

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 SB2926

Introduced 2/14/2018, by Sen. Pamela J. Althoff

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Illinois Landscape Architecture Act of 1989. Changes the title of the Act to the Illinois Landscape Architecture Practice Act (and makes conforming changes in various other Acts). Allows an unlicensed person who has completed the educational requirements, is actively participating in the diversified professional training, and maintains a training record with good standing to use the title "landscape architectural associate", but prohibits that person from independently engaging in the practice of landscape architecture. Requires an applicant for licensure as a landscape architect to pass an examination that includes the Landscape Architect Registration Examination and makes other changes in provisions concerning qualifications for licensure. Adds provisions concerning public policy, exemptions, application of the Act, and technical submissions. Makes changes in provisions concerning definitions, use of titles without a license, continuing education, and civil and criminal penalties for violation of the Act. Makes other changes.

LRB100 18431 XWW 33645 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,

3 represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by changing
- 5 Section 4.30 as follows:
- 6 (5 ILCS 80/4.30)
- 7 Sec. 4.30. Acts repealed on January 1, 2020. The following
- 8 Acts are repealed on January 1, 2020:
- 9 The Auction License Act.
- 10 The Community Association Manager Licensing and
- 11 Disciplinary Act.
- The Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989.
- The Illinois Landscape Architecture Practice Act of 1989.
- 14 The Illinois Professional Land Surveyor Act of 1989.
- The Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics Practice Act.
- 16 The Perfusionist Practice Act.
- 17 The Pharmacy Practice Act.
- The Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989.
- 19 The Real Estate License Act of 2000.
- The Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 100-497, eff. 9-8-17; 100-534, eff. 9-22-17;
- 22 revised 10-18-17.)

- 1 Section 10. The Park District Code is amended by changing
- 2 Section 8-50 as follows:
- 3 (70 ILCS 1205/8-50)
- 4 Sec. 8-50. Definitions. For the purposes of Sections 8-50
- 5 through 8-57, the following terms shall have the following
- 6 meanings, unless the context requires a different meaning:
- 7 "Delivery system" means the design and construction
- 8 approach used to develop and construct a project.
- 9 "Design-bid-build" means the traditional delivery system
- 10 used on public projects that incorporates the Local Government
- 11 Professional Services Selection Act and the principles of
- 12 competitive selection.
- "Design-build" means a delivery system that provides
- 14 responsibility within a single contract for the furnishing of
- 15 architecture, engineering, land surveying, and related
- services as required, and the labor, materials, equipment, and
- other construction services for the project.
- "Design-build contract" means a contract for a public
- 19 project under this Act between any park district and a
- design-build entity to furnish architecture, engineering, land
- 21 surveying, landscape architecture, and related services as
- required, and to furnish the labor, materials, equipment, and
- other construction services for the project. The design-build
- 24 contract may be conditioned upon subsequent refinements in
- 25 scope and price and may allow the park district to make

1 modifications in the project scope without invalidating the 2 design-build contract.

"Design-build entity" means any individual, sole proprietorship, firm, partnership, joint venture, corporation, professional corporation, or other entity that proposes to design and construct any public project under this Act. A design-build entity and associated design-build professionals shall conduct themselves in accordance with the laws of this State and the related provisions of the Illinois Administrative Code, as referenced by the licensed design professionals Acts of this State.

"Design professional" means any individual, sole proprietorship, firm, partnership, joint venture, corporation, professional corporation, or other entity that offers services under the Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989, the Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989, the Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989, or the Illinois Professional Land Surveyor Act of 1989.

"Evaluation criteria" means the requirements for the separate phases of the selection process for design-build proposals as defined in this Act and may include the specialized experience, technical qualifications and competence, capacity to perform, past performance, experience with similar projects, assignment of personnel to the project, and other appropriate factors. Price may not be used as a factor in the evaluation of Phase I proposals.

- 1 "Landscape architect design professional" means any
- 2 person, sole proprietorship, or entity including, but not
- 3 limited to, a partnership, professional service corporation,
- 4 or corporation that offers services under the Illinois
- 5 Landscape Architecture Practice Act of 1989.
- 6 "Proposal" means the offer to enter into a design-build
- 7 contract as submitted by a design-build entity in accordance
- 8 with this Act.
- 9 "Request for proposal" means the document used by the park
- 10 district to solicit proposals for a design-build contract.
- "Scope and performance criteria" means the requirements
- 12 for the public project, including, but not limited to: the
- 13 intended usage, capacity, size, scope, quality, and
- 14 performance standards; life-cycle costs; and other
- 15 programmatic criteria that are expressed in performance
- oriented and quantifiable specifications and drawings that can
- 17 be reasonably inferred and are suited to allow a design-build
- 18 entity to develop a proposal.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 97-349, eff. 8-12-11.)
- 20 Section 15. The Chicago Park District Act is amended by
- 21 changing Section 26.10-4 as follows:
- 22 (70 ILCS 1505/26.10-4)
- Sec. 26.10-4. Definitions. The following terms, whenever
- used or referred to in this Act, have the following meaning

- 1 unless the context requires a different meaning:
- 2 "Delivery system" means the design and construction
- 3 approach used to develop and construct a project.
- 4 "Design-bid-build" means the traditional delivery system
- 5 used on public projects that incorporates the Local Government
- 6 Professional Services Selection Act (50 ILCS 510/) and the
- 7 principles of competitive selection.
- 8 "Design-build" means a delivery system that provides
- 9 responsibility within a single contract for the furnishing of
- 10 architecture, engineering, land surveying and related services
- 11 as required, and the labor, materials, equipment, and other
- 12 construction services for the project.
- "Design-build contract" means a contract for a public
- 14 project under this Act between the Chicago Park District and a
- design-build entity to furnish architecture, engineering, land
- 16 surveying, landscape architecture, and related services as
- 17 required, and to furnish the labor, materials, equipment, and
- 18 other construction services for the project. The design-build
- 19 contract may be conditioned upon subsequent refinements in
- 20 scope and price and may allow the Chicago Park District to make
- 21 modifications in the project scope without invalidating the
- 22 design-build contract.
- "Design-build entity" means any individual, sole
- 24 proprietorship, firm, partnership, joint venture, corporation,
- 25 professional corporation, or other entity that proposes to
- 26 design and construct any public project under this Act. A

design-build entity and associated design-build professionals

2 shall conduct themselves in accordance with the laws of this

State and the related provisions of the Illinois Administrative

Code, as referenced by the licensed design professionals Acts

5 of this State.

"Design professional" means any individual, sole proprietorship, firm, partnership, joint venture, corporation, professional corporation, or other entity that offers services under the Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989 (225 ILCS 305/), the Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989 (225 ILCS 325/), the Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989 (225 ILCS 340/), or the Illinois Professional Land Surveyor Act of 1989 (225 ILCS 330/).

"Landscape architect design professional" means any person, sole proprietorship, or entity such as a partnership, professional service corporation, or corporation that offers services under the Illinois Landscape Architecture <u>Practice</u> Act of 1989.

"Evaluation criteria" means the requirements for the separate phases of the selection process for design-build proposals as defined in this Act and may include the specialized experience, technical qualifications and competence, capacity to perform, past performance, experience with similar projects, assignment of personnel to the project, and other appropriate factors. Price may not be used as a factor in the evaluation of Phase I proposals.

- 1 "Proposal" means the offer to enter into a design-build
- 2 contract as submitted by a design-build entity in accordance
- 3 with this Act.
- 4 "Request for proposal" means the document used by the
- 5 Chicago Park District to solicit proposals for a design-build
- 6 contract.
- 7 "Scope and performance criteria" means the requirements
- 8 for the public project, including but not limited to, the
- 9 intended usage, capacity, size, scope, quality and performance
- 10 standards, life-cycle costs, and other programmatic criteria
- 11 that are expressed in performance-oriented and quantifiable
- specifications and drawings that can be reasonably inferred and
- 13 are suited to allow a design-build entity to develop a
- 14 proposal.
- "Guaranteed maximum price" means a form of contract in
- which compensation may vary according to the scope of work
- involved but in any case may not exceed an agreed total amount.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 96-777, eff. 8-28-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10.)
- 19 Section 20. The Illinois Landscape Architecture Act of 1989
- 20 is amended by changing Sections 2, 3, 4, 6.5, 11, 12, 12.5, 13,
- 21 16, and 18 and by adding Sections 2.1, 2.2, 3.10, 18.2, and
- 22 30.5 as follows:
- 23 (225 ILCS 315/2) (from Ch. 111, par. 8102)
- 24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)

- 1 Sec. 2. Short Title. This Act may be cited as the Illinois
- 2 Landscape Architecture Practice Act of 1989.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 86-932; 86-1475.)
- 4 (225 ILCS 315/2.1 new)
- 5 Sec. 2.1. Declaration of public policy. The practice of
- 6 <u>landscape architecture in the State of Illinois is hereby</u>
- declared to affect the public health, safety, and welfare and
- 8 to be subject to regulation and control in the public interest.
- 9 It is further declared to be a matter of public interest and
- 10 concern that the practice of landscape architecture, as defined
- in this Act, merit and receive the confidence of the public and
- that only qualified persons be authorized to practice landscape
- 13 architecture in the State of Illinois. This Act shall be
- 14 liberally construed to best carry out these subjects and
- 15 purposes.
- 16 (225 ILCS 315/2.2 new)
- 17 Sec. 2.2. Exemptions. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed
- 18 or construed to prevent the practice of architecture as defined
- in the Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989, the practice
- 20 of structural engineering as defined in the Structural
- 21 Engineering Practice Act of 1989, the practice of professional
- 22 engineering as defined in the Professional Engineering
- 23 Practice Act of 1989, or the practice of land surveying as
- defined in the Illinois Professional Land Surveyor Act of 1989.

No	\+hin	a con	+ 2 i 2 0	d in	+hia	7 a t	aha	11	nrouon	+ +ho	drafts	mon
											ployees	
				-							under	

provisions of this Act from acting under the responsible

control of their employers, prevent the employment of project representatives for enlargement or alteration of site

development or any parts thereof, or prevent such project

representatives from acting under the responsible control of

the landscape architect by whom the construction documents,

including drawings and specifications, of any such site

development, enlargement, or alteration were prepared.

The involvement of a landscape architect is not required for the following:

- (1) Residential landscape design, consisting of landscape design services for single-family and multi-family residential properties of 4 or fewer units not including common areas.
- (2) The design of irrigation systems by professionals qualified by appropriate experience or certification.
- including, but not limited to, all contracting services not within the scope of the practice of landscape architecture.

 However, when an ordinance of a unit of local government requires the involvement of a landscape architect for any site development included in paragraphs (1) through (3) of this Section, the requirements of this Act shall apply. All site

- development not included in paragraphs (1) through (3) of this
- 2 Section are subject to the requirements of this Act. Exterior
- 3 site alterations resulting in life safety issues are subject to
- 4 the requirements of this Act.
- 5 (225 ILCS 315/3) (from Ch. 111, par. 8103)
- 6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)
- 7 Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 8 (a) "Board" means the Illinois Landscape Architect
- 9 Registration Board.
- 10 (b) "Department" means the Illinois Department of
- 11 Financial and Professional Regulation.
- 12 (c) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 13 Professional Regulation.
- 14 (d) "Landscape architect Architect" or "Landscape
- 15 Architect Design Professional" means a person who, based on
- 16 education, experience, and examination in the field of
- 17 landscape architecture, is licensed under this Act.
- 18 <u>(d-5) "Landscape architectural associate" means an</u>
- 19 unlicensed person who has completed the educational
- 20 requirements, is actively participating in the diversified
- 21 professional training, and maintains in good standing a
- training record as required for licensure under this Act.
- 23 (e) "Landscape architecture Architecture" means the art
- 24 and science of arranging land, together with the spaces and
- objects upon it, for the purpose of creating a safe, efficient,

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- healthful, and aesthetically pleasing physical environment <u>for</u>

 the public for human use and enjoyment, as performed by

 landscape architects.
 - "Landscape architectural practice Architectural (f) Practice" includes means the offering or furnishing of professional services, such as consultations, investigations, reconnaissance, research, planning, design, or responsible supervision, in connection with projects involving the arranging of land and the elements thereon for public and private use, including: in connection with a landscape architecture project that do not require the seal of an architect, land surveyor, professional engineer, or structural engineer. Such services may include, but are not limited to, providing preliminary studies; developing design concepts; planning for the relationships of physical improvements and intended uses of the site; environmental analysis; location of buildings, service areas, parking areas, plazas, trails, walkways, steps, ramps, pools, and other structures; establishing form and aesthetic elements; grading of land and drainage; erosion control; reforestation; planting and ground cover; green roof and amenity deck design; analyzing and providing for life safety requirements; technical submissions consisting of drawings and specifications and other documents required in the construction process, administration of construction contracts, project representation, construction management, in connection with the construction

- of any private or public site that are exclusive of any
- 2 building or structure developing those construction details on
- 3 the site which are exclusive of any building or structure;
- 4 preparing and coordinating technical submissions; and
- 5 conducting site observation of a landscape architecture
- 6 project.
- 7 (g) "Person" means any person, sole proprietorship, or
- 8 entity such as a partnership, professional service
- 9 corporation, or corporation.
- 10 (h) "Professional design firm" means any business that
- includes the practice of landscape architecture within its
- 12 stated purpose, practices or holds itself out as available to
- 13 practice landscape architecture.
- 14 (i) "Public health" means the state of the well-being of
- 15 the body or mind of the user.
- 16 (j) "Public safety" means the state of being reasonably
- free from risk of danger, damage, or injury.
- 18 (k) "Public welfare" means the well-being of the user
- 19 resulting from the state of a physical environment that
- 20 accommodates human activity.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 96-730, eff. 8-25-09.)
- 22 (225 ILCS 315/3.10 new)
- Sec. 3.10. Technical submissions. As used in this Section,
- "technical submissions" means the designs, drawings, and
- 25 specifications that establish the scope of the landscape

architecture to be constructed, the standard of quality for materials, workmanship, equipment, and construction systems, and the studies and other technical reports and calculations prepared in the course of the practice of landscape architecture.

All technical submissions intended for use in construction in the State of Illinois shall be prepared and administered in accordance with standards of reasonable professional skill and diligence. Care shall be taken to reflect the requirements of State statutes and, where applicable, county and municipal building ordinances in such submissions. In recognition that landscape architects are licensed for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare, submissions shall be of such quality and scope, and be so administered, as to conform to professional standards.

No officer, board, commission, or other public entity who receives technical submissions shall accept for filing or approval any technical submissions relating to services requiring the involvement of a landscape architect that do not bear the seal and signature of a landscape architect licensed under this Act.

It is unlawful to affix one's seal to technical submissions if it masks the true identity of the person who actually exercised responsible control of the preparation of such work.

A landscape architect who seals and signs technical submissions is not responsible for damage caused by subsequent changes to

- or uses of those technical submissions where the subsequent
- 2 changes or uses, including changes or uses made by State or
- 3 local governmental agencies, are not authorized or approved in
- 4 writing by the landscape architect who originally sealed and
- 5 signed the technical submissions.
- 6 (225 ILCS 315/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 8104)
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)
- 8 Sec. 4. License required; use Use of title.
- 9 <u>(a)</u> No person <u>shall engage in the practice of landscape</u>
- 10 architecture or may represent himself to be a landscape
- 11 architect, use the title "landscape architect", "registered
- 12 landscape architect", "licensed landscape architect",
- "landscape architect design professional", or any other title
- 14 which includes the words "landscape architect" or "landscape
- architecture", unless licensed under this Act.
- 16 (b) A landscape architectural associate may use the title
- 17 "landscape architectural associate", but may not independently
- 18 engage in the practice of landscape architecture.
- 19 (c) No business shall hold itself out as available to
- 20 practice landscape architecture until it is registered with the
- 21 Department.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 96-730, eff. 8-25-09.)
- 23 (225 ILCS 315/6.5)
- 24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 Sec. 6.5. Display of license; seal.
 - (a) Every holder of a landscape architect license shall display his or her certificate of licensure in a conspicuous place in his or her principal office. A certificate of registration issued under this Act that is in good standing on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be deemed to be a certificate of licensure and the Department shall not be required to issue a new certificate of licensure to replace it.
 - (b) Every landscape architect shall have a seal, approved by the Department and the Board, which shall contain the name of the landscape architect, the number of his or her license, and the legend "Landscape Architect, State of Illinois" and other words or figures as the Department deems necessary. Plans, specifications, and reports related to architectural practice and prepared by the landscape architect, or under his or her supervision, shall be stamped or her seal when filed. Notwithstanding the with his requirements of this Section, an architect, land surveyor, professional engineer, or structural engineer shall be permitted to affix his or her professional seal or stamp to any plans, specifications, and reports prepared by or under his or her responsible control in connection with practice of landscape architecture.
 - (c) A landscape architect who endorses a document with his or her seal while his or her license is suspended, expired, or

- 1 has been revoked, who has been placed on probation or inactive
- 2 status, or who endorses a document that the landscape architect
- 3 did not actually prepare or supervise the preparation of, is
- 4 subject to the penalties prescribed in Section 18.1.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 96-730, eff. 8-25-09.)
- 6 (225 ILCS 315/11) (from Ch. 111, par. 8111)
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)
- 8 Sec. 11. Licensure Qualifications.
- 9 (a) Every person applying to the Department for licensure 10 shall do so on forms approved by the Department and shall pay 11 the required fee. No person shall receive a license under the 12 provisions of this Act until such person has passed an 13 examination that includes the Landscape Architect Registration Examination established by the Council of Landscape 14 15 Architectural Registration Boards for examination 16 candidates for licensure as landscape architects. Any person who has completed the course of study in and has graduated from 17 18 a college or school of landscape architecture accredited by the Landscape Architectural Accreditation Board may apply for such 19 20 examination, provided that the person submits evidence of a 21 minimum of 2 years' practical experience under the direct 22 supervision of a licensed landscape architect. In lieu of such 23 graduation from an accredited college or school of landscape 24 architecture and such practical experience, an applicant may be

admitted to the examination upon presenting evidence of: (1)

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

having graduated with at least a bachelor's degree in a discipline related to landscape architecture, and (2) a minimum of 6 years of practical experience satisfactory to the Board under the direct supervision of the licensed landscape architect. An applicant without a Landscape Architectural Accreditation Board accredited degree or degree in a related discipline may be admitted to the examination upon presenting evidence of a minimum of 10 years of practical experience satisfactory to the Board under the direct supervision of a licensed landscape architect. Every person applying to the Department for licensure shall submit, with his application, satisfactory evidence that the person holds an approved professional degree in landscape architecture from an approved and accredited program, as such terms are defined by the rules and regulations of the Department, and that he has had such practical experience in landscape architectural work as shall be required by the rules and regulations of the Department. Every applicant for initial licensure must have an approved professional degree. If an applicant is qualified the Department shall, by means of a written examination, examine the applicant on such technical and professional subjects as shall be required by the rules and regulations of the Department.

(b) The Department \underline{shall} \underline{may} exempt from such written examination an applicant who holds a certificate of qualification issued by the $\underline{National}$ Council of Landscape

- Architectural Architecture Registration Boards, or who holds a registration or license in another state which has equivalent or substantially equivalent requirements as the State of Illinois.
 - (c) The Department shall adopt rules determining requirements for practical training and education. The Department may also adopt the examinations and recommended grading procedures of the National Council of Landscape Architectural Registration Boards and the accreditation procedures of the Landscape Architectural Accrediting Board. The Department shall issue a certificate of licensure to each applicant who satisfies the requirements set forth in this Section. Such licensure shall be effective upon issuance.
 - (d) If an applicant neglects, fails without an approved excuse, or refuses to take an examination or fails to pass an examination to obtain a certificate of licensure under this Act within 3 years after filing the application, the application shall be denied. However, such applicant may thereafter submit a new application accompanied by the required fee.
 - (e) The licensure qualifications in this Section shall have no bearing to current licensed landscape architects in good standing. For a period of 2 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, persons demonstrating to the Department that they have been engaged in landscape architectural practice for a period of 10 years and have an accredited degree and license in urban or regional

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 1 planning, architecture, or civil engineering are eligible to
- 2 achieve licensure through examination.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 96-730, eff. 8-25-09.)
- 4 (225 ILCS 315/12) (from Ch. 111, par. 8112)
- 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)
- 6 Sec. 12. Registration, Renewal, Restoration.
- 7 (a) The expiration date and renewal period for each 8 registration issued under this Act shall be prescribed by the 9 rules and regulations of the Department.
 - (b) Any person who has permitted his <u>or her</u> registration to expire or who has had his <u>or her</u> registration on inactive status may have his <u>or her</u> registration restored by applying to the Department, filing proof acceptable to the Department of his <u>or her</u> fitness to have the registration restored, which may include sworn evidence certifying to active practice in another jurisdiction satisfactory to the Department and paying the required restoration fee.
 - (c) If the person has not maintained an active practice in another jurisdiction satisfactory to the Department, the Board shall determine, by an evaluation program established by rule, the person's fitness to resume active status and may require the successful completion of an examination.
 - (d) However, any person whose registration has expired while he <u>or she</u> has been engaged: (1) in Federal Service on active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States or the

State Militia called into service or training; or (2) in training or education under the supervision of the United States preliminary to induction into the military service, may have his <u>or her</u> registration renewed or restored without paying any lapsed renewal fees if, within 2 years after termination of such service, training or education other than by dishonorable discharge, he <u>or she</u> furnishes the Department with satisfactory evidence to the effect that he <u>or she</u> has been so engaged and that the service, training or education has been so terminated.

- (e) Each application for renewal shall contain the signature of the landscape architect.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 86-932.)
- 13 (225 ILCS 315/12.5)
- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)

Sec. 12.5. Continuing education. The Department shall may adopt rules of continuing education for persons licensed under this Act. The Department shall consider the recommendations of the Board in establishing the guidelines for the continuing education requirements. Rules adopted under this Section apply to any person seeking renewal or restoration of licensure under this Act. The continuing education shall consist of at least 24 6 hours every 2-year pre-renewal period per year and may include relevant educational activities and courses offered in various formats or mediums. A minimum of 20 continuing education hours shall be structured educational activities as

status.

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- defined and described by the Department.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 96-730, eff. 8-25-09.)
- 3 (225 ILCS 315/13) (from Ch. 111, par. 8113)
- 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)
- 5 Sec. 13. Inactive Status.
- 6 (a) Any landscape architect who notifies the Department in
 7 writing on forms prescribed by the Department may elect to
 8 place his or her license on an inactive status and shall be
 9 excused from payment of renewal fees until he or she notifies
 10 the Department in writing of his or her desire to resume active
 - (b) Any person whose license has been expired for more than 3 years may have his or her license restored by making application to the Department and filing proof acceptable to the Department of his or her fitness to have his or her license restored, including evidence certifying to active practice in another jurisdiction, and by paying the required restoration fee.
 - (c) Any landscape architect whose license is in an inactive status, has been suspended or revoked, or has expired shall not represent himself or herself to be a landscape architect or use the title "landscape architect", "registered landscape architect", "professional landscape architect", "licensed landscape architect", or any other title which includes the words "landscape architect" or "landscape architecture".

SB2926

1 (Source: P.A. 96-730, eff. 8-25-09.)

- 2 (225 ILCS 315/16) (from Ch. 111, par. 8116)
- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)
- 4 Sec. 16. <u>Database</u>. Roster. The Department shall maintain <u>an</u>
- 5 electronic database a roster of the names and addresses of all
- 6 licensed landscape architects. This <u>database</u> roster shall be
- 7 available upon written request and payment of the required fee.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 96-730, eff. 8-25-09.)
- 9 (225 ILCS 315/18) (from Ch. 111, par. 8118)
- 10 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2020)
- 11 Sec. 18. Violation; injunction; cease and desist order.
- 12 (a) If any person violates the provisions of this Act, the
- 13 Secretary may, in the name of the People of the State of
- 14 Illinois, through the Attorney General of the State of Illinois
- or the State's Attorney of any county in which the action is
- 16 brought, petition for an order enjoining such violation and for
- an order enforcing compliance with this Act. Upon the filing of
- a verified petition in court, the court may issue a temporary
- 19 restraining order, without notice or bond, and may
- 20 preliminarily and permanently enjoin such violation. If it is
- 21 established that such person has violated or is violating the
- 22 injunction, the Court may punish the offender for contempt of
- court. Proceedings under this Section shall be in addition to,
- 24 and not in lieu of, all other remedies and penalties provided

1 by this Act.

Section.

- (b) If any person shall hold himself or herself out as a "landscape architect", "licensed landscape architect", "professional landscape architect", or "registered landscape architect", or use any other title that includes the words "landscape architect" or "landscape architecture" without being licensed under the provisions of this Act, then any licensed landscape architect, any interested party or any person injured thereby may, in addition to the Secretary, petition for relief as provided in subsection (a) of this
 - (c) Whoever holds himself or herself out as a "landscape architect", "licensed landscape architect", or "registered landscape architect", or uses any other title that includes the words "landscape architect" or "landscape architecture" in this State without being licensed under this Act shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, and for each subsequent conviction shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony. Each instance of offering to practice landscape architecture without a license as a landscape architect or registration as a professional design firm constitutes a separate offense.
 - (d) A person who makes any willfully false oath or affirmation in any matter or proceeding where an oath or affirmation is required by this Act shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, and for each subsequent conviction shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony.

- (e) A person who affixes a landscape architect's seal to any technical submissions that have not been prepared by that landscape architect or under the landscape architect's responsible control shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, and for each subsequent conviction shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony.
 - (f) (d) Whenever, in the opinion of the Department, a person violates any provision of this Act, the Department may issue a rule to show cause why an order to cease and desist should not be entered against that person. The rule shall clearly set forth the grounds relied upon by the Department and shall allow the person at least 7 days from the date of the rule to file an answer that is satisfactory to the Department. Failure to answer to the satisfaction of the Department shall cause an order to cease and desist to be issued.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 96-730, eff. 8-25-09.)
- 17 (225 ILCS 315/18.2 new)
- 18 <u>Sec. 18.2. Unlicensed practice; violation; civil penalty.</u>
- (a) Any person who practices, offers to practice, attempts
 to practice, or holds oneself out to practice as a landscape
 architect without being licensed under this Act shall, in
 addition to any other penalty provided by law, pay a civil
 penalty to the Department in an amount not to exceed \$10,000
 for each offense as determined by the Department. The civil
 penalty shall be assessed by the Department after a hearing is

- 1 <u>held in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Act</u>
- 2 regarding the provision of a hearing for the discipline of a
- 3 licensee.
- 4 (b) The Department has the authority and power to
- 5 investigate any and all unlicensed activity.
- 6 (c) The civil penalty shall be paid within 60 days after
- 7 the effective date of the order imposing the civil penalty. The
- 8 order shall constitute a judgment and may be filed and
- 9 execution had thereon in the same manner as any judgment from
- 10 any court of record.
- 11 (225 ILCS 315/5 rep.)
- 12 Section 25. The Illinois Landscape Architecture Act of 1989
- is amended by repealing Section 5.
- 14 Section 30. The Professional Geologist Licensing Act is
- amended by changing Section 20 as follows:
- 16 (225 ILCS 745/20)
- 17 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 18 Sec. 20. Exemptions. Nothing in this Act shall be construed
- 19 to restrict the use of the title "geologist" or similar words
- 20 by any person engaged in a practice of geology exempted under
- 21 this Act, provided the person does not hold himself or herself
- 22 out as being a Licensed Professional Geologist or does not
- 23 practice professional geology in a manner requiring licensure

- under this Act. Performance of the following activities does not require licensure as a licensed professional geologist under this Act:
 - (a) The practice of professional geology by an employee or a subordinate of a licensee under this Act, provided the work does not include responsible charge of geological work and is performed under the direct supervision of a Licensed Professional Geologist who is responsible for the work.
 - (b) The practice of professional geology by officers and employees of the United States government within the scope of their employment.
 - (c) The practice of professional geology as geologic research to advance basic knowledge for the purpose of offering scientific papers, publications, or other presentations (i) before meetings of scientific societies, (ii) internal to a partnership, corporation, proprietorship, or government agency, or (iii) for publication in scientific journals, or in books.
 - (d) The teaching of geology in schools, colleges, or universities, as defined by rule.
 - (e) The practice of professional geology exclusively in the exploration for or development of energy resources or base, precious and nonprecious minerals, including sand, gravel, and aggregate, that does not require, by law, rule, or ordinance, the submission of reports, documents, or oral or written testimony to public agencies. Public

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

agencies may, by law or by rule, allow required oral or written testimony, reports, permit applications, or other documents based on the science of geology to be submitted to them by persons not licensed under this Act. Unless otherwise required by State or federal law, public agencies not require that the geology-based aspects testimony, reports, permits, or other documents exempted be reviewed by, approved, or otherwise certified by any person who is not a Licensed Professional Geologist. Licensure is not required for the submission and review of reports or documents or the provision of oral or written testimony made under the Well Abandonment Act, the Illinois Oil and Gas Act, the Surface Coal Mining Land Conservation Reclamation Act, or the Surface-Mined Conservation and Reclamation Act.

- (f) The practice of professional engineering as defined in the Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989.
- (g) The practice of structural engineering as defined in the Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989.
- (h) The practice of architecture as defined in the Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989.
- (i) The practice of land surveying as defined in the Illinois Professional Land Surveyor Act of 1989.
- (j) The practice of landscape architecture as defined in the Illinois Landscape Architecture $\frac{Practice}{Act}$ Act $\frac{of}{c}$

1 1989.

- 2 (k) The practice of professional geology for a period 3 not to exceed 9 months by any person pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in geology from an accredited 4 5 college or university, as set forth in this Act and as established by rule, provided that (i) such practice 6 7 constitutes a part of a supervised course of study, (ii) 8 the person is under the supervision of a geologist licensed 9 under this Act or a teacher of geology at an accredited 10 college or university, and (iii) the person is designated 11 by a title that clearly indicates his or her status as a 12 student or trainee.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 96-666, eff. 8-25-09; 96-1327, eff. 7-27-10.)
- Section 35. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Section 5-5-5 as follows:
- 16 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-5) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-5)
- 17 Sec. 5-5-5. Loss and Restoration of Rights.
- 18 (a) Conviction and disposition shall not entail the loss by
 19 the defendant of any civil rights, except under this Section
 20 and Sections 29-6 and 29-10 of The Election Code, as now or
 21 hereafter amended.
- 22 (b) A person convicted of a felony shall be ineligible to 23 hold an office created by the Constitution of this State until 24 the completion of his sentence.

- (c) A person sentenced to imprisonment shall lose his right to vote until released from imprisonment.
 - (d) On completion of sentence of imprisonment or upon discharge from probation, conditional discharge or periodic imprisonment, or at any time thereafter, all license rights and privileges granted under the authority of this State which have been revoked or suspended because of conviction of an offense shall be restored unless the authority having jurisdiction of such license rights finds after investigation and hearing that restoration is not in the public interest. This paragraph (d) shall not apply to the suspension or revocation of a license to operate a motor vehicle under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (e) Upon a person's discharge from incarceration or parole, or upon a person's discharge from probation or at any time thereafter, the committing court may enter an order certifying that the sentence has been satisfactorily completed when the court believes it would assist in the rehabilitation of the person and be consistent with the public welfare. Such order may be entered upon the motion of the defendant or the State or upon the court's own motion.
 - (f) Upon entry of the order, the court shall issue to the person in whose favor the order has been entered a certificate stating that his behavior after conviction has warranted the issuance of the order.
 - (g) This Section shall not affect the right of a defendant to collaterally attack his conviction or to rely on it in bar

of subsequent proceedings for the same offense.

- (h) No application for any license specified in subsection

 (i) of this Section granted under the authority of this State shall be denied by reason of an eligible offender who has obtained a certificate of relief from disabilities, as defined in Article 5.5 of this Chapter, having been previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses, or by reason of a finding of lack of "good moral character" when the finding is based upon the fact that the applicant has previously been convicted of one or more criminal offenses, unless:
 - (1) there is a direct relationship between one or more of the previous criminal offenses and the specific license sought; or
 - (2) the issuance of the license would involve an unreasonable risk to property or to the safety or welfare of specific individuals or the general public.

In making such a determination, the licensing agency shall consider the following factors:

- (1) the public policy of this State, as expressed in Article 5.5 of this Chapter, to encourage the licensure and employment of persons previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses;
- (2) the specific duties and responsibilities necessarily related to the license being sought;
- (3) the bearing, if any, the criminal offenses or offenses for which the person was previously convicted will

- have on his or her fitness or ability to perform one or more such duties and responsibilities;
 - (4) the time which has elapsed since the occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses;
 - (5) the age of the person at the time of occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses;
 - (6) the seriousness of the offense or offenses;
 - (7) any information produced by the person or produced on his or her behalf in regard to his or her rehabilitation and good conduct, including a certificate of relief from disabilities issued to the applicant, which certificate shall create a presumption of rehabilitation in regard to the offense or offenses specified in the certificate; and
 - (8) the legitimate interest of the licensing agency in protecting property, and the safety and welfare of specific individuals or the general public.
 - (i) A certificate of relief from disabilities shall be issued only for a license or certification issued under the following Acts:
 - (1) the Animal Welfare Act; except that a certificate of relief from disabilities may not be granted to provide for the issuance or restoration of a license under the Animal Welfare Act for any person convicted of violating Section 3, 3.01, 3.02, 3.03, 3.03-1, or 4.01 of the Humane Care for Animals Act or Section 26-5 or 48-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;

1	(2) the Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act;
2	(3) the Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, Hair Braiding,
3	and Nail Technology Act of 1985;
4	(4) the Boiler and Pressure Vessel Repairer Regulation
5	Act;
6	(5) the Boxing and Full-contact Martial Arts Act;
7	(6) the Illinois Certified Shorthand Reporters Act of
8	1984;
9	(7) the Illinois Farm Labor Contractor Certification
10	Act;
11	(8) the Interior Design Title Act;
12	(9) the Illinois Professional Land Surveyor Act of
13	1989;
14	(10) the Illinois Landscape Architecture Practice Act
15	of 1989;
16	(11) the Marriage and Family Therapy Licensing Act;
17	(12) the Private Employment Agency Act;
18	(13) the Professional Counselor and Clinical
19	Professional Counselor Licensing and Practice Act;
20	(14) the Real Estate License Act of 2000;
21	(15) the Illinois Roofing Industry Licensing Act;
22	(16) the Professional Engineering Practice Act of
23	1989;
24	(17) the Water Well and Pump Installation Contractor's
25	License Act;
26	(18) the Electrologist Licensing Act;

1 (19) the Auction License Act; 2 (20) the Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989; 3 (21) the Dietitian Nutritionist Practice Act; 4 (22) the Environmental Health Practitioner Licensing 5 Act; 6 (23) the Funeral Directors and Embalmers Licensing 7 Code; 8 (24) (blank); (25) the Professional Geologist Licensing Act; 9 (26) the Illinois Public Accounting Act; and 10 11 (27) the Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989.

(Source: P.A. 100-534, eff. 9-22-17.)

2	Statutes amended in order of appearance	
3	5 ILCS 80/4.30	
4	70 ILCS 1205/8-50	
5	70 ILCS 1505/26.10-4	
6	225 ILCS 315/2 from Ch. 111, par. 8102	
7	225 ILCS 315/2.1 new	
8	225 ILCS 315/2.2 new	
9	225 ILCS 315/3 from Ch. 111, par. 8103	
10	225 ILCS 315/3.10 new	
11	225 ILCS 315/4 from Ch. 111, par. 8104	
12	225 ILCS 315/6.5	
13	225 ILCS 315/11 from Ch. 111, par. 8111	
14	225 ILCS 315/12 from Ch. 111, par. 8112	
15	225 ILCS 315/12.5	
16	225 ILCS 315/13 from Ch. 111, par. 8113	
17	225 ILCS 315/16 from Ch. 111, par. 8116	
18	225 ILCS 315/18 from Ch. 111, par. 8118	
19	225 ILCS 315/18.2 new	
20	225 ILCS 315/5 rep.	
21	225 ILCS 745/20	
22	730 ILCS 5/5-5-5 from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-5	

INDEX