

Sen. Jil Tracy

## Filed: 4/19/2018

## 10000SB2288sam003

LRB100 16058 HEP 38897 a

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2288

AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend Senate Bill 2288, AS AMENDED,

by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Stalking No Contact Order Act is amended by changing Section 80 as follows:

- 7 (740 ILCS 21/80)
- 8 Sec. 80. Stalking no contact orders; remedies.
- (a) If the court finds that the petitioner has been a 9 victim of stalking, a stalking no contact order shall issue; 10 provided that the petitioner must also satisfy the requirements 11 12 of Section 95 on emergency orders or Section 100 on plenary 13 orders. The petitioner shall not be denied a stalking no contact order because the petitioner or the respondent is a 14 15 minor. The court, when determining whether or not to issue a stalking no contact order, may not require physical injury on 16

- 1 the person of the petitioner. Modification and extension of
- prior stalking no contact orders shall be in accordance with 2
- this Act. 3

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- 4 (b) A stalking no contact order shall order one or more of
- 5 the following:
  - (1) prohibit the respondent from threatening to commit or committing stalking;
    - (2) order the respondent not to have any contact with the petitioner or a third person specifically named by the court;
      - (3) prohibit the respondent from knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within a specified distance of the petitioner or the petitioner's residence, school, daycare, or place of employment, or any specified place frequented by the petitioner; however, the court may order the respondent to stay away from the respondent's own residence, school, or place of employment only if the respondent has been provided actual notice of the opportunity to appear and be heard on the petition;
      - (4) prohibit the respondent from possessing a Firearm Owners Identification Card, or possessing or buying firearms; and
    - (5) order the respondent to submit to a mental health evaluation; and
      - (6) (5) order other injunctive relief the court determines to be necessary to protect the petitioner or

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third party specifically named by the court.

(b-5) When the petitioner and the respondent attend the same public, private, or non-public elementary, middle, or high school, the court when issuing a stalking no contact order and providing relief shall consider the severity of the act, any continuing physical danger or emotional distress to the petitioner, the educational rights quaranteed the petitioner and respondent under federal and State law, availability of a transfer of the respondent to another school, a change of placement or a change of program of the respondent, the expense, difficulty, and educational disruption that would be caused by a transfer of the respondent to another school, and any other relevant facts of the case. The court may order that the respondent not attend the public, private, or non-public elementary, middle, or high school attended by the petitioner, order that the respondent accept a change of placement or program, as determined by the school district or private or non-public school, or place restrictions on the respondent's movements within the school attended by the petitioner. The respondent bears the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that a transfer, change of placement, or change of program of the respondent is not available. The respondent also bears the burden of production with respect to the expense, difficulty, and educational disruption that would be caused by a transfer of the respondent to another school. A transfer, change of placement, or change

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of program is not unavailable to the respondent solely on the ground that the respondent does not agree with the school district's or private or non-public school's transfer, change of placement, or change of program or solely on the ground that the respondent fails or refuses to consent to or otherwise does not take an action required to effectuate a transfer, change of placement, or change of program. When a court orders a respondent to stay away from the public, private, or non-public school attended by the petitioner and the respondent requests a transfer to another attendance center within the respondent's school district or private or non-public school, the school district or private or non-public school shall have sole discretion to determine the attendance center to which the respondent is transferred. In the event the court order results in a transfer of the minor respondent to another attendance center, a change in the respondent's placement, or a change of the respondent's program, the parents, guardian, or legal custodian of the respondent is responsible for transportation and other costs associated with the transfer or change.

(b-6) The court may order the parents, guardian, or legal custodian of a minor respondent to take certain actions or to refrain from taking certain actions to ensure that the respondent complies with the order. In the event the court orders a transfer of the respondent to another school, the parents, guardian, or legal custodian of the respondent are responsible for transportation and other costs associated with

- 1 the change of school by the respondent.
- 2 (b-7) The court shall not hold a school district or private
- or non-public school or any of its employees in civil or 3
- 4 criminal contempt unless the school district or private or
- 5 non-public school has been allowed to intervene.
- 6 (b-8) The court may hold the parents, guardian, or legal
- custodian of a minor respondent in civil or criminal contempt 7
- for a violation of any provision of any order entered under 8
- 9 this Act for conduct of the minor respondent in violation of
- 10 this Act if the parents, quardian, or legal custodian directed,
- 11 encouraged, or assisted the respondent minor in such conduct.
- (c) The court may award the petitioner costs and attorneys 12
- 13 fees if a stalking no contact order is granted.
- 14 (d) Monetary damages are not recoverable as a remedy.
- 15 If the stalking no contact order prohibits the
- 16 respondent from possessing a Firearm Owner's Identification
- Card, or possessing or buying firearms; the court shall 17
- confiscate the respondent's Firearm Owner's Identification 18
- Card and immediately return the card to the Department of State 19
- 20 Police Firearm Owner's Identification Card Office.
- (Source: P.A. 96-246, eff. 1-1-10; 97-294, eff. 1-1-12; 21
- 97-1131, eff. 1-1-13.)". 22