, promptly forward
- 24 to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission a notification of
- 25 said transaction in such form as the Commission may by
- 26 regulations prescribe.

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- (ii) A broker's license shall be required of a person within this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee or commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside of this State by an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically authorized in Section 6-29 of this Act.
 - A broker's license under this subsection (1) shall not entitle the holder to buy or sell any alcoholic liquors for his own account or to take or deliver title to such alcoholic liquors.
 - This subsection (1) shall not apply to distributors, employees of distributors, or employees of a manufacturer who has registered the trademark, brand or name of the alcoholic liquor pursuant to Section 6-9 of this Act, and who regularly sells such alcoholic liquor in the State of Illinois only to its registrants thereunder.
- 20 agent, representative, or person subject 2.1 registration pursuant to subsection (a-1) of this Section shall 22 not be eligible to receive a broker's license.
- (m) A non-resident dealer's license shall permit such 23 24 licensee to ship into and warehouse alcoholic liquor into this 25 State from any point outside of this State, and to sell such 26 alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed foreign importers and

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importing distributors and to no one else in this State; provided that (i) said non-resident dealer shall register with the Illinois Liquor Control Commission each and every brand of alcoholic liquor which it proposes to sell to Illinois licensees during the license period, (ii) it shall comply with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 hereof with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale by duly filing such registration statement, thereby authorizing the non-resident dealer to proceed to sell such brands at wholesale, and (iii) the non-resident dealer shall comply with the provisions of Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these provisions apply to manufacturers. No person licensed as a non-resident dealer shall be granted a distributor's or importing distributor's license.

(n) A brew pub license shall allow the licensee to only (i) manufacture up to 155,000 gallons of beer per year only on the premises specified in the license, (ii) make sales of the beer manufactured on the premises or, with the approval of the Commission, beer manufactured on another brew pub licensed premises that is wholly owned and operated by the same licensee to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees for use and consumption, (iii) store the beer upon the premises, (iv) sell and offer for sale at retail from the licensed premises for off-premises consumption no more than 155,000 gallons per year so long as such sales are only made

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1 in-person, (v) sell and offer for sale at retail for use and consumption on the premises specified in the license any form 2 3 of alcoholic liquor purchased from a licensed distributor or 4 importing distributor, and (vi) with the prior approval of the 5 Commission, annually transfer no more than 155,000 gallons of 6 beer manufactured on the premises to a licensed brew pub wholly

owned and operated by the same licensee.

A brew pub licensee shall not under any circumstance sell or offer for sale beer manufactured by the brew pub licensee to retail licensees.

person who holds a class 2 brewer license may simultaneously hold a brew pub license if the class 2 brewer (i) does not, under any circumstance, sell or offer for sale beer manufactured by the class 2 brewer to retail licensees; (ii) does not hold more than 3 brew pub licenses in this State; (iii) does not manufacture more than a combined 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year, including the beer manufactured at the brew pub; and (iv) is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a licensed brewer, class 2 brewer, or non-resident dealer who before July 1, 2015 manufactured less than 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year and held a brew pub license on or before July 1, 2015 may (i) continue to qualify for and hold that brew pub license for

alcoholic liquor.

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- 1 the licensed premises and (ii) manufacture more than 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year and continue to qualify for and hold that brew pub license if that brewer, class 2 brewer, or 3 4 non-resident dealer does not simultaneously hold a class 1 5 brewer license and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 6 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or that produces any other 7
 - (o) A caterer retailer license shall allow the holder to serve alcoholic liquors as an incidental part of a food service that serves prepared meals which excludes the serving of snacks as the primary meal, either on or off-site whether licensed or unlicensed.
 - (p) An auction liquor license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at auction wine and spirits for use or consumption, or for resale by an Illinois liquor licensee in accordance with provisions of this Act. An auction liquor license will be issued to a person and it will permit the auction liquor licensee to hold the auction anywhere in the State. An auction liquor license must be obtained for each auction at least 14 days in advance of the auction date.
 - (q) A special use permit license shall allow an Illinois licensed retailer to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor inventory from its retail licensed premises to the premises specified in the license hereby created, and to sell or offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the

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license hereby created, the transferred alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A special use permit license may be granted for the following time periods: one day or less; 2 or more days to a maximum of 15 days per location in any 12-month period. An applicant for the special use permit license must also submit with application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the maximum limits and have local authority approval.

(r) A winery shipper's license shall allow a person with a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited wine manufacturer's license or who is licensed to make wine under the laws of another state to ship wine made by that licensee directly to a resident of this State who is 21 years of age or older for that resident's personal use and not for resale. Prior to receiving a winery shipper's license, an applicant for the license must provide the Commission with a true copy of its current license in any state in which it is licensed as a manufacturer of wine. An applicant for a winery shipper's license must also complete an application form that provides any other information the Commission deems necessary. The application form shall include all addresses from which the applicant for a winery shipper's license intends to ship wine, including the name and address of any third party, except for a common carrier, authorized to ship wine on behalf of the

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manufacturer. application form shall include The an acknowledgement consenting to the jurisdiction of Commission, the Illinois Department of Revenue, and the courts of this State concerning the enforcement of this Act and any related laws, rules, and regulations, including authorizing the Department of Revenue and the Commission to conduct audits for the purpose of ensuring compliance with Public Act 95-634, and an acknowledgement that the wine manufacturer is in compliance with Section 6-2 of this Act. Any third party, except for a common carrier, authorized to ship wine on behalf of a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's licensee, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's licensee, a limited wine manufacturer's licensee, or a person who is licensed to make wine under the laws of another state shall also be disclosed by the winery shipper's licensee, and a copy of the written appointment of the third-party wine provider, except for a common carrier, to the wine manufacturer shall be filed with the State Commission as a supplement to the winery shipper's license application or any renewal thereof. The winery shipper's license holder shall affirm under penalty of perjury, as part of the winery shipper's license application or renewal, that he or she only ships wine, either directly or indirectly through a third-party provider, from the licensee's own production.

Except for a common carrier, a third-party provider shipping wine on behalf of a winery shipper's license holder is

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the agent of the winery shipper's license holder and, as such, a winery shipper's license holder is responsible for the acts and omissions of the third-party provider acting on behalf of the license holder. A third-party provider, except for a common carrier, that engages in shipping wine into Illinois on behalf of a winery shipper's license holder shall consent to the jurisdiction of the State Commission and the State. Any third-party, except for a common carrier, holding such an appointment shall, by February 1 of each calendar year and upon request by the State Commission or the Department of Revenue, file with the State Commission a statement detailing each shipment made to an Illinois resident. The statement shall include the name and address of the third-party provider filing the statement, the time period covered by the statement, and the following information:

- (1) the name, address, and license number of the winery shipper on whose behalf the shipment was made;
 - (2) the quantity of the products delivered; and
- (3) the date and address of the shipment. 19

If the Department of Revenue or the State Commission requests a statement under this paragraph, the third-party provider must provide that statement no later than 30 days after the request is made. Any books, records, supporting papers, and documents containing information and data relating to a statement under this paragraph shall be kept and preserved for a period of 3 years, unless their destruction sooner is authorized, in

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writing, by the Director of Revenue, and shall be open and available to inspection by the Director of Revenue or the State Commission or any duly authorized officer, agent, or employee of the State Commission or the Department of Revenue, at all times during business hours of the day. Any person who violates any provision of this paragraph or any rule of the State Commission for the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this paragraph is guilty of a Class misdemeanor. In case of a continuing violation, each day's continuance thereof shall be a separate and distinct offense.

State Commission shall adopt rules as soon as The practicable to implement the requirements of Public Act 99-904 and shall adopt rules prohibiting any such third-party appointment of a third-party provider, except for a common carrier, that has been deemed by the State Commission to have violated the provisions of this Act with regard to any winery shipper licensee.

A winery shipper licensee must pay to the Department of Revenue the State liquor gallonage tax under Section 8-1 for all wine that is sold by the licensee and shipped to a person in this State. For the purposes of Section 8-1, a winery shipper licensee shall be taxed in the same manner as a manufacturer of wine. A licensee who is not otherwise required to register under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act must register under the Use Tax Act to collect and remit use tax to the Department of Revenue for all gallons of wine that are sold

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by the licensee and shipped to persons in this State. If a licensee fails to remit the tax imposed under this Act in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of this Act, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the provisions of Article VII of this Act. If a licensee fails to properly register and remit tax under the Use Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act for all wine that is sold by the winery shipper and shipped to persons in this State, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the provisions of Article VII of this Act.

A winery shipper licensee must collect, maintain, and submit to the Commission on a semi-annual basis the total number of cases per resident of wine shipped to residents of this State. A winery shipper licensed under this subsection (r) must comply with the requirements of Section 6-29 of this Act.

Pursuant to paragraph (5.1) or (5.3) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12, the State Commission may receive, respond to, and investigate any complaint and impose any of the remedies specified in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12.

As used in this subsection, "third-party provider" means any entity that provides fulfillment house services, including warehousing, packaging, distribution, order processing, or shipment of wine, but not the sale of wine, on behalf of a licensed winery shipper.

(s) A craft distiller tasting permit license shall allow an Illinois licensed craft distiller to transfer a portion of its

- alcoholic liquor inventory from its craft distiller licensed 1 2 premises to the premises specified in the license hereby 3 created and to conduct a sampling, only in the premises 4 specified in the license hereby created, of the transferred 5 alcoholic liquor in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 6 6-31 of this Act. The transferred alcoholic liquor may not be sold or resold in any form. An applicant for the craft 7 distiller tasting permit license must also submit with the 8 9 application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the 10 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the
- (Source: P.A. 99-448, eff. 8-24-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 12
- 13 99-800, eff. 8-12-16; 99-902, eff. 8-26-16; 99-904, eff.
- 1-1-17; 100-17, eff. 6-30-17; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)". 14

maximum limits and have local authority approval.