#### **100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

## State of Illinois

## 2017 and 2018

#### SB1946

Introduced 2/10/2017, by Sen. John G. Mulroe

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-117.1

625 ILCS 5/3-117.1 625 ILCS 5/3-117.3 new 625 ILCS 5/5-104.3

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that an insurance company may, after completing a record search for any owner of a vehicle or a lienholder of record, obtain free of any lien a junking certificate in the insurance company's name by submitting an application to the Secretary of State. An insurance company may also obtain free of any lien a salvage certificate for a vehicle of specified 8 model years that has completed an inspection for a rebuilt vehicle under the Code by submitting an application to the Secretary. Defines "model year". Provides that a salvage dealer may, after completing a record search for any owner of a vehicle or a lienholder of record, obtain a junking certificate or a salvage certificate by submitting an application to the Secretary. Defines "salvage dealer". Provides that a vehicle owner or a lienholder may send notice of dispute of title within 30 days after notice of transfer of title is sent by the insurance company or salvage dealer to the owner or lienholder. Provides that no dealer licensed under the Code shall sell a vehicle for which a rebuilt title has been issued from another jurisdiction without first obtaining an Illinois certificate of title with a "REBUILT" notation under the Code. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning transportation.

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
Sections 3-117.1 and 5-104.3 and by adding Section 3-117.3 as
follows:

7 (625 ILCS 5/3-117.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-117.1)

8 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 99-932)

9 Sec. 3-117.1. When junking certificates or salvage
10 certificates must be obtained.

11 (a) Except as provided in Chapter 4 and Section 3-117.3 of this Code, a person who possesses a junk vehicle shall within 12 15 days cause the certificate of title, salvage certificate, 13 14 certificate of purchase, or a similarly acceptable out of state document of ownership to be surrendered to the Secretary of 15 16 State along with an application for a junking certificate, except as provided in Section 3-117.2, whereupon the Secretary 17 of State shall issue to such a person a junking certificate, 18 19 which shall authorize the holder thereof to possess, transport, 20 or, by an endorsement, transfer ownership in such junked 21 vehicle, and a certificate of title shall not again be issued for such vehicle. 22

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A licensee who possesses a junk vehicle and a Certificate

of Title, Salvage Certificate, Certificate of Purchase, or a 1 2 similarly acceptable out-of-state document of ownership for 3 such junk vehicle, may transport the junk vehicle to another licensee prior to applying for or obtaining a junking 4 certificate, by executing a uniform invoice. The licensee 5 6 transferor shall furnish a copy of the uniform invoice to the 7 licensee transferee at the time of transfer. In any case, the 8 licensee transferor shall apply for a junking certificate in 9 conformance with Section 3-117.1 of this Chapter. The following 10 information shall be contained on a uniform invoice:

(1) The business name, address and dealer license number of the person disposing of the vehicle, junk vehicle or vehicle cowl;

14 (2) The name and address of the person acquiring the 15 vehicle, junk vehicle or vehicle cowl, and if that person 16 is a dealer, the Illinois or out-of-state dealer license 17 number of that dealer;

18 (3) The date of the disposition of the vehicle, junk19 vehicle or vehicle cowl;

20 (4) The year, make, model, color and description of
21 each vehicle, junk vehicle or vehicle cowl disposed of by
22 such person;

(5) The manufacturer's vehicle identification number,
Secretary of State identification number or Illinois
Department of State Police number, for each vehicle, junk
vehicle or vehicle cowl part disposed of by such person;

1 (6) The printed name and legible signature of the 2 person or agent disposing of the vehicle, junk vehicle or 3 vehicle cowl; and

4 (7) The printed name and legible signature of the
5 person accepting delivery of the vehicle, junk vehicle or
6 vehicle cowl.

7 The Secretary of State may certify a junking manifest in a 8 form prescribed by the Secretary of State that reflects those 9 vehicles for which junking certificates have been applied or 10 issued. A junking manifest may be issued to any person and it 11 shall constitute evidence of ownership for the vehicle listed 12 upon it. A junking manifest may be transferred only to a person 13 licensed under Section 5-301 of this Code as a scrap processor. 14 A junking manifest will allow the transportation of those 15 vehicles to a scrap processor prior to receiving the junk 16 certificate from the Secretary of State.

17 (b) An application for a salvage certificate shall be 18 submitted to the Secretary of State in any of the following 19 situations:

(1) When an insurance company makes a payment of damages on a total loss claim for a vehicle, the insurance company shall be deemed to be the owner of such vehicle and the vehicle shall be considered to be salvage except that ownership of (i) a vehicle that has incurred only hail damage that does not affect the operational safety of the vehicle or (ii) any vehicle 9 model years of age or older

1 may, by agreement between the registered owner and the 2 insurance company, be retained by the registered owner of 3 such vehicle. The insurance company shall promptly deliver or mail within 20 days the certificate of title along with 4 5 proper application and fee to the Secretary of State, and a 6 salvage certificate shall be issued in the name of the 7 insurance company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an 8 insurer making payment of damages on a total loss claim for 9 the theft of a vehicle shall not be required to apply for a 10 salvage certificate unless the vehicle is recovered and has 11 incurred damage that initially would have caused the 12 vehicle to be declared a total loss by the insurer.

13 (1.1) When a vehicle of a self-insured company is to be 14 sold in the State of Illinois and has sustained damaged by 15 collision, fire, theft, rust corrosion, or other means so 16 that the self-insured company determines the vehicle to be 17 a total loss, or if the cost of repairing the damage, including labor, would be greater than 50% of its fair 18 19 market value without that damage, the vehicle shall be 20 considered salvage. The self-insured company shall 21 promptly deliver the certificate of title along with proper 22 application and fee to the Secretary of State, and a 23 salvage certificate shall be issued in the name of the 24 self-insured company. A self-insured company making 25 payment of damages on a total loss claim for the theft of a 26 vehicle may exchange the salvage certificate for a

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certificate of title if the vehicle is recovered without damage. In such a situation, the self-insured shall fill out and sign a form prescribed by the Secretary of State which contains an affirmation under penalty of perjury that the vehicle was recovered without damage and the Secretary of State may, by rule, require photographs to be submitted.

7 (2) When a vehicle the ownership of which has been transferred to any person through a certificate of purchase 8 9 from acquisition of the vehicle at an auction, other dispositions as set forth in Sections 4-208 and 4-209 of 10 11 this Code, a lien arising under Section 18a-501 of this 12 Code, or a public sale under the Abandoned Mobile Home Act shall be deemed salvage or junk at the option of the 13 14 purchaser. The person acquiring such vehicle in such manner 15 shall promptly deliver or mail, within 20 days after the 16 acquisition of the vehicle, the certificate of purchase, the proper application and fee, and, if the vehicle is an 17 abandoned mobile home under the Abandoned Mobile Home Act, 18 19 a certification from a local law enforcement agency that 20 the vehicle was purchased or acquired at a public sale 21 under the Abandoned Mobile Home Act to the Secretary of 22 State and a salvage certificate or junking certificate 23 shall be issued in the name of that person. The salvage 24 certificate or junking certificate issued by the Secretary 25 of State under this Section shall be free of any lien that 26 existed against the vehicle prior to the time the vehicle - 6 - LRB100 08845 AXK 18986 b

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was acquired by the applicant under this Code.

2 (3) A vehicle which has been repossessed by a 3 lienholder shall be considered to be salvage only when the repossessed vehicle, on the date of repossession by the 4 5 lienholder, has sustained damage by collision, fire, 6 theft, rust corrosion, or other means so that the cost of 7 repairing such damage, including labor, would be greater 8 than 33 1/3% of its fair market value without such damage. 9 If the lienholder determines that such vehicle is damaged 10 in excess of 33 1/3% of such fair market value, the 11 lienholder shall, before sale, transfer or assignment of 12 the vehicle, make application for a salvage certificate, 13 and shall submit with such application the proper fee and 14 evidence of possession. If the facts required to be shown 15 in subsection (f) of Section 3-114 are satisfied, the 16 Secretary of State shall issue a salvage certificate in the 17 name of the lienholder making the application. In any case 18 wherein the vehicle repossessed is not damaged in excess of 19 33 1/3% of its fair market value, the lienholder shall 20 comply with the requirements of subsections (f), (f-5), and (f-10) of Section 3-114, except that the affidavit of 21 22 repossession made by or on behalf of the lienholder shall also contain an affirmation under penalty of perjury that 23 24 the vehicle on the date of sale is not damaged in excess of 25 33 1/3% of its fair market value. If the facts required to 26 be shown in subsection (f) of Section 3-114 are satisfied,

the Secretary of State shall issue a certificate of title as set forth in Section 3-116 of this Code. The Secretary of State may by rule or regulation require photographs to be submitted.

5 (4) A vehicle which is a part of a fleet of more than 5 6 commercial vehicles registered in this State or any other 7 state or registered proportionately among several states shall be considered to be salvage when such vehicle has 8 9 sustained damage by collision, fire, theft, rust, 10 corrosion or similar means so that the cost of repairing 11 such damage, including labor, would be greater than 33 1/3% 12 of the fair market value of the vehicle without such damage. If the owner of a fleet vehicle desires to sell, 13 14 transfer, or assign his interest in such vehicle to a 15 person within this State other than an insurance company 16 licensed to do business within this State, and the owner 17 determines that such vehicle, at the time of the proposed 18 sale, transfer or assignment is damaged in excess of 33 19 1/3% of its fair market value, the owner shall, before such 20 sale, transfer or assignment, make application for a 21 salvage certificate. The application shall contain with it 22 evidence of possession of the vehicle. If the fleet vehicle 23 at the time of its sale, transfer, or assignment is not 24 damaged in excess of  $33 \ 1/3\%$  of its fair market value, the 25 owner shall so state in a written affirmation on a form 26 prescribed by the Secretary of State by rule or regulation.

1 The Secretary of State may by rule or regulation require 2 photographs to be submitted. Upon sale, transfer or 3 assignment of the fleet vehicle the owner shall mail the 4 affirmation to the Secretary of State.

5 (5) A vehicle that has been submerged in water to the 6 point that rising water has reached over the door sill and 7 has entered the passenger or trunk compartment is a "flood 8 vehicle". A flood vehicle shall be considered to be salvage 9 only if the vehicle has sustained damage so that the cost 10 of repairing the damage, including labor, would be greater 11 than 33 1/3% of the fair market value of the vehicle 12 without that damage. The salvage certificate issued under this Section shall indicate the word "flood", and the word 13 14 "flood" shall be conspicuously entered on subsequent 15 titles for the vehicle. A person who possesses or acquires 16 a flood vehicle that is not damaged in excess of 33 1/3% of 17 its fair market value shall make application for title in accordance with Section 3-116 of this Code, designating the 18 19 vehicle as "flood" in a manner prescribed by the Secretary of State. The certificate of title issued shall indicate 20 21 the word "flood", and the word "flood" shall be 22 conspicuously entered on subsequent titles for the 23 vehicle.

(6) When any licensed rebuilder, repairer, new or used
 vehicle dealer, or remittance agent has submitted an
 application for title to a vehicle (other than an

application for title to a rebuilt vehicle) that he or she 1 2 knows or reasonably should have known to have sustained damages in excess of 33 1/3% of the vehicle's fair market 3 value without that damage; provided, however, that any 4 5 application for a salvage certificate for a vehicle recovered from theft and acquired from an insurance company 6 7 shall be made as required by paragraph (1) of this 8 subsection (b).

9 (c) Any person who without authority acquires, sells, 10 exchanges, gives away, transfers or destroys or offers to 11 acquire, sell, exchange, give away, transfer or destroy the 12 certificate of title to any vehicle which is a junk or salvage 13 vehicle shall be guilty of a Class 3 felony.

(d) Any person who knowingly fails to surrender to the 14 15 Secretary of State a certificate of title, salvage certificate, 16 certificate of purchase or a similarly acceptable out-of-state 17 document of ownership as required under the provisions of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense 18 19 and a Class 4 felony for a subsequent offense; except that a 20 person licensed under this Code who violates paragraph (5) of subsection (b) of this Section is guilty of a business offense 21 22 and shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 23 for a first offense and is guilty of a Class 4 felony for a 24 second or subsequent violation.

(e) Any vehicle which is salvage or junk may not be driven
or operated on roads and highways within this State. A

violation of this subsection is a Class A misdemeanor. A 1 salvage vehicle displaying valid special plates issued under 2 3 Section 3-601(b) of this Code, which is being driven to or from an inspection conducted under Section 3-308 of this Code, is 4 5 exempt from the provisions of this subsection. A salvage 6 vehicle for which a short term permit has been issued under 7 Section 3-307 of this Code is exempt from the provisions of 8 this subsection for the duration of the permit.

9 (Source: P.A. 97-832, eff. 7-20-12.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 99-932)

Sec. 3-117.1. When junking certificates or salvage certificates must be obtained.

13 (a) Except as provided in Chapter 4 and Section 3-117.3 of 14 this Code, a person who possesses a junk vehicle shall within 15 15 days cause the certificate of title, salvage certificate, 16 certificate of purchase, or a similarly acceptable out of state document of ownership to be surrendered to the Secretary of 17 18 State along with an application for a junking certificate, except as provided in Section 3-117.2, whereupon the Secretary 19 of State shall issue to such a person a junking certificate, 20 21 which shall authorize the holder thereof to possess, transport, or, by an endorsement, transfer ownership in such junked 22 23 vehicle, and a certificate of title shall not again be issued 24 for such vehicle.

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A licensee who possesses a junk vehicle and a Certificate

of Title, Salvage Certificate, Certificate of Purchase, or a 1 2 similarly acceptable out-of-state document of ownership for 3 such junk vehicle, may transport the junk vehicle to another licensee prior to applying for or obtaining a junking 4 certificate, by executing a uniform invoice. The licensee 5 6 transferor shall furnish a copy of the uniform invoice to the 7 licensee transferee at the time of transfer. In any case, the 8 licensee transferor shall apply for a junking certificate in 9 conformance with Section 3-117.1 of this Chapter. The following 10 information shall be contained on a uniform invoice:

(1) The business name, address and dealer license number of the person disposing of the vehicle, junk vehicle or vehicle cowl;

14 (2) The name and address of the person acquiring the 15 vehicle, junk vehicle or vehicle cowl, and if that person 16 is a dealer, the Illinois or out-of-state dealer license 17 number of that dealer;

18 (3) The date of the disposition of the vehicle, junk19 vehicle or vehicle cowl;

20 (4) The year, make, model, color and description of
21 each vehicle, junk vehicle or vehicle cowl disposed of by
22 such person;

(5) The manufacturer's vehicle identification number,
Secretary of State identification number or Illinois
Department of State Police number, for each vehicle, junk
vehicle or vehicle cowl part disposed of by such person;

1 (6) The printed name and legible signature of the 2 person or agent disposing of the vehicle, junk vehicle or 3 vehicle cowl; and

4 (7) The printed name and legible signature of the
5 person accepting delivery of the vehicle, junk vehicle or
6 vehicle cowl.

7 The Secretary of State may certify a junking manifest in a 8 form prescribed by the Secretary of State that reflects those 9 vehicles for which junking certificates have been applied or 10 issued. A junking manifest may be issued to any person and it 11 shall constitute evidence of ownership for the vehicle listed 12 upon it. A junking manifest may be transferred only to a person licensed under Section 5-301 of this Code as a scrap processor. 13 14 A junking manifest will allow the transportation of those 15 vehicles to a scrap processor prior to receiving the junk 16 certificate from the Secretary of State.

17 (b) An application for a salvage certificate shall be 18 submitted to the Secretary of State in any of the following 19 situations:

(1) When an insurance company makes a payment of damages on a total loss claim for a vehicle, the insurance company shall be deemed to be the owner of such vehicle and the vehicle shall be considered to be salvage except that ownership of (i) a vehicle that has incurred only hail damage that does not affect the operational safety of the vehicle or (ii) any vehicle 9 model years of age or older

1 may, by agreement between the registered owner and the 2 insurance company, be retained by the registered owner of 3 such vehicle. The insurance company shall promptly deliver or mail within 20 days the certificate of title along with 4 5 proper application and fee to the Secretary of State, and a 6 salvage certificate shall be issued in the name of the 7 insurance company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an 8 insurer making payment of damages on a total loss claim for 9 the theft of a vehicle shall not be required to apply for a 10 salvage certificate unless the vehicle is recovered and has 11 incurred damage that initially would have caused the 12 vehicle to be declared a total loss by the insurer.

13 (1.1) When a vehicle of a self-insured company is to be 14 sold in the State of Illinois and has sustained damaged by 15 collision, fire, theft, rust corrosion, or other means so 16 that the self-insured company determines the vehicle to be 17 a total loss, or if the cost of repairing the damage, including labor, would be greater than 70% of its fair 18 19 market value without that damage, the vehicle shall be 20 considered salvage. The self-insured company shall 21 promptly deliver the certificate of title along with proper 22 application and fee to the Secretary of State, and a 23 salvage certificate shall be issued in the name of the 24 self-insured company. A self-insured company making 25 payment of damages on a total loss claim for the theft of a 26 vehicle may exchange the salvage certificate for a

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certificate of title if the vehicle is recovered without damage. In such a situation, the self-insured shall fill out and sign a form prescribed by the Secretary of State which contains an affirmation under penalty of perjury that the vehicle was recovered without damage and the Secretary of State may, by rule, require photographs to be submitted.

7 (2) When a vehicle the ownership of which has been transferred to any person through a certificate of purchase 8 9 from acquisition of the vehicle at an auction, other dispositions as set forth in Sections 4-208 and 4-209 of 10 11 this Code, a lien arising under Section 18a-501 of this 12 Code, or a public sale under the Abandoned Mobile Home Act shall be deemed salvage or junk at the option of the 13 14 purchaser. The person acquiring such vehicle in such manner 15 shall promptly deliver or mail, within 20 days after the 16 acquisition of the vehicle, the certificate of purchase, the proper application and fee, and, if the vehicle is an 17 abandoned mobile home under the Abandoned Mobile Home Act, 18 19 a certification from a local law enforcement agency that 20 the vehicle was purchased or acquired at a public sale 21 under the Abandoned Mobile Home Act to the Secretary of 22 State and a salvage certificate or junking certificate 23 shall be issued in the name of that person. The salvage 24 certificate or junking certificate issued by the Secretary 25 of State under this Section shall be free of any lien that 26 existed against the vehicle prior to the time the vehicle

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was acquired by the applicant under this Code.

2 (3) A vehicle which has been repossessed by a 3 lienholder shall be considered to be salvage only when the repossessed vehicle, on the date of repossession by the 4 5 lienholder, has sustained damage by collision, fire, 6 theft, rust corrosion, or other means so that the cost of 7 repairing such damage, including labor, would be greater 8 than 33 1/3% of its fair market value without such damage. 9 If the lienholder determines that such vehicle is damaged 10 in excess of 33 1/3% of such fair market value, the 11 lienholder shall, before sale, transfer or assignment of 12 the vehicle, make application for a salvage certificate, 13 and shall submit with such application the proper fee and 14 evidence of possession. If the facts required to be shown 15 in subsection (f) of Section 3-114 are satisfied, the 16 Secretary of State shall issue a salvage certificate in the 17 name of the lienholder making the application. In any case 18 wherein the vehicle repossessed is not damaged in excess of 19 33 1/3% of its fair market value, the lienholder shall 20 comply with the requirements of subsections (f), (f-5), and (f-10) of Section 3-114, except that the affidavit of 21 22 repossession made by or on behalf of the lienholder shall also contain an affirmation under penalty of perjury that 23 24 the vehicle on the date of sale is not damaged in excess of 25 33 1/3% of its fair market value. If the facts required to 26 be shown in subsection (f) of Section 3-114 are satisfied,

the Secretary of State shall issue a certificate of title as set forth in Section 3-116 of this Code. The Secretary of State may by rule or regulation require photographs to be submitted.

5 (4) A vehicle which is a part of a fleet of more than 5 6 commercial vehicles registered in this State or any other 7 state or registered proportionately among several states shall be considered to be salvage when such vehicle has 8 9 sustained damage by collision, fire, theft, rust, 10 corrosion or similar means so that the cost of repairing 11 such damage, including labor, would be greater than 33 1/3% 12 of the fair market value of the vehicle without such damage. If the owner of a fleet vehicle desires to sell, 13 14 transfer, or assign his interest in such vehicle to a 15 person within this State other than an insurance company 16 licensed to do business within this State, and the owner determines that such vehicle, at the time of the proposed 17 18 sale, transfer or assignment is damaged in excess of 33 19 1/3% of its fair market value, the owner shall, before such 20 sale, transfer or assignment, make application for a 21 salvage certificate. The application shall contain with it 22 evidence of possession of the vehicle. If the fleet vehicle 23 at the time of its sale, transfer, or assignment is not 24 damaged in excess of  $33 \ 1/3\%$  of its fair market value, the 25 owner shall so state in a written affirmation on a form 26 prescribed by the Secretary of State by rule or regulation.

1 The Secretary of State may by rule or regulation require 2 photographs to be submitted. Upon sale, transfer or 3 assignment of the fleet vehicle the owner shall mail the 4 affirmation to the Secretary of State.

5 (5) A vehicle that has been submerged in water to the 6 point that rising water has reached over the door sill and 7 has entered the passenger or trunk compartment is a "flood 8 vehicle". A flood vehicle shall be considered to be salvage 9 only if the vehicle has sustained damage so that the cost 10 of repairing the damage, including labor, would be greater 11 than 33 1/3% of the fair market value of the vehicle 12 without that damage. The salvage certificate issued under this Section shall indicate the word "flood", and the word 13 14 "flood" shall be conspicuously entered on subsequent 15 titles for the vehicle. A person who possesses or acquires 16 a flood vehicle that is not damaged in excess of 33 1/3% of 17 its fair market value shall make application for title in accordance with Section 3-116 of this Code, designating the 18 19 vehicle as "flood" in a manner prescribed by the Secretary of State. The certificate of title issued shall indicate 20 21 the word "flood", and the word "flood" shall be 22 conspicuously entered on subsequent titles for the 23 vehicle.

(6) When any licensed rebuilder, repairer, new or used
 vehicle dealer, or remittance agent has submitted an
 application for title to a vehicle (other than an

application for title to a rebuilt vehicle) that he or she 1 2 knows or reasonably should have known to have sustained damages in excess of 33 1/3% of the vehicle's fair market 3 value without that damage; provided, however, that any 4 5 application for a salvage certificate for a vehicle 6 recovered from theft and acquired from an insurance company 7 shall be made as required by paragraph (1) of this 8 subsection (b).

9 (c) Any person who without authority acquires, sells, 10 exchanges, gives away, transfers or destroys or offers to 11 acquire, sell, exchange, give away, transfer or destroy the 12 certificate of title to any vehicle which is a junk or salvage 13 vehicle shall be guilty of a Class 3 felony.

(d) Any person who knowingly fails to surrender to the 14 15 Secretary of State a certificate of title, salvage certificate, 16 certificate of purchase or a similarly acceptable out-of-state 17 document of ownership as required under the provisions of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense 18 19 and a Class 4 felony for a subsequent offense; except that a 20 person licensed under this Code who violates paragraph (5) of subsection (b) of this Section is guilty of a business offense 21 22 and shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 23 for a first offense and is guilty of a Class 4 felony for a 24 second or subsequent violation.

(e) Any vehicle which is salvage or junk may not be driven
or operated on roads and highways within this State. A

violation of this subsection is a Class A misdemeanor. A 1 2 salvage vehicle displaying valid special plates issued under Section 3-601(b) of this Code, which is being driven to or from 3 4 an inspection conducted under Section 3-308 of this Code, is 5 exempt from the provisions of this subsection. A salvage 6 vehicle for which a short term permit has been issued under 7 Section 3-307 of this Code is exempt from the provisions of 8 this subsection for the duration of the permit.

9 (Source: P.A. 99-932, eff. 6-1-17.)

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(625 ILCS 5/3-117.3 new)

Sec. 3-117.3. Junking or salvage certificates; insurance company; salvage dealer.

13 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, an insurance company or its designee may, after 14 15 completing a record search for any owner of a vehicle or a 16 lienholder of record, obtain free of any lien a junking 17 certificate in the insurance company's name by submitting an 18 application for a junking certificate to the Secretary of State. The application shall include, but is not limited to, 19 proof of full payment, in whole or in part, to the vehicle 20 21 owner or, if applicable, any lienholder of record and proof of 22 notice to the vehicle owner and any lienholder via certified 23 mail or other delivery service that a transfer of title shall 24 occur no earlier than 30 days after the notice is sent.

25 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the

1 <u>contrary, an insurance company or its designee may, after</u>
2 <u>completing a record search for any owner of a vehicle or a</u>
3 <u>lienholder of record, obtain free of any lien a salvage</u>
4 certificate in the name of the insurance company for:

5 (1) a vehicle no more than 8 model years old that has 6 completed an inspection under Section 3-308 of this Code. The insurance company shall submit an application for a 7 8 salvage certificate to the Secretary of State which shall 9 include, but is not limited to, proof of full payment, in 10 whole or in part, to the vehicle owner or to any lienholder 11 of record and proof of notice via certified mail or other 12 delivery service to the vehicle owner and any lienholder of record that a transfer of title shall occur no earlier than 13 14 30 days after the notice is sent; and

15 (2) a vehicle more than 8 model years old that has 16 completed an inspection under Section 3-308 of this Code. The insurance company shall submit an application for a 17 18 salvage certificate to the Secretary of State which shall 19 include, but is not limited to, proof of full payment, in 20 whole or in part, to the vehicle owner or to any lienholder 21 of record and proof of notice via certified mail or other 22 delivery service to the vehicle owner and any lienholder of 23 record that a transfer of title shall occur no earlier than 24 30 days after the notice is sent.

# 25For purposes of this subsection (b), "model year" means26the model year of the vehicle that is subtracted from the

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1	calendar year in which an insurance company makes a payment
2	of damages on a total loss claim.
3	This subsection (b) shall apply only to purchasers who are
4	authorized to buy salvage vehicles under this Code.
5	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
6	contrary, a salvage dealer may, after completing a record
7	search for any owner of a vehicle or a lienholder of record,
8	obtain a junking certificate or salvage certificate in his or
9	her name by submitting an application for a junking certificate
10	or a salvage certificate to the Secretary of State which shall
11	include, but is not limited to, proof of notice via certified
12	mail to the vehicle owner or any lienholder that a transfer of
13	title shall occur no earlier than 30 days after notice is sent.
14	The notice shall inform the vehicle owner or lienholder that
15	upon payment of any applicable charges, the vehicle may be
16	removed from the dealer's facility. If the Secretary approves
17	the application, a junking certificate or salvage certificate,
18	free of any lien, shall be issued in the name of the salvage
19	<u>dealer.</u>
20	For purposes of this subsection (c), "salvage dealer" means a
21	licensed dealer who primarily sells salvage vehicles on behalf
22	of insurance companies and obtains a "salvage dealer"
23	designation through the used dealer application process under
24	Section 5-102 of this Code.
25	This subsection (c) shall apply only to purchasers who are
26	authorized to buy salvage vehicles under this Code.

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1	(d) A vehicle owner or lienholder may send notice of
2	dispute of the transfer of title under this Section within 30
3	days after the required notice is sent by the insurance company
4	or salvage dealer. If a dispute between a vehicle owner or
5	lienholder and an insurance company or salvage dealer cannot be
6	resolved within 45 days after the required notice is sent, the
7	vehicle owner or lienholder, after 90 days of sending notice of
8	dispute, shall petition a court of competent jurisdiction for
9	an order to determine ownership of the vehicle. If a vehicle
10	owner or lienholder does not file a petition within 90 days,
11	the title to the vehicle shall be issued to the insurance
12	company or salvage dealer under this Section.
13	(e) The Secretary of State may adopt any rules necessary to
14	implement this Section.

15 (625 ILCS 5/5-104.3)

16 Sec. 5-104.3. Disclosure of rebuilt vehicle.

(a) No person shall knowingly, with intent to defraud or deceive another, sell a vehicle for which a rebuilt title has been issued unless that vehicle is accompanied by a Disclosure of Rebuilt Vehicle Status form, properly signed and delivered to the buyer.

22 <u>(a-5) No dealer or rebuilder licensed under Sections 5-101,</u>
23 <u>5-102, or 5-301 of this Code shall sell a vehicle for which a</u>
24 <u>rebuilt title has been issued from another jurisdiction without</u>
25 <u>first obtaining an Illinois certificate of title with a</u>

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1 "REBUILT" notation under Section 3-118.1 of this Code.

2 (b) The Secretary of State may by rule or regulation 3 prescribe the format and information contained in the 4 Disclosure of Rebuilt Vehicle Status form.

5 (c) A violation of <u>subsections</u> <del>subsection</del> (a) <u>or (a-5)</u> of 6 this Section is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent 7 violation of <u>subsections</u> <del>subsection</del> (a) <u>or (a-5)</u> of this 8 Section is a Class 4 felony.

9 (Source: P.A. 91-891, eff. 7-6-00.)

10 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 11 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 12 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section 13 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does 14 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes 15 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other 16 Public Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect uponbecoming law.