

Sen. Julie A. Morrison

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1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2628
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 2628 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
5	Strengthening the Child Welfare Workforce for Children and
6	Families Act.
7	Section 5. Findings. The General Assembly finds all of the
8	following:
9	(1) On July 31, 2017, 19,619 children and youth were
10	receiving services through the Department of Children and
11	Family Services after having been abused or neglected.
12	(2) The State's effort to serve abused or neglected
13	children and their families includes utilizing child
14	welfare workers who are employed by the Department of
15	Children and Family Services or by private agencies. Eighty
16	percent of children, youth, and families who receive child

welfare services are assigned to private agencies from whom
 the Department of Children and Family Services purchases
 services.

4 (3) Unfortunately, as indicated by the following data,
5 the State's efforts have been underwhelming in regard to
6 child safety and timely permanent placements:

7 (i) The percentage of children experiencing a
8 recurrence of maltreatment within 6 months of an
9 initial incident increased, that is worsened, from
10 6.6% to 7.7% (an increase of 15.9%), at the same time
11 that the national average performance for child
12 welfare agencies decreased, that is improved, from 5%
13 to 4.9% (that is a percentage improvement of 2.7%).

14 (ii) The percentage of children experiencing 15 maltreatment in foster care increased, that is 16 worsened, from 0.39% to 0.57% (that is an increase of 46.1%), at the same time that the national average 17 18 performance for child welfare agencies decreased, that 19 is improved, from 0.34% to 0.27% (that is a percentage 20 improvement of 21.4%).

(iii) The percentage of children reunited with their families who were in care less than 12 months decreased, that is worsened, from 58.7% to 36.9% (that is a 37.1% change for the worse). Across the same time span, the national average performance for child welfare agencies decreased slightly, from 68.3% to 66.1% (that is a 3.3% change, defined as "no change" by
 the federal government).

(iv) The percentage of children adopted who were in
care between 12 and 24 months decreased, that is
worsened, from 9.6% to 6.4%, (that is a 33% change for
the worse). Across the same time span, the national
average performance for child welfare agencies
improved slightly.

9 (4) In order to improve child safety, achieve timely 10 permanent placements, and ensure child well-being, a child 11 welfare workforce that is stable, capable, trained, and 12 supported is a necessary condition:

(i) The National Council on Crime and Delinquency
found that high turnover rates among child welfare
workers are significantly correlated to higher rates
of child maltreatment, and that the correlation
between turnover rates and maltreatment recurrence at
every point in time was strong and statistically
significant.

(ii) The United States General Accounting Office surveyed child welfare caseworkers regarding the effects of staff turnover on safety and permanency for children. Caseworkers reported that high turnover rates and staffing shortages leave the remaining caseworkers with insufficient time to conduct the types of home visits that are necessary to assess 10000SB2628sam002 -4- LRB100 18775 KTG 37962 a

children's safety and to make well-supported decisions to ensure safe and stable permanent placements. Staff turnover also disrupts the continuity of services, particularly when newly assigned caseworkers have to conduct or reevaluate educational, health, and safety assessments due to poor or insufficient information in case files left behind by former caseworkers.

8 Section 10. Purpose. It is the purpose of this Act to 9 create a task force to study the compensation and workload of 10 child welfare workers to determine the role that compensation 11 and workload play in the recruitment and retention of child 12 welfare workers, and to determine the role that staff turnover 13 plays in achieving safety and timely permanency for children.

Section 15. Task Force on Strengthening the Child WelfareWorkforce for Children and Families.

16 (a) As used in this Act:

17 "Child welfare workers" or "staff" means child welfare 18 caseworkers, child welfare specialists, and child welfare 19 specialist supervisors.

20 "Child welfare services job" mean an employment position as 21 a child welfare caseworker, child welfare specialist, or child 22 welfare specialist supervisor.

(b) The Task Force on Strengthening the Child Welfare
 Workforce for Children and Families is created to do all of the

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following: 1 (1) Perform a policy and literature review regarding: 2 3 (i) compensation and caseload standards in the field of child welfare; (ii) staff turnover rates; and (iii) the 4 5 impact compensation, caseload, and staff turnover have on achieving safety and timely permanency for children. 6 (2) Survey employers in the public and private sector 7 8 to determine: 9 (A) how many child welfare service jobs exist; 10 (B) the compensation paid to child welfare 11 workers; (C) how many child welfare service jobs are filled 12 13 and how many are vacant; 14 (D) how many child welfare service jobs are filled 15 by persons who have at least 18 months in the position; 16 (E) the rate of turnover for child welfare workers; 17 and (F) the causes of turnover for child welfare 18 19 workers. 20 (3) Conduct a detailed time log analysis for child welfare workers to determine how much time is available to 21 22 complete each administrative task and how much time is 23 actually spent to complete each administrative task. The 24 time log analysis shall expressly ask child welfare workers 25 the following question for each administrative task, "Is

this task duplicative of one that you have already

1 completed?" (4) Develop recommendations on how to (i) improve the 2 recruitment and retention of child welfare workers; and 3 4 (ii) reduce the turnover rates for child welfare workers. 5 (c) Members of the Task Force shall include: (1) 2 members appointed by the Governor; 6 (2) 2 legislative members appointed by the Speaker of 7 the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be 8 9 designated as Co-Chairperson; 10 (3) 2 legislative members appointed by the Minority 11 Leader of the House of Representatives; (4) 2 legislative members appointed by the President of 12 13 the Senate, one of whom shall be designated as 14 Co-Chairperson; (5) 2 legislative members appointed by the Senate 15 16 Minority Leader; (6) the Director of the Illinois Criminal Justice 17 Information Authority, or his or her designee; 18 (7) the Director of Children and Family Services, or 19 20 his or her designee; 21 (8) the Director of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, 22 or his or her designee; 23 Principal Investigator for (9) the the Child 24 Protection Training Academy at the University of Illinois; 25 (10) a current public-sector child welfare employee 26 appointed by the Governor;

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(11) a current private sector employee appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and

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3 (12) the chief executive officer of the Illinois
 4 Collaboration on Youth, or his or her designee.

5 (d) The Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority 6 shall provide administrative and other support to the Task 7 Force.

8 (e) The Department of Children and Family Services shall 9 hire a Total Workforce Analyst to aid in the collection, 10 cataloguing, and analysis of child welfare workforce data.

(f) The Task Force shall consider contracting with a qualified company, university, or other entity with demonstrated experience studying and improving human resources management.

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(g) The Task Force shall meet no less than 6 times.

(h) The Task Force shall submit a preliminary electronic
report to the General Assembly and the Governor no later than
October 1, 2019, and a final electronic report, along with
recommendations and any proposed legislation, to the General
Assembly and the Governor by January 1, 2020. The Task Force is
dissolved on January 1, 2021.

22 Section 20. Repeal. This Act is repealed on January 1, 23 2021.

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Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

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1 becoming law.".