

Sen. Kimberly A. Lightford

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	10000SB2925sam002 LRB100 19123 SLF 37772 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2925
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 2925 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Illinois Police Training Act is amended by
5	adding Section 10.22 as follows:
6	(50 ILCS 705/10.22 new)
7	Sec. 10.22. School resource officers.
8	(a) In this Section:
9	"Cultural responsiveness" means an understanding of
10	cultural differences and the way those differences affect
11	human behavior.
12	"Education law" means the body of State and federal law
13	including, but not limited to, State and federal
14	constitutional provisions; local, State, and federal
15	statutes; court opinions; federal and State
16	confidentiality provisions related to student records; and

1	federal and State regulations that provide the legal
2	framework for educational institutions.
3	"Juvenile law" means the body of State and federal law
4	including, but not limited to, State and federal law
5	constitutional provisions; local, State, and federal
6	statutes; court opinions; and federal and State
7	regulations that provide the legal framework for
8	juveniles.
9	"School resource officer" means a law enforcement
10	officer who is primarily assigned to a school to provide
11	law enforcement on-site and on a long-term basis when
12	school is in session.
13	"Trauma-informed care" means an organizational
14	structure and treatment framework that involves
15	understanding, recognizing, and responding to the effects
16	of all types of trauma.
17	(b) The Board, by rule, shall require school resource
18	officers to be in good standing and receive training in the
19	<pre>following subject areas:</pre>
20	(1) child and adolescent development and psychology;
21	(2) positive behavioral interventions and support and
22	<pre>conflict resolution techniques;</pre>
23	(3) education law;
24	(4) juvenile law;
25	(5) implicit bias;
26	(6) trauma-informed care;

1	(7) de-escalation techniques, including techniques for
2	limiting the use of physical force and mechanical and
3	<pre>chemical restraints;</pre>
4	(8) the mental, physical, and behavioral health needs
5	of all children and adolescents, including those with
6	disabilities or special needs;
7	(9) a minimum of 8 hours of crisis intervention
8	training for youth;
9	(10) cultural responsiveness;
10	(11) human and sex trafficking of youth; and
11	(12) the Illinois TRUST Act.
12	(c) The Board, by rule, shall require a law enforcement
13	officer who currently serves as a school resource officer to
14	successfully complete the training in the subject areas
15	required of school resource officers in this Section no later
16	than one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act
17	of the 100th General Assembly. A law enforcement officer who
18	becomes a school resource officer on or after the effective
19	date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly shall
20	complete the training in the subject areas required of school
21	resource officers in this Section no later than one year from
22	the date of his or her first day of service at a school.
23	(d) Police departments shall submit their curriculum for
24	school resource officer training to the Board. The Board shall
25	have the authority to determine whether a police department's
26	proposed curriculum for school resource officer training

- 1 satisfies the subject area training requirements for school resource officers in this Section. 2
- (e) School resource officers are encouraged to receive 3 4 additional ongoing training in the subject areas required of 5 school resource officers in this Section.
- 6 (f) When applicable, potential police departments shall apply for grant funding through the federal Office of Community 7 Oriented Policing Services grant program for officers to 8 9 receive school resource officer training required in this 10 Section. In the event that grant funding through the federal 11 Office of Community Oriented Policing Services grant program is not available in any given fiscal year, the Board shall include 12 13 funding for school resource officer training in its annual 14 appropriation request to the General Assembly.
- 15 Section 10. The School Code is amended by changing Section 10-20.14 and adding Section 34-18.60 as follows: 16
- (105 ILCS 5/10-20.14) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-20.14) 17
- 18 Sec. 10-20.14. Student discipline policies; parent-teacher advisory committee. 19
- (a) To establish and maintain a parent-teacher advisory 20 committee to develop with the school board or governing body of 21 22 a charter school policy quidelines on pupil discipline, 23 including school searches and bullying prevention as set forth in Section 27-23.7 of this Code. School authorities shall 24

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furnish a copy of the policy to the parents or guardian of each pupil within 15 days after the beginning of the school year, or within 15 days after starting classes for a pupil who transfers into the district during the school year, and the school board or governing body of a charter school shall require that a school inform its pupils of the contents of the policy. School boards and the governing bodies of charter schools, along with the parent-teacher advisory committee, must annually review their pupil discipline policies, the implementation of those policies, and any other factors related to the safety of their schools, pupils, and staff.

(a-5) On or before September 15, 2016, each elementary and secondary school and charter school shall, at a minimum, adopt pupil discipline policies that fulfill the requirements set forth in this Section, subsections (a) and (b) of Section 10-22.6 of this Code, Section 34-19 of this Code if applicable, and federal and State laws that provide special requirements for the discipline of students with disabilities.

(b) The parent-teacher advisory committee in cooperation with local law enforcement agencies shall develop, with the school board, policy guideline procedures to establish and maintain a reciprocal reporting system between the school district and local law enforcement agencies regarding criminal offenses committed by students. Each school district shall develop a memorandum of understanding with each local law enforcement agency that provides the school district with a

Τ	school resource officer. The memorandum of understanding shall
2	describe the obligations of the school district and the local
3	law enforcement agency in the following subject areas:
4	(1) roles and responsibilities of school officials
5	when a school resource officer interacts with a student;
6	(2) student disciplinary issues that shall be
7	addressed only by school officials;
8	(3) student de-escalation procedures for use by school
9	officials and school resource officers;
10	(4) protocol for providing school resource officers
11	access to the behavior intervention plan of a student;
12	(5) protocol for questioning students on campus by
13	school resource officers;
14	(6) criteria which must be satisfied before a school
15	resource officer questions a student regarding
16	school-related matters on campus;
17	(7) criteria which must be satisfied before a school
18	resource officer questions a student regarding
19	non-school-related matters on school campus;
20	(8) a school administrator's duties when school
21	resource officers question a student on campus;
22	(9) criteria which must be satisfied before a school
23	resource officer searches a student on school campus;
24	(10) criteria which must be satisfied before a school
25	resource officer seizes a student's property on school
26	campus;

1	(11) criteria which must be satisfied before a school
2	resource officer arrests a student on school campus;
3	(12) procedures for notification of a parent or
4	guardian of student's arrest, restraint or seclusion,
5	questioning by a school resource officer, or searches or
6	seizures of student's property by a school resource
7	officer; and
8	(13) subject control policy or policy on use of force.
9	School districts are encouraged to create memoranda of
10	understanding with local law enforcement agencies that clearly
11	define law enforcement's role in schools, in accordance with
12	Section 10-22.6 of this Code.
13	(b-5) Each school to which a school resource officer is
14	assigned shall designate a school administrator as a primary
15	contact for the school resource officer. The school
16	administrator or his or her designee who serves as the primary
17	contact for the school resource officer shall receive training
18	<u>in:</u>
19	(1) child and adolescent development and psychology;
20	(2) positive behavioral interventions and support and
21	conflict resolution techniques; and
22	(3) de-escalation techniques.
23	(c) The parent-teacher advisory committee, in cooperation
24	with school bus personnel, shall develop, with the school
25	board, policy guideline procedures to establish and maintain
26	school bus safety procedures. These procedures shall be

- 1 incorporated into the district's pupil discipline policy.
- board, in consultation with 2 (d) The school
- parent-teacher advisory committee and other community-based 3
- 4 organizations, must include provisions in the
- 5 discipline policy to address students who have demonstrated
- 6 behaviors that put them at risk for aggressive behavior,
- including without limitation bullying, as defined in the 7
- policy. These provisions must include procedures for notifying 8
- 9 parents or legal guardians and early intervention procedures
- 10 based upon available community-based and district resources.
- (Source: P.A. 99-456, eff. 9-15-16.) 11
- 12 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.60 new)
- Sec. 34-18.60. Memorandum of understanding for school 13
- 14 resource officers.
- 15 (a) The Board shall develop a memorandum of understanding
- with each local law enforcement agency that provides a school 16
- district with a school resource officer. The memorandum of 17
- understanding shall describe the obligations of the school 18
- 19 district and the local law enforcement agency in the following
- 20 subject areas:
- 21 (1) roles and responsibilities of school officials
- 22 when a school resource officer interacts with a student;
- 23 (2) student disciplinary issues that shall be
- 24 addressed only by school officials;
- 25 (3) student de-escalation procedures for use by school

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10	resource officer questions a student regarding
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20	resource officer arrests a student on school campus;
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24	seizures of student's property by a school resource
25	officer; and
26	(13) subject control policy or policy on use of force.

1	(b) Each school to which a school resource officer is
2	assigned shall designate a school administrator as a primary
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