

# 100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 SB1759

Introduced 2/9/2017, by Sen. Bill Cunningham

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

730 ILCS 150/2 730 ILCS 150/3 730 ILCS 150/6 from Ch. 38, par. 222

Amends the Sex Offender Registration Act. Provides that a Department of Corrections issued identification card, in addition to other government-issued identification, shall be sufficient to provide accurate information of the person's residence for purposes of registration or renewal under the Act. Provides that if an offender is released from custody and placed in a hospital, nursing home, or other in-patient facility required as a condition of mandatory release or probation, the person shall register that address as his or her fixed residence. Provides that a person that has been adjudicated to be a sexually dangerous or is a sexually violent person and is later released, or found to be no longer sexually dangerous or no longer a sexually violent person and discharged, or convicted of a violation of the Act after July 1, 2005, shall register (rather than report) in person to the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered no later than 90 days after the date of his or her last registration and every 90 days thereafter and at such other times at the request of the law enforcement agency not to exceed 4 times a year. Provides that any other person who is required to register under the Article shall register (rather than report) in person to the appropriate law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered within one year from the date of last registration and every year thereafter and at such other times at the request of the law enforcement agency not to exceed 4 times a year.

LRB100 11326 SLF 21701 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1	AN	ACT	concerning	criminal	law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Sex Offender Registration Act is amended by changing Sections 2, 3, and 6 as follows:
- 6 (730 ILCS 150/2) (from Ch. 38, par. 222)
- 7 Sec. 2. Definitions.

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- 8 (A) As used in this Article, "sex offender" means any person who is:
  - (1) charged pursuant to Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, with a sex offense set forth in subsection (B) of this Section or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
    - (a) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
    - (b) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
    - (c) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
    - (d) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an

acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to Section 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission or attempted commission of such offense; or

- (e) is found not guilty by reason of insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law substantially similar to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the attempted commission of such offense; or
- (f) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law substantially similar to Section 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or attempted commission of such offense; or
- (2) declared as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or
- (3) subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act; or
  - (4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to

the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or

(5) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, or found guilty under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Article as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Article.

For purposes of this Section, "convicted" shall have the same meaning as "adjudicated".

- (B) As used in this Article, "sex offense" means:
- 25 (1) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012:

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                  11-20.1 (child pornography),
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                  11-20.1B
                                    11-20.3
                              or
                                                (aggravated
                                                               child
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              pornography),
                  11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child),
                  11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child),
                  11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct),
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                  11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person with a
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              disability),
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                  11-14.4 (promoting juvenile prostitution),
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                  11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute),
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                  11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute),
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                  11-17.1
                          (keeping a place of juvenile
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              prostitution),
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                  11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),
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                  11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),
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                  11-25 (grooming),
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                  11-26 (traveling to meet a minor),
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                  11-1.20 or 12-13 (criminal sexual assault),
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                  11-1.30 or 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual
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              assault),
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                  11-1.40 or 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual
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              assault of a child),
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                  11-1.50 or 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse),
                  11-1.60 or 12-16 (aggravated criminal
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                                                              sexual
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              abuse),
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                  12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child).
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1 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

- (1.5) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age, the defendant is not a parent of the victim, the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Evaluation and Treatment Act, and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1996:
- 10-1 (kidnapping),
- 10 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
- 11 10-3 (unlawful restraint),
- 12 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

If the offense was committed before January 1, 1996, it is a sex offense requiring registration only when the person is convicted of any felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.

- (1.6) First degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act.
  - (1.7) (Blank).
- (1.8) A violation or attempted violation of Section 11-11 (sexual relations within families) of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, and the offense was committed on or after June 1, 1997. If the offense was

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committed before June 1, 1997, it is a sex offense requiring registration only when the person is convicted of any felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.

- abduction under paragraph Child (10)subsection (b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 the Criminal Code of 2012 committed by luring or attempting to lure a child under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or dwelling place without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian of the child for other than a lawful purpose and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998, provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act. If the offense was committed before January 1, 1998, it is a sex offense requiring registration only when the person is convicted of any felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.
- (1.10) A violation or attempted violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 when the offense was committed on or after July 1, 1999:

10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is under 18 years of age), provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act,

Т	11-0.5 (Indecent Solicitation of an addit),
2	11-14.3 that involves soliciting for a prostitute,
3	or 11-15 (soliciting for a prostitute, if the victim is
4	under 18 years of age),
5	subdivision (a)(2)(A) or (a)(2)(B) of Section
6	11-14.3, or Section 11-16 (pandering, if the victim is
7	under 18 years of age),
8	11-18 (patronizing a prostitute, if the victim is
9	under 18 years of age),
10	subdivision (a)(2)(C) of Section 11-14.3, or
11	Section 11-19 (pimping, if the victim is under 18 years
12	of age).
13	If the offense was committed before July 1, 1999, it is
14	a sex offense requiring registration only when the person
15	is convicted of any felony after July 1, 2011, and
16	paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act
17	applies.
18	(1.11) A violation or attempted violation of any of the
19	following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
20	Criminal Code of 2012 when the offense was committed on or
21	after August 22, 2002:
22	11-9 or 11-30 (public indecency for a third or
23	subsequent conviction).
24	If the third or subsequent conviction was imposed
25	before August 22, 2002, it is a sex offense requiring

registration only when the person is convicted of any

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felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.

- (1.12) A violation or attempted violation of Section 5.1 of the Wrongs to Children Act or Section 11-9.1A of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (permitting sexual abuse) when the offense was committed on or after August 22, 2002. If the offense was committed before August 22, 2002, it is a sex offense requiring registration only when the person is convicted of any felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.
- (2) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (B) of this Section.
- (C) A conviction for an offense of federal law, Uniform 15 16 Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or a 17 foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsections (B), (C), (E), and (E-5) of this Section 18 shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. 19 20 A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person or a 21 sexually violent person under any federal law, Uniform Code of 22 Military Justice, or the law of another state or foreign 23 country that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Sexually Violent 24 Dangerous Persons Act or the 25 Commitment Act shall constitute an adjudication for the 26 purposes of this Article.

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(C-5) A person at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense who is convicted of first degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, against a person under 18 years of age, shall be required to register for natural life. A conviction for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (C-5) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. This subsection (C-5) applies to a person who committed the offense before June 1, 1996 if: (i) the person is incarcerated in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility on August 20, 2004 (the effective date of Public Act 93-977), or (ii) subparagraph (i) does not apply and the person is convicted of any felony after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.

(C-6) A person who is convicted or adjudicated delinquent of first degree murder as defined in Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, against a person 18 years of age or over, shall be required to register for his or her natural life. A conviction for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (C-6) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. This subsection (C-6) does not apply to those individuals released

- from incarceration more than 10 years prior to January 1, 2012 (the effective date of Public Act 97-154).
  - (D) As used in this Article, "law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in each of the municipalities in which the sex offender expects to reside, work, or attend school (1) upon his or her discharge, parole or release or (2) during the service of his or her sentence of probation or conditional discharge, or the Sheriff of the county, in the event no Police Chief exists or if the offender intends to reside, work, or attend school in an unincorporated area. "Law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" includes the location where out-of-state students attend school and where out-of-state employees are employed or are otherwise required to register.
    - (D-1) As used in this Article, "supervising officer" means the assigned Illinois Department of Corrections parole agent or county probation officer.
    - (E) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" means any person who, after July 1, 1999, is:
      - (1) Convicted for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (E) or (E-5) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. Convicted of a violation or attempted violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code

1	of 2012:
2	10-5.1 (luring of a minor),
3	11-14.4 that involves keeping a place of juvenile
4	prostitution, or 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile
5	prostitution),
6	subdivision (a)(2) or (a)(3) of Section 11-14.4,
7	or Section 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),
8	subdivision (a)(4) of Section 11-14.4, or Section
9	11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),
10	11-20.1 (child pornography),
11	11-20.1B or 11-20.3 (aggravated child
12	pornography),
13	11-1.20  or  12-13  (criminal sexual assault),
14	11-1.30 or 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual
15	assault),
16	11-1.40 or 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual
17	assault of a child),
18	11-1.60 or 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual
19	abuse),
20	12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child);
21	(2) (blank);
22	(3) declared as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to
23	the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or any substantially
24	similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister
25	state, or foreign country law;
26	(4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to

the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law;

- (5) convicted of a second or subsequent offense which requires registration pursuant to this Act. For purposes of this paragraph (5), "convicted" shall include a conviction under any substantially similar Illinois, federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law;
  - (6) (blank); or
- (7) if the person was convicted of an offense set forth in this subsection (E) on or before July 1, 1999, the person is a sexual predator for whom registration is required only when the person is convicted of a felony offense after July 1, 2011, and paragraph (2.1) of subsection (c) of Section 3 of this Act applies.
- (E-5) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" also means a person convicted of a violation or attempted violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012:
  - (1) Section 9-1 (first degree murder, when the victim was a person under 18 years of age and the defendant was at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense, provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act);

- (2) Section 11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person
  with a disability);
  - (3) when the victim is a person under 18 years of age, the defendant is not a parent of the victim, the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act, and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1996: (A) Section 10-1 (kidnapping), (B) Section 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping), (C) Section 10-3 (unlawful restraint), and (D) Section 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint); and
  - (4) Section 10-5(b)(10) (child abduction committed by luring or attempting to lure a child under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or dwelling place without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian of the child for other than a lawful purpose and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998, provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act).
  - (E-10) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" also means a person required to register in another State due to a conviction, adjudication or other action of any court triggering an obligation to register as a sex offender, sexual predator, or substantially similar status under the laws of that State.
- (F) As used in this Article, "out-of-state student" means any sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual

- predator who is enrolled in Illinois, on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher learning.
  - (G) As used in this Article, "out-of-state employee" means any sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual predator who works in Illinois, regardless of whether the individual receives payment for services performed, for a period of time of 10 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of 30 or more days during any calendar year. Persons who operate motor vehicles in the State accrue one day of employment time for any portion of a day spent in Illinois.
  - (H) As used in this Article, "school" means any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any elementary or secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher education.
  - (I) As used in this Article, "fixed residence" means any and all places that a sex offender resides for an aggregate period of time of 5 or more days in a calendar year, including a hospital, nursing home, or other in-patient facility required as a condition of mandatory release or probation..
  - (J) As used in this Article, "Internet protocol address" means the string of numbers by which a location on the Internet is identified by routers or other computers connected to the Internet.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 96-301, eff. 8-11-09; 96-1089, eff. 1-1-11;
- 2 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-154, eff. 1-1-12; 97-578, eff. 1-1-12;
- 3 97-1073, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1098, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1109, eff.
- 4 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 5 (730 ILCS 150/3)

- 6 Sec. 3. Duty to register.
- 7 (a) A sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or 8 sexual predator shall, within the time period prescribed in 9 subsections (b) and (c), register in person and provide 10 accurate information as required by the Department of State 11 Police. Such information shall include a current photograph, 12 current address, current place of employment, the 1.3 offender's or sexual predator's telephone number, including cellular telephone number, the employer's telephone number, 14 15 school attended, all e-mail addresses, instant messaging 16 identities, chat room identities, and other Internet communications identities that the sex offender uses or plans 17 18 to use, all Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) registered or used by the sex offender, all blogs and other Internet sites 19 maintained by the sex offender or to which the sex offender has 20 21 uploaded any content or posted any messages or information, 22 extensions of the time period for registering as provided in 23 this Article and, if an extension was granted, the reason why 24 the extension was granted and the date the sex offender was

notified of the extension. Where not otherwise prohibited by

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law, a Department of Corrections issued identification card, in addition to other government-issued identification, shall be sufficient to provide accurate information of the person's residence for purposes of registration or renewal under this Act. The information shall also include a copy of the terms and conditions of parole or release signed by the sex offender and given to the sex offender by his or her supervising officer or aftercare specialist, the county of conviction, license plate numbers for every vehicle registered in the name of the sex offender, the age of the sex offender at the time of the commission of the offense, the age of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, and any distinguishing marks located on the body of the sex offender. A sex offender convicted under Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 shall provide all Internet protocol (IP) addresses in his or her residence, registered in his or her name, accessible at his or her place of employment, or otherwise under his or her control or custody. If the sex offender is a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the sex offender shall report to the registering agency whether he or she is living in a household with a child under 18 years of age who is not his or her own child, provided that his or her own child is not the victim of the sex offense. The sex offender or sexual predator shall register:

(1) with the chief of police in the municipality in
which he or she resides or is temporarily domiciled for a
period of time of 3 or more days, unless the municipality
is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall
register at a fixed location designated by the
Superintendent of the Chicago Police Department; or

(2) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she resides or is temporarily domiciled for a period of time of 3 or more days in an unincorporated area or, if incorporated, no police chief exists.

If the sex offender or sexual predator is employed at or attends an institution of higher education, he or she shall also register:

#### (i) with:

- (A) the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she is employed at or attends an institution of higher education, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at a fixed location designated by the Superintendent of the Chicago Police Department; or
- (B) the sheriff in the county in which he or she is employed or attends an institution of higher education located in an unincorporated area, or if incorporated, no police chief exists; and
- (ii) with the public safety or security director of the

institution of higher education which he or she is employed at or attends.

The registration fees shall only apply to the municipality or county of primary registration, and not to campus registration.

For purposes of this Article, the place of residence or temporary domicile is defined as any and all places where the sex offender resides for an aggregate period of time of 3 or more days during any calendar year. If an offender is released from custody and placed in a hospital, nursing home, or other in-patient facility required as a condition of mandatory release or probation, the person shall register that address as his or her fixed residence. Any person required to register under this Article who lacks a fixed address or temporary domicile must notify, in person, the agency of jurisdiction of his or her last known address within 3 days after ceasing to have a fixed residence.

A sex offender or sexual predator who is temporarily absent from his or her current address of registration for 3 or more days shall notify the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction of his or her current registration, including the itinerary for travel, in the manner provided in Section 6 of this Act for notification to the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction of change of address.

Any person who lacks a fixed residence must report weekly, in person, with the sheriff's office of the county in which he

- or she is located in an unincorporated area, or with the chief
- of police in the municipality in which he or she is located.
- 3 The agency of jurisdiction will document each weekly
- 4 registration to include all the locations where the person has
- 5 stayed during the past 7 days.
- 6 The sex offender or sexual predator shall provide accurate
- 7 information as required by the Department of State Police. That
- 8 information shall include the sex offender's or sexual
- 9 predator's current place of employment.
- 10 (a-5) An out-of-state student or out-of-state employee
- shall, within 3 days after beginning school or employment in
- this State, register in person and provide accurate information
- 13 as required by the Department of State Police. Such information
- 14 will include current place of employment, school attended, and
- 15 address in state of residence. A sex offender convicted under
- 16 Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the
- 17 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 shall
- 18 provide all Internet protocol (IP) addresses in his or her
- 19 residence, registered in his or her name, accessible at his or
- 20 her place of employment, or otherwise under his or her control
- or custody. The out-of-state student or out-of-state employee
- 22 shall register:
- 23 (1) with:
- 24 (A) the chief of police in the municipality in
- which he or she attends school or is employed for a
- 26 period of time of 5 or more days or for an aggregate

period of time of more than 30 days during any calendar year, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at a fixed location designated by the Superintendent of the Chicago Police Department; or

- (B) the sheriff in the county in which he or she attends school or is employed for a period of time of 5 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of more than 30 days during any calendar year in an unincorporated area or, if incorporated, no police chief exists; and
- (2) with the public safety or security director of the institution of higher education he or she is employed at or attends for a period of time of 5 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of more than 30 days during a calendar year.

The registration fees shall only apply to the municipality or county of primary registration, and not to campus registration.

The out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. That information shall include the out-of-state student's current place of school attendance or the out-of-state employee's current place of employment.

(a-10) Any law enforcement agency registering sex offenders or sexual predators in accordance with subsections

- 1 (a) or (a-5) of this Section shall forward to the Attorney
- 2 General a copy of sex offender registration forms from persons
- 3 convicted under Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or
- 4 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of
- 5 2012, including periodic and annual registrations under
- 6 Section 6 of this Act.
- 7 (b) Any sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act,
- 8 or sexual predator, regardless of any initial, prior, or other
- 9 registration, shall, within 3 days of beginning school, or
- 10 establishing a residence, place of employment, or temporary
- 11 domicile in any county, register in person as set forth in
- 12 subsection (a) or (a-5).
- 13 (c) The registration for any person required to register
- under this Article shall be as follows:
- 15 (1) Any person registered under the Habitual Child Sex
- 16 Offender Registration Act or the Child Sex Offender
- 17 Registration Act prior to January 1, 1996, shall be deemed
- initially registered as of January 1, 1996; however, this
- 19 shall not be construed to extend the duration of
- registration set forth in Section 7.
- 21 (2) Except as provided in subsection (c)(2.1) or
- 22 (c)(4), any person convicted or adjudicated prior to
- January 1, 1996, whose liability for registration under
- Section 7 has not expired, shall register in person prior
- 25 to January 31, 1996.
- 26 (2.1) A sex offender or sexual predator, who has never

previously been required to register under this Act, has a duty to register if the person has been convicted of any felony offense after July 1, 2011. A person who previously was required to register under this Act for a period of 10 years and successfully completed that registration period has a duty to register if: (i) the person has been convicted of any felony offense after July 1, 2011, and (ii) the offense for which the 10 year registration was served currently requires a registration period of more than 10 years. Notification of an offender's duty to register under this subsection shall be pursuant to Section 5-7 of this Act.

- (2.5) Except as provided in subsection (c)(4), any person who has not been notified of his or her responsibility to register shall be notified by a criminal justice entity of his or her responsibility to register. Upon notification the person must then register within 3 days of notification of his or her requirement to register. Except as provided in subsection (c)(2.1), if notification is not made within the offender's 10 year registration requirement, and the Department of State Police determines no evidence exists or indicates the offender attempted to avoid registration, the offender will no longer be required to register under this Act.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (c)(4), any person convicted on or after January 1, 1996, shall register in

person within 3 days after the entry of the sentencing order based upon his or her conviction.

- (4) Any person unable to comply with the registration requirements of this Article because he or she is confined, institutionalized, or imprisoned in Illinois on or after January 1, 1996, shall register in person within 3 days of discharge, parole or release.
- (5) The person shall provide positive identification and documentation that substantiates proof of residence at the registering address.
- (6) The person shall pay a \$100 initial registration fee and a \$100 annual renewal fee to the registering law enforcement agency having jurisdiction. The registering agency may waive the registration fee if it determines that the person is indigent and unable to pay the registration fee. Thirty-five dollars for the initial registration fee and \$35 of the annual renewal fee shall be retained and used by the registering agency for official purposes. Having retained \$35 of the initial registration fee and \$35 of the annual renewal fee, the registering agency shall remit the remainder of the fee to State agencies within 30 days of receipt for deposit into the State funds as follows:
  - (A) Five dollars of the initial registration fee and \$5 of the annual fee shall be remitted to the State Treasurer who shall deposit the moneys into the Sex

Offender Management Board Fund under Section 19 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act. Money deposited into the Sex Offender Management Board Fund shall be administered by the Sex Offender Management Board and shall be used by the Board to comply with the provisions of the Sex Offender Management Board Act.

- (B) Thirty dollars of the initial registration fee and \$30 of the annual renewal fee shall be remitted to the Department of State Police which shall deposit the moneys into the Sex Offender Registration Fund and shall be used by the Department of State Police to maintain and update the Illinois State Police Sex Offender Registry.
- (C) Thirty dollars of the initial registration fee and \$30 of the annual renewal fee shall be remitted to the Attorney General who shall deposit the moneys into the Attorney General Sex Offender Awareness, Training, and Education Fund. Moneys deposited into the Fund shall be used by the Attorney General to administer the I-SORT program and to alert and educate the public, victims, and witnesses of their rights under various victim notification laws and for training law enforcement agencies, State's Attorneys, and medical providers of their legal duties concerning the prosecution and investigation of sex offenses.

The registering agency shall establish procedures to

- document the receipt and remittance of the \$100 initial registration fee and \$100 annual renewal fee.
- 3 (d) Within 3 days after obtaining or changing employment and, if employed on January 1, 2000, within 5 days after that 4 5 date, a person required to register under this Section must 6 report, in person to the law enforcement agency having 7 jurisdiction, the business name and address where he or she is 8 employed. If the person has multiple businesses or work 9 locations, every business and work location must be reported to 10 the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 98-558, eff. 1-1-14; 98-612, eff. 12-27-13;
- 12 99-755, eff. 8-5-16.)

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Sec. 6. Duty to report; change of address, school, or employment; duty to inform. A person who has been adjudicated to be sexually dangerous or is a sexually violent person and is later released, or found to be no longer sexually dangerous or no longer a sexually violent person and discharged, or convicted of a violation of this Act after July 1, 2005, shall register report in person to the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered no later than 90 days after the date of his or her last registration and every 90 days thereafter and at such other times at the request of the law enforcement agency not to exceed 4 times a year. Such sexually dangerous or sexually violent person must report all new or

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changed e-mail addresses, all new or changed instant messaging identities, all new or changed chat room identities, and all other new or changed Internet communications identities that the sexually dangerous or sexually violent person uses or plans to use, all new or changed Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) registered or used by the sexually dangerous or sexually violent person, and all new or changed blogs and other Internet sites maintained by the sexually dangerous or sexually violent person or to which the sexually dangerous or sexually violent person has uploaded any content or posted any messages or information. Any person who lacks a fixed residence must report weekly, in person, to the appropriate law enforcement agency where the sex offender is located. Any other person who is required to register under this Article shall register report in person to the appropriate law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered within one year from the date of last registration and every year thereafter and at such other times at the request of the law enforcement agency not to exceed 4 times a year. If any person required to register under this Article lacks a fixed residence or temporary domicile, he or she must notify, in person, the agency of jurisdiction of his or her last known address within 3 days after ceasing to have a residence and if the offender leaves the jurisdiction of residence, he or she, must within 3 days after leaving register in person with the new agency of jurisdiction. If any other person required to register under this Article

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changes his or her residence address, place of employment, telephone number, cellular telephone number, or school, he or she shall report in person, to the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered, his or her new address, change in employment, telephone number, cellular telephone number, or school, all new or changed e-mail addresses, all new or changed instant messaging identities, all new or changed chat room identities, and all other new or changed Internet communications identities that the sex offender uses or plans to use, all new or changed Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) registered or used by the sex offender, and all new or changed blogs and other Internet sites maintained by the sex offender or to which the sex offender has uploaded any content or posted any messages or information, and register, in person, with the appropriate law enforcement agency within the time period specified in Section 3. If the sex offender is a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the sex offender shall within 3 days after beginning to reside in a household with a child under 18 years of age who is not his or her own child, provided that his or her own child is not the victim of the sex offense, report that information to the registering law enforcement agency. The law enforcement agency shall, within 3 days of the reporting in person by the person required to register under this Article, notify the Department of State Police of the new place of residence, change in employment,

telephone number, cellular telephone number, or school. 1

2 If any person required to register under this Article 3 intends to establish a residence or employment outside of the State of Illinois, at least 10 days before establishing that 5 residence or employment, he or she shall report in person to the law enforcement agency with which he or she last registered 6 7 of his or her out-of-state intended residence or employment. 8 The law enforcement agency with which such person last 9 registered shall, within 3 days after the reporting in person 10 of the person required to register under this Article of an 11 address or employment change, notify the Department of State 12 Police. The Department of State Police shall forward such 13 information to the out-of-state law enforcement agency having 14 jurisdiction in the form and manner prescribed by the 15 Department of State Police.

16 (Source: P.A. 96-1094, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1104, eff. 1-1-11;

17 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)