

Sen. Heather A. Steans

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10000SB2382sam001 LRB100 17901 KTG 39044 a 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2382 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 2382 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 4 1. Findings; intent. According to the 5 Congressional Research Service reporting, approximately 35% to 6 60% of children placed in foster care have at least one chronic or acute physical health condition that requires treatment, 7 including growth failure, asthma, obesity, vision impairment, 8 9 hearing loss, neurological problems, and complex chronic illnesses; as many as 50% to 75% show behavioral or social 10 competency issues that may warrant mental health services; many 11 of these physical and mental health care issues persist and, 12 13 relative to their peers in the general population, children who 14 leave foster care for adoption and those who age out of care continue to have greater health needs. 15

16 Federal child welfare policy requires states to develop 17 strategies to address the health care needs of each child in 1 foster care and mandates coordination of state child welfare 2 and Medicaid agencies to ensure that the health care needs of 3 children in foster care are properly identified and treated.

4 The Department of Children and Family Services is 5 responsible for ensuring safety, family permanence, and well-being for the children placed in its custody 6 and protecting these children from further trauma by ensuring 7 timely access to appropriate placements 8 and services, 9 especially those children with complex emotional and 10 behavioral needs who are at much greater risk for not achieving 11 the fundamental child welfare goals of safety, permanence, and well-being. 12

Department remains under federal court oversight 13 The 14 pursuant to the B.H. Consent Decree, in part, for failure to 15 provide constitutionally sufficient services and placements 16 for children with psychological, behavioral, or emotional challenges; the 2015 court-appointed Expert Panel found too 17 18 many children in the class experience multiple disruptions of placement, services, and relationships; these children and 19 20 their families endure indeterminate waits, month upon month, 21 for services the child and family need, without a concrete plan 22 or timeframe; these disruptions and delays and the inaction of 23 Department officials exacerbate children's already serious and 24 chronic mental health problems; the Department's approach to 25 treatment and its system of practice has been one shaped by 26 crises, practitioner preferences, tradition, and system

1 expediency.

The American Academy of Pediatrics cautions that the effects of managed care on children's access to services and actual health outcomes are not yet clear; it outlines design and implementation principles if managed care is to be implemented for children.

7 It is the intent of the General Assembly to ensure that 8 children are provided a system of health care with full and 9 inclusive access to physical and behavioral health services 10 necessary for them to thrive.

11 The General Assembly finds it necessary to protect youth in 12 care by requiring the Department to plan the use of managed 13 care services transparently, collaboratively, and deliberately 14 to ensure quality outcomes and accountable oversight.

Section 5. The Children and Family Services Act is amended by adding Section 5.45 as follows:

17 (20 ILCS 505/5.45 new)

18 <u>Sec. 5.45. Managed care plan services.</u>

19 (a) As used in this Section:

20 <u>"Caregiver" means an individual or entity directly</u>

21 providing the day-to-day care of a child ensuring the child's

22 <u>safety and well-being</u>.

23 <u>"Child" or "youth" means a child placed in the care of the</u>
24 <u>Department pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.</u>

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1	"Department" means the Department of Children and Family
2	Services, or any successor State agency.
3	"Director" means the Director of Children and Family
4	Services.
5	"Managed care organization" has the meaning ascribed to
6	that term in Section 5-30.1 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
7	"Medicaid managed care plan" means a health care plan
8	operated by a managed care organization under the Medical
9	Assistance Program established in Article V of the Illinois
10	Public Aid Code.
11	(b) Every child who is in the care of the Department
12	pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 shall receive the
13	necessary services required by this Act and the Juvenile Court
14	Act of 1987, including any child enrolled in a Medicaid managed
15	care plan. The Department shall adopt rules as set forth in
16	this subsection (e) before the Department is permitted to
17	utilize Medicaid managed care services for children.
18	(c) The Department shall not relinquish its authority or
19	diminish its responsibility to determine, provide, or
20	authorize necessary services that are in the best interest of a
21	child even if those services are directly or indirectly:
22	(1) provided by a managed care organization, another
23	State agency, or other third parties;
24	(2) coordinated through a managed care organization,
25	another State agency, or other third parties; or
26	(3) paid for by a managed care organization, another

1	State agency, or other third parties.
2	(d) The Department shall:
3	(1) implement and enforce measures to prevent
4	enrollment in Medicaid managed care plans from disrupting
5	service delivery or hindering continuity of treatment for
6	any child;
7	(2) establish a single point of contact at the
8	Department for health care coverage inquiries and dispute
9	resolution systemwide without transferring this
10	responsibility to a third party such as a managed care
11	coordinator;
12	(3) prohibit mandatory participation in Medicaid
13	managed care plans for any child; and
14	(4) develop managed care contract measures, quality
15	assurance activities, and performance delivery evaluations
16	with input from health care providers, caregivers of youth
17	in care, State agency personnel, representatives of youth
18	in care, managed care organizations, child welfare
19	providers and related trade associations, parents of
20	children in out-of-home care, academic institutions,
21	pediatric experts, court stakeholders, and other child
22	advocates; and
23	(5) post on its website:
24	(A) a link to any rule adopted in accordance to
25	subsection (e) of this Section;
26	(B) each managed care organization's contract,

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1	enrollee handbook, and directory; and
2	(C) the State's current Health Care Oversight and
3	Coordination Plan developed in accordance with federal
4	requirements.
5	(e) The Department shall adopt rules regarding the
6	provision of health care services to children enrolled in
7	Medicaid managed care plans. The proposed rules shall address,
8	but not be limited to, the following:
9	(1) an assessment of existing network adequacy, plans
10	to address gaps in network before transition to managed
11	care, and ongoing network evaluation;
12	(2) preparation and training of organizations,
13	caregivers, frontline staff, and managed care
14	organizations;
15	(3) the identification of administrative changes
16	necessary for successful transition to managed care, and
17	the timeframes to make changes;
18	(4) defined roles, responsibilities, and lines of
19	authority for care coordination, placement providers,
20	service providers, and each State agency involved in
21	management and oversight of managed care services;
22	(5) data used to establish baseline performance and
23	quality of care, which shall be used to evaluate outcomes
24	and identify ongoing areas for improvement;
25	(6) a process and timeline for stakeholder input into
26	managed care contract development;
20	managed care concract acveropment,

1	(7) a dispute resolution process, including the rights
2	of enrollees and representatives of enrollees under the
3	dispute process and timeframes for dispute resolution
4	determinations and remedies;
5	(8) the relationship of the dispute resolution process
6	described in paragraph (7) to the administrative review
7	process under the Administrative Review Law;
8	(9) an initial enrollment process and enrollment
9	process for those children entering or exiting the
10	Department's care after the implementation of managed
11	care;
12	(10) protections to ensure the continued provision of
13	health care services if a child's residence or legal
14	guardian changes;
15	(11) a method, as informed by pediatric experts, that
16	the Department shall use to ensure an appropriate rate is
17	utilized for Medicaid managed care plans to meet the
18	specialized needs of children in the Department's care;
19	(12) the notification process and timeframes to inform
20	managed care plan enrollees and enrollees' caregivers of
21	any changes in health care coverage or a change in a
22	child's managed care provider;
23	(13) defined pre-clearance requirements for
24	prescriptions, goods, and services in emergency and
25	non-emergency situations, if applicable;
26	(14) implementation of a robust, responsive

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1	beneficiary support system that has the capacity to provide
2	assistance in navigating the Medicaid managed care system
3	to all current and prospective beneficiaries and their
4	representatives, including, but not limited to:
5	(A) establishing a single point of contact
6	systemwide;
7	(B) defining informational notice requirements;
8	(C) explanation of enrollment and disenrollment
9	rights;
10	(D) education on grievance process and
11	requirements for timely responses; and
12	(E) key beneficiary protections.
13	(f) Reports.
14	(1) On or before February 1, 2019, and on or before
15	each February 1 thereafter, the Department shall submit a
16	report to the House and Senate Human Services Committees,
17	or to any successor committees, on measures of access to
18	and the quality of health care services for children
19	enrolled in Medicaid managed care plans, including, but not
20	limited to, data showing whether:
21	(A) children enrolled in Medicaid managed care
22	plans have continuity of care across placement types,
23	geographic regions, and specialty service needs;
24	(B) each child is receiving the early periodic
25	screening, diagnosis, and treatment services as
26	required by federal law, including, but not limited to,

1	regular preventative care and timely specialty care;
2	
	(C) children are assigned to health homes;
3	(D) each child has a health care oversight and
4	coordination plan as required by federal law;
5	(E) there exists complaints and grievances
6	indicating gaps or barriers in service delivery;
7	(F) stakeholders, including pediatric experts,
8	have and continue to be engaged in quality improvement
9	initiatives;
10	(G) there exists disenrollment trends and related
11	reasons such as poor quality of care, lack of access to
12	services covered by the managed care organization,
13	lack of access to providers experienced in addressing
14	enrollees' needs, limitations of in-network and
15	out-of-network coverage, or any other factors.
16	The report shall be prepared in consultation with
17	health care providers in the program, caregivers of youth
18	in care, State agency personnel, personnel of the
19	Department of Healthcare and Family Services,
20	representatives of youth in care, managed care
21	organizations, parents of children in out-of-home care,
22	and other agencies, organizations, or individuals the
23	Director deems appropriate in order to obtain
24	comprehensive and objective information about the managed
25	care plan operation.

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1 Senate Human Services Committees shall hold a hearing to 2 take public testimony about managed care implementation for children in the care of, adopted from, or placed in 3 guardianship by the Department. The Department shall 4 5 present testimony, including information provided in the report required under paragraph (1), compliance with 6 adopted rules, and any recommendations for statutory 7 changes to improve health care for children in the 8 9 Department's care.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".