

Rep. William Davis

Filed: 8/28/2017

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1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 444
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 444 by inserting
3	immediately above the enacting clause the following:
4	"WHEREAS, This Act may be referred to as the Evidence-Based
5	Funding for Student Success Act; therefore"; and
6 7	by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:
8 9	"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Invest in Kids Act.
10 11	Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act: "Authorized contribution" means the contribution amount
12	that is listed on the contribution authorization certificate
13	issued to the taxpayer.
14	"Board" means the State Board of Education.

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"Contribution" means a donation made by the taxpayer during
 the taxable year for providing scholarships as provided in this
 Act.

4 "Custodian" means, with respect to eligible students, an
5 Illinois resident who is a parent or legal guardian of the
6 eligible student or students.

7 "Department" means the Department of Revenue.

"Eligible student" means a child who:

9 (1) is a member of a household whose federal adjusted 10 gross income the year before he or she initially receives a 11 scholarship under this program, as determined by the 12 Department, does not exceed 300% of the federal poverty 13 level and, once the child receives a scholarship, does not 14 exceed 400% of the federal poverty level;

(2) is eligible to attend a public elementary school or
high school in Illinois in the semester immediately
preceding the semester for which he or she first receives a
scholarship or is starting school in Illinois for the first
time when he or she first receives a scholarship; and

(3) resides in Illinois while receiving a scholarship.
"Family member" means a parent, child, or sibling, whether
by whole blood, half blood, or adoption; spouse; or stepchild.

23 "Focus district" means a school district which has a school 24 that is either (i) a school that has one or more subgroups in 25 which the average student performance is at or below the State 26 average for the lowest 10% of student performance in that 10000SB0444ham001 -3- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

subgroup or (ii) a school with an average graduation rate of
 less than 60% and not identified for priority.

3 "Necessary costs and fees" includes the customary charge 4 for instruction and use of facilities in general and the 5 additional fixed fees charged for specified purposes that are required generally of non-scholarship recipients for each 6 academic period for which the scholarship applicant actually 7 8 enrolls, including costs associated with student assessments, 9 but does not include fees payable only once and other 10 contingent deposits that are refundable in whole or in part. 11 The Board may prescribe, by rules consistent with this Act, detailed provisions concerning the computation of necessary 12 13 costs and fees.

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"Scholarship granting organization" means an entity that:

15 (1) is exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of 16 the Internal Revenue Code;

17 (2) uses at least 95% of the qualified contributions
 18 received during a taxable year for scholarships;

19 (3) provides scholarships to students according to the20 guidelines of this Act;

(4) deposits and holds qualified contributions and any income derived from qualified contributions in an account that is separate from the organization's operating fund or other funds until such qualified contributions or income are withdrawn for use; and

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(5) is approved to issue certificates of receipt.

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1 "Qualified contribution" means the authorized contribution
2 made by a taxpayer to a scholarship granting organization for
3 which the taxpayer has received a certificate of receipt from
4 such organization.

5 "Qualified school" means a non-public school located in
6 Illinois and recognized by the Board pursuant to Section
7 2-3.250 of the School Code.

8 "Scholarship" means an educational scholarship awarded to 9 an eligible student to attend a qualified school of their 10 custodians' choice in an amount not exceeding the necessary 11 costs and fees to attend that school.

12 "Taxpayer" means any individual, corporation, partnership, 13 trust, or other entity subject to the Illinois income tax. For 14 the purposes of this Act, 2 individuals filing a joint return 15 shall be considered one taxpayer.

16 Section 10. Credit awards.

17 (a) The Department shall award credits against the tax 18 imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the 19 Illinois Income Tax Act to taxpayers who make qualified 20 contributions. For contributions made under this Act, the 21 credit shall be equal to 75% of the total amount of qualified 22 contributions made by the taxpayer during a taxable year, not 23 to exceed a credit of \$1,000,000 per taxpayer.

(b) The aggregate amount of all credits the Department mayaward under this Act in any calendar year may not exceed

1 \$75,000,000.

2 Contributions made (C) by corporations (including Subchapter S corporations), partnerships, and trusts under 3 4 this Act may not be directed to a particular subset of schools, 5 a particular school, a particular group of students, or a particular student. Contributions made by individuals under 6 this Act may be directed to a particular subset of schools or a 7 8 particular school but may not be directed to a particular group 9 of students or a particular student.

10 (d) No credit shall be taken under this Act for any 11 qualified contribution for which the taxpayer claims a federal 12 income tax deduction.

13 (e) Credits shall be awarded in a manner, as determined by 14 the Department, that is geographically proportionate to 15 enrollment in recognized non-public schools in Illinois. If the 16 cap on the aggregate credits that may be awarded by the Department is not reached by June 1 of a given year, the 17 Department shall award remaining credits on a first-come, 18 19 first-served basis, without regard to the limitation of this 20 subsection.

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Section 15. Approval to issue certificates of receipt.

(a) A scholarship granting organization shall submit an
 application for approval to issue certificates of receipt in
 the form and manner prescribed by the Department, provided that
 each application shall include:

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(1) documentary evidence that the scholarship granting organization has been granted an exemption from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;

4 (2) certification that all qualified contributions and 5 any income derived from qualified contributions are 6 deposited and held in an account that is separate from the 7 scholarship granting organization's operating or other 8 funds until such qualified contributions or income are 9 withdrawn for use;

10 (3) certification that the scholarship granting 11 organization will use at least 95% of its annual revenue 12 from qualified contributions for scholarships;

13 (4) certification that the scholarship granting 14 organization will provide scholarships to eligible 15 students;

16 (5) a list of the names and addresses of all members of 17 the governing board of the scholarship granting 18 organization; and

19 (6) a copy of the most recent financial audit of the 20 scholarship granting organization's accounts and records 21 conducted by an independent certified public accountant in 22 accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in 23 the United States, government auditing standards, and 24 rules adopted by the Department.

(b) A scholarship granting organization whose owner or
 operator in the last 7 years has filed for personal bankruptcy

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or corporate bankruptcy in a corporation of which he or she owned more than 20% shall not be eligible to provide scholarships.

4 (c) A scholarship granting organization must not have an 5 owner or operator who owns or operates a qualified school or 6 has a family member who is a paid staff or board member of a 7 participating qualified school.

8 (d) A scholarship granting organization shall comply with 9 the anti-discrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. 2000d.

10 (e) The Department shall review and either approve or deny 11 each application to issue certificates of receipt pursuant to 12 this Act. Approval or denial of an application shall be made on 13 a periodic basis. Applicants shall be notified of the 14 Department's determination within 30 business days after the 15 application is received.

16 (f) No scholarship granting organization shall issue any 17 certificates of receipt without first being approved to issue 18 certificates of receipt.

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Section 20. Annual review.

(a) Each scholarship granting organization that receives approval to issue certificates of receipt shall file an application for recertification on an annual basis. Such application for recertification shall be in the form and manner prescribed by the Department and shall include:

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(1) certification from the Director or Chief Executive

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1 Officer of the organization that the organization has 2 complied with and continues to comply with the requirements 3 of this Act, including evidence of that compliance; and

4 (2) a copy of the organization's current financial
5 statements.

6 (b) The Department may revoke the approval of a scholarship 7 granting organization to issue certificates of receipt upon a 8 finding that the organization has violated this Act or any 9 rules adopted under this Act. These violations shall include, 10 but need not be limited to, any of the following:

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(1) failure to meet the requirements of this Act;

12 (2) failure to maintain full and adequate records with
13 respect to the receipt of qualified contributions;

14 (3) failure to supply such records to the Department; 15 or

16 (4) failure to provide notice to the Department of the
17 issuance of certificates of receipt pursuant to Section 35
18 of this Act.

19 (c) Within 5 days after the determination to revoke 20 approval, the Department shall provide notice of the 21 determination to the scholarship granting organization and 22 information regarding the process to request a hearing to 23 appeal the determination.

24 Section 25. Contribution authorization certificates.25 (a) A taxpayer shall not be allowed a credit pursuant to

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this Act for any contribution to a scholarship granting organization that was made prior to the Department's issuance of a contribution authorization certificate for such contribution to the taxpayer.

5 (b) Prior to making a contribution to a scholarship 6 granting organization, the taxpayer shall apply to the 7 Department for a contribution authorization certificate.

8 (c) A taxpayer who makes more than one contribution to a 9 scholarship granting organization must make a separate 10 application for each such contribution authorization 11 certificate. The application shall be in the form and manner prescribed by the Department, provided that the application 12 13 includes:

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(1) the taxpayer's name and address;

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(2) the amount the taxpayer will contribute; and

16 (3) any other information the Department deems 17 necessary.

(d) The Department may allow taxpayers to make multiple
applications on the same form, provided that each application
shall be treated as a separate application.

(e) The Department shall issue credit authorization certificates on a first-come, first-served basis based upon the date that the Department received the taxpayer's application for the certificate subject to the provisions of subsection (e) of Section 10 of this Act.

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(f) A taxpayer's aggregate authorized contribution amount

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as listed on one or more authorized contribution certificates issued to the taxpayer shall not exceed the aggregate of the amounts listed on the taxpayer's applications submitted in accordance with this Section.

5 (g) Each contribution authorization certificate shall 6 state:

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(1) the date such certificate was issued;

8 (2) the date by which the authorized contributions 9 listed in the certificate must be made, which shall be 60 10 days from the date of the issuance of a credit 11 authorization certificate;

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(3) the total amount of authorized contributions; and

13 (4) any other information the Department deems 14 necessary.

15 (h) Credit authorization certificates shall be mailed to 16 the appropriate taxpayers within 3 business days after their 17 issuance.

(i) A taxpayer may rescind all or part of an authorized
contribution approved under this Act by providing written
notice to the Department. Amounts rescinded shall no longer be
deducted from the cap prescribed in Section 10 of this Act.

(j) The Department shall maintain on its website a running total of the amount of credits for which taxpayers may make applications for contribution authorization certification. The running total shall be updated every business day. 1

Section 30. Certificates of receipt.

(a) No scholarship granting organization shall issue a
certificate of receipt for any qualified contribution made by a
taxpayer under this Act unless that scholarship granting
organization has been approved to issue certificates of receipt
pursuant to Section 15 of this Act.

7 (b) No scholarship granting organization shall issue a 8 certificate of receipt for a contribution made by a taxpayer 9 unless the taxpayer has been issued a credit authorization 10 certificate by the Department.

11 (c) If a taxpayer makes a contribution to a scholarship granting organization prior to the date by which the authorized 12 13 contribution shall be made, the scholarship granting organization shall, within 30 days of receipt of the authorized 14 15 contribution, issue to the taxpayer a written certificate of 16 receipt.

(d) If a taxpayer fails to make all or a portion of a contribution prior to the date by which such authorized contribution is required to be made, the taxpayer shall not be entitled to a certificate of receipt for that portion of the authorized contribution not made.

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(e) Each certificate of receipt shall state:

(1) the name and address of the issuing scholarshipgranting organization;

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(2) the taxpayer's name and address;

26 (3) the date for each qualified contribution;

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1 (4) the amount of each qualified contribution; (5) the total gualified contribution amount; and 2 3 (6) any other information that the Department may deem 4 necessary. 5 (f) Upon the issuance of a certificate of receipt, the issuing scholarship granting organization shall, within 10 6 days after issuing the certificate of receipt, provide the 7 Department with notification of the issuance of such 8 9 certificate in the form and manner prescribed by the 10 Department, provided that such notification shall include: 11 (1) the taxpayer's name and address; (2) the date of the issuance of a certificate of 12 13 receipt; (3) the qualified contribution date or dates and the 14 15 amounts contributed on such dates; 16 (4) the total qualified contribution listed on such 17 certificates: (5) the issuing scholarship granting organization's 18 name and address; and 19 20 (6) any other information the Department may deem 21 necessary. 22 (g) Any portion of a contribution that a taxpayer fails to 23 make by the date indicated on the authorized contribution 24 certificate shall no longer be deducted from the cap prescribed 25 in Section 10 of this Act.

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Section 35. Reports.

(a) Within 180 days after the end of its fiscal year, each 2 3 scholarship granting organization must provide to the 4 Department a copy of a financial audit of its accounts and 5 conducted by an independent certified records public 6 accountant in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, government auditing standards, 7 and rules adopted by the Department. The audit must include a 8 9 report on financial statements presented in accordance with 10 generally accepted accounting principles. The audit must 11 include evidence that no less than 95% of qualified contributions received were used to provide scholarships to 12 eligible students. The Department shall review all audits 13 14 submitted pursuant to this subsection. The Department shall 15 request any significant items that were omitted in violation of 16 a rule adopted by the Department. The items must be provided within 45 days after the date of request. If a scholarship 17 18 granting organization does not comply with the Department's 19 request, the Department may revoke the scholarship granting 20 organization's ability to issue certificates of receipt.

(b) A scholarship granting organization that is approved to receive qualified contributions shall report to the Department, on a form prescribed by the Department, by January 31 of each calendar year. The report shall include:

(1) the total number of certificates of receipt issued
 during the immediately preceding calendar year;

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(2) the total dollar amount of qualified contributions
 received, as set forth in the certificates of receipt
 issued during the immediately preceding calendar year;

4 (3) the total number of eligible students utilizing 5 scholarships for the immediately preceding calendar year 6 and the school year in progress and the total dollar value 7 of the scholarships;

8 (4) the name and address of each qualified school for 9 which scholarships using qualified contributions were 10 issued during the immediately preceding calendar year, detailing the number, grade, race, gender, income level, 11 and residency by Zip Code of eligible students and the 12 13 total dollar value of scholarships being utilized at each 14 qualified school by priority group, as identified in 15 subsection (d) of Section 40 of this Act; and

16 (5) any additional information requested by the 17 Department.

(c) On or before the last day of March for each calendar 18 year, for the immediately preceding calendar year, the 19 20 Department shall submit a written report to the Governor, the 21 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of the Senate, and the 22 23 Minority Leader of the House of Representatives regarding this 24 Act. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the 25 following information:

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(1) the names and addresses of all scholarship granting

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organizations approved to issue certificates of receipt;

2 (2) the number and aggregate total of certificates of
3 receipt issued by each scholarship granting organization;
4 and

5 (3) the information reported to the Department
6 required by subsection (b) of this Section.

(d) The sharing and reporting of student data under this 7 Section must be in accordance with the requirements of the 8 9 Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act and the Illinois 10 School Student Records Act. All parties must preserve the 11 confidentiality of such information as required by law. Data reported by the Department under subsection (c) of this Section 12 must not disaggregate data to a level that will disclose 13 demographic data of individual students. 14

15 Section 40. Scholarship granting organization 16 responsibilities.

(a) Before granting a scholarship for an academic year, all
scholarship granting organizations shall assess and document
each student's eligibility for the academic year.

20 (b) A scholarship granting organization shall grant21 scholarships only to eligible students.

(c) A scholarship granting organization shall allow an eligible student to attend any qualified school of the student's choosing, subject to the availability of funds.

25 (d) In granting scholarships, a scholarship granting

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1 organization shall give priority to the following priority
2 groups:

3 (1) eligible students who received a scholarship from a
4 scholarship granting organization during the previous
5 school year;

6 (2) eligible students who are members of a household
7 whose previous year's total annual income does not exceed
8 185% of the federal poverty level;

9 (3) eligible students who reside within a focus 10 district; and

(4) eligible students who are siblings of studentscurrently receiving a scholarship.

13 (d-5) A scholarship granting organization shall begin 14 granting scholarships no later than February 1 preceding the 15 school year for which the scholarship is sought. The priority 16 groups identified in subsection (d) of this Section shall be eligible to receive scholarships on a first-come, first-served 17 18 basis until the April 1 immediately preceding the school year which the scholarship is sought. Applications 19 for for 20 scholarships for eligible students meeting the qualifications 21 of one or more priority groups that are received before April 1 22 must be either approved or denied within 10 business days after receipt. Beginning April 1, all eligible students shall be 23 24 eligible to receive scholarships without regard to the priority 25 groups identified in subsection (d) of this Section.

26 (e) Except as provided in subsection (e-5) of this Section,

1 scholarships shall not exceed the lesser of (i) the statewide 2 average operational expense per student among public schools or 3 (ii) the necessary costs and fees for attendance at the 4 qualified school. Scholarships shall be prorated as follows:

5 (1) for eligible students whose household income is 6 less than 185% of the federal poverty level, the 7 scholarship shall be 100% of the amount determined pursuant 8 to this subsection (e) and subsection (e-5) of this 9 Section;

10 (2) for eligible students whose household income is 11 185% or more of the federal poverty level but less than 12 250% of the federal poverty level, the average of 13 scholarships shall be 75% of the amount determined pursuant 14 to this subsection (e) and subsection (e-5) of this 15 Section; and

(3) for eligible students whose household income is
250% or more of the federal poverty level, the average of
scholarships shall be 50% of the amount determined pursuant
to this subsection (e) and subsection (e-5) of this
Section.

21 (e-5) The statewide average operational expense per 22 student among public schools shall be multiplied by the 23 following factors:

(1) for students determined eligible to receive
services under the federal Individuals with Disabilities
Education Act, 2;

(2) for students who are English learners, as defined
 in subsection (d) of Section 14C-2 of the School Code, 1.2;
 and

4 (3) for students who are gifted and talented children,
5 as defined in Section 14A-20 of the School Code, 1.1.

6 (f) A scholarship granting organization shall distribute 7 scholarship payments to the participating school where the 8 student is enrolled.

9 (g) For the 2018-2019 school year through the 2021-2022 10 school year, each scholarship granting organization shall 11 expend no less than 75% of the qualified contributions received 12 during the calendar year in which the qualified contributions 13 were received. No more than 25% of the qualified contributions 14 may be carried forward to the following calendar year.

(h) For the 2022-2023 school year, each scholarship granting organization shall expend all qualified contributions received during the calendar year in which the qualified contributions were received. No qualified contributions may be carried forward to the following calendar year.

(i) A scholarship granting organization shall allow an
eligible student to transfer a scholarship during a school year
to any other participating school of the custodian's choice.
Such scholarships shall be prorated.

(j) With the prior approval of the Department, a
 scholarship granting organization may transfer funds to
 another scholarship granting organization if additional funds

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are required to meet scholarship demands at the receiving scholarship granting organization. All transferred funds must be deposited by the receiving scholarship granting organization into its scholarship accounts. All transferred amounts received by any scholarship granting organization must be separately disclosed to the Department.

(k) If the approval of a scholarship granting organization 7 is revoked as provided in Section 20 of this Act or the 8 scholarship granting organization is dissolved, all remaining 9 10 qualified contributions of the scholarship granting 11 organization shall be transferred to another scholarship granting organization. All transferred funds must be deposited 12 13 by the receiving scholarship granting organization into its 14 scholarship accounts.

(1) Scholarship granting organizations shall make reasonable efforts to advertise the availability of scholarships to eligible students.

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Section 45. State Board responsibilities.

(a) Beginning in the 2019-2020 school year, students who have been granted a scholarship under this Act shall be annually assessed at the qualified school where the student attends school in the same manner in which students that attend public schools are annually assessed pursuant to Section 2-3.64a-5 of the School Code. Such qualified school shall pay costs associated with this requirement. 10000SB0444ham001 -20- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 The Board shall select an independent research (b) organization, which may be a public or private entity or 2 3 university, to which participating qualified schools must 4 report the scores of students who are receiving scholarships 5 and are assessed pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section. 6 Costs associated with the independent research organization shall be paid by the scholarship granting organizations on a 7 per-pupil basis or by gifts, grants, or donations received by 8 9 the Board under subsection (d) of this Section, as determined 10 by the Board. The independent research organization must 11 annually report to the Board on the year-to-year learning gains of students receiving scholarships on a statewide basis. The 12 13 report shall also include, to the extent possible, a comparison 14 of these learning gains to the statewide learning gains of 15 public school students with socioeconomic backgrounds similar 16 to those of students receiving scholarships. The annual report shall be delivered to the Board and published on its website. 17

(c) Beginning within 120 days after the Board first 18 19 receives the annual report by the independent research 20 organization as provided in subsection (b) of this Section and on an annual basis thereafter, the Board shall submit a written 21 report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the 22 23 Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of 24 Senate, and the Minority Leader of the House of the 25 Representatives regarding this Act. Such report shall include 26 an evaluation of the academic performance of students receiving 1 scholarships and recommendations for improving student 2 performance.

3 (d) Subject to the State Officials and Employees Ethics 4 Act, the Board may receive and expend gifts, grants, and 5 donations of any kind from any public or private entity to 6 carry out the purposes of this Section, subject to the terms 7 and conditions under which the gifts are given, provided that 8 all such terms and conditions are permissible under law.

9 (e) The sharing and reporting of student learning gain data 10 under this Section must be in accordance with requirements of 11 the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act and the Illinois 12 School Student Records Act. All parties must preserve the 13 confidentiality of such information as required by law. The 14 annual report must not disaggregate data to a level that will 15 disclose the academic level of individual students.

Section 50. Qualified school responsibilities. A qualified school that accepts scholarship students must do all of the following:

(1) provide to a scholarship granting organization, upon request, all documentation required for the student's participation, including the non-public school's cost and student's fee schedules;

(2) be academically accountable to the custodian formeeting the educational needs of the student by:

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(A) at a minimum, annually providing to the

custodian a written explanation of the student's
progress; and

3 (B) annually administering assessments required by 4 subsection (a) of Section 45 of this Act in the same 5 manner in which they are administered at public schools pursuant to Section 2-3.64a-5 of the School Code; the 6 7 Board shall bill participating qualified schools for all costs associated with administering assessments 8 9 required by this paragraph; the participating 10 qualified schools shall ensure that all test security 11 and assessment administration procedures are followed; 12 participating qualified schools must report individual student scores to the custodians of the students; the 13 14 independent research organization described in 15 subsection (b) of Section 45 of this Act shall be 16 provided all student score data in a secure manner by the participating qualified school. 17

18 The inability of a qualified school to meet the 19 requirements of this Section shall constitute a basis for the 20 ineligibility of the qualified school to participate in the 21 scholarship program as determined by the Board.

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Section 55. Custodian and student responsibilities.

(a) The custodian must select a qualified school and applyfor the admission of his or her child.

25 (b) The custodian shall ensure that the student

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participating in the scholarship program takes the assessment
 required by subsection (a) of Section 45 of this Act.

3 (c) Each custodian and each student has an obligation to
 4 comply with the qualified school's published policies.

5 (d) The custodian shall authorize the scholarship granting 6 organization to access information needed for income 7 eligibility determinations.

8 Section 60. Recordkeeping; rulemaking; violations.

9 (a) Each taxpayer shall, for each taxable year for which 10 the tax credit provided for under this Act is claimed, maintain 11 records of the following information: (i) contribution 12 authorization certificates obtained under Section 25 of this 13 Act and (ii) certificates of receipt obtained under Section 30 14 of this Act.

(b) The Board and the Department may adopt rules consistentwith and necessary for the implementation of this Act.

17 (c) Violations of State laws or rules and complaints 18 relating to program participation shall be referred to the 19 Attorney General.

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Section 65. Credit period; repeal.

(a) A taxpayer may take a credit under this Act for tax
years beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and ending before
January 1, 2023. A taxpayer may not take a credit pursuant to
this Act for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

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(b) This Act is repealed on January 1, 2024.

Section 900. The Open Meetings Act is amended by changing
 Section 2 as follows:

4 (5 ILCS 120/2) (from Ch. 102, par. 42)

5 Sec. 2. Open meetings.

6 (a) Openness required. All meetings of public bodies shall 7 be open to the public unless excepted in subsection (c) and 8 closed in accordance with Section 2a.

9 (b) Construction of exceptions. The exceptions contained 10 in subsection (c) are in derogation of the requirement that 11 public bodies meet in the open, and therefore, the exceptions 12 are to be strictly construed, extending only to subjects 13 clearly within their scope. The exceptions authorize but do not 14 require the holding of a closed meeting to discuss a subject 15 included within an enumerated exception.

16 (c) Exceptions. A public body may hold closed meetings to 17 consider the following subjects:

18 (1)The appointment, employment, compensation, discipline, performance, or dismissal 19 of specific 20 employees of the public body or legal counsel for the 21 public body, including hearing testimony on a complaint 22 lodged against an employee of the public body or against 23 legal counsel for the public body to determine its 24 validity. However, a meeting to consider an increase in

compensation to a specific employee of a public body that is subject to the Local Government Wage Increase Transparency Act may not be closed and shall be open to the public and posted and held in accordance with this Act.

5 (2) Collective negotiating matters between the public 6 body and its employees or their representatives, or 7 deliberations concerning salary schedules for one or more 8 classes of employees.

9 (3) The selection of a person to fill a public office, 10 as defined in this Act, including a vacancy in a public 11 office, when the public body is given power to appoint 12 under law or ordinance, or the discipline, performance or 13 removal of the occupant of a public office, when the public 14 body is given power to remove the occupant under law or 15 ordinance.

(4) Evidence or testimony presented in open hearing, or 16 17 in closed hearing where specifically authorized by law, to a quasi-adjudicative body, as defined in this Act, provided 18 19 that the body prepares and makes available for public 20 inspection a written decision setting forth its 21 determinative reasoning.

(5) The purchase or lease of real property for the use
of the public body, including meetings held for the purpose
of discussing whether a particular parcel should be
acquired.

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(6) The setting of a price for sale or lease of

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property owned by the public body.

(7) The sale or purchase of securities, investments, or
investment contracts. This exception shall not apply to the
investment of assets or income of funds deposited into the
Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund.

6 (8) Security procedures, school building safety and 7 security, and the use of personnel and equipment to respond 8 to an actual, a threatened, or a reasonably potential 9 danger to the safety of employees, students, staff, the 10 public, or public property.

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(9) Student disciplinary cases.

(10) The placement of individual students in special
education programs and other matters relating to
individual students.

15 (11) Litigation, when an action against, affecting or 16 on behalf of the particular public body has been filed and 17 is pending before a court or administrative tribunal, or 18 when the public body finds that an action is probable or 19 imminent, in which case the basis for the finding shall be 20 recorded and entered into the minutes of the closed 21 meeting.

(12) The establishment of reserves or settlement of claims as provided in the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act, if otherwise the disposition of a claim or potential claim might be prejudiced, or the review or discussion of claims, loss or risk management information, records, data, advice or communications from or with respect to any insurer of the public body or any intergovernmental risk management association or self insurance pool of which the public body is a member.

6 (13) Conciliation of complaints of discrimination in 7 the sale or rental of housing, when closed meetings are 8 authorized by the law or ordinance prescribing fair housing 9 practices and creating a commission or administrative 10 agency for their enforcement.

(14) Informant sources, the hiring or assignment of undercover personnel or equipment, or ongoing, prior or future criminal investigations, when discussed by a public body with criminal investigatory responsibilities.

15 (15) Professional ethics or performance when 16 considered by an advisory body appointed to advise a 17 licensing or regulatory agency on matters germane to the 18 advisory body's field of competence.

19 (16) Self evaluation, practices and procedures or 20 professional ethics, when meeting with a representative of 21 a statewide association of which the public body is a 22 member.

(17) The recruitment, credentialing, discipline or
 formal peer review of physicians or other health care
 professionals, or for the discussion of matters protected
 under the federal Patient Safety and Quality Improvement

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Act of 2005, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, 1 including 42 C.F.R. Part 3 (73 FR 70732), or the federal 2 3 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 4 1996, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, 5 including 45 C.F.R. Parts 160, 162, and 164, by a hospital, or other institution providing medical care, that is 6 7 operated by the public body.

8 (18) Deliberations for decisions of the Prisoner
9 Review Board.

10 (19) Review or discussion of applications received
 11 under the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures
 12 Act.

13 (20) The classification and discussion of matters
 14 classified as confidential or continued confidential by
 15 the State Government Suggestion Award Board.

16 (21) Discussion of minutes of meetings lawfully closed
17 under this Act, whether for purposes of approval by the
18 body of the minutes or semi-annual review of the minutes as
19 mandated by Section 2.06.

20 (22) Deliberations for decisions of the State
 21 Emergency Medical Services Disciplinary Review Board.

(23) The operation by a municipality of a municipal utility or the operation of a municipal power agency or municipal natural gas agency when the discussion involves (i) contracts relating to the purchase, sale, or delivery of electricity or natural gas or (ii) the results or 1

conclusions of load forecast studies.

2 (24) Meetings of a residential health care facility 3 resident sexual assault and death review team or the 4 Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team 5 Act.

6 (25) Meetings of an independent team of experts under
7 Brian's Law.

8 (26) Meetings of a mortality review team appointed 9 under the Department of Juvenile Justice Mortality Review 10 Team Act.

11

(27) (Blank).

(28) Correspondence and records (i) that may not be
disclosed under Section 11-9 of the <u>Illinois</u> Public Aid
Code or (ii) that pertain to appeals under Section 11-8 of
the <u>Illinois</u> Public Aid Code.

16 (29) Meetings between internal or external auditors 17 and governmental audit committees, finance committees, and 18 their equivalents, when the discussion involves internal 19 control weaknesses, identification of potential fraud risk 20 areas, known or suspected frauds, and fraud interviews 21 conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing 22 standards of the United States of America.

(30) Those meetings or portions of meetings of a
fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team
Advisory Council during which a review of the death of an
eligible adult in which abuse or neglect is suspected,

alleged, or substantiated is conducted pursuant to Section
 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.

3 (31) Meetings and deliberations for decisions of the
4 Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm
5 Concealed Carry Act.

6 (32) Meetings between the Regional Transportation 7 Authority Board and its Service Boards when the discussion 8 involves review by the Regional Transportation Authority 9 Board of employment contracts under Section 28d of the 10 Metropolitan Transit Authority Act and Sections 3A.18 and 11 3B.26 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act.

12 (33) Those meetings or portions of meetings of the 13 advisory committee and peer review subcommittee created 14 under Section 320 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act 15 during which specific controlled substance prescriber, 16 dispenser, or patient information is discussed.

17(34) Meetings of the Tax Increment Financing Reform18Task Force under Section 2505-800 of the Department of19Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

20 (d) Definitions. For purposes of this Section:

"Employee" means a person employed by a public body whose relationship with the public body constitutes an employer-employee relationship under the usual common law rules, and who is not an independent contractor.

25 "Public office" means a position created by or under the 26 Constitution or laws of this State, the occupant of which is 10000SB0444ham001 -31- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 charged with the exercise of some portion of the sovereign 2 power of this State. The term "public office" shall include 3 members of the public body, but it shall not include 4 organizational positions filled by members thereof, whether 5 established by law or by a public body itself, that exist to 6 assist the body in the conduct of its business.

"Quasi-adjudicative body" means an administrative body 7 8 charged by law or ordinance with the responsibility to conduct 9 hearings, receive evidence or testimony and make 10 determinations based thereon, but does not include local 11 electoral boards when such bodies are considering petition 12 challenges.

13 (e) Final action. No final action may be taken at a closed 14 meeting. Final action shall be preceded by a public recital of 15 the nature of the matter being considered and other information 16 that will inform the public of the business being conducted. (Source: P.A. 98-49, eff. 7-1-13; 98-63, eff. 7-9-13; 98-756, 17 eff. 7-16-14; 98-1027, eff. 1-1-15; 98-1039, eff. 8-25-14; 18 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-235, eff. 1-1-16; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 19 20 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-646, eff. 7-28-16; 99-687, eff. 1-1-17; revised 9-21-16.) 21

22 Section 902. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by 23 changing Section 7.5 as follows:

24 (5 ILCS 140/7.5)

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1 Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt 2 3 from inspection and copying: 4 (a) All information determined to be confidential 5 under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and 6 Development Act. 7 (b) Library circulation and order records identifying 8 library users with specific materials under the Library 9 Records Confidentiality Act. 10 Applications, related documents, and medical (C) records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation 11 Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records 12 13 prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation 14 Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it 15 has received. 16 (d) Information and records held by the Department of 17 Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible 18 19 disease or any information the disclosure of which is

20 restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible
21 Disease Control Act.

(e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted
 under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.

(f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of
 the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying
 Qualifications Based Selection Act.

1 (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted 2 and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid 3 Tuition Act.

(h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted
under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and
records of any lawfully created State or local inspector
general's office that would be exempt if created or
obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under
that Act.

(i) Information contained in a local emergency energy
 plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local
 emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under
 Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

(j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by wireless carriers under the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act.

18 (k) Law enforcement officer identification information 19 or driver identification information compiled by a law 20 enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation 21 under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(1) Records and information provided to a residential
health care facility resident sexual assault and death
review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse
Prevention Review Team Act.

26

(m) Information provided to the predatory lending

database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential 1 Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent 2 authorized under that Article. 3

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(n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of 4 5 compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital 6 Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (n) shall apply 7 8 until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the 9 prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior 10 to trial or sentencing.

11 Information that is prohibited from (0)being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and 12 13 Hazardous Substances Registry Act.

14 (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, 15 investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the 16 Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of 17 18 the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair 19 County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety 20 Act.

21

(q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Records Review Act. 22

23

24

(r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.

25 (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted 26 under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.

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(t) All identified or deidentified health information 1 in the form of health data or medical records contained in, 2 3 stored in, submitted to, transferred by, or released from the Illinois Health Information Exchange, and identified 4 or deidentified health information in the form of health 5 data and medical records of the Illinois Health Information 6 Exchange in the possession of the Illinois Health 7 8 Information Exchange Authority due to its administration 9 of the Illinois Health Information Exchange. The terms 10 "identified" and "deidentified" shall be given the same meaning as in the Health Insurance Portability and 11 Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, or any 12 13 subsequent amendments thereto, and any regulations 14 promulgated thereunder.

(u) Records and information provided to an independent
 team of experts under Brian's Law.

(v) Names and information of people who have applied 17 for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under 18 19 the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for 20 or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm 21 Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the 22 Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry 23 Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry 24 25 Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. 26

(w) Personally identifiable information which is
 exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section
 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.

4 (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure
5 under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section
6 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

7 Confidential information under the (V) Adult. 8 Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling 9 statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including 10 information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated 11 12 decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an 13 eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act. 14

15 (z) Records and information provided to a fatality 16 review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory 17 Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services 18 Act.

(aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure
 under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.

(bb) Information which is or was prohibited from
 disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement
 Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent
 authorized under that Act.

26 (dd) Information that is prohibited from being

1 disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common 2 Interest Community Ombudsperson Act. 3 (ee) (dd) Information that is exempted from disclosure 4 under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act. 5 (ff) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2505-800 of the Department of Revenue Law of 6 7 the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. (Source: P.A. 98-49, eff. 7-1-13; 98-63, eff. 7-9-13; 98-756, 8 9 eff. 7-16-14; 98-1039, eff. 8-25-14; 98-1045, eff. 8-25-14; 10 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-298, eff. 8-6-15; 99-352, eff. 1-1-16;

11 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-776, eff. 8-12-16; 99-863, eff. 12 8-19-16; revised 9-1-16.)

Section 904. The Election Code is amended by changing Section 28-2 as follows:

15 (10 ILCS 5/28-2) (from Ch. 46, par. 28-2)

16 Sec. 28-2. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, petitions for the submission of public questions to 17 18 referendum must be filed with the appropriate officer or board not less than 92 days prior to a regular election to be 19 eligible for submission on the ballot at such election; and 20 21 petitions for the submission of a question under Section 18-120 22 or Section 18-206 of the Property Tax Code must be filed with 23 the appropriate officer or board not more than 10 months nor 24 less than 6 months prior to the election at which such question

1 is to be submitted to the voters.

2 (b) However, petitions for the submission of a public 3 question to referendum which proposes the creation or formation 4 of a political subdivision must be filed with the appropriate 5 officer or board not less than 122 days prior to a regular 6 election to be eligible for submission on the ballot at such 7 election.

8 (c) Resolutions or ordinances of governing boards of 9 political subdivisions which initiate the submission of public 10 questions pursuant to law must be adopted not less than 79 days 11 before a regularly scheduled election to be eligible for 12 submission on the ballot at such election.

13 (d) A petition, resolution or ordinance initiating the 14 submission of a public question may specify a regular election 15 at which the question is to be submitted, and must so specify 16 if the statute authorizing the public question requires submission at a particular election. However, no petition, 17 18 resolution or ordinance initiating the submission of a public question, other than a legislative resolution initiating an 19 20 amendment to the Constitution, may specify such submission at 21 an election more than one year, or 15 months in the case of a 22 back door referendum as defined in subsection (f), after the 23 date on which it is filed or adopted, as the case may be. A 24 petition, resolution or ordinance initiating a public question 25 which specifies a particular election at which the question is 26 to be submitted shall be so limited, and shall not be valid as

3

1 to any other election, other than an emergency referendum ordered pursuant to Section 2A-1.4. 2

(e) If a petition initiating a public question does not 4 specify a regularly scheduled election, the public guestion 5 shall be submitted to referendum at the next regular election 6 occurring not less than 92 days after the filing of the petition, or not less than 122 days after the filing of a 7 petition for referendum to create a political subdivision. If a 8 9 resolution or ordinance initiating a public question does not 10 specify a regularly scheduled election, the public question 11 shall be submitted to referendum at the next regular election occurring not less than 79 days after the adoption of the 12 13 resolution or ordinance.

(f) In the case of back door referenda, any limitations in 14 15 another statute authorizing such a referendum which restrict 16 the time in which the initiating petition may be validly filed shall apply to such petition, in addition to the filing 17 deadlines specified in this Section for submission at a 18 particular election. In the case of any back door referendum, 19 20 the publication of the ordinance or resolution of the political subdivision shall include a notice of (1) the specific number 21 22 of voters required to sign a petition requesting that a public 23 question be submitted to the voters of the subdivision; (2) the 24 time within which the petition must be filed; and (3) the date 25 of the prospective referendum. The secretary or clerk of the 26 political subdivision shall provide a petition form to any

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1 individual requesting one. The legal sufficiency of that form, 2 if provided by the secretary or clerk of the political 3 subdivision, cannot be the basis of a challenge to placing the 4 back door referendum on the ballot. As used herein, a "back 5 door referendum" is the submission of a public question to the voters of a political subdivision, initiated by a petition of 6 voters or residents of such political subdivision, to determine 7 8 whether an action by the governing body of such subdivision 9 shall be adopted or rejected.

10 (q) A petition for the incorporation or formation of a new 11 political subdivision whose officers are to be elected rather than appointed must have attached to it an affidavit attesting 12 13 that at least 122 days and no more than 152 days prior to such 14 election notice of intention to file such petition was 15 published in a newspaper published within the proposed 16 political subdivision, or if none, in a newspaper of general circulation within the territory of the proposed political 17 18 subdivision in substantially the following form:

19

NOTICE OF PETITION TO FORM A NEW.....

20 Residents of the territory described below are notified 21 that a petition will or has been filed in the Office 22 of.....requesting a referendum to establish a 23 new....., to be called the.....

24 *The officers of the new.....will be elected on the 25 same day as the referendum. Candidates for the governing board 26 of the new.....may file nominating petitions with the officer 10000SB0444ham001

1	named above until
2	The territory proposed to comprise the newis
3	described as follows:
4	(description of territory included in petition)
5	(signature)
6	Name and address of person or persons proposing
7	the new political subdivision.

8 * Where applicable.

9 Failure to file such affidavit, or failure to publish the 10 required notice with the correct information contained therein 11 shall render the petition, and any referendum held pursuant to 12 such petition, null and void.

13 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection (g) or any other provisions of this Code, the 14 15 publication of notice and affidavit requirements of this 16 subsection (g) shall not apply to any petition filed under Article 7 or 11E of the School Code nor to any referendum held 17 pursuant to any such petition, and neither any petition filed 18 under any of those Articles nor any referendum held pursuant to 19 20 any such petition shall be rendered null and void because of the failure to file an affidavit or publish a notice with 21 22 respect to the petition or referendum as required under this 23 subsection (g) for petitions that are not filed under any of 24 those Articles of the School Code.

25 (Source: P.A. 96-1008, eff. 7-6-10.)

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Section 905. The Economic Development Area Tax Increment
 Allocation Act is amended by changing Section 7 as follows:

3 (20 ILCS 620/7) (from Ch. 67 1/2, par. 1007)

4 Sec. 7. Creation of special tax allocation fund. If a 5 municipality has adopted tax increment allocation financing for an economic development project area by ordinance, the 6 county clerk has thereafter certified the "total initial 7 8 equalized assessed value" of the taxable real property within 9 such economic development project area in the manner provided 10 in Section 6 of this Act, and the Department has approved and certified the economic development project area, each year 11 12 after the date of the certification by the county clerk of the "total initial equalized assessed value" until economic 13 14 development project costs and all municipal obligations 15 financing economic development project costs have been paid, the ad valorem taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon the 16 17 taxable real property in the economic development project area by taxing districts and tax rates determined in the manner 18 19 provided in subsection (b) of Section 6 of this Act shall be divided as follows: 20

(1) That portion of the taxes levied upon each taxable lot, block, tract or parcel of real property which is attributable to the lower of the current equalized assessed value or the initial equalized assessed value of each such taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property existing at the time 10000SB0444ham001 -43- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 tax increment allocation financing was adopted, shall be 2 allocated to and when collected shall be paid by the county 3 collector to the respective affected taxing districts in the 4 manner required by law in the absence of the adoption of tax 5 increment allocation financing.

6 That portion, if any, of those taxes which is (2)attributable to the increase in the current equalized assessed 7 valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real 8 9 property in the economic development project area, over and 10 above the initial equalized assessed value of each property 11 existing at the time tax increment allocation financing was adopted, shall be allocated to and when collected shall be paid 12 13 to the municipal treasurer, who shall deposit those taxes into 14 a special fund called the special tax allocation fund of the 15 municipality for the purpose of paying economic development 16 project costs and obligations incurred in the payment thereof.

The municipality, by an ordinance adopting tax increment 17 allocation financing, may pledge the funds in and to be 18 19 deposited in the special tax allocation fund for the payment of 20 obligations issued under this Act and for the payment of 21 economic development project costs. No part of the current 22 equalized assessed valuation of each property in the economic 23 development project area attributable to any increase above the 24 total initial equalized assessed value, of such properties 25 shall be used in calculating the general State school aid 26 formula, provided for in Section 18-8 of the School Code, or

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1 <u>the evidence-based funding formula, provided for in Section</u>
2 <u>18-8.15 of the School Code,</u> until such time as all economic
3 development projects costs have been paid as provided for in
4 this Section.

5 When the economic development project costs, including 6 limitation all municipal obligations financing without economic development project costs incurred under this Act, 7 8 have been paid, all surplus funds then remaining in the special 9 tax allocation fund shall be distributed by being paid by the 10 municipal treasurer to the county collector, who shall 11 immediately thereafter pay those funds to the taxing districts having taxable property in the economic development project 12 13 area in the same manner and proportion as the most recent distribution by the county collector to those taxing districts 14 15 of real property taxes from real property in the economic 16 development project area.

Upon the payment of all economic development project costs, 17 18 retirement of obligations and the distribution of any excess monies pursuant to this Section the municipality shall adopt an 19 20 ordinance dissolving the special tax allocation fund for the economic development project area, terminating the economic 21 development project area, and terminating the use of tax 22 23 increment allocation financing for the economic development 24 project area. Thereafter the rates of the taxing districts 25 shall be extended and taxes levied, collected and distributed 26 in the manner applicable in the absence of the adoption of tax

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1	increment allocation financing.
2	Nothing in this Section shall be construed as relieving
3	property in economic development project areas from being
4	assessed as provided in the Property Tax Code, or as relieving
5	owners of that property from paying a uniform rate of taxes, as
6	required by Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois
7	Constitution.
8	(Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)
9	Section 910. The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois
10	(Department of Revenue Law) is amended by adding Section
11	2505-800 as follows:
12	(20 ILCS 2505/2505-800 new)
13	Sec. 2505-800. Tax Increment Financing Reform Task Force.
14	(a) There is hereby created the Tax Increment Financing
15	Reform Task Force which shall consist of the following members:
16	(1) 3 members of the General Assembly, appointed by the
17	President of the Senate;
18	(2) 3 members of the General Assembly, appointed by the
19	Minority Leader of the Senate;
20	(3) 3 members of the General Assembly, appointed by the
21	Speaker of the House of Representatives; and
22	(4) 3 members of the General Assembly, appointed by the
23	Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.
24	(b) The members of the Task Force shall elect one co-chair

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1 from each legislative caucus, who shall call meetings of the Task Force to order. The Task Force shall hold an initial 2 meeting within 60 days after the effective date of this 3 4 amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly. 5 (c) The Task Force shall conduct a study examining current 6 Tax Increment Financing (TIF) laws in this State and issues 7 that include, but are not limited to: (1) the benefits and costs of TIF districts; 8 9 (2) the interaction between TIF law and school funding; 10 (3) the expenditure of TIF funds; and 11 (4) the expenditure of TIF surplus funds. (d) The Task Force shall report the findings of the study 12 13 and any recommendations to the General Assembly on or before 14 April 1, 2018, at which time the Task Force shall be dissolved. 15 (e) The Department of Revenue shall provide staff and 16 administrative support to the Task Force, and shall post on its website the report under subsection (d) of this Section. 17 (f) The Task Force is exempt from any requirements under 18 19 the Freedom of Information Act and Open Meetings Act. 20 (g) This Section is repealed on April 30, 2018.

21 Section 915. The State Finance Act is amended by changing 22 Section 13.2 as follows:

23 (30 ILCS 105/13.2) (from Ch. 127, par. 149.2)

24 Sec. 13.2. Transfers among line item appropriations.

1 (a) Transfers among line item appropriations from the same 2 treasury fund for the objects specified in this Section may be 3 made in the manner provided in this Section when the balance 4 remaining in one or more such line item appropriations is 5 insufficient for the purpose for which the appropriation was 6 made.

7 (a-1) No transfers may be made from one agency to another 8 agency, nor may transfers be made from one institution of 9 higher education to another institution of higher education 10 except as provided by subsection (a-4).

11 (a-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, transfers may be made only among the objects of expenditure 12 enumerated in this Section, except that no funds may be 13 14 transferred from any appropriation for personal services, from 15 any appropriation for State contributions to the State 16 Employees' Retirement System, from any separate appropriation for employee retirement contributions paid by the employer, nor 17 from any appropriation for State contribution for employee 18 group insurance. During State fiscal year 2005, an agency may 19 20 transfer amounts among its appropriations within the same treasury fund for personal services, employee retirement 21 22 contributions paid by employer, and State Contributions to 23 retirement systems; notwithstanding and in addition to the 24 transfers authorized in subsection (c) of this Section, the 25 fiscal year 2005 transfers authorized in this sentence may be 26 made in an amount not to exceed 2% of the aggregate amount

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1 appropriated to an agency within the same treasury fund. During 2 State fiscal year 2007, the Departments of Children and Family Services, Corrections, Human Services, and Juvenile Justice 3 4 may transfer amounts among their respective appropriations 5 within the same treasury fund for personal services, employee 6 retirement contributions paid by employer, and State contributions to retirement systems. During State fiscal year 7 8 2010, the Department of Transportation may transfer amounts 9 among their respective appropriations within the same treasury 10 fund for personal services, employee retirement contributions 11 paid by employer, and State contributions to retirement systems. During State fiscal years 2010 and 2014 only, an 12 13 agency may transfer amounts among its respective 14 appropriations within the same treasury fund for personal 15 services, employee retirement contributions paid by employer, 16 contributions to retirement and State systems. Notwithstanding, and in addition to, the transfers authorized 17 in subsection (c) of this Section, these transfers may be made 18 in an amount not to exceed 2% of the aggregate amount 19 20 appropriated to an agency within the same treasury fund.

(a-2.5) During State fiscal year 2015 only, the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor may transfer amounts among its respective appropriations contained in operational line items within the same treasury fund. Notwithstanding, and in addition to, the transfers authorized in subsection (c) of this Section, these transfers may be made in an amount not to exceed 4% of 10000SB0444ham001 -49- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

the aggregate amount appropriated to the State's Attorneys
 Appellate Prosecutor within the same treasury fund.

Further, if 3 (a-3) an agency receives a separate 4 appropriation for employee retirement contributions paid by 5 the employer, any transfer by that agency into an appropriation 6 for personal services must be accompanied by a corresponding transfer into the appropriation for employee retirement 7 8 contributions paid by the employer, in an amount sufficient to 9 meet the employer share of the employee contributions required 10 to be remitted to the retirement system.

11 Long-Term Care Rebalancing. The Governor (a-4) mav set aside for institutional services 12 designate amounts 13 appropriated from the General Revenue Fund or any other State 14 fund that receives monies for long-term care services to be 15 transferred to all State agencies responsible for the 16 administration of community-based long-term care programs, including, but not limited to, community-based long-term care 17 programs administered by the Department of Healthcare and 18 19 Family Services, the Department of Human Services, and the 20 Department on Aging, provided that the Director of Healthcare and Family Services first certifies that the amounts being 21 22 transferred are necessary for the purpose of assisting persons 23 in or at risk of being in institutional care to transition to 24 community-based settings, including the financial data needed 25 to prove the need for the transfer of funds. The total amounts transferred shall not exceed 4% in total of the amounts 26

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1 appropriated from the General Revenue Fund or any other State fund that receives monies for long-term care services for each 2 3 fiscal year. A notice of the fund transfer must be made to the 4 General Assembly and posted at a minimum on the Department of 5 Healthcare and Family Services website, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget website, and any other website the 6 Governor sees fit. These postings shall serve as notice to the 7 8 General Assembly of the amounts to be transferred. Notice shall 9 be given at least 30 days prior to transfer.

10 (b) In addition to the general transfer authority provided 11 under subsection (c), the following agencies have the specific 12 transfer authority granted in this subsection:

13 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services is 14 authorized to make transfers representing savings attributable 15 to not increasing grants due to the births of additional 16 children from line items for payments of cash grants to line 17 items for payments for employment and social services for the 18 purposes outlined in subsection (f) of Section 4-2 of the 19 Illinois Public Aid Code.

20 Department of Children and Family Services The is authorized to make transfers not exceeding 2% of the aggregate 21 22 amount appropriated to it within the same treasury fund for the 23 following line items among these same line items: Foster Home 24 and Specialized Foster Care and Prevention, Institutions and 25 Group Homes and Prevention, and Purchase of Adoption and 26 Guardianship Services.

1 The Department on Aging is authorized to make transfers not 2 exceeding 2% of the aggregate amount appropriated to it within 3 the same treasury fund for the following Community Care Program 4 line items among these same line items: purchase of services 5 covered by the Community Care Program and Comprehensive Case 6 Coordination.

7 The State Treasurer is authorized to make transfers among 8 line item appropriations from the Capital Litigation Trust Fund, with respect to costs incurred in fiscal years 2002 and 9 10 2003 only, when the balance remaining in one or more such line 11 item appropriations is insufficient for the purpose for which the appropriation was made, provided that no such transfer may 12 13 be made unless the amount transferred is no longer required for 14 the purpose for which that appropriation was made.

15 The State Board of Education is authorized to make 16 transfers from line item appropriations within the same treasury fund for General State Aid, and General State Aid -17 Hold Harmless, and Evidence-Based Funding, provided that no 18 19 such transfer may be made unless the amount transferred is no 20 longer required for the purpose for which that appropriation was made, to the line item appropriation for Transitional 21 22 Assistance when the balance remaining in such line item 23 appropriation is insufficient for the purpose for which the 24 appropriation was made.

The State Board of Education is authorized to make transfers between the following line item appropriations 10000SB0444ham001 -52- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 within the treasury fund: Disabled same Student Services/Materials (Section 14-13.01 of the School Code), 2 3 Disabled Student Transportation Reimbursement (Section 4 14-13.01 of the School Code), Disabled Student Tuition -5 Private Tuition (Section 14-7.02 of the School Code), Extraordinary Special Education (Section 14-7.02b of the 6 7 School Code), Reimbursement for Free Lunch/Breakfast Program, 8 Summer School Payments (Section 18-4.3 of the School Code), and 9 Transportation - Regular/Vocational Reimbursement (Section 10 29-5 of the School Code). Such transfers shall be made only 11 when the balance remaining in one or more such line item appropriations is insufficient for the purpose for which the 12 13 appropriation was made and provided that no such transfer may 14 be made unless the amount transferred is no longer required for 15 the purpose for which that appropriation was made.

16 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services is 17 authorized to make transfers not exceeding 4% of the aggregate 18 amount appropriated to it, within the same treasury fund, among 19 the various line items appropriated for Medical Assistance.

20 (c) The sum of such transfers for an agency in a fiscal 21 year shall not exceed 2% of the aggregate amount appropriated 22 to it within the same treasury fund for the following objects: 23 Services; Student Personal Extra Help; and Inmate 24 Compensation; State Contributions to Retirement Systems; State 25 Contributions to Social Security; State Contribution for 26 Employee Group Insurance; Contractual Services; Travel;

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1 Commodities; Printing; Equipment; Electronic Data Processing; Equipment; 2 Operation of Automotive Telecommunications Services; Travel and Allowance for Committed, Paroled and 3 4 Discharged Prisoners; Library Books; Federal Matching Grants 5 for Student Loans; Refunds; Workers' Compensation, 6 Occupational Disease, and Tort Claims; and, in appropriations institutions of higher education, Awards and Grants. 7 to 8 Notwithstanding the above, any amounts appropriated for 9 payment of workers' compensation claims to an agency to which 10 the authority to evaluate, administer and pay such claims has 11 been delegated by the Department of Central Management Services may be transferred to any other expenditure object where such 12 13 amounts exceed the amount necessary for the payment of such 14 claims.

15 Special provisions for State fiscal year 2003. (c-1)16 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, for State fiscal year 2003 only, transfers among line 17 18 item appropriations to an agency from the same treasury fund may be made provided that the sum of such transfers for an 19 20 agency in State fiscal year 2003 shall not exceed 3% of the 21 aggregate amount appropriated to that State agency for State 22 fiscal year 2003 for the following objects: personal services, 23 except that no transfer may be approved which reduces the 24 aggregate appropriations for personal services within an 25 agency; extra help; student and inmate compensation; State 26 contributions to retirement systems; State contributions to

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1 social security; State contributions for employee group contractual 2 insurance; services; travel: commodities; 3 printing; equipment; electronic data processing; operation of 4 automotive equipment; telecommunications services; travel and 5 allowance for committed, paroled, and discharged prisoners; 6 library books; federal matching grants for student loans; refunds; workers' compensation, occupational disease, and tort 7 claims; and, in appropriations to institutions of higher 8 9 education, awards and grants.

10 (c-2) Special provisions for State fiscal year 2005. 11 Notwithstanding subsections (a), (a-2), and (c), for State fiscal year 2005 only, transfers may be made among any line 12 13 item appropriations from the same or any other treasury fund 14 for any objects or purposes, without limitation, when the 15 balance remaining in one or more such line item appropriations 16 is insufficient for the purpose for which the appropriation was made, provided that the sum of those transfers by a State 17 agency shall not exceed 4% of the aggregate amount appropriated 18 19 to that State agency for fiscal year 2005.

20 (c-3) Special provisions for State fiscal year 2015.
21 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, for State
22 fiscal year 2015, transfers among line item appropriations to a
23 State agency from the same State treasury fund may be made for
24 operational or lump sum expenses only, provided that the sum of
25 such transfers for a State agency in State fiscal year 2015
26 shall not exceed 4% of the aggregate amount appropriated to

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1 that State agency for operational or lump sum expenses for State fiscal year 2015. For the purpose of this subsection, 2 "operational or lump sum expenses" includes the following 3 4 objects: personal services; extra help; student and inmate 5 compensation; State contributions to retirement systems; State 6 contributions to social security; State contributions for employee group insurance; contractual services; travel; 7 8 commodities; printing; equipment; electronic data processing; 9 operation of automotive equipment; telecommunications 10 services; travel and allowance for committed, paroled, and 11 discharged prisoners; library books; federal matching grants refunds; 12 for student loans; workers' compensation, 13 occupational disease, and tort claims; lump sum and other 14 purposes; and lump sum operations. For the purpose of this 15 subsection (c-3), "State agency" does not include the Attorney 16 General, the Secretary of State, the Comptroller, the Treasurer, or the legislative or judicial branches. 17

18 (d) Transfers among appropriations made to agencies of the 19 Legislative and Judicial departments and to the constitutionally elected officers in the Executive branch 20 require the approval of the officer authorized in Section 10 of 21 22 this Act to approve and certify vouchers. Transfers among 23 appropriations made to the University of Illinois, Southern 24 Illinois University, Chicago State University, Eastern 25 Illinois University, Governors State University, Illinois 26 State University, Northeastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois University, Western Illinois University, the Illinois Mathematics and Science Academy and the Board of Higher Education require the approval of the Board of Higher Education and the Governor. Transfers among appropriations to all other agencies require the approval of the Governor.

6 The officer responsible for approval shall certify that the 7 transfer is necessary to carry out the programs and purposes 8 for which the appropriations were made by the General Assembly 9 and shall transmit to the State Comptroller a certified copy of 10 the approval which shall set forth the specific amounts 11 transferred so that the Comptroller may change his records accordingly. The Comptroller shall furnish the Governor with 12 13 information copies of all transfers approved for agencies of 14 the Legislative and Judicial departments and transfers 15 approved by the constitutionally elected officials of the 16 Executive branch other than the Governor, showing the amounts transferred and indicating the dates such changes were entered 17 18 on the Comptroller's records.

(e) The State Board of Education, in consultation with the 19 20 State Comptroller, may transfer line item appropriations for 21 General State Aid or Evidence-Based Funding between the Common School Fund and the Education Assistance Fund. With the advice 22 23 and consent of the Governor's Office of Management and Budget, 24 the State Board of Education, in consultation with the State 25 Comptroller, may transfer line item appropriations between the 26 General Revenue Fund and the Education Assistance Fund for the

1	following programs:
2	(1) Disabled Student Personnel Reimbursement (Section
3	14-13.01 of the School Code);
4	(2) Disabled Student Transportation Reimbursement
5	(subsection (b) of Section 14-13.01 of the School Code);
6	(3) Disabled Student Tuition - Private Tuition
7	(Section 14-7.02 of the School Code);
8	(4) Extraordinary Special Education (Section 14-7.02b
9	of the School Code);
10	(5) Reimbursement for Free Lunch/Breakfast Programs;
11	(6) Summer School Payments (Section 18-4.3 of the
12	School Code);
13	(7) Transportation - Regular/Vocational Reimbursement
14	(Section 29-5 of the School Code);
15	(8) Regular Education Reimbursement (Section 18-3 of
16	the School Code); and
17	(9) Special Education Reimbursement (Section 14-7.03
18	of the School Code).
19	(Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-674, eff. 6-30-14; 99-2,
20	eff. 3-26-15.)
21	Section 920. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
22	adding Section 224 as follows:
23	(35 ILCS 5/224 new)
24	Sec. 224. Invest in Kids credit.

1	(a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018
2	and ending before January 1, 2023, each taxpayer for whom a tax
3	credit has been awarded by the Department under the Invest in
4	Kids Act is entitled to a credit against the tax imposed under
5	subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act in an amount
6	equal to the amount awarded under the Invest in Kids Act.
7	(b) For partners, shareholders of subchapter S
8	corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the
9	liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of
10	federal and State income taxation, the credit under this
11	Section shall be determined in accordance with the
12	determination of income and distributive share of income under
13	Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue
14	<u>Code.</u>
15	(c) The credit may not be carried back and may not reduce
16	the taxpayer's liability to less than zero. If the amount of
17	the credit exceeds the tax liability for the year, the excess
18	may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the
19	5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The tax
20	credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is
21	a tax liability. If there are credits for more than one year
22	that are available to offset the liability, the earlier credit
23	shall be applied first.
24	(d) A tax credit awarded by the Department under the Invest
25	in Kids Act may not be claimed for any qualified contribution
26	for which the taxpaver claims a federal income tax deduction.

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Section 925. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
 Sections 18-185, 18-200, and 18-249 and by adding Section
 18-206 as follows:

4 (35 ILCS 200/18-185)

Sec. 18-185. Short title; definitions. This Division 5 may
be cited as the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. As used
in this Division 5:

8 "Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for 9 All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United 10 States Department of Labor.

"Extension limitation" means (a) the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the l2 month calendar year preceding the levy year or (b) the rate of increase approved by voters under Section 18-205.

15 "Affected county" means a county of 3,000,000 or more 16 inhabitants or a county contiguous to a county of 3,000,000 or 17 more inhabitants.

"Taxing district" has the same meaning provided in Section 19 1-150, except as otherwise provided in this Section. For the 20 1991 through 1994 levy years only, "taxing district" includes 21 only each non-home rule taxing district having the majority of 22 its 1990 equalized assessed value within any county or counties 23 contiguous to a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants. 24 Beginning with the 1995 levy year, "taxing district" includes 10000SB0444ham001 -60- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 only each non-home rule taxing district subject to this Law 2 before the 1995 levy year and each non-home rule taxing district not subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year 3 having the majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value in an 4 5 affected county or counties. Beginning with the levy year in 6 which this Law becomes applicable to a taxing district as provided in Section 18-213, "taxing district" also includes 7 8 those taxing districts made subject to this Law as provided in 9 Section 18-213.

10 "Aggregate extension" for taxing districts to which this 11 Law applied before the 1995 levy year means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special 12 13 purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing 14 district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for 15 the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general 16 obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general 17 obligation bonds issued before October 1, 1991; (c) made for 18 any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds 19 20 issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before October 1, 1991; (d) made for any taxing district to pay 21 22 interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after October 1, 1991 that were approved by 23 24 referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or 25 principal on revenue bonds issued before October 1, 1991 for 26 payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and

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1 credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds 2 shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of 3 4 local government finds that all other sources for payment are 5 insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments 6 under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before 7 8 October 1, 1991, to pay for the building project; (g) made for 9 payments due under installment contracts entered into before 10 October 1, 1991; (h) made for payments of principal and 11 interest on bonds issued under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act to finance construction projects 12 13 initiated before October 1, 1991; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 14 15 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to 16 exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), (e), and (h) of this definition for non-referendum 17 18 obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (j) made for payments of principal and interest on 19 20 bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt 21 Reform Act; (k) made by a school district that participates in 22 the Special Education District of Lake County, created by 23 special education joint agreement under Section 10-22.31 of the 24 School Code, for payment of the school district's share of the 25 amounts required to be contributed by the Special Education 26 District of Lake County to the Illinois Municipal Retirement

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1 Fund under Article 7 of the Illinois Pension Code; the amount of any extension under this item (k) shall be certified by the 2 school district to the county clerk; (1) made to fund expenses 3 4 of providing joint recreational programs for persons with 5 disabilities under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or 6 Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (m) made for temporary relocation loan repayment purposes pursuant to 7 Sections 2-3.77 and 17-2.2d of the School Code; (n) made for 8 9 payment of principal and interest on any bonds issued under the 10 authority of Section 17-2.2d of the School Code; (o) made for 11 contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the 12 13 amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the 14 Illinois Pension Code; and (p) made for road purposes in the 15 first year after a township assumes the rights, powers, duties, 16 liabilities, obligations, assets, property, and responsibilities of a road district abolished under 17 the provisions of Section 6-133 of the Illinois Highway Code. 18

"Aggregate extension" for the taxing districts to which 19 20 this Law did not apply before the 1995 levy year (except taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with Section 21 22 18-213) means the annual corporate extension for the taxing 23 district and those special purpose extensions that are made 24 annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose 25 extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or 26 principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by

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1 referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before March 1, 2 1995; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or 3 4 principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those 5 bonds issued before March 1, 1995; (d) made for any taxing 6 district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after March 1, 1995 that 7 8 were approved by referendum; (e) made for any taxing district 9 to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before 10 March 1, 1995 for payment of which a property tax levy or the 11 full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or 12 13 principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing 14 body of the unit of local government finds that all other 15 sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; 16 (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by 17 the commission before March 1, 1995 to pay for the building 18 project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts 19 20 entered into before March 1, 1995; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under the Metropolitan 21 Water Reclamation District Act to 22 finance construction projects initiated before October 1, 1991; (h-4) made for 23 24 stormwater management purposes by the Metropolitan Water 25 Reclamation District of Greater Chicago under Section 12 of the 26 Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act; (i) made for

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1 payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an 2 amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the 3 4 amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of this definition for 5 non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum and bonds described in subsection 6 (h) of this definition; (j) made for payments of principal and 7 interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local 8 9 Government Debt Reform Act; (k) made for payments of principal 10 and interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and 11 issued under Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for aquarium or museum projects; (1) made for payments of principal 12 and interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 87-1191 or 13 93-601 and (i) issued pursuant to Section 21.2 of the Cook 14 15 County Forest Preserve District Act, (ii) issued under Section 16 42 of the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for zoological park projects, or (iii) issued under Section 44.1 of 17 the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for botanical 18 gardens projects; (m) made pursuant to Section 34-53.5 of the 19 20 School Code, whether levied annually or not; (n) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for persons 21 with disabilities under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code 22 23 or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (o) made by 24 the Chicago Park District for recreational programs for persons 25 with disabilities under subsection (c) of Section 7.06 of the 26 Chicago Park District Act; (p) made for contributions to a

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1 firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the 2 Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code; 3 4 (g) made by Ford Heights School District 169 under Section 5 17-9.02 of the School Code; and (r) made for the purpose of making employer contributions to the Public School Teachers' 6 Pension and Retirement Fund of Chicago under Section 34-53 of 7 8 the School Code.

9 "Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which 10 this Law applies in accordance with Section 18-213, except for 11 those taxing districts subject to paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, means the annual corporate extension for 12 13 the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that 14 are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special 15 purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay 16 interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay 17 interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before 18 the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to 19 20 the taxing district is held; (c) made for any taxing district 21 to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before the date on which 22 23 the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing 24 district is held; (d) made for any taxing district to pay 25 interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after the date on which the referendum 26

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1 making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held if the bonds were approved by referendum after the date on which 2 the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing 3 4 district is held; (e) made for any taxing district to pay 5 interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the date 6 on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held for payment of which a property tax 7 levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local 8 9 government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of 10 interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after 11 the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those 12 13 payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission 14 lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds 15 issued by the commission before the date on which the 16 referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due 17 under installment contracts entered into before the date on 18 which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing 19 20 district is held; (h) made for payments of principal and 21 interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local 22 Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt 23 service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and 24 (e) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except 25 obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made 26 for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under

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1 Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made 2 for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal 3 on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying 4 obligations due under, or financing airport facilities 5 required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but 6 not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect 7 8 on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for persons with disabilities 9 10 under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 11 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (1) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the 12 13 Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code; 14 15 and (m) made for the taxing district to pay interest or 16 principal on general obligation bonds issued pursuant to Section 19-3.10 of the School Code. 17

"Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which 18 this Law applies in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection 19 20 (e) of Section 18-213 means the annual corporate extension for 21 the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that 22 are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special 23 purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay 24 interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were 25 approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay 26 interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before

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1 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds 2 issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued 3 4 before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (d) 5 made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on 6 bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 if the bonds 7 8 were approved by referendum after the effective date of this 9 amendatory Act of 1997; (e) made for any taxing district to pay 10 interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the 11 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the 12 13 unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the 14 payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made 15 only after the governing body of the unit of local government 16 finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building 17 18 commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before the effective date of 19 20 this amendatory Act of 1997 to pay for the building project; 21 (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered 22 into before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; 23 (h) made for payments of principal and interest on limited 24 bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt 25 Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service 26 extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of

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1 this definition for non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made 2 for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under 3 4 Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made 5 for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal 6 on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying obligations due under, or financing airport facilities 7 required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped 8 9 pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but 10 not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect 11 on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for persons with disabilities 12 13 under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; and (1) made for contributions 14 15 to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the 16 Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code. 17

"Debt service extension base" means an amount equal to that 18 portion of the extension for a taxing district for the 1994 19 20 levy year, or for those taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with Section 18-213, except for those subject to 21 22 paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, for the levy 23 year in which the referendum making this Law applicable to the 24 taxing district is held, or for those taxing districts subject 25 to this Law in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213 for the 1996 levy year, constituting an 26

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extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued 1 by the taxing district without referendum, but not including 2 3 excluded non-referendum bonds. For park districts (i) that were 4 first subject to this Law in 1991 or 1995 and (ii) whose 5 extension for the 1994 levy year for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park district without 6 7 referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds) 8 was less than 51% of the amount for the 1991 levy year 9 constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest 10 on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but 11 not including excluded non-referendum bonds), "debt service extension base" means an amount equal to that portion of the 12 13 extension for the 1991 levy year constituting an extension for 14 payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park 15 district without referendum (but not including excluded 16 non-referendum bonds). A debt service extension base 17 established or increased at any time pursuant to any provision of this Law, except Section 18-212, shall be increased each 18 year commencing with the later of (i) the 2009 levy year or 19 20 (ii) the first levy year in which this Law becomes applicable 21 to the taxing district, by the lesser of 5% or the percentage 22 increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12-month 23 calendar year preceding the levy year. The debt service 24 extension base may be established or increased as provided 25 under Section 18-212. "Excluded non-referendum bonds" means 26 (i) bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and issued under

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1 Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for aquarium and 2 museum projects; (ii) bonds issued under Section 15 of the 3 Local Government Debt Reform Act; or (iii) refunding 4 obligations issued to refund or to continue to refund 5 obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum.

6 "Special purpose extensions" include, but are not limited to, extensions for levies made on an annual basis for 7 unemployment and workers' compensation, self-insurance, 8 9 contributions to pension plans, and extensions made pursuant to 10 Section 6-601 of the Illinois Highway Code for a road 11 district's permanent road fund whether levied annually or not. The extension for a special service area is not included in the 12 13 aggregate extension.

"Aggregate extension base" means the taxing district's 14 15 last preceding aggregate extension as adjusted under Sections 18-135, 18-215, and 18-230, and 18-206. An adjustment under 16 Section 18-135 shall be made for the 2007 levy year and all 17 subsequent levy years whenever one or more counties within 18 which a taxing district is located (i) used estimated 19 20 valuations or rates when extending taxes in the taxing district for the last preceding levy year that resulted in the over or 21 under extension of taxes, or (ii) increased or decreased the 22 23 tax extension for the last preceding levy year as required by 24 Section 18-135(c). Whenever an adjustment is required under 25 Section 18-135, the aggregate extension base of the taxing 26 district shall be equal to the amount that the aggregate

extension of the taxing district would have been for the last preceding levy year if either or both (i) actual, rather than estimated, valuations or rates had been used to calculate the extension of taxes for the last levy year, or (ii) the tax extension for the last preceding levy year had not been adjusted as required by subsection (c) of Section 18-135.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for levy year
2012, the aggregate extension base for West Northfield School
District No. 31 in Cook County shall be \$12,654,592.

10 "Levy year" has the same meaning as "year" under Section 11 1-155.

"New property" means (i) the assessed value, after final 12 13 board of review or board of appeals action, of new improvements 14 or additions to existing improvements on any parcel of real 15 property that increase the assessed value of that real property 16 during the levy year multiplied by the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 17-30, (ii) the assessed 17 value, after final board of review or board of appeals action, 18 19 of real property not exempt from real estate taxation, which 20 real property was exempt from real estate taxation for any 21 portion of the immediately preceding levy year, multiplied by 22 the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 23 17-30, including the assessed value, upon final stabilization 24 of occupancy after new construction is complete, of any real 25 property located within the boundaries of an otherwise or 26 previously exempt military reservation that is intended for

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1 residential use and owned by or leased to a private corporation or other entity, (iii) in counties that classify in accordance 2 with Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution, an 3 4 incentive property's additional assessed value resulting from 5 a scheduled increase in the level of assessment as applied to 6 the first year final board of review market value, and (iv) any increase in assessed value due to oil or gas production from an 7 8 oil or gas well required to be permitted under the Hydraulic 9 Fracturing Regulatory Act that was not produced in or accounted 10 for during the previous levy year. In addition, the county 11 clerk in a county containing a population of 3,000,000 or more shall include in the 1997 recovered tax increment value for any 12 13 school district, any recovered tax increment value that was 14 applicable to the 1995 tax year calculations.

15 "Qualified airport authority" means an airport authority 16 organized under the Airport Authorities Act and located in a 17 county bordering on the State of Wisconsin and having a 18 population in excess of 200,000 and not greater than 500,000.

"Recovered tax increment value" means, except as otherwise 19 20 provided in this paragraph, the amount of the current year's year after 21 equalized assessed value, in the first а 22 municipality terminates the designation of an area as a 23 redevelopment project area previously established under the 24 Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois 25 Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial 26 Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously 10000SB0444ham001 -74- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 established under the Economic Development Project Area Tax Increment Act of 1995, or previously established under the 2 3 Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, of each 4 taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the 5 redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized 6 assessed value of each property in the redevelopment project area. For the taxes which are extended for the 1997 levy year, 7 8 the recovered tax increment value for a non-home rule taxing 9 district that first became subject to this Law for the 1995 10 levy year because a majority of its 1994 equalized assessed 11 value was in an affected county or counties shall be increased if a municipality terminated the designation of an area in 1993 12 as a redevelopment project area previously established under 13 14 the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois 15 Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial 16 Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or previously established under the Economic Development Area Tax Increment 17 18 Allocation Act, by an amount equal to the 1994 equalized assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of 19 20 real property in the redevelopment project area over and above 21 the initial equalized assessed value of each property in the 22 redevelopment project area. In the first year after a 23 municipality removes a taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of 24 real property from a redevelopment project area established 25 under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the 26 Illinois Municipal Code, the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in

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the Illinois Municipal Code, or the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, "recovered tax increment value" means the amount of the current year's equalized assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property removed from the redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of that real property before removal from the redevelopment project area.

8 Except as otherwise provided in this Section, "limiting 9 rate" means a fraction the numerator of which is the last 10 preceding aggregate extension base times an amount equal to one 11 plus the extension limitation defined in this Section and the denominator of which is the current year's equalized assessed 12 13 value of all real property in the territory under the 14 jurisdiction of the taxing district during the prior levy year. 15 For those taxing districts that reduced their aggregate 16 extension for the last preceding levy year, except for school districts that reduced their extension for educational 17 purposes pursuant to Section 18-206, the highest aggregate 18 extension in any of the last 3 preceding levy years shall be 19 20 used for the purpose of computing the limiting rate. The 21 denominator shall not include new property or the recovered tax 22 increment value. If a new rate, a rate decrease, or a limiting 23 rate increase has been approved at an election held after March 24 21, 2006, then (i) the otherwise applicable limiting rate shall 25 be increased by the amount of the new rate or shall be reduced 26 by the amount of the rate decrease, as the case may be, or (ii)

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in the case of a limiting rate increase, the limiting rate 1 shall be equal to the rate set forth in the proposition 2 3 approved by the voters for each of the years specified in the 4 proposition, after which the limiting rate of the taxing 5 district shall be calculated as otherwise provided. In the case 6 of a taxing district that obtained referendum approval for an increased limiting rate on March 20, 2012, the limiting rate 7 8 for tax year 2012 shall be the rate that generates the 9 approximate total amount of taxes extendable for that tax year, 10 as set forth in the proposition approved by the voters; this 11 rate shall be the final rate applied by the county clerk for the aggregate of all capped funds of the district for tax year 12 13 2012.

14 (Source: P.A. 98-6, eff. 3-29-13; 98-23, eff. 6-17-13; 99-143, 15 eff. 7-27-15; 99-521, eff. 6-1-17.)

16 (35 ILCS 200/18-200)

Sec. 18-200. School Code. A school district's State aid 17 18 shall not be reduced under the computation under subsections 19 5(a) through 5(h) of Part A of Section 18-8 of the School Code or under Section 18-8.15 of the School Code due to the 20 21 operating tax rate falling from above the minimum requirement of that Section of the School Code to below the minimum 22 23 requirement of that Section of the School Code due to the 24 operation of this Law.

25 (Source: P.A. 87-17; 88-455.)

24

1	(35 ILCS 200/18-206 new)
2	Sec. 18-206. Decrease in extension for educational
3	purposes.
4	(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for those
5	school districts whose adequacy targets, as defined in Section
6	18-8.15 of this Code, exceed 110% for the school year that
7	begins during the calendar year immediately preceding the levy
8	year for which the reduction under this Section is sought, the
9	question of whether the school district shall reduce its
10	extension for educational purposes for the levy year in which
11	the election is held to an amount that is less than the
12	extension for educational purposes for the immediately
13	preceding levy year shall be submitted to the voters of the
14	school district at the next consolidated election but only upon
15	submission of a petition signed by not fewer than 10% of the
16	registered voters in the school district. In no event shall the
17	reduced extension be more than 10% lower than the amount
18	extended for educational purposes in the previous levy year,
19	and in no event shall the reduction cause the school district's
20	adequacy target to fall below 110% for the levy year for which
21	the reduction is sought.
22	(b) The petition shall be filed with the applicable
23	election authority, as defined in Section 1-3 of the Election

25 the State Board of Elections, not more than 10 months nor less

Code, or, in the case of multiple election authorities, with

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1	than 6 months prior to the election at which the question is to
2	be submitted to the voters, and its validity shall be
3	determined as provided by Article 28 of the Election Code and
4	general election law. The election authority or Board, as
5	applicable, shall certify the question and the proper election
6	authority or authorities shall submit the question to the
7	voters. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, this
8	referendum shall be subject to all other general election law
9	requirements.
10	(c) The proposition seeking to reduce the extension for
11	educational purposes shall be in substantially the following
12	form:
13	Shall the amount extended for educational purposes by
14	(school district) be reduced from (previous levy year's
15	extension) to (proposed extension) for (levy year), but in
16	no event lower than the amount required to maintain an
17	adequacy target of 110%?
18	Votes shall be recorded as "Yes" or "No".
19	If a majority of all votes cast on the proposition are in
20	favor of the proposition, then, for the levy year in which the
21	election is held, the amount extended by the school district
22	for educational purposes shall be reduced as provided in the
23	referendum; however, in no event shall the reduction exceed the
24	amount that would cause the school district to have an adequacy
25	target of 110% for the applicable school year.
26	Once the question is submitted to the voters, then the

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1	question may not be submitted again for the same school
2	district at any of the next 2 consolidated elections.
3	(d) For school districts that approve a reduction under
4	this Section, the county clerk shall extend a rate for
5	educational purposes that is no greater than the limiting rate
6	for educational purposes. If the school district is otherwise
7	subject to this Law for the applicable levy year, then, for the
8	levy year in which the reduction occurs, the county clerk shall
9	calculate separate limiting rates for educational purposes and
10	for the aggregate of the school district's other funds.
11	As used in this Section:
12	"School district" means each school district in the State,
13	regardless of whether or not that school district is otherwise
14	subject to this Law.
15	"Limiting rate for educational purposes" means a fraction
16	the numerator of which is the greater of (i) the amount
17	approved by the voters in the referendum under subsection (c)
18	of this Section or (ii) the amount that would cause the school
19	district to have an adequacy target of 110% for the applicable
20	school year, but in no event more than the school district's
21	extension for educational purposes in the immediately
22	preceding levy year, and the denominator of which is the
23	current year's equalized assessed value of all real property
24	under the jurisdiction of the school district during the prior
25	levy year.

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(35 ILCS 200/18-249)

Sec. 18-249. Miscellaneous provisions.

(a) Certification of new property. For the 1994 levy year,
the chief county assessment officer shall certify to the county
clerk, after all changes by the board of review or board of
appeals, as the case may be, the assessed value of new property
by taxing district for the 1994 levy year under rules
promulgated by the Department.

9 (b) School Code. A school district's State aid shall not be 10 reduced under the computation under subsections 5(a) through 11 5(h) of Part A of Section 18-8 of the School Code <u>or under</u> 12 <u>Section 18-8.15 of the School Code</u> due to the operating tax 13 rate falling from above the minimum requirement of that Section 14 of the School Code to below the minimum requirement of that 15 Section of the School Code due to the operation of this Law.

16 (c) Rules. The Department shall make and promulgate 17 reasonable rules relating to the administration of the purposes 18 and provisions of Sections 18-246 through 18-249 as may be 19 necessary or appropriate.

20 (Source: P.A. 89-1, eff. 2-12-95.)

Section 930. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing Section 17-127 as follows:

23 (40 ILCS 5/17-127) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 17-127)
24 Sec. 17-127. Financing; revenues for the Fund.

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(a) The revenues for the Fund shall consist of: (1) amounts
paid into the Fund by contributors thereto and from employer
contributions and State appropriations in accordance with this
Article; (2) amounts contributed to the Fund by an Employer;
(3) amounts contributed to the Fund pursuant to any law now in
force or hereafter to be enacted; (4) contributions from any
other source; and (5) the earnings on investments.

8 (b) The General Assembly finds that for many years the 9 State has contributed to the Fund an annual amount that is 10 between 20% and 30% of the amount of the annual State 11 contribution to the Article 16 retirement system, and the 12 General Assembly declares that it is its goal and intention to 13 continue this level of contribution to the Fund in the future.

(c) Beginning in State fiscal year 1999, the State shall 14 15 include in its annual contribution to the Fund an additional 16 amount equal to 0.544% of the Fund's total teacher payroll; except that this additional contribution need not be made in a 17 fiscal year if the Board has certified in the previous fiscal 18 vear that the Fund is at least 90% funded, based on actuarial 19 20 determinations. These additional State contributions are intended to offset a portion of the cost to the Fund of the 21 22 increases in retirement benefits resulting from this 23 amendatory Act of 1998.

(d) In addition to any other contribution required under
 this Article, including the contribution required under
 subsection (c), the State shall contribute to the Fund the

1 following amounts:

2	(1) For State fiscal year 2018, the State shall
3	contribute \$221,300,000 for the employer normal cost for
4	fiscal year 2018 and the amount allowed under paragraph (3)
5	of Section 17-142.1 of this Code to defray health insurance
6	costs. Funds for this paragraph (1) shall come from funds
7	appropriated for Evidence-Based Funding pursuant to
8	Section 18-8.15 of the School Code.
9	(2) Beginning in State fiscal year 2019, the State
10	shall contribute for each fiscal year an amount to be
11	determined by the Fund, equal to the employer normal cost
12	for that fiscal year, plus the amount allowed pursuant to
13	paragraph (3) of Section 17-142.1 to defray health
14	insurance costs.
15	(e) The Board shall determine the amount of State
16	contributions required for each fiscal year on the basis of the
17	actuarial tables and other assumptions adopted by the Board and
18	the recommendations of the actuary. On or before November 1 of
19	each year, beginning November 1, 2017, the Board shall submit
20	to the State Actuary, the Governor, and the General Assembly a
21	proposed certification of the amount of the required State
22	contribution to the Fund for the next fiscal year, along with
23	all of the actuarial assumptions, calculations, and data upon
24	which that proposed certification is based.
25	On or before January 1 of each year, beginning January 1,

26 <u>2018</u>, the State Actuary shall issue a preliminary report

1 concerning the proposed certification and identifying, if 2 necessary, recommended changes in actuarial assumptions that 3 the Board must consider before finalizing its certification of 4 the required State contributions.

5 (f) On or before January 15, 2018 and each January 15 6 thereafter, the Board shall certify to the Governor and the 7 General Assembly the amount of the required State contribution for the next fiscal year. The certification shall include a 8 9 copy of the actuarial recommendations upon which it is based 10 and shall specifically identify the Fund's projected employer normal cost for that fiscal year. The Board's certification 11 12 must note any deviations from the State Actuary's recommended 13 changes, the reason or reasons for not following the State 14 Actuary's recommended changes, and the fiscal impact of not 15 following the State Actuary's recommended changes on the 16 required State contribution.

For the purposes of this Article, including issuing 17 vouchers, and for the purposes of subsection (h) of Section 1.1 18 19 of the State Pension Funds Continuing Appropriation Act, the State contribution specified for State fiscal year 2018 shall 20 be deemed to have been certified, by operation of law and 21 22 without official action by the Board or the State Actuary, in 23 the amount provided in subsection (c) and subsection (d) of 24 this Section.

25 (g) For State fiscal year 2018, the State Board of 26 Education shall submit vouchers, as directed by the Board, for -84- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

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1 payment of State contributions to the Fund for the required 2 annual State contribution under subsection (d) of this Section. 3 These vouchers shall be paid by the State Comptroller and 4 Treasurer by warrants drawn on the amount appropriated to the 5 State Board of Education from the Common School Fund in Section 5 of Article 97 of Public Act 100-21. If State appropriations 6 for State fiscal year 2018 are less than the amount lawfully 7 vouchered under this subsection, the difference shall be paid 8 9 from the Common School Fund under the continuing appropriation authority provided in Section 1.1 of the State Pension Funds 10 11 Continuing Appropriation Act. (h) For State fiscal year 2018, the Board shall submit 12

13 vouchers for the payment of State contributions to the Fund for 14 the required annual State contribution under subsection (c) of 15 this Section. Beginning in State fiscal year 2019, the Board 16 shall submit vouchers for payment of State contributions to the Fund for the required annual State contribution under 17 subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. These vouchers shall 18 19 be paid by the State Comptroller and Treasurer by warrants 20 drawn on the funds appropriated to the Fund for that fiscal 21 year. If State appropriations to the Fund for the applicable 22 fiscal year are less than the amount lawfully vouchered under 23 this subsection, the difference shall be paid from the Common 24 School Fund under the continuing appropriation authority 25 provided in Section 1.1 of the State Pension Funds Continuing 26 Appropriation Act.

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(Source: P.A. 90-548, eff. 12-4-97; 90-566, eff. 1-2-98;
 90-582, eff. 5-27-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)

3 Section 935. The State Pension Funds Continuing 4 Appropriation Act is amended by changing Section 1.1 as 5 follows:

6 (40 ILCS 15/1.1)

7

Sec. 1.1. Appropriations to certain retirement systems.

8 (a) There is hereby appropriated from the General Revenue 9 Fund to the General Assembly Retirement System, on a continuing monthly basis, the amount, if any, by which the total available 10 11 amount of all other appropriations to that retirement system 12 for the payment of State contributions is less than the total 13 amount of the vouchers for required State contributions 14 lawfully submitted by the retirement system for that month under Section 2-134 of the Illinois Pension Code. 15

16 (b) There is hereby appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the State Universities Retirement System, on a 17 18 continuing monthly basis, the amount, if any, by which the total available amount of all other appropriations to that 19 20 retirement system for the payment of State contributions, 21 including any deficiency in the required contributions of the 22 optional retirement program established under Section 15-158.2 23 of the Illinois Pension Code, is less than the total amount of 24 the vouchers for required State contributions lawfully submitted by the retirement system for that month under Section
 15-165 of the Illinois Pension Code.

3 (c) There is hereby appropriated from the Common School 4 Fund to the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of 5 Illinois, on a continuing monthly basis, the amount, if any, by 6 which the total available amount of all other appropriations to that retirement system for the payment of State contributions 7 is less than the total amount of the vouchers for required 8 9 State contributions lawfully submitted by the retirement 10 system for that month under Section 16-158 of the Illinois 11 Pension Code.

(d) There is hereby appropriated from the General Revenue 12 13 Fund to the Judges Retirement System of Illinois, on a 14 continuing monthly basis, the amount, if any, by which the 15 total available amount of all other appropriations to that 16 retirement system for the payment of State contributions is less than the total amount of the vouchers for required State 17 18 contributions lawfully submitted by the retirement system for that month under Section 18-140 of the Illinois Pension Code. 19

(e) The continuing appropriations provided by <u>subsections</u>
(a), (b), (c), and (d) of this Section shall first be available
in State fiscal year 1996. <u>The continuing appropriations</u>
provided by subsection (h) of this Section shall first be
available as provided in that subsection (h).

(f) For State fiscal year 2010 only, the continuing
 appropriations provided by this Section are equal to the amount

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certified by each System on or before December 31, 2008, less
 (i) the gross proceeds of the bonds sold in fiscal year 2010
 under the authorization contained in subsection (a) of Section
 7.2 of the General Obligation Bond Act and (ii) any amounts
 received from the State Pensions Fund.

6 (g) For State fiscal year 2011 only, the continuing 7 appropriations provided by this Section are equal to the amount 8 certified by each System on or before April 1, 2011, less (i) 9 the gross proceeds of the bonds sold in fiscal year 2011 under 10 the authorization contained in subsection (a) of Section 7.2 of 11 the General Obligation Bond Act and (ii) any amounts received 12 from the State Pensions Fund.

13 (h) There is hereby appropriated from the Common School 14 Fund to the Public School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund 15 of Chicago, on a continuing basis, the amount, if any, by which 16 the total available amount of all other State appropriations to that Retirement Fund for the payment of State contributions 17 under Section 17-127 of the Illinois Pension Code is less than 18 19 the total amount of the vouchers for required State 20 contributions lawfully submitted by the Retirement Fund or the State Board of Education, under that Section 17-127. 21 (Source: P.A. 96-43, eff. 7-15-09; 96-1497, eff. 1-14-11; 22

23 96-1511, eff. 1-27-11.)

24 Section 940. The Innovation Development and Economy Act is 25 amended by changing Section 33 as follows:

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(50 ILCS 470/33)

Sec. 33. STAR Bonds School Improvement and Operations Trust
 Fund.

(a) The STAR Bonds School Improvement and Operations Trust 4 Fund is created as a trust fund in the State treasury. Deposits 5 into the Trust Fund shall be made as provided under this 6 7 Section. Moneys in the Trust Fund shall be used by the 8 Department of Revenue only for the purpose of making payments 9 to school districts in educational service regions that include 10 or are adjacent to the STAR bond district. Moneys in the Trust Fund are not subject to appropriation and shall be used solely 11 as provided in this Section. All deposits into the Trust Fund 12 13 shall be held in the Trust Fund by the State Treasurer as ex 14 officio custodian separate and apart from all public moneys or 15 funds of this State and shall be administered by the Department exclusively for the purposes set forth in this Section. All 16 moneys in the Trust Fund shall be invested and reinvested by 17 18 the State Treasurer. All interest accruing from these 19 investments shall be deposited in the Trust Fund.

(b) Upon approval of a STAR bond district, the political subdivision shall immediately transmit to the county clerk of the county in which the district is located a certified copy of the ordinance creating the district, a legal description of the district, a map of the district, identification of the year that the county clerk shall use for determining the total initial equalized assessed value of the district consistent with subsection (c), and a list of the parcel or tax identification number of each parcel of property included in the district.

5 (c) Upon approval of a STAR bond district, the county clerk 6 immediately thereafter shall determine (i) the most recently ascertained equalized assessed value of each lot, block, tract, 7 8 or parcel of real property within the STAR bond district, from 9 which shall be deducted the homestead exemptions under Article 10 15 of the Property Tax Code, which value shall be the initial 11 equalized assessed value of each such piece of property, and (ii) the total equalized assessed value of all taxable real 12 13 property within the district by adding together the most 14 recently ascertained equalized assessed value of each taxable 15 lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property within the 16 district, from which shall be deducted the homestead exemptions under Article 15 of the Property Tax Code, and shall certify 17 that amount as the total initial equalized assessed value of 18 19 the taxable real property within the STAR bond district.

(d) In reference to any STAR bond district created within any political subdivision, and in respect to which the county clerk has certified the total initial equalized assessed value of the property in the area, the political subdivision may thereafter request the clerk in writing to adjust the initial equalized value of all taxable real property within the STAR bond district by deducting therefrom the exemptions under 10000SB0444ham001 -90- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 Article 15 of the Property Tax Code applicable to each lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property within the STAR bond 2 3 district. The county clerk shall immediately, after the written 4 request to adjust the total initial equalized value is 5 received, determine the total homestead exemptions in the STAR bond district as provided under Article 15 of the Property Tax 6 Code by adding together the homestead exemptions provided by 7 said Article on each lot, block, tract, or parcel of real 8 9 property within the STAR bond district and then shall deduct 10 the total of said exemptions from the total initial equalized 11 assessed value. The county clerk shall then promptly certify that amount as the total initial equalized assessed value as 12 13 adjusted of the taxable real property within the STAR bond district. 14

15 (e) The county clerk or other person authorized by law 16 shall compute the tax rates for each taxing district with all or a portion of its equalized assessed value located in the 17 18 STAR bond district. The rate per cent of tax determined shall 19 be extended to the current equalized assessed value of all 20 property in the district in the same manner as the rate per 21 cent of tax is extended to all other taxable property in the 22 taxing district.

(f) Beginning with the assessment year in which the first destination user in the first STAR bond project in a STAR bond district makes its first retail sales and for each assessment year thereafter until final maturity of the last STAR bonds 10000SB0444ham001 -91- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 issued in the district, the county clerk or other person authorized by law shall determine the increase in equalized 2 assessed value of all real property within the STAR bond 3 4 district by subtracting the initial equalized assessed value of 5 all property in the district certified under subsection (c) 6 from the current equalized assessed value of all property in the district. Each year, the property taxes arising from the 7 increase in equalized assessed value in the STAR bond district 8 9 shall be determined for each taxing district and shall be 10 certified to the county collector.

11 (q) Beginning with the year in which taxes are collected based on the assessment year in which the first destination 12 13 user in the first STAR bond project in a STAR bond district 14 makes its first retail sales and for each year thereafter until 15 final maturity of the last STAR bonds issued in the district, 16 the county collector shall, within 30 days after receipt of property taxes, transmit to the Department to be deposited into 17 18 the STAR Bonds School Improvement and Operations Trust Fund 15% of property taxes attributable to the increase in equalized 19 20 assessed value within the STAR bond district from each taxing district as certified in subsection (f). 21

(h) The Department shall pay to the regional superintendent of schools whose educational service region includes Franklin and Williamson Counties, for each year for which money is remitted to the Department and paid into the STAR Bonds School Improvement and Operations Trust Fund, the money in the Fund as 10000SB0444ham001 -92- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 provided in this Section. The amount paid to each school district shall be allocated proportionately, based on each 2 3 qualifying school district's fall enrollment for the 4 then-current school year, such that the school district with 5 the largest fall enrollment receives the largest proportionate 6 share of money paid out of the Fund or by any other method or formula that the regional superintendent of schools deems fit, 7 8 equitable, and in the public interest. The regional 9 superintendent may allocate moneys to school districts that are 10 outside of his or her educational service region or to other 11 regional superintendents.

12 The Department shall determine the distributions under 13 this Section using its best judgment and information. The 14 Department shall be held harmless for the distributions made 15 under this Section and all distributions shall be final.

16 (i) In any year that an assessment appeal is filed, the 17 extension of taxes on any assessment so appealed shall not be 18 delayed. In the case of an assessment that is altered, any 19 taxes extended upon the unauthorized assessment or part thereof 20 shall be abated, or, if already paid, shall be refunded with 21 interest as provided in Section 23-20 of the Property Tax Code. 22 In the case of an assessment appeal, the county collector shall 23 notify the Department that an assessment appeal has been filed 24 and the amount of the tax that would have been deposited in the 25 STAR Bonds School Improvement and Operations Trust Fund. The 26 county collector shall hold that amount in a separate fund 10000SB0444ham001 -93- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 until the appeal process is final. After the appeal process is 2 finalized, the county collector shall transmit to the 3 Department the amount of tax that remains, if any, after all 4 required refunds are made. The Department shall pay any amount 5 deposited into the Trust Fund under this Section in the same 6 proportion as determined for payments for that taxable year 7 under subsection (h).

8 (j) In any year that ad valorem taxes are allocated to the 9 STAR Bonds School Improvement and Operations Trust Fund, that 10 allocation shall not reduce or otherwise impact the school aid 11 provided to any school district under the general State school 12 aid formula provided for in Section 18-8.05 of the School Code 13 <u>or the evidence-based funding formula provided for in Section</u> 14 <u>18-8.15 of the School Code</u>.

15 (Source: P.A. 96-939, eff. 6-24-10.)

Section 945. The County Economic Development Project Area Property Tax Allocation Act is amended by changing Section 7 as follows:

19

(55 ILCS 85/7) (from Ch. 34, par. 7007)

Sec. 7. Creation of special tax allocation fund. If a county has adopted property tax allocation financing by ordinance for an economic development project area, the Department has approved and certified the economic development project area, and the county clerk has thereafter certified the 10000SB0444ham001 -94- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 "total initial equalized value" of the taxable real property within such economic development project area in the manner 2 3 provided in subsection (b) of Section 6 of this Act, each year 4 after the date of the certification by the county clerk of the 5 "initial equalized assessed value" until economic development project costs and all county obligations financing economic 6 7 development project costs have been paid, the ad valorem taxes, 8 if any, arising from the levies upon the taxable real property in the economic development project area by taxing districts 9 10 and tax rates determined in the manner provided in subsection 11 (b) of Section 6 of this Act shall be divided as follows:

(1) That portion of the taxes levied upon each taxable 12 13 lot, block, tract or parcel of real property which is 14 attributable to the lower of the current equalized assessed 15 value or the initial equalized assessed value of each such 16 taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property 17 existing at the time property tax allocation financing was 18 adopted shall be allocated and when collected shall be paid 19 by the county collector to the respective affected taxing 20 districts in the manner required by the law in the absence 21 of the adoption of property tax allocation financing.

(2) That portion, if any, of those taxes which is
attributable to the increase in the current equalized
assessed valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, or
parcel of real property in the economic development project
are, over and above the initial equalized assessed value of

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1 each property existing at the time property tax allocation financing was adopted shall be allocated to and when 2 3 collected shall be paid to the county treasurer, who shall 4 deposit those taxes into a special fund called the special 5 tax allocation fund of the county for the purpose of paying development project costs 6 economic and obligations incurred in the payment thereof. 7

8 The county, by an ordinance adopting property tax 9 allocation financing, may pledge the funds in and to be 10 deposited in the special tax allocation fund for the payment of 11 obligations issued under this Act and for the payment of economic development project costs. No part of the current 12 13 equalized assessed valuation of each property in the economic 14 development project area attributable to any increase above the 15 total initial equalized assessed value of such properties shall 16 be used in calculating the general State school aid formula, provided for in Section 18-8 of the School Code, or the 17 evidence-based funding formula, provided for in Section 18 18-8.15 of the School Code, until such time as all economic 19 20 development projects costs have been paid as provided for in this Section. 21

22 Whenever a county issues bonds for the purpose of financing 23 economic development project costs, the county may provide by 24 ordinance for the appointment of a trustee, which may be any 25 trust company within the State, and for the establishment of 26 the funds or accounts to be maintained by such trustee as the 10000SB0444ham001 -96- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 county shall deem necessary to provide for the security and payment of the bonds. If the county provides for 2 the appointment of a trustee, the trustee shall be considered the 3 4 assignee of any payments assigned by the county pursuant to the 5 ordinance and this Section. Any amounts paid to the trustee as 6 assignee shall be deposited in the funds or accounts established pursuant to the trust agreement, and shall be held 7 by the trustee in trust for the benefit of the holders of the 8 9 bonds, and the holders shall have a lien on and a security 10 interest in those bonds or accounts so long as the bonds remain 11 outstanding and unpaid. Upon retirement of the bonds, the trustee shall pay over any excess amounts held to the county 12 13 for deposit in the special tax allocation fund.

14 When the economic development project costs, including 15 without limitation all county obligations financing economic 16 development project costs incurred under this Act, have been paid, all surplus funds then remaining in the special tax 17 18 allocation funds shall be distributed by being paid by the 19 county treasurer to the county collector, who shall immediately 20 thereafter pay those funds to the taxing districts having 21 taxable property in the economic development project area in 22 the same manner and proportion as the most recent distribution 23 by the county collector to those taxing districts of real 24 property taxes from real property in the economic development 25 project area.

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Upon the payment of all economic development project costs,

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1 retirement of obligations and the distribution of any excess 2 monies pursuant to this Section and not later than 23 years from the date of adoption of the ordinance adopting property 3 4 tax allocation financing, the county shall adopt an ordinance 5 dissolving the special tax allocation fund for the economic 6 development project area and terminating the designation of the economic development project area as an economic development 7 project area; however, in relation to one or more contiguous 8 9 parcels not exceeding a total area of 120 acres within which an 10 electric generating facility is intended to be constructed, and 11 with respect to which the owner of that proposed electric generating facility has entered into a redevelopment agreement 12 with Grundy County on or before July 25, 2017, the ordinance of 13 14 the county required in this paragraph shall not dissolve the 15 special tax allocation fund for the existing economic 16 development project area and shall only terminate the designation of the economic development project area as to 17 those portions of the economic development project area 18 excluding the area covered by the redevelopment agreement 19 20 between the owner of the proposed electric generating facility and Grundy County; the county shall adopt an ordinance 21 22 dissolving the special tax allocation fund for the economic 23 development project area and terminating the designation of the 24 economic development project area as an economic development 25 project area with regard to the electric generating facility 26 property not later than 35 years from the date of adoption of

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the ordinance adopting property tax allocation financing.
Thereafter the rates of the taxing districts shall be extended
and taxes levied, collected and distributed in the manner
applicable in the absence of the adoption of property tax
allocation financing.

6 Nothing in this Section shall be construed as relieving 7 property in economic development project areas from being 8 assessed as provided in the Property Tax Code or as relieving 9 owners of that property from paying a uniform rate of taxes, as 10 required by Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois 11 Constitution of 1970.

12 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 99-513, eff. 6-30-16.)

Section 950. The County Economic Development Project Area Tax Increment Allocation Act of 1991 is amended by changing Section 50 as follows:

16 (55 ILCS 90/50) (from Ch. 34, par. 8050)

17 Sec. 50. Special tax allocation fund.

(a) If a county clerk has certified the "total initial
equalized assessed value" of the taxable real property within
an economic development project area in the manner provided in
Section 45, each year after the date of the certification by
the county clerk of the "total initial equalized assessed
value", until economic development project costs and all county
obligations financing economic development project costs have

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been paid, the ad valorem taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon the taxable real property in the economic development project area by taxing districts and tax rates determined in the manner provided in subsection (b) of Section 5 45 shall be divided as follows:

(1) That portion of the taxes levied upon each taxable 6 7 lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property that is 8 attributable to the lower of the current equalized assessed 9 value or the initial equalized assessed value of each 10 taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property existing at the time tax increment financing was adopted 11 shall be allocated to (and when collected shall be paid by 12 13 the county collector to) the respective affected taxing 14 districts in the manner required by law in the absence of 15 the adoption of tax increment allocation financing.

That portion, if any, of the taxes that is 16 (2) 17 attributable to the increase in the current equalized assessed valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, or 18 19 parcel of real property in the economic development project 20 area, over and above the initial equalized assessed value 21 of each property existing at the time tax increment 22 financing was adopted, shall be allocated to (and when 23 collected shall be paid to) the county treasurer, who shall 24 deposit the taxes into a special fund (called the special 25 tax allocation fund of the county) for the purpose of 26 paying economic development project costs and obligations

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incurred in the payment of those costs.

(b) The county, by an ordinance adopting tax increment 2 allocation financing, may pledge the monies in and to be 3 4 deposited into the special tax allocation fund for the payment 5 of obligations issued under this Act and for the payment of 6 economic development project costs. No part of the current equalized assessed valuation of each property in the economic 7 8 development project area attributable to any increase above the 9 total initial equalized assessed value of those properties 10 shall be used in calculating the general State school aid 11 formula under Section 18-8 of the School Code or the evidence-based funding formula under Section 18-8.15 of the 12 13 School Code until all economic development projects costs have been paid as provided for in this Section. 14

15 the economic development projects costs, (C) When 16 including without limitation all county obligations financing economic development project costs incurred under this Act, 17 18 have been paid, all surplus monies then remaining in the special tax allocation fund shall be distributed by being paid 19 20 by the county treasurer to the county collector, who shall immediately pay the monies to the taxing districts having 21 22 taxable property in the economic development project area in 23 the same manner and proportion as the most recent distribution 24 by the county collector to those taxing districts of real 25 property taxes from real property in the economic development 26 project area.

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1 (d) Upon the payment of all economic development project costs, retirement of obligations, and distribution of any 2 excess monies under this Section, the county shall adopt an 3 4 ordinance dissolving the special tax allocation fund for the 5 economic development project area and terminating the 6 designation of the economic development project area as an economic development project area. Thereafter, the rates of the 7 8 taxing districts shall be extended and taxes shall be levied, 9 collected, and distributed in the manner applicable in the 10 absence of the adoption of tax increment allocation financing.

(e) Nothing in this Section shall be construed as relieving property in the economic development project areas from being assessed as provided in the Property Tax Code or as relieving owners of that property from paying a uniform rate of taxes as required by Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution.

17 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)

18 Section 955. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by 19 changing Sections 11-74.4-3, 11-74.4-8, and 11-74.6-35 as 20 follows:

(65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.4-3)
Sec. 11-74.4-3. Definitions. The following terms, wherever
used or referred to in this Division 74.4 shall have the
following respective meanings, unless in any case a different

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1 meaning clearly appears from the context.

2 (a) For any redevelopment project area that has been 3 designated pursuant to this Section by an ordinance adopted 4 prior to November 1, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 5 91-478), "blighted area" shall have the meaning set forth in 6 this Section prior to that date.

7 On and after November 1, 1999, "blighted area" means any 8 improved or vacant area within the boundaries of a 9 redevelopment project area located within the territorial 10 limits of the municipality where:

11 improved, industrial, commercial, (1)Ιf and residential buildings or improvements are detrimental to 12 13 public safety, health, or welfare because of a the 14 combination of 5 or more of the following factors, each of 15 which is (i) present, with that presence documented, to a 16 meaningful extent so that a municipality may reasonably find that the factor is clearly present within the intent 17 18 of the Act and (ii) reasonably distributed throughout the 19 improved part of the redevelopment project area:

20 (A) Dilapidation. An advanced state of disrepair 21 neglect of necessary repairs to the primary or 22 structural components of buildings or improvements in 23 а combination that a documented such building 24 condition analysis determines that major repair is 25 required or the defects are so serious and so extensive 26 that the buildings must be removed.

(B) Obsolescence. The condition or process of
 falling into disuse. Structures have become ill-suited
 for the original use.

(C) Deterioration. With respect to buildings, 4 5 defects including, but not limited to, major defects in the secondary building components such as doors, 6 7 windows, porches, gutters and downspouts, and fascia. 8 With respect to surface improvements, that the 9 condition of roadways, alleys, curbs, gutters, 10 sidewalks, off-street parking, and surface storage 11 areas evidence deterioration, including, but not limited to, surface cracking, crumbling, potholes, 12 13 depressions, loose paving material, and weeds 14 protruding through paved surfaces.

15 (D) Presence of structures below minimum code 16 standards. All structures that do not meet the 17 standards of zoning, subdivision, building, fire, and 18 other governmental codes applicable to property, but 19 not including housing and property maintenance codes.

(E) Illegal use of individual structures. The use
of structures in violation of applicable federal,
State, or local laws, exclusive of those applicable to
the presence of structures below minimum code
standards.

(F) Excessive vacancies. The presence of buildings
 that are unoccupied or under-utilized and that

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represent an adverse influence on the area because of the frequency, extent, or duration of the vacancies.

3 (G) Lack of ventilation, light, or sanitary 4 facilities. The absence of adequate ventilation for 5 light or air circulation in spaces or rooms without windows, or that require the removal of dust, odor, 6 gas, smoke, or other noxious airborne materials. 7 8 Inadequate natural light and ventilation means the 9 absence of skylights or windows for interior spaces or 10 rooms and improper window sizes and amounts by room 11 area to window area ratios. Inadequate sanitary facilities refers to the absence or inadequacy of 12 13 garbage storage and enclosure, bathroom facilities, 14 hot water and kitchens, and structural inadequacies 15 preventing ingress and egress to and from all rooms and 16 units within a building.

(H) Inadequate utilities. Underground and overhead 17 18 utilities such as storm sewers and storm drainage, 19 sanitary sewers, water lines, and gas, telephone, and 20 electrical services that are shown to be inadequate. 21 Inadequate utilities are those that are: (i) of 22 insufficient capacity to serve the uses in the 23 redevelopment project area, (ii) deteriorated, 24 antiquated, obsolete, or in disrepair, or (iii) 25 lacking within the redevelopment project area.

(I) Excessive land coverage and overcrowding of

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community facilities. The 1 structures and over-intensive use of property and the crowding of 2 3 buildings and accessory facilities onto a site. 4 Examples of problem conditions warranting the 5 designation of an area as one exhibiting excessive land coverage are: (i) the presence of buildings either 6 7 improperly situated on parcels or located on parcels of 8 inadequate size and shape in relation to present-day 9 standards of development for health and safety and (ii) 10 the presence of multiple buildings on a single parcel. 11 For there to be a finding of excessive land coverage, these parcels must exhibit one or more of the following 12 13 conditions: insufficient provision for light and air 14 within or around buildings, increased threat of spread 15 of fire due to the close proximity of buildings, lack 16 of adequate or proper access to a public right-of-way, lack of reasonably required off-street parking, or 17 18 inadequate provision for loading and service.

(J) Deleterious land use or layout. The existence
of incompatible land-use relationships, buildings
occupied by inappropriate mixed-uses, or uses
considered to be noxious, offensive, or unsuitable for
the surrounding area.

(K) Environmental clean-up. The proposed
 redevelopment project area has incurred Illinois
 Environmental Protection Agency or United States

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Environmental Protection Agency remediation costs for, 1 or a study conducted by an independent consultant 2 3 recognized as having expertise in environmental 4 remediation has determined a need for, the clean-up of 5 hazardous waste, hazardous substances, or underground storage tanks required by State or federal law, 6 provided that the remediation costs constitute a 7 8 material impediment to the development or 9 redevelopment of the redevelopment project area.

10 (L) Lack of community planning. The proposed 11 redevelopment project area was developed prior to or without the benefit or guidance of a community plan. 12 13 This means that the development occurred prior to the 14 adoption by the municipality of a comprehensive or 15 other community plan or that the plan was not followed 16 at the time of the area's development. This factor must 17 be documented by evidence of adverse or incompatible 18 land-use relationships, inadequate street layout, 19 improper subdivision, parcels of inadequate shape and 20 size to meet contemporary development standards, or 21 other evidence demonstrating an absence of effective 22 community planning.

(M) The total equalized assessed value of the
proposed redevelopment project area has declined for 3
of the last 5 calendar years prior to the year in which
the redevelopment project area is designated or is

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increasing at an annual rate that is less than the 1 balance of the municipality for 3 of the last 5 2 3 calendar years for which information is available or is increasing at an annual rate that is less than the 4 5 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the United States Department of Labor or successor 6 agency for 3 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the 7 8 year in which the redevelopment project area is designated. 9

10 (2) If vacant, the sound growth of the redevelopment project area is impaired by a combination of 2 or more of 11 the following factors, each of which is (i) present, with 12 13 that presence documented, to a meaningful extent so that a 14 municipality may reasonably find that the factor is clearly 15 present within the intent of the Act and (ii) reasonably the vacant 16 throughout distributed part of the 17 redevelopment project area to which it pertains:

18 (A) Obsolete platting of vacant land that results 19 in parcels of limited or narrow size or configurations 20 of parcels of irregular size or shape that would be 21 difficult to develop on a planned basis and in a manner 22 compatible with contemporary standards and 23 requirements, or platting that failed to create 24 rights-of-ways for streets or alleys or that created 25 inadequate right-of-way widths for streets, alleys, or 26 other public rights-of-way or that omitted easements

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1 for public utilities.
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(B) Diversity of ownership of parcels of vacant land sufficient in number to retard or impede the ability to assemble the land for development.

5 (C) Tax and special assessment delinquencies exist 6 or the property has been the subject of tax sales under 7 the Property Tax Code within the last 5 years.

8 (D) Deterioration of structures or site 9 improvements in neighboring areas adjacent to the 10 vacant land.

11 (E) The area has incurred Illinois Environmental 12 Protection Agency or United States Environmental 13 Protection Agency remediation costs for, or a study 14 conducted by an independent consultant recognized as 15 having expertise in environmental remediation has 16 determined a need for, the clean-up of hazardous waste, hazardous substances, or underground storage tanks 17 18 required by State or federal law, provided that the 19 remediation costs constitute a material impediment to 20 the development or redevelopment of the redevelopment 21 project area.

(F) The total equalized assessed value of the proposed redevelopment project area has declined for 3 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the year in which the redevelopment project area is designated or is increasing at an annual rate that is less than the 10000SB0444ham001

balance of the municipality for 3 of the last 5 1 calendar years for which information is available or is 2 3 increasing at an annual rate that is less than the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published 4 5 by the United States Department of Labor or successor agency for 3 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the 6 year in which the redevelopment project area is 7 8 designated.

9 (3) If vacant, the sound growth of the redevelopment 10 project area is impaired by one of the following factors that (i) is present, with that presence documented, to a 11 meaningful extent so that a municipality may reasonably 12 13 find that the factor is clearly present within the intent 14 of the Act and (ii) is reasonably distributed throughout 15 the vacant part of the redevelopment project area to which it pertains: 16

17 (A) The area consists of one or more unused18 quarries, mines, or strip mine ponds.

(B) The area consists of unused rail yards, rail
tracks, or railroad rights-of-way.

(C) The area, prior to its designation, is subject
to (i) chronic flooding that adversely impacts on real
property in the area as certified by a registered
professional engineer or appropriate regulatory agency
or (ii) surface water that discharges from all or a
part of the area and contributes to flooding within the

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same watershed, but only if the redevelopment project provides for facilities or improvements to contribute to the alleviation of all or part of the flooding.

4 (D) The area consists of an unused or illegal 5 disposal site containing earth, stone, building 6 debris, or similar materials that were removed from 7 construction, demolition, excavation, or dredge sites.

(E) Prior to November 1, 1999, the area is not less 8 9 than 50 nor more than 100 acres and 75% of which is 10 vacant (notwithstanding that the area has been used for 11 commercial agricultural purposes within 5 years prior 12 to the designation of the redevelopment project area), 13 and the area meets at least one of the factors itemized 14 in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the area has been 15 designated as a town or village center by ordinance or 16 comprehensive plan adopted prior to January 1, 1982, 17 and the area has not been developed for that designated 18 purpose.

(F) The area qualified as a blighted improved area
immediately prior to becoming vacant, unless there has
been substantial private investment in the immediately
surrounding area.

(b) For any redevelopment project area that has been designated pursuant to this Section by an ordinance adopted prior to November 1, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-478), "conservation area" shall have the meaning set forth 10000SB0444ham001 -111- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 in this Section prior to that date.

On and after November 1, 1999, "conservation area" means 2 3 any improved area within the boundaries of a redevelopment project area located within the territorial limits of the 4 5 municipality in which 50% or more of the structures in the area have an age of 35 years or more. Such an area is not yet a 6 blighted area but because of a combination of 3 or more of the 7 8 following factors is detrimental to the public safety, health, 9 morals or welfare and such an area may become a blighted area:

10 (1) Dilapidation. An advanced state of disrepair or neglect of necessary repairs to the primary structural 11 such a 12 components of buildings or improvements in 13 combination that a documented building condition analysis 14 determines that major repair is required or the defects are 15 so serious and so extensive that the buildings must be 16 removed.

17 (2) Obsolescence. The condition or process of falling
18 into disuse. Structures have become ill-suited for the
19 original use.

(3) Deterioration. With respect to buildings, defects
including, but not limited to, major defects in the
secondary building components such as doors, windows,
porches, gutters and downspouts, and fascia. With respect
to surface improvements, that the condition of roadways,
alleys, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, off-street parking, and
surface storage areas evidence deterioration, including,

but not limited to, surface cracking, crumbling, potholes,
 depressions, loose paving material, and weeds protruding
 through paved surfaces.

(4) Presence of structures below minimum code 4 standards. All structures that do not meet the standards of 5 subdivision, other 6 zoning, building, fire, and 7 governmental codes applicable to property, but not 8 including housing and property maintenance codes.

9 (5) Illegal use of individual structures. The use of 10 structures in violation of applicable federal, State, or 11 local laws, exclusive of those applicable to the presence 12 of structures below minimum code standards.

13 (6) Excessive vacancies. The presence of buildings
14 that are unoccupied or under-utilized and that represent an
15 adverse influence on the area because of the frequency,
16 extent, or duration of the vacancies.

17 (7)Lack of ventilation, light, or sanitary facilities. The absence of adequate ventilation for light 18 19 or air circulation in spaces or rooms without windows, or 20 that require the removal of dust, odor, gas, smoke, or 21 other noxious airborne materials. Inadequate natural light 22 and ventilation means the absence or inadequacy of 23 skylights or windows for interior spaces or rooms and 24 improper window sizes and amounts by room area to window 25 area ratios. Inadequate sanitary facilities refers to the 26 absence or inadequacy of garbage storage and enclosure,

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bathroom facilities, hot water and kitchens, and structural inadequacies preventing ingress and egress to and from all rooms and units within a building.

Inadequate utilities. Underground and overhead 4 (8) utilities such as storm sewers and storm drainage, sanitary 5 sewers, water lines, and gas, telephone, and electrical 6 7 services that are shown to be inadequate. Inadequate 8 utilities are those that are: (i) of insufficient capacity 9 to serve the uses in the redevelopment project area, (ii) 10 deteriorated, antiquated, obsolete, or in disrepair, or (iii) lacking within the redevelopment project area. 11

Excessive land coverage and overcrowding of 12 (9) 13 structures and community facilities. The over-intensive 14 use of property and the crowding of buildings and accessory 15 facilities onto a site. Examples of problem conditions warranting the designation of an area as one exhibiting 16 17 excessive land coverage are: the presence of buildings either improperly situated on parcels or located on parcels 18 19 of inadequate size and shape in relation to present-day 20 standards of development for health and safety and the 21 presence of multiple buildings on a single parcel. For 22 there to be a finding of excessive land coverage, these 23 parcels must exhibit one or more of the following conditions: insufficient provision for 24 light and air 25 within or around buildings, increased threat of spread of 26 fire due to the close proximity of buildings, lack of

adequate or proper access to a public right-of-way, lack of
 reasonably required off-street parking, or inadequate
 provision for loading and service.

4 (10) Deleterious land use or layout. The existence of
5 incompatible land-use relationships, buildings occupied by
6 inappropriate mixed-uses, or uses considered to be
7 noxious, offensive, or unsuitable for the surrounding
8 area.

9 (11)Lack of community planning. The proposed 10 redevelopment project area was developed prior to or without the benefit or quidance of a community plan. This 11 12 means that the development occurred prior to the adoption 13 by the municipality of a comprehensive or other community 14 plan or that the plan was not followed at the time of the 15 area's development. This factor must be documented by 16 adverse incompatible evidence of or land-use 17 relationships, inadequate street layout, improper subdivision, parcels of inadequate shape and size to meet 18 contemporary development standards, or other evidence 19 20 demonstrating an absence of effective community planning.

(12) The area has incurred Illinois Environmental 21 22 Protection Agency or United States Environmental 23 Protection Agency remediation costs for, or a study 24 conducted by an independent consultant recognized as 25 having expertise in environmental remediation has 26 determined a need for, the clean-up of hazardous waste,

hazardous substances, or underground storage tanks required by State or federal law, provided that the remediation costs constitute a material impediment to the development or redevelopment of the redevelopment project area.

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(13) The total equalized assessed value of the proposed 6 redevelopment project area has declined for 3 of the last 5 7 8 calendar years for which information is available or is 9 increasing at an annual rate that is less than the balance 10 of the municipality for 3 of the last 5 calendar years for 11 which information is available or is increasing at an annual rate that is less than the Consumer Price Index for 12 13 Urban Consumers published by the United States All 14 Department of Labor or successor agency for 3 of the last 5 15 calendar years for which information is available.

16 (c) "Industrial park" means an area in a blighted or conservation area suitable for use by any manufacturing, 17 18 industrial, research or transportation enterprise, of 19 facilities to include but not be limited to factories, mills, 20 processing plants, assembly plants, packing plants, 21 fabricating plants, industrial distribution centers, 22 warehouses, repair overhaul or service facilities, freight terminals, research facilities, test facilities or railroad 23 24 facilities.

(d) "Industrial park conservation area" means an areawithin the boundaries of a redevelopment project area located

1 within the territorial limits of a municipality that is a labor surplus municipality or within $1 \ 1/2$ miles of the territorial 2 limits of a municipality that is a labor surplus municipality 3 4 if the area is annexed to the municipality; which area is zoned 5 as industrial no later than at the time the municipality by 6 ordinance designates the redevelopment project area, and which area includes both vacant land suitable for use as 7 an 8 industrial park and a blighted area or conservation area 9 contiguous to such vacant land.

10 (e) "Labor surplus municipality" means a municipality in 11 which, at any time during the 6 months before the municipality by ordinance designates an industrial park conservation area, 12 the unemployment rate was over 6% and was also 100% or more of 13 the national average unemployment rate for that same time as 14 15 published in the United States Department of Labor Bureau of 16 Statistics publication entitled "The Labor Employment Situation" or its successor publication. For the purpose of 17 this subsection, if unemployment rate statistics for the 18 municipality are not available, the unemployment rate in the 19 20 municipality shall be deemed to be the same as the unemployment 21 rate in the principal county in which the municipality is located. 22

(f) "Municipality" shall mean a city, village, incorporated town, or a township that is located in the unincorporated portion of a county with 3 million or more inhabitants, if the county adopted an ordinance that approved 10000SB0444ham001

1 the township's redevelopment plan.

(g) "Initial Sales Tax Amounts" means the amount of taxes
paid under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Use Tax Act,
Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and the Municipal
Service Occupation Tax Act by retailers and servicemen on
transactions at places located in a State Sales Tax Boundary
during the calendar year 1985.

9 (g-1) "Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts" means the amount 10 of taxes paid under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Use Tax 11 Act, Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the 12 Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and the Municipal 13 Service Occupation Tax Act by retailers and servicemen on 14 transactions at places located within the State Sales Tax 15 Boundary revised pursuant to Section 11-74.4-8a(9) of this Act.

16 (h) "Municipal Sales Tax Increment" means an amount equal 17 to the increase in the aggregate amount of taxes paid to a 18 municipality from the Local Government Tax Fund arising from sales by retailers and servicemen within the redevelopment 19 20 project area or State Sales Tax Boundary, as the case may be, 21 for as long as the redevelopment project area or State Sales 22 Tax Boundary, as the case may be, exist over and above the 23 aggregate amount of taxes as certified by the Illinois 24 Department of Revenue and paid under the Municipal Retailers' 25 Occupation Tax Act and the Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act 26 by retailers and servicemen, on transactions at places of

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1 business located in the redevelopment project area or State Sales Tax Boundary, as the case may be, during the base year 2 3 which shall be the calendar year immediately prior to the year 4 in which the municipality adopted tax increment allocation 5 financing. For purposes of computing the aggregate amount of 6 such taxes for base years occurring prior to 1985, the Department of Revenue shall determine the Initial Sales Tax 7 8 Amounts for such taxes and deduct therefrom an amount equal to 9 4% of the aggregate amount of taxes per year for each year the 10 base year is prior to 1985, but not to exceed a total deduction 11 of 12%. The amount so determined shall be known as the 12 "Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts". For purposes of 13 determining the Municipal Sales Tax Increment, the Department 14 of Revenue shall for each period subtract from the amount paid 15 to the municipality from the Local Government Tax Fund arising 16 from sales by retailers and servicemen on transactions located in the redevelopment project area or the State Sales Tax 17 Boundary, as the case may be, the certified Initial Sales Tax 18 Amounts, the Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised 19 20 Initial Sales Tax Amounts for the Municipal Retailers' 21 Occupation Tax Act and the Municipal Service Occupation Tax 22 Act. For the State Fiscal Year 1989, this calculation shall be 23 made by utilizing the calendar year 1987 to determine the tax 24 amounts received. For the State Fiscal Year 1990, this 25 calculation shall be made by utilizing the period from January 26 1, 1988, until September 30, 1988, to determine the tax amounts

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received from retailers and servicemen pursuant to 1 the Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax and the Municipal Service 2 3 Occupation Tax Act, which shall have deducted therefrom 4 nine-twelfths of the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, the 5 Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales 6 Tax Amounts as appropriate. For the State Fiscal Year 1991, 7 this calculation shall be made by utilizing the period from October 1, 1988, to June 30, 1989, to determine the tax amounts 8 9 received from retailers and servicemen pursuant to the 10 Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax and the Municipal Service 11 Occupation Tax Act which shall have deducted therefrom nine-twelfths of the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, 12 13 Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales 14 Tax Amounts as appropriate. For every State Fiscal Year 15 thereafter, the applicable period shall be the 12 months 16 beginning July 1 and ending June 30 to determine the tax amounts received which shall have deducted therefrom the 17 certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, the Adjusted Initial Sales 18 19 Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts, as the 20 case may be.

(i) "Net State Sales Tax Increment" means the sum of the
following: (a) 80% of the first \$100,000 of State Sales Tax
Increment annually generated within a State Sales Tax Boundary;
(b) 60% of the amount in excess of \$100,000 but not exceeding
\$500,000 of State Sales Tax Increment annually generated within
a State Sales Tax Boundary; and (c) 40% of all amounts in

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1 excess of \$500,000 of State Sales Tax Increment annually generated within a State Sales Tax Boundary. If, however, a 2 3 municipality established a tax increment financing district in 4 a county with a population in excess of 3,000,000 before 5 January 1, 1986, and the municipality entered into a contract 6 or issued bonds after January 1, 1986, but before December 31, 1986, to finance redevelopment project costs within a State 7 Sales Tax Boundary, then the Net State Sales Tax Increment 8 9 means, for the fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990, and July 1, 10 1991, 100% of the State Sales Tax Increment annually generated 11 within a State Sales Tax Boundary; and notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, for those fiscal years the 12 13 Department of Revenue shall distribute to those municipalities 100% of their Net State Sales Tax Increment before any 14 15 distribution to any other municipality and regardless of 16 whether or not those other municipalities will receive 100% of their Net State Sales Tax Increment. For Fiscal Year 1999, and 17 every year thereafter until the year 2007, for any municipality 18 that has not entered into a contract or has not issued bonds 19 20 prior to June 1, 1988 to finance redevelopment project costs within a State Sales Tax Boundary, the Net State Sales Tax 21 22 Increment shall be calculated as follows: By multiplying the 23 Net State Sales Tax Increment by 90% in the State Fiscal Year 24 1999; 80% in the State Fiscal Year 2000; 70% in the State 25 Fiscal Year 2001; 60% in the State Fiscal Year 2002; 50% in the 26 State Fiscal Year 2003; 40% in the State Fiscal Year 2004; 30%

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in the State Fiscal Year 2005; 20% in the State Fiscal Year
 2006; and 10% in the State Fiscal Year 2007. No payment shall
 be made for State Fiscal Year 2008 and thereafter.

4 Municipalities that issued bonds in connection with a 5 redevelopment project in a redevelopment project area within the State Sales Tax Boundary prior to July 29, 1991, or that 6 entered into contracts in connection with a redevelopment 7 project in a redevelopment project area before June 1, 1988, 8 shall continue to receive their proportional share of the 9 10 Illinois Tax Increment Fund distribution until the date on 11 which the redevelopment project is completed or terminated. If, however, a municipality that issued bonds in connection with a 12 13 redevelopment project in a redevelopment project area within 14 the State Sales Tax Boundary prior to July 29, 1991 retires the 15 bonds prior to June 30, 2007 or a municipality that entered 16 into contracts in connection with a redevelopment project in a redevelopment project area before June 1, 1988 completes the 17 contracts prior to June 30, 2007, then so long as 18 the redevelopment project is not completed or is not terminated, 19 20 the Net State Sales Tax Increment shall be calculated, beginning on the date on which the bonds are retired or the 21 22 contracts are completed, as follows: By multiplying the Net 23 State Sales Tax Increment by 60% in the State Fiscal Year 2002; 24 50% in the State Fiscal Year 2003; 40% in the State Fiscal Year 25 2004; 30% in the State Fiscal Year 2005; 20% in the State 26 Fiscal Year 2006; and 10% in the State Fiscal Year 2007. No

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payment shall be made for State Fiscal Year 2008 and
 thereafter. Refunding of any bonds issued prior to July 29,
 1991, shall not alter the Net State Sales Tax Increment.

4 (j) "State Utility Tax Increment Amount" means an amount 5 equal to the aggregate increase in State electric and gas tax 6 charges imposed on owners and tenants, other than residential customers, of properties located within the redevelopment 7 project area under Section 9-222 of the Public Utilities Act, 8 9 over and above the aggregate of such charges as certified by 10 the Department of Revenue and paid by owners and tenants, other 11 residential customers, of properties within than the redevelopment project area during the base year, which shall be 12 13 the calendar year immediately prior to the year of the adoption 14 of the ordinance authorizing tax increment allocation 15 financing.

16 (k) "Net State Utility Tax Increment" means the sum of the following: (a) 80% of the first \$100,000 of State Utility Tax 17 Increment annually generated by a redevelopment project area; 18 (b) 60% of the amount in excess of \$100,000 but not exceeding 19 20 \$500,000 of the State Utility Tax Increment annually generated by a redevelopment project area; and (c) 40% of all amounts in 21 22 excess of \$500,000 of State Utility Tax Increment annually 23 generated by a redevelopment project area. For the State Fiscal 24 Year 1999, and every year thereafter until the year 2007, for 25 any municipality that has not entered into a contract or has not issued bonds prior to June 1, 1988 to finance redevelopment 26

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project costs within a redevelopment project area, the Net 1 State Utility Tax Increment shall be calculated as follows: By 2 3 multiplying the Net State Utility Tax Increment by 90% in the 4 State Fiscal Year 1999; 80% in the State Fiscal Year 2000; 70% 5 in the State Fiscal Year 2001; 60% in the State Fiscal Year 6 2002; 50% in the State Fiscal Year 2003; 40% in the State Fiscal Year 2004; 30% in the State Fiscal Year 2005; 20% in the 7 State Fiscal Year 2006; and 10% in the State Fiscal Year 2007. 8 No payment shall be made for the State Fiscal Year 2008 and 9 10 thereafter.

11 Municipalities that issue bonds in connection with the redevelopment project during the period from June 1, 1988 until 12 13 3 years after the effective date of this Amendatory Act of 1988 14 shall receive the Net State Utility Tax Increment, subject to 15 appropriation, for 15 State Fiscal Years after the issuance of 16 such bonds. For the 16th through the 20th State Fiscal Years after issuance of the bonds, the Net State Utility Tax 17 Increment shall be calculated as follows: By multiplying the 18 Net State Utility Tax Increment by 90% in year 16; 80% in year 19 20 17; 70% in year 18; 60% in year 19; and 50% in year 20. Refunding of any bonds issued prior to June 1, 1988, shall not 21 22 alter the revised Net State Utility Tax Increment payments set 23 forth above.

(1) "Obligations" mean bonds, loans, debentures, notes,
special certificates or other evidence of indebtedness issued
by the municipality to carry out a redevelopment project or to

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1 refund outstanding obligations.

(m) "Payment in lieu of taxes" means those estimated tax 2 3 revenues from real property in a redevelopment project area 4 derived from real property that has been acquired by a 5 municipality which according to the redevelopment project or plan is to be used for a private use which taxing districts 6 would have received had a municipality not acquired the real 7 8 property and adopted tax increment allocation financing and 9 which would result from levies made after the time of the 10 adoption of tax increment allocation financing to the time the 11 current equalized value of real property in the redevelopment project area exceeds the total initial equalized value of real 12 13 property in said area.

(n) "Redevelopment plan" means the comprehensive program 14 15 of the municipality for development or redevelopment intended 16 by the payment of redevelopment project costs to reduce or eliminate those conditions the existence of which qualified the 17 18 redevelopment project area а "blighted area" as or "conservation area" or combination thereof or "industrial park 19 20 conservation area," and thereby to enhance the tax bases of the 21 taxing districts which extend into the redevelopment project 22 area, provided that, with respect to redevelopment project 23 areas described in subsections (p-1) and (p-2), "redevelopment 24 plan" means the comprehensive program of the affected 25 municipality for the development of qualifying transit facilities. On and after November 1, 1999 (the effective date 26

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1 of Public Act 91-478), no redevelopment plan may be approved or amended that includes the development of vacant land (i) with a 2 3 golf course and related clubhouse and other facilities or (ii) 4 designated by federal, State, county, or municipal government 5 as public land for outdoor recreational activities or for nature preserves and used for that purpose within 5 years prior 6 7 to the adoption of the redevelopment plan. For the purpose of this subsection, "recreational activities" is limited to mean 8 9 camping and hunting. Each redevelopment plan shall set forth in 10 writing the program to be undertaken to accomplish the 11 objectives and shall include but not be limited to:

12 (A) an itemized list of estimated redevelopment13 project costs;

(B) evidence indicating that the redevelopment project area on the whole has not been subject to growth and development through investment by private enterprise, provided that such evidence shall not be required for any redevelopment project area located within a transit facility improvement area established pursuant to Section 11-74.4-3.3;

(C) an assessment of any financial impact of the redevelopment project area on or any increased demand for services from any taxing district affected by the plan and any program to address such financial impact or increased demand;

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(D) the sources of funds to pay costs;

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(E) the nature and term of the obligations to be 1 issued: 2 3 (F) the most recent equalized assessed valuation of the redevelopment project area; 4 5 (G) an estimate as to the equalized assessed valuation after redevelopment and the general land uses to apply in 6 7 the redevelopment project area; 8 (H) a commitment to fair employment practices and an 9 affirmative action plan; 10 (I) if it concerns an industrial park conservation area, the plan shall also include a general description of 11 12 any proposed developer, user and tenant of any property, a 13 description of the type, structure and general character of 14 the facilities to be developed, a description of the type, 15 class and number of new employees to be employed in the

operation of the facilities to be developed; and

(J) if property is to be annexed to the municipality,
the plan shall include the terms of the annexation
agreement.

The provisions of items (B) and (C) of this subsection (n) shall not apply to a municipality that before March 14, 1994 (the effective date of Public Act 88-537) had fixed, either by its corporate authorities or by a commission designated under subsection (k) of Section 11-74.4-4, a time and place for a public hearing as required by subsection (a) of Section 11-74.4-5. No redevelopment plan shall be adopted unless a 1

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municipality complies with all of the following requirements:

The municipality finds that the redevelopment 2 (1)3 project area on the whole has not been subject to growth and development through investment by private enterprise 4 5 and would not reasonably be anticipated to be developed without the adoption of the redevelopment plan, provided, 6 however, that such a finding shall not be required with 7 8 respect to any redevelopment project area located within a 9 transit facility improvement area established pursuant to 10 Section 11-74.4-3.3.

11 (2) The municipality finds that the redevelopment plan and project conform to the comprehensive plan for the 12 13 development of the municipality as a whole, or, for 14 municipalities with a population of 100,000 or more, 15 regardless of when the redevelopment plan and project was 16 adopted, the redevelopment plan and project either: (i) strategic economic development 17 conforms to the or redevelopment plan issued by the designated planning 18 authority of the municipality, or (ii) includes land uses 19 20 that have been approved by the planning commission of the 21 municipality.

(3) The redevelopment plan establishes the estimated
dates of completion of the redevelopment project and
retirement of obligations issued to finance redevelopment
project costs. Those dates may not be later than the dates
set forth under Section 11-74.4-3.5.

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A municipality may by municipal ordinance amend an 1 existing redevelopment plan to conform to this paragraph 2 3 (3) as amended by Public Act 91-478, which municipal 4 ordinance may be adopted without further hearing or notice 5 and without complying with the procedures provided in this Act pertaining to an amendment to or the initial approval 6 of a redevelopment plan and project and designation of a 7 8 redevelopment project area.

9 (3.5) The municipality finds, in the case of an 10 industrial park conservation area, also that the municipality is a labor surplus municipality and that the 11 implementation of the redevelopment plan will reduce 12 13 unemployment, create new jobs and by the provision of new 14 facilities enhance the tax base of the taxing districts 15 that extend into the redevelopment project area.

(4) If any incremental revenues are being utilized 16 Section 8(a)(1) or 8(a)(2) of 17 under this Act in redevelopment project areas approved by ordinance after 18 January 1, 1986, the municipality finds: (a) that the 19 20 redevelopment project area would not reasonably be 21 developed without the use of such incremental revenues, and 22 (b) that such incremental revenues will be exclusively 23 utilized for the development of the redevelopment project 24 area.

(5) If: (a) the redevelopment plan will not result in
 displacement of residents from 10 or more inhabited

residential units, and the municipality certifies in the 1 2 plan that such displacement will not result from the plan; 3 or (b) the redevelopment plan is for a redevelopment project area located within a transit facility improvement 4 5 area established pursuant to Section 11-74.4-3.3, and the applicable project is subject to the process for evaluation 6 of environmental effects under the National Environmental 7 Policy Act of 1969, 42 U.S.C. $\frac{2}{5}$ 4321 et seq., then a 8 9 housing impact study need not be performed. If, however, 10 the redevelopment plan would result in the displacement of residents from 10 or more inhabited residential units, or 11 if the redevelopment project area contains 75 or more 12 13 inhabited residential units and no certification is made, 14 then the municipality shall prepare, as part of the 15 separate feasibility report required by subsection (a) of Section 11-74.4-5, a housing impact study. 16

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17 Part I of the housing impact study shall include (i) data as to whether the residential units are single family 18 19 or multi-family units, (ii) the number and type of rooms 20 within the units, if that information is available, (iii) 21 whether the units are inhabited or uninhabited, as 22 determined not less than 45 days before the date that the 23 ordinance or resolution required by subsection (a) of 24 Section 11-74.4-5 is passed, and (iv) data as to the racial 25 and ethnic composition of the residents in the inhabited 26 residential units. The data requirement as to the racial

1 and ethnic composition of the residents in the inhabited 2 residential units shall be deemed to be fully satisfied by 3 data from the most recent federal census.

Part II of the housing impact study shall identify the 4 5 inhabited residential units in the proposed redevelopment project area that are to be or may be removed. If inhabited 6 7 residential units are to be removed, then the housing 8 impact study shall identify (i) the number and location of 9 those units that will or may be removed, (ii) the 10 municipality's plans for relocation assistance for those residents in the proposed redevelopment project area whose 11 residences are to be removed, (iii) the availability of 12 13 replacement housing for those residents whose residences 14 are to be removed, and shall identify the type, location, 15 and cost of the housing, and (iv) the type and extent of relocation assistance to be provided. 16

17 (6) On and after November 1, 1999, the housing impact
18 study required by paragraph (5) shall be incorporated in
19 the redevelopment plan for the redevelopment project area.

(7) On and after November 1, 1999, no redevelopment plan shall be adopted, nor an existing plan amended, nor shall residential housing that is occupied by households of low-income and very low-income persons in currently existing redevelopment project areas be removed after November 1, 1999 unless the redevelopment plan provides, with respect to inhabited housing units that are to be 10000SB0444ham001 -131- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

removed for households of low-income and very low-income 1 2 persons, affordable housing and relocation assistance not 3 less than that which would be provided under the federal 4 Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property 5 Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 and the regulations under that Act, including the eligibility criteria. Affordable 6 housing may be either existing or newly constructed 7 8 housing. For purposes of this paragraph (7), "low-income 9 households", "very low-income households", and "affordable 10 housing" have the meanings set forth in the Illinois 11 Affordable Housing Act. The municipality shall make a good faith effort to ensure that this affordable housing is 12 13 located in or near the redevelopment project area within 14 the municipality.

(8) On and after November 1, 1999, if, after the
adoption of the redevelopment plan for the redevelopment
project area, any municipality desires to amend its
redevelopment plan to remove more inhabited residential
units than specified in its original redevelopment plan,
that change shall be made in accordance with the procedures
in subsection (c) of Section 11-74.4-5.

(9) For redevelopment project areas designated prior
to November 1, 1999, the redevelopment plan may be amended
without further joint review board meeting or hearing,
provided that the municipality shall give notice of any
such changes by mail to each affected taxing district and

1 registrant on the interested party registry, to authorize the municipality to expend tax increment revenues for 2 3 redevelopment project costs defined by paragraphs (5) and 4 (7.5), subparagraphs (E) and (F) of paragraph (11), and 5 paragraph (11.5) of subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3, so long as the changes do not increase the total estimated 6 redevelopment project costs set out in the redevelopment 7 8 plan by more than 5% after adjustment for inflation from 9 the date the plan was adopted.

(o) "Redevelopment project" means any public and private 10 11 development project in furtherance of the objectives of a redevelopment plan. On and after November 1, 1999 (the 12 13 effective date of Public Act 91-478), no redevelopment plan may 14 be approved or amended that includes the development of vacant 15 land (i) with a golf course and related clubhouse and other 16 facilities or (ii) designated by federal, State, county, or municipal government as public land for outdoor recreational 17 activities or for nature preserves and used for that purpose 18 within 5 years prior to the adoption of the redevelopment plan. 19 20 For the purpose of this subsection, "recreational activities" 21 is limited to mean camping and hunting.

(p) "Redevelopment project area" means an area designated by the municipality, which is not less in the aggregate than 1 1/2 acres and in respect to which the municipality has made a finding that there exist conditions which cause the area to be classified as an industrial park conservation area or a blighted area or a conservation area, or a combination of both
 blighted areas and conservation areas.

(p-1) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the 3 4 contrary, on and after August 25, 2009 (the effective date of 5 Public Act 96-680), a redevelopment project area may include 6 areas within a one-half mile radius of an existing or proposed Regional Transportation Authority Suburban Transit Access 7 8 Route (STAR Line) station without a finding that the area is 9 classified as an industrial park conservation area, a blighted 10 area, a conservation area, or a combination thereof, but only 11 if the municipality receives unanimous consent from the joint review board created to review the proposed redevelopment 12 13 project area.

14 (p-2) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the 15 contrary, on and after the effective date of this amendatory 16 Act of the 99th General Assembly, a redevelopment project area may include areas within a transit facility improvement area 17 that has been established pursuant to Section 11-74.4-3.3 18 without a finding that the area is classified as an industrial 19 20 park conservation area, a blighted area, a conservation area, 21 or any combination thereof.

(q) "Redevelopment project costs", except for redevelopment project areas created pursuant to <u>subsection</u> subsections (p-1) or (p-2), means and includes the sum total of all reasonable or necessary costs incurred or estimated to be incurred, and any such costs incidental to a redevelopment plan 10000SB0444ham001

1 and a redevelopment project. Such costs include, without 2 limitation, the following:

(1) Costs of studies, surveys, development of plans, 3 and specifications, implementation and administration of 4 5 the redevelopment plan including but not limited to staff professional service costs for architectural, 6 and 7 engineering, legal, financial, planning or other services, 8 provided however that no charges for professional services 9 may be based on a percentage of the tax increment 10 collected; except that on and after November 1, 1999 (the 11 effective date of Public Act 91-478), no contracts for 12 professional services, excluding architectural and 13 engineering services, may be entered into if the terms of 14 the contract extend beyond a period of 3 years. In 15 addition, "redevelopment project costs" shall not include 16 After consultation lobbying expenses. with the 17 municipality, each tax increment consultant or advisor to a municipality that plans to designate or has designated a 18 redevelopment project area shall inform the municipality 19 20 in writing of any contracts that the consultant or advisor has entered into with entities or individuals that have 21 22 received, or are receiving, payments financed by tax 23 increment revenues produced by the redevelopment project 24 area with respect to which the consultant or advisor has 25 performed, or will be performing, service for the 26 municipality. This requirement shall be satisfied by the

consultant or advisor before the commencement of services for the municipality and thereafter whenever any other contracts with those individuals or entities are executed by the consultant or advisor;

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5 (1.5) After July 1, 1999, annual administrative costs 6 shall not include general overhead or administrative costs 7 of the municipality that would still have been incurred by 8 the municipality if the municipality had not designated a 9 redevelopment project area or approved a redevelopment 10 plan;

11 (1.6) The cost of marketing sites within the 12 redevelopment project area to prospective businesses, 13 developers, and investors;

14 (2) Property assembly costs, including but not limited 15 to acquisition of land and other property, real or personal, or rights or interests therein, demolition of 16 buildings, site preparation, site improvements that serve 17 as an engineered barrier addressing ground level or below 18 19 ground environmental contamination, including, but not 20 limited to parking lots and other concrete or asphalt 21 barriers, and the clearing and grading of land;

(3) Costs of rehabilitation, reconstruction or repair
or remodeling of existing public or private buildings,
fixtures, and leasehold improvements; and the cost of
replacing an existing public building if pursuant to the
implementation of a redevelopment project the existing

public building is to be demolished to use the site for private investment or devoted to a different use requiring private investment; including any direct or indirect costs relating to Green Globes or LEED certified construction elements or construction elements with an equivalent certification;

(4) Costs of the construction of public works or 7 8 improvements, including any direct or indirect costs 9 relating to Green Globes or LEED certified construction 10 elements or construction elements with an equivalent certification, except that on and after November 1, 1999, 11 redevelopment project costs shall not include the cost of 12 13 constructing a new municipal public building principally 14 used to provide offices, storage space, or conference 15 facilities or vehicle storage, maintenance, or repair for 16 administrative, public safety, or public works personnel and that is not intended to replace an existing public 17 building as provided under paragraph (3) of subsection (q) 18 of Section 11-74.4-3 unless either (i) the construction of 19 20 the new municipal building implements a redevelopment 21 project that was included in a redevelopment plan that was 22 adopted by the municipality prior to November 1, 1999, (ii) 23 the municipality makes a reasonable determination in the 24 redevelopment plan, supported by information that provides 25 the basis for that determination, that the new municipal 26 building is required to meet an increase in the need for

public safety purposes anticipated to result from the implementation of the redevelopment plan, or (iii) the new municipal public building is for the storage, maintenance, or repair of transit vehicles and is located in a transit facility improvement area that has been established pursuant to Section 11-74.4-3.3;

7 (5) Costs of job training and retraining projects,
8 including the cost of "welfare to work" programs
9 implemented by businesses located within the redevelopment
10 project area;

11 (6) Financing costs, including but not limited to all necessary and incidental expenses related to the issuance 12 13 of obligations and which may include payment of interest on 14 any obligations issued hereunder including interest 15 accruing during the estimated period of construction of any 16 redevelopment project for which such obligations are issued and for not exceeding 36 months thereafter and 17 18 including reasonable reserves related thereto;

19 (7) To the extent the municipality by written agreement 20 accepts and approves the same, all or a portion of a taxing 21 district's capital costs resulting from the redevelopment 22 project necessarily incurred or to be incurred within a 23 taxing district in furtherance of the objectives of the 24 redevelopment plan and project<u>;</u>

(7.5) For redevelopment project areas designated (or
 redevelopment project areas amended to add or increase the

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number of tax-increment-financing assisted housing units) 1 on or after November 1, 1999, an elementary, secondary, or 2 3 unit school district's increased costs attributable to assisted housing units located within the redevelopment 4 project area for which the developer or redeveloper 5 receives financial assistance through an agreement with 6 7 the municipality or because the municipality incurs the 8 cost of necessary infrastructure improvements within the 9 boundaries of the assisted housing sites necessary for the 10 completion of that housing as authorized by this Act, and which costs shall be paid by the municipality from the 11 Special Tax Allocation Fund when the tax increment revenue 12 13 is received as a result of the assisted housing units and shall be calculated annually as follows: 14

15 (A) for foundation districts, excluding any school 16 district in a municipality with a population in excess of 1,000,000, by multiplying the district's increase 17 in attendance resulting from the net increase in new 18 students enrolled in that school district who reside in 19 20 housing units within the redevelopment project area 21 that have received financial assistance through an 22 agreement with the municipality or because the 23 municipality incurs the cost of necessary 24 infrastructure improvements within the boundaries of 25 the housing sites necessary for the completion of that 26 housing as authorized by this Act since the designation

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of the redevelopment project area by the most recently 1 available per capita tuition cost as defined in Section 10-20.12a of the School Code less any increase in general State aid as defined in Section 18-8.05 of the School Code or evidence-based funding as defined in Section 18-8.15 of the School Code attributable to these added new students subject to the following annual limitations:

9 (i) for unit school districts with a district 10 average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge of less 11 than \$5,900, no more than 25% of the total amount of property tax increment revenue produced by 12 13 those housing units that have received tax increment finance assistance under this Act; 14

15 (ii) for elementary school districts with a 16 district average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge 17 of less than \$5,900, no more than 17% of the total 18 amount of property tax increment revenue produced 19 by those housing units that have received tax 20 increment finance assistance under this Act; and

(iii) for secondary school districts with a 21 22 district average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge 23 of less than \$5,900, no more than 8% of the total 24 amount of property tax increment revenue produced 25 by those housing units that have received tax 26 increment finance assistance under this Act.

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(B) For alternate method districts, flat grant 1 districts, and foundation districts with a district 2 3 average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge equal to or more than \$5,900, excluding any school district with a 4 population in excess of 1,000,000, by multiplying the 5 district's increase in attendance resulting from the 6 net increase in new students enrolled in that school 7 8 district who reside in housing units within the 9 redevelopment project area that have received 10 financial assistance through an agreement with the 11 municipality or because the municipality incurs the 12 cost of necessary infrastructure improvements within 13 the boundaries of the housing sites necessary for the 14 completion of that housing as authorized by this Act 15 since the designation of the redevelopment project 16 area by the most recently available per capita tuition cost as defined in Section 10-20.12a of the School Code 17 less any increase in general state aid as defined in 18 19 Section 18-8.05 of the School Code or evidence-based 20 funding as defined in Section 18-8.15 of the School 21 Code attributable to these added new students subject 22 to the following annual limitations:

(i) for unit school districts, no more than 40%
 of the total amount of property tax increment
 revenue produced by those housing units that have
 received tax increment finance assistance under

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this Act;
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(ii) for elementary school districts, no more than 27% of the total amount of property tax increment revenue produced by those housing units that have received tax increment finance assistance under this Act; and

7 (iii) for secondary school districts, no more
8 than 13% of the total amount of property tax
9 increment revenue produced by those housing units
10 that have received tax increment finance
11 assistance under this Act.

12 (C) For any school district in a municipality with 13 a population in excess of 1,000,000, the following 14 restrictions shall apply to the reimbursement of 15 increased costs under this paragraph (7.5):

16 (i) no increased costs shall be reimbursed 17 unless the school district certifies that each of 18 the schools affected by the assisted housing 19 project is at or over its student capacity;

(ii) the amount reimbursable shall be reduced by the value of any land donated to the school district by the municipality or developer, and by the value of any physical improvements made to the schools by the municipality or developer; and

(iii) the amount reimbursed may not affectamounts otherwise obligated by the terms of any

bonds, notes, or other funding instruments, or the 1 2 terms of any redevelopment agreement. 3 Any school district seeking payment under this 4 paragraph (7.5) shall, after July 1 and before 5 September 30 of each year, provide the municipality with reasonable evidence to support its claim for 6 reimbursement before the municipality shall 7 be 8 required to approve or make the payment to the school 9 district. If the school district fails to provide the 10 information during this period in any year, it shall 11 forfeit any claim to reimbursement for that year. School districts may adopt a resolution waiving the 12 right to all or a portion of the reimbursement 13 14 otherwise required by this paragraph (7.5). By 15 acceptance of this reimbursement the school district 16 waives the right to directly or indirectly set aside, 17 modify, or contest in any manner the establishment of the redevelopment project area or projects; 18

(7.7) For redevelopment project areas designated (or 19 20 redevelopment project areas amended to add or increase the 21 number of tax-increment-financing assisted housing units) on or after January 1, 2005 (the effective date of Public 22 23 Act 93-961), a public library district's increased costs 24 attributable to assisted housing units located within the 25 redevelopment project area for which the developer or 26 redeveloper receives financial assistance through an 10000SB0444ham001 -143- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

municipality 1 agreement with the or because the 2 municipality incurs the cost of necessary infrastructure 3 improvements within the boundaries of the assisted housing sites necessary for the completion of that housing as 4 5 authorized by this Act shall be paid to the library district by the municipality from the 6 Special Tax Allocation Fund when the tax increment revenue is received 7 8 as a result of the assisted housing units. This paragraph 9 (7.7) applies only if (i) the library district is located 10 in a county that is subject to the Property Tax Extension 11 Limitation Law or (ii) the library district is not located in a county that is subject to the Property Tax Extension 12 13 Limitation Law but the district is prohibited by any other 14 law from increasing its tax levy rate without a prior voter 15 referendum.

16 The amount paid to a library district under this 17 paragraph (7.7) shall be calculated by multiplying (i) the net increase in the number of persons eligible to obtain a 18 library card in that district who reside in housing units 19 20 within the redevelopment project area that have received 21 financial assistance through an agreement with the 22 municipality or because the municipality incurs the cost of 23 necessary infrastructure improvements within the 24 boundaries of the housing sites necessary for the 25 completion of that housing as authorized by this Act since 26 the designation of the redevelopment project area by (ii)

1 the per-patron cost of providing library services so long as it does not exceed \$120. The per-patron cost shall be 2 3 the Total Operating Expenditures Per Capita for the library 4 in the previous fiscal year. The municipality may deduct 5 from the amount that it must pay to a library district under this paragraph any amount that it has voluntarily 6 paid to the library district from the tax increment 7 8 revenue. The amount paid to a library district under this 9 paragraph (7.7) shall be no more than 2% of the amount 10 produced by the assisted housing units and deposited into 11 the Special Tax Allocation Fund.

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A library district is not eligible for any payment under this paragraph (7.7) unless the library district has experienced an increase in the number of patrons from the municipality that created the tax-increment-financing district since the designation of the redevelopment project area.

18 library district seeking payment under Any this 19 paragraph (7.7) shall, after July 1 and before September 30 20 of each year, provide the municipality with convincing 21 evidence to support its claim for reimbursement before the 22 municipality shall be required to approve or make the 23 payment to the library district. If the library district 24 fails to provide the information during this period in any 25 year, it shall forfeit any claim to reimbursement for that 26 year. Library districts may adopt a resolution waiving the -145- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 right to all or a portion of the reimbursement otherwise 2 required by this paragraph (7.7). By acceptance of such 3 reimbursement, the library district shall forfeit any 4 right to directly or indirectly set aside, modify, or 5 contest in any manner whatsoever the establishment of the 6 redevelopment project area or projects;

7 (8) Relocation costs to the extent that a municipality 8 determines that relocation costs shall be paid or is 9 required to make payment of relocation costs by federal or 10 State law or in order to satisfy subparagraph (7) of 11 subsection (n);

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(9) Payment in lieu of taxes;

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13 (10) Costs of job training, retraining, advanced 14 vocational education or career education, including but 15 not limited to courses in occupational, semi-technical or technical fields leading directly to employment, incurred 16 by one or more taxing districts, provided that such costs 17 (i) are related to the establishment and maintenance of 18 19 additional job training, advanced vocational education or 20 career education programs for persons employed or to be 21 employed by employers located in a redevelopment project 22 area; and (ii) when incurred by a taxing district or taxing 23 districts other than the municipality, are set forth in a 24 written agreement by or among the municipality and the 25 taxing district or taxing districts, which agreement 26 describes the program to be undertaken, including but not

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limited to the number of employees to be trained, a 1 description of the training and services to be provided, 2 3 the number and type of positions available or to be 4 available, itemized costs of the program and sources of 5 funds to pay for the same, and the term of the agreement. Such costs include, specifically, the payment by community 6 college districts of costs pursuant to Sections 3-37, 3-38, 7 8 3-40 and 3-40.1 of the Public Community College Act and by 9 school districts of costs pursuant to Sections 10-22.20a 10 and 10-23.3a of the The School Code;

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(11) (11) Interest cost incurred by a redeveloper related to the construction, renovation or rehabilitation of a redevelopment project provided that:

14 (A) such costs are to be paid directly from the
15 special tax allocation fund established pursuant to
16 this Act;

(B) such payments in any one year may not exceed
30% of the annual interest costs incurred by the
redeveloper with regard to the redevelopment project
during that year;

(C) if there are not sufficient funds available in the special tax allocation fund to make the payment pursuant to this paragraph (11) then the amounts so due shall accrue and be payable when sufficient funds are available in the special tax allocation fund;

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(D) the total of such interest payments paid

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pursuant to this Act may not exceed 30% of the total (i) cost paid or incurred by the redeveloper for the redevelopment project plus (ii) redevelopment project costs excluding any property assembly costs and any relocation costs incurred by a municipality pursuant to this Act; and

7 (E) the cost limits set forth in subparagraphs (B) 8 and (D) of paragraph (11) shall be modified for the 9 financing of rehabilitated or new housing units for 10 low-income households and very low-income households, 11 as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Affordable 12 Housing Act. The percentage of 75% shall be substituted 13 for 30% in subparagraphs (B) and (D) of paragraph (11); 14 and.

15 (F) instead Instead of the eligible costs provided by subparagraphs (B) and (D) of paragraph (11), as 16 17 modified by this subparagraph, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, the 18 19 municipality may pay from tax increment revenues up to 20 50% of the cost of construction of new housing units to 21 occupied by low-income households and very be 22 low-income households as defined in Section 3 of the 23 Affordable Housing Act. Illinois The of cost 24 construction of those units may be derived from the 25 proceeds of bonds issued by the municipality under this 26 Act or other constitutional or statutory authority or

1 from other sources of municipal revenue that may be 2 reimbursed from tax increment revenues or the proceeds 3 of bonds issued to finance the construction of that 4 housing.

5 eligible provided The costs under this subparagraph (F) of paragraph (11) shall be an eligible 6 7 cost for the construction, renovation, and 8 rehabilitation of all low and very low-income housing 9 units, as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois 10 Affordable Housing Act, within the redevelopment 11 project area. If the low and very low-income units are part of a residential redevelopment project that 12 13 includes units not affordable to low and very 14 low-income households, only the low and very 15 low-income units shall be eligible for benefits under 16 this subparagraph (F) of paragraph (11). The standards for maintaining the occupancy by low-income households 17 18 and very low-income households, as defined in Section 3 19 of the Illinois Affordable Housing Act, of those units 20 constructed with eligible costs made available under 21 the provisions of this subparagraph (F) of paragraph 22 (11) shall be established by guidelines adopted by the 23 municipality. The responsibility for annually 24 documenting the initial occupancy of the units by 25 low-income households and very low-income households, 26 as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Affordable 10000SB0444ham001

Housing Act, shall be that of the then current owner of 1 2 the property. For ownership units, the guidelines will 3 provide, at a minimum, for a reasonable recapture of funds, or other appropriate methods designed to 4 5 preserve the original affordability of the ownership units. For rental units, the guidelines will provide, 6 at a minimum, for the affordability of rent to low and 7 8 very low-income households. As units become available, 9 they shall be rented to income-eligible tenants. The 10 municipality may modify these quidelines from time to 11 time; the quidelines, however, shall be in effect for 12 as long as tax increment revenue is being used to pay for costs associated with the units or for the 13 14 retirement of bonds issued to finance the units or for 15 the life of the redevelopment project area, whichever 16 is later; -

(11.5) If the redevelopment project area is located 17 within a municipality with a population of more than 18 100,000, the cost of day care services for children of 19 20 employees from low-income families working for businesses 21 located within the redevelopment project area and all or a 22 portion of the cost of operation of day care centers 23 established by redevelopment project area businesses to 24 serve employees from low-income families working in 25 businesses located in the redevelopment project area. For 26 the purposes of this paragraph, "low-income families"

1 means families whose annual income does not exceed 80% of 2 the municipal, county, or regional median income, adjusted 3 for family size, as the annual income and municipal, 4 county, or regional median income are determined from time 5 to time by the United States Department of Housing and 6 Urban Development.

7 (12) Unless explicitly stated herein the cost of 8 construction of new privately-owned buildings shall not be an 9 eligible redevelopment project cost.

10 (13) After November 1, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-478), none of the redevelopment project costs enumerated 11 in this subsection shall be eligible redevelopment project 12 13 costs if those costs would provide direct financial support to 14 a retail entity initiating operations in the redevelopment 15 project area while terminating operations at another Illinois 16 location within 10 miles of the redevelopment project area but outside the boundaries of the redevelopment project area 17 18 municipality. For purposes of this paragraph, termination means a closing of a retail operation that is directly related 19 20 to the opening of the same operation or like retail entity 21 owned or operated by more than 50% of the original ownership in a redevelopment project area, but it does not mean closing an 22 23 operation for reasons beyond the control of the retail entity, 24 as documented by the retail entity, subject to a reasonable 25 finding by the municipality that the current location contained 26 inadequate space, had become economically obsolete, or was no

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longer a viable location for the retailer or serviceman.

(14) No cost shall be a redevelopment project cost in a 2 redevelopment project area if used to demolish, remove, or 3 4 substantially modify a historic resource, after August 26, 2008 5 (the effective date of Public Act 95-934), unless no prudent 6 and feasible alternative exists. "Historic resource" for the purpose of this paragraph item (14) means (i) a place or 7 8 structure that is included or eligible for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places or (ii) a contributing 9 10 structure in a district on the National Register of Historic 11 Places. This paragraph $\frac{1}{1}$ does not apply to a place or structure for which demolition, removal, or modification is 12 13 subject to review by the preservation agency of a Certified 14 Local Government designated as such by the National Park 15 Service of the United States Department of the Interior.

16 If a special service area has been established pursuant to 17 the Special Service Area Tax Act or Special Service Area Tax 18 Law, then any tax increment revenues derived from the tax 19 imposed pursuant to the Special Service Area Tax Act or Special 20 Service Area Tax Law may be used within the redevelopment 21 project area for the purposes permitted by that Act or Law as 22 well as the purposes permitted by this Act.

23 (q-1) For redevelopment project areas created pursuant to 24 subsection (p-1), redevelopment project costs are limited to 25 those costs in paragraph (q) that are related to the existing 26 or proposed Regional Transportation Authority Suburban Transit 10000SB0444ham001 -152- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 Access Route (STAR Line) station.

2 (q-2) For a redevelopment project area located within a 3 transit facility improvement area established pursuant to 4 Section 11-74.4-3.3, redevelopment project costs means those 5 costs described in subsection (q) that are related to the 6 construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, remodeling, or 7 repair of any existing or proposed transit facility.

8 (r) "State Sales Tax Boundary" means the redevelopment 9 project area or the amended redevelopment project area 10 boundaries which are determined pursuant to subsection (9) of 11 Section 11-74.4-8a of this Act. The Department of Revenue shall 12 certify pursuant to subsection (9) of Section 11-74.4-8a the 13 appropriate boundaries eligible for the determination of State 14 Sales Tax Increment.

15 (s) "State Sales Tax Increment" means an amount equal to 16 the increase in the aggregate amount of taxes paid by retailers and servicemen, other than retailers and servicemen subject to 17 the Public Utilities Act, on transactions at places of business 18 19 located within a State Sales Tax Boundary pursuant to the 20 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use 21 Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act, except such 22 portion of such increase that is paid into the State and Local 23 Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Local Government Distributive Fund, 24 the Local Government Tax Fund and the County and Mass Transit 25 District Fund, for as long as State participation exists, over 26 and above the Initial Sales Tax Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales

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1 Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts for such taxes as certified by the Department of Revenue and paid under 2 3 those Acts by retailers and servicemen on transactions at 4 places of business located within the State Sales Tax Boundary 5 during the base year which shall be the calendar year immediately prior to the year in which the municipality adopted 6 tax increment allocation financing, less 3.0% of such amounts 7 8 generated under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Use Tax Act 9 and Service Use Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act, 10 which sum shall be appropriated to the Department of Revenue to 11 cover its costs of administering and enforcing this Section. For purposes of computing the aggregate amount of such taxes 12 13 for base years occurring prior to 1985, the Department of 14 Revenue shall compute the Initial Sales Tax Amount for such 15 taxes and deduct therefrom an amount equal to 4% of the 16 aggregate amount of taxes per year for each year the base year is prior to 1985, but not to exceed a total deduction of 12%. 17 18 The amount so determined shall be known as the "Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amount". For purposes of determining the 19 20 State Sales Tax Increment the Department of Revenue shall for 21 each period subtract from the tax amounts received from 22 retailers and servicemen on transactions located in the State 23 Sales Tax Boundary, the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, 24 Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or Revised Initial Sales Tax 25 Amounts for the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act, 26 the Service Use Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act. For

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1 the State Fiscal Year 1989 this calculation shall be made by utilizing the calendar year 1987 to determine the tax amounts 2 received. For the State Fiscal Year 1990, this calculation 3 4 shall be made by utilizing the period from January 1, 1988, 5 until September 30, 1988, to determine the tax amounts received from retailers and servicemen, which shall have deducted 6 therefrom nine-twelfths of the certified Initial Sales Tax 7 8 Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised 9 Initial Sales Tax Amounts as appropriate. For the State Fiscal 10 Year 1991, this calculation shall be made by utilizing the 11 period from October 1, 1988, until June 30, 1989, to determine the tax amounts received from retailers and servicemen, which 12 13 shall have deducted therefrom nine-twelfths of the certified 14 Initial State Sales Tax Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales Tax 15 the Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts or Amounts as 16 appropriate. For every State Fiscal Year thereafter, the applicable period shall be the 12 months beginning July 1 and 17 18 ending on June 30, to determine the tax amounts received which shall have deducted therefrom the certified Initial Sales Tax 19 20 Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised 21 Initial Sales Tax Amounts. Municipalities intending to receive 22 a distribution of State Sales Tax Increment must report a list 23 of retailers to the Department of Revenue by October 31, 1988 24 and by July 31, of each year thereafter.

(t) "Taxing districts" means counties, townships, cities
 and incorporated towns and villages, school, road, park,

1 sanitary, mosquito abatement, forest preserve, public health, 2 fire protection, river conservancy, tuberculosis sanitarium 3 and any other municipal corporations or districts with the 4 power to levy taxes.

5 (u) "Taxing districts' capital costs" means those costs of 6 taxing districts for capital improvements that are found by the 7 municipal corporate authorities to be necessary and directly 8 result from the redevelopment project.

9 (v) As used in subsection (a) of Section 11-74.4-3 of this 10 Act, "vacant land" means any parcel or combination of parcels 11 property without industrial, commercial, of real and residential buildings which has not been used for commercial 12 13 agricultural purposes within 5 years prior to the designation 14 of the redevelopment project area, unless the parcel is 15 included in an industrial park conservation area or the parcel 16 has been subdivided; provided that if the parcel was part of a larger tract that has been divided into 3 or more smaller 17 tracts that were accepted for recording during the period from 18 1950 to 1990, then the parcel shall be deemed to have been 19 20 subdivided, and all proceedings and actions of the municipality taken in that connection with respect to any previously 21 22 approved or designated redevelopment project area or amended 23 redevelopment project area are hereby validated and hereby 24 declared to be legally sufficient for all purposes of this Act. 25 For purposes of this Section and only for land subject to the 26 subdivision requirements of the Plat Act, land is subdivided 10000SB0444ham001 -156- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 when the original plat of the proposed Redevelopment Project Area or relevant portion thereof has been properly certified, 2 acknowledged, approved, and recorded or filed in accordance 3 4 with the Plat Act and a preliminary plat, if any, for any 5 subsequent phases of the proposed Redevelopment Project Area or relevant portion thereof has been properly approved and filed 6 applicable ordinance 7 accordance with the of in the 8 municipality.

9 (w) "Annual Total Increment" means the sum of each 10 municipality's annual Net Sales Tax Increment and each 11 municipality's annual Net Utility Tax Increment. The ratio of the Annual Total Increment of each municipality to the Annual 12 13 Total Increment for all municipalities, as most recently 14 calculated by the Department, shall determine the proportional 15 shares of the Illinois Tax Increment Fund to be distributed to 16 each municipality.

17 (x) "LEED certified" means any certification level of 18 construction elements by a qualified Leadership in Energy and 19 Environmental Design Accredited Professional as determined by 20 the U.S. Green Building Council.

(y) "Green Globes certified" means any certification level
of construction elements by a qualified Green Globes
Professional as determined by the Green Building Initiative.
(Source: P.A. 99-792, eff. 8-12-16; revised 10-31-16.)

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(65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-8) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.4-8)

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Sec. 11-74.4-8. Tax increment allocation financing. 1 Α municipality may not adopt tax increment financing in a 2 redevelopment project area after the effective date of this 3 4 amendatory Act of 1997 that will encompass an area that is 5 currently included in an enterprise zone created under the 6 Illinois Enterprise Zone Act unless that municipality, pursuant to Section 5.4 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, 7 8 amends the enterprise zone designating ordinance to limit the eligibility for tax abatements as provided in Section 5.4.1 of 9 10 the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act. A municipality, at the time a 11 redevelopment project area is designated, may adopt tax allocation financing by passing an ordinance 12 increment 13 providing that the ad valorem taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon taxable real property in such redevelopment project 14 15 area by taxing districts and tax rates determined in the manner 16 provided in paragraph (c) of Section 11-74.4-9 each year after the effective date of the ordinance until redevelopment project 17 costs and all municipal obligations financing redevelopment 18 project costs incurred under this Division have been paid shall 19 20 be divided as follows, provided, however, that with respect to any redevelopment project area located within a transit 21 22 facility improvement area established pursuant to Section 23 11-74.4-3.3 in a municipality with a population of 1,000,000 or 24 more, ad valorem taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon 25 taxable real property in such redevelopment project area shall 26 be allocated as specifically provided in this Section:

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(a) That portion of taxes levied upon each taxable lot, 1 block, tract or parcel of real property which is 2 3 attributable to the lower of the current equalized assessed 4 value or the initial equalized assessed value of each such 5 taxable lot, block, tract or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project area shall be allocated to and when 6 collected shall be paid by the county collector to the 7 8 respective affected taxing districts in the manner 9 required by law in the absence of the adoption of tax 10 increment allocation financing.

11 (b) Except from a tax levied by a township to retire bonds issued to satisfy court-ordered damages, that 12 13 portion, if any, of such taxes which is attributable to the 14 increase in the current equalized assessed valuation of 15 each taxable lot, block, tract or parcel of real property 16 in the redevelopment project area over and above the 17 initial equalized assessed value of each property in the 18 project area shall be allocated to and when collected shall be paid to the municipal treasurer who shall deposit said 19 20 taxes into a special fund called the special tax allocation 21 fund of the municipality for the purpose of paying 22 redevelopment project costs and obligations incurred in 23 the payment thereof. In any county with a population of 24 3,000,000 or more that has adopted a procedure for 25 collecting taxes that provides for one or more of the 26 installments of the taxes to be billed and collected on an

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estimated basis, the municipal treasurer shall be paid for 1 deposit in the special tax allocation fund of the 2 3 municipality, from the taxes collected from estimated bills issued for property in the redevelopment project 4 5 area, the difference between the amount actually collected from each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real 6 7 property within the redevelopment project area and an 8 amount determined by multiplying the rate at which taxes 9 were last extended against the taxable lot, block, track, 10 or parcel of real property in the manner provided in 11 subsection (c) of Section 11-74.4-9 by the initial equalized assessed value of the property divided by the 12 13 number of installments in which real estate taxes are 14 billed and collected within the county; provided that the 15 payments on or before December 31, 1999 to a municipal 16 treasurer shall be made only if each of the following 17 conditions are met:

18 (1) The total equalized assessed value of the
19 redevelopment project area as last determined was not
20 less than 175% of the total initial equalized assessed
21 value.

(2) Not more than 50% of the total equalized assessed
value of the redevelopment project area as last
determined is attributable to a piece of property
assigned a single real estate index number.

26 (3) The municipal clerk has certified to the county

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clerk that the municipality has issued its obligations 1 to which there has been pledged the incremental 2 3 property taxes of the redevelopment project area or 4 taxes levied and collected on any or all property in 5 the municipality or the full faith and credit of the municipality to pay or secure payment for all or a 6 portion of the redevelopment project costs. 7 The 8 certification shall be filed annually no later than 9 September 1 for the estimated taxes to be distributed 10 in the following year; however, for the year 1992 the 11 certification shall be made at any time on or before March 31, 1992. 12

13 (4) The municipality has not requested that the total 14 initial equalized assessed value of real property be 15 adjusted as provided in subsection (b) of Section 16 11-74.4-9.

17 The conditions of paragraphs (1) through (4) do not apply after December 31, 1999 to payments to a municipal 18 19 treasurer made by a county with 3,000,000 or more 20 inhabitants that has adopted an estimated billing procedure for collecting taxes. If a county that has 21 22 adopted the estimated billing procedure makes an erroneous 23 overpayment of tax revenue to the municipal treasurer, then 24 the county may seek a refund of that overpayment. The 25 county shall send the municipal treasurer a notice of 26 liability for the overpayment on or before the mailing date

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of the next real estate tax bill within the county. The refund shall be limited to the amount of the overpayment.

It is the intent of this Division that after the 3 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1988 4 а 5 municipality's own ad valorem tax arising from levies on taxable real property be included in the determination of 6 7 incremental revenue in the manner provided in paragraph (c) 8 of Section 11-74.4-9. If the municipality does not extend 9 such a tax, it shall annually deposit in the municipality's 10 Special Tax Increment Fund an amount equal to 10% of the 11 total contributions to the fund from all other taxing 12 districts in that year. The annual 10% deposit required by 13 this paragraph shall be limited to the actual amount of 14 municipally produced incremental tax revenues available to 15 municipality from taxpayers located in the the redevelopment project area in that year if: (a) the plan 16 17 for the area restricts the use of the property primarily to industrial purposes, (b) the municipality establishing the 18 19 redevelopment project area is a home-rule community with a 20 1990 population of between 25,000 and 50,000, (c) the 21 municipality is wholly located within a county with a 1990 22 population of over 750,000 and (d) the redevelopment 23 project area was established by the municipality prior to 24 June 1, 1990. This payment shall be in lieu of a 25 contribution of ad valorem taxes on real property. If no 26 such payment is made, any redevelopment project area of the

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municipality shall be dissolved.

If a municipality has adopted tax increment allocation 2 3 financing by ordinance and the County Clerk thereafter certifies the "total initial equalized assessed value as 4 5 adjusted" of the taxable real property within such redevelopment project area in the manner provided in 6 paragraph (b) of Section 11-74.4-9, each year after the 7 8 date of the certification of the total initial equalized 9 assessed value as adjusted until redevelopment project 10 all municipal obligations costs and financing redevelopment project costs have been paid the ad valorem 11 taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon the taxable 12 13 real property in such redevelopment project area by taxing 14 districts and tax rates determined in the manner provided 15 in paragraph (c) of Section 11-74.4-9 shall be divided as 16 follows, provided, however, that with respect to any 17 redevelopment project area located within a transit 18 facility improvement area established pursuant to Section 19 11-74.4-3.3 in a municipality with a population of 20 1,000,000 or more, ad valorem taxes, if any, arising from 21 levies upon the taxable real property in such the 22 redevelopment project area shall be allocated as 23 specifically provided in this Section:

(1) That portion of the taxes levied upon each taxable
lot, block, tract or parcel of real property which is
attributable to the lower of the current equalized

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assessed value or "current equalized assessed value as 1 adjusted" or the initial equalized assessed value of 2 3 each such taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property existing at the time tax increment financing 4 5 adopted, minus the total current homestead was exemptions under Article 15 of the Property Tax Code in 6 7 the redevelopment project area shall be allocated to 8 and when collected shall be paid by the county 9 collector to the respective affected taxing districts 10 in the manner required by law in the absence of the 11 adoption of tax increment allocation financing.

(2) That portion, if any, of such taxes which is 12 13 attributable to the increase in the current equalized 14 assessed valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, 15 or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project 16 area, over and above the initial equalized assessed 17 value of each property existing at the time tax increment financing was adopted, minus the total 18 19 current homestead exemptions pertaining to each piece 20 of property provided by Article 15 of the Property Tax 21 Code in the redevelopment project area, shall be 22 allocated to and when collected shall be paid to the 23 municipal Treasurer, who shall deposit said taxes into 24 a special fund called the special tax allocation fund of the municipality for the purpose of paying 25 26 redevelopment project costs and obligations incurred 1

in the payment thereof.

The municipality may pledge in the ordinance the funds 2 3 in and to be deposited in the special tax allocation fund for the payment of such costs and obligations. No part of 4 5 the current equalized assessed valuation of each property 6 in the redevelopment project area attributable to any 7 increase above the total initial equalized assessed value, 8 or the total initial equalized assessed value as adjusted, 9 of such properties shall be used in calculating the general 10 State school aid formula, provided for in Section 18-8 of the School Code, or the evidence-based funding formula, 11 12 provided for in Section 18-8.15 of the School Code, until 13 such time as all redevelopment project costs have been paid 14 as provided for in this Section.

15 Whenever a municipality issues bonds for the purpose of financing redevelopment project costs, such municipality 16 17 may provide by ordinance for the appointment of a trustee, which may be any trust company within the State, and for 18 establishment of such funds or accounts to 19 the be 20 maintained by such trustee as the municipality shall deem 21 necessary to provide for the security and payment of the 22 bonds. If such municipality provides for the appointment of 23 a trustee, such trustee shall be considered the assignee of 24 any payments assigned by the municipality pursuant to such 25 ordinance and this Section. Any amounts paid to such 26 trustee as assignee shall be deposited in the funds or

accounts established pursuant to such trust agreement, and 1 shall be held by such trustee in trust for the benefit of 2 the holders of the bonds, and such holders shall have a 3 lien on and a security interest in such funds or accounts 4 5 so long as the bonds remain outstanding and unpaid. Upon retirement of the bonds, the trustee shall pay over any 6 excess amounts held to the municipality for deposit in the 7 8 special tax allocation fund.

9 When such redevelopment projects costs, including 10 without limitation all municipal obligations financing redevelopment project costs incurred under this Division, 11 12 have been paid, all surplus funds then remaining in the 13 special tax allocation fund shall be distributed by being 14 paid by the municipal treasurer to the Department of 15 Revenue, the municipality and the county collector; first to the Department of Revenue and the municipality in direct 16 17 proportion to the tax incremental revenue received from the State and the municipality, but not to exceed the total 18 incremental revenue received from the State or 19 the 20 municipality less any annual surplus distribution of 21 incremental revenue previously made; with any remaining 22 funds to be paid to the County Collector who shall 23 immediately thereafter pay said funds to the taxing 24 districts in the redevelopment project area in the same 25 manner and proportion as the most recent distribution by 26 the county collector to the affected districts of real

property taxes from real property in the redevelopment project area.

Upon the payment of all redevelopment project costs, 3 the retirement of obligations, the distribution of any 4 5 excess monies pursuant to this Section, and final closing of the books and records of the redevelopment project area, 6 7 the municipality shall adopt an ordinance dissolving the 8 special tax allocation fund for the redevelopment project 9 area and terminating the designation of the redevelopment 10 project area as a redevelopment project area. Title to real 11 or personal property and public improvements acquired by or for the municipality as a result of the redevelopment 12 13 project and plan shall vest in the municipality when 14 acquired and shall continue to be held by the municipality 15 after the redevelopment project area has been terminated. 16 Municipalities shall notify affected taxing districts 17 prior to November 1 if the redevelopment project area is to be terminated by December 31 of that same year. If a 18 19 municipality extends estimated dates of completion of a 20 redevelopment project and retirement of obligations to 21 finance a redevelopment project, as allowed by this 22 amendatory Act of 1993, that extension shall not extend the 23 property tax increment allocation financing authorized by 24 this Section. Thereafter the rates of the taxing districts extended and taxes levied, collected and 25 be shall 26 distributed in the manner applicable in the absence of the

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adoption of tax increment allocation financing.

If a municipality with a population of 1,000,000 or 2 3 more has adopted by ordinance tax increment allocation financing for a redevelopment project area located in a 4 5 transit facility improvement area established pursuant to Section 11-74.4-3.3, for each year after the effective date 6 7 of the ordinance until redevelopment project costs and all municipal obligations financing redevelopment project 8 9 costs have been paid, the ad valorem taxes, if any, arising 10 from the levies upon the taxable real property in that redevelopment project area by taxing districts and tax 11 rates determined in the manner provided in paragraph (c) of 12 13 Section 11-74.4-9 shall be divided as follows:

14 (1) That portion of the taxes levied upon each 15 taxable lot, block, tract or parcel of real property 16 which is attributable to the lower of (i) the current 17 equalized assessed value or "current equalized 18 assessed value as adjusted" or (ii) the initial equalized assessed value of each such taxable lot, 19 20 block, tract, or parcel of real property existing at 21 the time tax increment financing was adopted, minus the 22 total current homestead exemptions under Article 15 of 23 the Property Tax Code in the redevelopment project area 24 shall be allocated to and when collected shall be paid 25 by the county collector to the respective affected 26 taxing districts in the manner required by law in the

absence of the adoption of tax increment allocation
 financing.

(2) That portion, if any, of such taxes which is 3 attributable to the increase in the current equalized 4 assessed valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, 5 or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project 6 7 area, over and above the initial equalized assessed 8 value of each property existing at the time tax 9 increment financing was adopted, minus the total 10 current homestead exemptions pertaining to each piece 11 of property provided by Article 15 of the Property Tax Code in the redevelopment project area, shall be 12 13 allocated to and when collected shall be paid by the 14 county collector as follows:

15 (A) First, that portion which would be payable 16 school district whose boundaries to а are 17 coterminous with such municipality in the absence 18 the adoption of tax increment allocation of 19 financing, shall be paid to such school district in 20 the manner required by law in the absence of the 21 adoption of tax increment allocation financing; 22 then

(B) 80% of the remaining portion shall be paid
to the municipal Treasurer, who shall deposit said
taxes into a special fund called the special tax
allocation fund of the municipality for the

1purpose of paying redevelopment project costs and2obligations incurred in the payment thereof; and3then

4 (C) 20% of the remaining portion shall be paid 5 to the respective affected taxing districts, other 6 than the school district described in clause (a) 7 above, in the manner required by law in the absence 8 of the adoption of tax increment allocation 9 financing.

10 Nothing in this Section shall be construed as relieving 11 property in such redevelopment project areas from being 12 assessed as provided in the Property Tax Code or as relieving 13 owners of such property from paying a uniform rate of taxes, as 14 required by Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois 15 Constitution.

16 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 99-792, eff. 8-12-16.)

17 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.6-35)

18 Sec. 11-74.6-35. Ordinance for tax increment allocation 19 financing.

(a) A municipality, at the time a redevelopment project area is designated, may adopt tax increment allocation financing by passing an ordinance providing that the ad valorem taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon taxable real property within the redevelopment project area by taxing districts and tax rates determined in the manner provided in 10000SB0444ham001 -170- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

subsection (b) of Section 11-74.6-40 each year after the effective date of the ordinance until redevelopment project costs and all municipal obligations financing redevelopment project costs incurred under this Act have been paid shall be divided as follows:

(1) That portion of the taxes levied upon each taxable 6 7 lot, block, tract or parcel of real property that is 8 attributable to the lower of the current equalized assessed 9 value or the initial equalized assessed value or the 10 updated initial equalized assessed value of each taxable 11 lot, block, tract or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project area shall be allocated to and when 12 13 collected shall be paid by the county collector to the 14 respective affected taxing districts in the manner 15 required by law without regard to the adoption of tax 16 increment allocation financing.

(2) That portion, if any, of those taxes that is 17 18 attributable to the increase in the current equalized 19 assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract or parcel 20 of real property in the redevelopment project area, over 21 and above the initial equalized assessed value or the 22 updated initial equalized assessed value of each property 23 in the project area, shall be allocated to and when 24 collected shall be paid by the county collector to the 25 municipal treasurer who shall deposit that portion of those 26 taxes into a special fund called the special tax allocation

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fund of the municipality for the purpose of paying 1 2 redevelopment project costs and obligations incurred in 3 the payment of those costs and obligations. In any county with a population of 3,000,000 or more that has adopted a 4 procedure for collecting taxes that provides for one or 5 more of the installments of the taxes to be billed and 6 7 collected on an estimated basis, the municipal treasurer 8 shall be paid for deposit in the special tax allocation 9 fund of the municipality, from the taxes collected from 10 estimated bills issued for property in the redevelopment project area, the difference between the amount actually 11 12 collected from each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of 13 real property within the redevelopment project area and an 14 amount determined by multiplying the rate at which taxes 15 were last extended against the taxable lot, block, track, or parcel of real property in the manner provided in 16 subsection (b) of Section 11-74.6-40 by the initial 17 equalized assessed value or the updated initial equalized 18 19 assessed value of the property divided by the number of 20 installments in which real estate taxes are billed and 21 collected within the county, provided that the payments on 22 or before December 31, 1999 to a municipal treasurer shall 23 be made only if each of the following conditions are met:

(A) The total equalized assessed value of the
 redevelopment project area as last determined was not
 less than 175% of the total initial equalized assessed

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1 value.
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2 (B) Not more than 50% of the total equalized 3 assessed value of the redevelopment project area as 4 last determined is attributable to a piece of property 5 assigned a single real estate index number.

(C) The municipal clerk has certified to the county 6 clerk that the municipality has issued its obligations 7 8 to which there has been pledged the incremental 9 property taxes of the redevelopment project area or 10 taxes levied and collected on any or all property in 11 the municipality or the full faith and credit of the municipality to pay or secure payment for all or a 12 13 portion of the redevelopment project costs. The 14 certification shall be filed annually no later than 15 September 1 for the estimated taxes to be distributed 16 in the following year.

17 The conditions of paragraphs (A) through (C) do not apply 18 after December 31, 1999 to payments to a municipal treasurer made by a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants that has 19 20 adopted an estimated billing procedure for collecting taxes. If 21 a county that has adopted the estimated billing procedure makes 22 an erroneous overpayment of tax revenue to the municipal 23 treasurer, then the county may seek a refund of that 24 overpayment. The county shall send the municipal treasurer a 25 notice of liability for the overpayment on or before the 26 mailing date of the next real estate tax bill within the

1 county. The refund shall be limited to the amount of the 2 overpayment.

3 (b) It is the intent of this Act that a municipality's own 4 ad valorem tax arising from levies on taxable real property be 5 included in the determination of incremental revenue in the 6 manner provided in paragraph (b) of Section 11-74.6-40.

7 (c) If a municipality has adopted tax increment allocation 8 financing for a redevelopment project area by ordinance and the 9 county clerk thereafter certifies the total initial equalized 10 assessed value or the total updated initial equalized assessed 11 value of the taxable real property within such redevelopment project area in the manner provided in paragraph (a) or (b) of 12 13 Section 11-74.6-40, each year after the date of the 14 certification of the total initial equalized assessed value or 15 the total updated initial equalized assessed value until 16 redevelopment project costs and all municipal obligations financing redevelopment project costs have been paid, the ad 17 valorem taxes, if any, arising from the levies upon the taxable 18 real property in the redevelopment project area by taxing 19 20 districts and tax rates determined in the manner provided in paragraph (b) of Section 11-74.6-40 shall be divided as 21 follows: 22

(1) That portion of the taxes levied upon each taxable
lot, block, tract or parcel of real property that is
attributable to the lower of the current equalized assessed
value or the initial equalized assessed value, or the

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updated initial equalized assessed value of each parcel if 1 the updated initial equalized assessed value of that parcel 2 3 has been certified in accordance with Section 11-74.6-40, whichever has been most recently certified, of each taxable 4 5 lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property existing at the time tax increment allocation financing was adopted in 6 7 the redevelopment project area, shall be allocated to and 8 when collected shall be paid by the county collector to the 9 respective affected taxing districts in the manner 10 required by law without regard to the adoption of tax 11 increment allocation financing.

That portion, if any, of those taxes that is 12 (2) 13 attributable to the increase in the current equalized 14 assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel 15 of real property in the redevelopment project area, over 16 and above the initial equalized assessed value of each 17 property existing at the time tax increment allocation 18 financing was adopted in the redevelopment project area, or the updated initial equalized assessed value of each parcel 19 20 if the updated initial equalized assessed value of that 21 parcel has been certified in accordance with Section 22 11-74.6-40, shall be allocated to and when collected shall 23 be paid to the municipal treasurer, who shall deposit those taxes into a special fund called the special tax allocation 24 25 fund of the municipality for the purpose of paying 26 redevelopment project costs and obligations incurred in

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the payment thereof.

(d) The municipality may pledge in the ordinance the funds 2 in and to be deposited in the special tax allocation fund for 3 4 the payment of redevelopment project costs and obligations. No 5 part of the current equalized assessed value of each property 6 in the redevelopment project area attributable to any increase above the total initial equalized assessed value or the total 7 8 initial updated equalized assessed value of the property, shall 9 be used in calculating the general General State aid formula 10 School Aid Formula, provided for in Section 18-8 of the School 11 Code, or the evidence-based funding formula, provided for in Section 18-8.15 of the School Code, until all redevelopment 12 13 project costs have been paid as provided for in this Section.

14 Whenever a municipality issues bonds for the purpose of 15 financing redevelopment project costs, that municipality may 16 provide by ordinance for the appointment of a trustee, which may be any trust company within the State, and for the 17 establishment of any funds or accounts to be maintained by that 18 trustee, as the municipality deems necessary to provide for the 19 20 security and payment of the bonds. If the municipality provides for the appointment of a trustee, the trustee shall be 21 22 considered the assignee of any payments assigned by the 23 municipality under that ordinance and this Section. Any amounts 24 paid to the trustee as assignee shall be deposited into the 25 funds or accounts established under the trust agreement, and 26 shall be held by the trustee in trust for the benefit of the

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holders of the bonds. The holders of those bonds shall have a lien on and a security interest in those funds or accounts while the bonds remain outstanding and unpaid. Upon retirement of the bonds, the trustee shall pay over any excess amounts held to the municipality for deposit in the special tax allocation fund.

When the redevelopment projects costs, including without 7 8 limitation all municipal obligations financing redevelopment project costs incurred under this Law, have been paid, all 9 10 surplus funds then remaining in the special tax allocation fund 11 shall be distributed by being paid by the municipal treasurer to the municipality and the county collector; first to the 12 municipality in direct proportion to the tax incremental 13 14 revenue received from the municipality, but not to exceed the 15 total incremental revenue received from the municipality, 16 minus any annual surplus distribution of incremental revenue previously made. Any remaining funds shall be paid to the 17 18 county collector who shall immediately distribute that payment to the taxing districts in the redevelopment project area in 19 20 the same manner and proportion as the most recent distribution by the county collector to the affected districts of real 21 22 property taxes from real property situated in the redevelopment 23 project area.

Upon the payment of all redevelopment project costs, retirement of obligations and the distribution of any excess moneys under this Section, the municipality shall adopt an 10000SB0444ham001 -177- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 ordinance dissolving the special tax allocation fund for the 2 redevelopment project area and terminating the designation of 3 the redevelopment project area as a redevelopment project area. 4 Thereafter the tax levies of taxing districts shall be 5 extended, collected and distributed in the same manner applicable before the adoption of tax increment allocation 6 financing. Municipality shall notify affected taxing districts 7 8 prior to November if the redevelopment project area is to be 9 terminated by December 31 of that same year.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed as relieving property in a redevelopment project area from being assessed as provided in the Property Tax Code or as relieving owners of that property from paying a uniform rate of taxes, as required by Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution.

15 (Source: P.A. 91-474, eff. 11-1-99.)

16 Section 960. The Economic Development Project Area Tax 17 Increment Allocation Act of 1995 is amended by changing Section 18 50 as follows:

19 (65 ILCS 110/50)

20 Sec. 50. Special tax allocation fund.

(a) If a county clerk has certified the "total initial
equalized assessed value" of the taxable real property within
an economic development project area in the manner provided in
Section 45, each year after the date of the certification by

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the county clerk of the "total initial equalized assessed 1 value", until economic development project costs and all 2 3 municipal obligations financing economic development project 4 costs have been paid, the ad valorem taxes, if any, arising 5 from the levies upon the taxable real property in the economic development project area by taxing districts and tax rates 6 7 determined in the manner provided in subsection (b) of Section 8 45 shall be divided as follows:

9 (1) That portion of the taxes levied upon each taxable 10 lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property that is attributable to the lower of the current equalized assessed 11 value or the initial equalized assessed value of each 12 13 taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property 14 existing at the time tax increment financing was adopted 15 shall be allocated to (and when collected shall be paid by the county collector to) the respective affected taxing 16 17 districts in the manner required by law in the absence of the adoption of tax increment allocation financing. 18

19 (2) That portion, if any, of the taxes that is 20 attributable to the increase in the current equalized 21 assessed valuation of each taxable lot, block, tract, or 22 parcel of real property in the economic development project 23 area, over and above the initial equalized assessed value 24 of each property existing at the time tax increment 25 financing was adopted, shall be allocated to (and when 26 collected shall be paid to) the municipal treasurer, who

1 shall deposit the taxes into a special fund (called the 2 special tax allocation fund of the municipality) for the 3 purpose of paying economic development project costs and 4 obligations incurred in the payment of those costs.

5 The municipality, by an ordinance adopting tax (b) increment allocation financing, may pledge the monies in and to 6 be deposited into the special tax allocation fund for the 7 payment of obligations issued under this Act and for the 8 9 payment of economic development project costs. No part of the 10 current equalized assessed valuation of each property in the 11 economic development project area attributable to any increase above the total initial equalized assessed value of those 12 13 properties shall be used in calculating the general State school aid formula under Section 18-8 of the School Code or the 14 15 evidence-based funding formula under Section 18-8.15 of the 16 School Code, until all economic development projects costs have been paid as provided for in this Section. 17

18 When the economic development projects (C) costs, 19 including without limitation all municipal obligations 20 financing economic development project costs incurred under this Act, have been paid, all surplus monies then remaining in 21 22 the special tax allocation fund shall be distributed by being 23 paid by the municipal treasurer to the county collector, who 24 shall immediately pay the monies to the taxing districts having 25 taxable property in the economic development project area in 26 the same manner and proportion as the most recent distribution 10000SB0444ham001 -180- LRB100 0

by the county collector to those taxing districts of real property taxes from real property in the economic development project area.

4 (d) Upon the payment of all economic development project 5 costs, retirement of obligations, and distribution of any 6 excess monies under this Section and not later than 23 years from the date of the adoption of the ordinance establishing the 7 economic development project area, the municipality shall 8 9 adopt an ordinance dissolving the special tax allocation fund 10 for the economic development project area and terminating the 11 designation of the economic development project area as an economic development project area. Thereafter, the rates of the 12 13 taxing districts shall be extended and taxes shall be levied, 14 collected, and distributed in the manner applicable in the 15 absence of the adoption of tax increment allocation financing.

(e) Nothing in this Section shall be construed as relieving
property in the economic development project areas from being
assessed as provided in the Property Tax Code or as relieving
owners or lessees of that property from paying a uniform rate
of taxes as required by Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois
Constitution.

22 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)

Section 965. The School Code is amended by changing
Sections 1A-8, 1B-5, 1B-6, 1B-7, 1B-8, 1C-1, 1C-2, 1D-1, 1E-20,
1F-20, 1F-62, 1H-20, 1H-70, 2-3.25g, 2-3.33, 2-3.51.5, 2-3.66,

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2-3.66b, 2-3.84, 2-3.109a, 3-14.21, 7-14A, 10-17a, 10-19, 1 10-22.5a, 10-22.20, 10-29, 11E-135, 13A-8, 13B-20.20, 13B-45, 2 13B-50, 13B-50.10, 13B-50.15, 14-7.02b, 14-13.01, 3 14C-1, 4 14C-12, 17-1, 17-1.2, 17-1.5, 17-2.11, 17-2A, 18-4.3, 18-8.05, 18-8.10, 18-9, 18-12, 26-16, 27-6, 27-7, 27-8.1, 27-24.2, 5 27A-9, 27A-11, 29-5, 34-2.3, 34-18, 34-18.30, 34-43.1, and 6 34-53 and by adding Sections 2-3.170, 17-3.6, and 18-8.15 as 7 8 follows:

9 (105 ILCS 5/1A-8) (from Ch. 122, par. 1A-8)

10 Sec. 1A-8. Powers of the Board in Assisting Districts 11 Deemed in Financial Difficulties. To promote the financial 12 integrity of school districts, the State Board of Education 13 shall be provided the necessary powers to promote sound 14 financial management and continue operation of the public 15 schools.

(a) The State Superintendent of Education may require a 16 school district, including any district subject to Article 34A 17 of this Code, to share financial information relevant to a 18 19 proper investigation of the district's financial condition and the delivery of appropriate State financial, technical, and 20 consulting services to the district if the district (i) has 21 22 been designated, through the State Board of Education's School 23 District Financial Profile System, as on financial warning or 24 financial watch status, (ii) has failed to file an annual 25 financial report, annual budget, deficit reduction plan, or

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1 other financial information as required by law, (iii) has been identified, through the district's annual audit or other 2 financial and management information, as in serious financial 3 4 difficulty in the current or next school year, or (iv) is 5 determined to be likely to fail to fully meet any regularly scheduled, payroll-period obligations when due or any debt 6 service payments when due or both. In addition to financial, 7 8 technical, and consulting services provided by the State Board 9 of Education, at the request of a school district, the State 10 Superintendent may provide for an independent financial consultant to assist the district review its financial 11 condition and options. 12

13 The State Board of Education, after (b) proper 14 investigation of a district's financial condition, may certify 15 that a district, including any district subject to Article 34A, 16 is in financial difficulty when any of the following conditions 17 occur:

18 (1) The district has issued school or teacher orders
19 for wages as permitted in Sections 8-16, 32-7.2 and 34-76
20 of this Code.

(2) The district has issued tax anticipation warrants
or tax anticipation notes in anticipation of a second
year's taxes when warrants or notes in anticipation of
current year taxes are still outstanding, as authorized by
Sections 17-16, 34-23, 34-59 and 34-63 of this Code, or has
issued short-term debt against 2 future revenue sources,

such as, but not limited to, tax anticipation warrants and
 general State <u>aid or evidence-based funding</u> Aid
 certificates or tax anticipation warrants and revenue
 anticipation notes.

5 (3) The district has for 2 consecutive years shown an 6 excess of expenditures and other financing uses over 7 revenues and other financing sources and beginning fund 8 balances on its annual financial report for the aggregate 9 totals of the Educational, Operations and Maintenance, 10 Transportation, and Working Cash Funds.

(4) The district refuses to provide financial
information or cooperate with the State Superintendent in
an investigation of the district's financial condition.

14 (5) The district is likely to fail to fully meet any
15 regularly scheduled, payroll-period obligations when due
16 or any debt service payments when due or both.

No school district shall be certified by the State Board of 17 18 Education to be in financial difficulty solely by reason of any 19 of the above circumstances arising as a result of (i) the 20 failure of the county to make any distribution of property tax money due the district at the time such distribution is due or 21 22 (ii) the failure of this State to make timely payments of 23 general State aid, evidence-based funding, or any of the 24 mandated categoricals; or if the district clearly demonstrates 25 to the satisfaction of the State Board of Education at the time 26 of its determination that such condition no longer exists. If 10000SB0444ham001 -184- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 the State Board of Education certifies that a district in a city with 500,000 inhabitants or more is in financial 2 3 difficulty, the State Board shall so notify the Governor and 4 the Mayor of the city in which the district is located. The 5 State Board of Education may require school districts certified in financial difficulty, except those districts subject to 6 Article 34A, to develop, adopt and submit a financial plan 7 within 45 days after certification of financial difficulty. The 8 financial plan shall be developed according to guidelines 9 10 presented to the district by the State Board of Education 11 within 14 days of certification. Such guidelines shall address the specific nature of each district's financial difficulties. 12 13 Any proposed budget of the district shall be consistent with 14 the financial plan submitted to and approved by the State Board 15 of Education.

16 A district certified to be in financial difficulty, other than a district subject to Article 34A, shall report to the 17 State Board of Education at such times and in such manner as 18 State Board may direct, concerning the district's 19 the 20 compliance with each financial plan. The State Board may review 21 the district's operations, obtain budgetary data and financial 22 statements, require the district to produce reports, and have 23 access to any other information in the possession of the 24 district that it deems relevant. The State Board may issue 25 recommendations or directives within its powers to the district 26 to assist in compliance with the financial plan. The district

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1 shall produce such budgetary data, financial statements, reports and other information and comply with such directives. 2 If the State Board of Education determines that a district has 3 4 failed to comply with its financial plan, the State Board of 5 Education may rescind approval of the plan and appoint a 6 Financial Oversight Panel for the district as provided in Section 1B-4. This action shall be taken only after the 7 8 district has been given notice and an opportunity to appear 9 before the State Board of Education to discuss its failure to 10 comply with its financial plan.

11 No bonds, notes, teachers orders, tax anticipation 12 warrants or other evidences of indebtedness shall be issued or 13 sold by a school district or be legally binding upon or 14 enforceable against a local board of education of a district 15 certified to be in financial difficulty unless and until the 16 financial plan required under this Section has been approved by 17 the State Board of Education.

18 Any financial profile compiled and distributed by the State Board of Education in Fiscal Year 2009 or any fiscal year 19 20 thereafter shall incorporate such adjustments as may be needed in the profile scores to reflect the financial effects of the 21 inability or refusal of the State of Illinois to make timely 22 23 any general State aid, evidence-based disbursements of 24 funding, or mandated categorical aid payments due school 25 districts or to fully reimburse school districts for mandated 26 categorical programs pursuant to reimbursement formulas

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1 provided in this School Code.
2 (Source: P.A. 96-668, eff. 8-25-09; 96-1423, eff. 8-3-10;
3 97-429, eff. 8-16-11.)

4 (105 ILCS 5/1B-5) (from Ch. 122, par. 1B-5)

5 Sec. 1B-5. When a petition for emergency financial assistance for a school district is allowed by the State Board 6 7 under Section 1B-4, the State Superintendent shall within 10 days thereafter appoint 3 members to serve at the State 8 9 Superintendent's pleasure on a Financial Oversight Panel for 10 the district. The State Superintendent shall designate one of the members of the Panel to serve as its Chairman. In the event 11 12 of vacancy or resignation the State Superintendent shall 13 appoint a successor within 10 days of receiving notice thereof.

14 Members of the Panel shall be selected primarily on the 15 of their experience and education in basis financial 16 management, with consideration given to persons knowledgeable in education finance. A member of the Panel may not be a board 17 member or employee of the district for which the Panel is 18 19 constituted, nor may a member have a direct financial interest in that district. 20

Panel members shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for travel and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties by the State Board. The amount reimbursed Panel members for their expenses shall be charged to the school district as part of any emergency 10000SB0444ham001 -187- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 financial assistance and incorporated as a part of the terms 2 and conditions for repayment of such assistance or shall be 3 deducted from the district's general State aid <u>or</u> 4 <u>evidence-based funding</u> as provided in Section 1B-8.

5 The first meeting of the Panel shall be held at the call of 6 the Chairman. The Panel may elect such other officers as it 7 deems appropriate. The Panel shall prescribe the times and 8 places for its meetings and the manner in which regular and 9 special meetings may be called, and shall comply with the Open 10 Meetings Act.

11 Two members of the Panel shall constitute a quorum, and the 12 affirmative vote of 2 members shall be necessary for any 13 decision or action to be taken by the Panel.

The Panel and the State Superintendent shall cooperate with each other in the exercise of their respective powers. The Panel shall report not later than September 1 annually to the State Board and the State Superintendent with respect to its activities and the condition of the school district for the previous fiscal year.

20 Any Financial Oversight Panel established under this 21 Article shall remain in existence for not less than 3 years nor 22 more than 10 years from the date the State Board grants the 23 petition under Section 1B-4. If after 3 years the school 24 district has repaid all of its obligations resulting from 25 emergency State financial assistance provided under this 26 Article and has improved its financial situation, the board of 10000SB0444ham001 -188- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 education may, not more frequently than once in any 12 month period, petition the State Board to dissolve the Financial 2 3 Oversight Panel, terminate the oversight responsibility, and 4 remove the district's certification under Section 1A-8 as a 5 district in financial difficulty. In acting on such a petition State Board shall give additional weight to 6 the the 7 recommendations of the State Superintendent and the Financial 8 Oversight Panel.

9 (Source: P.A. 88-618, eff. 9-9-94.)

10 (105 ILCS 5/1B-6) (from Ch. 122, par. 1B-6)

Sec. 1B-6. General powers. The purpose of the Financial 11 12 Oversight Panel shall be to exercise financial control over the 13 board of education, and, when approved by the State Board and 14 the State Superintendent of Education, to furnish financial 15 assistance so that the board can provide public education within the board's jurisdiction while permitting the board to 16 17 meet its obligations to its creditors and the holders of its 18 notes and bonds. Except as expressly limited by this Article, 19 the Panel shall have all powers necessary to meet its 20 responsibilities and to carry out its purposes and the purposes 21 of this Article, including, but not limited to, the following 22 powers:

23

(a) to sue and be sued;

24 (b) to provide for its organization and internal 25 management; 10000SB0444ham001 -189- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 (c) to appoint a Financial Administrator to serve as the chief executive officer of 2 the Panel. The Financial Administrator may be an individual, partnership, corporation, 3 4 including an accounting firm, or other entity determined by the 5 Panel to be qualified to serve; and to appoint other officers, agents, and employees of the Panel, define their duties and 6 qualifications and fix their compensation and 7 employee 8 benefits;

9 (d) to approve the local board of education appointments to 10 the positions of treasurer in a Class I county school unit and 11 in each school district which forms a part of a Class II county school unit but which no longer is subject to the jurisdiction 12 13 and authority of a township treasurer or trustees of schools of a township because the district has withdrawn from the 14 15 jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and the 16 trustees of schools of the township or because those offices have been abolished as provided in subsection (b) or (c) of 17 Section 5-1, and chief school business official, if such 18 official is not the superintendent of the district. Either the 19 20 board or the Panel may remove such treasurer or chief school business official; 21

(e) to approve any and all bonds, notes, teachers orders, tax anticipation warrants, and other evidences of indebtedness prior to issuance or sale by the school district; and notwithstanding any other provision of The School Code, as now or hereafter amended, no bonds, notes, teachers orders, tax anticipation warrants or other evidences of indebtedness shall be issued or sold by the school district or be legally binding upon or enforceable against the local board of education unless and until the approval of the Panel has been received;

5 (f) to approve all property tax levies of the school 6 district and require adjustments thereto as the Panel deems 7 necessary or advisable;

8 (g) to require and approve a school district financial 9 plan;

10 (h) to approve and require revisions of the school district 11 budget;

12 (i) to approve all contracts and other obligations as the13 Panel deems necessary and appropriate;

14 (j) to authorize emergency State financial assistance, 15 including requirements regarding the terms and conditions of 16 repayment of such assistance, and to require the board of education to levy a separate local property tax, subject to the 17 limitations of Section 1B-8, sufficient to repay such 18 19 assistance consistent with the terms and conditions of 20 repayment and the district's approved financial plan and 21 budget;

(k) to request the regional superintendent to make appointments to fill all vacancies on the local school board as provided in Section 10-10;

(1) to recommend dissolution or reorganization of the school district to the General Assembly if in the Panel's 10000SB0444ham001 -191-

1 judgment the circumstances so require;

2 (m) to direct a phased reduction in the oversight 3 responsibilities of the Financial Administrator and of the 4 Panel as the circumstances permit;

5 (n) to determine the amount of emergency State financial 6 assistance to be made available to the school district, and to 7 establish an operating budget for the Panel to be supported by 8 funds available from such assistance, with the assistance and 9 the budget required to be approved by the State Superintendent;

10 (o) to procure insurance against any loss in such amounts11 and from such insurers as it deems necessary;

(p) to engage the services of consultants for rendering professional and technical assistance and advice on matters within the Panel's power;

15 (q) to contract for and to accept any gifts, grants or 16 loans of funds or property or financial or other aid in any form from the federal government, State government, unit of 17 18 government, school district or any local agency or 19 instrumentality thereof, or from any other private or public 20 source, and to comply with the terms and conditions thereof;

(r) to pay the expenses of its operations based on the Panel's budget as approved by the State Superintendent from emergency financial assistance funds available to the district or from deductions from the district's general State aid <u>or</u> <u>evidence-based funding;</u>

26

(s) to do any and all things necessary or convenient to

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1 carry out its purposes and exercise the powers given to the 2 Panel by this Article; and

3 (t) to recommend the creation of a school finance authority4 pursuant to Article 1F of this Code.

5 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 92-855, eff. 12-6-02.)

6 (105 ILCS 5/1B-7) (from Ch. 122, par. 1B-7)

Sec. 1B-7. Financial Administrator; Powers and Duties. The Financial Administrator appointed by the Financial Oversight Panel shall serve as the Panel's chief executive officer. The Financial Administrator shall exercise the powers and duties required by the Panel, including but not limited to the following:

(a) to provide guidance and recommendations to the local
board and officials of the school district in developing the
district's financial plan and budget prior to board action;

(b) to direct the local board to reorganize its financial 16 accounts, budgetary systems, and internal accounting and 17 18 financial controls, in whatever manner the Panel deems 19 appropriate to achieve greater financial responsibility and to reduce financial inefficiency, and to provide technical 20 21 assistance to aid the district in accomplishing the 22 reorganization;

(c) to make recommendations to the Financial Oversight Panel concerning the school district's financial plan and budget, and all other matters within the scope of the Panel's 1 authority;

(d) to prepare and recommend to the Panel a proposal for
emergency State financial assistance for the district,
including recommended terms and conditions of repayment, and an
operations budget for the Panel to be funded from the emergency
assistance or from deductions from the district's general State
aid or evidence-based funding;

8 (e) to require the local board to prepare and submit 9 preliminary staffing and budgetary analyses annually prior to 10 February 1 in such manner and form as the Financial 11 Administrator shall prescribe; and

(f) subject to the direction of the Panel, to do all other things necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes and exercise the powers given to the Panel under this Article.

15 (Source: P.A. 88-618, eff. 9-9-94.)

16 (105 ILCS 5/1B-8) (from Ch. 122, par. 1B-8)

17 Sec. 1B-8. There is created in the State Treasury a special fund to be known as the School District Emergency Financial 18 19 Assistance Fund (the "Fund"). The School District Emergency Financial Assistance Fund shall consist of appropriations, 20 21 loan repayments, grants from the federal government, and 22 donations from any public or private source. Moneys in the Fund 23 may be appropriated only to the Illinois Finance Authority and 24 the State Board for those purposes authorized under this 25 Article and Articles 1F and 1H of this Code. The appropriation 10000SB0444ham001 -194- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 may be allocated and expended by the State Board for contractual services to provide technical assistance or 2 consultation to school districts to assess their financial 3 4 condition and to Financial Oversight Panels that petition for 5 emergency financial assistance grants. The Illinois Finance 6 Authority may provide loans to school districts which are the subject of an approved petition for emergency financial 7 assistance under Section 1B-4, 1F-62, or 1H-65 of this Code. 8 9 Neither the State Board of Education nor the Illinois Finance 10 Authority may collect any fees for providing these services.

From the amount allocated to each such school district 11 under this Article the State Board shall identify a sum 12 13 sufficient to cover all approved costs of the Financial 14 Oversight Panel established for the respective school 15 district. If the State Board and State Superintendent of 16 Education have not approved emergency financial assistance in conjunction with the appointment of a Financial Oversight 17 18 Panel, the Panel's approved costs shall be paid from deductions 19 from the district's general State aid or evidence-based 20 funding.

The Financial Oversight Panel may prepare and file with the State Superintendent a proposal for emergency financial assistance for the school district and for its operations budget. No expenditures from the Fund shall be authorized by the State Superintendent until he or she has approved the request of the Panel, either as submitted or in such lesser 1

amount determined by the State Superintendent.

2 The maximum amount of an emergency financial assistance loan which may be allocated to any school district under this 3 4 Article, including moneys necessary for the operations of the 5 Panel, shall not exceed \$4,000 times the number of pupils 6 enrolled in the school district during the school year ending June 30 prior to the date of approval by the State Board of the 7 petition for emergency financial assistance, as certified to 8 9 the local board and the Panel by the State Superintendent. An 10 emergency financial assistance grant shall not exceed \$1,000 11 times the number of such pupils. A district may receive both a loan and a grant. 12

13 The payment of an emergency State financial assistance 14 grant or loan shall be subject to appropriation by the General 15 Assembly. Payment of the emergency State financial assistance 16 loan is subject to the applicable provisions of the Illinois Finance Authority Act. Emergency State financial assistance 17 allocated and paid to a school district under this Article may 18 be applied to any fund or funds from which the local board of 19 20 education of that district is authorized to make expenditures 21 by law.

22 Any emergency financial assistance grant proposed by the Financial 23 Oversight Panel and approved by the State 24 Superintendent may be paid in its entirety during the initial 25 year of the Panel's existence or spread in equal or declining 26 amounts over a period of years not to exceed the period of the

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1 Panel's existence. An emergency financial assistance loan proposed by the Financial Oversight Panel and approved by the 2 Illinois Finance Authority may be paid in its entirety during 3 4 the initial year of the Panel's existence or spread in equal or 5 declining amounts over a period of years not to exceed the 6 period of the Panel's existence. All loans made by the Illinois Finance Authority for a school district shall be required to be 7 8 repaid, with simple interest over the term of the loan at a 9 rate equal to 50% of the one-year Constant Maturity Treasury 10 (CMT) yield as last published by the Board of Governors of the 11 Federal Reserve System before the date on which the district's loan is approved by the Illinois Finance Authority, not later 12 13 than the date the Financial Oversight Panel ceases to exist. The Panel shall establish and the Illinois Finance Authority 14 15 shall approve the terms and conditions, including the schedule, 16 of repayments. The schedule shall provide for repayments commencing July 1 of each year or upon each fiscal year's 17 18 receipt of moneys from a tax levy for emergency financial assistance. Repayment shall be incorporated into the annual 19 20 budget of the school district and may be made from any fund or 21 funds of the district in which there are moneys available. An 22 emergency financial assistance loan to the Panel or district 23 shall not be considered part of the calculation of a district's 24 debt for purposes of the limitation specified in Section 19-1 25 of this Code. Default on repayment is subject to the Illinois 26 Grant Funds Recovery Act. When moneys are repaid as provided herein they shall not be made available to the local board for further use as emergency financial assistance under this Article at any time thereafter. All repayments required to be made by a school district shall be received by the State Board and deposited in the School District Emergency Financial Assistance Fund.

In establishing the terms and conditions for the repayment 7 8 obligation of the school district the Panel shall annually 9 determine whether a separate local property tax levy is 10 required. The board of any school district with a tax rate for 11 educational purposes for the prior year of less than 120% of the maximum rate for educational purposes authorized by Section 12 13 17-2 shall provide for a separate tax levy for emergency 14 financial assistance repayment purposes. Such tax levy shall 15 not be subject to referendum approval. The amount of the levy 16 shall be equal to the amount necessary to meet the annual repayment obligations of the district as established by the 17 18 Panel, or 20% of the amount levied for educational purposes for 19 the prior year, whichever is less. However, no district shall 20 be required to levy the tax if the district's operating tax 21 rate as determined under Section 18-8, or 18-8.05, or 18-8.15 exceeds 200% of the district's tax rate for educational 22 23 purposes for the prior year.

24 (Source: P.A. 97-429, eff. 8-16-11.)

25 (105 ILCS 5/1C-1)

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Sec. 1C-1. Purpose. The purpose of this Article is to permit greater flexibility and efficiency in the distribution and use of certain State funds available to local education agencies for the improvement of the quality of educational services pursuant to locally established priorities.

6 <u>Through fiscal year 2017, this</u> This Article does not apply 7 to school districts having a population in excess of 500,000 8 inhabitants.

9 (Source: P.A. 88-555, eff. 7-27-94; 89-15, eff. 5-30-95;
10 89-397, eff. 8-20-95; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.)

11 (105 ILCS 5/1C-2)

12 Sec. 1C-2. Block grants.

(a) For fiscal year 1999, and each fiscal year thereafter, 13 14 the State Board of Education shall award to school districts 15 block grants as described in subsection (c). The State Board of Education may adopt rules and regulations necessary to 16 implement this Section. In accordance with Section 2-3.32, all 17 state block grants are subject to an audit. Therefore, block 18 19 grant receipts and block grant expenditures shall be recorded 20 to the appropriate fund code.

21 (b) (Blank).

(c) An Early Childhood Education Block Grant shall be
created by combining the following programs: Preschool
Education, Parental Training and Prevention Initiative. These
funds shall be distributed to school districts and other

1 entities on a competitive basis, except that the State Board of 2 Education shall award to a school district having a population exceeding 500,000 inhabitants 37% of the funds in each fiscal 3 4 year. Not less than 14% of the Early Childhood Education Block 5 Grant allocation of funds shall be used to fund programs for 6 children ages 0-3. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2016, at least 25% of any additional Early Childhood Education Block Grant funding 7 over and above the previous fiscal year's allocation shall be 8 9 used to fund programs for children ages 0-3. Once the 10 percentage of Early Childhood Education Block Grant funding 11 allocated to programs for children ages 0-3 reaches 20% of the overall Early Childhood Education Block Grant allocation for a 12 13 full fiscal year, thereafter in subsequent fiscal years the 14 percentage of Early Childhood Education Block Grant funding 15 allocated to programs for children ages 0-3 each fiscal year 16 shall remain at least 20% of the overall Early Childhood Education Block Grant allocation. However, if, in a given 17 fiscal year, the amount appropriated for the Early Childhood 18 Education Block Grant is insufficient to increase 19 the 20 percentage of the grant to fund programs for children ages 0-3 21 without reducing the amount of the grant for existing providers 22 of preschool education programs, then the percentage of the 23 grant to fund programs for children ages 0-3 may be held steady 24 instead of increased.

25

(Source: P.A. 98-645, eff. 7-1-14; 99-589, eff. 7-21-16.)

1 (105 ILCS 5/1D-1)

2 Sec. 1D-1. Block grant funding.

3 (a) For fiscal year 1996 through fiscal year 2017 and each 4 fiscal year thereafter, the State Board of Education shall 5 award to a school district having a population exceeding 6 500,000 inhabitants a general education block grant and an educational services block grant, determined as provided in 7 8 this Section, in lieu of distributing to the district separate 9 State funding for the programs described in subsections (b) and 10 (c). The provisions of this Section, however, do not apply to 11 any federal funds that the district is entitled to receive. In accordance with Section 2-3.32, all block grants are subject to 12 13 an audit. Therefore, block grant receipts and block grant 14 expenditures shall be recorded to the appropriate fund code for 15 the designated block grant.

16 (b) The general education block grant shall include the following programs: REI Initiative, Summer Bridges, Preschool 17 At Risk, K-6 Comprehensive Arts, School Improvement Support, 18 Scientific Literacy, Substance 19 Urban Education, Abuse 20 Prevention, Second Language Planning, Staff Development, 21 Outcomes and Assessment, K-6 Reading Improvement, 7-12 22 Continued Reading Improvement, Truants' Optional Education, 23 Hispanic Programs, Agriculture Education, Parental Education, 24 Prevention Initiative, Report Cards, and Criminal Background 25 Investigations. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 26 all amounts paid under the general education block grant from

1 State appropriations to a school district in a city having a 2 population exceeding 500,000 inhabitants shall be appropriated 3 and expended by the board of that district for any of the 4 programs included in the block grant or any of the board's 5 lawful purposes.

6 (c) The educational services block grant shall include the 7 following programs: Regular and Vocational Transportation, 8 State Lunch and Free Breakfast Program, Special Education 9 (Personnel, Transportation, Orphanage, Private Tuition), 10 funding for children requiring special education services, 11 Summer School, Educational Service Centers, and Administrator's Academy. This subsection (c) does not relieve 12 13 the district of its obligation to provide the services required under a program that is included within the educational 14 15 services block grant. It is the intention of the General 16 Assembly in enacting the provisions of this subsection (c) to relieve the district of the administrative burdens that impede 17 efficiency and accompany single-program funding. The General 18 19 Assembly encourages the board to pursue mandate waivers pursuant to Section 2-3.25q. 20

The funding program included in the educational services block grant for funding for children requiring special education services in each fiscal year shall be treated in that fiscal year as a payment to the school district in respect of services provided or costs incurred in the prior fiscal year, calculated in each case as provided in this Section. Nothing in 10000SB0444ham001 -202- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 this Section shall change the nature of payments for any 2 program that, apart from this Section, would be or, prior to 3 adoption or amendment of this Section, was on the basis of a 4 payment in a fiscal year in respect of services provided or 5 costs incurred in the prior fiscal year, calculated in each 6 case as provided in this Section.

(d) For fiscal year 1996 through fiscal year 2017 and each 7 8 fiscal year thereafter, the amount of the district's block 9 grants shall be determined as follows: (i) with respect to each 10 program that is included within each block grant, the district 11 shall receive an amount equal to the same percentage of the current fiscal year appropriation made for that program as the 12 13 percentage of the appropriation received by the district from 14 the 1995 fiscal year appropriation made for that program, and 15 (ii) the total amount that is due the district under the block 16 grant shall be the aggregate of the amounts that the district is entitled to receive for the fiscal year with respect to each 17 18 program that is included within the block grant that the State Board of Education shall award the district under this Section 19 20 for that fiscal year. In the case of the Summer Bridges 21 program, the amount of the district's block grant shall be equal to 44% of the amount of the current fiscal year 22 23 appropriation made for that program.

(e) The district is not required to file any application or
other claim in order to receive the block grants to which it is
entitled under this Section. The State Board of Education shall

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1 make payments to the district of amounts due under the 2 district's block grants on a schedule determined by the State 3 Board of Education.

4 (f) A school district to which this Section applies shall 5 report to the State Board of Education on its use of the block grants in such form and detail as the State Board of Education 6 7 may specify. In addition, the report must include the following description for the district, which must also be reported to 8 9 the General Assembly: block grant allocation and expenditures 10 by program; population and service levels by program; and 11 administrative expenditures by program. The State Board of Education shall ensure that the reporting requirements for the 12 13 district are the same as for all other school districts in this 14 State.

15 (g) Through fiscal year 2017, this This paragraph provides 16 for the treatment of block grants under Article 1C for purposes of calculating the amount of block grants for a district under 17 18 this Section. Those block grants under Article 1C are, for this 19 purpose, treated as included in the amount of appropriation for 20 the various programs set forth in paragraph (b) above. The 21 appropriation in each current fiscal year for each block grant 22 under Article 1C shall be treated for these purposes as 23 appropriations for the individual program included in that 24 block grant. The proportion of each block grant so allocated to 25 each such program included in it shall be the proportion which 26 the appropriation for that program was of all appropriations for such purposes now in that block grant, in fiscal 1995.

1

Payments to the school district under this Section with respect to each program for which payments to school districts generally, as of the date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, are on a reimbursement basis shall continue to be made to the district on a reimbursement basis, pursuant to the provisions of this Code governing those programs.

8 (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any school 9 district receiving a block grant under this Section may 10 classify all or a portion of the funds that it receives in a 11 particular fiscal year from any block grant authorized under this Code or from general State aid pursuant to Section 18-8.05 12 13 of this Code (other than supplemental general State aid) as 14 funds received in connection with any funding program for which 15 it is entitled to receive funds from the State in that fiscal 16 year (including, without limitation, any funding program referred to in subsection (c) of this Section), regardless of 17 the source or timing of the receipt. The district may not 18 classify more funds as funds received in connection with the 19 20 funding program than the district is entitled to receive in 21 that fiscal year for that program. Any classification by a district must be made by a resolution of its board of 22 23 education. The resolution must identify the amount of any block 24 grant or general State aid to be classified under this 25 subsection (h) and must specify the funding program to which 26 the funds are to be treated as received in connection

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1 therewith. This resolution is controlling as to the classification of funds referenced therein. A certified copy of 2 the resolution must be sent to the State Superintendent of 3 4 Education. The resolution shall still take effect even though a 5 copy of the resolution has not been sent to the State 6 Superintendent of Education in a timely manner. No classification under this subsection (h) by a district shall 7 8 affect the total amount or timing of money the district is 9 entitled to receive under this Code. No classification under 10 this subsection (h) by a district shall in any way relieve the 11 district from or affect any requirements that otherwise would apply with respect to the block grant as provided in this 12 13 Section, including any accounting of funds by source, reporting 14 expenditures by original source and purpose, reporting 15 requirements, or requirements of provision of services.

16 (Source: P.A. 97-238, eff. 8-2-11; 97-324, eff. 8-12-11; 17 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)

18

(105 ILCS 5/1E-20)

19 (This Section scheduled to be repealed in accordance with 20 105 ILCS 5/1E-165)

21

Sec. 1E-20. Members of Authority; meetings.

(a) When a petition for a School Finance Authority is
allowed by the State Board under Section 1E-15 of this Code,
the State Superintendent shall within 10 days thereafter
appoint 5 members to serve on a School Finance Authority for

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1 the district. Of the initial members, 2 shall be appointed to serve a term of 2 years and 3 shall be appointed to serve a term 2 of 3 years. Thereafter, each member shall serve for a term of 3 3 4 years and until his or her successor has been appointed. The 5 State Superintendent shall designate one of the members of the Authority to serve as its Chairperson. In the event of vacancy 6 or resignation, the State Superintendent shall, within 10 days 7 8 after receiving notice, appoint a successor to serve out that 9 member's term. The State Superintendent may remove a member for 10 incompetence, malfeasance, neglect of duty, or other just 11 cause.

Members of the Authority shall be selected primarily on the 12 13 basis of their experience and education in financial 14 management, with consideration given to persons knowledgeable 15 in education finance. Two members of the Authority shall be 16 residents of the school district that the Authority serves. A member of the Authority may not be a member of the district's 17 school board or an employee of the district nor may a member 18 have a direct financial interest in the district. 19

Authority members shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed by the State Board for travel and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. Unless paid from bonds issued under Section 1E-65 of this Code, the amount reimbursed members for their expenses shall be charged to the school district as part of any emergency financial assistance and incorporated as a part of the terms and conditions for repayment of the assistance or shall be deducted from the district's general State aid <u>or</u> <u>evidence-based funding</u> as provided in Section 1B-8 of this Code.

5 The Authority may elect such officers as it deems 6 appropriate.

7 (b) The first meeting of the Authority shall be held at the 8 call of the Chairperson. The Authority shall prescribe the 9 times and places for its meetings and the manner in which 10 regular and special meetings may be called and shall comply 11 with the Open Meetings Act.

12 Three members of the Authority shall constitute a quorum. 13 When a vote is taken upon any measure before the Authority, a 14 quorum being present, a majority of the votes of the members 15 voting on the measure shall determine the outcome.

16 (Source: P.A. 92-547, eff. 6-13-02.)

17 (105 ILCS 5/1F-20)

18 (This Section scheduled to be repealed in accordance with 105 19 ILCS 5/1F-165)

20

Sec. 1F-20. Members of Authority; meetings.

(a) Upon establishment of a School Finance Authority under
Section 1F-15 of this Code, the State Superintendent shall
within 15 days thereafter appoint 5 members to serve on a
School Finance Authority for the district. Of the initial
members, 2 shall be appointed to serve a term of 2 years and 3

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1 shall be appointed to serve a term of 3 years. Thereafter, each member shall serve for a term of 3 years and until his or her 2 3 successor has been appointed. The State Superintendent shall 4 designate one of the members of the Authority to serve as its 5 Chairperson. In the event of vacancy or resignation, the State Superintendent shall, within 10 days after receiving notice, 6 appoint a successor to serve out that member's term. The State 7 8 Superintendent may remove a member for incompetence, 9 malfeasance, neglect of duty, or other just cause.

10 Members of the Authority shall be selected primarily on the 11 basis of their experience and education in financial management, with consideration given to persons knowledgeable 12 in education finance. Two members of the Authority shall be 13 14 residents of the school district that the Authority serves. A 15 member of the Authority may not be a member of the district's 16 school board or an employee of the district nor may a member have a direct financial interest in the district. 17

Authority members shall be paid a stipend approved by the 18 State Superintendent of not more than \$100 per meeting and may 19 20 be reimbursed by the State Board for travel and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. 21 22 Unless paid from bonds issued under Section 1F-65 of this Code, 23 the amount reimbursed members for their expenses shall be 24 charged to the school district as part of any emergency 25 financial assistance and incorporated as a part of the terms 26 and conditions for repayment of the assistance or shall be

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1 deducted from the district's general State aid <u>or</u>
2 <u>evidence-based funding</u> as provided in Section 1B-8 of this
3 Code.

4 The Authority may elect such officers as it deems 5 appropriate.

6 (b) The first meeting of the Authority shall be held at the 7 call of the Chairperson. The Authority shall prescribe the 8 times and places for its meetings and the manner in which 9 regular and special meetings may be called and shall comply 10 with the Open Meetings Act.

11 Three members of the Authority shall constitute a quorum. 12 When a vote is taken upon any measure before the Authority, a 13 quorum being present, a majority of the votes of the members 14 voting on the measure shall determine the outcome.

15 (Source: P.A. 94-234, eff. 7-1-06.)

16 (105 ILCS 5/1F-62)

17 (This Section scheduled to be repealed in accordance with 105
18 ILCS 5/1F-165)

Sec. 1F-62. School District Emergency Financial Assistance
 Fund; grants and loans.

(a) Moneys in the School District Emergency Financial
Assistance Fund established under Section 1B-8 of this Code may
be allocated and expended by the State Board as grants to
provide technical and consulting services to school districts
to assess their financial condition and by the Illinois Finance

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1 Authority for emergency financial assistance loans to a School 2 Finance Authority that petitions for emergency financial 3 assistance. An emergency financial assistance loan to a School 4 Finance Authority or borrowing from sources other than the 5 State shall not be considered as part of the calculation of a 6 district's debt for purposes of the limitation specified in Section 19-1 of this Code. From the amount allocated to each 7 School Finance Authority, the State Board shall identify a sum 8 9 sufficient to cover all approved costs of the School Finance 10 Authority. If the State Board and State Superintendent have not 11 approved emergency financial assistance in conjunction with the appointment of a School Finance Authority, the Authority's 12 approved costs shall be paid from deductions from the 13 14 district's general State aid or evidence-based funding.

15 The School Finance Authority may prepare and file with the 16 State Superintendent a proposal for emergency financial 17 assistance for the school district and for its operations 18 budget. No expenditures shall be authorized by the State 19 Superintendent until he or she has approved the proposal of the 20 School Finance Authority, either as submitted or in such lesser 21 amount determined by the State Superintendent.

(b) The amount of an emergency financial assistance loan that may be allocated to a School Finance Authority under this Article, including moneys necessary for the operations of the School Finance Authority, and borrowing from sources other than the State shall not exceed, in the aggregate, \$4,000 times the 10000SB0444ham001 -211- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 number of pupils enrolled in the district during the school year ending June 30 prior to the date of approval by the State 2 3 Board of the petition for emergency financial assistance, as 4 certified to the school board and the School Finance Authority 5 by the State Superintendent. However, this limitation does not apply to borrowing by the district secured by amounts levied by 6 the district prior to establishment of the School Finance 7 8 Authority. An emergency financial assistance grant shall not 9 exceed \$1,000 times the number of such pupils. A district may 10 receive both a loan and a grant.

11 (c) The payment of a State emergency financial assistance 12 grant or loan shall be subject to appropriation by the General 13 Assembly. State emergency financial assistance allocated and 14 paid to a School Finance Authority under this Article may be 15 applied to any fund or funds from which the School Finance 16 Authority is authorized to make expenditures by law.

(d) Any State emergency financial assistance proposed by 17 the School Finance Authority and approved by the State 18 Superintendent may be paid in its entirety during the initial 19 20 year of the School Finance Authority's existence or spread in 21 equal or declining amounts over a period of years not to exceed 22 the period of the School Finance Authority's existence. The 23 State Superintendent shall not approve any loan to the School 24 Finance Authority unless the School Finance Authority has been 25 unable to borrow sufficient funds to operate the district.

26 All loan payments made from the School District Emergency

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1 Financial Assistance Fund to a School Finance Authority shall be required to be repaid not later than the date the School 2 Finance Authority ceases to exist, with simple interest over 3 the term of the loan at a rate equal to 50% of the one-year 4 5 Constant Maturity Treasury (CMT) yield as last published by the 6 Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System before the date on which the School Finance Authority's loan is approved 7 8 by the State Board.

9 The School Finance Authority shall establish and the 10 Illinois Finance Authority shall approve the terms and 11 conditions of the loan, including the schedule of repayments. The schedule shall provide for repayments commencing July 1 of 12 each year or upon each fiscal year's receipt of moneys from a 13 14 tax levy for emergency financial assistance. Repayment shall be 15 incorporated into the annual budget of the district and may be 16 made from any fund or funds of the district in which there are moneys available. Default on repayment is subject to the 17 Illinois Grant Funds Recovery Act. When moneys are repaid as 18 provided in this Section, they shall not be made available to 19 20 the School Finance Authority for further use as emergency 21 financial assistance under this Article at any time thereafter. 22 All repayments required to be made by a School Finance 23 Authority shall be received by the State Board and deposited in 24 the School District Emergency Financial Assistance Fund.

In establishing the terms and conditions for the repayment obligation of the School Finance Authority, the School Finance 10000SB0444ham001 -213- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 Authority shall annually determine whether a separate local property tax levy is required to meet that obligation. The 2 3 School Finance Authority shall provide for a separate tax levy 4 for emergency financial assistance repayment purposes. This 5 tax levy shall not be subject to referendum approval. The 6 amount of the levy shall not exceed the amount necessary to meet the annual emergency financial repayment obligations of 7 the district, including principal and interest, as established 8 9 by the School Finance Authority.

10 (Source: P.A. 94-234, eff. 7-1-06.)

11 (105 ILCS 5/1H-20)

12 Sec. 1H-20. Members of Panel; meetings.

13 (a) Upon establishment of a Financial Oversight Panel under 14 Section 1H-15 of this Code, the State Superintendent shall 15 within 15 working days thereafter appoint 5 members to serve on a Financial Oversight Panel for the district. Members appointed 16 17 to the Panel shall serve at the pleasure of the State 18 Superintendent. The State Superintendent shall designate one 19 of the members of the Panel to serve as its Chairperson. In the event of vacancy or resignation, the State Superintendent 20 21 shall, within 10 days after receiving notice, appoint a 22 successor to serve out that member's term.

(b) Members of the Panel shall be selected primarily on the
 basis of their experience and education in financial
 management, with consideration given to persons knowledgeable

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1 in education finance. Two members of the Panel shall be 2 residents of the school district that the Panel serves. A 3 member of the Panel may not be a member of the district's 4 school board or an employee of the district nor may a member 5 have a direct financial interest in the district.

(c) Panel members may be reimbursed by the State Board for 6 7 travel and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. The amount reimbursed members for 8 9 their expenses shall be charged to the school district as part 10 of any emergency financial assistance and incorporated as a 11 part of the terms and conditions for repayment of the assistance or shall be deducted from the district's general 12 13 State aid or evidence-based funding as provided in Section 1H-65 of this Code. 14

(d) With the exception of the chairperson, who shall be designated as provided in subsection (a) of this Section, the Panel may elect such officers as it deems appropriate.

(e) The first meeting of the Panel shall be held at the
call of the Chairperson. The Panel shall prescribe the times
and places for its meetings and the manner in which regular and
special meetings may be called and shall comply with the Open
Meetings Act. The Panel shall also comply with the Freedom of
Information Act.

(f) Three members of the Panel shall constitute a quorum. A
majority of members present is required to pass a measure.
(Source: P.A. 97-429, eff. 8-16-11.)

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1 (105 ILCS 5/1H-70)
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Sec. 1H-70. Tax anticipation warrants, tax anticipation notes, revenue anticipation certificates or notes, general State aid <u>or evidence-based funding</u> anticipation certificates, and lines of credit. With the approval of the State Superintendent and provided that the district is unable to secure short-term financing after 3 attempts, a Panel shall have the same power as a district to do the following:

9 (1) issue tax anticipation warrants under the 10 provisions of Section 17-16 of this Code against taxes 11 levied by either the school board or the Panel pursuant to 12 Section 1H-25 of this Code;

13 (2) issue tax anticipation notes under the provisions 14 of the Tax Anticipation Note Act against taxes levied by 15 either the school board or the Panel pursuant to Section 16 1H-25 of this Code;

17 (3) issue revenue anticipation certificates or notes
18 under the provisions of the Revenue Anticipation Act;

(4) issue general State aid <u>or evidence-based funding</u>
anticipation certificates under the provisions of Section
18-18 of this Code; and

(5) establish and utilize lines of credit under the
 provisions of Section 17-17 of this Code.

Tax anticipation warrants, tax anticipation notes, revenue anticipation certificates or notes, general State aid <u>or</u> 10000SB0444ham001 -216- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

<u>evidence-based funding</u> anticipation certificates, and lines of
 credit are considered borrowing from sources other than the
 State and are subject to Section 1H-65 of this Code.

4 (Source: P.A. 97-429, eff. 8-16-11.)

5 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.25g) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.25g)

Sec. 2-3.25g. Waiver or modification of mandates within the
School Code and administrative rules and regulations.

8

(a) In this Section:

9 "Board" means a school board or the governing board or 10 administrative district, as the case may be, for a joint 11 agreement.

12 "Eligible applicant" means a school district, joint 13 agreement made up of school districts, or regional 14 superintendent of schools on behalf of schools and programs 15 operated by the regional office of education.

16 "Implementation date" has the meaning set forth in17 Section 24A-2.5 of this Code.

18

"State Board" means the State Board of Education.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this School Code or any other law of this State to the contrary, eligible applicants may petition the State Board of Education for the waiver or modification of the mandates of this School Code or of the administrative rules and regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education. Waivers or modifications of administrative rules and regulations and modifications of 10000SB0444ham001 -217- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 mandates of this School Code may be requested when an eligible applicant demonstrates that it can address the intent of the 2 rule or mandate in a more effective, efficient, or economical 3 4 manner or when necessary to stimulate innovation or improve 5 student performance. Waivers of mandates of the School Code may 6 be requested when the waivers are necessary to stimulate 7 innovation or improve student performance or when the applicant demonstrates that it can address the intent of the mandate of 8 9 the School Code in a more effective, efficient, or economical 10 manner. Waivers may not be requested from laws, rules, and 11 regulations pertaining to special education, teacher educator licensure, teacher tenure and seniority, or Section 5-2.1 of 12 13 this Code or from compliance with the Every Student Succeeds Act (Public Law 114-95) No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 14 15 (Public Law 107 110). Eligible applicants may not seek a waiver 16 or seek a modification of a mandate regarding the requirements for (i) student performance data to be a significant factor in 17 teacher or principal evaluations or (ii) teachers 18 and principals to be rated using the 4 categories of "excellent", 19 20 "proficient", "needs improvement", or "unsatisfactory". On September 1, 2014, any previously authorized waiver or 21 22 modification from such requirements shall terminate.

(c) Eligible applicants, as a matter of inherent managerial
 policy, and any Independent Authority established under
 Section 2-3.25f-5 of this Code may submit an application for a
 waiver or modification authorized under this Section. Each

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1 application must include a written request by the eligible applicant or Independent Authority and must demonstrate that 2 3 the intent of the mandate can be addressed in a more effective, 4 efficient, or economical manner or be based upon a specific 5 plan for improved student performance and school improvement. 6 Any eligible applicant requesting a waiver or modification for the reason that intent of the mandate can be addressed in a 7 more economical manner shall include in the application a 8 fiscal analysis showing current expenditures on the mandate and 9 10 projected savings resulting from the waiver or modification. 11 Applications and plans developed by eligible applicants must be approved by the board or regional superintendent of schools 12 13 applying on behalf of schools or programs operated by the regional office of education following a public hearing on the 14 15 application and plan and the opportunity for the board or 16 regional superintendent to hear testimony from staff directly involved in its implementation, parents, and students. The time 17 period for such testimony shall be separate from the time 18 19 period established by the eligible applicant for public comment 20 on other matters. If the applicant is a school district or 21 joint agreement requesting a waiver or modification of Section 27-6 of this Code, the public hearing shall be held on a day 22 other than the day on which a regular meeting of the board is 23 24 held.

25 (c-5) If the applicant is a school district, then the 26 district shall post information that sets forth the time, date,

1 place, and general subject matter of the public hearing on its 2 Internet website at least 14 days prior to the hearing. If the 3 district is requesting to increase the fee charged for driver 4 education authorized pursuant to Section 27-24.2 of this Code, 5 the website information shall include the proposed amount of the fee the district will request. All school districts must 6 publish a notice of the public hearing at least 7 days prior to 7 8 the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the 9 school district that sets forth the time, date, place, and 10 general subject matter of the hearing. Districts requesting to 11 increase the fee charged for driver education shall include in the published notice the proposed amount of the fee the 12 13 district will request. If the applicant is a joint agreement or 14 regional superintendent, then the joint agreement or regional 15 superintendent shall post information that sets forth the time, 16 date, place, and general subject matter of the public hearing on its Internet website at least 14 days prior to the hearing. 17 18 If the joint agreement or regional superintendent is requesting to increase the fee charged for driver education authorized 19 20 pursuant to Section 27-24.2 of this Code, the website 21 information shall include the proposed amount of the fee the 22 applicant will request. All joint agreements and regional 23 superintendents must publish a notice of the public hearing at 24 least 7 days prior to the hearing in a newspaper of general 25 circulation in each school district that is a member of the 26 joint agreement or that is served by the educational service

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1 region that sets forth the time, date, place, and general subject matter of the hearing, provided that a notice appearing 2 in a newspaper generally circulated in more than one school 3 4 district shall be deemed to fulfill this requirement with 5 respect to all of the affected districts. Joint agreements or 6 regional superintendents requesting to increase the fee charged for driver education shall include in the published 7 8 notice the proposed amount of the fee the applicant will 9 request. The eligible applicant must notify in writing the 10 affected exclusive collective bargaining agent and those State 11 legislators representing the eligible applicant's territory of its intent to seek approval of a waiver or modification and of 12 13 the hearing to be held to take testimony from staff. The 14 affected exclusive collective bargaining agents shall be 15 notified of such public hearing at least 7 days prior to the 16 date of the hearing and shall be allowed to attend such public hearing. The eligible applicant shall attest to compliance with 17 18 all of the notification and procedural requirements set forth in this Section. 19

20 Α request for а waiver or modification of (d) 21 administrative rules and regulations or for a modification of mandates contained in this School Code shall be submitted to 22 23 the State Board of Education within 15 days after approval by 24 regional superintendent of schools. the board or The 25 application as submitted to the State Board of Education shall 26 include a description of the public hearing. Except with

respect to contracting for adaptive driver education, an 1 eligible applicant wishing to request a modification or waiver 2 of administrative rules of the State Board of Education 3 4 regarding contracting with a commercial driver training school 5 to provide the course of study authorized under Section 27 24.2 of this Code must provide evidence with its application that 6 the commercial driver training school with which it will 7 contract holds a license issued by the Secretary of State under 8 Article IV of Chapter 6 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and that 9 10 each instructor employed by the commercial driver training school to provide instruction to students served by the school 11 district holds a valid teaching certificate or teaching 12 13 license, as applicable, issued under the requirements of this Code and rules of the State Board of Education. Such evidence 14 must include, but need not be limited to, a list of each 15 instructor assigned to teach students served by the school 16 district, which list shall include the instructor's name, 17 personal identification number as required by the State Board 18 of Education, birth date, and driver's license number. If the 19 20 modification or waiver is granted, then the eligible applicant shall notify the State Board of Education of any changes in the 21 22 personnel providing instruction within 15 calendar days after an instructor leaves the program or a new instructor is hired. 23 Such notification shall include the instructor's name, 24 25 personal identification number as required by the State Board 26 of Education, birth date, and driver's license number. If a 10000SB0444ham001

1 school district maintains an Internet website, then the district shall post a copy of the final contract between the 2 district and the commercial driver training school on the 3 4 district's Internet website. If no Internet website exists, then the district shall make available the contract upon 5 request. A record of all materials in relation to the 6 application for contracting must be maintained by the school 7 8 district and made available to parents and quardians upon 9 request. The instructor's date of birth and driver's license 10 number and any other personally identifying information as 11 deemed by the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994 must be redacted from any public materials. Following receipt 12 13 of the waiver or modification request, the State Board shall have 45 days to review the application and request. If the 14 15 State Board fails to disapprove the application within that 45 16 day period, the waiver or modification shall be deemed granted. The State Board may disapprove any request if it is not based 17 upon sound educational practices, endangers the health or 18 safety of students or staff, compromises equal opportunities 19 20 for learning, or fails to demonstrate that the intent of the rule or mandate can be addressed in a more effective, 21 22 efficient, or economical manner or have improved student 23 performance as a primary goal. Any request disapproved by the 24 State Board may be appealed to the General Assembly by the 25 eligible applicant as outlined in this Section.

26

A request for a waiver from mandates contained in this

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1 School Code shall be submitted to the State Board within 15 2 days after approval by the board or regional superintendent of schools. The application as submitted to the State Board of 3 Education shall include a description of the public hearing. 4 5 The description shall include, but need not be limited to, the 6 means of notice, the number of people in attendance, the number of people who spoke as proponents or opponents of the waiver, a 7 brief description of their comments, and whether there were any 8 9 written statements submitted. The State Board shall review the 10 applications and requests for completeness and shall compile 11 the requests in reports to be filed with the General Assembly. The State Board shall file reports outlining the waivers 12 13 requested by eligible applicants and appeals by eligible 14 applicants of requests disapproved by the State Board with the 15 Senate and the House of Representatives before each March 1 and 16 October 1.

17 <u>The report shall be reviewed by a panel of 4 members</u> 18 <u>consisting of:</u>

19 (1) the Speaker of the House of Representatives; 20 (2) the Minority Leader of the House of 21 Representatives; 22 (3) the President of the Senate; and 23 (4) the Minority Leader of the Senate. 24 The State Board of Education may provide the panel 25 recommendations on waiver requests. The members of the panel shall review the report submitted by the State Board of 26

1 Education and submit to the State Board of Education any notice of further consideration to any waiver request within 14 days 2 after the member receives the report. If 3 or more of the panel 3 4 members submit a notice of further consideration to any waiver 5 request contained within the report, the State Board of 6 Education shall submit the waiver request to the General Assembly for consideration. If less than 3 panel members submit 7 a notice of further consideration to a waiver request, the 8 9 waiver may be approved, denied, or modified by the State Board. 10 If the State Board does not act on a waiver request within 10 11 days, then the waiver request is approved. If the waiver request is denied by the State Board, it shall submit the 12 13 waiver request to the General Assembly for consideration.

14 The General Assembly may disapprove any waiver request 15 submitted to the General Assembly pursuant to this subsection 16 (d) the report of the State Board in whole or in part within 60 calendar days after each house of the General Assembly next 17 convenes after the waiver request is submitted report is filed 18 by adoption of a resolution by a record vote of the majority of 19 20 members elected in each house. If the General Assembly fails to disapprove any waiver request or appealed request within such 21 60 day period, the waiver or modification shall be deemed 22 granted. Any resolution adopted by the General Assembly 23 24 disapproving a report of the State Board in whole or in part 25 shall be binding on the State Board.

26

(e) An approved waiver or modification (except a waiver

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1 from or -modification to a physical education mandate) may remain in effect for a period not to exceed 5 school years and 2 may be renewed upon application by the eligible applicant. 3 4 However, such waiver or modification may be changed within that 5 5-year period by a board or regional superintendent of schools 6 applying on behalf of schools or programs operated by the regional office of education following the procedure as set 7 forth in this Section for the initial waiver or modification 8 9 request. If neither the State Board of Education nor the 10 General Assembly disapproves, the change is deemed granted.

11 An approved waiver from or modification to a physical 12 education mandate may remain in effect for a period not to 13 exceed 2 school years and may be renewed no more than 2 times 14 upon application by the eligible applicant. An approved waiver 15 from or modification to a physical education mandate may be changed within the 2 year period by the board or regional 16 17 superintendent of schools, whichever is applicable, following the procedure set forth in this Section for the initial waiver 18 or modification request. If neither the State Board of 19 20 Education nor the General Assembly disapproves, the change is 21 deemed granted.

22 (f) (Blank).

23 (Source: P.A. 98-513, eff. 1-1-14; 98-739, eff. 7-16-14;
24 98-1155, eff. 1-9-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15.)

25

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.33) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.33)

1 Sec. 2-3.33. Recomputation of claims. To recompute within 3 years from the final date for filing of a claim any claim for 2 3 general State aid reimbursement to any school district and one 4 year from the final date for filing of a claim for 5 evidence-based funding if the claim has been found to be 6 incorrect and to adjust subsequent claims accordingly, and to recompute and adjust any such claims within 6 years from the 7 8 final date for filing when there has been an adverse court or 9 administrative agency decision on the merits affecting the tax 10 revenues of the school district. However, no such adjustment 11 shall be made regarding equalized assessed valuation unless the district's equalized assessed valuation is changed by greater 12 13 than \$250,000 or 2%. Any adjustments for claims recomputed for 14 the 2016-2017 school year and prior school years shall be 15 applied to the apportionment of evidence-based funding in 16 Section 18-8.15 of this Code beginning in the 2017-2018 school year and thereafter. However, the recomputation of a claim for 17 evidence-based funding for a school district shall not require 18 19 the recomputation of claims for all districts, and the State 20 Board of Education shall only make recomputations of evidence-based funding for those districts where an adjustment 21 22 is required.

Except in the case of an adverse court or administrative agency decision, no recomputation of a State aid claim shall be made pursuant to this Section as a result of a reduction in the assessed valuation of a school district from the assessed valuation of the district reported to the State Board of
 Education by the Department of Revenue under Section 18-8.05 or
 <u>18-8.15 of this Code</u> unless the requirements of Section 16-15
 of the Property Tax Code and Section 2-3.84 of this Code are
 complied with in all respects.

6 This paragraph applies to all requests for recomputation of a general State aid or evidence-based funding claim received 7 after June 30, 2003. In recomputing a general State aid or 8 9 evidence-based funding claim that was originally calculated 10 using an extension limitation equalized assessed valuation 11 under paragraph (3) of subsection (G) of Section 18-8.05 of this Code or Section 18-8.15 of this Code, a qualifying 12 13 reduction in equalized assessed valuation shall be deducted from the extension limitation equalized assessed valuation 14 15 that was used in calculating the original claim.

16 total amount of From the general State aid or 17 evidence-based funding to be provided to districts, adjustments as a result of recomputation under this Section 18 together with adjustments under Section 2-3.84 must not exceed 19 20 \$25 million, in the aggregate for all districts under both 21 Sections combined, of the general State aid or evidence-based 22 funding appropriation in any fiscal year; if necessary, amounts 23 shall be prorated among districts. If it is necessary to 24 prorate claims under this paragraph, then that portion of each 25 prorated claim that is approved but not paid in the current 26 fiscal year may be resubmitted as a valid claim in the

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- following fiscal year. 1
- 2 (Source: P.A. 93-845, eff. 7-30-04.)
- 3

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.51.5)

4 Sec. 2-3.51.5. School Safety and Educational Improvement 5 Block Grant Program. To improve the level of education and safety of students from kindergarten through grade 12 in school 6 districts and State-recognized, non-public schools. The State 7 8 Board of Education is authorized to fund a School Safety and 9 Educational Improvement Block Grant Program.

10 (1) For school districts, the program shall provide funding safety, textbooks and software, electronic 11 for school 12 textbooks and the technological equipment necessary to gain access to and use electronic textbooks, teacher training and 13 14 curriculum development, school improvements, school report cards under Section 10-17a, and criminal history records checks 15 under Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5. For State-recognized, 16 non-public schools, the program shall provide funding for 17 secular textbooks and software, criminal history records 18 19 checks, and health and safety mandates to the extent that the funds are expended for purely secular purposes. A school 20 21 district or laboratory school as defined in Section 18-8, or 18-8.05, or 18-8.15 is not required to file an application in 22 order to receive the categorical funding to which it is 23 24 entitled under this Section. Funds for the School Safety and 25 Educational Improvement Block Grant Program shall be

1 distributed to school districts and laboratory schools based on the prior year's best 3 months average daily attendance. Funds 2 3 for the School Safety and Educational Improvement Block Grant 4 Program shall be distributed to State-recognized, non-public 5 schools based on the average daily attendance figure for the previous school year provided to the State Board of Education. 6 7 The State Board of Education shall develop an application that 8 requires State-recognized, non-public schools to submit 9 average daily attendance figures. A State-recognized, 10 non-public school must submit the application and average daily 11 attendance figure prior to receiving funds under this Section. The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules and 12 13 regulations necessary for the implementation of this program.

14 (2) Distribution of moneys to school districts and
15 State-recognized, non-public schools shall be made in 2
16 semi-annual installments, one payment on or before October 30,
17 and one payment prior to April 30, of each fiscal year.

18 (3) Grants under the School Safety and Educational 19 Improvement Block Grant Program shall be awarded provided there 20 is an appropriation for the program, and funding levels for 21 each district shall be prorated according to the amount of the 22 appropriation.

(4) The provisions of this Section are in the public
 interest, are for the public benefit, and serve secular public
 purposes.

26 (Source: P.A. 98-972, eff. 8-15-14.)

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(105 ILCS 5/2-3.66) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.66) 1 2 Sec. 2-3.66. Truants' alternative and optional education 3 programs. То establish projects to offer modified 4 instructional programs or other services designed to prevent 5 students from dropping out of school, including programs pursuant to Section 2-3.41, and to serve as a part time or full 6 7 time option in lieu of regular school attendance and to award 8 grants to local school districts, educational service regions 9 or community college districts from appropriated funds to 10 assist districts in establishing such projects. The education agency may operate its own program or enter into a contract 11 12 with another not-for-profit entity to implement the program. The projects shall allow dropouts, up to and including age 21, 13 14 potential dropouts, including truants, uninvolved, unmotivated 15 and disaffected students, as defined by State Board of Education rules and regulations, to enroll, as an alternative 16 to regular school attendance, in an optional education program 17 which may be established by school board policy and is in 18 19 conformance with rules adopted by the State Board of Education. 20 Truants' Alternative and Optional Education programs funded 21 pursuant to this Section shall be planned by a student, the 22 student's parents or legal guardians, unless the student is 18 23 years or older, and school officials and shall culminate in an 24 individualized optional education plan. Such plan shall focus 25 on academic or vocational skills, or both, and may include, but

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not be limited to, evening school, summer school, community 1 2 college courses, adult education, preparation courses for high equivalency testing, vocational training, 3 school work 4 experience, programs to enhance self concept and parenting 5 courses. School districts which are awarded grants pursuant to 6 this Section shall be authorized to provide day care services to children of students who are eligible and desire to enroll 7 8 in programs established and funded under this Section, but only 9 if and to the extent that such day care is necessary to enable 10 those eligible students to attend and participate in the 11 programs and courses which are conducted pursuant to this Section. School districts and regional offices of education may 12 13 claim general State aid under Section 18-8.05 or evidence-based 14 funding under Section 18-8.15 for students enrolled in truants' 15 alternative and optional education programs, provided that 16 such students are receiving services that are supplemental to a program leading to a high school diploma and are otherwise 17 eligible to be claimed for general State aid under Section 18 18-8.05 or evidence-based funding under Section 18-8.15, as 19 20 applicable.

21 (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15.)

22 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.66b)

23 Sec. 2-3.66b. IHOPE Program.

(a) There is established the Illinois Hope and Opportunity
 Pathways through Education (IHOPE) Program. The State Board of

Education shall implement and administer the IHOPE Program. The goal of the IHOPE Program is to develop a comprehensive system in this State to re-enroll significant numbers of high school dropouts in programs that will enable them to earn their high school diploma.

6 (b) The IHOPE Program shall award grants, subject to appropriation for this purpose, to educational service regions 7 and a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code 8 9 from appropriated funds to assist in establishing 10 instructional programs and other services designed to 11 re-enroll high school dropouts. From any funds appropriated for the IHOPE Program, the State Board of Education may use up to 12 13 5% for administrative costs, including the performance of a program evaluation and the hiring of staff to implement and 14 15 administer the program.

16 The IHOPE Program shall provide incentive grant funds for 17 regional offices of education and a school district organized 18 under Article 34 of this Code to develop partnerships with 19 school districts, public community colleges, and community 20 groups to build comprehensive plans to re-enroll high school 21 dropouts in their regions or districts.

Programs funded through the IHOPE Program shall allow high school dropouts, up to and including age 21 notwithstanding Section 26-2 of this Code, to re-enroll in an educational program in conformance with rules adopted by the State Board of Education. Programs may include without limitation 10000SB0444ham001 -233- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 comprehensive year-round programming, evening school, summer 2 school, community college courses, adult education, vocational training, work experience, programs to enhance self-concept, 3 4 and parenting courses. Any student in the IHOPE Program who 5 wishes to earn a high school diploma must meet the prerequisites to receiving a high school diploma specified in 6 Section 27-22 of this Code any other graduation 7 and requirements of the student's district of residence. Any 8 9 student who successfully completes the requirements for his or 10 her graduation shall receive a diploma identifying the student 11 as graduating from his or her district of residence.

(c) In order to be eligible for funding under the IHOPE 12 13 Program, an interested regional office of education or a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code shall develop 14 15 an IHOPE Plan to be approved by the State Board of Education. 16 The State Board of Education shall develop rules for the IHOPE Program that shall set forth the requirements for the 17 development of the IHOPE Plan. Each Plan shall involve school 18 19 districts, public community colleges, and key community 20 programs that work with high school dropouts located in an 21 educational service region or the City of Chicago before the 22 Plan is sent to the State Board for approval. No funds may be 23 distributed to a regional office of education or a school 24 district organized under Article 34 of this Code until the 25 State Board has approved the Plan.

26

(d) A regional office of education or a school district

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organized under Article 34 of this Code may operate its own program funded by the IHOPE Program or enter into a contract with other not-for-profit entities, including school districts, public community colleges, and not-for-profit community-based organizations, to operate a program.

6 A regional office of education or a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code that receives an IHOPE 7 8 grant from the State Board of Education may provide funds under 9 a sub-grant, as specified in the IHOPE Plan, to other 10 not-for-profit entities to provide services according to the 11 IHOPE Plan that was developed. These other entities may include school districts, public community colleges, or not-for-profit 12 13 community-based organizations or a cooperative partnership 14 among these entities.

15 (e) In order to distribute funding based upon the need to 16 ensure delivery of programs that will have the greatest impact, IHOPE Program funding must be distributed based upon the 17 18 proportion of dropouts in the educational service region or school district, in the case of a school district organized 19 20 under Article 34 of this Code, to the total number of dropouts in this State. This formula shall employ the dropout data 21 22 provided by school districts to the State Board of Education.

A regional office of education or a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code may claim State aid under Section 18-8.05 <u>or 18-8.15</u> of this Code for students enrolled in a program funded by the IHOPE Program, provided 10000SB0444ham001 -235- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 that the State Board of Education has approved the IHOPE Plan and that these students are receiving services that are meeting 2 3 the requirements of Section 27-22 of this Code for receipt of a 4 high school diploma and are otherwise eligible to be claimed 5 for general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of this Code or evidence-based funding under Section 18-8.15 of this Code, 6 including provisions related to the minimum number of days of 7 8 pupil attendance pursuant to Section 10-19 of this Code and the 9 minimum number of daily hours of school work and any exceptions 10 thereto as defined by the State Board of Education in rules.

11 (f) IHOPE categories of programming may include the 12 following:

13 (1) Full-time programs that are comprehensive,14 year-round programs.

15 (2) Part-time programs combining work and study
16 scheduled at various times that are flexible to the needs
17 of students.

(3) Online programs and courses in which students take courses and complete on-site, supervised tests that measure the student's mastery of a specific course needed for graduation. Students may take courses online and earn credit or students may prepare to take supervised tests for specific courses for credit leading to receipt of a high school diploma.

25 (4) Dual enrollment in which students attend high26 school classes in combination with community college

classes or students attend community college classes while
 simultaneously earning high school credit and eventually a
 high school diploma.

4 (g) In order to have successful comprehensive programs
5 re-enrolling and graduating low-skilled high school dropouts,
6 programs funded through the IHOPE Program shall include all of
7 the following components:

8 (1) Small programs (70 to 100 students) at a separate 9 school site with a distinct identity. Programs may be 10 larger with specific need and justification, keeping in 11 mind that it is crucial to keep programs small to be 12 effective.

13 (2) Specific performance-based goals and outcomes and
14 measures of enrollment, attendance, skills, credits,
15 graduation, and the transition to college, training, and
16 employment.

17 (3) Strong, experienced leadership and teaching staff
 18 who are provided with ongoing professional development.

19

(4) Voluntary enrollment.

20 (5) High standards for student learning, integrating 21 work experience, and education, including during the 22 school year and after school, and summer school programs 23 that link internships, work, and learning.

24 (6) Comprehensive programs providing extensive support
 25 services.

26

(7) Small teams of students supported by full-time paid

1 mentors who work to retain and help those students 2 graduate.

3 (8) A comprehensive technology learning center with
4 Internet access and broad-based curriculum focusing on
5 academic and career subject areas.

6 (9) Learning opportunities that incorporate action 7 into study.

8 (h) Programs funded through the IHOPE Program must report 9 data to the State Board of Education as requested. This 10 information shall include, but is not limited to, student 11 enrollment figures, attendance information, course completion 12 data, graduation information, and post-graduation information, 13 as available.

(i) Rules must be developed by the State Board of Education to set forth the fund distribution process to regional offices of education and a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code, the planning and the conditions upon which an HOPE Plan would be approved by State Board, and other rules to develop the IHOPE Program.

20 (Source: P.A. 96-106, eff. 7-30-09.)

21 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.84) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.84)

Sec. 2-3.84. In calculating the amount of State aid to be apportioned to the various school districts in this State, the State Board of Education shall incorporate and deduct the total aggregate adjustments to assessments made by the State Property 10000SB0444ham001 -238- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 Tax Appeal Board or Cook County Board of Appeals, as reported 2 pursuant to Section 16-15 of the Property Tax Code or Section 3 129.1 of the Revenue Act of 1939 by the Department of Revenue, 4 from the equalized assessed valuation that is otherwise to be 5 utilized in the initial calculation.

6 total amount From the of general State aid or 7 evidence-based funding to be provided to districts, 8 adjustments under this Section together with adjustments as a 9 result of recomputation under Section 2-3.33 must not exceed 10 \$25 million, in the aggregate for all districts under both 11 Sections combined, of the general State aid or evidence-based funding appropriation in any fiscal year; if necessary, amounts 12 13 shall be prorated among districts. If it is necessary to 14 prorate claims under this paragraph, then that portion of each 15 prorated claim that is approved but not paid in the current 16 fiscal year may be resubmitted as a valid claim in the 17 following fiscal year.

18 (Source: P.A. 93-845, eff. 7-30-04.)

19 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.109a)

Sec. 2-3.109a. Laboratory schools grant eligibility. A laboratory school as defined in Section 18-8 <u>or 18-8.15</u> may apply for and be eligible to receive, subject to the same restrictions applicable to school districts, any grant administered by the State Board of Education that is available for school districts.

1	(Source: P.A. 90-566, eff. 1-2-98.)
2	(105 ILCS 5/2-3.170 new)
3	Sec. 2-3.170. Property tax relief pool grants.
4	(a) As used in this Section,
5	"Property tax multiplier" equals one minus the square of
6	the school district's Local Capacity Percentage, as defined in
7	Section 18-8.15 of this Code.
8	"State Board" means the State Board of Education.
9	"Unit equivalent tax rate" means the Adjusted Operating Tax
10	Rate, as defined in Section 18-8.15 of this Code, multiplied by
11	a factor of 1 for unit school districts, 13/9 for elementary
12	school districts, and 13/4 for high school districts.
13	(b) Subject to appropriation, the State Board shall provide
14	grants to eligible school districts that provide tax relief to
15	the school district's residents, up to a limit of 1% of the
16	school district's equalized assessed value, as provided in this
17	Section.
18	(c) By August 1 of each year, the State Board shall publish
19	an estimated threshold unit equivalent tax rate. School
20	districts whose adjusted operating tax rate, as defined in this
21	Section, is greater than the estimated threshold unit
22	equivalent tax rate are eligible for relief under this Section.
23	This estimated tax rate shall be based on the most recent
24	available data provided by school districts pursuant to Section
25	18-8.15 of this Code. The State Board shall estimate this

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1	property tax rate based on the amount appropriated to the grant
2	program and the assumption that a set of school districts,
3	based on criteria established by the State Board, will apply
4	for grants under this Section. The criteria shall be based on
5	reasonable assumptions about when school districts will apply
6	for the grant.
7	(d) School districts seeking grants under this Section
8	shall apply to the State Board by October 1 of each year. All
9	applications to the State Board for grants shall include the
10	amount of the grant requested.
11	(e) By December 1 of each year, based on the most recent
12	available data provided by school districts pursuant to Section
13	18-8.15 of this Code, the State Board shall calculate the unit
14	equivalent tax rate, based on the applications received by the
15	State Board, above which the appropriations are sufficient to
16	provide relief and publish a list of the school districts
17	eligible for relief.
18	(f) The State Board shall publish a final list of grant
19	recipients and provide payment of the grants by January 15 of
20	each year.
21	(g) If payment from the State Board is received by the
22	school district on time, the school district shall reduce its
23	property tax levy in an amount equal to the grant received
24	under this Section.
25	(h) The total grant to a school district under this Section
26	shall be calculated based on the total amount of reduction in

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1	the school district's aggregate extension, up to a limit of 1%
2	of a district's equalized assessed value for a unit school
3	district, 0.69% for an elementary school district, and 0.31%
4	for a high school district, multiplied by the property tax
5	multiplier or the amount that the unit equivalent tax rate is
6	greater than the rate determined by the State Board, whichever
7	<u>is less.</u>
8	(i) If the State Board does not expend all appropriations
9	allocated pursuant to this Section, then any remaining funds
10	shall be allocated pursuant to Section 18-8.15 of this Code.
11	(j) The State Board shall prioritize payments under Section
12	18-8.15 of this Code over payments under this Section, if
13	necessary.
14	(k) Any grants received by a school district shall be
15	included in future calculations of that school district's Base
16	Funding Minimum under Section 18-8.15 of this Code.
17	(1) In the tax year following receipt of a Property Tax
18	Pool Relief Grant, the aggregate levy of any school district
19	receiving a grant under this Section, for purposes of the
19 20	receiving a grant under this Section, for purposes of the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law, shall include the tax

- 23 (105 ILCS 5/3-14.21) (from Ch. 122, par. 3-14.21)
- 24 Sec. 3-14.21. Inspection of schools.
- 25 (a) The regional superintendent shall inspect and survey

1 all public schools under his or her supervision and notify the board of education, or the trustees of schools in a district 2 3 with trustees, in writing before July 30, whether or not the 4 several schools in their district have been kept as required by 5 law, using forms provided by the State Board of Education which 6 are based on the Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools adopted under Section 2-3.12. The regional superintendent 7 8 shall report his or her findings to the State Board of Education on forms provided by the State Board of Education. 9

10 (b) If the regional superintendent determines that a school 11 board has failed in a timely manner to correct urgent items identified in a previous life-safety report completed under 12 13 Section 2-3.12 or as otherwise previously ordered by the 14 regional superintendent, the regional superintendent shall 15 order the school board to adopt and submit to the regional 16 superintendent a plan for the immediate correction of the building violations. This plan shall be adopted following a 17 public hearing that is conducted by the school board on the 18 violations and the plan and that is preceded by at least 7 19 20 days' prior notice of the hearing published in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district. If the regional 21 22 superintendent determines in the next annual inspection that 23 the plan has not been completed and that the violations have 24 not been corrected, the regional superintendent shall submit a 25 report to the State Board of Education with a recommendation 26 that the State Board withhold from payments of general State

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1 aid or evidence-based funding due to the district an amount necessary to correct the outstanding violations. The State 2 Board, upon notice to the school board and to the regional 3 4 superintendent, shall consider the report at a meeting of the 5 State Board, and may order that a sufficient amount of general 6 State aid or evidence-based funding be withheld from payments due to the district to correct the violations. This amount 7 8 shall be paid to the regional superintendent who shall contract 9 on behalf of the school board for the correction of the 10 outstanding violations.

11 (c) The Office of the State Fire Marshal or a qualified fire official, as defined in Section 2-3.12 of this Code, to 12 13 whom the State Fire Marshal has delegated his or her authority 14 shall conduct an annual fire safety inspection of each school 15 building in this State. The State Fire Marshal or the fire 16 official shall coordinate its inspections with the regional superintendent. The inspection shall be based on the fire 17 safety code authorized in Section 2-3.12 of this Code. Any 18 19 violations shall be reported in writing to the regional 20 superintendent and shall reference the specific code sections 21 where a discrepancy has been identified within 15 days after 22 the inspection has been conducted. The regional superintendent shall address those violations that are not corrected in a 23 24 timely manner pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section. The 25 inspection must be at no cost to the school district.

26

(d) If a municipality or, in the case of an unincorporated

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area, a county or, if applicable, a fire protection district wishes to perform new construction inspections under the jurisdiction of a regional superintendent, then the entity must register this wish with the regional superintendent. These inspections must be based on the building code authorized in Section 2-3.12 of this Code. The inspections must be at no cost to the school district.

8 (Source: P.A. 96-734, eff. 8-25-09.)

9 (105 ILCS 5/7-14A) (from Ch. 122, par. 7-14A)

10 Sec. 7-14A. Annexation compensation. There shall be no accounting made after a mere change in boundaries when no new 11 12 district is created, except that those districts whose enrollment increases by 90% or more as a result of annexing 13 14 territory detached from another district pursuant to this 15 Article are eligible for supplementary State aid payments in accordance with Section 11E-135 of this Code. Eligible annexing 16 17 districts shall apply to the State Board of Education for 18 supplementary State aid payments by submitting enrollment 19 figures for the year immediately preceding and the year immediately following the effective date of the boundary change 20 21 for both the district gaining territory and the district losing 22 territory. Copies of any intergovernmental agreements between 23 the district gaining territory and the district losina 24 territory detailing any transfer of fund balances and staff must also be submitted. In all instances of changes in 25

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1 boundaries, the district losing territory shall not count the average daily attendance of pupils living in the territory 2 3 during the year preceding the effective date of the boundary 4 change in its claim for reimbursement under Section 18-8.05 or 5 18-8.15 of this Code for the school year following the effective date of the change in boundaries and the district 6 receiving the territory shall count the average daily 7 8 attendance of pupils living in the territory during the year 9 preceding the effective date of the boundary change in its 10 claim for reimbursement under Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15 of 11 this Code for the school year following the effective date of the change in boundaries. The changes to this Section made by 12 this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly are intended 13 14 to be retroactive and applicable to any annexation taking 15 effect on or after July 1, 2004.

16 (Source: P.A. 99-657, eff. 7-28-16.)

17 (105 ILCS 5/10-17a) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-17a)

Sec. 10-17a. State, school district, and school report cards.

(1) By October 31, 2013 and October 31 of each subsequent school year, the State Board of Education, through the State Superintendent of Education, shall prepare a State report card, school district report cards, and school report cards, and shall by the most economic means provide to each school district in this State, including special charter districts and districts subject to the provisions of Article 34, the report
 cards for the school district and each of its schools.

(2) In addition to any information required by federal law,
the State Superintendent shall determine the indicators and
presentation of the school report card, which must include, at
a minimum, the most current data possessed by the State Board
of Education related to the following:

8 (A) school characteristics and student demographics, 9 including average class size, average teaching experience, 10 student racial/ethnic breakdown, and the percentage of students classified as low-income; the percentage of 11 12 students classified as English learners; the percentage of 13 students who have individualized education plans or 504 14 plans that provide for special education services; the 15 percentage of students who annually transferred in or out 16 school district; the per-pupil operating of the 17 expenditure of the school district; and the per-pupil State average operating expenditure for the district type 18 19 (elementary, high school, or unit);

20 (B) curriculum information, including, where 21 applicable, Advanced Placement, International 22 Baccalaureate or equivalent courses, dual enrollment 23 courses, foreign language classes, school personnel 24 resources (including Career Technical Education teachers), 25 before and after school programs, extracurricular 26 activities, subjects in which elective classes are

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offered, health and wellness initiatives (including the average number of days of Physical Education per week per student), approved programs of study, awards received, community partnerships, and special programs such as programming for the gifted and talented, students with disabilities, and work-study students;

7 (C) student outcomes, including, where applicable, the 8 percentage of students deemed proficient on assessments of 9 State standards, the percentage of students in the eighth 10 grade who pass Algebra, the percentage of students enrolled post-secondary institutions (including colleges, 11 in 12 universities, community colleges, trade/vocational 13 schools, and training programs leading to career 14 certification within 2 semesters of high school 15 graduation), the percentage of students graduating from high school who are college and career ready, and the 16 17 percentage of graduates enrolled in community colleges, colleges, and universities who are in one or more courses 18 that the community college, college, or university 19 identifies as a developmental course; 20

21 (D) student progress, including, where applicable, the 22 percentage of students in the ninth grade who have earned 5 23 credits or more without failing more than one core class, a 24 measure of students entering kindergarten ready to learn, a 25 measure of growth, and the percentage of students who enter 26 high school on track for college and career readiness; -248- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

school environment, including, 1 (E) the where applicable, the percentage of students with less than 10 2 3 absences in a school year, the percentage of teachers with 4 less than 10 absences in a school year for reasons other 5 than professional development, leaves taken pursuant to the federal Family Medical Leave Act of 1993, long-term 6 7 disability, or parental leaves, the 3-year average of the 8 percentage of teachers returning to the school from the 9 previous year, the number of different principals at the 10 school in the last 6 years, 2 or more indicators from any school climate survey selected or approved by the State and 11 administered pursuant to Section 2-3.153 of this Code, with 12 13 the same or similar indicators included on school report 14 cards for all surveys selected or approved by the State 15 pursuant to Section 2-3.153 of this Code, and the combined 16 percentage of teachers rated as proficient or excellent in their most recent evaluation; and 17

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18 (F) a school district's and its individual schools' 19 balanced accountability measure, in accordance with 20 Section 2-3.25a of this Code; -

21 (G) a school district's Final Percent of Adequacy, as 22 defined in paragraph (4) of subsection (f) of Section 23 <u>18-8.15 of this Code;</u>

24 (H) a school district's Local Capacity Target, as
 25 defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of Section
 26 <u>18-8.15 of this Code</u>, displayed as a percentage amount; and

<u>(I) a school district's Real Receipts, as defined in</u>
 <u>paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 18-8.15 of this</u>
 <u>Code, divided by a school district's Adequacy Target, as</u>
 <u>defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section</u>
 <u>18-8.15 of this Code, displayed as a percentage amount.</u>

6 The school report card shall also provide information that 7 allows for comparing the current outcome, progress, and 8 environment data to the State average, to the school data from 9 the past 5 years, and to the outcomes, progress, and 10 environment of similar schools based on the type of school and 11 enrollment of low-income students, special education students, 12 and English learners.

13 (3) At the discretion of the State Superintendent, the 14 school district report card shall include a subset of the 15 information identified in paragraphs (A) through (E) of 16 subsection (2) of this Section, as well as information relating to the operating expense per pupil and other finances of the 17 school district, and the State report card shall include a 18 19 subset of the information identified in paragraphs (A) through 20 (E) of subsection (2) of this Section.

(4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section, in consultation with key education stakeholders, the State Superintendent shall at any time have the discretion to amend or update any and all metrics on the school, district, or State report card.

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(5) Annually, no more than 30 calendar days after receipt

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1 of the school district and school report cards from the State Superintendent of Education, each school district, including 2 special charter districts and districts subject to the 3 4 provisions of Article 34, shall present such report cards at a 5 regular school board meeting subject to applicable notice 6 requirements, post the report cards on the school district's Internet web site, if the district maintains an Internet web 7 8 site, make the report cards available to a newspaper of general 9 circulation serving the district, and, upon request, send the 10 report cards home to a parent (unless the district does not 11 maintain an Internet web site, in which case the report card shall be sent home to parents without request). If the district 12 13 posts the report card on its Internet web site, the district 14 shall send a written notice home to parents stating (i) that 15 the report card is available on the web site, (ii) the address 16 of the web site, (iii) that a printed copy of the report card will be sent to parents upon request, and (iv) the telephone 17 18 number that parents may call to request a printed copy of the 19 report card.

20 (6) Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 98th 21 General Assembly repeals, supersedes, invalidates, or 22 nullifies final decisions in lawsuits pending on the effective 23 date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly in 24 Illinois courts involving the interpretation of Public Act 25 97-8.

26 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 98-648, eff. 7-1-14; 99-30,

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1 eff. 7-10-15; 99-193, eff. 7-30-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)

(105 ILCS 5/10-19) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-19)

3 Sec. 10-19. Length of school term - experimental programs. 4 Each school board shall annually prepare a calendar for the 5 school term, specifying the opening and closing dates and providing a minimum term of at least 185 days to insure 176 6 days of actual pupil attendance, computable under Section 7 8 18-8.05 or 18-8.15, except that for the 1980-1981 school year 9 only 175 days of actual pupil attendance shall be required 10 because of the closing of schools pursuant to Section 24-2 on January 29, 1981 upon the appointment by the President of that 11 12 day as a day of thanksgiving for the freedom of the Americans 13 who had been held hostage in Iran. Any days allowed by law for 14 teachers' institutes but not used as such or used as parental 15 institutes as provided in Section 10-22.18d shall increase the minimum term by the school days not so used. Except as provided 16 in Section 10-19.1, the board may not extend the school term 17 beyond such closing date unless that extension of term is 18 19 necessary to provide the minimum number of computable days. In 20 case of such necessary extension school employees shall be paid for such additional time on the basis of their regular 21 contracts. A school board may specify a closing date earlier 22 23 than that set on the annual calendar when the schools of the 24 district have provided the minimum number of computable days 25 under this Section. Nothing in this Section prevents the board

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1 from employing superintendents of schools, principals and 2 other nonteaching personnel for a period of 12 months, or in 3 the case of superintendents for a period in accordance with 4 Section 10-23.8, or prevents the board from employing other 5 personnel before or after the regular school term with payment 6 of salary proportionate to that received for comparable work 7 during the school term.

A school board may make such changes in its calendar for the school term as may be required by any changes in the legal school holidays prescribed in Section 24-2. A school board may make changes in its calendar for the school term as may be necessary to reflect the utilization of teachers' institute days as parental institute days as provided in Section 10-22.18d.

The calendar for the school term and any changes must be submitted to and approved by the regional superintendent of schools before the calendar or changes may take effect.

18 With the prior approval of the State Board of Education and subject to review by the State Board of Education every 3 19 20 years, any school board may, by resolution of its board and in agreement with affected exclusive collective bargaining 21 22 agents, establish experimental educational programs, including 23 but not limited to programs for e-learning days as authorized 24 under Section 10-20.56 of this Code, self-directed learning, or 25 outside of formal class periods, which programs when so 26 approved shall be considered to comply with the requirements of

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1 this Section as respects numbers of days of actual pupil 2 attendance and with the other requirements of this Act as 3 respects courses of instruction.

4 (Source: P.A. 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-194, eff. 7-30-15.)

5 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.5a) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.5a)

6 Sec. 10-22.5a. Attendance by dependents of United States 7 military personnel, foreign exchange students, and certain 8 nonresident pupils.

9 (a) To enter into written agreements with cultural exchange 10 organizations, or with nationally recognized eleemosynary institutions that promote excellence in the arts, mathematics, 11 12 or science. The written agreements may provide for tuition free attendance at the local district school by foreign exchange 13 14 by nonresident pupils of eleemosynary students, or 15 institutions. The local board of education, as part of the agreement, may require that the cultural exchange program or 16 the eleemosynary institutions provide services to the district 17 in exchange for the waiver of nonresident tuition. 18

19 To enter into written agreements with adjacent school 20 districts to provide for tuition free attendance by a student 21 of the adjacent district when requested for the student's 22 health and safety by the student or parent and both districts 23 determine that the student's health or safety will be served by 24 such attendance. Districts shall not be required to enter into 25 agreements nor be required to such alter existing

1 transportation services due to the attendance of such 2 non-resident pupils.

(a-5) If, at the time of enrollment, a dependent of United 3 4 States military personnel is housed in temporary housing 5 located outside of a school district, but will be living within the district within 60 days after the time of initial 6 enrollment, the dependent must be allowed to enroll, subject to 7 the requirements of this subsection (a-5), and must not be 8 9 charged tuition. Any United States military personnel 10 attempting to enroll a dependent under this subsection (a-5)11 shall provide proof that the dependent will be living within the district within 60 days after the time of initial 12 13 enrollment. Proof of residency may include, but is not limited 14 to, postmarked mail addressed to the military personnel and 15 sent to an address located within the district, a lease 16 agreement for occupancy of a residence located within the district, or proof of ownership of a residence located within 17 the district. 18

19 (b) Nonresident pupils and foreign exchange students 20 attending school on a tuition free basis under such agreements 21 and nonresident dependents of United States military personnel 22 attending school on a tuition free basis may be counted for the 23 purposes of determining the apportionment of State aid provided 24 under Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15 of this Code. No organization 25 or institution participating in agreements authorized under this Section may exclude any individual for participation in 26

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its program on account of the person's race, color, sex,
 religion or nationality.

3 (Source: P.A. 98-739, eff. 7-16-14.)

4 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.20) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.20)

5 Sec. 10-22.20. Classes for adults and youths whose 6 schooling has been interrupted; conditions for State 7 reimbursement; use of child care facilities.

8 (a) To establish special classes for the instruction (1) of 9 persons of age 21 years or over and (2) of persons less than 10 age 21 and not otherwise in attendance in public school, for the purpose of providing adults in the community and youths 11 12 whose schooling has been interrupted with such additional basic 13 education, vocational skill training, and other instruction as 14 may be necessary to increase their qualifications for 15 employment or other means of self-support and their ability to meet their responsibilities as citizens, including courses of 16 17 instruction regularly accepted for graduation from elementary or high schools and for Americanization and high school 18 19 equivalency testing review classes.

The board shall pay the necessary expenses of such classes out of school funds of the district, including costs of student transportation and such facilities or provision for child-care as may be necessary in the judgment of the board to permit maximum utilization of the courses by students with children, and other special needs of the students directly related to such instruction. The expenses thus incurred shall be subject to State reimbursement, as provided in this Section. The board may make a tuition charge for persons taking instruction who are not subject to State reimbursement, such tuition charge not to exceed the per capita cost of such classes.

6 The cost of such instruction, including the additional 7 expenses herein authorized, incurred for recipients of 8 financial aid under the Illinois Public Aid Code, or for 9 persons for whom education and training aid has been authorized 10 under Section 9-8 of that Code, shall be assumed in its 11 entirety from funds appropriated by the State to the Illinois 12 Community College Board.

13 (b) The Illinois Community College Board shall establish the standards for the courses of instruction reimbursed under 14 15 this Section. The Illinois Community College Board shall 16 supervise the administration of the programs. The Illinois Community College Board shall determine the cost of instruction 17 in accordance with standards established by the Illinois 18 19 Community College Board, including therein other incidental costs as herein authorized, which shall serve as the basis of 20 State reimbursement in accordance with the provisions of this 21 22 Section. In the approval of programs and the determination of 23 the cost of instruction, the Illinois Community College Board 24 shall provide for the maximum utilization of federal funds for 25 such programs. The Illinois Community College Board shall also 26 provide for:

(1) the development of an index of need for program
 planning and for area funding allocations, as defined by
 the Illinois Community College Board;

4 (2) the method for calculating hours of instruction, as
5 defined by the Illinois Community College Board, claimable
6 for reimbursement and a method to phase in the calculation
7 and for adjusting the calculations in cases where the
8 services of a program are interrupted due to circumstances
9 beyond the control of the program provider;

(3) a plan for the reallocation of funds to increase
the amount allocated for grants based upon program
performance as set forth in subsection (d) below; and

13 (4) the development of standards for determining 14 grants based upon performance as set forth in subsection 15 (d) below and a plan for the phased-in implementation of 16 those standards.

For instruction provided by school districts and community college districts beginning July 1, 1996 and thereafter, reimbursement provided by the Illinois Community College Board for classes authorized by this Section shall be provided from funds appropriated for the reimbursement criteria set forth in subsection (c) below.

(c) Upon the annual approval of the Illinois Community College Board, reimbursement shall be first provided for transportation, child care services, and other special needs of the students directly related to instruction and then from the 10000SB0444ham001

1 funds remaining an amount equal to the product of the total 2 credit hours or units of instruction approved by the Illinois 3 Community College Board, multiplied by the following:

4 (1)For adult basic education, the maximum 5 reimbursement per credit hour or per unit of instruction shall be equal to (i) through fiscal year 2017, the general 6 state aid per pupil foundation level established in 7 8 subsection (B) of Section 18-8.05, divided by 60, or (ii) 9 in fiscal year 2018 and thereafter, the prior fiscal year 10 reimbursement level multiplied by the Consumer Price Index 11 for All Urban Consumers for all items published by the 12 United States Department of Labor;

13 (2) The maximum reimbursement per credit hour or per 14 unit of instruction in subparagraph (1) above shall be 15 weighted for students enrolled in classes defined as 16 vocational skills and approved by the Illinois Community 17 College Board by 1.25;

18 (3) The maximum reimbursement per credit hour or per 19 unit of instruction in subparagraph (1) above shall be 20 multiplied by .90 for students enrolled in classes defined 21 as adult secondary education programs and approved by the 22 Illinois Community College Board;

23

(4) (Blank); and

(5) Funding for program years after 1999-2000 shall be
 determined by the Illinois Community College Board.

26 (d) Upon its annual approval, the Illinois Community

1 College Board shall provide grants to eligible programs for 2 supplemental activities to improve or expand services under the 3 Adult Education Act. Eligible programs shall be determined 4 based upon performance outcomes of students in the programs as 5 set by the Illinois Community College Board.

6 (e) Reimbursement under this Section shall not exceed the7 actual costs of the approved program.

8 If the amount appropriated to the Illinois Community 9 College Board for reimbursement under this Section is less than 10 the amount required under this Act, the apportionment shall be 11 proportionately reduced.

12 School districts and community college districts may 13 assess students up to \$3.00 per credit hour, for classes other 14 than Adult Basic Education level programs, if needed to meet 15 program costs.

16 (f) An education plan shall be established for each adult 17 or youth whose schooling has been interrupted and who is 18 participating in the instructional programs provided under 19 this Section.

Each school board and community college shall keep an accurate and detailed account of the students assigned to and receiving instruction under this Section who are subject to State reimbursement and shall submit reports of services provided commencing with fiscal year 1997 as required by the Illinois Community College Board.

26 For classes authorized under this Section, a credit hour or

unit of instruction is equal to 15 hours of direct instruction for students enrolled in approved adult education programs at midterm and making satisfactory progress, in accordance with standards established by the Illinois Community College Board.

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5 (g) Upon proof submitted to the Illinois Department of 6 Human Services of the payment of all claims submitted under 7 this Section, that Department shall apply for federal funds 8 made available therefor and any federal funds so received shall 9 be paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State Treasury.

10 School districts or community colleges providing classes 11 under this Section shall submit applications to the Illinois Community College Board for preapproval in accordance with the 12 13 standards established by the Illinois Community College Board. 14 Payments shall be made by the Illinois Community College Board 15 based upon approved programs. Interim expenditure reports may 16 be required by the Illinois Community College Board. Final claims for the school year shall be submitted to the regional 17 18 superintendents for transmittal to the Illinois Community 19 College Board. Final adjusted payments shall be made by 20 September 30.

If a school district or community college district fails to provide, or is providing unsatisfactory or insufficient classes under this Section, the Illinois Community College Board may enter into agreements with public or private educational or other agencies other than the public schools for the establishment of such classes. 10000SB0444ham001 -261- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 (h) If a school district or community college district establishes child-care facilities for the 2 children of participants in classes established under this Section, it may 3 4 extend the use of these facilities to students who have 5 obtained employment and to other persons in the community whose 6 children require care and supervision while the parent or other person in charge of the children is employed or otherwise 7 8 absent from the home during all or part of the day. It may make 9 the facilities available before and after as well as during 10 regular school hours to school age and preschool age children 11 who may benefit thereby, including children who require care and supervision pending the return of their parent or other 12 person in charge of their care from employment or other 13 14 activity requiring absence from the home.

The Illinois Community College Board shall pay to the board the cost of care in the facilities for any child who is a recipient of financial aid under the Illinois Public Aid Code.

18 The board may charge for care of children for whom it 19 cannot make claim under the provisions of this Section. The 20 charge shall not exceed per capita cost, and to the extent 21 feasible, shall be fixed at a level which will permit 22 utilization by employed parents of low or moderate income. It 23 may also permit any other State or local governmental agency or 24 private agency providing care for children to purchase care.

After July 1, 1970 when the provisions of Section 10-20.20 become operative in the district, children in a child-care 10000SB0444ham001 -262- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 facility shall be transferred to the kindergarten established 2 under that Section for such portion of the day as may be 3 required for the kindergarten program, and only the prorated 4 costs of care and training provided in the Center for the 5 remaining period shall be charged to the Illinois Department of 6 Human Services or other persons or agencies paying for such 7 care.

8 (i) The provisions of this Section shall also apply to 9 school districts having a population exceeding 500,000.

(j) In addition to claiming reimbursement under this Section, a school district may claim general State aid under Section 18-8.05 or evidence-based funding under Section 13 <u>18-8.15</u> for any student under age 21 who is enrolled in courses accepted for graduation from elementary or high school and who otherwise meets the requirements of Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15, as applicable.

17 (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15.)

18 (105 ILCS 5/10-29)

19 Sec. 10-29. Remote educational programs.

(a) For purposes of this Section, "remote educational
program" means an educational program delivered to students in
the home or other location outside of a school building that
meets all of the following criteria:

(1) A student may participate in the program only after
 the school district, pursuant to adopted school board

policy, and a person authorized to enroll the student under Section 10-20.12b of this Code determine that a remote educational program will best serve the student's individual learning needs. The adopted school board policy shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:

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6 (A) Criteria for determining that a remote 7 educational program will best serve a student's 8 individual learning needs. The criteria must include 9 consideration of, at a minimum, a student's prior 10 attendance, disciplinary record, and academic history.

(B) Any limitations on the number of students or grade levels that may participate in a remote educational program.

14 (C) A description of the process that the school 15 district will use to approve participation in the 16 remote educational program. The process must include 17 without limitation a requirement that, for any student who qualifies to receive services pursuant to the 18 19 federal Individuals with Disabilities Education 20 Improvement Act of 2004, the student's participation 21 in a remote educational program receive prior approval 22 from the student's individualized education program 23 team.

(D) A description of the process the school
 district will use to develop and approve a written
 remote educational plan that meets the requirements of

1 subdivision (5) of this subsection (a).

(E) A description of the system the school district
will establish to calculate the number of clock hours a
student is participating in instruction in accordance
with the remote educational program.

6 (F) A description of the process for renewing a 7 remote educational program at the expiration of its 8 term.

9 (G) Such other terms and provisions as the school 10 district deems necessary to provide for the 11 establishment and delivery of a remote educational 12 program.

13 (2) The school district has determined that the remote 14 educational program's curriculum is aligned to State 15 learning standards and that the program offers instruction 16 and educational experiences consistent with those given to 17 students at the same grade level in the district.

18 (3) The remote educational program is delivered by
 19 instructors that meet the following qualifications:

20 (A) they are certificated under Article 21 of this
21 Code;

(B) they meet applicable highly qualified criteria
under the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001; and
(C) they have responsibility for all of the
following elements of the program: planning
instruction, diagnosing learning needs, prescribing

1 content delivery through class activities, assessing 2 learning, reporting outcomes to administrators and 3 parents and guardians, and evaluating the effects of 4 instruction.

5 (4) During the period of time from and including the opening date to the closing date of the regular school term 6 of the school district established pursuant to Section 7 8 10-19 of this Code, participation in a remote educational 9 program may be claimed for general State aid purposes under 10 Section 18-8.05 of this Code or evidence-based funding purposes under Section 18-8.15 of this Code on any calendar 11 12 day, notwithstanding whether the day is a day of pupil 13 attendance or institute day on the school district's 14 calendar or any other provision of law restricting 15 instruction on that day. If the district holds year-round classes in some buildings, the district shall classify each 16 17 student's participation in a remote educational program as either on a year-round or a non-year-round schedule for 18 19 purposes of claiming general State aid or evidence-based 20 funding. Outside of the regular school term of the 21 district, the remote educational program may be offered as 22 part of any summer school program authorized by this Code.

(5) Each student participating in a remote educational
 program must have a written remote educational plan that
 has been approved by the school district and a person
 authorized to enroll the student under Section 10-20.12b of

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this Code. The school district and a person authorized to enroll the student under Section 10-20.12b of this Code must approve any amendment to a remote educational plan. The remote educational plan must include, but is not limited to, all of the following:

(A) Specific achievement goals for the student
aligned to State learning standards.

8 (B) A description of all assessments that will be 9 used to measure student progress, which description 10 shall indicate the assessments that will be 11 administered at an attendance center within the school district. 12

13 (C) A description of the progress reports that will
14 be provided to the school district and the person or
15 persons authorized to enroll the student under Section
16 10-20.12b of this Code.

17 (D) Expectations, processes, and schedules for
 18 interaction between a teacher and student.

(E) A description of the specific responsibilities of the student's family and the school district with respect to equipment, materials, phone and Internet service, and any other requirements applicable to the home or other location outside of a school building necessary for the delivery of the remote educational program.

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(F) If applicable, a description of how the remote

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educational program will be delivered in a manner consistent with the student's individualized education program required by Section 614(d) of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 or plan to ensure compliance with Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

7 (G) A description of the procedures and 8 opportunities for participation in academic and 9 extra-curricular activities and programs within the 10 school district.

11 (H) The identification of a parent, guardian, or other responsible adult who will provide direct 12 13 supervision of the program. The plan must include an 14 acknowledgment by the parent, guardian, or other 15 responsible adult that he or she may engage only in 16 non-teaching duties not requiring instructional 17 judgment or the evaluation of a student. The plan shall 18 designate the parent, guardian, or other responsible 19 adult as non-teaching personnel or volunteer personnel 20 under subsection (a) of Section 10-22.34 of this Code.

(I) The identification of a school district
administrator who will oversee the remote educational
program on behalf of the school district and who may be
contacted by the student's parents with respect to any
issues or concerns with the program.

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(J) The term of the student's participation in the

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remote educational program, which may not extend for longer than 12 months, unless the term is renewed by the district in accordance with subdivision (7) of this subsection (a).

5 (K) A description of the specific location or locations in which the program will be delivered. If 6 the remote educational program is to be delivered to a 7 8 student in any location other than the student's home, 9 the plan must include a written determination by the 10 school district that the location will provide a 11 learning environment appropriate for the delivery of the program. The location or locations in which the 12 13 program will be delivered shall be deemed a long 14 distance teaching reception area under subsection (a) 15 of Section 10-22.34 of this Code.

(L) Certification by the school district that the plan meets all other requirements of this Section.

(6) Students participating in a remote educational 18 19 program must be enrolled in a school district attendance 20 center pursuant to the school district's enrollment policy 21 policies. A student participating in a remote or educational program must be tested as part of 22 all 23 assessments administered by the school district pursuant 24 to Section 2-3.64a-5 of this Code at the attendance center 25 in which the student is enrolled and in accordance with the 26 attendance center's assessment policies and schedule. The

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student must be included within all accountability
 determinations for the school district and attendance
 center under State and federal law.

4 (7) The term of a student's participation in a remote 5 educational program may not extend for longer than 12 months, unless the term is renewed by the school district. 6 The district may only renew a student's participation in a 7 8 remote educational program following an evaluation of the 9 student's progress in the program, a determination that the 10 student's continuation in the program will best serve the student's individual learning needs, and an amendment to 11 the student's written remote educational plan addressing 12 13 any changes for the upcoming term of the program.

For purposes of this Section, a remote educational program does not include instruction delivered to students through an e-learning program approved under Section 10-20.56 of this Code.

(b) A school district may, by resolution of its schoolboard, establish a remote educational program.

(c) Clock hours of instruction by students in a remote educational program meeting the requirements of this Section may be claimed by the school district and shall be counted as school work for general State aid purposes in accordance with and subject to the limitations of Section 18-8.05 of this Code <u>or evidence-based funding purposes in accordance with and</u> subject to the limitations of Section 18-8.15 of this Code. 10000SB0444ham001 -270- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 (d) The impact of remote educational programs on wages, 2 hours, and terms and conditions of employment of educational 3 employees within the school district shall be subject to local 4 collective bargaining agreements.

5 (e) The use of a home or other location outside of a school 6 building for a remote educational program shall not cause the 7 home or other location to be deemed a public school facility.

8 (f) A remote educational program may be used, but is not 9 required, for instruction delivered to a student in the home or 10 other location outside of a school building that is not claimed 11 for general State aid purposes under Section 18-8.05 of this 12 Code <u>or evidence-based funding purposes under Section 18-8.15</u> 13 of this Code.

14 (q) School districts that, pursuant to this Section, adopt 15 a policy for a remote educational program must submit to the 16 State Board of Education a copy of the policy and any 17 amendments thereto, as well as data on student participation in 18 a format specified by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education may perform or contract with an outside 19 20 entity to perform an evaluation of remote educational programs in this State. 21

(h) The State Board of Education may adopt any rules necessary to ensure compliance by remote educational programs with the requirements of this Section and other applicable legal requirements.

26 (Source: P.A. 98-972, eff. 8-15-14; 99-193, eff. 7-30-15;

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1 99-194, eff. 7-30-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)

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(105 ILCS 5/11E-135)

3 Sec. 11E-135. Incentives. For districts reorganizing under 4 this Article and for a district or districts that annex all of 5 the territory of one or more entire other school districts in 6 accordance with Article 7 of this Code, the following payments 7 shall be made from appropriations made for these purposes:

8 (a) (1) For a combined school district, as defined in 9 Section 11E-20 of this Code, or for a unit district, as defined 10 in Section 11E-25 of this Code, for its first year of existence, the general State aid and supplemental general State 11 12 aid calculated under Section 18-8.05 of this Code or the 13 evidence-based funding calculated under Section 18-8.15 of 14 this Code, as applicable, shall be computed for the new 15 district and for the previously existing districts for which property is totally included within the new district. If the 16 computation on the basis of the previously existing districts 17 is greater, a supplementary payment equal to the difference 18 19 shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of the new district. 20

(2) For a school district that annexes all of the territory of one or more entire other school districts as defined in Article 7 of this Code, for the first year during which the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation becomes effective for all purposes, as determined under Section 7-9 of

1 this Code, the general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under Section 18-8.05 of this Code or the 2 evidence-based funding calculated under Section 18-8.15 of 3 4 this Code, as applicable, shall be computed for the annexing 5 district as constituted after the annexation and for the 6 annexing and each annexed district as constituted prior to the annexation; and if the computation on the basis of the annexing 7 8 and annexed districts as constituted prior to the annexation is 9 greater, then a supplementary payment equal to the difference 10 shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of the 11 annexing school district as constituted upon the annexation.

(3) For 2 or more school districts that annex all of the 12 territory of one or more entire other school districts, as 13 defined in Article 7 of this Code, for the first year during 14 15 which the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation 16 becomes effective for all purposes, as determined under Section 7-9 of this Code, the general State aid and supplemental 17 general State aid calculated under Section 18-8.05 of this Code 18 or the evidence-based funding calculated under Section 18-8.15 19 20 of this Code, as applicable, shall be computed for each annexing district as constituted after the annexation and for 21 22 each annexing and annexed district as constituted prior to the 23 annexation; and if the aggregate of the general State aid and 24 supplemental general State aid or evidence-based funding, as 25 applicable, as so computed for the annexing districts as 26 constituted after the annexation is less than the aggregate of

1 the general State aid and supplemental general State aid or evidence-based funding, as applicable, as so computed for the 2 annexing and annexed districts, as constituted prior to the 3 4 annexation, then a supplementary payment equal to the 5 difference shall be made and allocated between or among the annexing districts, as constituted upon the annexation, for the 6 first 4 years of their existence. The total difference payment 7 8 shall be allocated between or among the annexing districts in 9 the same ratio as the pupil enrollment from that portion of the 10 annexed district or districts that is annexed to each annexing 11 district bears to the total pupil enrollment from the entire annexed district or districts, as such pupil enrollment is 12 13 determined for the school year last ending prior to the date when the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation 14 15 becomes effective for all purposes. The amount of the total 16 difference payment and the amount thereof to be allocated to the annexing districts shall be computed by the State Board of 17 Education on the basis of pupil enrollment and other data that 18 shall be certified to the State Board of Education, on forms 19 20 that it shall provide for that purpose, by the regional superintendent of schools for each educational service region 21 22 in which the annexing and annexed districts are located.

(4) For a school district conversion, as defined in Section 11E-15 of this Code, or a multi-unit conversion, as defined in subsection (b) of Section 11E-30 of this Code, if in their first year of existence the newly created elementary districts -274- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 and the newly created high school district, from a school district conversion, or the newly created elementary district 2 3 or districts and newly created combined high school - unit 4 district, from a multi-unit conversion, qualify for less 5 general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of this Code or evidence-based funding under Section 18-8.15 of this Code than 6 would have been payable under Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15, as 7 8 applicable, for that same year to the previously existing 9 districts, then a supplementary payment equal to that 10 difference shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of 11 the newly created districts. The aggregate amount of each supplementary payment shall be allocated among the newly 12 13 created districts in the proportion that the deemed pupil 14 enrollment in each district during its first year of existence 15 bears to the actual aggregate pupil enrollment in all of the 16 districts during their first year of existence. For purposes of each allocation: 17

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(A) the deemed pupil enrollment of the newly created
high school district from a school district conversion
shall be an amount equal to its actual pupil enrollment for
its first year of existence multiplied by 1.25;

(B) the deemed pupil enrollment of each newly created elementary district from a school district conversion shall be an amount equal to its actual pupil enrollment for its first year of existence reduced by an amount equal to the product obtained when the amount by which the newly

created high school district's deemed pupil enrollment 1 exceeds its actual pupil enrollment for its first year of 2 existence is multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of 3 which is the actual pupil enrollment of the newly created 4 5 elementary district for its first year of existence and the denominator of which is the actual aggregate pupil 6 7 enrollment of all of the newly created elementary districts 8 for their first year of existence;

9 (C) the deemed high school pupil enrollment of the 10 newly created combined high school - unit district from a 11 multi-unit conversion shall be an amount equal to its 12 actual grades 9 through 12 pupil enrollment for its first 13 year of existence multiplied by 1.25; and

14 (D) the deemed elementary pupil enrollment of each 15 newly created district from a multi-unit conversion shall be an amount equal to each district's actual grade K 16 17 through 8 pupil enrollment for its first year of existence, reduced by an amount equal to the product obtained when the 18 19 amount by which the newly created combined high school -20 unit district's deemed high school pupil enrollment 21 exceeds its actual grade 9 through 12 pupil enrollment for 22 its first year of existence is multiplied by a fraction, 23 the numerator of which is the actual grade K through 8 24 pupil enrollment of each newly created district for its 25 first year of existence and the denominator of which is the 26 actual aggregate grade K through 8 pupil enrollment of all 1 such newly created districts for their first year of 2 existence.

3 The aggregate amount of each supplementary payment under 4 this subdivision (4) and the amount thereof to be allocated to 5 the newly created districts shall be computed by the State Board of Education on the basis of pupil enrollment and other 6 data, which shall be certified to the State Board of Education, 7 8 on forms that it shall provide for that purpose, by the 9 regional superintendent of schools for each educational 10 service region in which the newly created districts are 11 located.

(5) For a partial elementary unit district, as defined in 12 13 subsection (a) or (c) of Section 11E-30 of this Code, if, in 14 the first year of existence, the newly created partial 15 elementary unit district qualifies for less general State aid 16 and supplemental general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of this Code or less evidence-based funding under Section 18-8.15 17 of this Code, as applicable, than would have been payable under 18 those Sections that Section for that same 19 vear to the 20 previously existing districts that formed the partial 21 elementary unit district, then a supplementary payment equal to 22 that difference shall be made to the partial elementary unit 23 district for the first 4 years of existence of that newly 24 created district.

(6) For an elementary opt-in, as described in subsection
(d) of Section 11E-30 of this Code, the general State aid or

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evidence-based funding difference shall be computed in 1 accordance with paragraph (5) of this subsection (a) as if the 2 3 elementary opt-in was included in an optional elementary unit 4 district at the optional elementary unit district's original 5 effective date. If the calculation in this paragraph (6) is less than that calculated in paragraph (5) of this subsection 6 (a) at the optional elementary unit district's original 7 8 effective date, then no adjustments may be made. If the 9 calculation in this paragraph (6) is more than that calculated 10 in paragraph (5) of this subsection (a) at the optional 11 elementary unit district's original effective date, then the excess must be paid as follows: 12

(A) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is
one year after the effective date for the optional
elementary unit district, 100% of the calculated excess
shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in
each of the first 4 years after the effective date of the
elementary opt-in.

(B) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is
2 years after the effective date for the optional
elementary unit district, 75% of the calculated excess
shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in
each of the first 4 years after the effective date of the
elementary opt-in.

25 (C) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is
26 3 years after the effective date for the optional

elementary unit district, 50% of the calculated excess shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in each of the first 4 years after the effective date of the elementary opt-in.

5 (D) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 6 4 years after the effective date for the optional 7 elementary unit district, 25% of the calculated excess 8 shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in 9 each of the first 4 years after the effective date of the 10 elementary opt-in.

11 (E) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 12 5 years after the effective date for the optional 13 elementary unit district, the optional elementary unit 14 district is not eligible for any additional incentives due 15 to the elementary opt-in.

16 (6.5) For a school district that annexes territory detached 17 from another school district whereby the enrollment of the annexing district increases by 90% or more as a result of the 18 19 annexation, for the first year during which the change of 20 boundaries attributable to the annexation becomes effective 21 for all purposes as determined under Section 7-9 of this Code, 22 the general State aid and supplemental general State aid or evidence-based funding, as applicable, calculated under this 23 24 Section shall be computed for the district gaining territory 25 and the district losing territory as constituted after the 26 annexation and for the same districts as constituted prior to

1 the annexation; and if the aggregate of the general State aid and supplemental general State aid or evidence-based funding, 2 3 as applicable, as so computed for the district gaining 4 territory and the district losing territory as constituted 5 after the annexation is less than the aggregate of the general 6 State aid and supplemental general State aid or evidence-based funding, as applicable, as so computed for the district gaining 7 territory and the district losing territory as constituted 8 9 prior to the annexation, then a supplementary payment shall be 10 made to the annexing district for the first 4 years of 11 existence after the annexation, equal to the difference multiplied by the ratio of student enrollment in the territory 12 13 detached to the total student enrollment in the district losing territory for the year prior to the effective date of the 14 15 annexation. The amount of the total difference and the 16 proportion paid to the annexing district shall be computed by the State Board of Education on the basis of pupil enrollment 17 and other data that must be submitted to the State Board of 18 Education in accordance with Section 7-14A of this Code. The 19 20 changes to this Section made by Public Act 95-707 are intended 21 to be retroactive and applicable to any annexation taking effect on or after July 1, 2004. For annexations that are 22 23 eligible for payments under this paragraph (6.5) and that are 24 effective on or after July 1, 2004, but before January 11, 2008 25 (the effective date of Public Act 95-707), the first required 26 yearly payment under this paragraph (6.5) shall be paid in the

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fiscal year of January 11, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-707). Subsequent required yearly payments shall be paid in subsequent fiscal years until the payment obligation under this paragraph (6.5) is complete.

5 (7) Claims for financial assistance under this subsection 6 (a) may not be recomputed except as expressly provided under 7 Section 18-8.05 <u>or 18-8.15</u> of this Code.

8 (8) Any supplementary payment made under this subsection 9 (a) must be treated as separate from all other payments made 10 pursuant to Section 18-8.05 <u>or 18-8.15</u> of this Code.

11 (b) (1) After the formation of a combined school district, as defined in Section 11E-20 of this Code, or a unit district, 12 13 as defined in Section 11E-25 of this Code, a computation shall be made to determine the difference between the salaries 14 15 effective in each of the previously existing districts on June 16 30, prior to the creation of the new district. For the first 4 years after the formation of the new district, a supplementary 17 18 State aid reimbursement shall be paid to the new district equal to the difference between the sum of the salaries earned by 19 20 each of the certificated members of the new district, while 21 employed in one of the previously existing districts during the 22 year immediately preceding the formation of the new district, and the sum of the salaries those certificated members would 23 24 have been paid during the year immediately prior to the 25 formation of the new district if placed on the salary schedule 26 of the previously existing district with the highest salary

1 schedule.

(2) After the territory of one or more school districts is 2 annexed by one or more other school districts as defined in 3 4 Article 7 of this Code, a computation shall be made to 5 determine the difference between the salaries effective in each annexed district and in the annexing district or districts as 6 they were each constituted on June 30 preceding the date when 7 8 the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation became 9 effective for all purposes, as determined under Section 7-9 of 10 this Code. For the first 4 years after the annexation, a 11 supplementary State aid reimbursement shall be paid to each annexing district as constituted after the annexation equal to 12 13 the difference between the sum of the salaries earned by each 14 of the certificated members of the annexing district as 15 constituted after the annexation, while employed in an annexed 16 or annexing district during the year immediately preceding the annexation, and the sum of the salaries those certificated 17 members would have been paid during the immediately preceding 18 year if placed on the salary schedule of whichever of the 19 20 annexing or annexed districts had the highest salary schedule 21 during the immediately preceding year.

(3) For each new high school district formed under a school district conversion, as defined in Section 11E-15 of this Code, the State shall make a supplementary payment for 4 years equal to the difference between the sum of the salaries earned by each certified member of the new high school district, while 1 employed in one of the previously existing districts, and the 2 sum of the salaries those certified members would have been 3 paid if placed on the salary schedule of the previously 4 existing district with the highest salary schedule.

5 (4) For each newly created partial elementary unit 6 district, the State shall make a supplementary payment for 4 years equal to the difference between the sum of the salaries 7 earned by each certified member of the newly created partial 8 9 elementary unit district, while employed in one of the 10 previously existing districts that formed the partial elementary unit district, and the sum of the salaries those 11 certified members would have been paid if placed on the salary 12 schedule of the previously existing district with the highest 13 salary schedule. The salary schedules used in the calculation 14 15 shall be those in effect in the previously existing districts 16 for the school year prior to the creation of the new partial elementary unit district. 17

(5) For an elementary district opt-in, as described in 18 subsection (d) of Section 11E-30 of this Code, the salary 19 20 difference incentive shall be computed in accordance with paragraph (4) of this subsection (b) as if the opted-in 21 22 elementary district was included in the optional elementary 23 unit district at the optional elementary unit district's 24 original effective date. If the calculation in this paragraph 25 (5) is less than that calculated in paragraph (4) of this 26 subsection (b) at the optional elementary unit district's

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original effective date, then no adjustments may be made. If the calculation in this paragraph (5) is more than that calculated in paragraph (4) of this subsection (b) at the optional elementary unit district's original effective date, then the excess must be paid as follows:

6 (A) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 7 one year after the effective date for the optional 8 elementary unit district, 100% of the calculated excess 9 shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in 10 each of the first 4 years after the effective date of the 11 elementary opt-in.

(B) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is
2 years after the effective date for the optional
elementary unit district, 75% of the calculated excess
shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in
each of the first 4 years after the effective date of the
elementary opt-in.

18 (C) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 19 3 years after the effective date for the optional 20 elementary unit district, 50% of the calculated excess 21 shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in 22 each of the first 4 years after the effective date of the 23 elementary opt-in.

(D) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is
4 years after the effective date for the partial elementary
unit district, 25% of the calculated excess shall be paid

1 to the optional elementary unit district in each of the 2 first 4 years after the effective date of the elementary 3 opt-in.

4 (E) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is
5 years after the effective date for the optional
6 elementary unit district, the optional elementary unit
7 district is not eligible for any additional incentives due
8 to the elementary opt-in.

9 (5.5) After the formation of a cooperative high school by 2 10 or more school districts under Section 10-22.22c of this Code, 11 a computation shall be made to determine the difference between the salaries effective in each of the previously existing high 12 schools on June 30 prior to the formation of the cooperative 13 14 high school. For the first 4 years after the formation of the 15 cooperative high school, a supplementary State aid 16 reimbursement shall be paid to the cooperative high school equal to the difference between the sum of the salaries earned 17 18 by each of the certificated members of the cooperative high school while employed in one of the previously existing high 19 20 schools during the year immediately preceding the formation of the cooperative high school and the sum of the salaries those 21 22 certificated members would have been paid during the year 23 immediately prior to the formation of the cooperative high 24 school if placed on the salary schedule of the previously 25 existing high school with the highest salary schedule.

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(5.10) After the annexation of territory detached from

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1 another school district whereby the enrollment of the annexing district increases by 90% or more as a result of 2 the annexation, a computation shall be made to determine the 3 4 difference between the salaries effective in the district 5 gaining territory and the district losing territory as they 6 each were constituted on June 30 preceding the date when the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation became 7 8 effective for all purposes as determined under Section 7-9 of 9 this Code. For the first 4 years after the annexation, a 10 supplementary State aid reimbursement shall be paid to the 11 annexing district equal to the difference between the sum of the salaries earned by each of the certificated members of the 12 13 annexing district as constituted after the annexation while 14 employed in the district gaining territory or the district 15 losing territory during the year immediately preceding the 16 annexation and the sum of the salaries those certificated members would have been paid during such immediately preceding 17 year if placed on the salary schedule of whichever of the 18 district gaining territory or district losing territory had the 19 20 highest salary schedule during the immediately preceding year. 21 To be eligible for supplementary State aid reimbursement under 22 this Section, the intergovernmental agreement to be submitted pursuant to Section 7-14A of this Code must show that staff 23 24 members were transferred from the control of the district 25 losing territory to the control of the district gaining territory in the annexation. The changes to this Section made 26

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1 by Public Act 95-707 are intended to be retroactive and applicable to any annexation taking effect on or after July 1, 2 3 2004. For annexations that are eligible for payments under this 4 paragraph (5.10) and that are effective on or after July 1, 5 2004, but before January 11, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-707), the first required yearly payment under this 6 paragraph (5.10) shall be paid in the fiscal year of January 7 11, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-707). Subsequent 8 9 required yearly payments shall be paid in subsequent fiscal 10 years until the payment obligation under this paragraph (5.10) 11 is complete.

(5.15) After the deactivation of a school facility in 12 13 accordance with Section 10-22.22b of this Code, a computation shall be made to determine the difference between the salaries 14 15 effective in the sending school district and each receiving 16 school district on June 30 prior to the deactivation of the school facility. For the lesser of the first 4 years after the 17 deactivation of the school facility or the length of the 18 19 deactivation agreement, including any renewals of the original 20 deactivation agreement, supplementary State aid а 21 reimbursement shall be paid to each receiving district equal to 22 the difference between the sum of the salaries earned by each 23 of the certificated members transferred to that receiving 24 district as a result of the deactivation while employed in the 25 sending district during the year immediately preceding the 26 deactivation and the sum of the salaries those certificated 1 members would have been paid during the year immediately 2 preceding the deactivation if placed on the salary schedule of 3 the sending or receiving district with the highest salary 4 schedule.

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5 (6) The supplementary State aid reimbursement under this subsection (b) shall be treated as separate from all other 6 payments made pursuant to Section 18-8.05 of this Code. In the 7 8 case of the formation of a new district or cooperative high 9 school or a deactivation, reimbursement shall begin during the 10 first year of operation of the new district or cooperative high 11 school or the first year of the deactivation, and in the case of an annexation of the territory of one or more school 12 13 districts by one or more other school districts or the 14 annexation of territory detached from a school district whereby 15 the enrollment of the annexing district increases by 90% or 16 more as a result of the annexation, reimbursement shall begin 17 during the first year when the change in boundaries 18 attributable to the annexation becomes effective for all purposes as determined pursuant to Section 7-9 of this Code, 19 20 except that for an annexation of territory detached from a school district that is effective on or after July 1, 2004, but 21 before January 11, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 22 23 95-707), whereby the enrollment of the annexing district 24 increases by 90% or more as a result of the annexation, 25 reimbursement shall begin during the fiscal year of January 11, 26 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-707). Each year that

1 the new, annexing, or receiving district or cooperative high the case may be, is 2 school, as entitled to receive 3 reimbursement, the number of eligible certified members who are 4 employed on October 1 in the district or cooperative high 5 school shall be certified to the State Board of Education on prescribed forms by October 15 and payment shall be made on or 6 before November 15 of that year. 7

8 (c) (1) For the first year after the formation of a combined 9 school district, as defined in Section 11E-20 of this Code or a 10 unit district, as defined in Section 11E-25 of this Code, a 11 computation shall be made totaling each previously existing district's audited fund balances in the educational fund, 12 13 working cash fund, operations and maintenance fund, and 14 transportation fund for the year ending June 30 prior to the 15 referendum for the creation of the new district. The new 16 district shall be paid supplementary State aid equal to the sum of the differences between the deficit of the previously 17 existing district with the smallest deficit and the deficits of 18 19 each of the other previously existing districts.

(2) For the first year after the annexation of all of the territory of one or more entire school districts by another school district, as defined in Article 7 of this Code, computations shall be made, for the year ending June 30 prior to the date that the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation is allowed by the affirmative decision issued by the regional board of school trustees under Section 7-6 of this 10000SB0444ham001 -289- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 Code, notwithstanding any effort to seek administrative review of the decision, totaling the annexing district's and totaling 2 each annexed district's audited fund balances in their 3 4 respective educational, working cash, operations and 5 maintenance, and transportation funds. The annexing district as constituted after the annexation shall be paid supplementary 6 State aid equal to the sum of the differences between the 7 8 deficit of whichever of the annexing or annexed districts as 9 constituted prior to the annexation had the smallest deficit 10 and the deficits of each of the other districts as constituted 11 prior to the annexation.

(3) For the first year after the annexation of all of the 12 13 territory of one or more entire school districts by 2 or more 14 other school districts, as defined by Article 7 of this Code, 15 computations shall be made, for the year ending June 30 prior 16 to the date that the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation is allowed by the affirmative decision of the 17 regional board of school trustees under Section 7-6 of this 18 Code, notwithstanding any action for administrative review of 19 20 the decision, totaling each annexing and annexed district's 21 audited fund balances in their respective educational, working 22 cash, operations and maintenance, and transportation funds. 23 The annexing districts as constituted after the annexation 24 shall be paid supplementary State aid, allocated as provided in 25 this paragraph (3), in an aggregate amount equal to the sum of the differences between the deficit of whichever of the 26

annexing or annexed districts as constituted prior to the annexation had the smallest deficit and the deficits of each of the other districts as constituted prior to the annexation. The aggregate amount of the supplementary State aid payable under this paragraph (3) shall be allocated between or among the annexing districts as follows:

(A) the regional superintendent of schools for each 7 8 educational service region in which an annexed district is 9 located prior to the annexation shall certify to the State 10 Board of Education, on forms that it shall provide for that 11 purpose, the value of all taxable property in each annexed 12 district, as last equalized or assessed by the Department 13 of Revenue prior to the annexation, and the equalized 14 assessed value of each part of the annexed district that 15 was annexed to or included as a part of an annexing 16 district:

17 (B) using equalized assessed values as certified by the regional superintendent of schools under clause (A) of this 18 19 paragraph (3), the combined audited fund balance deficit of 20 each annexed district as determined under this Section 21 shall be apportioned between or among the annexing 22 districts in the same ratio as the equalized assessed value 23 of that part of the annexed district that was annexed to or 24 included as a part of an annexing district bears to the total equalized assessed value of the annexed district; and 25 26 (C) the aggregate supplementary State aid payment

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under this paragraph (3) shall be allocated between or 1 among, and shall be paid to, the annexing districts in the 2 3 same ratio as the sum of the combined audited fund balance deficit of each annexing district as constituted prior to 4 5 the annexation, plus all combined audited fund balance 6 deficit amounts apportioned to that annexing district under clause (B) of this subsection, bears to the aggregate 7 8 of the combined audited fund balance deficits of all of the 9 annexing and annexed districts as constituted prior to the 10 annexation.

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(4) For the new elementary districts and new high school 11 district formed through a school district conversion, as 12 13 defined in Section 11E-15 of this Code or the new elementary 14 district or districts and new combined high school - unit 15 district formed through a multi-unit conversion, as defined in 16 subsection (b) of Section 11E-30 of this Code, a computation shall be made totaling each previously existing district's 17 18 audited fund balances in the educational fund, working cash 19 fund, operations and maintenance fund, and transportation fund 20 for the year ending June 30 prior to the referendum 21 establishing the new districts. In the first year of the new 22 districts, the State shall make a one-time supplementary 23 payment equal to the sum of the differences between the deficit 24 of the previously existing district with the smallest deficit 25 and the deficits of each of the other previously existing 26 districts. A district with a combined balance among the 4 funds

that is positive shall be considered to have a deficit of zero. The supplementary payment shall be allocated among the newly formed high school and elementary districts in the manner provided by the petition for the formation of the districts, in the form in which the petition is approved by the regional superintendent of schools or State Superintendent of Education under Section 11E-50 of this Code.

8 (5) For each newly created partial elementary unit 9 district, as defined in subsection (a) or (c) of Section 11E-30 10 of this Code, a computation shall be made totaling the audited 11 fund balances of each previously existing district that formed the new partial elementary unit district in the educational 12 fund, working cash fund, operations and maintenance fund, and 13 14 transportation fund for the year ending June 30 prior to the 15 referendum for the formation of the partial elementary unit 16 district. In the first year of the new partial elementary unit district, the State shall make a one-time supplementary payment 17 to the new district equal to the sum of the differences between 18 the deficit of the previously existing district with the 19 20 smallest deficit and the deficits of each of the other previously existing districts. A district with a combined 21 22 balance among the 4 funds that is positive shall be considered to have a deficit of zero. 23

(6) For an elementary opt-in as defined in subsection (d)
of Section 11E-30 of this Code, the deficit fund balance
incentive shall be computed in accordance with paragraph (5) of

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this subsection (c) as if the opted-in elementary was included 1 in the optional elementary unit district at the optional 2 3 elementary unit district's original effective date. If the 4 calculation in this paragraph (6) is less than that calculated 5 in paragraph (5) of this subsection (c) at the optional elementary unit district's original effective date, then no 6 adjustments may be made. If the calculation in this paragraph 7 8 (6) is more than that calculated in paragraph (5) of this 9 subsection (c) at the optional elementary unit district's 10 original effective date, then the excess must be paid as 11 follows:

(A) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is
one year after the effective date for the optional
elementary unit district, 100% of the calculated excess
shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in
the first year after the effective date of the elementary
opt-in.

(B) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is
2 years after the effective date for the optional
elementary unit district, 75% of the calculated excess
shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in
the first year after the effective date of the elementary
opt-in.

(C) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is
3 years after the effective date for the optional
elementary unit district, 50% of the calculated excess

shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in
 the first year after the effective date of the elementary
 opt-in.

4 (D) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 5 4 years after the effective date for the optional 6 elementary unit district, 25% of the calculated excess 7 shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district in 8 the first year after the effective date of the elementary 9 opt-in.

10 (E) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 11 5 years after the effective date for the optional 12 elementary unit district, the optional elementary unit 13 district is not eligible for any additional incentives due 14 to the elementary opt-in.

15 (6.5) For the first year after the annexation of territory 16 detached from another school district whereby the enrollment of the annexing district increases by 90% or more as a result of 17 18 the annexation, a computation shall be made totaling the audited fund balances of the district gaining territory and the 19 20 audited fund balances of the district losing territory in the 21 educational fund, working cash fund, operations and 22 maintenance fund, and transportation fund for the year ending 23 June 30 prior to the date that the change of boundaries 24 attributable to the annexation is allowed by the affirmative 25 decision of the regional board of school trustees under Section 26 7-6 of this Code, notwithstanding any action for administrative 10000SB0444ham001 -295- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 review of the decision. The annexing district as constituted after the annexation shall be paid supplementary State aid 2 equal to the difference between the deficit of whichever 3 4 district included in this calculation as constituted prior to 5 the annexation had the smallest deficit and the deficit of each other district included in this calculation as constituted 6 prior to the annexation, multiplied by the ratio of equalized 7 8 assessed value of the territory detached to the total equalized 9 assessed value of the district losing territory. The regional 10 superintendent of schools for the educational service region in 11 which a district losing territory is located prior to the annexation shall certify to the State Board of Education the 12 13 value of all taxable property in the district losing territory and the value of all taxable property in the territory being 14 15 detached, as last equalized or assessed by the Department of 16 Revenue prior to the annexation. To be eligible for supplementary State aid reimbursement under this Section, the 17 intergovernmental agreement to be submitted pursuant to 18 Section 7-14A of this Code must show that fund balances were 19 20 transferred from the district losing territory to the district gaining territory in the annexation. The changes to this 21 Public Act 95-707 are intended to be 22 Section made by 23 retroactive and applicable to any annexation taking effect on 24 or after July 1, 2004. For annexations that are eligible for 25 payments under this paragraph (6.5) and that are effective on or after July 1, 2004, but before January 11, 2008 (the 26

effective date of Public Act 95-707), the required payment under this paragraph (6.5) shall be paid in the fiscal year of January 11, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-707).

(7) For purposes of any calculation required under 4 5 paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (6.5) of this 6 subsection (c), a district with a combined fund balance that is positive shall be considered to have a deficit of zero. For 7 purposes of determining each district's audited fund balances 8 in its educational fund, working cash fund, operations and 9 10 maintenance fund, and transportation fund for the specified 11 year ending June 30, as provided in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), and (6.5) of this subsection (c), the balance of 12 13 each fund shall be deemed decreased by an amount equal to the amount of the annual property tax theretofore levied in the 14 15 fund by the district for collection and payment to the district 16 during the calendar year in which the June 30 fell, but only to the extent that the tax so levied in the fund actually was 17 received by the district on or before or comprised a part of 18 the fund on such June 30. For purposes of determining each 19 20 district's audited fund balances, a calculation shall be made 21 for each fund to determine the average for the 3 years prior to the specified year ending June 30, as provided in paragraphs 22 23 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), and (6.5) of this subsection (c), 24 of the district's expenditures in the categories "purchased 25 services", "supplies and materials", and "capital outlay", as 26 those categories are defined in rules of the State Board of

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1 Education. If this 3-year average is less than the district's 2 expenditures in these categories for the specified year ending June 30, as provided in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), 3 4 (6), and (6.5) of this subsection (c), then the 3-year average 5 shall be used in calculating the amounts payable under this 6 Section in place of the amounts shown in these categories for the specified year ending June 30, as provided in paragraphs 7 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), and (6.5) of this subsection (c). 8 Any deficit because of State aid not yet received may not be 9 10 considered in determining the June 30 deficits. The same basis 11 of accounting shall be used by all previously existing districts and by all annexing or annexed districts, as 12 constituted prior to the annexation, in making any computation 13 required under paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), and 14 15 (6.5) of this subsection (c).

16 (8) The supplementary State aid payments under this
17 subsection (c) shall be treated as separate from all other
18 payments made pursuant to Section 18-8.05 of this Code.

(d) (1) Following the formation of a combined school 19 20 district, as defined in Section 11E-20 of this Code, a new unit district, as defined in Section 11E-25 of this Code, a new 21 22 elementary district or districts and a new high school district 23 formed through a school district conversion, as defined in 24 Section 11E-15 of this Code, a new partial elementary unit 25 district, as defined in Section 11E-30 of this Code, or a new 26 elementary district or districts formed through a multi-unit

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1 conversion, as defined in subsection (b) of Section 11E-30 of 2 this Code, or the annexation of all of the territory of one or more entire school districts by one or more other school 3 4 districts, as defined in Article 7 of this Code, a 5 supplementary State aid reimbursement shall be paid for the 6 number of school years determined under the following table to each new or annexing district equal to the sum of \$4,000 for 7 each certified employee who is employed by the district on a 8 9 full-time basis for the regular term of the school year:

10	Reorganized District's Rank	Reorganized District's Rank		
11	by type of district (unit,	in Average Daily Attendance		
12	high school, elementary)	By Quintile		
13	in Equalized Assessed Value			
14	Per Pupil by Quintile			
15				3rd, 4th,
16		1st	2nd	or 5th
17		Quintile	Quintile	Quintile
18	1st Quintile	1 year	1 year	1 year
19	2nd Quintile	1 year	2 years	2 years
20	3rd Quintile	2 years	3 years	3 years
21	4th Quintile	2 years	3 years	3 years
22	5th Quintile	2 years	3 years	3 years

23 The State Board of Education shall make a one-time calculation 24 of a reorganized district's quintile ranks. The average daily 1 attendance used in this calculation shall be the best 3 months' average daily attendance for the district's first year. The 2 3 equalized assessed value per pupil shall be the district's real 4 property equalized assessed value used in calculating the 5 district's first-year general State aid claim, under Section 6 18-8.05 of this Code, or first-year evidence-based funding claim, under Section 18-8.15 of this Code, as applicable, 7 8 divided by the best 3 months' average daily attendance.

9 No annexing or resulting school district shall be entitled 10 to supplementary State aid under this subsection (d) unless the 11 district acquires at least 30% of the average daily attendance 12 of the district from which the territory is being detached or 13 divided.

14 If a district results from multiple reorganizations that 15 would otherwise qualify the district for multiple payments 16 under this subsection (d) in any year, then the district shall 17 receive a single payment only for that year based solely on the 18 most recent reorganization.

(2) For an elementary opt-in, as defined in subsection (d) 19 20 of Section 11E-30 of this Code, the full-time certified staff 21 incentive shall be computed in accordance with paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), equal to the sum of \$4,000 for each 22 23 certified employee of the elementary district that opts-in who 24 is employed by the optional elementary unit district on a 25 full-time basis for the regular term of the school year. The 26 calculation from this paragraph (2) must be paid as follows:

(A) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 1 one year after the effective date for the optional 2 3 elementary unit district, 100% of the amount calculated in this paragraph (2) shall be paid to the optional elementary 4 5 unit district for the number of years calculated in paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) at the optional 6 elementary unit district's original effective date, 7 8 starting in the second year after the effective date of the 9 elementary opt-in.

10 (B) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 2 years after the effective date for the optional 11 elementary unit district, 75% of the amount calculated in 12 13 this paragraph (2) shall be paid to the optional elementary 14 unit district for the number of years calculated in 15 paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) at the optional effective date, elementary unit district's original 16 17 starting in the second year after the effective date of the elementary opt-in. 18

19 (C) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 20 3 years after the effective date for the optional elementary unit district, 50% of the amount calculated in 21 22 this paragraph (2) shall be paid to the optional elementary 23 unit district for the number of years calculated in 24 paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) at the optional 25 elementary unit district's original effective date, 26 starting in the second year after the effective date of the

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1 elementary opt-in.
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(D) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 2 4 years after the effective date for the optional 3 4 elementary unit district, 25% of the amount calculated in 5 this paragraph (2) shall be paid to the optional elementary unit district for the number of years calculated in 6 paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) at the optional 7 8 elementary unit district's original effective date, 9 starting in the second year after the effective date of the 10 elementary opt-in.

11 (E) If the effective date for the elementary opt-in is 12 5 years after the effective date for the optional 13 elementary unit district, the optional elementary unit 14 district is not eligible for any additional incentives due 15 to the elementary opt-in.

16 (2.5) Following the formation of a cooperative high school by 2 or more school districts under Section 10-22.22c of this 17 18 Code, a supplementary State aid reimbursement shall be paid for 3 school years to the cooperative high school equal to the sum 19 20 of \$4,000 for each certified employee who is employed by the cooperative high school on a full-time basis for the regular 21 22 term of any such school year. If a cooperative high school 23 results from multiple agreements that would otherwise qualify 24 the cooperative high school for multiple payments under this 25 Section in any year, the cooperative high school shall receive 26 a single payment for that year based solely on the most recent

1 agreement.

2 (2.10) Following the annexation of territory detached from 3 another school district whereby the enrollment of the annexing 4 district increases 90% or more as a result of the annexation, a 5 supplementary State aid reimbursement shall be paid to the 6 annexing district equal to the sum of \$4,000 for each certified employee who is employed by the annexing district on a 7 full-time basis and shall be calculated in accordance with 8 9 subsection (a) of this Section. То be eligible for 10 supplementary State aid reimbursement under this Section, the 11 intergovernmental agreement to be submitted pursuant to Section 7-14A of this Code must show that certified staff 12 13 members were transferred from the control of the district 14 losing territory to the control of the district gaining 15 territory in the annexation. The changes to this Section made 16 by Public Act 95-707 are intended to be retroactive and applicable to any annexation taking effect on or after July 1, 17 18 2004. For annexations that are eligible for payments under this paragraph (2.10) and that are effective on or after July 1, 19 20 2004, but before January 11, 2008 (the effective date of Public 21 Act 95-707), the first required yearly payment under this 22 paragraph (2.10) shall be paid in the second fiscal year after 23 January 11, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-707). Any 24 subsequent required yearly payments shall be paid in subsequent 25 fiscal years until the payment obligation under this paragraph 26 (2.10) is complete.

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1 (2.15) Following the deactivation of a school facility in accordance with Section 10-22.22b of this Code, a supplementary 2 State aid reimbursement shall be paid for the lesser of 3 3 4 school years or the length of the deactivation agreement, 5 including any renewals of the original deactivation agreement, 6 to each receiving school district equal to the sum of \$4,000 for each certified employee who is employed by that receiving 7 8 district on a full-time basis for the regular term of any such 9 school year who was originally transferred to the control of 10 that receiving district as a result of the deactivation. 11 Receiving districts are eligible for payments under this paragraph (2.15) based on the certified employees transferred 12 13 to that receiving district as a result of the deactivation and are not required to receive at least 30% of the deactivating 14 15 district's average daily attendance as required under 16 paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) to be eligible for 17 payments.

18 (3) The supplementary State aid reimbursement payable 19 under this subsection (d) shall be separate from and in 20 addition to all other payments made to the district pursuant to 21 any other Section of this Article.

(4) During May of each school year for which a supplementary State aid reimbursement is to be paid to a new, annexing, or receiving school district or cooperative high school pursuant to this subsection (d), the school board or governing board shall certify to the State Board of Education, on forms furnished to the school board or governing board by the State Board of Education for purposes of this subsection (d), the number of certified employees for which the district or cooperative high school is entitled to reimbursement under this Section, together with the names, certificate numbers, and positions held by the certified employees.

(5) Upon certification by the State Board of Education to 7 8 the State Comptroller of the amount of the supplementary State 9 aid reimbursement to which a school district or cooperative 10 high school is entitled under this subsection (d), the State 11 Comptroller shall draw his or her warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment thereof to the school district or 12 13 cooperative high school and shall promptly transmit the payment to the school district or cooperative high school through the 14 15 appropriate school treasurer.

16 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-707, eff. 1-11-08; 17 95-903, eff. 8-25-08; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09.)

18 (105 ILCS 5/13A-8)

19 Sec. 13A-8. Funding.

(a) The State of Illinois shall provide funding for the alternative school programs within each educational service region and within the Chicago public school system by line item appropriation made to the State Board of Education for that purpose. This money, when appropriated, shall be provided to the regional superintendent and to the Chicago Board of 10000SB0444ham001 -305- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 Education, who shall establish a budget, including salaries, for their alternative school programs. Each program shall 2 3 receive funding in the amount of \$30,000 plus an amount based 4 on the ratio of the region's or Chicago's best 3 months' 5 average daily attendance in grades pre-kindergarten through 12 to the statewide totals of these amounts. For purposes of this 6 calculation, the best 3 months' average daily attendance for 7 each region or Chicago shall be calculated by adding to the 8 9 best 3 months' average daily attendance the number of 10 low-income students identified in the most recently available 11 federal census multiplied by one-half times the percentage of the region's or Chicago's low-income students to the State's 12 13 total low-income students. The State Board of Education shall 14 retain up to 1.1% of the appropriation to be used to provide 15 technical assistance, professional development, and 16 evaluations for the programs.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of 17 (a-5) this Section, for the 1998-1999 fiscal year, the total amount 18 distributed under subsection (a) for an alternative school 19 20 program shall be not less than the total amount that was distributed under that subsection for that alternative school 21 22 program for the 1997-1998 fiscal year. If an alternative school 23 program is to receive a total distribution under subsection (a) 24 for the 1998-1999 fiscal year that is less than the total 25 distribution that the program received under that subsection 26 for the 1997-1998 fiscal year, that alternative school program 10000SB0444ham001 -306- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 shall also receive, from a separate appropriation made for purposes of this subsection (a-5), a supplementary payment 2 equal to the amount by which its total distribution under 3 4 subsection (a) for the 1997-1998 fiscal year exceeds the amount 5 of the total distribution that the alternative school program receives under that subsection for the 1998-1999 fiscal year. 6 If the amount appropriated for supplementary payments to 7 8 alternative school programs under this subsection (a-5) is 9 insufficient for that purpose, those supplementary payments 10 shall be prorated among the alternative school programs 11 entitled to receive those supplementary payments according to the aggregate amount of the appropriation made for purposes of 12 13 this subsection (a-5).

(b) An alternative school program shall be entitled to 14 15 receive general State aid as calculated in subsection (K) of 16 Section 18-8.05 or evidence-based funding as calculated in subsection (g) of Section 18-8.15 upon filing a claim as 17 18 provided therein. Any time that a student who is enrolled in an 19 alternative school program spends in work-based learning, 20 community service, or a similar alternative educational 21 setting shall be included in determining the student's minimum number of clock hours of daily school work that constitute a 22 23 day of attendance for purposes of calculating general State aid 24 or evidence-based funding.

25 (c) An alternative school program may receive additional 26 funding from its school districts in such amount as may be 10000SB0444ham001 -307- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

agreed upon by the parties and necessary to support the program. In addition, an alternative school program is authorized to accept and expend gifts, legacies, and grants, including but not limited to federal grants, from any source for purposes directly related to the conduct and operation of the program.

7 (Source: P.A. 89-383, eff. 8-18-95; 89-629, eff. 8-9-96; 8 89-636, eff. 8-9-96; 90-14, eff. 7-1-97; 90-283, eff. 7-31-97; 9 90-802, eff. 12-15-98.)

10 (105 ILCS 5/13B-20.20)

Sec. 13B-20.20. Enrollment in other programs. High school 11 12 equivalency testing preparation programs are not eligible for funding under this Article. A student may enroll in a program 13 14 approved under Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15 of this Code, as 15 attend both the alternative appropriate, or learning 16 opportunities program and the regular school program to enhance 17 student performance and facilitate on-time graduation.

18 (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15.)

19 (105 ILCS 5/13B-45)

Sec. 13B-45. Days and hours of attendance. An alternative learning opportunities program shall provide students with at least the minimum number of days of pupil attendance required under Section 10-19 of this Code and the minimum number of daily hours of school work required under Section 18-8.05 or

1 <u>18-8.15</u> of this Code, provided that the State Board may approve 2 exceptions to these requirements if the program meets all of 3 the following conditions:

4 (1) The district plan submitted under Section 5 13B-25.15 of this Code establishes that a program providing 6 the required minimum number of days of attendance or daily 7 hours of school work would not serve the needs of the 8 program's students.

9 (2) Each day of attendance shall provide no fewer than 10 3 clock hours of school work, as defined under paragraph 11 (1) of subsection (F) of Section 18-8.05 of this Code.

(3) Each day of attendance that provides fewer than 5 12 13 clock hours of school work shall also provide supplementary 14 services, including without limitation work-based 15 learning, student assistance programs, counseling, case 16 management, health and fitness programs, or life-skills or 17 conflict resolution training, in order to provide a total daily program to the student of 5 clock hours. A program 18 19 may claim general State aid or evidence-based funding for 20 up to 2 hours of the time each day that a student is 21 receiving supplementary services.

(4) Each program shall provide no fewer than 174 days
of actual pupil attendance during the school term; however,
approved evening programs that meet the requirements of
Section 13B-45 of this Code may offer less than 174 days of
actual pupil attendance during the school term.

1 (Source: P.A. 92-42, eff. 1-1-02.)

2 (105 ILCS 5/13B-50)

3 Sec. 13B-50. Eligibility to receive general State aid or 4 evidence-based funding. In order to receive general State aid or evidence-based funding, alternative learning opportunities 5 programs must meet the requirements for claiming general State 6 aid as specified in Section 18-8.05 of this 7 Code or 8 evidence-based funding as specified in Section 18-8.15 of this 9 Code, as applicable, with the exception of the length of the 10 instructional day, which may be less than 5 hours of school work if the program meets the criteria set forth under Sections 11 12 13B-50.5 and 13B-50.10 of this Code and if the program is 13 approved by the State Board.

14 (Source: P.A. 92-42, eff. 1-1-02.)

15 (105 ILCS 5/13B-50.10)

Sec. 13B-50.10. Additional criteria for general State aid or evidence-based funding. In order to claim general State aid or evidence-based funding, an alternative learning opportunities program must meet the following criteria:

(1) Teacher professional development plans should include
education in the instruction of at-risk students.

(2) Facilities must meet the health, life, and safetyrequirements in this Code.

24 (3) The program must comply with all other State and

1 federal laws applicable to education providers.

2 (Source: P.A. 92-42, eff. 1-1-02.)

3 (105 ILCS 5/13B-50.15)

4 Sec. 13B-50.15. Level of funding. Approved alternative 5 learning opportunities programs are entitled to claim general State aid or evidence-based funding, subject to Sections 6 7 13B-50, 13B-50.5, and 13B-50.10 of this Code. Approved programs 8 operated by regional offices of education are entitled to 9 receive general State aid at the foundation level of support. A school district or consortium must ensure that an approved 10 11 program receives supplemental general State aid, 12 transportation reimbursements, and special education 13 resources, if appropriate, for students enrolled in the 14 program.

15 (Source: P.A. 92-42, eff. 1-1-02.)

16 (105

(105 ILCS 5/14-7.02b)

Sec. 14-7.02b. Funding for children requiring special 17 18 education services. Payments to school districts for children requiring special education services documented in their 19 20 individualized education program regardless of the program 21 from which these services are received, excluding children claimed under Sections 14-7.02 and 14-7.03 of this Code, shall 22 23 be made in accordance with this Section. Funds received under 24 this Section may be used only for the provision of special

educational facilities and services as defined in Section 14-1.08 of this Code.

The appropriation for fiscal year 2005 <u>through fiscal year</u> 2017 and thereafter shall be based upon the IDEA child count of all students in the State, excluding students claimed under Sections 14-7.02 and 14-7.03 of this Code, on December 1 of the fiscal year 2 years preceding, multiplied by 17.5% of the general State aid foundation level of support established for that fiscal year under Section 18-8.05 of this Code.

10 Beginning with fiscal year 2005 and through fiscal year 11 2007, individual school districts shall not receive payments under this Section totaling less than they received under the 12 funding authorized under Section 14-7.02a of this Code during 13 14 fiscal year 2004, pursuant to the provisions of Section 15 14-7.02a as they were in effect before the effective date of 16 this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly. This base level funding shall be computed first. 17

Beginning with fiscal year 2008 <u>through fiscal year 2017</u> and each fiscal year thereafter, individual school districts must not receive payments under this Section totaling less than they received in fiscal year 2007. This funding shall be computed last and shall be a separate calculation from any other calculation set forth in this Section. This amount is exempt from the requirements of Section 1D-1 of this Code.

25 <u>Through fiscal year 2017, an</u> An amount equal to 85% of the 26 funds remaining in the appropriation shall be allocated to 10000SB0444ham001 -312- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 school districts based upon the district's average daily attendance reported for purposes of Section 18-8.05 of this 2 3 Code for the preceding school year. Fifteen percent of the 4 funds remaining in the appropriation shall be allocated to 5 school districts based upon the district's low income eligible pupil count used in the calculation of general State aid under 6 Section 18-8.05 of this Code for the same fiscal year. One 7 8 hundred percent of the funds computed and allocated to 9 districts under this Section shall be distributed and paid to 10 school districts.

11 For individual students with disabilities whose program costs exceed 4 times the district's per capita tuition rate as 12 calculated under Section 10-20.12a of this Code, the costs in 13 14 excess of 4 times the district's per capita tuition rate shall 15 be paid by the State Board of Education from unexpended IDEA 16 discretionary funds originally designated for room and board reimbursement pursuant to Section 14-8.01 of this Code. The 17 amount of tuition for these children shall be determined by the 18 actual cost of maintaining classes for these children, using 19 20 the per capita cost formula set forth in Section 14-7.01 of 21 this Code, with the program and cost being pre-approved by the 22 State Superintendent of Education. Reimbursement for 23 individual students with disabilities whose program costs 24 exceed 4 times the district's per capita tuition rate shall be 25 claimed beginning with costs encumbered for the 2004-2005 26 school year and thereafter.

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1 The State Board of Education shall prepare vouchers equal one-fourth the amount allocated to districts, 2 for to transmittal to the State Comptroller on the 30th day of 3 4 September, December, and March, respectively, and the final 5 voucher, no later than June 20. The Comptroller shall make payments pursuant to this Section to school districts as soon 6 possible after receipt of vouchers. If 7 the monev as 8 appropriated from the General Assembly for such purposes for 9 any year is insufficient, it shall be apportioned on the basis 10 of the payments due to school districts.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to decrease or increase the percentage of all special education funds that are allocated annually under Article 1D of this Code or to alter the requirement that a school district provide special education services.

Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly shall eliminate any reimbursement obligation owed as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly to a school district with in excess of 500,000 inhabitants.

Except for reimbursement for individual students with disabilities whose program costs exceed 4 times the district's per capita tuition rate, no funding shall be provided to school districts under this Section after fiscal year 2017.

25 <u>In fiscal year 2018 and each fiscal year thereafter, all</u>
26 <u>funding received by a school district from the State pursuant</u>

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1 to Section 18-8.15 of this Code that is attributable to 2 students requiring special education services must be used for 3 special education services authorized under this Code. 4 (Source: P.A. 93-1022, eff. 8-24-08; 95-705, eff. 1-8-08.)

5 (105 ILCS 5/14-13.01) (from Ch. 122, par. 14-13.01)

Sec. 14-13.01. Reimbursement payable by State; amounts for
personnel and transportation.

8 (a) Through fiscal year 2017, for For staff working on 9 behalf of children who have not been identified as eligible for 10 special education and for eligible children with physical disabilities, including all eligible children whose placement 11 12 has been determined under Section 14-8.02 in hospital or home instruction, 1/2 of the teacher's salary but not more than 13 14 \$1,000 annually per child or \$9,000 per teacher, whichever is 15 less.

(a-5) A child qualifies for home or hospital instruction if 16 it is anticipated that, due to a medical condition, the child 17 will be unable to attend school, and instead must be instructed 18 19 at home or in the hospital, for a period of 2 or more 20 consecutive weeks or on an ongoing intermittent basis. For purposes of this Section, "ongoing intermittent basis" means 21 that the child's medical condition is of such a nature or 22 severity that it is anticipated that the child will be absent 23 24 from school due to the medical condition for periods of at 25 least 2 days at a time multiple times during the school year

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1 totaling at least 10 days or more of absences. There shall be no requirement that a child be absent from school a minimum 2 3 number of days before the child qualifies for home or hospital 4 instruction. In order to establish eligibility for home or 5 hospital services, a student's parent or guardian must submit 6 to the child's school district of residence a written statement from a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its 7 8 branches stating the existence of such medical condition, the 9 impact on the child's ability to participate in education, and 10 the anticipated duration or nature of the child's absence from 11 school. Home or hospital instruction may commence upon receipt of a written physician's statement in accordance with this 12 13 Section, but instruction shall commence not later than 5 school days after the school district receives the physician's 14 15 statement. Special education and related services required by 16 the child's IEP or services and accommodations required by the child's federal Section 504 plan must be implemented as part of 17 the child's home or hospital instruction, unless the IEP team 18 or federal Section 504 plan team determines that modifications 19 20 are necessary during the home or hospital instruction due to the child's condition. 21

22 <u>(a-10) Through fiscal year 2017, eligible</u> Eligible 23 children to be included in any reimbursement under this 24 paragraph must regularly receive a minimum of one hour of 25 instruction each school day, or in lieu thereof of a minimum of 26 5 hours of instruction in each school week in order to qualify for full reimbursement under this Section. If the attending physician for such a child has certified that the child should not receive as many as 5 hours of instruction in a school week, however, reimbursement under this paragraph on account of that child shall be computed proportionate to the actual hours of instruction per week for that child divided by 5.

7 <u>(a-15)</u> The State Board of Education shall establish rules
8 governing the required qualifications of staff providing home
9 or hospital instruction.

10 (b) For children described in Section 14-1.02, 80% of the 11 cost of transportation approved as a related service in the Individualized Education Program for each student in order to 12 13 take advantage of special educational facilities. 14 Transportation costs shall be determined in the same fashion as 15 provided in Section 29-5 of this Code. For purposes of this 16 subsection (b), the dates for processing claims specified in Section 29-5 shall apply. 17

18 (c) <u>Through fiscal year 2017, for</u> For each qualified
19 worker, the annual sum of \$9,000.

20 (d) Through fiscal year 2017, for For one full time 21 qualified director of the special education program of each school district which maintains a fully approved program of 22 23 special education the annual sum of \$9,000. Districts 24 participating in a joint agreement special education program 25 shall not receive such reimbursement if reimbursement is made 26 for a director of the joint agreement program.

1 (e) (Blank).

2

(f) (Blank).

3 (g) <u>Through fiscal year 2017, for</u> For readers, working with 4 blind or partially seeing children 1/2 of their salary but not 5 more than \$400 annually per child. Readers may be employed to 6 assist such children and shall not be required to be certified 7 but prior to employment shall meet standards set up by the 8 State Board of Education.

9 (h) <u>Through fiscal year 2017, for</u> For non-certified 10 employees, as defined by rules promulgated by the State Board 11 of Education, who deliver services to students with IEPs, 1/2 12 of the salary paid or \$3,500 per employee, whichever is less.

13 <u>(i)</u> The State Board of Education shall set standards and 14 prescribe rules for determining the allocation of 15 reimbursement under this section on less than a full time basis 16 and for less than a school year.

When any school district eligible for reimbursement under this Section operates a school or program approved by the State Superintendent of Education for a number of days in excess of the adopted school calendar but not to exceed 235 school days, such reimbursement shall be increased by 1/180 of the amount or rate paid hereunder for each day such school is operated in excess of 180 days per calendar year.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any school district receiving a payment under this Section or under Section 14-7.02, 14-7.02b, or 29-5 of this Code may classify

1 all or a portion of the funds that it receives in a particular 2 fiscal year or from evidence-based funding general State aid pursuant to Section 18-8.15 18-8.05 of this Code as funds 3 4 received in connection with any funding program for which it is 5 entitled to receive funds from the State in that fiscal year 6 (including, without limitation, any funding program referenced in this Section), regardless of the source or timing of the 7 8 receipt. The district may not classify more funds as funds 9 received in connection with the funding program than the 10 district is entitled to receive in that fiscal year for that 11 program. Any classification by a district must be made by a resolution of its board of education. The resolution must 12 13 identify the amount of any payments or evidence-based funding general State aid to be classified under this paragraph and 14 15 must specify the funding program to which the funds are to be 16 treated as received in connection therewith. This resolution is controlling as to the classification of funds referenced 17 18 therein. A certified copy of the resolution must be sent to the State Superintendent of Education. The resolution shall still 19 20 take effect even though a copy of the resolution has not been 21 sent to the State Superintendent of Education in a timely 22 manner. No classification under this paragraph by a district 23 shall affect the total amount or timing of money the district 24 is entitled to receive under this Code. No classification under 25 this paragraph by a district shall in any way relieve the 26 district from or affect any requirements that otherwise would 10000SB0444ham001 -319- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 apply with respect to that funding program, including any 2 accounting of funds by source, reporting expenditures by 3 original source and purpose, reporting requirements, or 4 requirements of providing services.

5 <u>No funding shall be provided to school districts under this</u> 6 <u>Section after fiscal year 2017. In fiscal year 2018 and each</u> 7 <u>fiscal year thereafter, all funding received by a school</u> 8 <u>district from the State pursuant to Section 18-8.15 of this</u> 9 <u>Code that is attributable to personnel reimbursements for</u> 10 <u>special education pupils must be used for special education</u> 11 <u>services authorized under this Code.</u>

12 (Source: P.A. 96-257, eff. 8-11-09; 97-123, eff. 7-14-11.)

13 (105 ILCS 5/14C-1) (from Ch. 122, par. 14C-1)

14 Sec. 14C-1. The General Assembly finds that there are large 15 numbers of children in this State who come from environments where the primary language is other than English. Experience 16 has shown that public school classes in which instruction is 17 given only in English are often inadequate for the education of 18 19 children whose native tongue is another language. The General Assembly believes that a program of transitional bilingual 20 education can meet the needs of these children and facilitate 21 22 their integration into the regular public school curriculum. 23 Therefore, pursuant to the policy of this State to ensure equal 24 educational opportunity to every child, and in recognition of 25 the educational needs of English learners, it is the purpose of

1 this Act to provide for the establishment of transitional 2 bilingual education programs in the public schools, to provide supplemental financial assistance through fiscal year 2017 to 3 4 help local school districts meet the extra costs of such 5 programs, and to allow this State through the State Board of 6 Education to directly or indirectly provide technical professional 7 assistance and development to support transitional bilingual education or a transitional program of 8 9 instruction programs statewide through contractual services by 10 a not-for-profit entity for technical assistance, professional development, and other support to school districts and 11 educators for services for English learner pupils. In no case 12 13 may aggregate funding for contractual services by a 14 not-for-profit entity for support to school districts and 15 educators for services for English learner pupils be less than 16 the aggregate amount expended for such purposes in Fiscal Year 2017. Not-for-profit entities providing support to school 17 districts and educators for services for English learner pupils 18 must have experience providing those services in a school 19 20 district having a population exceeding 500,000; one or more school districts in any of the counties of Lake, McHenry, 21 DuPage, Kane, and Will; and one or more school districts 22 elsewhere in this State. Funding for not-for-profit entities 23 24 providing support to school districts and educators for 25 services for English learner pupils may be increased subject to an agreement with the State Board of Education. Funding for 26

1 <u>not-for-profit entities providing support to school districts</u> 2 <u>and educators for services for English learner pupils shall</u> 3 <u>come from funds allocated pursuant to Section 18-8.15 of this</u> 4 <u>Code</u>.

5 (Source: P.A. 99-30, eff. 7-10-15.)

6 (105 ILCS 5/14C-12) (from Ch. 122, par. 14C-12)

7 Sec. 14C-12. Account of expenditures; Cost report; Reimbursement. Each school district with at least one English 8 9 learner shall keep an accurate, detailed and separate account 10 of all monies paid out by it for the programs in transitional bilingual education required or permitted by this Article, 11 12 including transportation costs, and shall annually report thereon for the school year ending June 30 indicating the 13 14 average per pupil expenditure. Through fiscal year 2017, each 15 Each school district shall be reimbursed for the amount by which such costs exceed the average per pupil expenditure by 16 such school district for the education of children of 17 18 comparable age who are not in any special education program. No 19 funding shall be provided to school districts under this Section after fiscal year 2017. In fiscal year 2018 and each 20 fiscal year thereafter, all funding received by a school 21 22 district from the State pursuant to Section 18-8.15 of this 23 Code that is attributable to instructions, supports, and 24 interventions for English learner pupils must be used for 25 programs and services authorized under this Article. At least

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60% of transitional bilingual education funding received from
 the State must be used for the instructional costs of programs
 and services authorized under this Article transitional
 bilingual education.

5 Applications for preapproval for reimbursement for costs 6 of transitional bilingual education programs must be submitted to the State Superintendent of Education at least 60 days 7 8 before a transitional bilingual education program is started, unless a justifiable exception is granted by the State 9 10 Superintendent of Education. Applications shall set forth a 11 plan for transitional bilingual education established and maintained in accordance with this Article. 12

13 <u>Through fiscal year 2017, reimbursement</u> Reimbursement 14 claims for transitional bilingual education programs shall be 15 made as follows:

16 Each school district shall claim reimbursement on a current basis for the first 3 quarters of the fiscal year and file a 17 final adjusted claim for the school year ended June 30 18 preceding computed in accordance with rules prescribed by the 19 20 State Superintendent's Office. The State Superintendent of Education before approving any such claims shall determine 21 22 their accuracy and whether they are based upon services and 23 facilities provided under approved programs. Upon approval he 24 shall transmit to the Comptroller the vouchers showing the 25 amounts due for school district reimbursement claims. Upon 26 receipt of the final adjusted claims the State Superintendent 10000SB0444ham001 -323- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

of Education shall make a final determination of the accuracy of such claims. If the money appropriated by the General Assembly for such purpose for any year is insufficient, it shall be apportioned on the basis of the claims approved.

5 Failure on the part of the school district to prepare and 6 certify the final adjusted claims due under this Section may 7 constitute a forfeiture by the school district of its right to 8 be reimbursed by the State under this Section.

9 (Source: P.A. 96-1170, eff. 1-1-11.)

10 (105 ILCS 5/17-1) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-1)

Sec. 17-1. Annual Budget. The board of education of each 11 12 school district under 500,000 inhabitants shall, within or 13 before the first quarter of each fiscal year, adopt and file 14 with the State Board of Education an annual balanced budget 15 which it deems necessary to defray all necessary expenses and liabilities of the district, and in such annual budget shall 16 17 specify the objects and purposes of each item and amount needed 18 for each object or purpose.

19 The budget shall be entered upon a School District Budget 20 form prepared and provided by the State Board of Education and 21 therein shall contain a statement of the cash on hand at the 22 beginning of the fiscal year, an estimate of the cash expected 23 to be received during such fiscal year from all sources, an 24 estimate of the expenditures contemplated for such fiscal year, 25 and a statement of the estimated cash expected to be on hand at 10000SB0444ham001 -324- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 the end of such year. The estimate of taxes to be received may be based upon the amount of actual cash receipts that may 2 3 reasonably be expected by the district during such fiscal year, 4 estimated from the experience of the district in prior years 5 and with due regard for other circumstances that may substantially affect such receipts. Nothing in this Section 6 shall be construed as requiring any district to change or 7 preventing any district from changing from a cash basis of 8 9 financing to a surplus or deficit basis of financing; or as 10 requiring any district to change or preventing any district 11 from changing its system of accounting. The budget shall conform to the requirements adopted by the State Board of 12 13 Education pursuant to Section 2-3.28 of this Code.

To the extent that a school district's budget is not balanced, the district shall also adopt and file with the State Board of Education a deficit reduction plan to balance the district's budget within 3 years. The deficit reduction plan must be filed at the same time as the budget, but the State Superintendent of Education may extend this deadline if the situation warrants.

If, as the result of an audit performed in compliance with Section 3-7 of this Code, the resulting Annual Financial Report required to be submitted pursuant to Section 3-15.1 of this Code reflects a deficit as defined for purposes of the preceding paragraph, then the district shall, within 30 days after acceptance of such audit report, submit a deficit 1 reduction plan.

2 The board of education of each district shall fix a fiscal year therefor. If the beginning of the fiscal year of a 3 4 district is subsequent to the time that the tax levy due to be 5 made in such fiscal year shall be made, then such annual budget 6 shall be adopted prior to the time such tax levy shall be made. The failure by a board of education of any district to adopt an 7 8 annual budget, or to comply in any respect with the provisions 9 of this Section, shall not affect the validity of any tax levy 10 of the district otherwise in conformity with the law. With 11 respect to taxes levied either before, on, or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General 12 13 Assembly, (i) a tax levy is made for the fiscal year in which the levy is due to be made regardless of which fiscal year the 14 15 proceeds of the levy are expended or are intended to be 16 expended, and (ii) except as otherwise provided by law, a board of education's adoption of an annual budget in conformity with 17 18 this Section is not a prerequisite to the adoption of a valid tax levy and is not a limit on the amount of the levy. 19

Such budget shall be prepared in tentative form by some person or persons designated by the board, and in such tentative form shall be made conveniently available to public inspection for at least 30 days prior to final action thereon. At least 1 public hearing shall be held as to such budget prior to final action thereon. Notice of availability for public inspection and of such public hearing shall be given by

1 publication in a newspaper published in such district, at least 2 30 days prior to the time of such hearing. If there is no newspaper published in such district, notice of such public 3 4 hearing shall be given by posting notices thereof in 5 of the 5 most public places in such district. It shall be the duty of 6 the secretary of such board to make such tentative budget available to public inspection, and to arrange for such public 7 8 hearing. The board may from time to time make transfers between the various items in any fund not exceeding in the aggregate 9 10 10% of the total of such fund as set forth in the budget. The 11 board may from time to time amend such budget by the same procedure as is herein provided for its original adoption. 12

Beginning July 1, 1976, the board of education, or regional superintendent, or governing board responsible for the administration of a joint agreement shall, by September 1 of each fiscal year thereafter, adopt an annual budget for the joint agreement in the same manner and subject to the same requirements as are provided in this Section.

19 The State Board of Education shall exercise powers and 20 duties relating to budgets as provided in Section 2-3.27 of 21 this Code and shall require school districts to submit their 22 annual budgets, deficit reduction plans, and other financial 23 information, including revenue and expenditure reports and 24 borrowing and interfund transfer plans, in such form and within 25 the timelines designated by the State Board of Education.

26 By fiscal year 1982 all school districts shall use the

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1 Program Budget Accounting System.

In the case of a school district receiving emergency State financial assistance under Article 1B, the school board shall also be subject to the requirements established under Article 1B with respect to the annual budget.

6 (Source: P.A. 97-429, eff. 8-16-11.)

7

(105 ILCS 5/17-1.2)

8 Sec. 17-1.2. Post annual budget on web site. If a school 9 district has an Internet web site, the school district shall 10 post its current annual budget, itemized by receipts and expenditures, on the district's Internet web site. The budget 11 12 shall include information conforming to the rules adopted by 13 the State Board of Education pursuant to Section 2-3.28 of this 14 Code. The school district shall notify the parents or quardians of its students that the budget has been posted on the 15 district's web site and what the web site's address is. 16

17 (Source: P.A. 92-438, eff. 1-1-02.)

18 (105 ILCS 5/17-1.5)

19

Sec. 17-1.5. Limitation of administrative costs.

(a) It is the purpose of this Section to establish
limitations on the growth of administrative expenditures in
order to maximize the proportion of school district resources
available for the instructional program, building maintenance,
and safety services for the students of each district.

1

(b) Definitions. For the purposes of this Section:

"Administrative expenditures" mean the annual expenditures 2 of 3 school districts properly attributable to expenditure 4 functions defined by the rules of the State Board of Education 5 as: 2320 (Executive Administration Services); 2330 (Special Area Administration Services); 2490 (Other Support Services -6 School Administration); 2510 (Direction of Business Support 7 Services); 2570 (Internal Services); and 2610 (Direction of 8 9 Central Support Services); provided, however, that 10 "administrative expenditures" shall not include early 11 retirement or other pension system obligations required by State law. 12

13 "School district" means all school districts having a 14 population of less than 500,000.

15 (c) For the 1998-99 school year and each school year 16 thereafter, each school district shall undertake budgetary and expenditure control actions so that 17 the increase in 18 administrative expenditures for that school year over the prior school year does not exceed 5%. School districts with 19 20 administrative expenditures per pupil in the 25th percentile 21 and below for all districts of the same type, as defined by the 22 State Board of Education, may waive the limitation imposed 23 under this Section for any year following a public hearing and 24 with the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the members 25 of the school board of the district. Any district waiving the 26 limitation shall notify the State Board within 45 days of such

1 action.

(d) School districts shall file with the State Board of 2 Education by November 15, 1998 and by each November 15th 3 4 thereafter a one-page report that lists (i) the actual 5 administrative expenditures for the prior year from the district's audited Annual Financial Report, and (ii) 6 the projected administrative expenditures for the current year 7 8 from the budget adopted by the school board pursuant to Section 9 17-1 of this Code.

10 If a school district that is ineligible to waive the 11 limitation imposed by subsection (c) of this Section by board action exceeds the limitation solely because of circumstances 12 13 beyond the control of the district and the district has 14 exhausted all available and reasonable remedies to comply with 15 the limitation, the district may request a waiver pursuant to 16 Section 2-3.25q. The waiver application shall specify the amount, nature, and reason for the relief requested, as well as 17 all remedies the district has exhausted to comply with the 18 limitation. Any emergency relief so requested shall apply only 19 20 to the specific school year for which the request is made. The State Board of Education shall analyze all such waivers 21 22 submitted and shall recommend that the General Assembly 23 disapprove any such waiver requested that is not due solely to 24 circumstances beyond the control of the district and for which 25 the district has not exhausted all available and reasonable 26 remedies to comply with the limitation. The State

Superintendent shall have no authority to impose any sanctions pursuant to this Section for any expenditures for which a waiver has been requested until such waiver has been reviewed by the General Assembly.

5 If the report and information required under this 6 subsection (d) are not provided by the school district in a timely manner, or are subsequently determined by the State 7 8 Superintendent of Education to be incomplete or inaccurate, the 9 State Superintendent shall notify the district in writing of 10 reporting deficiencies. The school district shall, within 60 11 days of the notice, address the reporting deficiencies identified. 12

13 (e) If the State Superintendent determines that a school 14 district has failed to comply with the administrative 15 expenditure limitation imposed in subsection (c) of this 16 Section, the State Superintendent shall notify the district of the violation and direct the district to undertake corrective 17 18 action to bring the district's budget into compliance with the 19 administrative expenditure limitation. The district shall, 20 within 60 days of the notice, provide adequate assurance to the 21 State Superintendent that appropriate corrective actions have been or will be taken. If the district fails to provide 22 23 adequate assurance or fails to undertake the necessary 24 corrective actions, the State Superintendent may impose 25 progressive sanctions against the district that may culminate 26 in withholding all subsequent payments of general State aid due

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1 the district under Section 18-8.05 of this Code <u>or</u> 2 <u>evidence-based funding due the district under Section 18-8.15</u> 3 <u>of this Code</u> until the assurance is provided or the corrective 4 actions taken.

5 (f) The State Superintendent shall publish a list each year 6 of the school districts that violate the limitation imposed by 7 subsection (c) of this Section and a list of the districts that 8 waive the limitation by board action as provided in subsection 9 (c) of this Section.

10 (Source: P.A. 90-548, eff. 1-1-98; 90-653, eff. 7-29-98.)

11 (105 ILCS 5/17-2.11) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-2.11)

Sec. 17-2.11. School board power to levy a tax or to borrow money and issue bonds for fire prevention, safety, energy conservation, accessibility, school security, and specified repair purposes.

(a) Whenever, as a result of any lawful order of any 16 17 agency, other than a school board, having authority to enforce any school building code applicable to any facility that houses 18 19 students, or any law or regulation for the protection and safety of the environment, pursuant to the Environmental 20 21 Protection Act, any school district having a population of less 22 than 500,000 inhabitants is required to alter or reconstruct 23 any school building or permanent, fixed equipment; the district 24 may, by proper resolution, levy a tax for the purpose of making 25 such alteration or reconstruction, based on a survey report by

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an architect or engineer licensed in this State, upon all of the taxable property of the district at the value as assessed by the Department of Revenue and at a rate not to exceed 0.05% per year for a period sufficient to finance such alteration or reconstruction, upon the following conditions:

(1) When there are not sufficient funds available in 6 7 the operations and maintenance fund of the school district, 8 the school facility occupation tax fund of the district, or 9 the fire prevention and safety fund of the district, as 10 determined by the district on the basis of rules adopted by 11 the State Board of Education, to make such alteration or 12 reconstruction or to purchase and install such permanent, 13 fixed equipment so ordered or determined as necessary. 14 Appropriate school district records must be made available 15 to the State Superintendent of Education, upon request, to 16 confirm this insufficiency.

(2) When a certified estimate of an architect or 17 18 engineer licensed in this State stating the estimated 19 amount necessary to make the alteration or reconstruction 20 or to purchase and install the equipment so ordered has 21 been secured by the school district, and the estimate has 22 been approved by the regional superintendent of schools 23 having jurisdiction over the district and the State 24 Superintendent of Education. Approval must not be granted 25 for any work that has already started without the prior 26 express authorization of the State Superintendent of

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Education. If the estimate is not approved or is denied approval by the regional superintendent of schools within 3 months after the date on which it is submitted to him or her, the school board of the district may submit the estimate directly to the State Superintendent of Education for approval or denial.

In the case of an emergency situation, where the estimated 7 8 cost to effectuate emergency repairs is less than the amount 9 specified in Section 10-20.21 of this Code, the school district 10 may proceed with such repairs prior to approval by the State 11 Superintendent of Education, but shall comply with the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection (a) as soon 12 13 thereafter as may be as well as Section 10-20.21 of this Code. 14 If the estimated cost to effectuate emergency repairs is 15 greater than the amount specified in Section 10-20.21 of this 16 Code, then the school district shall proceed in conformity with Section 10-20.21 of this Code and with rules established by the 17 State Board of Education to address such situations. The rules 18 adopted by the State Board of Education to deal with these 19 20 situations shall stipulate that emergency situations must be 21 expedited and given priority consideration. For purposes of this paragraph, an emergency is a situation that presents an 22 23 imminent and continuing threat to the health and safety of 24 students or other occupants of a facility, requires complete or 25 partial evacuation of a building or part of a building, or 26 consumes one or more of the 5 emergency days built into the

1 adopted calendar of the school or schools or would otherwise be
2 expected to cause such school or schools to fall short of the
3 minimum school calendar requirements.

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4 (b) Whenever any such district determines that it is 5 necessary for energy conservation purposes that any school building or permanent, fixed equipment should be altered or 6 reconstructed and that such alterations or reconstruction will 7 be made with funds not necessary for the completion of approved 8 9 and recommended projects contained in any safety survey report 10 or amendments thereto authorized by Section 2-3.12 of this Act; 11 the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this Section. 12

13 (c) Whenever any such district determines that it is 14 necessary for accessibility purposes and to comply with the 15 school building code that any school building or equipment 16 should be altered or reconstructed and that such alterations or reconstruction will be made with funds not necessary for the 17 18 completion of approved and recommended projects contained in any safety survey report or amendments thereto authorized under 19 20 Section 2-3.12 of this Act, the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this Section. 21

22 (d) Whenever any such district determines that it is 23 necessary for school security purposes and the related 24 protection and safety of pupils and school personnel that any 25 school building or property should be altered or reconstructed 26 or that security systems and equipment (including but not 10000SB0444ham001 -335- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 limited to intercom, early detection and warning, access control and television monitoring systems) should be purchased 2 and installed, and that such alterations, reconstruction or 3 4 purchase and installation of equipment will be made with funds 5 not necessary for the completion of approved and recommended projects contained in any safety survey report or amendment 6 thereto authorized by Section 2-3.12 of this Act and will deter 7 and prevent unauthorized entry or activities upon school 8 9 property by unknown or dangerous persons, assure early 10 detection and advance warning of any such actual or attempted 11 unauthorized entry or activities and help assure the continued safety of pupils and school staff if any such unauthorized 12 13 entry or activity is attempted or occurs; the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this 14 15 Section.

16 (e) If a school district does not need funds for other fire prevention and safety projects, including the completion of 17 approved and recommended projects contained in any safety 18 survey report or amendments thereto authorized by Section 19 20 2-3.12 of this Act, and it is determined after a public hearing (which is preceded by at least one published notice (i) 21 22 occurring at least 7 days prior to the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district and (ii) 23 24 setting forth the time, date, place, and general subject matter 25 of the hearing) that there is a substantial, immediate, and 26 otherwise unavoidable threat to the health, safety, or welfare

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of pupils due to disrepair of school sidewalks, playgrounds, parking lots, or school bus turnarounds and repairs must be made; then the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.

5 (f) For purposes of this Section a school district may 6 replace a school building or build additions to replace portions of a building when it is determined that the 7 8 effectuation of the recommendations for the existing building 9 will cost more than the replacement costs. Such determination 10 shall be based on a comparison of estimated costs made by an 11 architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois. The new building or addition shall be equivalent in area (square 12 13 feet) and comparable in purpose and grades served and may be on 14 the same site or another site. Such replacement may only be 15 done upon order of the regional superintendent of schools and 16 the approval of the State Superintendent of Education.

(g) The filing of a certified copy of the resolution levying the tax when accompanied by the certificates of the regional superintendent of schools and State Superintendent of Education shall be the authority of the county clerk to extend such tax.

(h) The county clerk of the county in which any school district levying a tax under the authority of this Section is located, in reducing raised levies, shall not consider any such tax as a part of the general levy for school purposes and shall not include the same in the limitation of any other tax rate 10000SB0444ham001

1 which may be extended.

2 Such tax shall be levied and collected in like manner as 3 all other taxes of school districts, subject to the provisions 4 contained in this Section.

5 (i) The tax rate limit specified in this Section may be 6 increased to .10% upon the approval of a proposition to effect 7 such increase by a majority of the electors voting on that 8 proposition at a regular scheduled election. Such proposition 9 may be initiated by resolution of the school board and shall be 10 certified by the secretary to the proper election authorities 11 for submission in accordance with the general election law.

(j) When taxes are levied by any school district for fire 12 13 prevention, safety, energy conservation, and school security 14 purposes as specified in this Section, and the purposes for 15 which the taxes have been levied are accomplished and paid in 16 full, and there remain funds on hand in the Fire Prevention and Safety Fund from the proceeds of the taxes levied, including 17 interest earnings thereon, the school board by resolution shall 18 use such excess and other board restricted funds, excluding 19 20 bond proceeds and earnings from such proceeds, as follows:

(1) for other authorized fire prevention, safety,
energy conservation, required safety inspections, school
security purposes, sampling for lead in drinking water in
schools, and for repair and mitigation due to lead levels
in the drinking water supply; or

26

(2) for transfer to the Operations and Maintenance Fund

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for the purpose of abating an equal amount of operations and maintenance purposes taxes.

Notwithstanding subdivision (2) of this subsection (j) and 3 4 subsection (k) of this Section, through June 30, 2020 2019, the 5 school board may, by proper resolution following a public hearing set by the school board or the president of the school 6 board (that is preceded (i) by at least one published notice 7 8 over the name of the clerk or secretary of the board, occurring at least 7 days and not more than 30 days prior to the hearing, 9 10 in a newspaper of general circulation within the school 11 district and (ii) by posted notice over the name of the clerk or secretary of the board, at least 48 hours before the 12 13 hearing, at the principal office of the school board or at the 14 building where the hearing is to be held if a principal office 15 does not exist, with both notices setting forth the time, date, 16 place, and subject matter of the hearing), transfer surplus life safety taxes and interest earnings thereon to the 17 18 Operations and Maintenance Fund for building repair work.

19 (k) If any transfer is made to the Operation and 20 Maintenance Fund, the secretary of the school board shall 21 within 30 days notify the county clerk of the amount of that 22 transfer and direct the clerk to abate the taxes to be extended 23 for the purposes of operations and maintenance authorized under 24 Section 17-2 of this Act by an amount equal to such transfer.

(1) If the proceeds from the tax levy authorized by thisSection are insufficient to complete the work approved under

this Section, the school board is authorized to sell bonds without referendum under the provisions of this Section in an amount that, when added to the proceeds of the tax levy authorized by this Section, will allow completion of the approved work.

6 (m) Any bonds issued pursuant to this Section shall bear 7 interest at a rate not to exceed the maximum rate authorized by 8 law at the time of the making of the contract, shall mature 9 within 20 years from date, and shall be signed by the president 10 of the school board and the treasurer of the school district.

11 (n) In order to authorize and issue such bonds, the school board shall adopt a resolution fixing the amount of bonds, the 12 13 date thereof, the maturities thereof, rates of interest 14 thereof, place of payment and denomination, which shall be in 15 denominations of not less than \$100 and not more than \$5,000, 16 and provide for the levy and collection of a direct annual tax 17 upon all the taxable property in the school district sufficient 18 to pay the principal and interest on such bonds to maturity. 19 Upon the filing in the office of the county clerk of the county 20 in which the school district is located of a certified copy of the resolution, it is the duty of the county clerk to extend 21 the tax therefor in addition to and in excess of all other 22 23 taxes heretofore or hereafter authorized to be levied by such 24 school district.

(o) After the time such bonds are issued as provided for bythis Section, if additional alterations or reconstructions are

1 required to be made because of surveys conducted by an 2 architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois, the 3 district may levy a tax at a rate not to exceed .05% per year 4 upon all the taxable property of the district or issue 5 additional bonds, whichever action shall be the most feasible.

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6 (p) This Section is cumulative and constitutes complete 7 authority for the issuance of bonds as provided in this Section 8 notwithstanding any other statute or law to the contrary.

9 (q) With respect to instruments for the payment of money 10 issued under this Section either before, on, or after the 11 effective date of Public Act 86-004 (June 6, 1989), it is, and always has been, the intention of the General Assembly (i) that 12 13 the Omnibus Bond Acts are, and always have been, supplementary 14 grants of power to issue instruments in accordance with the 15 Omnibus Bond Acts, regardless of any provision of this Act that 16 may appear to be or to have been more restrictive than those Acts, (ii) that the provisions of this Section are not a 17 18 limitation on the supplementary authority granted by the 19 Omnibus Bond Acts, and (iii) that instruments issued under this 20 Section within the supplementary authority granted by the 21 Omnibus Bond Acts are not invalid because of any provision of 22 this Act that may appear to be or to have been more restrictive 23 than those Acts.

(r) When the purposes for which the bonds are issued have
been accomplished and paid for in full and there remain funds
on hand from the proceeds of the bond sale and interest

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earnings therefrom, the board shall, by resolution, use such excess funds in accordance with the provisions of Section 10-22.14 of this Act.

4 (s) Whenever any tax is levied or bonds issued for fire
5 prevention, safety, energy conservation, and school security
6 purposes, such proceeds shall be deposited and accounted for
7 separately within the Fire Prevention and Safety Fund.

8 (Source: P.A. 98-26, eff. 6-21-13; 98-1066, eff. 8-26-14;
9 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-713, eff. 8-5-16; 99-922, eff.
10 1-17-17.)

11 (105 ILCS 5/17-2A) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-2A)

12 Sec. 17-2A. Interfund transfers.

13 (a) The school board of any district having a population of 14 less than 500,000 inhabitants may, by proper resolution 15 following a public hearing set by the school board or the president of the school board (that is preceded (i) by at least 16 17 one published notice over the name of the clerk or secretary of the board, occurring at least 7 days and not more than 30 days 18 19 prior to the hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation 20 within the school district and (ii) by posted notice over the 21 name of the clerk or secretary of the board, at least 48 hours 22 before the hearing, at the principal office of the school board 23 or at the building where the hearing is to be held if a 24 principal office does not exist, with both notices setting 25 forth the time, date, place, and subject matter of the

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1 hearing), transfer money from (1) the Educational Fund to the Operations and Maintenance Fund or the Transportation Fund, (2) 2 3 the Operations and Maintenance Fund to the Educational Fund or 4 the Transportation Fund, (3) the Transportation Fund to the 5 Educational Fund or the Operations and Maintenance Fund, or (4) 6 the Tort Immunity Fund to the Operations and Maintenance Fund of said district, provided that, except during the period from 7 July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2020 2019, such transfer is made 8 9 solely for the purpose of meeting one-time, non-recurring 10 expenses. Except during the period from July 1, 2003 through 11 June 30, 2020 2019 and except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this Section, any other permanent interfund 12 13 transfers authorized by any provision or judicial 14 interpretation of this Code for which the transferee fund is 15 not precisely and specifically set forth in the provision of 16 this Code authorizing such transfer shall be made to the fund of the school district most in need of the funds being 17 18 transferred, as determined by resolution of the school board.

19

(b) (Blank).

(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Section or any other provision of this Code to the contrary, the school board of any school district (i) that is subject to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law, (ii) that is an elementary district servicing students in grades K through 8, (iii) whose territory is in one county, (iv) that is eligible for Section 7002 Federal Impact Aid, and (v) that has no more than \$81,000 in 10000SB0444ham001 -343- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 funds remaining from refinancing bonds that were refinanced a 2 minimum of 5 years prior to January 20, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-926) this amendatory Act of the 99th 3 4 General Assembly may make a one-time transfer of the funds 5 remaining from the refinancing bonds to the Operations and 6 Maintenance Fund of the district by proper resolution following a public hearing set by the school board or the president of 7 8 the school board, with notice as provided in subsection (a) of 9 this Section, so long as the district meets the qualifications 10 set forth in this subsection (c) on January 20, 2017 (the 11 effective date of Public Act 99-926) this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly. 12

13 (Source: P.A. 98-26, eff. 6-21-13; 98-131, eff. 1-1-14; 99-713, 14 eff. 8-5-16; 99-922, eff. 1-17-17; 99-926, eff. 1-20-17; 15 revised 1-23-17.)

16

(105 ILCS 5/17-3.6 new)

17 Sec. 17-3.6. Educational purposes tax rate for school 18 districts subject to Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. 19 Notwithstanding the provisions, requirements, or limitations of this Code or any other law, any tax levied for educational 20 21 purposes by a school district subject to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law for the 2016 levy year or any 22 23 subsequent levy year may be extended at a rate exceeding the 24 rate established for educational purposes by referendum or this 25 Code, provided that the rate does not cause the school district

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1 to exceed the limiting rate applicable to the school district 2 under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law for that levy 3 year.

4 (105 ILCS 5/18-4.3) (from Ch. 122, par. 18-4.3)

5 Sec. 18-4.3. Summer school grants. <u>Through fiscal year</u> 6 <u>2017, grants</u> Shall be determined for pupil attendance in 7 summer schools conducted under Sections 10-22.33A and 34-18 and 8 approved under Section 2-3.25 in the following manner.

9 The amount of grant for each accredited summer school 10 attendance pupil shall be obtained by dividing the total amount of apportionments determined under Section 18-8.05 by the 11 12 actual number of pupils in average daily attendance used for such apportionments. The number of credited summer school 13 14 attendance pupils shall be determined (a) by counting clock 15 hours of class instruction by pupils enrolled in grades 1 through 12 in approved courses conducted at least 60 clock 16 hours in summer sessions; (b) by dividing such total of clock 17 hours of class instruction by 4 to produce days of credited 18 19 pupil attendance; (c) by dividing such days of credited pupil 20 attendance by the actual number of days in the regular term as 21 used in computation in the general apportionment in Section 22 18-8.05; and (d) by multiplying by 1.25.

The amount of the grant for a summer school program approved by the State Superintendent of Education for children with disabilities, as defined in Sections 14-1.02 through 10000SB0444ham001

1 14-1.07, shall be determined in the manner contained above 2 except that average daily membership shall be utilized in lieu 3 of average daily attendance.

4 In the case of an apportionment based on summer school 5 attendance or membership pupils, the claim therefor shall be presented as a separate claim for the particular school year in 6 which such summer school session ends. On or before November 1 7 of each year the superintendent of each eligible school 8 9 district shall certify to the State Superintendent of Education 10 the claim of the district for the summer session just ended. 11 Failure on the part of the school board to so certify shall constitute a forfeiture of its right to such payment. The State 12 Superintendent of Education shall transmit to the Comptroller 13 14 no later than December 15th of each year vouchers for payment 15 of amounts due school districts for summer school. The State 16 Superintendent of Education shall direct the Comptroller to 17 draw his warrants for payments thereof by the 30th day of 18 December. If the money appropriated by the General Assembly for 19 such purpose for any year is insufficient, it shall be 20 apportioned on the basis of claims approved.

However, notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, for each fiscal year the money appropriated by the General Assembly for the purposes of this Section shall only be used for grants for approved summer school programs for those children with disabilities served pursuant to Section 14-7.02 or 14-7.02b of this Code. 10000SB0444ham001 -346- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1	No funding shall be provided to school districts under this
2	Section after fiscal year 2017. In fiscal year 2018 and each
3	fiscal year thereafter, all funding received by a school
4	district from the State pursuant to Section 18-8.15 of this
5	Code that is attributable to summer school for special
6	education pupils must be used for special education services
7	authorized under this Code.
8	(Source: P.A. 93-1022, eff. 8-24-04.)
9	(105 ILCS 5/18-8.05)
10	Sec. 18-8.05. Basis for apportionment of general State
11	financial aid and supplemental general State aid to the common
12	schools for the 1998-1999 <u>through the 2016-2017</u> and subsequent
13	school years.
14	(A) General Provisions.
15	(1) The provisions of this Section <u>relating to the</u>
16	calculation and apportionment of general State financial aid
17	and supplemental general State aid apply to the 1998-1999
18	through the 2016-2017 and subsequent school years. The system
19	of general State financial aid provided for in this Section is
20	designed to assure that, through a combination of State
21	financial aid and required local resources, the financial
22	support provided each pupil in Average Daily Attendance equals
23	or exceeds a prescribed per pupil Foundation Level. This
24	formula approach imputes a level of per pupil Available Local

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Resources and provides for the basis to calculate a per pupil 1 level of general State financial aid that, when added to 2 Available Local Resources, equals or exceeds the Foundation 3 4 Level. The amount of per pupil general State financial aid for 5 school districts, in general, varies in inverse relation to Available Local Resources. Per pupil amounts are based upon 6 each school district's Average Daily Attendance as that term is 7 8 defined in this Section.

9 (2) In addition to general State financial aid, school 10 districts with specified levels or concentrations of pupils 11 from low income households are eligible to receive supplemental general State financial aid grants as provided pursuant to 12 13 subsection (H). The supplemental State aid grants provided for 14 school districts under subsection (H) shall be appropriated for 15 distribution to school districts as part of the same line item 16 in which the general State financial aid of school districts is 17 appropriated under this Section.

(3) To receive financial assistance under this Section,
school districts are required to file claims with the State
Board of Education, subject to the following requirements:

(a) Any school district which fails for any given
school year to maintain school as required by law, or to
maintain a recognized school is not eligible to file for
such school year any claim upon the Common School Fund. In
case of nonrecognition of one or more attendance centers in
a school district otherwise operating recognized schools,

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1 the claim of the district shall be reduced in the proportion which the Average Daily Attendance in 2 the 3 attendance center or centers bear to the Average Daily 4 Attendance in the school district. A "recognized school" 5 means any public school which meets the standards as established for recognition by the State Board of 6 Education. A school district or attendance center not 7 8 having recognition status at the end of a school term is 9 entitled to receive State aid payments due upon a legal 10 claim which was filed while it was recognized.

(b) School district claims filed under this Section are
subject to Sections 18-9 and 18-12, except as otherwise
provided in this Section.

(c) If a school district operates a full year school
under Section 10-19.1, the general State aid to the school
district shall be determined by the State Board of
Education in accordance with this Section as near as may be
applicable.

19

(d) (Blank).

(4) Except as provided in subsections (H) and (L), the board of any district receiving any of the grants provided for in this Section may apply those funds to any fund so received for which that board is authorized to make expenditures by law.

24 School districts are not required to exert a minimum 25 Operating Tax Rate in order to qualify for assistance under 26 this Section. 10000SB0444ham001

1 (5) As used in this Section the following terms, when capitalized, shall have the meaning ascribed herein: 2 (a) "Average Daily Attendance": A count of pupil 3 attendance in school, averaged as provided for in 4 5 subsection (C) and utilized in deriving per pupil financial 6 support levels. (b) "Available Local Resources": A computation of 7 8 local financial support, calculated on the basis of Average 9 Daily Attendance and derived as provided pursuant to 10 subsection (D). 11 (c) "Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes": Funds paid to local school districts pursuant to "An Act in 12 13 relation to the abolition of ad valorem personal property 14 tax and the replacement of revenues lost thereby, and 15 amending and repealing certain Acts and parts of Acts in connection therewith", certified August 14, 1979, as 16 17 amended (Public Act 81-1st S.S.-1).

(d) "Foundation Level": A prescribed level of per pupil
 financial support as provided for in subsection (B).

(e) "Operating Tax Rate": All school district property
taxes extended for all purposes, except Bond and Interest,
Summer School, Rent, Capital Improvement, and Vocational
Education Building purposes.

24 (B) Foundation Level.

25 (1) The Foundation Level is a figure established by the

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1 State representing the minimum level of per pupil financial 2 support that should be available to provide for the basic education of each pupil in Average Daily Attendance. As set 3 4 forth in this Section, each school district is assumed to exert 5 a sufficient local taxing effort such that, in combination with 6 the aggregate of general State financial aid provided the district, an aggregate of State and local resources are 7 8 available to meet the basic education needs of pupils in the 9 district.

10 (2) For the 1998-1999 school year, the Foundation Level of 11 support is \$4,225. For the 1999-2000 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,325. For the 2000-2001 school 12 year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,425. For the 13 2001-2002 school year and 2002-2003 school year, the Foundation 14 15 Level of support is \$4,560. For the 2003-2004 school year, the 16 Foundation Level of support is \$4,810. For the 2004-2005 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,964. For the 17 2005-2006 school year, the Foundation Level of support is 18 \$5,164. For the 2006-2007 school year, the Foundation Level of 19 20 support is \$5,334. For the 2007-2008 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$5,734. For the 2008-2009 school 21 22 year, the Foundation Level of support is \$5,959.

(3) For the 2009-2010 school year and each school year thereafter, the Foundation Level of support is \$6,119 or such greater amount as may be established by law by the General Assembly. 1 (C) Average Daily Attendance.

2 (1) For purposes of calculating general State aid pursuant 3 to subsection (E), an Average Daily Attendance figure shall be utilized. The Average Daily Attendance figure for formula 4 5 calculation purposes shall be the monthly average of the actual number of pupils in attendance of each school district, as 6 7 further averaged for the best 3 months of pupil attendance for 8 each school district. In compiling the figures for the number 9 of pupils in attendance, school districts and the State Board 10 of Education shall, for purposes of general State aid funding, conform attendance figures to the requirements of subsection 11 12 (F).

13 (2)The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in 14 subsection (E) shall be the requisite attendance data for the 15 school year immediately preceding the school year for which general State aid is being calculated or the average of the 16 attendance data for the 3 preceding school years, whichever is 17 greater. The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in 18 19 subsection (H) shall be the requisite attendance data for the 20 school year immediately preceding the school year for which 21 general State aid is being calculated.

22 (D) Available Local Resources.

(1) For purposes of calculating general State aid pursuant
to subsection (E), a representation of Available Local

1 Resources per pupil, as that term is defined and determined in 2 this subsection, shall be utilized. Available Local Resources per pupil shall include a calculated dollar amount representing 3 4 local school district revenues from local property taxes and 5 from Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes, expressed 6 on the basis of pupils in Average Daily Attendance. Calculation of Available Local Resources shall exclude any tax amnesty 7 funds received as a result of Public Act 93-26. 8

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9 (2) In determining a school district's revenue from local 10 property taxes, the State Board of Education shall utilize the 11 equalized assessed valuation of all taxable property of each 12 school district as of September 30 of the previous year. The 13 equalized assessed valuation utilized shall be obtained and 14 determined as provided in subsection (G).

15 (3) For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten 16 through 12, local property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated as the product of the applicable equalized assessed 17 valuation for the district multiplied by 3.00%, and divided by 18 the district's Average Daily Attendance figure. For school 19 20 districts maintaining grades kindergarten through 8, local 21 property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated as the 22 product of the applicable equalized assessed valuation for the district multiplied by 2.30%, and divided by the district's 23 24 Average Daily Attendance figure. For school districts 25 maintaining grades 9 through 12, local property tax revenues 26 per pupil shall be the applicable equalized assessed valuation of the district multiplied by 1.05%, and divided by the
 district's Average Daily Attendance figure.

3 For partial elementary unit districts created pursuant to 4 Article 11E of this Code, local property tax revenues per pupil 5 shall be calculated as the product of the equalized assessed 6 valuation for property within the partial elementary unit district for elementary purposes, as defined in Article 11E of 7 this Code, multiplied by 2.06% and divided by the district's 8 Average Daily Attendance figure, plus the product of the 9 10 equalized assessed valuation for property within the partial 11 elementary unit district for high school purposes, as defined in Article 11E of this Code, multiplied by 0.94% and divided by 12 13 the district's Average Daily Attendance figure.

14 (4) The Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes paid 15 to each school district during the calendar year one year 16 before the calendar year in which a school year begins, divided by the Average Daily Attendance figure for that district, shall 17 be added to the local property tax revenues per pupil as 18 derived by the application of the immediately preceding 19 20 paragraph (3). The sum of these per pupil figures for each school district shall constitute Available Local Resources as 21 22 that term is utilized in subsection (E) in the calculation of 23 general State aid.

24 (E) Computation of General State Aid.

25 (1) For each school year, the amount of general State aid

1 allotted to a school district shall be computed by the State Board of Education as provided in this subsection. 2

(2) For any school district for which Available Local 3 4 Resources per pupil is less than the product of 0.93 times the 5 Foundation Level, general State aid for that district shall be 6 calculated as an amount equal to the Foundation Level minus Available Local Resources, multiplied by the Average Daily 7 Attendance of the school district. 8

9 (3) For any school district for which Available Local 10 Resources per pupil is equal to or greater than the product of 11 0.93 times the Foundation Level and less than the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid per 12 13 pupil shall be a decimal proportion of the Foundation Level 14 derived using a linear algorithm. Under this linear algorithm, 15 the calculated general State aid per pupil shall decline in 16 direct linear fashion from 0.07 times the Foundation Level for a school district with Available Local Resources equal to the 17 product of 0.93 times the Foundation Level, to 0.05 times the 18 Foundation Level for a school district with Available Local 19 20 Resources equal to the product of 1.75 times the Foundation 21 Level. The allocation of general State aid for school districts 22 subject to this paragraph 3 shall be the calculated general 23 State aid per pupil figure multiplied by the Average Daily 24 Attendance of the school district.

25 (4) For any school district for which Available Local 26 Resources per pupil equals or exceeds the product of 1.75 times 1 the Foundation Level, the general State aid for the school 2 district shall be calculated as the product of \$218 multiplied 3 by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

4 (5) The amount of general State aid allocated to a school 5 district for the 1999-2000 school year meeting the requirements set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) shall be increased 6 7 by an amount equal to the general State aid that would have 8 been received by the district for the 1998-1999 school year by 9 utilizing the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed 10 Valuation as calculated in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) less 11 the general State aid allotted for the 1998-1999 school year. This amount shall be deemed a one time increase, and shall not 12 13 affect any future general State aid allocations.

14 (F) Compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

15 (1) Each school district shall, by July 1 of each year, submit to the State Board of Education, on forms prescribed by 16 the State Board of Education, attendance figures for the school 17 year that began in the preceding calendar year. The attendance 18 19 information so transmitted shall identify the average daily 20 attendance figures for each month of the school year. Beginning with the general State aid claim form for the 2002-2003 school 21 22 year, districts shall calculate Average Daily Attendance as 23 provided in subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) of this paragraph 24 (1).

25

(a) In districts that do not hold year-round classes,

days of attendance in August shall be added to the month of
 September and any days of attendance in June shall be added
 to the month of May.

4 (b) In districts in which all buildings hold year-round
5 classes, days of attendance in July and August shall be
6 added to the month of September and any days of attendance
7 in June shall be added to the month of May.

8 (c) In districts in which some buildings, but not all, 9 hold year-round classes, for the non-year-round buildings, 10 days of attendance in August shall be added to the month of 11 September and any days of attendance in June shall be added to the month of May. The average daily attendance for the 12 13 year-round buildings shall be computed as provided in 14 subdivision (b) of this paragraph (1). To calculate the 15 Average Daily Attendance for the district, the average 16 daily attendance for the year-round buildings shall be multiplied by the days in session for the non-year-round 17 18 buildings for each month and added to the monthly 19 attendance of the non-year-round buildings.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, days of attendance by pupils shall be counted only for sessions of not less than 5 clock hours of school work per day under direct supervision of: (i) teachers, or (ii) non-teaching personnel or volunteer personnel when engaging in non-teaching duties and supervising in those instances specified in subsection (a) of Section 10-22.34 and paragraph 10 of Section 34-18, with pupils of legal school age and in kindergarten and grades 1 through 2 12. Days of attendance by pupils through verified participation 3 in an e-learning program approved by the State Board of 4 Education under Section 10-20.56 of the Code shall be 5 considered as full days of attendance for purposes of this 6 Section.

7 Days of attendance by tuition pupils shall be accredited 8 only to the districts that pay the tuition to a recognized 9 school.

10 (2) Days of attendance by pupils of less than 5 clock hours 11 of school shall be subject to the following provisions in the 12 compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

13 (a) Pupils regularly enrolled in a public school for 14 only a part of the school day may be counted on the basis 15 of 1/6 day for every class hour of instruction of 40 16 minutes or more attended pursuant to such enrollment, unless a pupil is enrolled in a block-schedule format of 80 17 minutes or more of instruction, in which case the pupil may 18 be counted on the basis of the proportion of minutes of 19 20 school work completed each day to the minimum number of 21 minutes that school work is required to be held that day.

22

(b) (Blank).

(c) A session of 4 or more clock hours may be counted
as a day of attendance upon certification by the regional
superintendent, and approved by the State Superintendent
of Education to the extent that the district has been

1

forced to use daily multiple sessions.

(d) A session of 3 or more clock hours may be counted 2 3 as a day of attendance (1) when the remainder of the school day or at least 2 hours in the evening of that day is 4 5 utilized for an in-service training program for teachers, up to a maximum of 5 days per school year, provided a 6 7 district conducts an in-service training program for 8 teachers in accordance with Section 10-22.39 of this Code; 9 or, in lieu of 4 such days, 2 full days may be used, in 10 which event each such day may be counted as a day required for a legal school calendar pursuant to Section 10-19 of 11 this Code; (1.5) when, of the 5 days allowed under item 12 13 (1), a maximum of 4 days are used for parent-teacher 14 conferences, or, in lieu of 4 such days, 2 full days are 15 used, in which case each such day may be counted as a calendar day required under Section 10-19 of this Code, 16 provided that the full-day, parent-teacher conference 17 a minimum of 5 18 of (i) clock consists hours of 19 parent-teacher conferences, (ii) both a minimum of 2 clock 20 hours of parent-teacher conferences held in the evening 21 following a full day of student attendance, as specified in 22 subsection (F)(1)(c), and a minimum of 3 clock hours of 23 parent-teacher conferences held on the day immediately 24 following evening parent-teacher conferences, or (iii) 25 multiple parent-teacher conferences held in the evenings 26 following full days of student attendance, as specified in

subsection (F)(1)(c), in which the time used for the 1 parent-teacher conferences is equivalent to a minimum of 5 2 3 clock hours; and (2) when days in addition to those provided in items (1) and (1.5) are scheduled by a school 4 5 pursuant to its school improvement plan adopted under Article 34 or its revised or amended school improvement 6 plan adopted under Article 2, provided that (i) such 7 8 sessions of 3 or more clock hours are scheduled to occur at 9 regular intervals, (ii) the remainder of the school days in which such sessions occur are utilized for in-service 10 training programs or other staff development activities 11 for teachers, and (iii) a sufficient number of minutes of 12 13 school work under the direct supervision of teachers are 14 added to the school days between such regularly scheduled 15 sessions to accumulate not less than the number of minutes 16 by which such sessions of 3 or more clock hours fall short 17 of 5 clock hours. Any full days used for the purposes of 18 this paragraph shall not be considered for computing 19 average daily attendance. Days scheduled for in-service 20 training programs, staff development activities, or 21 parent-teacher conferences may be scheduled separately for 22 different grade levels and different attendance centers of 23 the district.

(e) A session of not less than one clock hour of
 teaching hospitalized or homebound pupils on-site or by
 telephone to the classroom may be counted as 1/2 day of

1 attendance, however these pupils must receive 4 or more 2 clock hours of instruction to be counted for a full day of 3 attendance.

4 (f) A session of at least 4 clock hours may be counted
5 as a day of attendance for first grade pupils, and pupils
6 in full day kindergartens, and a session of 2 or more hours
7 may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance by pupils in
8 kindergartens which provide only 1/2 day of attendance.

9 (g) For children with disabilities who are below the 10 age of 6 years and who cannot attend 2 or more clock hours 11 because of their disability or immaturity, a session of not 12 less than one clock hour may be counted as 1/2 day of 13 attendance; however for such children whose educational 14 needs so require a session of 4 or more clock hours may be 15 counted as a full day of attendance.

(h) A recognized kindergarten which provides for only 16 17 1/2 day of attendance by each pupil shall not have more than 1/2 day of attendance counted in any one day. However, 18 19 kindergartens may count 2 1/2 days of attendance in any 5 20 consecutive school days. When a pupil attends such a 21 kindergarten for 2 half days on any one school day, the 22 pupil shall have the following day as a day absent from 23 school, unless the school district obtains permission in 24 writing from the State Superintendent of Education. 25 Attendance at kindergartens which provide for a full day of 26 attendance by each pupil shall be counted the same as

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attendance by first grade pupils. Only the first year of attendance in one kindergarten shall be counted, except in case of children who entered the kindergarten in their fifth year whose educational development requires a second year of kindergarten as determined under the rules and regulations of the State Board of Education.

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7 (i) On the days when the assessment that includes a 8 college and career ready determination is administered 9 under subsection (c) of Section 2-3.64a-5 of this Code, the 10 day of attendance for a pupil whose school day must be shortened to accommodate required testing procedures may 11 be less than 5 clock hours and shall be counted towards the 12 13 176 days of actual pupil attendance required under Section 14 10-19 of this Code, provided that a sufficient number of 15 minutes of school work in excess of 5 clock hours are first completed on other school days to compensate for the loss 16 17 of school work on the examination days.

(j) Pupils enrolled in a remote educational program 18 19 established under Section 10-29 of this Code may be counted 20 on the basis of one-fifth day of attendance for every clock hour of instruction attended in the remote educational 21 22 program, provided that, in any month, the school district 23 may not claim for a student enrolled in a remote 24 educational program more days of attendance than the 25 maximum number of days of attendance the district can claim 26 (i) for students enrolled in a building holding year-round classes if the student is classified as participating in the remote educational program on a year-round schedule or (ii) for students enrolled in a building not holding year-round classes if the student is not classified as participating in the remote educational program on a year-round schedule.

7 (G) Equalized Assessed Valuation Data.

8 (1) For purposes of the calculation of Available Local 9 Resources required pursuant to subsection (D), the State Board 10 of Education shall secure from the Department of Revenue the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue of 11 12 all taxable property of every school district, together with 13 (i) the applicable tax rate used in extending taxes for the 14 funds of the district as of September 30 of the previous year 15 and (ii) the limiting rate for all school districts subject to property tax extension limitations as imposed under the 16 17 Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

18 The Department of Revenue shall add to the equalized 19 assessed value of all taxable property of each school district situated entirely or partially within a county that is or was 20 subject to the provisions of Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the 21 22 Property Tax Code (a) an amount equal to the total amount by 23 which the homestead exemption allowed under Section 15-176 or 24 15-177 of the Property Tax Code for real property situated in that school district exceeds the total amount that would have 25

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1 been allowed in that school district if the maximum reduction 2 under Section 15-176 was (i) \$4,500 in Cook County or \$3,500 in all other counties in tax year 2003 or (ii) \$5,000 in all 3 4 counties in tax year 2004 and thereafter and (b) an amount 5 equal to the aggregate amount for the taxable year of all 6 additional exemptions under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or less. The 7 8 county clerk of any county that is or was subject to the 9 provisions of Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code 10 shall annually calculate and certify to the Department of 11 Revenue for each school district all homestead exemption amounts under Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code 12 13 and all amounts of additional exemptions under Section 15-175 14 of the Property Tax Code for owners with a household income of 15 \$30,000 or less. It is the intent of this paragraph that if the 16 general homestead exemption for a parcel of property is determined under Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax 17 Code rather than Section 15-175, then the calculation of 18 Available Local Resources shall not be affected by the 19 20 difference, if any, between the amount of the general homestead 21 exemption allowed for that parcel of property under Section 22 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code and the amount that 23 would have been allowed had the general homestead exemption for 24 that parcel of property been determined under Section 15-175 of 25 the Property Tax Code. It is further the intent of this 26 paragraph that if additional exemptions are allowed under

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Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code for owners with a
 household income of less than \$30,000, then the calculation of
 Available Local Resources shall not be affected by the
 difference, if any, because of those additional exemptions.

5 This equalized assessed valuation, as adjusted further by 6 the requirements of this subsection, shall be utilized in the 7 calculation of Available Local Resources.

8 (2) The equalized assessed valuation in paragraph (1) shall
9 be adjusted, as applicable, in the following manner:

10 (a) For the purposes of calculating State aid under this Section, with respect to any part of a school district 11 within a redevelopment project area in respect to which a 12 13 municipality has adopted tax increment allocation 14 financing pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation 15 Redevelopment Act, Sections 11-74.4-1 through 11-74.4-11 16 of the Illinois Municipal Code or the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law, Sections 11-74.6-1 through 11-74.6-50 of the 17 18 Illinois Municipal Code, no part of the current equalized assessed valuation of real property located in any such 19 20 project area which is attributable to an increase above the 21 total initial equalized assessed valuation of such 22 property shall be used as part of the equalized assessed 23 valuation of the district, until such time as all 24 redevelopment project costs have been paid, as provided in 25 Section 11-74.4-8 of the Tax Increment Allocation 26 in Section 11-74.6-35 of Redevelopment Act or the

1 Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. For the purpose of the 2 equalized assessed valuation of the district, the total 3 initial equalized assessed valuation or the current 4 equalized assessed valuation, whichever is lower, shall be 5 used until such time as all redevelopment project costs 6 have been paid.

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(b) The real property equalized assessed valuation for 7 8 a school district shall be adjusted by subtracting from the 9 real property value as equalized or assessed by the 10 Department of Revenue for the district an amount computed 11 by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under Section 18-170 of the Property Tax Code by 3.00% for a 12 13 district maintaining grades kindergarten through 12, by 14 2.30% for a district maintaining grades kindergarten 15 through 8, or by 1.05% for a district maintaining grades 9 16 through 12 and adjusted by an amount computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under subsection (a) 17 18 of Section 18-165 of the Property Tax Code by the same 19 percentage rates for district type as specified in this 20 subparagraph (b).

(3) For the 1999-2000 school year and each school year thereafter, if a school district meets all of the criteria of this subsection (G)(3), the school district's Available Local Resources shall be calculated under subsection (D) using the district's Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation as calculated under this subsection (G)(3). 10000SB0444ham001

1 For purposes of this subsection (G)(3) the following terms shall have the following meanings: 2 3 "Budget Year": The school year for which general State aid is calculated and awarded under subsection (E). 4 5 "Base Tax Year": The property tax levy year used to calculate the Budget Year allocation of general State aid. 6 "Preceding Tax Year": The property tax levy year 7 8 immediately preceding the Base Tax Year. 9 "Base Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of the 10 equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County Clerk 11 in the Base Tax Year multiplied by the limiting rate as calculated by the County Clerk and defined in the Property 12 13 Tax Extension Limitation Law. "Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of 14 15 the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County 16 Clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating Tax Rate as defined in subsection (A). 17 "Extension Limitation Ratio": A numerical ratio, 18 19 certified by the County Clerk, in which the numerator is 20 the Base Tax Year's Tax Extension and the denominator is 21 the Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension. 22 "Operating Tax Rate": The operating tax rate as defined 23 in subsection (A). 24 If a school district is subject to property tax extension

25 limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension
26 Limitation Law, the State Board of Education shall calculate

1 the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of that district. For the 1999-2000 school year, the Extension 2 3 Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as 4 calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal to 5 the product of the district's 1996 Equalized Assessed Valuation 6 and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph for a school district that 7 8 has approved or does approve an increase in its limiting rate, 9 for the 2000-2001 school year and each school year thereafter, 10 the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a 11 school district as calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal to the product of the Equalized Assessed 12 13 Valuation last used in the calculation of general State aid and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. If the Extension 14 15 Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as 16 calculated under this subsection (G)(3) is less than the 17 district's equalized assessed valuation as calculated pursuant 18 to subsections (G)(1) and (G)(2), then for purposes of calculating the district's general State aid for the Budget 19 20 Year pursuant to subsection (E), that Extension Limitation 21 Equalized Assessed Valuation shall be utilized to calculate the district's Available Local Resources under subsection (D). For 22 23 the 2009-2010 school year and each school year thereafter, if a 24 school district has approved or does approve an increase in its 25 limiting rate, pursuant to Section 18-190 of the Property Tax 26 Code, affecting the Base Tax Year, the Extension Limitation

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1 Equalized Assessed Valuation of the school district, as calculated by the State Board of Education, shall be equal to 2 3 the product of the Equalized Assessed Valuation last used in 4 the calculation of general State aid times an amount equal to 5 one plus the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price 6 Index for all Urban Consumers for all items published by the United States Department of Labor for the 12-month calendar 7 8 year preceding the Base Tax Year, plus the Equalized Assessed 9 Valuation of new property, annexed property, and recovered tax 10 increment value and minus the Equalized Assessed Valuation of 11 disconnected property. New property and recovered tax increment value shall have the meanings set forth in the 12 13 Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

Partial elementary unit districts created in accordance with Article 11E of this Code shall not be eligible for the adjustment in this subsection (G)(3) until the fifth year following the effective date of the reorganization.

18 (3.5) For the 2010-2011 school year and each school year 19 thereafter, if a school district's boundaries span multiple 20 counties, then the Department of Revenue shall send to the 21 State Board of Education, for the purpose of calculating 22 general State aid, the limiting rate and individual rates by 23 purpose for the county that contains the majority of the school 24 district's Equalized Assessed Valuation.

(4) For the purposes of calculating general State aid forthe 1999-2000 school year only, if a school district

1 experienced a triennial reassessment on the equalized assessed 2 valuation used in calculating its general State financial aid 3 apportionment for the 1998-1999 school year, the State Board of 4 Education shall calculate the Extension Limitation Equalized 5 Assessed Valuation that would have been used to calculate the 6 district's 1998-1999 general State aid. This amount shall equal the product of the equalized assessed valuation used to 7 calculate general State aid for the 1997-1998 school year and 8 9 the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. If the Extension 10 Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of the school district 11 as calculated under this paragraph (4) is less than the assessed valuation 12 district's equalized utilized in 13 calculating the district's 1998-1999 general State aid 14 allocation, then for purposes of calculating the district's 15 general State aid pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (E), 16 that Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation shall be utilized to calculate the district's Available Local 17 18 Resources.

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19 (5) For school districts having a majority of their 20 equalized assessed valuation in any county except Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, or Will, if the amount of general State 21 aid allocated to the school district for the 1999-2000 school 22 23 year under the provisions of subsection (E), (H), and (J) of 24 this Section is less than the amount of general State aid 25 allocated to the district for the 1998-1999 school year under 26 these subsections, then the general State aid of the district

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for the 1999-2000 school year only shall be increased by the difference between these amounts. The total payments made under this paragraph (5) shall not exceed \$14,000,000. Claims shall be prorated if they exceed \$14,000,000.

5 (H) Supplemental General State Aid.

(1) In addition to the general State aid a school district 6 7 is allotted pursuant to subsection (E), qualifying school districts shall receive a grant, paid in conjunction with a 8 9 district's payments of general State aid, for supplemental 10 general State aid based upon the concentration level of low-income households 11 children from within the school 12 district. Supplemental State aid grants provided for school 13 districts under this subsection shall be appropriated for 14 distribution to school districts as part of the same line item 15 in which the general State financial aid of school districts is 16 appropriated under this Section.

17 (1.5) This paragraph (1.5) applies only to those school years preceding the 2003-2004 school year. For purposes of this 18 19 subsection (H), the term "Low-Income Concentration Level" 20 shall be the low-income eligible pupil count from the most 21 recently available federal census divided by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district. If, however, (i) the 22 23 percentage decrease from the 2 most recent federal censuses in 24 the low-income eligible pupil count of a high school district 25 with fewer than 400 students exceeds by 75% or more the

1 percentage change in the total low-income eligible pupil count 2 of contiguous elementary school districts, whose boundaries are coterminous with the high school district, or (ii) a high 3 4 school district within 2 counties and serving 5 elementary 5 school districts, whose boundaries are coterminous with the 6 high school district, has a percentage decrease from the 2 most recent federal censuses in the low-income eligible pupil count 7 8 and there is a percentage increase in the total low-income 9 eligible pupil count of a majority of the elementary school 10 districts in excess of 50% from the 2 most recent federal 11 censuses, then the high school district's low-income eligible pupil count from the earlier federal census shall be the number 12 13 used as the low-income eligible pupil count for the high school 14 district, for purposes of this subsection (H). The changes made 15 to this paragraph (1) by Public Act 92-28 shall apply to 16 supplemental general State aid grants for school years preceding the 2003-2004 school year that are paid in fiscal 17 year 1999 or thereafter and to any State aid payments made in 18 fiscal year 1994 through fiscal year 1998 pursuant to 19 20 subsection 1(n) of Section 18-8 of this Code (which was repealed on July 1, 1998), and any high school district that is 21 affected by Public Act 92-28 is entitled to a recomputation of 22 23 its supplemental general State aid grant or State aid paid in 24 any of those fiscal years. This recomputation shall not be 25 affected by any other funding.

26

(1.10) This paragraph (1.10) applies to the 2003-2004

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1 school year and each school year thereafter through the 2016-2017 school year. For purposes of this subsection (H), the 2 term "Low-Income Concentration Level" shall, for each fiscal 3 4 year, be the low-income eligible pupil count as of July 1 of 5 the immediately preceding fiscal year (as determined by the Department of Human Services based on the number of pupils who 6 are eligible for at least one of the following low income 7 8 programs: Medicaid, the Children's Health Insurance Program, 9 TANF, or Food Stamps, excluding pupils who are eligible for 10 services provided by the Department of Children and Family 11 Services, averaged over the 2 immediately preceding fiscal years for fiscal year 2004 and over the 3 immediately preceding 12 13 fiscal years for each fiscal year thereafter) divided by the 14 Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

15 (2) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this
16 subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 1998-1999,
17 1999-2000, and 2000-2001 school years only:

(a) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%, the
grant for any school year shall be \$800 multiplied by the
low income eligible pupil count.

(b) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%, the
grant for the 1998-1999 school year shall be \$1,100
multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

26 (c) For any school district with a Low Income

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1 Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%, the 2 grant for the 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,500 3 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

4 (d) For any school district with a Low Income 5 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for the 6 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,900 multiplied by the low 7 income eligible pupil count.

8 (e) For the 1999-2000 school year, the per pupil amount 9 specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) immediately 10 above shall be increased to \$1,243, \$1,600, and \$2,000, 11 respectively.

12 (f) For the 2000-2001 school year, the per pupil 13 amounts specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) 14 immediately above shall be \$1,273, \$1,640, and \$2,050, 15 respectively.

16 (2.5) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this 17 subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 2002-2003 18 school year:

(a) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of less than 10%, the grant for each
school year shall be \$355 multiplied by the low income
eligible pupil count.

(b) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 10% and less than 20%, the
grant for each school year shall be \$675 multiplied by the
low income eligible pupil count.

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(c) For any school district with a Low Income Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%, the grant for each school year shall be \$1,330 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

5 (d) For any school district with a Low Income 6 Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%, the 7 grant for each school year shall be \$1,362 multiplied by 8 the low income eligible pupil count.

9 (e) For any school district with a Low Income 10 Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%, the 11 grant for each school year shall be \$1,680 multiplied by 12 the low income eligible pupil count.

13 (f) For any school district with a Low Income 14 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for each 15 school year shall be \$2,080 multiplied by the low income 16 eligible pupil count.

17 (2.10) Except as otherwise provided, supplemental general 18 State aid pursuant to this subsection (H) shall be provided as 19 follows for the 2003-2004 school year and each school year 20 thereafter:

(a) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of 15% or less, the grant for each
school year shall be \$355 multiplied by the low income
eligible pupil count.

(b) For any school district with a Low Income
 Concentration Level greater than 15%, the grant for each

school year shall be \$294.25 added to the product of \$2,700
 and the square of the Low Income Concentration Level, all
 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

4 For the 2003-2004 school year and each school year 5 thereafter through the 2008-2009 school year only, the grant shall be no less than the grant for the 2002-2003 school year. 6 For the 2009-2010 school year only, the grant shall be no less 7 than the grant for the 2002-2003 school year multiplied by 8 9 0.66. For the 2010-2011 school year only, the grant shall be no 10 less than the grant for the 2002-2003 school year multiplied by 11 0.33. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph to the contrary, if for any school year supplemental general State aid 12 13 grants are prorated as provided in paragraph (1) of this 14 subsection (H), then the grants under this paragraph shall be 15 prorated.

16 For the 2003-2004 school year only, the grant shall be no greater than the grant received during the 2002-2003 school 17 year added to the product of 0.25 multiplied by the difference 18 between the grant amount calculated under subsection (a) or (b) 19 20 of this paragraph (2.10), whichever is applicable, and the 21 grant received during the 2002-2003 school year. For the 22 2004-2005 school year only, the grant shall be no greater than the grant received during the 2002-2003 school year added to 23 24 the product of 0.50 multiplied by the difference between the 25 grant amount calculated under subsection (a) or (b) of this 26 paragraph (2.10), whichever is applicable, and the grant

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received during the 2002-2003 school year. For the 2005-2006 school year only, the grant shall be no greater than the grant received during the 2002-2003 school year added to the product of 0.75 multiplied by the difference between the grant amount calculated under subsection (a) or (b) of this paragraph (2.10), whichever is applicable, and the grant received during the 2002-2003 school year.

8 (3) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 9 more than 1,000 and less than 50,000 that qualify for 10 supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection 11 shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education prior to October 30 of each year for the use of the funds resulting from 12 13 grant of supplemental general State aid for the this improvement of instruction in which priority is given to 14 15 meeting the education needs of disadvantaged children. Such 16 plan shall be submitted in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education. 17

(4) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 50,000 or more that qualify for supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection shall be required to distribute from funds available pursuant to this Section, no less than \$261,000,000 in accordance with the following requirements:

(a) The required amounts shall be distributed to the
 attendance centers within the district in proportion to the
 number of pupils enrolled at each attendance center who are
 eligible to receive free or reduced-price lunches or

breakfasts under the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966
 and under the National School Lunch Act during the
 immediately preceding school year.

(b) The distribution of these portions of supplemental 4 5 and general State aid among attendance centers according to these requirements shall not be compensated for or 6 7 contravened by adjustments of the total of other funds 8 appropriated to any attendance centers, and the Board of 9 Education shall utilize funding from one or several sources 10 in order to fully implement this provision annually prior to the opening of school. 11

(c) Each attendance center shall be provided by the 12 13 school district a distribution of noncategorical funds and 14 other categorical funds to which an attendance center is 15 entitled under law in order that the general State aid and supplemental general State aid provided by application of 16 17 this subsection supplements rather than supplants the noncategorical funds and other categorical funds provided 18 19 by the school district to the attendance centers.

20 (d) Any funds made available under this subsection that 21 by reason of the provisions of this subsection are not 22 required to be allocated and provided to attendance centers 23 may be used and appropriated by the board of the district 24 for any lawful school purpose.

(e) Funds received by an attendance center pursuant to
 this subsection shall be used by the attendance center at

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1 the discretion of the principal and local school council for programs to improve educational opportunities at 2 3 qualifying schools through the following programs and 4 services: early childhood education, reduced class size or 5 improved adult to student classroom ratio, enrichment programs, remedial assistance, attendance improvement, and 6 7 other educationally beneficial expenditures which 8 supplement the regular and basic programs as determined by 9 the State Board of Education. Funds provided shall not be 10 expended for any political or lobbying purposes as defined 11 by board rule.

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(f) Each district subject to the provisions of this 12 13 subdivision (H) (4) shall submit an acceptable plan to meet 14 the educational needs of disadvantaged children, in 15 compliance with the requirements of this paragraph, to the 16 State Board of Education prior to July 15 of each year. 17 This plan shall be consistent with the decisions of local school councils concerning the school expenditure plans 18 developed in accordance with part 4 of Section 34-2.3. The 19 20 State Board shall approve or reject the plan within 60 days 21 after its submission. If the plan is rejected, the district 22 shall give written notice of intent to modify the plan 23 within 15 days of the notification of rejection and then 24 submit a modified plan within 30 days after the date of the 25 written notice of intent to modify. Districts may amend 26 approved plans pursuant to rules promulgated by the State

1 Board of Education.

2 Upon notification by the State Board of Education that 3 the district has not submitted a plan prior to July 15 or a 4 modified plan within the time period specified herein, the 5 State aid funds affected by that plan or modified plan 6 shall be withheld by the State Board of Education until a 7 plan or modified plan is submitted.

8 If the district fails to distribute State aid to 9 attendance centers in accordance with an approved plan, the 10 plan for the following year shall allocate funds, in 11 addition to the funds otherwise required by this 12 subsection, to those attendance centers which were 13 underfunded during the previous year in amounts equal to 14 such underfunding.

15 For purposes of determining compliance with this subsection in relation to the requirements of attendance 16 17 center funding, each district subject to the provisions of this subsection shall submit as a separate document by 18 19 December 1 of each year a report of expenditure data for 20 the prior year in addition to any modification of its 21 current plan. If it is determined that there has been a 22 failure to comply with the expenditure provisions of this 23 subsection regarding contravention or supplanting, the 24 State Superintendent of Education shall, within 60 days of 25 receipt of the report, notify the district and any affected 26 local school council. The district shall within 45 days of

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1 notification inform receipt of that the State Superintendent of Education of the remedial or corrective 2 3 action to be taken, whether by amendment of the current 4 plan, if feasible, or by adjustment in the plan for the 5 following year. Failure to provide the expenditure report or the notification of remedial or corrective action in a 6 timely manner shall result in a withholding of the affected 7 8 funds.

9 The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules and 10 regulations to implement the provisions of this subsection. No funds shall be released under 11 this subdivision (H) (4) to any district that has not submitted a 12 13 plan that has been approved by the State Board of 14 Education.

15 (I) (Blank).

16 (J) (Blank).

17 (K) Grants to Laboratory and Alternative Schools.

In calculating the amount to be paid to the governing board of a public university that operates a laboratory school under this Section or to any alternative school that is operated by a regional superintendent of schools, the State Board of Education shall require by rule such reporting requirements as it deems necessary. 10000SB0444ham001 -381- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

As used in this Section, "laboratory school" means a public 1 2 school which is created and operated by a public university and approved by the State Board of Education. The governing board 3 4 of a public university which receives funds from the State 5 Board under this subsection (K) or subsection (g) of Section 6 18-8.15 of this Code may not increase the number of students enrolled in its laboratory school from a single district, if 7 that district is already sending 50 or more students, except 8 9 under a mutual agreement between the school board of a 10 student's district of residence and the university which operates the laboratory school. A laboratory school may not 11 have more than 1,000 students, excluding students with 12 13 disabilities in a special education program.

As used in this Section, "alternative school" means a 14 15 public school which is created and operated by a Regional 16 Superintendent of Schools and approved by the State Board of Education. Such alternative schools may offer courses of 17 instruction for which credit is given in regular school 18 19 programs, courses to prepare students for the high school 20 equivalency testing program or vocational and occupational training. A regional superintendent of schools may contract 21 22 with a school district or a public community college district to operate an alternative school. An alternative school serving 23 24 more than one educational service region may be established by 25 the regional superintendents of schools of the affected educational service regions. An alternative school serving 26

more than one educational service region may be operated under such terms as the regional superintendents of schools of those educational service regions may agree.

4 Each laboratory and alternative school shall file, on forms 5 provided by the State Superintendent of Education, an annual State aid claim which states the Average Daily Attendance of 6 the school's students by month. The best 3 months' Average 7 8 Daily Attendance shall be computed for each school. The general 9 State aid entitlement shall be computed by multiplying the 10 applicable Average Daily Attendance by the Foundation Level as 11 determined under this Section.

12 (L) Payments, Additional Grants in Aid and Other Requirements.

13 (1) For a school district operating under the financial 14 supervision of an Authority created under Article 34A, the 15 general State aid otherwise payable to that district under this Section, but not the supplemental general State aid, shall be 16 17 reduced by an amount equal to the budget for the operations of the Authority as certified by the Authority to the State Board 18 19 of Education, and an amount equal to such reduction shall be paid to the Authority created for such district for its 20 21 operating expenses in the manner provided in Section 18-11. The 22 remainder of general State school aid for any such district 23 shall be paid in accordance with Article 34A when that Article 24 provides for a disposition other than that provided by this 25 Article.

1 (2) (Blank).

2 (3) Summer school. Summer school payments shall be made as
3 provided in Section 18-4.3.

4 (M) (Blank). Education Funding Advisory Board.

5 The Education Funding Advisory Board, hereinafter in this subsection (M) referred to as the "Board", is hereby created. 6 The Board shall consist of 5 members who are appointed by the 7 Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The 8 9 members appointed shall include representatives of education, business, and the general public. One of the members so 10 appointed shall be designated by the Governor at the time the 11 appointment is made as the chairperson of the Board. The 12 initial members of the Board may be appointed any time after 13 14 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997. The regular term of each member of the Board shall be for 4 years from the 15 third Monday of January of the year in which the term of the 16 member's appointment is to commence, except that of the 5 17 initial members appointed to serve on the Board, the member who 18 19 is appointed as the chairperson shall serve for a term that 20 commences on the date of his or her appointment and expires on the third Monday of January, 2002, and the remaining 4 members, 21 by lots drawn at the first meeting of the Board that is held 22 after all 5 members are appointed, shall determine 2 of their 23 24 number to serve for terms that commence on the date of their 25 respective appointments and expire on the third Monday of

January, 2001, and 2 of their number to serve for terms that 1 commence on the date of their respective appointments and 2 expire on the third Monday of January, 2000. All members 3 appointed to serve on the Board shall serve until their 4 5 respective successors are appointed and confirmed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments. If 6 a vacancy in membership occurs at a time when the Senate is not 7 in session, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment 8 until the next meeting of the Senate, when he or she shall 9 10 appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a person to fill that membership for the unexpired term. If the 11 Senate is not in session when the initial appointments are 12 13 made, those appointments shall be made as in the case of 14 vacancies.

15 The Education Funding Advisory Board shall be deemed established, and the initial members appointed by the Governor 16 to serve as members of the Board shall take office, on the date 17 that the Governor makes his or her appointment of the fifth 18 initial member of the Board, whether those initial members are 19 20 then serving pursuant to appointment and confirmation or 21 pursuant to temporary appointments that are made by the Governor as in the case of vacancies. 22

23 The State Board of Education shall provide such staff
24 assistance to the Education Funding Advisory Board as is
25 reasonably required for the proper performance by the Board of
26 its responsibilities.

For school years after the 2000-2001 school year, the 1 Education Funding Advisory Board, in consultation with the 2 State Board of Education, shall make recommendations as 3 provided in this subsection (M) to the General Assembly for the 4 5 foundation level under subdivision (B) (3) of this Section and for the supplemental general State aid grant level under 6 subsection (II) of this Section for districts with high 7 8 concentrations of children from poverty. The recommended 9 foundation level shall be determined based on a methodology 10 which incorporates the basic education expenditures of low-spending schools exhibiting high academic performance. The 11 Education Funding Advisory Board shall 12 -make such 13 recommendations to the General Assembly on January 1 of odd 14 numbered years, beginning January 1, 2001.

15 (N) (Blank).

16 (O) References.

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(1) References in other laws to the various subdivisions of Section 18-8 as that Section existed before its repeal and replacement by this Section 18-8.05 shall be deemed to refer to the corresponding provisions of this Section 18-8.05, to the extent that those references remain applicable.

(2) References in other laws to State Chapter 1 funds shall
be deemed to refer to the supplemental general State aid
provided under subsection (H) of this Section.

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(P) Public Act 93-838 and Public Act 93-808 make inconsistent
changes to this Section. Under Section 6 of the Statute on
Statutes there is an irreconcilable conflict between Public Act
93-808 and Public Act 93-838. Public Act 93-838, being the last
acted upon, is controlling. The text of Public Act 93-838 is
the law regardless of the text of Public Act 93-808.

7 (Q) State Fiscal Year 2015 Payments.

8 For payments made for State fiscal year 2015, the State 9 Board of Education shall, for each school district, calculate that district's pro-rata share of a minimum sum of \$13,600,000 10 11 or additional amounts as needed from the total net General 12 State Aid funding as calculated under this Section that shall 13 be deemed attributable to the provision of special educational 14 facilities and services, as defined in Section 14-1.08 of this Code, in a manner that ensures compliance with maintenance of 15 16 State financial support requirements under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. Each school 17 18 district must use such funds only for the provision of special educational facilities and services, as defined in Section 19 20 14-1.08 of this Code, and must comply with any expenditure 21 verification procedures adopted by the State Board of 22 Education.

23 (R) State Fiscal Year 2016 Payments.

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1 For payments made for State fiscal year 2016, the State Board of Education shall, for each school district, calculate 2 that district's pro rata share of a minimum sum of \$1 or 3 4 additional amounts as needed from the total net General State 5 Aid funding as calculated under this Section that shall be deemed attributable to the provision of special educational 6 facilities and services, as defined in Section 14-1.08 of this 7 8 Code, in a manner that ensures compliance with maintenance of 9 State financial support requirements under the federal 10 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. Each school 11 district must use such funds only for the provision of special educational facilities and services, as defined in Section 12 13 14-1.08 of this Code, and must comply with any expenditure 14 verification procedures adopted by the State Board of 15 Education.

16 (Source: P.A. 98-972, eff. 8-15-14; 99-2, eff. 3-26-15; 99-194, 17 eff. 7-30-15; 99-523, eff. 6-30-16.)

18 (105 ILCS 5/18-8.10)

19 Sec. 18-8.10. Fast growth grants.

(a) If there has been an increase in a school district's
student population over the most recent 2 school years of (i)
over 1.5% in a district with over 10,000 pupils in average
daily attendance (as defined in Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15 of
this Code) or (ii) over 7.5% in any other district, then the
district is eligible for a grant under this Section, subject to

1 appropriation.

2 (b) The State Board of Education shall determine a per 3 pupil grant amount for each school district. The total grant 4 amount for a district for any given school year shall equal the 5 per pupil grant amount multiplied by the difference between the 6 number of pupils in average daily attendance for the 2 most 7 recent school years.

8 (C) Funds for grants under this Section must be 9 appropriated to the State Board of Education in a separate line 10 item for this purpose. If the amount appropriated in any fiscal 11 year is insufficient to pay all grants for a school year, then the amount appropriated shall be prorated among eligible 12 13 districts. As soon as possible after funds have been 14 appropriated to the State Board of Education, the State Board 15 of Education shall distribute the grants to eligible districts.

(d) If a school district intentionally reports incorrect average daily attendance numbers to receive a grant under this Section, then the district shall be denied State aid in the same manner as State aid is denied for intentional incorrect reporting of average daily attendance numbers under Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15 of this Code.

22 (Source: P.A. 93-1042, eff. 10-8-04.)

(105 ILCS 5/18-8.15 new)
 Sec. 18-8.15. Evidence-based funding for student success
 for the 2017-2018 and subsequent school years.

26

1	(a) General provisions.
2	(1) The purpose of this Section is to ensure that, by
3	June 30, 2027 and beyond, this State has a kindergarten
4	through grade 12 public education system with the capacity
5	to ensure the educational development of all persons to the
6	limits of their capacities in accordance with Section 1 of
7	Article X of the Constitution of the State of Illinois. To
8	accomplish that objective, this Section creates a method of
9	funding public education that is evidence-based; is
10	sufficient to ensure every student receives a meaningful
11	opportunity to learn irrespective of race, ethnicity,
12	sexual orientation, gender, or community-income level; and
13	is sustainable and predictable. When fully funded under
14	this Section, every school shall have the resources, based
15	on what the evidence indicates is needed, to:
16	(A) provide all students with a high quality
17	education that offers the academic, enrichment, social
18	and emotional support, technical, and career-focused
19	programs that will allow them to become competitive
20	workers, responsible parents, productive citizens of
21	this State, and active members of our national
22	democracy;
23	(B) ensure all students receive the education they
24	need to graduate from high school with the skills
25	required to pursue post-secondary education and

training for a rewarding career;

1	(C) reduce, with a goal of eliminating, the
2	achievement gap between at-risk and non-at-risk
3	students by raising the performance of at-risk
4	students and not by reducing standards; and
5	(D) ensure this State satisfies its obligation to
6	assume the primary responsibility to fund public
7	education and simultaneously relieve the
8	disproportionate burden placed on local property taxes
9	to fund schools.
10	(2) The evidence-based funding formula under this
11	Section shall be applied to all Organizational Units in
12	this State. The evidence-based funding formula outlined in
13	this Act is based on the formula outlined in Senate Bill 1
14	of the 100th General Assembly, as passed by both
15	legislative chambers. As further defined and described in
16	this Section, there are 4 major components of the
17	evidence-based funding model:
18	(A) First, the model calculates a unique adequacy
19	target for each Organizational Unit in this State that
20	considers the costs to implement research-based
21	activities, the unit's student demographics, and
22	regional wage difference.
23	(B) Second, the model calculates each
24	Organizational Unit's local capacity, or the amount
25	each Organizational Unit is assumed to contribute
26	towards its adequacy target from local resources.
-	

1	(C) Third, the model calculates how much funding
2	the State currently contributes to the Organizational
3	Unit, and adds that to the unit's local capacity to
4	determine the unit's overall current adequacy of
5	funding.
6	(D) Finally, the model's distribution method
7	allocates new State funding to those Organizational
8	Units that are least well-funded, considering both
9	local capacity and State funding, in relation to their
10	adequacy target.
11	(3) An Organizational Unit receiving any funding under
12	this Section may apply those funds to any fund so received
13	for which that Organizational Unit is authorized to make
14	expenditures by law.
15	(4) As used in this Section, the following terms shall
16	have the meanings ascribed in this paragraph (4):
17	"Adequacy Target" is defined in paragraph (1) of
18	subsection (b) of this Section.
19	"Adjusted EAV" is defined in paragraph (4) of
20	subsection (d) of this Section.
21	"Adjusted Local Capacity Target" is defined in
22	paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of this Section.
23	"Adjusted Operating Tax Rate" means a tax rate for all
24	Organizational Units, for which the State Superintendent
25	shall calculate and subtract for the Operating Tax Rate a
26	transportation rate based on total expenses for

1	transportation services under this Code, as reported on the
2	most recent Annual Financial Report in Pupil
3	Transportation Services, function 2550 in both the
4	Education and Transportation funds and functions 4110 and
5	4120 in the Transportation fund, less any corresponding
6	fiscal year State of Illinois scheduled payments excluding
7	net adjustments for prior years for regular, vocational, or
8	special education transportation reimbursement pursuant to
9	Section 29-5 or subsection (b) of Section 14-13.01 of this
10	Code divided by the Adjusted EAV. If an Organizational
11	Unit's corresponding fiscal year State of Illinois
12	scheduled payments excluding net adjustments for prior
13	years for regular, vocational, or special education
14	transportation reimbursement pursuant to Section 29-5 or
15	subsection (b) of Section 14-13.01 of this Code exceed the
16	total transportation expenses, as defined in this
17	paragraph, no transportation rate shall be subtracted from
18	the Operating Tax Rate.
19	"Allocation Rate" is defined in paragraph (3) of
20	subsection (g) of this Section.
21	"Alternative School" means a public school that is
22	created and operated by a regional superintendent of
23	schools and approved by the State Board.
24	"Applicable Tax Rate" is defined in paragraph (1) of
25	subsection (d) of this Section.
26	"Assessment" means any of those benchmark, progress

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monitoring, formative, diagnostic, and other assessments, 1 2 in addition to the State accountability assessment, that 3 assist teachers' needs in understanding the skills and meeting the needs of the students they serve. 4 5 "Assistant principal" means a school administrator duly endorsed to be employed as an assistant principal in 6 this<u>State.</u> 7 8 "At-risk student" means a student who is at risk of not 9 meeting the Illinois Learning Standards or not graduating 10 from elementary or high school and who demonstrates a need for vocational support or social services beyond that 11 12 provided by the regular school program. All students included in an Organizational Unit's Low-Income Count, as 13 14 well as all English learner and disabled students attending 15 the Organizational Unit, shall be considered at-risk 16 students under this Section. "Average Student Enrollment" or "ASE" means, for an 17 Organizational Unit in a given school year, the greater of 18 19 the average number of students (grades K through 12) 20 reported to the State Board as enrolled in the 21 Organizational Unit on October 1 and March 1, plus the 22 special education pre-kindergarten students with services 23 of at least more than 2 hours a day as reported to the 24 State Board on December 1, in the immediately preceding 25 school year or the average number of students (grades K 26 through 12) reported to the State Board as enrolled in the

1	Organizational Unit on October 1 and March 1, plus the
2	special education pre-kindergarten students with services
3	of at least more than 2 hours a day as reported to the
4	State Board on December 1, for each of the immediately
5	preceding 3 school years. For the purposes of this
6	definition, "enrolled in the Organizational Unit" means
7	the number of students reported to the State Board who are
8	enrolled in schools within the Organizational Unit that the
9	student attends or would attend if not placed or
10	transferred to another school or program to receive needed
11	services. For the purposes of calculating "ASE", all
12	students, grades K through 12, excluding those attending
13	kindergarten for a half day, shall be counted as 1.0. All
14	students attending kindergarten for a half day shall be
15	counted as 0.5, unless in 2017 by June 15 or by March 1 in
16	subsequent years, the school district reports to the State
17	Board of Education the intent to implement full-day
18	kindergarten district-wide for all students, then all
19	students attending kindergarten shall be counted as 1.0.
20	Special education pre-kindergarten students shall be
21	counted as 0.5 each. If the State Board does not collect or
22	has not collected both an October 1 and March 1 enrollment
23	count by grade or a December 1 collection of special
24	education pre-kindergarten students as of the effective
25	date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly,
26	it shall establish such collection for all future years.

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1	For any year where a count by grade level was collected
2	only once, that count shall be used as the single count
3	available for computing a 3-year average ASE. School
4	districts shall submit the data for the ASE calculation to
5	the State Board within 45 days of the dates required in
6	this Section for submission of enrollment data in order for
7	it to be included in the ASE calculation.
8	"Base Funding Guarantee" is defined in paragraph (10)
9	of subsection (g) of this Section.
10	"Base Funding Minimum" is defined in subsection (e) of
11	this Section.
12	"Base Tax Year" means the property tax levy year used
13	to calculate the Budget Year allocation of primary State
14	aid.
15	"Base Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the
16	equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county clerk
17	in the Base Tax Year multiplied by the limiting rate as
18	calculated by the county clerk and defined in PTELL.
19	"Bilingual Education Allocation" means the amount of
20	an Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target
21	attributable to bilingual education divided by the
22	Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target, the product
23	of which shall be multiplied by the amount of new funding
24	received pursuant to this Section. An Organizational
25	Unit's final Adequacy Target attributable to bilingual
26	education shall include all additional investments in

1	English learner students' adequacy elements.
2	"Budget Year" means the school year for which primary
3	State aid is calculated and awarded under this Section.
4	"Central office" means individual administrators and
5	support service personnel charged with managing the
6	instructional programs, business and operations, and
7	security of the Organizational Unit.
8	"Comparable Wage Index" or "CWI" means a regional cost
9	differentiation metric that measures systemic, regional
10	variations in the salaries of college graduates who are not
11	educators. The CWI utilized for this Section shall, for the
12	first 3 years of Evidence-Based Funding implementation, be
13	the CWI initially developed by the National Center for
14	Education Statistics, as most recently updated by Texas A $_{\&}$
15	M University. In the fourth and subsequent years of
16	Evidence-Based Funding implementation, the State
17	Superintendent shall re-determine the CWI using a similar
18	methodology to that identified in the Texas A & M
19	University study, with adjustments made no less frequently
20	than once every 5 years.
21	"Computer technology and equipment" means computers
22	servers, notebooks, network equipment, copiers, printers,
23	instructional software, security software, curriculum
24	management courseware, and other similar materials and
25	equipment.
26	"Core subject" means mathematics; science; reading,

English, writing, and language arts; history and social 1 studies; world languages; and subjects taught as Advanced 2 3 Placement in high schools. 4 "Core teacher" means a regular classroom teacher in 5 elementary schools and teachers of a core subject in middle 6 and high schools. 7 "Core Intervention teacher (tutor)" means a licensed 8 teacher providing one-on-one or small group tutoring to 9 students struggling to meet proficiency in core subjects. 10 "CPPRT" means corporate personal property replacement tax funds paid to an Organizational Unit during the 11 12 calendar year one year before the calendar year in which a school year begins, pursuant to "An Act in relation to the 13 14 abolition of ad valorem personal property tax and the 15 replacement of revenues lost thereby, and amending and repealing certain Acts and parts of Acts in connection 16 therewith", certified August 14, 1979, as amended (Public 17 Act 81-1st S.S.-1). 18 19 "EAV" means equalized assessed valuation as defined in 20 paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section and 21 calculated in accordance with paragraph (3) of subsection 22 (d) of this Section. "ECI" means the Bureau of Labor Statistics' national 23 24 employment cost index for civilian workers in educational 25 services in elementary and secondary schools on a 26 cumulative basis for the 12-month calendar year preceding

1	the fiscal year of the Evidence-Based Funding calculation.
2	"EIS Data" means the employment information system
3	data maintained by the State Board on educators within
4	Organizational Units.
5	"Employee benefits" means health, dental, and vision
6	insurance offered to employees of an Organizational Unit,
7	the costs associated with statutorily required payment of
8	the normal cost of the Organizational Unit's teacher
9	pensions, Social Security employer contributions, and
10	Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund employer contributions.
11	"English learner" or "EL" means a child included in the
12	definition of "English learners" under Section 14C-2 of
13	this Code participating in a program of transitional
14	bilingual education or a transitional program of
15	instruction meeting the requirements and program
16	application procedures of Article 14C of this Code. For the
17	purposes of collecting the number of EL students enrolled,
18	the same collection and calculation methodology as defined
19	above for "ASE" shall apply to English learners.
20	"Essential Elements" means those elements, resources,
21	and educational programs that have been identified through
22	academic research as necessary to improve student success,
23	improve academic performance, close achievement gaps, and
24	provide for other per student costs related to the delivery
25	and leadership of the Organizational Unit, as well as the
26	maintenance and operations of the unit, and which are

1	specified in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this
2	Section.
3	"Evidence-Based Funding" means State funding provided
4	to an Organizational Unit pursuant to this Section.
5	"Extended day" means academic and enrichment programs
6	provided to students outside the regular school day before
7	and after school or during non-instructional times during
8	the school day.
9	"Extension Limitation Ratio" means a numerical ratio
10	in which the numerator is the Base Tax Year's Extension and
11	the denominator is the Preceding Tax Year's Extension.
12	"Final Percent of Adequacy" is defined in paragraph (4)
13	of subsection (f) of this Section.
14	"Final Resources" is defined in paragraph (3) of
15	subsection (f) of this Section.
16	"Full-time equivalent" or "FTE" means the full-time
17	equivalency compensation for staffing the relevant
18	position at an Organizational Unit.
19	"Funding Gap" is defined in paragraph (1) of subsection
20	<u>(g).</u>
21	"Guidance counselor" means a licensed guidance
22	counselor who provides guidance and counseling support for
23	students within an Organizational Unit.
24	"Hybrid District" means a partial elementary unit
25	district created pursuant to Article 11E of this Code.
26	"Instructional assistant" means a core or special

1	education, non-licensed employee who assists a teacher in
2	the classroom and provides academic support to students.
3	"Instructional facilitator" means a qualified teacher
4	or licensed teacher leader who facilitates and coaches
5	continuous improvement in classroom instruction; provides
6	instructional support to teachers in the elements of
7	research-based instruction or demonstrates the alignment
8	of instruction with curriculum standards and assessment
9	tools; develops or coordinates instructional programs or
10	strategies; develops and implements training; chooses
11	standards-based instructional materials; provides teachers
12	with an understanding of current research; serves as a
13	mentor, site coach, curriculum specialist, or lead
14	teacher; or otherwise works with fellow teachers, in
15	collaboration, to use data to improve instructional
16	practice or develop model lessons.
17	"Instructional materials" means relevant instructional
18	materials for student instruction, including, but not
19	limited to, textbooks, consumable workbooks, laboratory
20	equipment, library books, and other similar materials.
21	"Laboratory School" means a public school that is
22	created and operated by a public university and approved by
23	the State Board.
24	"Librarian" means a teacher with an endorsement as a
<u>Э</u> Е	libusuu information specialist on spethon individual where

library information specialist or another individual whose 25 primary responsibility is overseeing library resources 26

1	within an Organizational Unit.
2	"Local Capacity" is defined in paragraph (1) of
3	subsection (c) of this Section.
4	"Local Capacity Percentage" is defined in subparagraph
5	(A) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section.
6	"Local Capacity Ratio" is defined in subparagraph (B)
7	of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section.
8	"Local Capacity Target" is defined in paragraph (2) of
9	subsection (c) of this Section.
10	"Low-Income Count" means, for an Organizational Unit
11	in a fiscal year, the higher of the average number of
12	students for the prior school year or the immediately
13	preceding 3 school years who, as of July 1 of the
14	immediately preceding fiscal year (as determined by the
15	Department of Human Services), are eligible for at least
16	one of the following low income programs: Medicaid, the
17	Children's Health Insurance Program, TANF, or the
18	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, excluding
19	pupils who are eligible for services provided by the
20	Department of Children and Family Services. Until such time
21	that grade level low-income populations become available,
22	grade level low-income populations shall be determined by
23	applying the low-income percentage to total student
24	enrollments by grade level. The low-income percentage is
25	determined by dividing the Low-Income Count by the Average
26	Student Enrollment.

1	"Maintenance and operations" means custodial services,
2	facility and ground maintenance, facility operations,
3	facility security, routine facility repairs, and other
4	similar services and functions.
5	"Minimum Funding Level" is defined in paragraph (9) of
6	subsection (g) of this Section.
7	"New Property Tax Relief Pool Funds" means, for any
8	given fiscal year, all State funds appropriated under
9	Section 2-3.170 of the School Code.
10	"New State Funds" means, for a given school year, all
11	State funds appropriated for Evidence-Based Funding in
12	excess of the amount needed to fund the Base Funding
13	Minimum for all Organizational Units in that school year.
14	"Net State Contribution Target" means, for a given
15	school year, the amount of State funds that would be
16	necessary to fully meet the Adequacy Target of an
17	Operational Unit minus the Preliminary Resources available
18	to each unit.
19	"Nurse" means an individual licensed as a certified
20	school nurse, in accordance with the rules established for
21	nursing services by the State Board, who is an employee of
22	and is available to provide health care-related services
23	for students of an Organizational Unit.
24	"Operating Tax Rate" means the rate utilized in the
25	previous year to extend property taxes for all purposes,
26	except, Bond and Interest, Summer School, Rent, Capital

1Improvement, and Vocational Education Building purposes.2For Hybrid Districts, the Operating Tax Rate shall be the3combined elementary and high school rates utilized in the4previous year to extend property taxes for all purposes,5except, Bond and Interest, Summer School, Rent, Capital6Improvement, and Vocational Education Building purposes.

7 "Organizational Unit" means a Laboratory School, an Alternative School, or any public school district that is 8 9 recognized as such by the State Board and that contains 10 elementary schools typically serving kindergarten through 5th grades, middle schools typically serving 6th through 11 12 8th grades, or high schools typically serving 9th through 12th grades. The General Assembly acknowledges that the 13 14 actual grade levels served by a particular Organizational Unit may vary slightly from what is typical. 15

"Organizational Unit CWI" is determined by calculating 16 17 the CWI in the region and original county in which an Organizational Unit's primary administrative office is 18 19 located as set forth in this paragraph, provided that if 20 the Organizational Unit CWI as calculated in accordance 21 with this paragraph is less than 0.9, the Organizational 22 Unit CWI shall be increased to 0.9. Each county's current 23 CWI value shall be adjusted based on the CWI value of that 24 county's neighboring Illinois counties, to create a 25 "weighted adjusted index value". This shall be calculated 26 by summing the CWI values of all of a county's adjacent

1	Illinois counties and dividing by the number of adjacent
2	Illinois counties, then taking the weighted value of the
3	original county's CWI value and the adjacent Illinois
4	county average. To calculate this weighted value, if the
5	number of adjacent Illinois counties is greater than 2, the
6	original county's CWI value will be weighted at 0.25 and
7	the adjacent Illinois county average will be weighted at
8	0.75. If the number of adjacent Illinois counties is 2, the
9	original county's CWI value will be weighted at 0.33 and
10	the adjacent Illinois county average will be weighted at
11	0.66. The greater of the county's current CWI value and its
12	weighted adjusted index value shall be used as the
13	Organizational Unit CWI.
10	
14	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year
14	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year
14 15	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year.
14 15 16	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year. "Preceding Tax Year's Extension" means the product of
14 15 16 17	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year. "Preceding Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county
14 15 16 17 18	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year. "Preceding Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating
14 15 16 17 18 19	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year. "Preceding Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating Tax Rate.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year. "Preceding Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating Tax Rate. "Preliminary Percent of Adequacy" is defined in
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year. "Preceding Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating Tax Rate. "Preliminary Percent of Adequacy" is defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (f) of this Section.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year. "Preceding Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating Tax Rate. "Preliminary Percent of Adequacy" is defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (f) of this Section. "Preliminary Resources" is defined in paragraph (2) of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year. "Preceding Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating Tax Rate. "Preliminary Percent of Adequacy" is defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (f) of this Section. "Preliminary Resources" is defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (f) of this Section.

1	licensed staff in schools, including, but not limited to,
2	programs that assist in implementing new curriculum
3	programs, provide data focused or academic assessment data
4	training to help staff identify a student's weaknesses and
5	strengths, target interventions, improve instruction,
6	encompass instructional strategies for English learner,
7	gifted, or at-risk students, address inclusivity, cultural
8	sensitivity, or implicit bias, or otherwise provide
9	professional support for licensed staff.
10	"Prototypical" means 450 special education
11	pre-kindergarten and kindergarten through grade 5 students
12	for an elementary school, 450 grade 6 through 8 students
13	for a middle school, and 600 grade 9 through 12 students
14	for a high school.
15	"PTELL" means the Property Tax Extension Limitation
16	Law.
17	"PTELL EAV" is defined in paragraph (4) of subsection
18	(d) of this Section.
19	"Pupil support staff" means a nurse, psychologist,
20	
	social worker, family liaison personnel, or other staff
21	social worker, family liaison personnel, or other staff member who provides support to at-risk or struggling
21 22	
	member who provides support to at-risk or struggling
22	member who provides support to at-risk or struggling students.
22 23	member who provides support to at-risk or struggling students. "Real Receipts" is defined in paragraph (1) of

1	Organizational Unit CWI by the Statewide Weighted CWI.
2	"School site staff" means the primary school secretary
3	and any additional clerical personnel assigned to a school.
4	"Special education" means special educational
5	facilities and services, as defined in Section 14-1.08 of
6	this Code.
7	"Special Education Allocation" means the amount of an
8	Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target attributable
9	to special education divided by the Organizational Unit's
10	final Adequacy Target, the product of which shall be
11	multiplied by the amount of new funding received pursuant
12	to this Section. An Organizational Unit's final Adequacy
13	Target attributable to special education shall include all
14	special education investment adequacy elements.
15	"Specialist teacher" means a teacher who provides
16	instruction in subject areas not included in core subjects,
17	including, but not limited to, art, music, physical
18	education, health, driver education, career-technical
19	education, and such other subject areas as may be mandated
20	by State law or provided by an Organizational Unit.
21	"Specially Funded Unit" means an Alternative School,
22	safe school, Department of Juvenile Justice school,
23	special education cooperative or entity recognized by the
24	State Board as a special education cooperative,
25	State-approved charter school, or alternative learning
26	opportunities program that received direct funding from

1	the State Board during the 2016-2017 school year through
2	any of the funding sources included within the calculation
3	of the Base Funding Minimum or Glenwood Academy.
4	"Supplemental Grant Funding" means supplemental
5	general State aid funding received by an Organization Unit
6	during the 2016-2017 school year pursuant to subsection (H)
7	of Section 18-8.05 of this Code.
8	"State Adequacy Level" is the sum of the Adequacy
9	Targets of all Organizational Units.
10	"State Board" means the State Board of Education.
11	"State Superintendent" means the State Superintendent
12	of Education.
13	"Statewide Weighted CWI" means a figure determined by
14	multiplying each Organizational Unit CWI times the ASE for
15	that Organizational Unit creating a weighted value,
16	summing all Organizational Unit's weighted values, and
17	dividing by the total ASE of all Organizational Units,
18	thereby creating an average weighted index.
19	"Student activities" means non-credit producing
20	after-school programs, including, but not limited to,
21	clubs, bands, sports, and other activities authorized by
22	the school board of the Organizational Unit.
23	"Substitute teacher" means an individual teacher or
24	teaching assistant who is employed by an Organizational
25	Unit and is temporarily serving the Organizational Unit on
26	a per diem or per period-assignment basis replacing another

1	staff member.
2	"Summer school" means academic and enrichment programs
3	provided to students during the summer months outside of
4	the regular school year.
5	"Supervisory aide" means a non-licensed staff member
6	who helps in supervising students of an Organizational
7	Unit, but does so outside of the classroom, in situations
8	such as, but not limited to, monitoring hallways and
9	playgrounds, supervising lunchrooms, or supervising
10	students when being transported in buses serving the
11	Organizational Unit.
12	"Target Ratio" is defined in paragraph (4) of
13	subsection (g).
14	"Tier 1", "Tier 2", "Tier 3", and "Tier 4" are defined
15	in paragraph (3) of subsection (g).
16	"Tier 1 Aggregate Funding", "Tier 2 Aggregate
17	Funding", "Tier 3 Aggregate Funding", and "Tier 4 Aggregate
18	Funding" are defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (g).
19	(b) Adequacy Target calculation.
20	(1) Each Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target is the
21	sum of the Organizational Unit's cost of providing
22	Essential Elements, as calculated in accordance with this
23	subsection (b), with the salary amounts in the Essential
24	Elements multiplied by a Regionalization Factor calculated
25	pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection (b).
26	(2) The Essential Elements are attributable on a pro

rata basis related to defined subgroups of the ASE of each
Organizational Unit as specified in this paragraph (2),
with investments and FTE positions pro rata funded based on
ASE counts in excess or less than the thresholds set forth
in this paragraph (2). The method for calculating
attributable pro rata costs and the defined subgroups
thereto are as follows:
(A) Core class size investments. Each
Organizational Unit shall receive the funding required
to support that number of FTE core teacher positions as
is needed to keep the respective class sizes of the
Organizational Unit to the following maximum numbers:
(i) For grades kindergarten through 3, the
Organizational Unit shall receive funding required
to support one FTE core teacher position for every
15 Low-Income Count students in those grades and
one FTE core teacher position for every 20
non-Low-Income Count students in those grades.
(ii) For grades 4 through 12, the
Organizational Unit shall receive funding required
to support one FTE core teacher position for every
20 Low-Income Count students in those grades and
one FTE core teacher position for every 25
non-Low-Income Count students in those grades.
The number of non-Low-Income Count students in a

Low-Income students in that grade from the ASE of the 1 2 Organizational Unit for that grade. 3 (B) Specialist teacher investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed 4 to cover that number of FTE specialist teacher 5 positions that correspond to the following 6 7 percentages: 8 (i) if the Organizational Unit operates an 9 elementary or middle school, then 20.00% of the 10 number of the Organizational Unit's core teachers, 11 as determined under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (2); and 12 13 (ii) if such Organizational Unit operates a 14 high school, then 33.33% of the number of the 15 Organizational Unit's core teachers. (C) Instructional facilitator investments. Each 16 17 Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE instructional facilitator position 18 for every 200 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten 19 20 children with disabilities and all kindergarten 21 through grade 12 students of the Organizational Unit. 22 (D) Core intervention teacher (tutor) investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding 23 24 needed to cover one FTE teacher position for each 25 prototypical elementary, middle, and high school. 26 (E) Substitute teacher investments. Each

20

21

22

1	Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed
2	to cover substitute teacher costs that is equal to
3	5.70% of the minimum pupil attendance days required
4	under Section 10-19 of this Code for all full-time
5	equivalent core, specialist, and intervention
6	teachers, school nurses, special education teachers
7	and instructional assistants, instructional
8	facilitators, and summer school and extended-day
9	teacher positions, as determined under this paragraph
10	(2), at a salary rate of 33.33% of the average salary
11	for grade K through 12 teachers and 33.33% of the
12	average salary of each instructional assistant
13	position.
14	(F) Core guidance counselor investments. Each
15	Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed
16	to cover one FTE quidance counselor for each 450
17	combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with
18	disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 5
19	students, plus one FTE guidance counselor for each 250

grades 6 through 8 ASE middle school students, plus one FTE guidance counselor for each 250 grades 9 through 12 ASE high school students.

23 <u>(G) Nurse investments. Each Organizational Unit</u> 24 <u>shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE nurse</u> 25 <u>for each 750 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children</u> 26 <u>with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade</u>

1	12 students across all grade levels it serves.
2	
	(H) Supervisory aide investments. Each
3	Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed
4	to cover one FTE for each 225 combined ASE of
5	pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all
6	kindergarten through grade 5 students, plus one FTE for
7	each 225 ASE middle school students, plus one FTE for
8	each 200 ASE high school students.
9	(I) Librarian investments. Each Organizational
10	Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE
11	librarian for each prototypical elementary school,
12	middle school, and high school and one FTE aide or
13	media technician for every 300 combined ASE of
14	pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all
15	<u>kindergarten through grade 12 students.</u>
16	(J) Principal investments. Each Organizational
17	Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE
18	principal position for each prototypical elementary
19	school, plus one FTE principal position for each
20	prototypical middle school, plus one FTE principal
21	position for each prototypical high school.
22	(K) Assistant principal investments. Each
23	Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed
24	to cover one FTE assistant principal position for each
25	prototypical elementary school, plus one FTE assistant
26	principal position for each prototypical middle

1 school, plus one FTE assistant principal position for 2 each prototypical high school. 3 (L) School site staff investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed 4 5 for one FTE position for each 225 ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all 6 7 kindergarten through grade 5 students, plus one FTE 8 position for each 225 ASE middle school students, plus 9 one FTE position for each 200 ASE high school students. 10 (M) Gifted investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$40 per kindergarten through grade 12 11 12 ASE. (N) Professional development investments. Each 13 14 Organizational Unit shall receive \$125 per student of 15 the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 16 17 students for trainers and other professional development-related expenses for supplies and 18 19 materials. 20 (0) Instructional material investments. Each 21 Organizational Unit shall receive \$190 per student of 22 the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 23 24 students to cover instructional material costs. 25 (P) Assessment investments. Each Organizational 26 Unit shall receive \$25 per student of the combined ASE

of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all 1 2 kindergarten through grade 12 students student to 3 cover assessment costs. 4 (Q) Computer technology and equipment investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$285.50 per 5 student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten 6 7 children with disabilities and all kindergarten 8 through grade 12 students to cover computer technology 9 and equipment costs. For the 2018-2019 school year and 10 subsequent school years, Tier 1 and Tier 2 Organizational Units selected by the State Board 11 12 through a request for proposals process shall, upon the State Board's approval of an Organizational Unit's 13 14 one-to-one computing technology plan, receive an 15 additional \$285.50 per student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all 16 kindergarten through grade 12 students to cover 17 computer technology and equipment costs. The State 18 19 Board may establish additional requirements for 20 Organizational Unit expenditures of funds received 21 pursuant to this subparagraph (Q). It is the intent of 22 this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly that all Tier 1 and Tier 2 districts that apply for the 23 24 technology grant receive the addition to their 25 Adequacy Target, subject to compliance with the 26 requirements of the State Board.

1 (R) Student activities investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the following 2 3 funding amounts to cover student activities: \$100 per kindergarten through grade 5 ASE student in elementary 4 school, plus \$200 per ASE student in middle school, 5 plus \$675 per ASE student in high school. 6 7 (S) Maintenance and operations investments. Each 8 Organizational Unit shall receive \$1,038 per student 9 of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with

9 of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with 10 disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 for 11 day-to-day maintenance and operations expenditures, 12 including salary, supplies, and materials, as well as 13 purchased services, but excluding employee benefits. 14 The proportion of salary for the application of a 15 Regionalization Factor and the calculation of benefits 16 is equal to \$352.92.

17 (T) Central office investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$742 per student of 18 the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with 19 20 disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 21 students to cover central office operations, including 22 administrators and classified personnel charged with managing the instructional programs, business and 23 24 operations of the school district, and security 25 personnel. The proportion of salary for the 26 application of a Regionalization Factor and the

1	calculation of benefits is equal to \$368.48.
2	(U) Employee benefit investments. Each
3	Organizational Unit shall receive 30% of the total of
4	all salary-calculated elements of the Adequacy Target,
5	excluding substitute teachers and student activities
6	investments, to cover benefit costs. For central
7	office and maintenance and operations investments, the
8	benefit calculation shall be based upon the salary
9	proportion of each investment. If at any time the
10	responsibility for funding the employer normal cost of
11	teacher pensions is assigned to school districts, then
12	that amount certified by the Teachers' Retirement
13	System of the State of Illinois to be paid by the
14	Organizational Unit for the preceding school year
15	shall be added to the benefit investment. For any
16	fiscal year in which a school district organized under
17	Article 34 of this Code is responsible for paying the
18	employer normal cost of teacher pensions, then that
19	amount of its employer normal cost plus the amount for
20	retiree health insurance as certified by the Public
21	School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of
22	Chicago to be paid by the school district for the
23	preceding school year that is statutorily required to
24	cover employer normal costs and the amount for retiree
25	health insurance shall be added to the 30% specified in
26	this subparagraph (U). The Public School Teachers'

1	Pension and Retirement Fund of Chicago shall submit
2	such information as the State Superintendent may
3	require for the calculations set forth in this
4	subparagraph (U).
5	(V) Additional investments in low-income students.
6	In addition to and not in lieu of all other funding
7	under this paragraph (2), each Organizational Unit
8	shall receive funding based on the average teacher
9	salary for grades K through 12 to cover the costs of:
10	(i) one FTE intervention teacher (tutor)
11	position for every 125 Low-Income Count students;
12	(ii) one FTE pupil support staff position for
13	every 125 Low-Income Count students;
14	(iii) one FTE extended day teacher position
15	for every 120 Low-Income Count students; and
16	(iv) one FTE summer school teacher position
17	for every 120 Low-Income Count students.
18	(W) Additional investments in English learner
19	students. In addition to and not in lieu of all other
20	funding under this paragraph (2), each Organizational
21	Unit shall receive funding based on the average teacher
22	salary for grades K through 12 to cover the costs of:
23	(i) one FTE intervention teacher (tutor)
24	position for every 125 English learner students;
25	(ii) one FTE pupil support staff position for
26	every 125 English learner students;

(iii) one FTE extended day teacher position 1 2 for every 120 English learner students; 3 (iv) one FTE summer school teacher position 4 for every 120 English learner students; and 5 (v) one FTE core teacher position for every 100 6 English learner students. (X) Special education investments. Each 7 8 Organizational Unit shall receive funding based on the 9 average teacher salary for grades K through 12 to cover 10 special education as follows: (i) one FTE teacher position for every 141 11 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with 12 13 disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 14 students; 15 (ii) one FTE instructional assistant for every 141 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with 16 17 disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 18 students; and 19 (iii) one FTE psychologist position for every 20 1,000 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children 21 with disabilities and all kindergarten through 22 grade 12 students. 23 (3) For calculating the salaries included within the 24 Essential Elements, the State Superintendent shall 25 annually calculate average salaries to the nearest dollar 26 using the employment information system data maintained by

1	the State Board, limited to public schools only and
2	excluding special education and vocational cooperatives,
3	schools operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice, and
4	charter schools, for the following positions:
5	(A) Teacher for grades K through 8.
6	(B) Teacher for grades 9 through 12.
7	(C) Teacher for grades K through 12.
8	(D) Guidance counselor for grades K through 8.
9	(E) Guidance counselor for grades 9 through 12.
10	(F) Guidance counselor for grades K through 12.
11	(G) Social worker.
12	(H) Psychologist.
13	(I) Librarian.
14	(J) Nurse.
15	(K) Principal.
16	(L) Assistant principal.
17	For the purposes of this paragraph (3), "teacher"
18	includes core teachers, specialist and elective teachers,
19	instructional facilitators, tutors, special education
20	teachers, pupil support staff teachers, English learner
21	teachers, extended-day teachers, and summer school
22	teachers. Where specific grade data is not required for the
23	Essential Elements, the average salary for corresponding
24	positions shall apply. For substitute teachers, the
25	average teacher salary for grades K through 12 shall apply.
26	For calculating the salaries included within the

1	Essential Elements for positions not included within EIS
2	Data, the following salaries shall be used in the first
3	year of implementation of Evidence-Based Funding:
4	(i) school site staff, \$30,000; and
5	(ii) non-instructional assistant, instructional
6	assistant, library aide, library media tech, or
7	supervisory aide: \$25,000.
8	In the second and subsequent years of implementation of
9	Evidence-Based Funding, the amounts in items (i) and (ii)
10	of this paragraph (3) shall annually increase by the ECI.
11	The salary amounts for the Essential Elements
12	determined pursuant to subparagraphs (A) through (L), (S)
13	and (T), and (V) through (X) of paragraph (2) of subsection
14	(b) of this Section shall be multiplied by a
15	Regionalization Factor.
16	(c) Local capacity calculation.
17	(1) Each Organizational Unit's Local Capacity
18	represents an amount of funding it is assumed to contribute
19	toward its Adequacy Target for purposes of the
20	Evidence-Based Funding formula calculation. "Local
21	Capacity" means either (i) the Organizational Unit's Local
22	Capacity Target as calculated in accordance with paragraph
23	(2) of this subsection (c) if its Real Receipts are equal
24	to or less than its Local Capacity Target or (ii) the
25	Organizational Unit's Adjusted Local Capacity, as
26	calculated in accordance with paragraph (3) of this

1	subsection (c) if Real Receipts are more than its Local
2	Capacity Target.
3	(2) "Local Capacity Target" means, for an
4	Organizational Unit, that dollar amount that is obtained by
5	multiplying its Adequacy Target by its Local Capacity
6	Ratio.
7	(A) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity
8	Percentage is the conversion of the Organizational
9	<u>Unit's Local Capacity Ratio, as such ratio is</u>
10	determined in accordance with subparagraph (B) of this
11	paragraph (2), into a normal curve equivalent score to
12	determine each Organizational Unit's relative position
13	to all other Organizational Units in this State. The
14	calculation of Local Capacity Percentage is described
15	in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2).
	in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2). (B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio
15	
15 16	(B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio
15 16 17 18	(B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio in a given year is the percentage obtained by dividing
15 16 17 18 19	(B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio in a given year is the percentage obtained by dividing its Adjusted EAV or PTELL EAV, whichever is less, by
15 16 17 18 19	(B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio in a given year is the percentage obtained by dividing its Adjusted EAV or PTELL EAV, whichever is less, by its Adequacy Target, with the resulting ratio further
15 16 17 18 19 20	(B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio in a given year is the percentage obtained by dividing its Adjusted EAV or PTELL EAV, whichever is less, by its Adequacy Target, with the resulting ratio further adjusted as follows:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio in a given year is the percentage obtained by dividing its Adjusted EAV or PTELL EAV, whichever is less, by its Adequacy Target, with the resulting ratio further adjusted as follows: (i) for Organizational Units serving grades
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio in a given year is the percentage obtained by dividing its Adjusted EAV or PTELL EAV, whichever is less, by its Adequacy Target, with the resulting ratio further adjusted as follows: (i) for Organizational Units serving grades kindergarten through 12 and Hybrid Districts, no
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio in a given year is the percentage obtained by dividing its Adjusted EAV or PTELL EAV, whichever is less, by its Adequacy Target, with the resulting ratio further adjusted as follows: (i) for Organizational Units serving grades kindergarten through 12 and Hybrid Districts, no further adjustments shall be made;

(iii) for Organizational Units serving grades 1 9 through 12, the Local Capacity Ratio shall be 2 3 multiplied by 4/13; and 4 (iv) for an Organizational Unit with a different grade configuration than those specified 5 in items (i) through (iii) of this subparagraph 6 7 (B), the State Superintendent shall determine a comparable adjustment based on the grades served. 8 9 (C) Local Capacity Percentage converts each 10 Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio to a normal 11 curve equivalent score to determine each 12 Organizational Unit's relative position to all other Organizational Units in this State. The Local Capacity 13 14 Percentage normal curve equivalent score for each Organizational Unit shall be calculated using the 15 standard normal distribution of the score in relation 16 17 to the weighted mean and weighted standard deviation and Local Capacity Ratios of all Organizational Units. 18 19 If the value assigned to any Organizational Unit is in 20 excess of 90%, the value shall be adjusted to 90%. For 21 Laboratory Schools, the Local Capacity Percentage 22 shall be set at 10% in recognition of the absence of EAV and resources from the public university that are 23 24 allocated to the Laboratory School. The weighted mean 25 for the Local Capacity Percentage shall be determined 26 by multiplying each Organizational Unit's Local

1	Capacity Ratio times the ASE for the unit creating a
2	weighted value, summing the weighted values of all
3	Organizational Units, and dividing by the total ASE of
4	all Organizational Units. The weighted standard
5	deviation shall be determined by taking the square root
6	of the weighted variance of all Organizational Units'
7	Local Capacity Ratio, where the variance is calculated
8	by squaring the difference between each unit's Local
9	Capacity Ratio and the weighted mean, then multiplying
10	the variance for each unit times the ASE for the unit
11	to create a weighted variance for each unit, then
12	summing all units' weighted variance and dividing by
13	the total ASE of all units.
14	(D) For any Organizational Unit, the
15	Organizational Unit's Adjusted Local Capacity Target
16	shall be reduced by either (i) the school board's
17	remaining contribution pursuant to paragraph (ii) of
18	subsection (b-4) of Section 16-158 of the Illinois
19	Pension Code in a given year, or (ii) the board of
20	education's remaining contribution pursuant to

] 1 _ _ 1 1 2 paragraph (iv) of subsection (b) of Section 17-129 of 21 22 the Illinois Pension Code absent the employer normal 23 cost portion of the required contribution and amount 24 allowed pursuant to subdivision (3) of Section 25 17-142.1 of the Illinois Pension Code in a given year. 26 In the preceding sentence, item (i) shall be certified

to the State Board of Education by the Teachers' 1 2 Retirement System of the State of Illinois and item 3 (ii) shall be certified to the State Board of Education 4 by the Public School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of the City of Chicago. 5 (3) If an Organizational Unit's Real Receipts are more 6 7 than its Local Capacity Target, then its Local Capacity 8 shall equal an Adjusted Local Capacity Target as calculated 9 in accordance with this paragraph (3). The Adjusted Local 10 Capacity Target is calculated as the sum of the Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Target and its Real 11 Receipts Adjustment. The Real Receipts Adjustment equals 12 the Organizational Unit's Real Receipts less its Local 13 14 Capacity Target, with the resulting figure multiplied by 15 the Local Capacity Percentage. As used in this paragraph (3), "Real Percent of 16 Adequacy" means the sum of an Organizational Unit's Real 17 Receipts, CPPRT, and Base Funding Minimum, with the 18 19 resulting figure divided by the Organizational Unit's 20 Adequacy Target. (d) Calculation of Real Receipts, EAV, and Adjusted EAV for 21 22 purposes of the Local Capacity calculation. 23 (1) An Organizational Unit's Real Receipts are the 24 product of its Applicable Tax Rate and its Adjusted EAV. An 25 Organizational Unit's Applicable Tax Rate is its Adjusted 26 Operating Tax Rate for property within the Organizational

1 Unit.

2 (2) The State Superintendent shall calculate the Equalized Assessed Valuation, or EAV, of all taxable 3 4 property of each Organizational Unit as of September 30 of the previous year in accordance with paragraph (3) of this 5 subsection (d). The State Superintendent shall then 6 7 determine the Adjusted EAV of each Organizational Unit in 8 accordance with paragraph (4) of this subsection (d), which Adjusted EAV figure shall be used for the purposes of 9 10 calculating Local Capacity.

(3) To calculate Real Receipts and EAV, the Department 11 12 of Revenue shall supply to the State Superintendent the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue 13 14 of all taxable property of every Organizational Unit, 15 together with (i) the applicable tax rate used in extending taxes for the funds of the Organizational Unit as of 16 September 30 of the previous year and (ii) the limiting 17 rate for all Organizational Units subject to property tax 18 19 extension limitations as imposed under PTELL.

20 <u>(A) The Department of Revenue shall add to the</u> 21 <u>equalized assessed value of all taxable property of</u> 22 <u>each Organizational Unit situated entirely or</u> 23 <u>partially within a county that is or was subject to the</u> 24 <u>provisions of Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property</u> 25 <u>Tax Code (i) an amount equal to the total amount by</u> 26 <u>which the homestead exemption allowed under Section</u>

1	15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code for real
2	property situated in that Organizational Unit exceeds
3	the total amount that would have been allowed in that
4	Organizational Unit if the maximum reduction under
5	<u>Section 15-176 was (I) \$4,500 in Cook County or \$3,500</u>
6	in all other counties in tax year 2003 or (II) \$5,000
7	in all counties in tax year 2004 and thereafter and
8	(ii) an amount equal to the aggregate amount for the
9	taxable year of all additional exemptions under
10	Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code for owners with
11	a household income of \$30,000 or less. The county clerk
12	of any county that is or was subject to the provisions
13	of Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code
14	shall annually calculate and certify to the Department
15	of Revenue for each Organizational Unit all homestead
16	exemption amounts under Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the
17	Property Tax Code and all amounts of additional
18	exemptions under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax
19	Code for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or
20	less. It is the intent of this subparagraph (A) that if
21	the general homestead exemption for a parcel of
22	property is determined under Section 15-176 or 15-177
23	of the Property Tax Code rather than Section 15-175,
24	then the calculation of EAV shall not be affected by
25	the difference, if any, between the amount of the
26	general homestead exemption allowed for that parcel of

property under Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property 1 2 Tax Code and the amount that would have been allowed 3 had the general homestead exemption for that parcel of property been determined under Section 15-175 of the 4 Property Tax Code. It is further the intent of this 5 subparagraph (A) that if additional exemptions are 6 7 allowed under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code 8 for owners with a household income of less than 9 \$30,000, then the calculation of EAV shall not be 10 affected by the difference, if any, because of those additional exemptions. 11

12 (B) With respect to any part of an Organizational Unit within a redevelopment project area in respect to 13 14 which a municipality has adopted tax increment 15 allocation financing pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, Division 74.4 of the 16 Illinois Municipal Code, or the Industrial Jobs 17 Recovery Law, Division 74.6 of the Illinois Municipal 18 19 Code, no part of the current EAV of real property 20 located in any such project area which is attributable 21 to an increase above the total initial EAV of such 22 property shall be used as part of the EAV of the Organizational Unit, until such time as all 23 24 redevelopment project costs have been paid, as 25 provided in Section 11-74.4-8 of the Tax Increment 26 Allocation Redevelopment Act or in Section 11-74.6-35

1	of the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. For the purpose of
2	the EAV of the Organizational Unit, the total initial
3	EAV or the current EAV, whichever is lower, shall be
4	used until such time as all redevelopment project costs
5	have been paid.
6	(C) For Organizational Units that are Hybrid
7	Districts, the State Superintendent shall use the
8	lesser of the equalized assessed valuation for
9	property within the partial elementary unit district
10	for elementary purposes, as defined in Article 11E of
11	this Code, or the equalized assessed valuation for
12	property within the partial elementary unit district
13	for high school purposes, as defined in Article 11E of
13 14	for high school purposes, as defined in Article 11E of this Code.
14	this Code.
14 15	<u>this Code.</u> (4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the
14 15 16	this Code. (4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years
14 15 16 17	<u>this Code.</u> <u>(4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the</u> <u>average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years</u> <u>or its EAV in the immediately preceding year if the EAV in</u>
14 15 16 17 18	this Code. (4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years or its EAV in the immediately preceding year if the EAV in the immediately preceding year has declined by 10% or more
14 15 16 17 18 19	this Code. (4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years or its EAV in the immediately preceding year if the EAV in the immediately preceding year has declined by 10% or more compared to the 3-year average. In the event of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	this Code. (4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years or its EAV in the immediately preceding year if the EAV in the immediately preceding year has declined by 10% or more compared to the 3-year average. In the event of Organizational Unit reorganization, consolidation, or
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	this Code. (4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years or its EAV in the immediately preceding year if the EAV in the immediately preceding year has declined by 10% or more compared to the 3-year average. In the event of Organizational Unit reorganization, consolidation, or annexation, the Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV for the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	this Code. (4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years or its EAV in the immediately preceding year if the EAV in the immediately preceding year has declined by 10% or more compared to the 3-year average. In the event of Organizational Unit reorganization, consolidation, or annexation, the Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV for the first 3 years after such change shall be as follows: the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	this Code. (4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years or its EAV in the immediately preceding year if the EAV in the immediately preceding year has declined by 10% or more compared to the 3-year average. In the event of Organizational Unit reorganization, consolidation, or annexation, the Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV for the first 3 years after such change shall be as follows: the most current EAV shall be used in the first year, the

1	average EAV or its EAV in the immediately preceding year if
2	the adjusted EAV declines by 10% or more compared to the
3	3-year average for the third year.
4	"PTELL EAV" means a figure calculated by the State
5	
6	described in this paragraph (4) for the purposes of
7	calculating an Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio.
8	Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (4), for an
9	Organizational Unit that has approved or does approve an
10	increase in its limiting rate, the PTELL EAV of an
11	Organizational Unit shall be equal to the product of the
12	equalized assessed valuation last used in the calculation
13	of general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of this Code or
14	Evidence-Based Funding under this Section and the
15	Organizational Unit's Extension Limitation Ratio. If an
16	Organizational Unit has approved or does approve an
17	
	increase in its limiting rate, pursuant to Section 18-190
18	<u>of the Property Tax Code, affecting the Base Tax Year, the</u>
18 19	
	of the Property Tax Code, affecting the Base Tax Year, the
19	of the Property Tax Code, affecting the Base Tax Year, the PTELL EAV shall be equal to the product of the equalized
19 20	of the Property Tax Code, affecting the Base Tax Year, the PTELL EAV shall be equal to the product of the equalized assessed valuation last used in the calculation of general
19 20 21	of the Property Tax Code, affecting the Base Tax Year, the PTELL EAV shall be equal to the product of the equalized assessed valuation last used in the calculation of general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of this Code or
19 20 21 22	of the Property Tax Code, affecting the Base Tax Year, the PTELL EAV shall be equal to the product of the equalized assessed valuation last used in the calculation of general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of this Code or Evidence-Based Funding under this Section multiplied by an
19 20 21 22 23	of the Property Tax Code, affecting the Base Tax Year, the PTELL EAV shall be equal to the product of the equalized assessed valuation last used in the calculation of general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of this Code or Evidence-Based Funding under this Section multiplied by an amount equal to one plus the percentage increase, if any,

plus the equalized assessed valuation of new property, 1 2 annexed property, and recovered tax increment value and 3 minus the equalized assessed valuation of disconnected property. 4 5 As used in this paragraph (4), "new property" and "recovered tax increment value" shall have the meanings set 6 7 forth in the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. 8 (e) Base Funding Minimum calculation. 9 (1) For the 2017-2018 school year, the Base Funding 10 Minimum of an Organizational Unit, other than a Specially Funded Unit, shall be the amount of State funds distributed 11 12 to the Organizational Unit during the 2016-2017 school year prior to any adjustments and specified appropriation 13 14 amounts described in this paragraph (1) from the following 15 Sections, as calculated by the State Superintendent: Section 18-8.05 of this Code (general State aid); Section 5 16 of Article 224 of Public Act 99-524 (equity grants); 17 Section 14-7.02b of this Code (funding for children 18 19 requiring special education services); Section 14-13.01 of 20 this Code (special education facilities and staffing), 21 except for reimbursement of the cost of transportation 22 pursuant to Section 14-13.01; Section 14C-12 of this Code 23 (English learners); and Section 18-4.3 of this Code (summer 24 school), based on an appropriation level of \$13,121,600. 25 For a school district organized under Article 34 of this 26 Code, the Base Funding Minimum also includes (i) the funds

1	allocated to the school district pursuant to Section 1D-1
2	of this Code attributable to funding programs authorized by
3	the Sections of this Code listed in the preceding sentence;
4	and (ii) the difference between (I) the funds allocated to
5	the school district pursuant to Section 1D-1 of this Code
6	attributable to the funding programs authorized by Section
7	14-7.02 (non-public special education reimbursement),
8	subsection (b) of Section 14-13.01 (special education
9	transportation), Section 29-5 (transportation), Section
10	2-3.80 (agricultural education), Section 2-3.66 (truants'
11	alternative education), Section 2-3.62 (educational
12	service centers), and Section 14-7.03 (special education -
13	orphanage) of this Code and Section 15 of the Childhood
14	Hunger Relief Act (free breakfast program) and (II) the
15	school district's actual expenditures for its non-public
16	special education, special education transportation,
17	transportation programs, agricultural education, truants'
18	alternative education, services that would otherwise be
19	performed by a regional office of education, special
20	education orphanage expenditures, and free breakfast, as
21	most recently calculated and reported pursuant to
22	subsection (f) of Section 1D-1 of this Code. For Specially
23	Funded Units, the Base Funding Minimum shall be the total
24	amount of State funds allotted to the Specially Funded Unit
25	during the 2016-2017 school year. The Base Funding Minimum
26	for Glenwood Academy shall be \$625,500.

1	(2) For the 2018-2019 and subsequent school years, the
2	Base Funding Minimum of Organizational Units and Specially
3	Funded Units shall be the sum of (i) the amount of
4	Evidence-Based Funding for the prior school year and (ii)
5	the Base Funding Minimum for the prior school year.
6	(f) Percent of Adequacy and Final Resources calculation.
7	(1) The Evidence-Based Funding formula establishes a
8	Percent of Adequacy for each Organizational Unit in order
9	to place such units into tiers for the purposes of the
10	funding distribution system described in subsection (g) of
11	this Section. Initially, an Organizational Unit's
12	Preliminary Resources and Preliminary Percent of Adequacy
13	are calculated pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection
14	(f). Then, an Organizational Unit's Final Resources and
15	Final Percent of Adequacy are calculated to account for the
16	Organizational Unit's poverty concentration levels
17	pursuant to paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection (f).
18	(2) An Organizational Unit's Preliminary Resources are
19	equal to the sum of its Local Capacity Target, CPPRT, and
20	Base Funding Minimum. An Organizational Unit's Preliminary
21	Percent of Adequacy is the lesser of (i) its Preliminary
22	Resources divided by its Adequacy Target or (ii) 100%.
23	(3) Except for Specially Funded Units, an
24	Organizational Unit's Final Resources are equal the sum of
25	its Local Capacity, CPPRT, and Adjusted Base Funding
26	Minimum. The Base Funding Minimum of each Specially Funded

1Unit shall serve as its Final Resources, except that the2Base Funding Minimum for State-approved charter schools3shall not include any portion of general State aid4allocated in the prior year based on the per capita tuition5charge times the charter school enrollment.

6 <u>(4) An Organizational Unit's Final Percent of Adequacy</u> 7 <u>is its Final Resources divided by its Adequacy Target. An</u> 8 <u>Organizational Unit's Adjusted Base Funding Minimum is</u> 9 <u>equal to its Base Funding Minimum less its Supplemental</u> 10 <u>Grant Funding, with the resulting figure added to the</u> 11 <u>product of its Supplemental Grant Funding and Preliminary</u> 12 <u>Percent of Adequacy.</u>

13 (g) Evidence-Based Funding formula distribution system.

14 (1) In each school year under the Evidence-Based 15 Funding formula, each Organizational Unit receives funding equal to the sum of its Base Funding Minimum and the unit's 16 allocation of New State Funds determined pursuant to this 17 subsection (g). To allocate New State Funds, the 18 19 Evidence-Based Funding formula distribution system first 20 places all Organizational Units into one of 4 tiers in 21 accordance with paragraph (3) of this subsection (g), based 22 on the Organizational Unit's Final Percent of Adequacy. New 23 State Funds are allocated to each of the 4 tiers as 24 follows: Tier 1 Aggregate Funding equals 50% of all New 25 State Funds, Tier 2 Aggregate Funding equals 49% of all New 26 State Funds, Tier 3 Aggregate Funding equals 0.9% of all

1	New State Funds, and Tier 4 Aggregate Funding equals 0.1 $\%$
2	of all New State Funds. Each Organizational Unit within
3	Tier 1 or Tier 2 receives an allocation of New State Funds
4	equal to its tier Funding Gap, as defined in the following
5	sentence, multiplied by the tier's Allocation Rate
6	determined pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection
7	(g). For Tier 1, an Organizational Unit's Funding Gap
8	equals the tier's Target Ratio, as specified in paragraph
9	(5) of this subsection (g), multiplied by the
10	Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target, with the resulting
11	amount reduced by the Organizational Unit's Final
12	Resources. For Tier 2, an Organizational Unit's Funding Gap
13	equals the tier's Target Ratio, as described in paragraph
14	(5) of this subsection (g), multiplied by the
15	Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target, with the resulting
16	amount reduced by the Organizational Unit's Final
17	Resources and its Tier 1 funding allocation. To determine
17 18	
	Resources and its Tier 1 funding allocation. To determine
18	Resources and its Tier 1 funding allocation. To determine the Organizational Unit's Funding Gap, the resulting
18 19	Resources and its Tier 1 funding allocation. To determine the Organizational Unit's Funding Gap, the resulting amount is then multiplied by a factor equal to one minus
18 19 20	Resources and its Tier 1 funding allocation. To determine the Organizational Unit's Funding Gap, the resulting amount is then multiplied by a factor equal to one minus the Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Target
18 19 20 21	Resources and its Tier 1 funding allocation. To determine the Organizational Unit's Funding Gap, the resulting amount is then multiplied by a factor equal to one minus the Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Target percentage. Each Organizational Unit within Tier 3 or Tier
18 19 20 21 22	Resources and its Tier 1 funding allocation. To determine the Organizational Unit's Funding Gap, the resulting amount is then multiplied by a factor equal to one minus the Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Target percentage. Each Organizational Unit within Tier 3 or Tier 4 receives an allocation of New State Funds equal to the
18 19 20 21 22 23	Resources and its Tier 1 funding allocation. To determine the Organizational Unit's Funding Gap, the resulting amount is then multiplied by a factor equal to one minus the Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Target percentage. Each Organizational Unit within Tier 3 or Tier 4 receives an allocation of New State Funds equal to the product of its Adequacy Target and the tier's Allocation

1	shall receive fewer dollars per ASE than any Tier 3
2	Organizational Unit. Each Tier 2 and Tier 3 Organizational
3	Unit shall have its funding allocation divided by its ASE.
4	Any Tier 2 Organizational Unit with a funding allocation
5	per ASE below the greatest Tier 3 allocation per ASE shall
6	get a funding allocation equal to the greatest Tier 3
7	funding allocation per ASE multiplied by the
8	Organizational Unit's ASE. Each Tier 2 Organizational
9	Unit's Tier 2 funding allocation shall be multiplied by the
10	percentage calculated by dividing the original Tier 2
11	Aggregate Funding by the sum of all Tier 2 Organizational
12	Unit's Tier 2 funding allocation after adjusting
13	districts' funding below Tier 3 levels.
14	(3) Organizational Units are placed into one of 4 tiers
15	<u>as follows:</u>
16	(A) Tier 1 consists of all Organizational Units,
17	except for Specially Funded Units, with a Percent of
18	Adequacy less than the Tier 1 Target Ratio. The Tier 1
19	Target Ratio is the ratio level that allows for Tier 1
20	Aggregate Funding to be distributed, with the Tier 1
21	Allocation Rate determined pursuant to paragraph (4)
22	of this subsection (g).
23	(B) Tier 2 consists of all Tier 1 Units and all
24	other Organizational Units, except for Specially
25	Funded Units, with a Percent of Adequacy of less than
26	<u>0.90.</u>

1	(C) Tier 3 consists of all Organizational Units,
2	except for Specially Funded Units, with a Percent of
3	Adequacy of at least 0.90 and less than 1.0.
4	(D) Tier 4 consists of all Organizational Units
5	with a Percent of Adequacy of at least 1.0 and
6	Specially Funded Units, excluding Glenwood Academy.
7	(4) The Allocation Rates for Tiers 1 through 4 is
8	determined as follows:
9	(A) The Tier 1 Allocation Rate is 30%.
10	(B) The Tier 2 Allocation Rate is the result of the
11	following equation: Tier 2 Aggregate Funding, divided
12	by the sum of the Funding Gaps for all Tier 2
13	Organizational Units, unless the result of such
14	equation is higher than 1.0. If the result of such
15	equation is higher than 1.0, then the Tier 2 Allocation
16	Rate is 1.0.
17	(C) The Tier 3 Allocation Rate is the result of the
18	following equation: Tier 3 Aggregate Funding, divided
19	by the sum of the Adequacy Targets of all Tier 3
20	Organizational Units.
21	(D) The Tier 4 Allocation Rate is the result of the
22	following equation: Tier 4 Aggregate Funding, divided
23	by the sum of the Adequacy Targets of all Tier 4
24	Organizational Units.
25	(5) A tier's Target Ratio is determined as follows:
26	(A) The Tier 1 Target Ratio is the ratio level that

1	allows for Tier 1 Aggregate Funding to be distributed
2	with the Tier 1 Allocation Rate.
3	(B) The Tier 2 Target Ratio is 0.90.
4	(C) The Tier 3 Target Ratio is 1.0.
5	(6) If, at any point, the Tier 1 Target Ratio is
6	greater than 90%, than all Tier 1 funding shall be
7	allocated to Tier 2 and no Tier 1 Organizational Unit's
8	funding may be identified.
9	(7) In the event that all Tier 2 Organizational Units
10	receive funding at the Tier 2 Target Ratio level, any
11	remaining New State Funds shall be allocated to Tier 3 and
12	<u>Tier 4 Organizational Units.</u>
13	(8) If any Specially Funded Units, excluding Glenwood
14	Academy, recognized by the State Board do not qualify for
15	direct funding following the implementation of this
16	amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly from any of
17	the funding sources included within the definition of Base
18	Funding Minimum, the unqualified portion of the Base
19	Funding Minimum shall be transferred to one or more
20	appropriate Organizational Units as determined by the
21	State Superintendent based on the prior year ASE of the
22	Organizational Units.
23	(9) The Minimum Funding Level is intended to establish
24	a target for State funding that will keep pace with
25	inflation and continue to advance equity through the
26	Evidence-Based Funding formula. The target for State

funding of New Property Tax Relief Pool Funds is 1 2 \$50,000,000 for State fiscal year 2019 and subsequent State 3 fiscal years. The Minimum Funding Level is equal to 4 \$350,000,000. In addition to any New State Funds, no more than \$50,000,000 New Property Tax Relief Pool Funds may be 5 counted towards the Minimum Funding Level. If the sum of 6 7 New State Funds and applicable New Property Tax Relief Pool 8 Funds are less than the Minimum Funding Level, than funding 9 for tiers shall be reduced in the following manner: 10 (A) First, Tier 4 funding shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the Minimum 11 12 Funding Level and New State Funds until such time as Tier 4 funding is exhausted. 13 14 (B) Next, Tier 3 funding shall be reduced by an 15 amount equal to the difference between the Minimum Funding Level and New State Funds and the reduction in 16 17 Tier 4 funding until such time as Tier 3 funding is 18 exhausted. 19 (C) Next, Tier 2 funding shall be reduced by an 20 amount equal to the difference between the Minimum 21 Funding level and new State Funds and the reduction 22 Tier 4 and Tier 3. (D) Finally, Tier 1 funding shall be reduced by an 23

24 amount equal to the difference between the Minimum 25 Funding level and New State Funds and the reduction in 26 Tier 2, 3, and 4 funding. In addition, the Allocation

Rate for Tier 1 shall be reduced to a percentage equal 1 2 to 50%, multiplied by the result of New State Funds 3 divided by the Minimum Funding Level. 4 (9.5) For State fiscal year 2019 and subsequent State fiscal years, if New State Funds exceed \$300,000,000, then 5 any amount in excess of \$300,000,000 shall be dedicated for 6 7 purposes of Section 2-3.170 of this Code up to a maximum of 8 \$50,000,000. 9 (10) In the event of a decrease in the amount of the 10 appropriation for this Section in any fiscal year after implementation of this Section, the Organizational Units 11 receiving Tier 1 and Tier 2 funding, as determined under 12 paragraph (3) of this subsection (g), shall be held 13 14 harmless by establishing a Base Funding Guarantee equal to 15 the per pupil kindergarten through grade 12 funding received in accordance with this Section in the prior 16 17 fiscal year. Reductions shall be made to the Base Funding Minimum of Organizational Units in Tier 3 and Tier 4 on a 18 19 per pupil basis equivalent to the total number of the ASE 20 in Tier 3-funded and Tier 4-funded Organizational Units 21 divided by the total reduction in State funding. The Base 22 Funding Minimum as reduced shall continue to be applied to 23 Tier 3 and Tier 4 Organizational Units and adjusted by the 24 relative formula when increases in appropriations for this 25 Section resume. In no event may State funding reductions to 26 Organizational Units in Tier 3 or Tier 4 exceed an amount

1	that would be less than the Base Funding Minimum
2	established in the first year of implementation of this
3	Section. If additional reductions are required, all school
4	districts shall receive a reduction by a per pupil amount
5	equal to the aggregate additional appropriation reduction
6	divided by the total ASE of all Organizational Units.
7	(11) The State Superintendent shall make minor
8	adjustments to the distribution formula set forth in this
9	subsection (g) to account for the rounding of percentages
10	to the nearest tenth of a percentage and dollar amounts to
11	the nearest whole dollar.
12	(h) State Superintendent administration of funding and
13	district submission requirements.
14	(1) The State Superintendent shall, in accordance with
15	appropriations made by the General Assembly, meet the
16	funding obligations created under this Section.
17	(2) The State Superintendent shall calculate the
18	Adequacy Target for each Organizational Unit and Net State
19	Contribution Target for each Organizational Unit under
20	this Section. The State Superintendent shall also certify
21	the actual amounts of the New State Funds payable for each
22	eligible Organizational Unit based on the equitable
23	distribution calculation to the unit's treasurer, as soon
24	as possible after such amounts are calculated, including
25	any applicable adjusted charge-off increase. No
26	Evidence-Based Funding shall be distributed within an

Organizational Unit without the approval of the unit's 1 2 school board. 3 (3) Annually, the State Superintendent shall calculate 4 and report to each Organizational Unit the unit's aggregate financial adequacy amount, which shall be the sum of the 5 Adequacy Target for each Organizational Unit. The State 6 7 Superintendent shall calculate and report separately for each Organizational Unit the unit's total State funds 8 9 allocated for its students with disabilities. The State 10 Superintendent shall calculate and report separately for each Organizational Unit the amount of funding and 11 12 applicable FTE calculated for each Essential Element of the unit's Adequacy Target. 13 14 (4) Annually, the State Superintendent shall calculate 15 and report to each Organizational Unit the amount the unit must expend on special education and bilingual education 16 pursuant to the unit's Base Funding Minimum, Special 17 Education Allocation, and Bilingual Education Allocation. 18 19 (5) Moneys distributed under this Section shall be 20 calculated on a school year basis, but paid on a fiscal 21 year basis, with payments beginning in August and extending 22 through June. Unless otherwise provided, the moneys 23 appropriated for each fiscal year shall be distributed in 24 22 equal payments at least 2 times monthly to each 25 Organizational Unit. The State Board shall publish a yearly 26 distribution schedule at its meeting in June. If moneys

appropriated for any fiscal year are distributed other than 1 2 monthly, the distribution shall be on the same basis for 3 each Organizational Unit. (6) Any school district that fails, for any given 4 school year, to maintain school as required by law or to 5 maintain a recognized school is not eligible to receive 6 Evidence-Based Funding. In case of non-recognition of one 7 8 or more attendance centers in a school district otherwise 9 operating recognized schools, the claim of the district 10 shall be reduced in the proportion that the enrollment in the attendance center or centers bears to the enrollment of 11 the school district. "Recognized school" means any public 12 school that meets the standards for recognition by the 13 14 State Board. A school district or attendance center not 15 having recognition status at the end of a school term is entitled to receive State aid payments due upon a legal 16 17 claim that was filed while it was recognized. (7) School district claims filed under this Section are 18 19 subject to Sections 18-9 and 18-12 of this Code, except as 20 otherwise provided in this Section. 21 (8) Each fiscal year, the State Superintendent shall 22 calculate for each Organizational Unit an amount of its Base Funding Minimum and Evidence-Based Funding that shall 23 24 be deemed attributable to the provision of special 25 educational facilities and services, as defined in Section 26 14-1.08 of this Code, in a manner that ensures compliance

1	with maintenance of State financial support requirements
2	under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education
3	Act. An Organizational Unit must use such funds only for
4	the provision of special educational facilities and
5	services, as defined in Section 14-1.08 of this Code, and
6	must comply with any expenditure verification procedures
7	adopted by the State Board.
8	(9) All Organizational Units in this State must submit
9	annual spending plans by the end of September of each year
10	to the State Board as part of the annual budget process,
11	which shall describe how each Organizational Unit will
12	utilize the Base Minimum Funding and Evidence-Based
13	funding it receives from this State under this Section with
14	specific identification of the intended utilization of
15	Low-Income, English learner, and special education
16	resources. Additionally, the annual spending plans of each
17	Organizational Unit shall describe how the Organizational
18	Unit expects to achieve student growth and how the
19	Organizational Unit will achieve State education goals, as
20	defined by the State Board. The State Superintendent may,
21	from time to time, identify additional requisites for
22	Organizational Units to satisfy when compiling the annual
23	spending plans required under this subsection (h). The
24	format and scope of annual spending plans shall be
25	developed by the State Superintendent in conjunction with
26	the Professional Review Panel.

1	(10) No later than January 1, 2018, the State
2	Superintendent shall develop a 5-year strategic plan for
3	all Organizational Units to help in planning for adequacy
4	funding under this Section. The State Superintendent shall
5	submit the plan to the Governor and the General Assembly,
6	as provided in Section 3.1 of the General Assembly
7	Organization Act. The plan shall include recommendations
8	<u>for:</u>
9	(A) a framework for collaborative, professional,
10	innovative, and 21st century learning environments
11	using the Evidence-Based Funding model;
12	(B) ways to prepare and support this State's
13	educators for successful instructional careers;
14	(C) application and enhancement of the current
15	financial accountability measures, the approved State
16	plan to comply with the federal Every Student Succeeds
17	Act, and the Illinois Balanced Accountability Measures
18	in relation to student growth and elements of the
19	Evidence-Based Funding model; and
20	(D) implementation of an effective school adequacy
21	funding system based on projected and recommended
22	funding levels from the General Assembly.
23	(i) Professional Review Panel.
24	(1) A Professional Review Panel is created to study and
25	review the implementation and effect of the Evidence-Based
26	Funding model under this Section and to recommend continual

1	recalibration and future study topics and modifications to
2	the Evidence-Based Funding model. The Panel shall elect a
3	chairperson and vice chairperson by a majority vote of the
4	Panel and shall advance recommendations based on a majority
5	vote of the Panel. A minority opinion may also accompany
6	any recommendation of the majority of the Panel. The Panel
7	shall be appointed by the State Superintendent, except as
8	otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection (i)
9	and include the following members:
10	(A) Two appointees that represent district
11	superintendents, recommended by a statewide
12	organization that represents district superintendents.
13	(B) Two appointees that represent school boards,
14	recommended by a statewide organization that
15	represents school boards.
16	(C) Two appointees from districts that represent
17	school business officials, recommended by a statewide
18	organization that represents school business
19	officials.
20	(D) Two appointees that represent school
21	principals, recommended by a statewide organization
22	that represents school principals.
23	(E) Two appointees that represent teachers,
24	recommended by a statewide organization that
25	represents teachers.

1	recommended by another statewide organization that
2	represents teachers.
3	(G) Two appointees that represent regional
4	superintendents of schools, recommended by
5	organizations that represent regional superintendents.
6	(H) Two independent experts selected solely by the
7	State Superintendent.
8	(I) Two independent experts recommended by public
9	universities in this State.
10	(J) One member recommended by a statewide
11	organization that represents parents.
12	(K) Two representatives recommended by collective
13	impact organizations that represent major metropolitan
14	areas or geographic areas in Illinois.
15	(L) One member from a statewide organization
16	focused on research-based education policy to support
17	a school system that prepares all students for college,
18	a career, and democratic citizenship.
19	(M) One representative from a school district
20	organized under Article 34 of this Code.
21	The State Superintendent shall ensure that the
22	membership of the Panel includes representatives from
23	school districts and communities reflecting the
24	geographic, socio-economic, racial, and ethnic diversity
25	of this State. The State Superintendent shall additionally
26	ensure that the membership of the Panel includes

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representatives with expertise in bilingual education and 1 special education. Staff from the State Board shall staff 2 3 the Panel. (2) In addition to those Panel members appointed by the 4 State Superintendent, 4 members of the General Assembly 5 6 shall be appointed as follows: one member of the House of 7 Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of 8 Representatives, one member of the Senate appointed by the 9 President of the Senate, one member of the House of 10 Representatives appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and one member of the Senate 11 12 appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate. There shall be one additional member appointed by the Governor. All 13 14 members appointed by legislative leaders or the Governor 15 shall be non-voting, ex officio members. (3) On an annual basis, the State Superintendent shall 16 recalibrate the following per pupil elements of the 17 Adequacy Target and applied to the formulas, based on the 18 19 Panel's study of average expenses as reported in the most 20 recent annual financial report: 21 (A) gifted under subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) 22 of subsection (b) of this Section; 23 (B) instructional materials under subparagraph (O) 24 of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Section; 25 (C) assessment under subparagraph (P) of paragraph 26 (2) of subsection (b) of this Section;

1	(D) student activities under subparagraph (R) of
2	paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Section;
3	(E) maintenance and operations under subparagraph
4	(S) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Section;
5	and
6	(F) central office under subparagraph (T) of
7	paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Section.
8	(4) On a periodic basis, the Panel shall study all the
9	following elements and make recommendations to the State
10	Board, the General Assembly, and the Governor for
11	modification of this Section:
12	(A) The format and scope of annual spending plans
13	referenced in paragraph (9) of subsection (h) of this
13 14	<u>referenced in paragraph (9) of subsection (h) of this</u> <u>Section.</u>
14	Section.
14 15	Section. (B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section,
14 15 16	Section. (B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section, to be studied by the Panel and reestablished by the
14 15 16 17	<u>Section.</u> <u>(B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section,</u> <u>to be studied by the Panel and reestablished by the</u> <u>State Superintendent every 5 years.</u>
14 15 16 17 18	<u>Section.</u> <u>(B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section,</u> <u>to be studied by the Panel and reestablished by the</u> <u>State Superintendent every 5 years.</u> <u>(C) Maintenance and operations. Within 5 years</u>
14 15 16 17 18 19	<u>Section.</u> <u>(B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section,</u> <u>to be studied by the Panel and reestablished by the</u> <u>State Superintendent every 5 years.</u> <u>(C) Maintenance and operations. Within 5 years</u> <u>after the implementation of this Section, the Panel</u>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section. (B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section, to be studied by the Panel and reestablished by the State Superintendent every 5 years. (C) Maintenance and operations. Within 5 years after the implementation of this Section, the Panel shall make recommendations for the further study of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section. (B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section, to be studied by the Panel and reestablished by the State Superintendent every 5 years. (C) Maintenance and operations. Within 5 years after the implementation of this Section, the Panel shall make recommendations for the further study of maintenance and operations costs, including capital
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Section. (B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section, to be studied by the Panel and reestablished by the State Superintendent every 5 years. (C) Maintenance and operations. Within 5 years after the implementation of this Section, the Panel shall make recommendations for the further study of maintenance and operations costs, including capital maintenance costs, and recommend any additional
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Section. (B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section, to be studied by the Panel and reestablished by the State Superintendent every 5 years. (C) Maintenance and operations. Within 5 years after the implementation of this Section, the Panel shall make recommendations for the further study of maintenance and operations costs, including capital maintenance costs, and recommend any additional reporting data required from Organizational Units.

1	determination of an "at-risk student" definition.
2	Within 5 years after the implementation of this
3	Section, the Panel shall evaluate and make
4	recommendations regarding adequate funding for poverty
5	concentration under the Evidence-Based Funding model.
6	(E) Benefits. Within 5 years after the
7	implementation of this Section, the Panel shall make
8	recommendations for further study of benefit costs.
9	(F) Technology. The per pupil target for
10	technology shall be reviewed every 3 years to determine
11	whether current allocations are sufficient to develop
12	21st century learning in all classrooms in this State
13	and supporting a one-to-one technological device
14	program in each school. Recommendations shall be made
15	no later than 3 years after the implementation of this
16	Section.
17	(G) Local Capacity Target. Within 3 years after the
18	implementation of this Section, the Panel shall make
19	recommendations for any additional data desired to
20	analyze possible modifications to the Local Capacity
21	Target, to be based on measures in addition to solely
22	EAV and to be completed within 5 years after
23	implementation of this Section.
24	(H) Funding for Alternative Schools, Laboratory
25	Schools, safe schools, and alternative learning
26	opportunities programs. By the beginning of the

12021-2022 school year, the Panel shall study and make2recommendations regarding the funding levels for3Alternative Schools, Laboratory Schools, safe schools,4and alternative learning opportunities programs in5this State.

(I) Funding for college and career acceleration 6 7 strategies. By the beginning of the 2021-2022 school 8 year, the Panel shall study and make recommendations 9 regarding funding levels to support college and career 10 acceleration strategies in high school that have been demonstrated to result in improved secondary and 11 postsecondary outcomes, including Advanced Placement, 12 dual-credit opportunities, and college and career 13 14 pathway systems.

15(J) Special education investments. By the16beginning of the 2021-2022 school year, the Panel shall17study and make recommendations on whether and how to18account for disability types within the special19education funding category.

20(K) Early childhood investments. In collaboration21with the Illinois Early Learning Council, the Panel22shall include an analysis of what level of Preschool23for All Children funding would be necessary to serve24all children ages 0 through 5 years in the25highest-priority service tier, as specified in26paragraph (4.5) of subsection (a) of Section 2-3.71 of

1	this Code, and an analysis of the potential cost
2	savings that that level of Preschool for All Children
3	investment would have on the kindergarten through
4	grade 12 system.
5	(5) Within 5 years after the implementation of this
6	Section, the Panel shall complete an evaluative study of
7	the entire Evidence-Based Funding model, including an
8	assessment of whether or not the formula is achieving State
9	goals. The Panel shall report to the State Board, the
10	General Assembly, and the Governor on the findings of the
11	study.
12	(6) Within 3 years after the implementation of this
13	Section, the Panel shall evaluate and provide
14	recommendations to the Governor and the General Assembly on
15	the hold-harmless provisions of this Section found in the
16	Base Funding Minimum.
17	(j) References. Beginning July 1, 2017, references in other
18	laws to general State aid funds or calculations under Section
19	18-8.05 of this Code shall be deemed to be references to
20	evidence-based model formula funds or calculations under this
21	Section.

(105 ILCS 5/18-9) (from Ch. 122, par. 18-9) 22

Sec. 18-9. Requirement for special equalization and 23 supplementary State aid. If property comprising an aggregate 24 assessed valuation equal to 6% or more of the total assessed 25

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1 valuation of all taxable property in a school district is owned by a person or corporation that is the subject of bankruptcy 2 3 proceedings or that has been adjudged bankrupt and, as a result 4 thereof, has not paid taxes on the property, then the district 5 may amend its general State aid or evidence-based funding claim 6 (i) back to the inception of the bankruptcy, not to exceed 6 years, in which time those taxes were not paid and (ii) for 7 8 each succeeding year that those taxes remain unpaid, by adding 9 to the claim an amount determined by multiplying the assessed 10 valuation of the property on which taxes have not been paid due 11 to the bankruptcy by the lesser of the total tax rate for the district for the tax year for which the taxes are unpaid or the 12 13 applicable rate used in calculating the district's general 14 State aid under paragraph (3) of subsection (D) of Section 15 18-8.05 of this Code or evidence-based funding under Section 16 18-8.15 of this Code, as applicable. If at any time a district that receives additional State aid under this Section receives 17 18 tax revenue from the property for the years that taxes were not paid, the district's next claim for State aid shall be reduced 19 20 in an amount equal to the taxes paid on the property, not to exceed the additional State aid received under this Section. 21 22 Claims under this Section shall be filed on forms prescribed by State Superintendent of Education, and 23 the the State 24 Superintendent of Education, upon receipt of a claim, shall 25 adjust the claim in accordance with the provisions of this 26 Section. Supplementary State aid for each succeeding year under

this Section shall be paid beginning with the first general State aid <u>or evidence-based funding</u> claim paid after the district has filed a completed claim in accordance with this Section.

5 (Source: P.A. 95-496, eff. 8-28-07.)

6 (105 ILCS 5/18-12) (from Ch. 122, par. 18-12)

7 Sec. 18-12. Dates for filing State aid claims. The school 8 board of each school district, a regional office of education, 9 a laboratory school, or a State-authorized charter school shall 10 require teachers, principals, or superintendents to furnish 11 from records kept by them such data as it needs in preparing 12 and certifying to the State Superintendent of Education its 13 report of claims provided in Section 18-8.05 of this Code. The 14 claim shall be based on the latest available equalized assessed valuation and tax rates, as provided in Section 18-8.05 or 15 16 18-8.15, shall use the average daily attendance as determined by the method outlined in Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15, and shall 17 be certified and filed with the State Superintendent of 18 19 Education by June 21 for districts and State-authorized charter schools with an official school calendar end date before June 20 21 15 or within 2 weeks following the official school calendar end 22 date for districts, regional offices of education, laboratory schools, or State-authorized charter schools with a school year 23 24 end date of June 15 or later. Failure to so file by these deadlines constitutes a forfeiture of the right to receive 25

payment by the State until such claim is filed. The State
 Superintendent of Education shall voucher for payment those
 claims to the State Comptroller as provided in Section 18-11.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, if any school district fails to provide the minimum school term specified in Section 10-19, the State aid claim for that year shall be reduced by the State Superintendent of Education in an amount equivalent to 1/176 or .56818% for each day less than the number of days required by this Code.

10 If the State Superintendent of Education determines that 11 the failure to provide the minimum school term was occasioned 12 by an act or acts of God, or was occasioned by conditions 13 beyond the control of the school district which posed a 14 hazardous threat to the health and safety of pupils, the State 15 aid claim need not be reduced.

16 If a school district is precluded from providing the minimum hours of instruction required for a full day of 17 attendance due to an adverse weather condition or a condition 18 beyond the control of the school district that poses a 19 20 hazardous threat to the health and safety of students, then the 21 partial day of attendance may be counted if (i) the school 22 district has provided at least one hour of instruction prior to the closure of the school district, (ii) a school building has 23 24 provided at least one hour of instruction prior to the closure 25 of the school building, or (iii) the normal start time of the 26 school district is delayed.

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1 If, prior to providing any instruction, a school district must close one or more but not all school buildings after 2 3 consultation with a local emergency response agency or due to a 4 condition beyond the control of the school district, then the 5 school district may claim attendance for up to 2 school days 6 based on the average attendance of the 3 school days immediately preceding the closure of the affected school 7 8 building or, if approved by the State Board of Education, 9 utilize the provisions of an e-learning program for the 10 affected school building as prescribed in Section 10-20.56 of 11 this Code. The partial or no day of attendance described in this Section and the reasons therefore shall be certified 12 13 within a month of the closing or delayed start by the school district superintendent to the regional superintendent of 14 15 schools for forwarding to the State Superintendent of Education 16 for approval.

Other than the utilization of any e-learning days as prescribed in Section 10-20.56 of this Code, no exception to the requirement of providing a minimum school term may be approved by the State Superintendent of Education pursuant to this Section unless a school district has first used all emergency days provided for in its regular calendar.

If the State Superintendent of Education declares that an energy shortage exists during any part of the school year for the State or a designated portion of the State, a district may operate the school attendance centers within the district 4 10000SB0444ham001 -456- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 days of the week during the time of the shortage by extending each existing school day by one clock hour of school work, and 2 the State aid claim shall not be reduced, nor shall the 3 4 employees of that district suffer any reduction in salary or 5 benefits as a result thereof. A district may operate all attendance centers on this revised schedule, or may apply the 6 selected attendance centers, 7 schedule to taking into 8 consideration such factors as pupil transportation schedules 9 and patterns and sources of energy for individual attendance 10 centers.

Electronically submitted State aid claims shall be submitted by duly authorized district individuals over a secure network that is password protected. The electronic submission of a State aid claim must be accompanied with an affirmation that all of the provisions of Sections 18-8.05, 10-22.5, and 24-4 of this Code are met in all respects.

17 (Source: P.A. 99-194, eff. 7-30-15; 99-657, eff. 7-28-16.)

18 (105 ILCS 5/26-16)

19 Sec. 26-16. Graduation incentives program.

(a) The General Assembly finds that it is critical to provide options for children to succeed in school. The purpose of this Section is to provide incentives for and encourage all Illinois students who have experienced or are experiencing difficulty in the traditional education system to enroll in alternative programs. 10000SB0444ham001 -457- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 (b) Any student who is below the age of 20 years is eligible to enroll in a graduation incentives program if he or 2 3 she: 4 (1) is considered a dropout pursuant to Section 26-2a 5 of this Code; (2) has been suspended or expelled pursuant to Section 6 10-22.6 or 34-19 of this Code; 7 8 (3) is pregnant or is a parent; 9 (4) has been assessed as chemically dependent; or 10 (5) is enrolled in a bilingual education or LEP 11 program. following programs qualify as 12 The graduation (C) 13 incentives programs for students meeting the criteria 14 established in this Section: (1) Any public elementary or secondary education 15 16 graduation incentives program established by a school district or by a regional office of education. 17 18 (2) Any alternative learning opportunities program 19 established pursuant to Article 13B of this Code. 20 (3) Vocational or job training courses approved by the State Superintendent of Education that are available 21 22 through the Illinois public community college system. 23 Students may apply for reimbursement of 50% of tuition 24 costs for one course per semester or a maximum of 3 courses 25 per school year. Subject to available funds, students may 26 apply for reimbursement of up to 100% of tuition costs upon

a showing of employment within 6 months after completion of
 a vocational or job training program. The qualifications
 for reimbursement shall be established by the State
 Superintendent of Education by rule.

5 (4) Job and career programs approved by the State Superintendent of Education that are available through 6 Illinois-accredited private business 7 and vocational 8 schools. Subject to available funds, pupils may apply for 9 reimbursement of up to 100% of tuition costs upon a showing 10 of employment within 6 months after completion of a job or 11 career program. The State Superintendent of Education 12 shall establish, by rule, the qualifications for 13 reimbursement, criteria for determining reimbursement 14 amounts, and limits on reimbursement.

15 (5) Adult education courses that offer preparation forhigh school equivalency testing.

17 (d) Graduation incentives programs established by school districts are entitled to claim general State aid 18 and evidence-based funding, subject to Sections 13B-50, 13B-50.5, 19 20 and 13B-50.10 of this Code. Graduation incentives programs 21 operated by regional offices of education are entitled to 22 receive general State aid and evidence-based funding at the 23 foundation level of support per pupil enrolled. A school 24 district must ensure that its graduation incentives program 25 receives supplemental general State aid, transportation 26 reimbursements, and special education resources, if

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- 1 appropriate, for students enrolled in the program.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15.)

3 (105 ILCS 5/27-6) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-6)
4 Sec. 27-6. Courses in physical education required; special
5 activities.

Pupils enrolled in the public schools and State 6 (a) 7 universities engaged in preparing teachers shall be required to engage daily during the school day, except on block scheduled 8 9 days for those public schools engaged in block scheduling, in 10 courses of physical education for such periods as are compatible with the optimum growth and developmental needs of 11 12 individuals at the various age levels except when appropriate 13 excuses are submitted to the school by a pupil's parent or 14 quardian or by a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act 15 of 1987 and except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section. <u>A school board may determine the schedule or frequency</u> 16 of physical education courses, provided that a pupil engages in 17 18 a course of physical education for a minimum of 3 days per 19 5-day week.

20 Special activities in physical education shall be provided 21 for pupils whose physical or emotional condition, as determined 22 by a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987, 23 prevents their participation in the courses provided for normal 24 children.

25

(b) A school board is authorized to excuse pupils enrolled

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1 in grades 11 and 12 from engaging in physical education courses 2 if those pupils request to be excused for any of the following reasons: (1) for ongoing participation in an interscholastic 3 4 athletic program; (2) to enroll in academic classes which are 5 required for admission to an institution of higher learning, 6 provided that failure to take such classes will result in the pupil being denied admission to the institution of his or her 7 choice; or (3) to enroll in academic classes which are required 8 9 for graduation from high school, provided that failure to take 10 such classes will result in the pupil being unable to graduate. 11 A school board may also excuse pupils in grades 9 through 12 enrolled in a marching band program for credit from engaging in 12 13 physical education courses if those pupils request to be 14 excused for ongoing participation in such marching band 15 program. A school board may also, on a case-by-case basis, excuse pupils in grades 7 through 12 who participate in an 16 interscholastic or extracurricular athletic program from 17 engaging in physical education courses. In addition, a pupil in 18 any of grades 3 through 12 who is eligible for special 19 20 education may be excused if the pupil's parent or guardian agrees that the pupil must utilize the time set aside for 21 22 physical education to receive special education support and 23 services or, if there is no agreement, the individualized 24 education program team for the pupil determines that the pupil 25 must utilize the time set aside for physical education to 26 receive special education support and services, which

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1 agreement or determination must be made a part of the 2 individualized education program. However, a pupil requiring 3 adapted physical education must receive that service in 4 accordance with the individualized education program developed 5 for the pupil. If requested, a school board is authorized to 6 excuse a pupil from engaging in a physical education course if the pupil has an individualized educational program under 7 Article 14 of this Code, is participating in an adaptive 8 9 athletic program outside of the school setting, and documents 10 such participation as determined by the school board. A school 11 board may also excuse pupils in grades 9 through 12 enrolled in a Reserve Officer's Training Corps (ROTC) program sponsored by 12 the school district from engaging in physical education 13 courses. School boards which choose to exercise this authority 14 15 shall establish a policy to excuse pupils on an individual 16 basis.

17 (c) The provisions of this Section are subject to the18 provisions of Section 27-22.05.

19 (Source: P.A. 98-116, eff. 7-29-13.)

20

(105 ILCS 5/27-7) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-7)

Sec. 27-7. Physical education course of study. A physical education course of study shall include a developmentally planned and sequential curriculum that fosters the development of movement skills, enhances health-related fitness, increases students' knowledge, offers direct opportunities to learn how 10000SB0444ham001 -462- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

to work cooperatively in a group setting, and encourages healthy habits and attitudes for a healthy lifestyle. A physical education course of study shall provide students with an opportunity for an appropriate amount of daily physical activity. A physical education course of study must be part of the regular school curriculum and not extra-curricular in nature or organization.

8 The State Board of Education shall prepare and make 9 available guidelines for the various grades and types of 10 schools in order to make effective the purposes set forth in 11 this Section and the requirements provided in Section 27-6, and 12 shall see that the general provisions and intent of Sections 13 27-5 to 27-9, inclusive, are enforced.

14 (Source: P.A. 94-189, eff. 7-12-05; 94-200, eff. 7-12-05.)

15

(105 ILCS 5/27-8.1) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-8.1)

16 Sec. 27-8.1. Health examinations and immunizations.

(1) In compliance with rules and regulations which the 17 Department of Public Health shall promulgate, and except as 18 19 hereinafter provided, all children in Illinois shall have a health examination as follows: within one year prior to 20 entering kindergarten or the first grade of any public, 21 private, or parochial elementary school; upon entering the 22 23 sixth and ninth grades of any public, private, or parochial 24 school; prior to entrance into any public, private, or 25 parochial nursery school; and, irrespective of grade,

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1 immediately prior to or upon entrance into any public, private, 2 or parochial school or nursery school, each child shall present proof of having been examined in accordance with this Section 3 4 and the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder. Any child 5 who received a health examination within one year prior to 6 entering the fifth grade for the 2007-2008 school year is not required to receive an additional health examination in order 7 to comply with the provisions of Public Act 95-422 when he or 8 9 she attends school for the 2008-2009 school year, unless the 10 child is attending school for the first time as provided in 11 this paragraph.

A tuberculosis skin test screening shall be included as a 12 13 required part of each health examination included under this 14 Section if the child resides in an area designated by the 15 Department of Public Health as having a high incidence of 16 tuberculosis. Additional health examinations of pupils, including eye examinations, may be required when deemed 17 18 necessary by school authorities. Parents are encouraged to have 19 their children undergo eye examinations at the same points in 20 time required for health examinations.

(1.5) In compliance with rules adopted by the Department of Public Health and except as otherwise provided in this Section, all children in kindergarten and the second and sixth grades of any public, private, or parochial school shall have a dental examination. Each of these children shall present proof of having been examined by a dentist in accordance with this -464- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 Section and rules adopted under this Section before May 15th of 2 the school year. If a child in the second or sixth grade fails to present proof by May 15th, the school may hold the child's 3 4 report card until one of the following occurs: (i) the child 5 presents proof of a completed dental examination or (ii) the 6 child presents proof that a dental examination will take place within 60 days after May 15th. The Department of Public Health 7 shall establish, by rule, a waiver for children who show an 8 9 undue burden or a lack of access to a dentist. Each public, 10 private, and parochial school must give notice of this dental 11 examination requirement to the parents and quardians of students at least 60 days before May 15th of each school year. 12

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13 (1.10) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, all 14 children enrolling in kindergarten in a public, private, or 15 parochial school on or after the effective date of this 16 amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly and any student enrolling for the first time in a public, private, or parochial 17 school on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 18 the 95th General Assembly shall have an eve examination. Each 19 20 of these children shall present proof of having been examined by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its 21 22 branches or a licensed optometrist within the previous year, in 23 accordance with this Section and rules adopted under this 24 Section, before October 15th of the school year. If the child 25 fails to present proof by October 15th, the school may hold the 26 child's report card until one of the following occurs: (i) the

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1 child presents proof of a completed eye examination or (ii) the child presents proof that an eye examination will take place 2 within 60 days after October 15th. The Department of Public 3 4 Health shall establish, by rule, a waiver for children who show 5 an undue burden or a lack of access to a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches who provides eye 6 examinations or to a licensed optometrist. Each public, 7 private, and parochial school must give notice of this eye 8 9 examination requirement to the parents and guardians of 10 students in compliance with rules of the Department of Public 11 Health. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to allow a school to exclude a child from attending because of a parent's 12 13 or guardian's failure to obtain an eye examination for the child. 14

15 (2) The Department of Public Health shall promulgate rules 16 and regulations specifying the examinations and procedures that constitute a health examination, which shall include an 17 age-appropriate developmental screening, an age-appropriate 18 19 social and emotional screening, and the collection of data 20 relating to obesity (including at a minimum, date of birth, 21 gender, height, weight, blood pressure, and date of exam), and 22 a dental examination and may recommend by rule that certain 23 additional examinations be performed. The rules and 24 regulations of the Department of Public Health shall specify 25 that a tuberculosis skin test screening shall be included as a 26 required part of each health examination included under this

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1 Section if the child resides in an area designated by the 2 Department of Public Health as having a high incidence of tuberculosis. With respect to the developmental screening and 3 4 the social and emotional screening, the Department of Public 5 Health must develop rules and appropriate revisions to the 6 Child Health Examination form in conjunction with a statewide representing school boards; a 7 organization statewide 8 organization representing pediatricians; statewide 9 organizations representing individuals holding Illinois 10 educator licenses with school support personnel endorsements, 11 including school social workers, school psychologists, and statewide organization representing 12 school nurses; а 13 children's mental health experts; a statewide organization representing school principals; the Director of Healthcare and 14 15 Family Services or his or her designee, the State 16 Superintendent of Education or his or her designee; and representatives of other appropriate State agencies and, at a 17 minimum, must recommend the use of validated screening tools 18 appropriate to the child's age or grade, and, with regard to 19 20 the social and emotional screening, require recording only 21 whether or not the screening was completed. The rules shall take into consideration the screening recommendations of the 22 23 American Academy of Pediatrics and must be consistent with the 24 State Board of Education's social and emotional learning 25 standards. The Department of Public Health shall specify that a 26 diabetes screening as defined by rule shall be included as a

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required part of each health examination. Diabetes testing is
 not required.

Physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its 3 4 branches, licensed advanced practice nurses, or licensed 5 physician assistants shall be responsible for the performance 6 of the health examinations, other than dental examinations, eye examinations, and vision and hearing screening, and shall sign 7 all report forms required by subsection (4) of this Section 8 9 that pertain to those portions of the health examination for 10 which the physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician 11 assistant is responsible. If a registered nurse performs any part of a health examination, then a physician licensed to 12 13 practice medicine in all of its branches must review and sign 14 all required report forms. Licensed dentists shall perform all 15 dental examinations and shall sign all report forms required by 16 subsection (4) of this Section that pertain to the dental examinations. Physicians licensed to practice medicine in all 17 18 its branches or licensed optometrists shall perform all eye examinations required by this Section and shall sign all report 19 20 forms required by subsection (4) of this Section that pertain to the eye examination. For purposes of this Section, an eye 21 22 examination shall at a minimum include history, visual acuity, 23 subjective refraction to best visual acuity near and far, 24 internal and external examination, and a glaucoma evaluation, 25 as well as any other tests or observations that in the 26 professional judgment of the doctor are necessary. Vision and

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1 hearing screening tests, which shall not be considered examinations as that term is used in this Section, shall be 2 conducted in accordance with rules and regulations of the 3 4 Department of Public Health, and by individuals whom the 5 Department of Public Health has certified. In these rules and 6 regulations, the Department of Public Health shall require that individuals conducting vision screening tests give a child's 7 parent or guardian written notification, before the vision 8 9 screening is conducted, that states, "Vision screening is not a 10 substitute for a complete eye and vision evaluation by an eye 11 doctor. Your child is not required to undergo this vision screening if an optometrist or ophthalmologist has completed 12 13 and signed a report form indicating that an examination has been administered within the previous 12 months." 14

15 (2.5) With respect to the developmental screening and the 16 emotional screening portion of social and the health examination, each child may present proof of having been 17 screened in accordance with this Section and the rules adopted 18 under this Section before October 15th of the school year. With 19 20 regard to the social and emotional screening only, the 21 examining health care provider shall only record whether or not 22 the screening was completed. If the child fails to present 23 proof of the developmental screening or the social and 24 emotional screening portions of the health examination by 25 October 15th of the school year, qualified school support 26 personnel may, with a parent's or guardian's consent, offer the

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1 developmental screening or the social and emotional screening to the child. Each public, private, and parochial school must 2 3 give notice of the developmental screening and social and 4 emotional screening requirements to the parents and guardians 5 of students in compliance with the rules of the Department of Public Health. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to 6 allow a school to exclude a child from attending because of a 7 8 parent's or guardian's failure to obtain a developmental screening or a social and emotional screening for the child. 9 10 Once a developmental screening or a social and emotional 11 screening is completed and proof has been presented to the school, the school may, with a parent's or quardian's consent, 12 13 make available appropriate school personnel to work with the 14 parent or quardian, the child, and the provider who signed the 15 screening form to obtain any appropriate evaluations and 16 services as indicated on the form and in other information and documentation provided by the parents, guardians, or provider. 17

(3) Every child shall, at or about the same time as he or she receives a health examination required by subsection (1) of this Section, present to the local school proof of having received such immunizations against preventable communicable diseases as the Department of Public Health shall require by rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this Section and the Communicable Disease Prevention Act.

(4) The individuals conducting the health examination,
 dental examination, or eye examination shall record the fact of

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1 having conducted the examination, and such additional information as required, including for a health examination 2 data relating to obesity (including at a minimum, date of 3 4 birth, gender, height, weight, blood pressure, and date of 5 exam), on uniform forms which the Department of Public Health and the State Board of Education shall prescribe for statewide 6 use. The examiner shall summarize on the report form any 7 8 condition that he or she suspects indicates a need for special 9 services, including for a health examination factors relating 10 to obesity. The duty to summarize on the report form does not 11 apply to social and emotional screenings. The confidentiality of the information and records relating to the developmental 12 13 screening and the social and emotional screening shall be 14 determined by the statutes, rules, and professional ethics 15 governing the type of provider conducting the screening. The 16 individuals confirming the administration of required immunizations shall record as indicated on the form that the 17 immunizations were administered. 18

(5) If a child does not submit proof of having had either 19 20 the health examination or the immunization as required, then 21 the child shall be examined or receive the immunization, as the 22 case may be, and present proof by October 15 of the current 23 school year, or by an earlier date of the current school year 24 established by a school district. To establish a date before 25 October 15 of the current school year for the health 26 examination or immunization as required, a school district must

1 give notice of the requirements of this Section 60 days prior to the earlier established date. If for medical reasons one or 2 3 more of the required immunizations must be given after October 4 15 of the current school year, or after an earlier established 5 date of the current school year, then the child shall present, by October 15, or by the earlier established date, a schedule 6 for the administration of the immunizations and a statement of 7 the medical reasons causing the delay, both the schedule and 8 9 the statement being issued by the physician, advanced practice 10 nurse, physician assistant, registered nurse, or local health 11 department that will be responsible for administration of the remaining required immunizations. If a child does not comply by 12 13 October 15, or by the earlier established date of the current 14 school year, with the requirements of this subsection, then the 15 local school authority shall exclude that child from school 16 until such time as the child presents proof of having had the health examination as required and presents proof of having 17 received those required immunizations which are medically 18 possible to receive immediately. During a child's exclusion 19 20 from school for noncompliance with this subsection, the child's parents or legal guardian shall be considered in violation of 21 22 Section 26-1 and subject to any penalty imposed by Section 23 26-10. This subsection (5) does not apply to dental 24 examinations, eye examinations, and the developmental 25 screening and the social and emotional screening portions of the health examination. If the student is an out-of-state 26

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1 transfer student and does not have the proof required under this subsection (5) before October 15 of the current year or 2 whatever date is set by the school district, then he or she may 3 4 only attend classes (i) if he or she has proof that an 5 appointment for the required vaccinations has been scheduled 6 with a party authorized to submit proof of the required vaccinations. If the proof of vaccination required under this 7 8 subsection (5) is not submitted within 30 days after the 9 student is permitted to attend classes, then the student is not 10 to be permitted to attend classes until proof of the 11 vaccinations has been properly submitted. No school district or employee of a school district shall be held liable for any 12 13 injury or illness to another person that results from admitting an out-of-state transfer student to class that has 14 an 15 appointment scheduled pursuant to this subsection (5).

16 (6) Every school shall report to the State Board of Education by November 15, in the manner which that agency shall 17 require, the number of children who have received the necessary 18 immunizations and the health examination (other than a dental 19 20 examination or eye examination) as required, indicating, of those who have not received the immunizations and examination 21 22 as required, the number of children who are exempt from health 23 examination and immunization requirements on religious or 24 medical grounds as provided in subsection (8). On or before 25 December 1 of each year, every public school district and 26 registered nonpublic school shall make publicly available the

1 immunization data they are required to submit to the State 2 Board of Education by November 15. The immunization data made 3 publicly available must be identical to the data the school 4 district or school has reported to the State Board of 5 Education.

Every school shall report to the State Board of Education 6 7 by June 30, in the manner that the State Board requires, the number of children who have received the required dental 8 9 examination, indicating, of those who have not received the 10 required dental examination, the number of children who are 11 exempt from the dental examination on religious grounds as provided in subsection (8) of this Section and the number of 12 13 children who have received a waiver under subsection (1.5) of 14 this Section.

15 Every school shall report to the State Board of Education 16 by June 30, in the manner that the State Board requires, the number of children who have received the required eye 17 examination, indicating, of those who have not received the 18 required eye examination, the number of children who are exempt 19 20 from the eye examination as provided in subsection (8) of this Section, the number of children who have received a waiver 21 under subsection (1.10) of this Section, and the total number 22 23 children in noncompliance with the eye examination of 24 requirement.

The reported information under this subsection (6) shall be provided to the Department of Public Health by the State Board 1 of Education.

2 (7) Upon determining that the number of pupils who are required to be in compliance with subsection (5) of this 3 4 Section is below 90% of the number of pupils enrolled in the 5 school district, 10% of each State aid payment made pursuant to Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15 to the school district for such year 6 may be withheld by the State Board of Education until the 7 8 number of students in compliance with subsection (5) is the 9 applicable specified percentage or higher.

10 (8) Children of parents or legal guardians who object to 11 health, dental, or eye examinations or any part thereof, to immunizations, or to vision and hearing screening tests on 12 13 religious grounds shall not be required to undergo the 14 examinations, tests, or immunizations to which they so object 15 if such parents or legal quardians present to the appropriate 16 local school authority a signed Certificate of Religious Exemption detailing the grounds for objection and the specific 17 immunizations, tests, or examinations to which they object. The 18 grounds for objection must set forth the specific religious 19 20 belief that conflicts with the examination, test, 21 immunization, or other medical intervention. The signed 22 certificate shall also reflect the parent's or legal guardian's 23 understanding of the school's exclusion policies in the case of 24 a vaccine-preventable disease outbreak or exposure. The 25 certificate must also be signed by the authorized examining 26 health care provider responsible for the performance of the

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child's health examination confirming that the provider 1 provided education to the parent or legal guardian on the 2 benefits of immunization and the health risks to the student 3 4 and to the community of the communicable diseases for which 5 immunization is required in this State. However, the health 6 care provider's signature on the certificate reflects only that education was provided and does not allow a health care 7 provider grounds to determine a religious exemption. Those 8 9 receiving immunizations required under this Code shall be 10 provided with the relevant vaccine information statements that 11 are required to be disseminated by the federal National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, which may contain 12 13 information on circumstances when a vaccine should not be 14 administered, prior to administering a vaccine. A healthcare 15 provider may consider including without limitation the 16 nationally accepted recommendations from federal agencies such as the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices, the 17 information outlined in the relevant vaccine information 18 statement, and vaccine package inserts, along with the 19 20 healthcare provider's clinical judgment, to determine whether 21 any child may be more susceptible to experiencing an adverse 22 vaccine reaction than the general population, and, if so, the 23 healthcare provider may exempt the child from an immunization 24 adopt an individualized immunization schedule. or The 25 Certificate of Religious Exemption shall be created by the Department of Public Health and shall be made available and 26

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1 used by parents and legal guardians by the beginning of the 2015-2016 school year. Parents or legal guardians must submit 2 3 the Certificate of Religious Exemption to their local school 4 authority prior to entering kindergarten, sixth grade, and 5 ninth grade for each child for which they are requesting an exemption. The religious objection stated need not be directed 6 by the tenets of an established religious organization. 7 8 However, general philosophical or moral reluctance to allow 9 physical examinations, eye examinations, immunizations, vision 10 and hearing screenings, or dental examinations does not provide 11 a sufficient basis for an exception to statutory requirements. The local school authority is responsible for determining if 12 13 the content of the Certificate of Religious Exemption 14 constitutes a valid religious objection. The local school 15 authority shall inform the parent or legal quardian of 16 exclusion procedures, in accordance with the Department's rules under Part 690 of Title 77 of the Illinois Administrative 17 18 Code, at the time the objection is presented.

19 If the physical condition of the child is such that any one 20 or more of the immunizing agents should not be administered, 21 the examining physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician 22 assistant responsible for the performance of the health 23 examination shall endorse that fact upon the health examination 24 form.

Exempting a child from the health, dental, or eye examination does not exempt the child from participation in the 10000SB0444ham001 -477- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

program of physical education training provided in Sections
 27-5 through 27-7 of this Code.

3 (9) For the purposes of this Section, "nursery schools" 4 means those nursery schools operated by elementary school 5 systems or secondary level school units or institutions of 6 higher learning.

7 (Source: P.A. 98-673, eff. 6-30-14; 99-173, eff. 7-29-15; 8 99-249, eff. 8-3-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-927, eff. 9 6-1-17.)

10 (105 ILCS 5/27-24.2) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-24.2)

Sec. 27-24.2. Safety education; driver education course. 11 Instruction shall be given in safety education in each of 12 13 grades one through 8, equivalent to one class period each week, 14 and any school district which maintains grades 9 through 12 15 shall offer a driver education course in any such school which it operates. Its curriculum shall include content dealing with 16 Chapters 11, 12, 13, 15, and 16 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 17 the rules adopted pursuant to those Chapters insofar as they 18 19 pertain to the operation of motor vehicles, and the portions of the Litter Control Act relating to the operation of motor 20 21 vehicles. The course of instruction given in grades 10 through 22 12 shall include an emphasis on the development of knowledge, 23 attitudes, habits, and skills necessary for the safe operation 24 of motor vehicles, including motorcycles insofar as they can be 25 taught in the classroom, and instruction on distracted driving 10000SB0444ham001 -478- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 as a major traffic safety issue. In addition, the course shall include instruction on special hazards existing at and required 2 3 safety and driving precautions that must be observed at 4 emergency situations, highway construction and maintenance 5 zones, and railroad crossings and the approaches thereto. Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, the course shall also 6 include instruction concerning law enforcement procedures for 7 8 traffic stops, including a demonstration of the proper actions to be taken during a traffic stop and appropriate interactions 9 10 with law enforcement. The course of instruction required of 11 each eligible student at the high school level shall consist of a minimum of 30 clock hours of classroom instruction and a 12 13 minimum of 6 clock hours of individual behind-the-wheel 14 instruction in a dual control car on public roadways taught by 15 a driver education instructor endorsed by the State Board of 16 Education. Both the classroom instruction part and the practice driving part of such driver education course shall be open to a 17 18 resident or non-resident student attending a non-public school in the district wherein the course is offered. Each student 19 20 attending any public or non-public high school in the district 21 must receive a passing grade in at least 8 courses during the 22 previous 2 semesters prior to enrolling in a driver education 23 course, or the student shall not be permitted to enroll in the 24 course; provided that the local superintendent of schools (with 25 respect to a student attending a public high school in the 26 district) or chief school administrator (with respect to a

1 student attending a non-public high school in the district) may 2 waive the requirement if the superintendent or chief school administrator, as the case may be, deems it to be in the best 3 4 interest of the student. A student may be allowed to commence 5 the classroom instruction part of such driver education course 6 prior to reaching age 15 if such student then will be eligible to complete the entire course within 12 months after being 7 allowed to commence such classroom instruction. 8

9 A school district may offer a driver education course in a 10 school by contracting with a commercial driver training school 11 to provide both the classroom instruction part and the practice driving part or either one without having to request a 12 13 modification or waiver of administrative rules of the State 14 Board of Education if the school district approves the action 15 during a public hearing on whether to enter into a contract with a commercial driver training school. The public hearing 16 shall be held at a regular or special school board meeting 17 prior to entering into such a contract. If a school district 18 19 chooses to approve a contract with a commercial driver training 20 school, then the district must provide evidence to the State Board of Education that the commercial driver training school 21 22 with which it will contract holds a license issued by the Secretary of State under Article IV of Chapter 6 of the 23 Illinois Vehicle Code and that each instructor employed by the 24 25 commercial driver training school to provide instruction to students served by the school district holds a valid teaching 26

1	license issued under the requirements of this Code and rules of
2	the State Board of Education. Such evidence must include, but
3	need not be limited to, a list of each instructor assigned to
4	teach students served by the school district, which list shall
5	include the instructor's name, personal identification number
6	as required by the State Board of Education, birth date, and
7	driver's license number. Once the contract is entered into, the
8	school district shall notify the State Board of Education of
9	any changes in the personnel providing instruction either (i)
10	within 15 calendar days after an instructor leaves the program
11	or (ii) before a new instructor is hired. Such notification
12	shall include the instructor's name, personal identification
13	number as required by the State Board of Education, birth date,
14	and driver's license number. If the school district maintains
15	an Internet website, then the district shall post a copy of the
16	final contract between the district and the commercial driver
17	training school on the district's Internet website. If no
18	Internet website exists, then the school district shall make
19	available the contract upon request. A record of all materials
20	in relation to the contract must be maintained by the school
21	district and made available to parents and guardians upon
22	request. The instructor's date of birth and driver's license
23	number and any other personally identifying information as
24	deemed by the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994
25	must be redacted from any public materials.
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26 Such a course may be commenced immediately after the

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completion of a prior course. Teachers of such courses shall
 meet the <u>licensure certification</u> requirements of this <u>Code</u> Act
 and regulations of the State Board as to qualifications.

4 Subject to rules of the State Board of Education, the 5 school district may charge a reasonable fee, not to exceed \$50, to students who participate in the course, unless a student is 6 unable to pay for such a course, in which event the fee for 7 such a student must be waived. However, the district mav 8 9 increase this fee to an amount not to exceed \$250 by school 10 board resolution following a public hearing on the increase, 11 which increased fee must be waived for students who participate in the course and are unable to pay for the course. The total 12 13 amount from driver education fees and reimbursement from the State for driver education must not exceed the total cost of 14 15 the driver education program in any year and must be deposited 16 into the school district's driver education fund as a separate line item budget entry. All moneys deposited into the school 17 18 district's driver education fund must be used solely for the funding of a high school driver education program approved by 19 20 the State Board of Education that uses driver education 21 instructors endorsed by the State Board of Education.

22 (Source: P.A. 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-720, eff. 1-1-17.)

23 (105 ILCS 5/27A-9)

24 Sec. 27A-9. Term of charter; renewal.

25 (a) For charters granted before <u>January 1, 2017 (</u>the

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1 effective date of Public Act 99-840) this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly, a charter may be granted for a period 2 3 not less than 5 and not more than 10 school years. For charters 4 granted on or after January 1, 2017 (the effective date of 5 Public Act 99-840) this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly, a charter shall be granted for a period of 5 school 6 years. For charters renewed before January 1, 2017 (the 7 effective date of Public Act 99-840) this amendatory Act of the 8 99th General Assembly, a charter may be renewed in incremental 9 10 periods not to exceed 5 school years. For charters renewed on 11 or after January 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-840) this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly, a 12 13 charter may be renewed in incremental periods not to exceed 10 14 school years; however, the Commission may renew a charter only 15 in incremental periods not to exceed 5 years. Authorizers shall 16 ensure that every charter granted on or after January 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-840) this amendatory Act 17 of the 99th General Assembly includes standards and goals for 18 19 academic, organizational, and financial performance. A charter 20 must meet all standards and goals for academic, organizational, 21 and financial performance set forth by the authorizer in order 22 to be renewed for a term in excess of 5 years but not more than 23 10 years. If an authorizer fails to establish standards and 24 goals, a charter shall not be renewed for a term in excess of 5 25 years. Nothing contained in this Section shall require an 26 authorizer to grant a full 10-year renewal term to any

particular charter school, but an authorizer may award a full 1 10-vear renewal term to charter schools 2 that have а 3 demonstrated track record of improving student performance.

4 (b) A charter school renewal proposal submitted to the 5 local school board or the Commission, as the chartering entity, shall contain: 6

7 (1) A report on the progress of the charter school in achieving the goals, objectives, pupil performance 8 9 standards, content standards, and other terms of the 10 initial approved charter proposal; and

11 (2) A financial statement that discloses the costs of administration, instruction, and other spending categories 12 13 for the charter school that is understandable to the 14 general public and that will allow comparison of those 15 costs to other schools or other comparable organizations, 16 in a format required by the State Board.

17 (c) A charter may be revoked or not renewed if the local 18 school board or the Commission, as the chartering entity, clearly demonstrates that the charter school did any of the 19 20 following, or otherwise failed to comply with the requirements of this law: 21

22 (1) Committed a material violation of any of the 23 conditions, standards, or procedures set forth in the 24 charter.

25 (2) Failed to meet or make reasonable progress toward 26 achievement of the content standards or pupil performance

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standards identified in the charter.

2 (3) Failed to meet generally accepted standards of
3 fiscal management.

4 (4) Violated any provision of law from which the 5 charter school was not exempted.

In the case of revocation, the local school board or the 6 Commission, as the chartering entity, shall notify the charter 7 8 school in writing of the reason why the charter is subject to 9 revocation. The charter school shall submit a written plan to 10 the local school board or the Commission, whichever is 11 applicable, to rectify the problem. The plan shall include a timeline for implementation, which shall not exceed 2 years or 12 13 the date of the charter's expiration, whichever is earlier. If 14 the local school board or the Commission, as the chartering 15 entity, finds that the charter school has failed to implement 16 the plan of remediation and adhere to the timeline, then the chartering entity shall revoke the charter. Except 17 in 18 situations of an emergency where the health, safety, or education of the charter school's students is at risk, the 19 20 revocation shall take place at the end of a school year. 21 Nothing in Public Act 96-105 this amendatory Act of the 96th 22 General Assembly shall be construed to prohibit an 23 implementation timetable that is less than 2 years in duration. 24 (d) (Blank).

(e) Notice of a local school board's decision to deny,
revoke, or not to renew a charter shall be provided to the

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1 Commission and the State Board. The Commission may reverse a local board's decision if the Commission finds that the charter 2 3 school or charter school proposal (i) is in compliance with 4 this Article, and (ii) is in the best interests of the students 5 it is designed to serve. The Commission may condition the granting of an appeal on the acceptance by the charter school 6 of funding in an amount less than that requested in the 7 proposal submitted to the local school board. Final decisions 8 9 of the Commission shall be subject to judicial review under the 10 Administrative Review Law.

11 (f) Notwithstanding other provisions of this Article, if the Commission on appeal reverses a local board's decision or 12 13 if a charter school is approved by referendum, the Commission 14 shall act as the authorized chartering entity for the charter 15 school. The Commission shall approve the charter and shall 16 perform all functions under this Article otherwise performed by the local school board. The State Board shall determine whether 17 18 the charter proposal approved by the Commission is consistent with the provisions of this Article and, if the approved 19 20 proposal complies, certify the proposal pursuant to this 21 Article. The State Board shall report the aggregate number of charter school pupils resident in a school district to that 22 23 district and shall notify the district of the amount of funding 24 to be paid by the State Board to the charter school enrolling 25 such students. The Commission shall require the charter school 26 to maintain accurate records of daily attendance that shall be

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deemed sufficient to file claims under Section 18-8.05 <u>or</u> <u>18-8.15</u> notwithstanding any other requirements of that Section regarding hours of instruction and teacher certification. The State Board shall withhold from funds otherwise due the district the funds authorized by this Article to be paid to the charter school and shall pay such amounts to the charter school.

8 (g) For charter schools authorized by the Commission, the 9 Commission shall quarterly certify to the State Board the 10 student enrollment for each of its charter schools.

(h) For charter schools authorized by the Commission, the State Board shall pay directly to a charter school any federal or State aid attributable to a student with a disability attending the school.

15 (Source: P.A. 98-739, eff. 7-16-14; 99-840, eff. 1-1-17; 16 revised 10-27-16.)

17 (105 ILCS 5/27A-11)

18 Sec. 27A-11. Local financing.

(a) For purposes of the School Code, pupils enrolled in a charter school shall be included in the pupil enrollment of the school district within which the pupil resides. Each charter school (i) shall determine the school district in which each pupil who is enrolled in the charter school resides, (ii) shall report the aggregate number of pupils resident of a school district who are enrolled in the charter school to the school district in which those pupils reside, and (iii) shall maintain accurate records of daily attendance that shall be deemed sufficient to file claims under Section 18-8 <u>or 18-8.15</u> notwithstanding any other requirements of that Section regarding hours of instruction and teacher certification.

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(b) Except for a charter school established by referendum 6 under Section 27A-6.5, as part of a charter school contract, 7 the charter school and the local school board shall agree on 8 funding and any services to be provided by the school district 9 10 to the charter school. Agreed funding that a charter school is 11 to receive from the local school board for a school year shall 12 be paid in equal quarterly installments with the payment of the installment for the first quarter being made not later than 13 14 July 1, unless the charter establishes a different payment 15 schedule. However, if a charter school dismisses a pupil from 16 the charter school after receiving a quarterly payment, the charter school shall return to the school district, on a 17 quarterly basis, the prorated portion of public funding 18 provided for the education of that pupil for the time the 19 20 student is not enrolled at the charter school. Likewise, if a 21 pupil transfers to a charter school between quarterly payments, 22 the school district shall provide, on a quarterly basis, a 23 prorated portion of the public funding to the charter school to 24 provide for the education of that pupil.

All services centrally or otherwise provided by the school district including, but not limited to, rent, food services, 10000SB0444ham001 -488- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 custodial services, maintenance, curriculum, media services, libraries, transportation, and warehousing shall be subject to 2 3 negotiation between a charter school and the local school board 4 and paid for out of the revenues negotiated pursuant to this 5 subsection (b); provided that the local school board shall not attempt, by negotiation or otherwise, to obligate a charter 6 school to provide pupil transportation for pupils for whom a 7 district is not required to provide transportation under the 8 9 criteria set forth in subsection (a) (13) of Section 27A-7.

In no event shall the funding be less than <u>97%</u> 75% or more than <u>103%</u> 125% of the school district's per capita student tuition multiplied by the number of students residing in the district who are enrolled in the charter school.

14 It is the intent of the General Assembly that funding and 15 service agreements under this subsection (b) shall be neither a 16 financial incentive nor a financial disincentive to the 17 establishment of a charter school.

18 The charter school may set and collect reasonable fees.
19 Fees collected from students enrolled at a charter school shall
20 be retained by the charter school.

(c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Section, the proportionate share of State and federal resources generated by students with disabilities or staff serving them shall be directed to charter schools enrolling those students by their school districts or administrative units. The proportionate share of moneys generated under other federal or State categorical aid programs shall be directed to charter schools
 serving students eligible for that aid.

3 (d) The governing body of a charter school is authorized to 4 accept gifts, donations, or grants of any kind made to the 5 charter school and to expend or use gifts, donations, or grants in accordance with the conditions prescribed by the donor; 6 however, a gift, donation, or grant may not be accepted by the 7 8 governing body if it is subject to any condition contrary to 9 applicable law or contrary to the terms of the contract between 10 the charter school and the local school board. Charter schools 11 shall be encouraged to solicit and utilize community volunteer speakers and other instructional resources when providing 12 13 instruction on the Holocaust and other historical events.

14 (e) (Blank).

(f) The Commission shall provide technical assistance topersons and groups preparing or revising charter applications.

17 (g) At the non-renewal or revocation of its charter, each 18 charter school shall refund to the local board of education all 19 unspent funds.

20 (h) A charter school is authorized to incur temporary, 21 short term debt to pay operating expenses in anticipation of 22 receipt of funds from the local school board.

23 (Source: P.A. 98-640, eff. 6-9-14; 98-739, eff. 7-16-14; 99-78,
24 eff. 7-20-15.)

25 (105 ILCS 5/29-5) (from Ch. 122, par. 29-5)

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1 Sec. 29-5. Reimbursement by State for transportation. Any school district, maintaining a school, transporting resident 2 pupils to another school district's vocational program, 3 4 offered through a joint agreement approved by the State Board 5 of Education, as provided in Section 10-22.22 or transporting 6 its resident pupils to a school which meets the standards for recognition as established by the State Board of Education 7 8 which provides transportation meeting the standards of safety, 9 comfort, convenience, efficiency and operation prescribed by 10 State Board of Education for resident pupils the in 11 kindergarten or any of grades 1 through 12 who: (a) reside at least 1 1/2 miles as measured by the customary route of travel, 12 13 from the school attended; or (b) reside in areas where conditions are such that walking constitutes a hazard to the 14 15 safety of the child when determined under Section 29-3; and (c) 16 are transported to the school attended from pick-up points at the beginning of the school day and back again at the close of 17 the school day or transported to and from their assigned 18 attendance centers during the school day, shall be reimbursed 19 20 by the State as hereinafter provided in this Section.

The State will pay the cost of transporting eligible pupils less the <u>prior year</u> assessed valuation in a dual school district maintaining secondary grades 9 to 12 inclusive times a qualifying rate of .05%; in elementary school districts maintaining grades K to 8 times a qualifying rate of .06%; and in unit districts maintaining grades K to 12, including 10000SB0444ham001 -491- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 optional elementary unit districts and combined high school -2 unit districts, times a qualifying rate of .07%; provided that 3 for optional elementary unit districts and combined high school 4 - unit districts, prior year assessed valuation for high school 5 purposes, as defined in Article 11E of this Code, must be used. 6 To be eligible to receive reimbursement in excess of 4/5 of the cost to transport eligible pupils, a school district shall have 7 8 a Transportation Fund tax rate of at least .12%. If a school district does not have a .12% Transportation Fund tax rate, the 9 10 amount of its claim in excess of 4/5 of the cost of 11 transporting pupils shall be reduced by the sum arrived at by subtracting the Transportation Fund tax rate from .12% and 12 multiplying that amount by the district's prior year districts 13 14 equalized or assessed valuation, provided, that in no case 15 shall said reduction result in reimbursement of less than 4/5 16 of the cost to transport eligible pupils.

17 The minimum amount to be received by a district is \$16 18 times the number of eligible pupils transported.

When calculating the reimbursement for transportation costs, the State Board of Education may not deduct the number of pupils enrolled in early education programs from the number of pupils eligible for reimbursement if the pupils enrolled in the early education programs are transported at the same time as other eligible pupils.

Any such district transporting resident pupils during the school day to an area vocational school or another school 10000SB0444ham001 -492- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

district's vocational program more than 1 1/2 miles from the school attended, as provided in Sections 10-22.20a and 10-22.22, shall be reimbursed by the State for 4/5 of the cost of transporting eligible pupils.

5 School day means that period of time which the pupil is 6 required to be in attendance for instructional purposes.

7 If a pupil is at a location within the school district 8 other than his residence for child care purposes at the time 9 for transportation to school, that location may be considered 10 for purposes of determining the 1 1/2 miles from the school 11 attended.

12 Claims for reimbursement that include children who attend 13 any school other than a public school shall show the number of 14 such children transported.

15 Claims for reimbursement under this Section shall not be 16 paid for the transportation of pupils for whom transportation 17 costs are claimed for payment under other Sections of this Act.

The allowable direct cost of transporting pupils for 18 19 regular, vocational, and special education pupil 20 transportation shall be limited to the sum of the cost of 21 physical examinations required for employment as a school bus 22 driver; the salaries of full or part-time drivers and school 23 maintenance personnel; employee benefits excluding bus 24 Illinois municipal retirement payments, social security 25 payments, unemployment insurance payments and workers' 26 compensation insurance premiums; expenditures to independent

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1 carriers who operate school buses; payments to other school districts for pupil transportation services; pre-approved 2 3 contractual expenditures for computerized bus scheduling; the 4 cost of gasoline, oil, tires, and other supplies necessary for 5 the operation of school buses; the cost of converting buses' 6 gasoline engines to more fuel efficient engines or to engines which use alternative energy sources; the cost of travel to 7 8 meetings and workshops conducted by the regional 9 superintendent or the State Superintendent of Education 10 pursuant to the standards established by the Secretary of State 11 under Section 6-106 of the Illinois Vehicle Code to improve the driving skills of school bus drivers; the cost of maintenance 12 13 school buses including parts and materials of used; 14 expenditures for leasing transportation vehicles, except 15 interest and service charges; the cost of insurance and 16 licenses for transportation vehicles; expenditures for the rental of transportation equipment; plus a depreciation 17 allowance of 20% for 5 years for school buses and vehicles 18 19 approved for transporting pupils to and from school and a 20 depreciation allowance of 10% for 10 years for other 21 transportation equipment so used. Each school year, if a school 22 district has made expenditures to the Regional Transportation 23 Authority or any of its service boards, a mass transit 24 an urban transportation district under district, or an 25 intergovernmental agreement with the district to provide for 26 the transportation of pupils and if the public transit carrier

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1 received direct payment for services or passes from a school district within its service area during the 2000-2001 school 2 year, then the allowable direct cost of transporting pupils for 3 4 regular, vocational, and special education pupil 5 transportation shall also include the expenditures that the 6 district has made to the public transit carrier. In addition to the above allowable costs school districts shall also claim all 7 transportation supervisory salary costs, including Illinois 8 9 municipal retirement payments, and all transportation related 10 building and building maintenance costs without limitation.

11 Special education allowable costs shall also include 12 expenditures for the salaries of attendants or aides for that 13 portion of the time they assist special education pupils while 14 in transit and expenditures for parents and public carriers for 15 transporting special education pupils when pre-approved by the 16 State Superintendent of Education.

Indirect costs shall be included in the reimbursement claim 17 18 for districts which own and operate their own school buses. Such indirect costs shall include administrative costs, or any 19 20 attributable to transporting pupils from their costs 21 attendance centers to another school building for instructional purposes. No school district which owns and 22 23 operates its own school buses may claim reimbursement for 24 indirect costs which exceed 5% of the total allowable direct 25 costs for pupil transportation.

26 The State Board of Education shall prescribe uniform

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1 regulations for determining the above standards and shall prescribe forms of cost accounting and standards of determining 2 reasonable depreciation. Such depreciation shall include the 3 4 cost of equipping school buses with the safety features 5 required by law or by the rules, regulations and standards promulgated by the State Board of Education, and the Department 6 of Transportation for the safety and construction of school 7 8 buses provided, however, any equipment cost reimbursed by the 9 Department of Transportation for equipping school buses with 10 such safety equipment shall be deducted from the allowable cost 11 in the computation of reimbursement under this Section in the same percentage as the cost of the equipment is depreciated. 12

13 On or before August 15, annually, the chief school administrator for the district shall certify to the State 14 15 Superintendent of Education the district's claim for 16 reimbursement for the school year ending on June 30 next preceding. The State Superintendent of Education shall check 17 18 and approve the claims and prepare the vouchers showing the amounts due for district reimbursement claims. Each fiscal 19 20 year, the State Superintendent of Education shall prepare and 21 transmit the first 3 vouchers to the Comptroller on the 30th 22 day of September, December and March, respectively, and the final voucher, no later than June 20. 23

If the amount appropriated for transportation reimbursement is insufficient to fund total claims for any fiscal year, the State Board of Education shall reduce each 1 school district's allowable costs and flat grant amount 2 proportionately to make total adjusted claims equal the total 3 amount appropriated.

For purposes of calculating claims for reimbursement under this Section for any school year beginning July 1, 1998, or thereafter, the equalized assessed valuation for a school district used to compute reimbursement shall be computed in the same manner as it is computed under paragraph (2) of subsection (G) of Section 18-8.05.

10 All reimbursements received from the State shall be 11 deposited into the district's transportation fund or into the 12 fund from which the allowable expenditures were made.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any school 13 14 district receiving a payment under this Section or under 15 Section 14-7.02, 14-7.02b, or 14-13.01 of this Code may 16 classify all or a portion of the funds that it receives in a particular fiscal year or from general State aid pursuant to 17 Section 18-8.05 of this Code as funds received in connection 18 with any funding program for which it is entitled to receive 19 20 funds from the State in that fiscal year (including, without limitation, any funding program referenced in this Section), 21 22 regardless of the source or timing of the receipt. The district 23 may not classify more funds as funds received in connection 24 with the funding program than the district is entitled to 25 receive in that fiscal year for that program. Any 26 classification by a district must be made by a resolution of

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1 its board of education. The resolution must identify the amount of any payments or general State aid to be classified under 2 3 this paragraph and must specify the funding program to which 4 the funds are to be treated as received in connection 5 therewith. This resolution is controlling as to the 6 classification of funds referenced therein. A certified copy of the resolution must be sent to the State Superintendent of 7 8 Education. The resolution shall still take effect even though a 9 copy of the resolution has not been sent to the State 10 Superintendent of Education in a timely manner. No 11 classification under this paragraph by a district shall affect the total amount or timing of money the district is entitled to 12 13 receive under this Code. No classification under this paragraph 14 by a district shall in any way relieve the district from or 15 affect any requirements that otherwise would apply with respect 16 to that funding program, including any accounting of funds by source, reporting expenditures by original source and purpose, 17 reporting requirements, or requirements of providing services. 18

Any school district with a population of not more than 500,000 must deposit all funds received under this Article into the transportation fund and use those funds for the provision of transportation services.

23 (Source: P.A. 95-903, eff. 8-25-08; 96-1264, eff. 1-1-11.)

24 (105 ILCS 5/34-2.3) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-2.3)

25 Sec. 34-2.3. Local school councils - Powers and duties.

Each local school council shall have and exercise, consistent with the provisions of this Article and the powers and duties of the board of education, the following powers and duties:

4 1. (A) To annually evaluate the performance of the 5 principal of the attendance center using a Board approved principal evaluation form, which shall include the evaluation 6 of (i) student academic improvement, as defined by the school 7 8 improvement plan, (ii) student absenteeism rates at the school, 9 (iii) instructional leadership, (iv) the effective 10 implementation of programs, policies, or strategies to improve 11 student academic achievement, (v) school management, and (vi) any other factors deemed relevant by the local school council, 12 13 including, without limitation, the principal's communication 14 skills and ability to create and maintain a student-centered 15 learning environment, to develop opportunities for 16 development, professional and to encourage parental involvement and community partnerships to achieve school 17 18 improvement;

(B) to determine in the manner provided by subsection (c)
of Section 34-2.2 and subdivision 1.5 of this Section whether
the performance contract of the principal shall be renewed; and

(C) to directly select, in the manner provided by subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2, a new principal (including a new principal to fill a vacancy) -- without submitting any list of candidates for that position to the general superintendent as provided in paragraph 2 of this Section -- to serve under a 10000SB0444ham001 -499- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 year performance contract; provided that 4 (i) the determination of whether the principal's performance contract 2 is to be renewed, based upon the evaluation required by 3 4 subdivision 1.5 of this Section, shall be made no later than 5 prior the expiration of the 150 days to current performance-based contract of the principal, (ii) in cases 6 where such performance contract is not renewed -- a direct 7 selection of a new principal -- to serve under a 4 year 8 9 performance contract shall be made by the local school council 10 no later than 45 days prior to the expiration of the current 11 performance contract of the principal, and (iii) a selection by the local school council of a new principal to fill a vacancy 12 13 under a 4 year performance contract shall be made within 90 14 days after the date such vacancy occurs. A Council shall be 15 required, if requested by the principal, to provide in writing 16 the reasons for the council's not renewing the principal's 17 contract.

1.5. The local school council's determination of whether to 18 19 renew the principal's contract shall be based on an evaluation 20 to assess the educational and administrative progress made at the school during the principal's current performance-based 21 contract. The local school council shall base its evaluation on 22 23 (i) student academic improvement, as defined by the school 24 improvement plan, (ii) student absenteeism rates at the school, 25 (iii) instructional leadership, (iv) the effective 26 implementation of programs, policies, or strategies to improve

1 student academic achievement, (v) school management, and (vi) any other factors deemed relevant by the local school council, 2 including, without limitation, the principal's communication 3 4 skills and ability to create and maintain a student-centered 5 environment, to develop learning opportunities for development, 6 professional and to encourage parental involvement and community partnerships to achieve school 7 improvement. If a local school council fails to renew the 8 performance contract of a principal rated by the general 9 10 superintendent, or his or her designee, in the previous years' 11 evaluations as meeting or exceeding expectations, the principal, within 15 days after the local school council's 12 13 decision not to renew the contract, may request a review of the local school council's principal non-retention decision by a 14 15 hearing officer appointed by the American Arbitration 16 Association. A local school council member or members or the general superintendent may support the principal's request for 17 review. During the period of the hearing officer's review of 18 the local school council's decision on whether or not to retain 19 20 the principal, the local school council shall maintain all 21 authority to search for and contract with a person to serve as 22 interim or acting principal, or as the principal of the 23 center under a 4-year performance contract, attendance 24 provided that any performance contract entered into by the 25 local school council shall be voidable or modified in 26 accordance with the decision of the hearing officer. The

1 principal may request review only once while at that attendance center. If a local school council renews the contract of a 2 principal who failed to obtain a rating of "meets" or "exceeds 3 expectations" in the general superintendent's evaluation for 4 5 the previous year, the general superintendent, within 15 days 6 after the local school council's decision to renew the contract, may request a review of the local school council's 7 8 principal retention decision by a hearing officer appointed by 9 the American Arbitration Association. The general 10 superintendent may request a review only once for that 11 principal at that attendance center. All requests to review the retention or non-retention of a principal shall be submitted to 12 13 the general superintendent, who shall, in turn, forward such 14 requests, within 14 days of receipt, to the American 15 Arbitration Association. The general superintendent shall send 16 a contemporaneous copy of the request that was forwarded to the American Arbitration Association to the principal and to each 17 local school council member and shall inform the local school 18 19 council of its rights and responsibilities under the 20 arbitration process, including the local school council's 21 right to representation and the manner and process by which the 22 Board shall pay the costs of the council's representation. If 23 the local school council retains the principal and the general 24 superintendent requests a review of the retention decision, the 25 local school council and the general superintendent shall be 26 considered parties to the arbitration, a hearing officer shall

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1 be chosen between those 2 parties pursuant to procedures promulgated by the State Board of Education, and the principal 2 3 may retain counsel and participate in the arbitration. If the 4 local school council does not retain the principal and the 5 principal requests a review of the retention decision, the 6 local school council and the principal shall be considered parties to the arbitration and a hearing officer shall be 7 chosen between those 2 parties pursuant to procedures 8 9 promulgated by the State Board of Education. The hearing shall 10 begin (i) within 45 days after the initial request for review 11 is submitted by the principal to the general superintendent or (ii) if the initial request for review is made by the general 12 13 superintendent, within 45 days after that request is mailed to 14 the American Arbitration Association. The hearing officer 15 shall render a decision within 45 days after the hearing begins 16 and within 90 days after the initial request for review. The Board shall contract with the American Arbitration Association 17 for all of the hearing officer's reasonable and necessary 18 19 costs. In addition, the Board shall pay any reasonable costs 20 incurred by a local school council for representation before a hearing officer. 21

1.10. The hearing officer shall conduct a hearing, which shall include (i) a review of the principal's performance, evaluations, and other evidence of the principal's service at the school, (ii) reasons provided by the local school council for its decision, and (iii) documentation evidencing views of 10000SB0444ham001 -503- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 interested persons, including, without limitation, students, parents, local school council members, school faculty and 2 staff, the principal, the general superintendent or his or her 3 4 designee, and members of the community. The burden of proof in 5 establishing that the local school council's decision was 6 arbitrary and capricious shall be on the party requesting the arbitration, and this party shall sustain the burden by a 7 preponderance of the evidence. The hearing officer shall set 8 9 the local school council decision aside if that decision, in 10 light of the record developed at the hearing, is arbitrary and 11 capricious. The decision of the hearing officer may not be appealed to the Board or the State Board of Education. If the 12 13 hearing officer decides that the principal shall be retained, the retention period shall not exceed 2 years. 14

15 2. In the event (i) the local school council does not renew 16 the performance contract of the principal, or the principal fails to receive a satisfactory rating as provided in 17 subsection (h) of Section 34-8.3, or the principal is removed 18 for cause during the term of his or her performance contract in 19 20 the manner provided by Section 34-85, or a vacancy in the 21 position of principal otherwise occurs prior to the expiration 22 of the term of a principal's performance contract, and (ii) the 23 local school council fails to directly select a new principal 24 to serve under a 4 year performance contract, the local school 25 council in such event shall submit to the general 26 superintendent a list of 3 candidates -- listed in the local

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1 school council's order of preference -- for the position of principal, one of which shall be selected by the general 2 3 superintendent to serve as principal of the attendance center. 4 If the general superintendent fails or refuses to select one of 5 the candidates on the list to serve as principal within 30 days after being furnished with the candidate list, the general 6 superintendent shall select and place a principal on an interim 7 8 basis (i) for a period not to exceed one year or (ii) until the 9 local school council selects a new principal with 7 affirmative 10 votes as provided in subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2, whichever occurs first. If the local school council fails or 11 refuses to select and appoint a new principal, as specified by 12 13 subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2, the general superintendent 14 may select and appoint a new principal on an interim basis for 15 an additional year or until a new contract principal is 16 selected by the local school council. There shall be no discrimination on the basis of race, sex, creed, color or 17 disability unrelated to ability to perform in connection with 18 the submission of candidates for, and the selection of a 19 20 candidate to serve as principal of an attendance center. No 21 person shall be directly selected, listed as a candidate for, 22 or selected to serve as principal of an attendance center (i) 23 if such person has been removed for cause from employment by 24 the Board or (ii) if such person does not hold a valid 25 administrative certificate issued or exchanged under Article 26 21 and endorsed as required by that Article for the position of

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1 principal. A principal whose performance contract is not renewed as provided under subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2 may 2 nevertheless, if otherwise qualified and certified as herein 3 4 provided and if he or she has received a satisfactory rating as 5 provided in subsection (h) of Section 34-8.3, be included by a 6 local school council as one of the 3 candidates listed in order of preference on any candidate list from which one person is to 7 be selected to serve as principal of the attendance center 8 9 under a new performance contract. The initial candidate list 10 required to be submitted by a local school council to the 11 general superintendent in cases where the local school council does not renew the performance contract of its principal and 12 13 does not directly select a new principal to serve under a 4 14 year performance contract shall be submitted not later than 30 15 days prior to the expiration of the current performance contract. In cases where the local school council fails or 16 candidate list to 17 refuses to submit the the general 18 superintendent no later than 30 days prior to the expiration of the incumbent principal's contract, the general superintendent 19 20 may appoint a principal on an interim basis for a period not to 21 exceed one year, during which time the local school council shall be able to select a new principal with 7 affirmative 22 23 votes as provided in subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2. In cases 24 where a principal is removed for cause or a vacancy otherwise 25 occurs in the position of principal and the vacancy is not 26 filled by direct selection by the local school council, the

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1 candidate list shall be submitted by the local school council to the general superintendent within 90 days after the date 2 such removal or vacancy occurs. In cases where the local school 3 4 council fails or refuses to submit the candidate list to the 5 general superintendent within 90 days after the date of the 6 vacancy, the general superintendent may appoint a principal on an interim basis for a period of one year, during which time 7 the local school council shall be able to select a new 8 9 principal with 7 affirmative votes as provided in subsection 10 (c) of Section 34-2.2.

11 2.5. Whenever a vacancy in the office of a principal occurs 12 for any reason, the vacancy shall be filled in the manner 13 provided by this Section by the selection of a new principal to 14 serve under a 4 year performance contract.

15 3. To establish additional criteria to be included as part 16 of the performance contract of its principal, provided that such additional criteria shall not discriminate on the basis of 17 18 race, sex, creed, color or disability unrelated to ability to perform, and shall not be inconsistent with the uniform 4 year 19 20 performance contract for principals developed by the board as provided in Section 34-8.1 of the School Code or with other 21 22 provisions of this Article governing the authority and 23 responsibility of principals.

4. To approve the expenditure plan prepared by the
principal with respect to all funds allocated and distributed
to the attendance center by the Board. The expenditure plan

shall be administered by the principal. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law, any expenditure plan approved and administered under this Section 34-2.3 shall be consistent with and subject to the terms of any contract for services with a third party entered into by the Chicago School Reform Board of Trustees or the board under this Act.

7 Via a supermajority vote of 7 members of the local school 8 council or 8 members of a high school local school council, the 9 Council may transfer allocations pursuant to Section 34-2.3 10 within funds; provided that such a transfer is consistent with 11 applicable law and collective bargaining agreements.

Beginning in fiscal year 1991 and in each fiscal year 12 13 thereafter, the Board may reserve up to 1% of its total fiscal year budget for distribution on a prioritized basis to schools 14 15 throughout the school system in order to assure adequate 16 programs to meet the needs of special student populations as determined by the Board. This distribution shall take into 17 account the needs catalogued in the Systemwide Plan and the 18 various local school improvement plans of the local school 19 20 councils. Information about these centrally funded programs shall be distributed to the local school councils so that their 21 22 subsequent planning and programming will account for these 23 provisions.

Beginning in fiscal year 1991 and in each fiscal year thereafter, from other amounts available in the applicable fiscal year budget, the board shall allocate a lump sum amount

1 to each local school based upon such formula as the board shall determine taking into account the special needs of the student 2 3 body. The local school principal shall develop an expenditure 4 plan in consultation with the local school council, the 5 professional personnel leadership committee and with all other 6 school personnel, which reflects the priorities and activities as described in the school's local school improvement plan and 7 8 is consistent with applicable law and collective bargaining agreements and with board policies and standards; however, the 9 10 local school council shall have the right to request waivers of 11 board policy from the board of education and waivers of employee collective bargaining agreements pursuant to Section 12 13 34-8.1a.

14 The expenditure plan developed by the principal with 15 respect to amounts available from the fund for prioritized 16 special needs programs and the allocated lump sum amount must 17 be approved by the local school council.

18 The lump sum allocation shall take into account the 19 following principles:

20 a. Teachers: Each school shall be allocated funds equal 21 to the amount appropriated in the previous school year for 22 compensation for teachers (regular grades kindergarten 23 through 12th grade) plus whatever increases in compensation have been negotiated contractually or through 24 25 longevity as provided in the negotiated agreement. 26 Adjustments shall be made due to layoff or reduction in

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force, lack of funds or work, change in subject requirements, enrollment changes, or contracts with third parties for the performance of services or to rectify any inconsistencies with system-wide allocation formulas or for other legitimate reasons.

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6 b. Other personnel: Funds for other teacher 7 certificated and uncertificated personnel paid through 8 non-categorical funds shall be provided according to 9 system-wide formulas based on student enrollment and the 10 special needs of the school as determined by the Board.

11 c. Non-compensation items: Appropriations for all non-compensation items shall be based on system-wide 12 13 formulas based on student enrollment and on the special 14 needs of the school or factors related to the physical 15 plant, including but not limited to textbooks, electronic 16 textbooks and the technological equipment necessary to 17 gain access to and use electronic textbooks, supplies, 18 electricity, equipment, and routine maintenance.

19 d. Funds for categorical programs: Schools shall receive personnel and funds based on, and shall use such 20 personnel and funds in accordance with State and Federal 21 22 requirements applicable to each categorical program 23 provided to meet the special needs of the student body 24 limited to, Federal Chapter I, (including but not 25 Bilingual, and Special Education).

26

d.1. Funds for State Title I: Each school shall receive

funds based on State and Board requirements applicable to each State Title I pupil provided to meet the special needs of the student body. Each school shall receive the proportion of funds as provided in Section 18-8 or 18-8.15 to which they are entitled. These funds shall be spent only with the budgetary approval of the Local School Council as provided in Section 34-2.3.

8 e. The Local School Council shall have the right to 9 request the principal to close positions and open new ones 10 consistent with the provisions of the local school 11 improvement plan provided that these decisions are consistent with applicable law and collective bargaining 12 13 agreements. If a position is closed, pursuant to this 14 paragraph, the local school shall have for its use the 15 system-wide average compensation for the closed position.

16 f. Operating within existing laws and collective 17 bargaining agreements, the local school council shall have 18 the right to direct the principal to shift expenditures 19 within funds.

20

g. (Blank).

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Any funds unexpended at the end of the fiscal year shall be available to the board of education for use as part of its budget for the following fiscal year.

5. To make recommendations to the principal concerning textbook selection and concerning curriculum developed pursuant to the school improvement plan which is consistent 10000SB0444ham001 -511- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 with systemwide curriculum objectives in accordance with 2 Sections 34-8 and 34-18 of the School Code and in conformity 3 with the collective bargaining agreement.

6. To advise the principal concerning the attendance and disciplinary policies for the attendance center, subject to the provisions of this Article and Article 26, and consistent with the uniform system of discipline established by the board pursuant to Section 34-19.

9 7. To approve a school improvement plan developed as 10 provided in Section 34-2.4. The process and schedule for plan 11 development shall be publicized to the entire school community, 12 and the community shall be afforded the opportunity to make 13 recommendations concerning the plan. At least twice a year the 14 principal and local school council shall report publicly on 15 progress and problems with respect to plan implementation.

16 8. To evaluate the allocation of teaching resources and other certificated and uncertificated staff to the attendance 17 center to determine whether such allocation is consistent with 18 and in furtherance of instructional objectives and school 19 20 programs reflective of the school improvement plan adopted for the attendance center; and to make recommendations to the 21 22 board, the general superintendent and the principal concerning 23 any reallocation of teaching resources or other staff whenever 24 the council determines that any such reallocation is 25 appropriate because the qualifications of any existing staff at the attendance center do not adequately match or support 26

1 instructional objectives or school programs which reflect the 2 school improvement plan.

9. To make recommendations to the principal and the general superintendent concerning their respective appointments, after August 31, 1989, and in the manner provided by Section 34-8 and Section 34-8.1, of persons to fill any vacant, additional or newly created positions for teachers at the attendance center or at attendance centers which include the attendance center served by the local school council.

10 10. To request of the Board the manner in which training 11 and assistance shall be provided to the local school council. Pursuant to Board quidelines a local school council is 12 13 authorized to direct the Board of Education to contract with 14 personnel or not-for-profit organizations not associated with 15 the school district to train or assist council members. If 16 training or assistance is provided by contract with personnel or organizations not associated with the school district, the 17 period of training or assistance shall not exceed 30 hours 18 19 during a given school year; person shall not be employed on a 20 continuous basis longer than said period and shall not have 21 been employed by the Chicago Board of Education within the 22 preceding six months. Council members shall receive training in 23 at least the following areas:

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1. school budgets;

2. educational theory pertinent to the attendance
 26 center's particular needs, including the development of

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1 the school improvement plan and the principal's 2 performance contract; and

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3. personnel selection.

4 Council members shall, to the greatest extent possible,5 complete such training within 90 days of election.

6 11. In accordance with systemwide guidelines contained in 7 the System-Wide Educational Reform Goals and Objectives Plan, 8 criteria for evaluation of performance shall be established for 9 local school councils and local school council members. If a 10 local school council persists in noncompliance with systemwide 11 requirements, the Board may impose sanctions and take necessary 12 corrective action, consistent with Section 34-8.3.

13 12. Each local school council shall comply with the Open Meetings Act and the Freedom of Information Act. Each local 14 15 school council shall issue and transmit to its school community 16 a detailed annual report accounting for its activities programmatically and financially. Each local school council 17 shall convene at least 2 well-publicized meetings annually with 18 its entire school community. These meetings shall include 19 20 presentation of the proposed local school improvement plan, of the proposed school expenditure plan, and the annual report, 21 22 and shall provide an opportunity for public comment.

23 13. Each local school council is encouraged to involve 24 additional non-voting members of the school community in 25 facilitating the council's exercise of its responsibilities.

26 14. The local school council may adopt a school uniform or

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1 dress code policy that governs the attendance center and that is necessary to maintain the orderly process of a school 2 function or prevent endangerment of student health or safety, 3 4 consistent with the policies and rules of the Board of 5 Education. A school uniform or dress code policy adopted by a 6 local school council: (i) shall not be applied in such manner as to discipline or deny attendance to a transfer student or 7 8 any other student for noncompliance with that policy during such period of time as is reasonably necessary to enable the 9 10 student to acquire a school uniform or otherwise comply with 11 the dress code policy that is in effect at the attendance center into which the student's enrollment is transferred; and 12 13 (ii) shall include criteria and procedures under which the local school council will accommodate the needs of or otherwise 14 15 provide appropriate resources to assist a student from an 16 indigent family in complying with an applicable school uniform or dress code policy. A student whose parents or legal 17 18 guardians object on religious grounds to the student's compliance with an applicable school uniform or dress code 19 20 policy shall not be required to comply with that policy if the student's parents or legal guardians present to the local 21 22 school council a signed statement of objection detailing the 23 grounds for the objection.

24 15. All decisions made and actions taken by the local 25 school council in the exercise of its powers and duties shall 26 comply with State and federal laws, all applicable collective 10000SB0444ham001

bargaining agreements, court orders and rules properly
 promulgated by the Board.

3 15a. To grant, in accordance with board rules and policies, 4 the use of assembly halls and classrooms when not otherwise 5 needed, including lighting, heat, and attendants, for public 6 lectures, concerts, and other educational and social 7 activities.

8 15b. To approve, in accordance with board rules and 9 policies, receipts and expenditures for all internal accounts 10 of the attendance center, and to approve all fund-raising 11 activities by nonschool organizations that use the school 12 building.

13 16. (Blank).

14 17. Names and addresses of local school council members15 shall be a matter of public record.

16 (Source: P.A. 96-1403, eff. 7-29-10.)

17 (105 ILCS 5/34-18) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-18)

Sec. 34-18. Powers of the board. The board shall exercise general supervision and jurisdiction over the public education and the public school system of the city, and, except as otherwise provided by this Article, shall have power:

1. To make suitable provision for the establishment and maintenance throughout the year or for such portion thereof as it may direct, not less than 9 months, of schools of all grades and kinds, including normal schools, high schools, 10000SB0444ham001

night schools, schools for defectives and delinguents, 1 parental and truant schools, schools for the blind, the 2 3 deaf and persons with physical disabilities, schools or classes in manual training, constructural and vocational 4 teaching, domestic arts and physical culture, vocation and 5 extension schools and lecture courses, and all other 6 7 educational courses and facilities, including equipping, 8 establishing, maintaining and operating 9 playgrounds and recreational programs, when such programs 10 are conducted in, adjacent to, or connected with any public school under the general supervision and jurisdiction of 11 12 the board; provided that the calendar for the school term and any changes must be submitted to and approved by the 13 14 State Board of Education before the calendar or changes may 15 take effect, and provided that in allocating funds from year to year for the operation of all attendance centers 16 district, the board 17 within the shall ensure that supplemental general State aid or supplemental grant funds 18 19 are allocated and applied in accordance with Section 18-8, 20 or 18-8.05, or 18-8.15. To admit to such schools without 21 charge foreign exchange students who are participants in an 22 organized exchange student program which is authorized by the board. The board shall permit all students to enroll in 23 24 apprenticeship programs in trade schools operated by the 25 board, whether those programs are union-sponsored or not. 26 No student shall be refused admission into or be excluded 10000SB0444ham001 -517- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

from any course of instruction offered in the common 1 2 schools by reason of that student's sex. No student shall 3 be denied equal access to physical education and interscholastic athletic programs supported from school 4 5 district funds or denied participation in comparable physical education and athletic programs solely by reason 6 7 of the student's sex. Equal access to programs supported 8 from school district funds and comparable programs will be 9 defined in rules promulgated by the State Board of 10 Education in consultation with the Illinois High School Association. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 11 Article, neither the board of education nor any local 12 13 school council or other school official shall recommend 14 that children with disabilities be placed into regular 15 education classrooms unless those children with disabilities are provided with supplementary services to 16 17 assist them so that they benefit from the regular classroom 18 instruction and are included on the teacher's regular 19 education class register;

20 2. To furnish lunches to pupils, to make a reasonable 21 charge therefor, and to use school funds for the payment of 22 such expenses as the board may determine are necessary in 23 conducting the school lunch program;

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3. To co-operate with the circuit court;

4. To make arrangements with the public or quasi-public
libraries and museums for the use of their facilities by

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teachers and pupils of the public schools;

5. To employ dentists and prescribe their duties for the purpose of treating the pupils in the schools, but accepting such treatment shall be optional with parents or guardians;

6 6. To grant the use of assembly halls and classrooms 7 when not otherwise needed, including light, heat, and 8 attendants, for free public lectures, concerts, and other 9 educational and social interests, free of charge, under 10 such provisions and control as the principal of the 11 affected attendance center may prescribe;

7. To apportion the pupils to the several schools; 12 13 provided that no pupil shall be excluded from or segregated 14 in any such school on account of his color, race, sex, or 15 nationality. The board shall take into consideration the prevention of the elimination 16 segregation and of 17 separation of children in public schools because of color, race, sex, or nationality. Except that children may be 18 19 committed to or attend parental and social adjustment 20 schools established and maintained either for boys or girls 21 only. All records pertaining to the creation, alteration or 22 revision of attendance areas shall be open to the public. 23 Nothing herein shall limit the board's authority to 24 establish multi-area attendance centers or other student 25 assignment systems for desegregation purposes or 26 otherwise, and to apportion the pupils to the several

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schools. Furthermore, beginning in school year 1994-95, 1 pursuant to a board plan adopted by October 1, 1993, the 2 3 board shall offer, commencing on a phased-in basis, the 4 opportunity for families within the school district to 5 apply for enrollment of their children in any attendance center within the school district which does not have 6 7 selective admission requirements approved by the board. 8 The appropriate geographical area in which such open 9 enrollment may be exercised shall be determined by the 10 board of education. Such children may be admitted to any 11 such attendance center on a space available basis after all children residing within such attendance center's area 12 13 have been accommodated. If the number of applicants from 14 outside the attendance area exceed the space available, 15 then successful applicants shall be selected by lottery. 16 The board of education's open enrollment plan must include 17 provisions that allow low income students to have access to 18 transportation needed to exercise school choice. Open 19 enrollment shall be in compliance with the provisions of 20 the Consent Decree and Desegregation Plan cited in Section 34-1.01; 21

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8. To approve programs and policies for providing transportation services to students. Nothing herein shall be construed to permit or empower the State Board of Education to order, mandate, or require busing or other transportation of pupils for the purpose of achieving 1

racial balance in any school;

9. Subject to the limitations in this Article, to 2 3 establish and approve system-wide curriculum objectives standards, including graduation standards, which 4 and 5 reflect the multi-cultural diversity in the city and are consistent with State law, provided that for all purposes 6 of this Article courses or proficiency in American Sign 7 Language shall be 8 deemed to constitute courses or 9 proficiency in a foreign language; and to employ principals 10 and teachers, appointed as provided in this Article, and 11 fix their compensation. The board shall prepare such reports related to minimal competency testing as may be 12 13 requested by the State Board of Education, and in addition 14 shall monitor and approve special education and bilingual 15 education programs and policies within the district to that appropriate services are provided 16 assure in 17 accordance with applicable State and federal laws to children requiring services and education in those areas; 18

19 10. To employ non-teaching personnel or utilize 20 volunteer personnel for: (i) non-teaching duties not 21 requiring instructional judgment or evaluation of pupils, 22 including library duties; and (ii) supervising study 23 halls, long distance teaching reception areas used 24 incident to instructional programs transmitted bv 25 electronic media such as computers, video, and audio, 26 detention and discipline areas, and school-sponsored

extracurricular activities. The board may further utilize 1 2 volunteer non-certificated personnel or employ 3 non-certificated personnel to assist in the instruction of pupils under the immediate supervision of a teacher holding 4 a valid certificate, directly engaged in teaching subject 5 matter or conducting activities; provided that the teacher 6 7 be continuously aware of the non-certificated shall 8 persons' activities and shall be able to control or modify 9 them. The general superintendent shall determine 10 qualifications of such personnel and shall prescribe rules for determining the duties and activities to be assigned to 11 12 such personnel;

13 10.5. To utilize volunteer personnel from a regional 14 School Crisis Assistance Team (S.C.A.T.), created as part 15 of the Safe to Learn Program established pursuant to Section 25 of the Illinois Violence Prevention Act of 1995, 16 17 to provide assistance to schools in times of violence or other traumatic incidents within a school community by 18 19 providing crisis intervention services to lessen the 20 effects of emotional trauma on individuals and the 21 community; the School Crisis Assistance Team Steering 22 Committee shall determine the qualifications for 23 volunteers;

24 11. To provide television studio facilities in not to 25 exceed one school building and to provide programs for 26 educational purposes, provided, however, that the board -522- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 shall not construct, acquire, operate, or maintain a 2 television transmitter; to grant the use of its studio 3 facilities to a licensed television station located in the 4 school district; and to maintain and operate not to exceed 5 one school radio transmitting station and provide programs 6 for educational purposes;

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7 12. To offer, if deemed appropriate, outdoor education
8 courses, including field trips within the State of
9 Illinois, or adjacent states, and to use school educational
10 funds for the expense of the said outdoor educational
11 programs, whether within the school district or not;

12 13. During that period of the calendar year not 13 embraced within the regular school term, to provide and 14 conduct courses in subject matters normally embraced in the 15 program of the schools during the regular school term and 16 to give regular school credit for satisfactory completion 17 by the student of such courses as may be approved for 18 credit by the State Board of Education;

19 14. To insure against any loss or liability of the 20 board, the former School Board Nominating Commission, 21 Local School Councils, the Chicago Schools Academic 22 Accountability Council, or the former Subdistrict Councils 23 or of any member, officer, agent or employee thereof, 24 resulting from alleged violations of civil rights arising 25 from incidents occurring on or after September 5, 1967 or 26 from the wrongful or negligent act or omission of any such 10000SB0444ham001

1 person whether occurring within or without the school premises, provided the officer, agent or employee was, at 2 3 the time of the alleged violation of civil rights or wrongful act or omission, acting within the scope of his 4 5 employment or under direction of the board, the former School Board Nominating Commission, the Chicago Schools 6 Academic Accountability Council, Local School Councils, or 7 the former Subdistrict Councils; and to provide for or 8 9 participate in insurance plans for its officers and 10 employees, including but not limited to retirement annuities, medical, surgical and hospitalization benefits 11 12 in such types and amounts as may be determined by the 13 board; provided, however, that the board shall contract for such insurance only with an insurance company authorized to 14 15 do business in this State. Such insurance may include provision for employees who rely on treatment by prayer or 16 spiritual means alone for healing, in accordance with the 17 practice of a recognized religious 18 tenets and denomination; 19

20 15. To contract with the corporate authorities of any 21 municipality or the county board of any county, as the case 22 may be, to provide for the regulation of traffic in parking 23 areas of property used for school purposes, in such manner 24 as is provided by Section 11-209 of The Illinois Vehicle 25 Code, approved September 29, 1969, as amended;

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16. (a) To provide, on an equal basis, access to a high

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school campus and student directory information to the 1 official recruiting representatives of the armed forces of 2 3 Illinois and the United States for the purposes of informing students of the educational and career 4 5 opportunities available in the military if the board has provided such access to persons or groups whose purpose is 6 to acquaint students with educational or occupational 7 8 opportunities available to them. The board is not required 9 to give greater notice regarding the right of access to 10 recruiting representatives than is given to other persons 11 and groups. In this paragraph 16, "directory information" means a high school student's name, address, and telephone 12 13 number.

14 (b) If a student or his or her parent or quardian 15 submits a signed, written request to the high school before 16 the end of the student's sophomore year (or if the student is a transfer student, by another time set by the high 17 school) that indicates that the student or his or her 18 19 parent or quardian does not want the student's directory 20 information to be provided to official recruiting 21 representatives under subsection (a) of this Section, the high school may not provide access to the student's 22 23 directory information to these recruiting representatives. 24 The high school shall notify its students and their parents 25 or guardians of the provisions of this subsection (b).

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(c) A high school may require official recruiting

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representatives of the armed forces of Illinois and the United States to pay a fee for copying and mailing a student's directory information in an amount that is not more than the actual costs incurred by the high school.

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5 (d) Information received by an official recruiting 6 representative under this Section may be used only to 7 provide information to students concerning educational and 8 career opportunities available in the military and may not 9 be released to a person who is not involved in recruiting 10 students for the armed forces of Illinois or the United 11 States;

12 17. (a) To sell or market any computer program 13 developed by an employee of the school district, provided 14 that such employee developed the computer program as a 15 direct result of his or her duties with the school district 16 or through the utilization of the school district resources 17 or facilities. The employee who developed the computer 18 program shall be entitled to share in the proceeds of such 19 sale or marketing of the computer program. The distribution 20 of such proceeds between the employee and the school 21 district shall be as agreed upon by the employee and the 22 school district, except that neither the employee nor the 23 school district may receive more than 90% of such proceeds. 24 The negotiation for an employee who is represented by an 25 exclusive bargaining representative may be conducted by 26 such bargaining representative at the employee's request.

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(b) For the purpose of this paragraph 17:

2 (1) "Computer" means an internally programmed, 3 general purpose digital device capable of 4 automatically accepting data, processing data and 5 supplying the results of the operation.

6 (2) "Computer program" means a series of coded 7 instructions or statements in a form acceptable to a 8 computer, which causes the computer to process data in 9 order to achieve a certain result.

(3) "Proceeds" means profits derived from
 marketing or sale of a product after deducting the
 expenses of developing and marketing such product;

13 18. To delegate to the general superintendent of
14 schools, by resolution, the authority to approve contracts
15 and expenditures in amounts of \$10,000 or less;

16 19. Upon the written request of an employee, to 17 withhold from the compensation of that employee any dues, 18 payments or contributions payable by such employee to any labor organization as defined in the Illinois Educational 19 20 Labor Relations Act. Under such arrangement, an amount 21 shall be withheld from each regular payroll period which is 22 equal to the pro rata share of the annual dues plus any payments or contributions, and the board shall transmit 23 24 such withholdings to the specified labor organization 25 within 10 working days from the time of the withholding; 26 19a. Upon receipt of notice from the comptroller of a

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1 municipality with a population of 500,000 or more, a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more, the Cook County 2 Forest Preserve District, the Chicago Park District, the 3 4 Metropolitan Water Reclamation District, the Chicago 5 Transit Authority, or a housing authority of a municipality with a population of 500,000 or more that a debt is due and 6 owing the municipality, the county, the Cook County Forest 7 District, the Chicago Park District, 8 Preserve the 9 Metropolitan Water Reclamation District, the Chicago 10 Transit Authority, or the housing authority by an employee of the Chicago Board of Education, to withhold, from the 11 compensation of that employee, the amount of the debt that 12 13 is due and owing and pay the amount withheld to the 14 municipality, the county, the Cook County Forest Preserve 15 District, the Chicago Park District, the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District, the Chicago Transit Authority, 16 or the housing authority; provided, however, that the 17 amount deducted from any one salary or wage payment shall 18 19 not exceed 25% of the net amount of the payment. Before the 20 Board deducts any amount from any salary or wage of an 21 employee under this paragraph, the municipality, the 22 county, the Cook County Forest Preserve District, the 23 Chicago Park District, the Metropolitan Water Reclamation 24 District, the Chicago Transit Authority, or the housing 25 authority shall certify that (i) the employee has been 26 afforded an opportunity for a hearing to dispute the debt

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that is due and owing the municipality, the county, the 1 Cook County Forest Preserve District, the Chicago Park 2 3 District, the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District, the Chicago Transit Authority, or the housing authority and 4 5 (ii) the employee has received notice of a wage deduction order and has been afforded an opportunity for a hearing to 6 7 object to the order. For purposes of this paragraph, "net 8 amount" means that part of the salary or wage payment 9 remaining after the deduction of any amounts required by 10 law to be deducted and "debt due and owing" means (i) a specified sum of money owed to the municipality, the 11 12 county, the Cook County Forest Preserve District, the 13 Chicago Park District, the Metropolitan Water Reclamation 14 District, the Chicago Transit Authority, or the housing 15 authority for services, work, or goods, after the period 16 granted for payment has expired, or (ii) a specified sum of money owed to the municipality, the county, the Cook County 17 Forest Preserve District, the Chicago Park District, the 18 19 Metropolitan Water Reclamation District, the Chicago 20 Transit Authority, or the housing authority pursuant to a 21 court order or order of an administrative hearing officer 22 after the exhaustion of, or the failure to exhaust, 23 judicial review;

24 20. The board is encouraged to employ a sufficient 25 number of certified school counselors to maintain a 26 student/counselor ratio of 250 to 1 by July 1, 1990. Each counselor shall spend at least 75% of his work time in direct contact with students and shall maintain a record of such time;

21. To make available to students vocational and career 4 counseling and to establish 5 special career counseling 5 6 for students and parents. On these davs davs 7 representatives of local businesses and industries shall 8 be invited to the school campus and shall inform students 9 of career opportunities available to them in the various 10 businesses and industries. Special consideration shall be given to counseling minority students as to career 11 opportunities available to them in various fields. For the 12 13 purposes of this paragraph, minority student means a person 14 who is any of the following:

(a) American Indian or Alaska Native (a person having
origins in any of the original peoples of North and South
America, including Central America, and who maintains
tribal affiliation or community attachment).

(b) Asian (a person having origins in any of the
original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the
Indian subcontinent, including, but not limited to,
Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan,
the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam).

(c) Black or African American (a person having origins
in any of the black racial groups of Africa). Terms such as
"Haitian" or "Negro" can be used in addition to "Black or

1 African American".

2 (d) Hispanic or Latino (a person of Cuban, Mexican,
3 Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish
4 culture or origin, regardless of race).

5 (e) Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (a person
6 having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii,
7 Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands).

8 Counseling days shall not be in lieu of regular school 9 days;

10 22. To report to the State Board of Education the 11 annual student dropout rate and number of students who 12 graduate from, transfer from or otherwise leave bilingual 13 programs;

14 23. Except as otherwise provided in the Abused and 15 Neglected Child Reporting Act or other applicable State or federal law, to permit school officials to withhold, from 16 17 any person, information on the whereabouts of any child 18 removed from school premises when the child has been taken 19 into protective custody as a victim of suspected child 20 abuse. School officials shall direct such person to the 21 Department of Children and Family Services, or to the local 22 law enforcement agency if appropriate;

23 24. To develop a policy, based on the current state of 24 existing school facilities, projected enrollment and 25 efficient utilization of available resources, for capital 26 improvement of schools and school buildings within the 10000SB0444ham001 -531- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

district, addressing in that policy both the relative priority for major repairs, renovations and additions to school facilities, and the advisability or necessity of building new school facilities or closing existing schools to meet current or projected demographic patterns within the district;

7 25. To make available to the students in every high
8 school attendance center the ability to take all courses
9 necessary to comply with the Board of Higher Education's
10 college entrance criteria effective in 1993;

11 26. To encourage mid-career changes into the teaching 12 profession, whereby qualified professionals become 13 certified teachers, by allowing credit for professional 14 employment in related fields when determining point of 15 entry on teacher pay scale;

16 27. To provide or contract out training programs for 17 administrative personnel and principals with revised or 18 expanded duties pursuant to this Act in order to assure 19 they have the knowledge and skills to perform their duties;

20 28. To establish a fund for the prioritized special 21 needs programs, and to allocate such funds and other lump 22 sum amounts to each attendance center in a manner 23 consistent with the provisions of part 4 of Section 34-2.3. 24 Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require any 25 additional appropriations of State funds for this purpose; 26 29. (Blank);

1 30. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law to the contrary, to contract with third 2 3 parties for services otherwise performed by employees, 4 including those in a bargaining unit, and to layoff those 5 employees upon 14 days written notice to the affected employees. Those contracts may be for a period not to 6 exceed 5 years and may be awarded on a system-wide basis. 7 8 The board may not operate more than 30 contract schools, 9 provided that the board may operate an additional 5 10 contract turnaround schools pursuant to item (5.5) of 11 subsection (d) of Section 34-8.3 of this Code:

12 31. То promulgate rules establishing procedures 13 governing the layoff or reduction in force of employees and 14 the recall of such employees, including, but not limited 15 to, criteria for such layoffs, reductions in force or 16 recall rights of such employees and the weight to be given to any particular criterion. Such criteria shall take into 17 factors including, but not be limited to, 18 account 19 qualifications, certifications, experience, performance 20 ratings or evaluations, and any other factors relating to 21 an employee's job performance;

32. To develop a policy to prevent nepotism in the
hiring of personnel or the selection of contractors;

33. To enter into a partnership agreement, as required
by Section 34-3.5 of this Code, and, notwithstanding any
other provision of law to the contrary, to promulgate

policies, enter into contracts, and take any other action necessary to accomplish the objectives and implement the requirements of that agreement; and

4 34. To establish a Labor Management Council to the 5 board comprised of representatives of the board, the chief 6 executive officer, and those labor organizations that are 7 the exclusive representatives of employees of the board and 8 to promulgate policies and procedures for the operation of 9 the Council.

10 The specifications of the powers herein granted are not to 11 be construed as exclusive but the board shall also exercise all 12 other powers that they may be requisite or proper for the 13 maintenance and the development of a public school system, not 14 inconsistent with the other provisions of this Article or 15 provisions of this Code which apply to all school districts.

In addition to the powers herein granted and authorized to be exercised by the board, it shall be the duty of the board to review or to direct independent reviews of special education expenditures and services. The board shall file a report of such review with the General Assembly on or before May 1, 1990. (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

22 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.30)

23 Sec. 34-18.30. Dependents of military personnel; no 24 tuition charge. If, at the time of enrollment, a dependent of 25 United States military personnel is housed in temporary housing 10000SB0444ham001 -534- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 located outside of the school district, but will be living within the district within 60 days after the time of initial 2 3 enrollment, the dependent must be allowed to enroll, subject to 4 the requirements of this Section, and must not be charged 5 tuition. Any United States military personnel attempting to enroll a dependent under this Section shall provide proof that 6 the dependent will be living within the district within 60 days 7 after the time of initial enrollment. Proof of residency may 8 9 include, but is not limited to, postmarked mail addressed to 10 the military personnel and sent to an address located within 11 the district, a lease agreement for occupancy of a residence located within the district, or proof of ownership of a 12 13 residence located within the district. Non-resident dependents of United States military personnel attending school on a 14 15 tuition-free basis may be counted for the purposes of 16 determining the apportionment of State aid provided under Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15 of this Code. 17

18 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

19 (105 ILCS 5/34-43.1) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-43.1)

Sec. 34-43.1. (A) Limitation of noninstructional costs. It 20 is the purpose of this Section to establish for the Board of 21 22 superintendent Education and the general of schools 23 requirements and standards which maximize the proportion of 24 school district resources in direct support of educational, 25 program, and building maintenance and safety services for the pupils of the district, and which correspondingly minimize the amount and proportion of such resources associated with centralized administration, administrative support services, and other noninstructional services.

5 For the 1989-90 school year and for all subsequent school 6 years, the Board of Education shall undertake budgetary and 7 expenditure control actions which limit the administrative 8 expenditures of the Board of Education to levels, as provided 9 for in this Section, which represent an average of the 10 administrative expenses of all school districts in this State 11 not subject to Article 34.

(B) Certification of expenses by the State Superintendent of Education. The State Superintendent of Education shall annually certify, on or before May 1, to the Board of Education and the School Finance Authority, for the applicable school year, the following information:

(1) the annual expenditures of all school districts of 17 the State not subject to Article 34 properly attributable 18 expenditure functions defined by the rules 19 to and 20 regulations of the State Board of Education as: 2210 (Improvement of Instructional Services); 2300 (Support 21 22 Services - General Administration) excluding, however, 23 2320 (Executive Administrative Services); 2490 (Other 24 Support Services - School Administration); 2500 (Support 25 Services - Business); 2600 (Support Services - Central); 26 (2) the total annual expenditures of all school

districts not subject to Article 34 attributable to the
 Education Fund, the Operations, Building and Maintenance
 Fund, the Transportation Fund and the Illinois Municipal
 Retirement Fund of the several districts, as defined by the
 rules and regulations of the State Board of Education; and

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6 (3) a ratio, to be called the statewide average of 7 administrative expenditures, derived by dividing the 8 expenditures certified pursuant to paragraph (B)(1) by the 9 expenditures certified pursuant to paragraph (B)(2).

For purposes of the annual certification of expenditures and ratios required by this Section, the "applicable year" of certification shall initially be the 1986-87 school year and, in sequent years, each succeeding school year.

The State Superintendent of Education shall consult with 14 15 the Board of Education to ascertain whether particular 16 expenditure items allocable to the administrative functions 17 enumerated in paragraph (B)(1) are appropriately or 18 necessarily higher in the applicable school district than in 19 the rest of the State due to noncomparable factors. The State 20 Superintendent shall also review the relevant cost proportions 21 in other large urban school districts. The State Superintendent 22 shall also review the expenditure categories in paragraph 23 (B) (1) to ascertain whether they contain school-level 24 expenses. If he or she finds that adjustments to the formula 25 are appropriate or necessary to establish a more fair and 26 comparable standard for administrative cost for the Board of

Education or to exclude school-level expenses, the State Superintendent shall recommend to the School Finance Authority rules and regulations adjusting particular subcategories in this subsection (B) or adjusting certain costs in determining the budget and expenditure items properly attributable to the functions or otherwise adjust the formula.

7 (C) Administrative expenditure limitations. The annual budget of the Board of Education, as adopted and implemented, 8 9 and the related annual expenditures for the school year, shall 10 reflect a limitation on administrative outlays as required by 11 the following provisions, taking into account any adjustments established by the State Superintendent of Education: (1) the 12 13 budget and expenditures of the Board of Education for the 1989-90 school year shall reflect a ratio of administrative 14 15 expenditures to total expenditures equal to or less than the 16 statewide average of administrative expenditures for the 1986-87 school year as certified by the State Superintendent of 17 Education pursuant to paragraph (B)(3); (2) for the 1990-91 18 19 school year and for all subsequent school years, the budget and 20 expenditures of the Board of Education shall reflect a ratio of 21 administrative expenditures to total expenditures equal to or 22 less than the statewide average of administrative expenditures 23 certified by the State Superintendent of Education for the 24 applicable year pursuant to paragraph (B)(3); (3) if for any 25 school year the budget of the Board of Education reflects a 26 ratio of administrative expenditures to total expenditures

which exceeds the applicable statewide average, the Board of Education shall reduce expenditure items allocable to the administrative functions enumerated in paragraph (B)(1) such that the Board of Education's ratio of administrative expenditures to total expenditures is equal to or less than the applicable statewide average ratio.

For purposes of this Section, the ratio of administrative 7 8 expenditures to the total expenditures of the Board of Education, as applied to the budget of the Board of Education, 9 10 shall mean: the budgeted expenditure items of the Board of 11 Education properly attributable to the expenditure functions identified in paragraph (B)(1) divided by the total budgeted 12 13 expenditures of the Board of Education properly attributable to 14 the Board of Education funds corresponding to those funds 15 identified in paragraph (B)(2), exclusive of any monies 16 budgeted for payment to the Public School Teachers' Pension and Retirement System, attributable to payments due from the 17 General Funds of the State of Illinois. 18

The annual expenditure of the Board of Education for 2320 19 20 (Executive Administrative Services) for the 1989-90 school 21 year shall be no greater than the 2320 expenditure for the 22 1988-89 school year. The annual expenditure of the Board of 23 Education for 2320 for the 1990-91 school year and each 24 subsequent school year shall be no greater than the 2320 25 expenditure for the immediately preceding school year or the 1988-89 school year, whichever is less. This annual expenditure 26

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limitation may be adjusted in each year in an amount not to exceed any change effective during the applicable school year in salary to be paid under the collective bargaining agreement with instructional personnel to which the Board is a party and in benefit costs either required by law or such collective bargaining agreement.

(D) Cost control measures. In undertaking actions to 7 8 control or reduce expenditure items necessitated by the 9 administrative expenditure limitations of this Section, the 10 Board of Education shall give priority consideration to 11 reductions or cost controls with the least effect upon direct services to students or instructional services for pupils, and 12 13 upon the safety and well-being of pupils, and, as applicable, with the particular costs or functions to which the Board of 14 15 Education is higher than the statewide average.

16 For purposes of assuring that the cost control priorities of this subsection (D) are met, the State Superintendent of 17 Education shall, with the assistance of the Board of Education, 18 review the cost allocation practices of the Board of Education, 19 20 and the State Superintendent of Education shall thereafter 21 recommend to the School Finance Authority rules and regulations 22 which define administrative areas which most impact upon the 23 direct and instructional needs of students and upon the safety 24 and well-being of the pupils of the district. No position 25 closed shall be reopened using State or federal categorical 26 funds.

(E) Report of Audited Information. For the 1988-89 school 1 year and for all subsequent school years, the Board of 2 Education shall file with the State Board of Education the 3 4 Annual Financial Report and its audit, as required by the rules 5 of the State Board of Education. Such reports shall be filed no later than February 15 following the end of the school year of 6 the Board of Education, beginning with the report to be filed 7 no later than February 15, 1990 for the 1988-89 school year. 8

9 As part of the required Annual Financial Report, the Board 10 of Education shall provide a detailed accounting of the central 11 level, district, bureau and department costs and personnel included within expenditure functions included in paragraph 12 13 (B)(1). The nature and detail of the reporting required for 14 these functions shall be prescribed by the State Board of 15 Education in rules and regulations. A copy of this detailed 16 accounting shall also be provided annually to the School Finance Authority and the public. This report shall contain a 17 reconciliation to the board of education's adopted budget for 18 19 that fiscal year, specifically delineating administrative 20 functions.

If the information required under this Section is not 21 22 provided by the Board of Education in a timely manner, or is 23 subsequently determined initially or by the State 24 Superintendent of Education to be incomplete or inaccurate, the 25 State Superintendent shall, in writing, notify the Board of Education of reporting deficiencies. The Board of Education 26

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1 shall, within 60 days of such notice, address the reporting deficiencies identified. If the State Superintendent of 2 3 Education does not receive satisfactory response to these 4 reporting deficiencies within 60 days, the next payment of 5 general State aid or evidence-based funding due the Board of 6 Education under Section 18-8 or Section 18-8.15, as applicable, and all subsequent payments, shall be withheld by the State 7 Superintendent of Education until the enumerated deficiencies 8 9 have been addressed.

10 Utilizing the Annual Financial Report, the State 11 Superintendent of Education shall certify on or before May 1 to the School Finance Authority the Board of Education's ratio of 12 13 administrative expenditures to total expenditures for the 1988-89 school year and for each succeeding school year. Such 14 15 certification shall indicate the extent to which the 16 administrative expenditure ratio of the Board of Education conformed to the limitations required in subsection (C) of this 17 Section, taking into account any adjustments of the limitations 18 which may have been recommended by the State Superintendent of 19 20 Education to the School Finance Authority. In deriving the administrative expenditure ratio of the Chicago Board of 21 Education, the State Superintendent of Education shall utilize 22 23 the definition of this ratio prescribed in subsection (C) of 24 this Section, except that the actual expenditures of the Board 25 of Education shall be substituted for budgeted expenditure 26 items.

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1 (F) Approval and adjustments to administrative expenditure limitations. The School Finance Authority organized under 2 Article 34A shall monitor the Board of Education's adherence to 3 4 the requirements of this Section. As part of its responsibility 5 the School Finance Authority shall determine whether the Board of Education's budget for the next school year, and the 6 expenditures for a prior school year, comply with the 7 limitation of administrative expenditures required by this 8 9 Section. The Board of Education and the State Board of 10 Education shall provide such information as is required by the School Finance Authority in order for the Authority to 11 determine compliance with the provisions of this Section. If 12 13 the Authority determines that the budget proposed by the Board of Education does not meet the cost control requirements of 14 15 this Section, the Board of Education shall undertake budgetary 16 reductions, consistent with the requirements of this Section, to bring the proposed budget into compliance with such cost 17 control limitations. 18

19 If, in formulating cost control and cost reduction 20 alternatives, the Board of Education believes that meeting the cost control requirements of this Section related to the budget 21 22 for the ensuing year would impair the education, safety, or 23 well-being of the pupils of the school district, the Board of 24 Education may request that the School Finance Authority make 25 adjustments to the limitations required by this Section. The Board of Education shall specify the amount, nature, and 26

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1 reasons for the relief required and shall also identify cost 2 reductions which can be made in expenditure functions not 3 enumerated in paragraph (B)(1), which would serve the purposes 4 of this Section.

5 The School Finance Authority shall consult with the State Superintendent of Education concerning the reasonableness from 6 an educational administration perspective of the adjustments 7 sought by the Board of Education. The School Finance Authority 8 9 shall provide an opportunity for the public to comment upon the 10 reasonableness of the Board's request. If, after such 11 consultation, the School Finance Authority determines that all or a portion of the adjustments sought by the Board of 12 13 Education are reasonably appropriate or necessary, the 14 Authority may grant such relief from the provisions of this 15 Section which the Authority deems appropriate. Adjustments so 16 granted apply only to the specific school year for which the 17 request was made.

18 In the event that the School Finance Authority determines that the Board of Education has failed to achieve the required 19 20 administrative expenditure limitations for a prior school year, or if the Authority determines that the Board of 21 22 Education has not met the requirements of subsection (F), the 23 Authority shall make recommendations to the Board of Education 24 concerning appropriate corrective actions. If the Board of 25 Education fails to provide adequate assurance to the Authority 26 that appropriate corrective actions have been or will be taken,

the Authority may, within 60 days thereafter, require the board to adjust its current budget to correct for the prior year's shortage or may recommend to the members of the General Assembly and the Governor such sanctions or remedial actions as will serve to deter any further such failures on the part of the Board of Education.

7 To assist the Authority in its monitoring 8 responsibilities, the Board of Education shall provide such 9 reports and information as are from time to time required by 10 the Authority.

11 (G) Independent reviews of administrative expenditures. The School Finance Authority may direct independent reviews of 12 13 the administrative and administrative support expenditures and 14 services and other non-instructional expenditure functions of 15 the Board of Education. The Board of Education shall afford 16 full cooperation to the School Finance Authority in such review activity. The purpose of such reviews shall be to verify 17 specific targets for improved operating efficiencies of the 18 Board of Education, to identify other areas of potential 19 20 efficiencies, and to assure full and proper compliance by the Board of Education with all requirements of this Section. 21

In the conduct of reviews under this subsection, the Authority may request the assistance and consultation of the State Superintendent of Education with regard to questions of efficiency and effectiveness in educational administration.

26

(H) Reports to Governor and General Assembly. On or before

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1 May 1, 1991 and no less frequently than yearly thereafter, the 2 School Finance Authority shall provide to the Governor, the State Board of Education, and the members of the General 3 4 Assembly an annual report, as outlined in Section 34A-606, 5 which includes the following information: (1) documenting the 6 compliance or non-compliance of the Board of Education with the requirements of this Section; (2) summarizing the costs, 7 8 findings, and recommendations of any reviews directed by the 9 School Finance Authority, and the response to such 10 recommendations made by the Board of Education; and (3) 11 recommending sanctions or legislation necessary to fulfill the intent of this Section. 12

13 (Source: P.A. 86-124; 86-1477.)

14 (105 ILCS 5/34-53) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-53)

15 Sec. 34-53. Tax levies; purpose; rates. For the purpose of establishing and supporting free schools for not fewer than 9 16 17 months in each year and defraying their expenses the board may levy annually, upon all taxable property of such district for 18 19 educational purposes a tax for the fiscal years 1996 and each succeeding fiscal year at a rate of not to exceed the sum of 20 21 (i) 3.07% (or such other rate as may be set by law independent 22 of the rate difference described in (ii) below) and (ii) the 23 difference between .50% and the rate per cent of taxes extended 24 for a School Finance Authority organized under Article 34A of 25 the School Code, for the calendar year in which the applicable

fiscal year of the board begins as determined by the county clerk and certified to the board pursuant to Section 18-110 of the Property Tax Code, of the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for the year in which such levy is made.

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Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 6 the 99th General Assembly, for the purpose of making an 7 employer contribution to the Public School Teachers' Pension 8 9 and Retirement Fund of Chicago, the board may levy annually for 10 taxable years prior to 2017, upon all taxable property located 11 within the district, a tax at a rate not to exceed 0.383%. 12 Beginning with the 2017 taxable year, for the purpose of making 13 an employer contribution to the Public School Teachers' Pension 14 and Retirement Fund of Chicago, the board may levy annually, 15 upon all taxable property within the district, a tax at a rate 16 not to exceed 0.567%. The proceeds from this additional tax shall be paid, as soon as possible after collection, directly 17 to Public School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of 18 Chicago and not to the Board of Education. The rate under this 19 20 paragraph is not a new rate for the purposes of the Property 21 Tax Extension Limitation Law. Notwithstanding any other 22 provision of law, for the 2016 tax year only, the board shall 23 certify the rate to the county clerk on the effective date of 24 this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly, and the 25 county clerk shall extend that rate against all taxable 26 property located within the district as soon after receiving

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1 the certification as possible.

Nothing in this amendatory Act of 1995 shall in any way impair or restrict the levy or extension of taxes pursuant to any tax levies for any purposes of the board lawfully made prior to the adoption of this amendatory Act of 1995.

6 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code and in addition to any other methods provided for increasing the tax 7 8 rate the board may, by proper resolution, cause a proposition 9 to increase the annual tax rate for educational purposes to be 10 submitted to the voters of such district at any general or 11 special election. The maximum rate for educational purposes shall not exceed 4.00%. The election called for such purpose 12 shall be governed by Article 9 of this Act. If at such election 13 14 a majority of the votes cast on the proposition is in favor 15 thereof, the Board of Education may thereafter until such 16 authority is revoked in a like manner, levy annually the tax so 17 authorized.

For purposes of this Article, educational purposes for 18 fiscal years beginning in 1995 and each subsequent year shall 19 20 also include, but not be limited to, in addition to those purposes authorized before this amendatory Act of 1995, 21 constructing, acquiring, leasing (other than from the Public 22 23 Building Commission of Chicago), operating, maintaining, 24 repairing, and renovating land, improving, buildings, 25 furnishings, and equipment for school houses and buildings, and 26 related incidental expenses, and provision of special

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1 education, furnishing free textbooks and instructional aids and school supplies, establishing, equipping, maintaining, and 2 operating supervised playgrounds under the control of the 3 4 board, school extracurricular activities, and stadia, social 5 center, and summer swimming pool programs open to the public in 6 connection with any public school; making an employer contribution to the Public School Teachers' Pension and 7 Retirement Fund as required by Section 17-129 of the Illinois 8 Pension Code; and providing an agricultural science school, 9 10 including site development and improvements, maintenance 11 repairs, and supplies. Educational purposes also includes student transportation expenses. 12

13 All collections of all taxes levied for fiscal years ending before 1996 under this Section or under Sections 34-53.2, 14 15 34-53.3, 34-58, 34-60, or 34-62 of this Article as in effect 16 prior to this amendatory Act of 1995 may be used for any educational purposes as defined by this amendatory Act of 1995 17 18 and need not be used for the particular purposes for which they were levied. The levy and extension of taxes pursuant to this 19 20 Section as amended by this amendatory Act of 1995 shall not 21 constitute a new or increased tax rate within the meaning of 22 the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law or the One-year 23 Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

The rate at which taxes may be levied for the fiscal year beginning September 1, 1996, for educational purposes shall be the full rate authorized by this Section for such taxes for 10000SB0444ham001 -549- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 fiscal years ending after 1995.

2 (Source: P.A. 99-521, eff. 6-1-17.)

3 Section 970. The Educational Opportunity for Military
4 Children Act is amended by changing Section 25 as follows:

5 (105 ILCS 70/25)

Sec. 25. Tuition for children of active duty military 6 7 personnel who are transfer students. If a student who is a 8 child of active duty military personnel is (i) placed with a 9 non-custodial parent and (ii) as a result of placement, must attend a non-resident school district, then the student must 10 11 not be charged the tuition of the school that the student 12 attends as a result of placement with the non-custodial parent 13 and the student must be counted in the calculation of average 14 daily attendance under Section 18-8.05 or 18-8.15 of the School 15 Code.

16 (Source: P.A. 98-673, eff. 6-30-14.)

17 Section 995. Inseverability. The provisions of this Act are 18 mutually dependent and inseverable. If any provision is held 19 invalid other than as applied to a particular person or 20 circumstance, then this entire Act is invalid.

21 Section 997. Savings clause. Any repeal or amendment made 22 by this Act shall not affect or impair any of the following: 10000SB0444ham001 -550- LRB100 04884 JWD 28992 a

1 suits pending or rights existing at the time this Act takes 2 effect; any grant or conveyance made or right acquired or cause of action now existing under any Section, Article, or Act 3 4 repealed or amended by this Act; the validity of any bonds or 5 other obligations issued or sold and constituting valid 6 obligations of the issuing authority at the time this Act takes effect; the validity of any contract; the validity of any tax 7 levied under any law in effect prior to the effective date of 8 9 this Act; or any offense committed, act done, penalty, 10 punishment, or forfeiture incurred or any claim, right, power, 11 or remedy accrued under any law in effect prior to the effective date of this Act. 12

Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".