



Rep. Will Guzzardi

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 4897

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 4897 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by
5 changing Sections 3-12, 5-1, and 6-4 as follows:

6 (235 ILCS 5/3-12)

7 Sec. 3-12. Powers and duties of State Commission.

8 (a) The State commission shall have the following powers,
9 functions, and duties:

10 (1) To receive applications and to issue licenses to
11 manufacturers, foreign importers, importing distributors,
12 distributors, non-resident dealers, on premise consumption
13 retailers, off premise sale retailers, special event
14 retailer licensees, special use permit licenses, auction
15 liquor licenses, brew pubs, caterer retailers,
16 non-beverage users, railroads, including owners and

1 lessees of sleeping, dining and cafe cars, airplanes,
2 boats, brokers, and wine maker's premises licensees in
3 accordance with the provisions of this Act, and to suspend
4 or revoke such licenses upon the State commission's
5 determination, upon notice after hearing, that a licensee
6 has violated any provision of this Act or any rule or
7 regulation issued pursuant thereto and in effect for 30
8 days prior to such violation. Except in the case of an
9 action taken pursuant to a violation of Section 6-3, 6-5,
10 or 6-9, any action by the State Commission to suspend or
11 revoke a licensee's license may be limited to the license
12 for the specific premises where the violation occurred. An
13 action for a violation of this Act shall be commenced by
14 the State Commission within 2 years after the date the
15 State Commission becomes aware of the violation.

16 In lieu of suspending or revoking a license, the
17 commission may impose a fine, upon the State commission's
18 determination and notice after hearing, that a licensee has
19 violated any provision of this Act or any rule or
20 regulation issued pursuant thereto and in effect for 30
21 days prior to such violation.

22 For the purpose of this paragraph (1), when determining
23 multiple violations for the sale of alcohol to a person
24 under the age of 21, a second or subsequent violation for
25 the sale of alcohol to a person under the age of 21 shall
26 only be considered if it was committed within 5 years after

1 the date when a prior violation for the sale of alcohol to
2 a person under the age of 21 was committed.

3 The fine imposed under this paragraph may not exceed
4 \$500 for each violation. Each day that the activity, which
5 gave rise to the original fine, continues is a separate
6 violation. The maximum fine that may be levied against any
7 licensee, for the period of the license, shall not exceed
8 \$20,000. The maximum penalty that may be imposed on a
9 licensee for selling a bottle of alcoholic liquor with a
10 foreign object in it or serving from a bottle of alcoholic
11 liquor with a foreign object in it shall be the destruction
12 of that bottle of alcoholic liquor for the first 10 bottles
13 so sold or served from by the licensee. For the eleventh
14 bottle of alcoholic liquor and for each third bottle
15 thereafter sold or served from by the licensee with a
16 foreign object in it, the maximum penalty that may be
17 imposed on the licensee is the destruction of the bottle of
18 alcoholic liquor and a fine of up to \$50.

19 Any notice issued by the State Commission to a licensee
20 for a violation of this Act or any notice with respect to
21 settlement or offer in compromise shall include the field
22 report, photographs, and any other supporting
23 documentation necessary to reasonably inform the licensee
24 of the nature and extent of the violation or the conduct
25 alleged to have occurred.

26 (2) To adopt such rules and regulations consistent with

1 the provisions of this Act which shall be necessary to
2 carry on its functions and duties to the end that the
3 health, safety and welfare of the People of the State of
4 Illinois shall be protected and temperance in the
5 consumption of alcoholic liquors shall be fostered and
6 promoted and to distribute copies of such rules and
7 regulations to all licensees affected thereby.

8 (3) To call upon other administrative departments of
9 the State, county and municipal governments, county and
10 city police departments and upon prosecuting officers for
11 such information and assistance as it deems necessary in
12 the performance of its duties.

13 (4) To recommend to local commissioners rules and
14 regulations, not inconsistent with the law, for the
15 distribution and sale of alcoholic liquors throughout the
16 State.

17 (5) To inspect, or cause to be inspected, any premises
18 in this State where alcoholic liquors are manufactured,
19 distributed, warehoused, or sold. Nothing in this Act
20 authorizes an agent of the Commission to inspect private
21 areas within the premises without reasonable suspicion or a
22 warrant during an inspection. "Private areas" include, but
23 are not limited to, safes, personal property, and closed
24 desks.

25 (5.1) Upon receipt of a complaint or upon having
26 knowledge that any person is engaged in business as a

1 manufacturer, importing distributor, distributor, or
2 retailer without a license or valid license, to notify the
3 local liquor authority, file a complaint with the State's
4 Attorney's Office of the county where the incident
5 occurred, or initiate an investigation with the
6 appropriate law enforcement officials.

7 (5.2) To issue a cease and desist notice to persons
8 shipping alcoholic liquor into this State from a point
9 outside of this State if the shipment is in violation of
10 this Act.

11 (5.3) To receive complaints from licensees, local
12 officials, law enforcement agencies, organizations, and
13 persons stating that any licensee has been or is violating
14 any provision of this Act or the rules and regulations
15 issued pursuant to this Act. Such complaints shall be in
16 writing, signed and sworn to by the person making the
17 complaint, and shall state with specificity the facts in
18 relation to the alleged violation. If the Commission has
19 reasonable grounds to believe that the complaint
20 substantially alleges a violation of this Act or rules and
21 regulations adopted pursuant to this Act, it shall conduct
22 an investigation. If, after conducting an investigation,
23 the Commission is satisfied that the alleged violation did
24 occur, it shall proceed with disciplinary action against
25 the licensee as provided in this Act.

26 (6) To hear and determine appeals from orders of a

1 local commission in accordance with the provisions of this
2 Act, as hereinafter set forth. Hearings under this
3 subsection shall be held in Springfield or Chicago, at
4 whichever location is the more convenient for the majority
5 of persons who are parties to the hearing.

6 (7) The commission shall establish uniform systems of
7 accounts to be kept by all retail licensees having more
8 than 4 employees, and for this purpose the commission may
9 classify all retail licensees having more than 4 employees
10 and establish a uniform system of accounts for each class
11 and prescribe the manner in which such accounts shall be
12 kept. The commission may also prescribe the forms of
13 accounts to be kept by all retail licensees having more
14 than 4 employees, including but not limited to accounts of
15 earnings and expenses and any distribution, payment, or
16 other distribution of earnings or assets, and any other
17 forms, records and memoranda which in the judgment of the
18 commission may be necessary or appropriate to carry out any
19 of the provisions of this Act, including but not limited to
20 such forms, records and memoranda as will readily and
21 accurately disclose at all times the beneficial ownership
22 of such retail licensed business. The accounts, forms,
23 records and memoranda shall be available at all reasonable
24 times for inspection by authorized representatives of the
25 State commission or by any local liquor control
26 commissioner or his or her authorized representative. The

1 commission, may, from time to time, alter, amend or repeal,
2 in whole or in part, any uniform system of accounts, or the
3 form and manner of keeping accounts.

4 (8) In the conduct of any hearing authorized to be held
5 by the commission, to appoint, at the commission's
6 discretion, hearing officers to conduct hearings involving
7 complex issues or issues that will require a protracted
8 period of time to resolve, to examine, or cause to be
9 examined, under oath, any licensee, and to examine or cause
10 to be examined the books and records of such licensee; to
11 hear testimony and take proof material for its information
12 in the discharge of its duties hereunder; to administer or
13 cause to be administered oaths; for any such purpose to
14 issue subpoena or subpoenas to require the attendance of
15 witnesses and the production of books, which shall be
16 effective in any part of this State, and to adopt rules to
17 implement its powers under this paragraph (8).

18 Any Circuit Court may by order duly entered, require
19 the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant
20 books subpoenaed by the State commission and the court may
21 compel obedience to its order by proceedings for contempt.

22 (9) To investigate the administration of laws in
23 relation to alcoholic liquors in this and other states and
24 any foreign countries, and to recommend from time to time
25 to the Governor and through him or her to the legislature
26 of this State, such amendments to this Act, if any, as it

1 may think desirable and as will serve to further the
2 general broad purposes contained in Section 1-2 hereof.

3 (10) To adopt such rules and regulations consistent
4 with the provisions of this Act which shall be necessary
5 for the control, sale or disposition of alcoholic liquor
6 damaged as a result of an accident, wreck, flood, fire or
7 other similar occurrence.

8 (11) To develop industry educational programs related
9 to responsible serving and selling, particularly in the
10 areas of overserving consumers and illegal underage
11 purchasing and consumption of alcoholic beverages.

12 (11.1) To license persons providing education and
13 training to alcohol beverage sellers and servers for
14 mandatory and non-mandatory training under the Beverage
15 Alcohol Sellers and Servers Education and Training
16 (BASSET) programs and to develop and administer a public
17 awareness program in Illinois to reduce or eliminate the
18 illegal purchase and consumption of alcoholic beverage
19 products by persons under the age of 21. Application for a
20 license shall be made on forms provided by the State
21 Commission.

22 (12) To develop and maintain a repository of license
23 and regulatory information.

24 (13) On or before January 15, 1994, the Commission
25 shall issue a written report to the Governor and General
26 Assembly that is to be based on a comprehensive study of

1 the impact on and implications for the State of Illinois of
2 Section 1926 of the federal ADAMHA Reorganization Act of
3 1992 (Public Law 102-321). This study shall address the
4 extent to which Illinois currently complies with the
5 provisions of P.L. 102-321 and the rules promulgated
6 pursuant thereto.

7 As part of its report, the Commission shall provide the
8 following essential information:

9 (i) the number of retail distributors of tobacco
10 products, by type and geographic area, in the State;

11 (ii) the number of reported citations and
12 successful convictions, categorized by type and
13 location of retail distributor, for violation of the
14 Prevention of Tobacco Use by Minors and Sale and
15 Distribution of Tobacco Products Act and the Smokeless
16 Tobacco Limitation Act;

17 (iii) the extent and nature of organized
18 educational and governmental activities that are
19 intended to promote, encourage or otherwise secure
20 compliance with any Illinois laws that prohibit the
21 sale or distribution of tobacco products to minors; and

22 (iv) the level of access and availability of
23 tobacco products to individuals under the age of 18.

24 To obtain the data necessary to comply with the
25 provisions of P.L. 102-321 and the requirements of this
26 report, the Commission shall conduct random, unannounced

1 inspections of a geographically and scientifically
2 representative sample of the State's retail tobacco
3 distributors.

4 The Commission shall consult with the Department of
5 Public Health, the Department of Human Services, the
6 Illinois State Police and any other executive branch
7 agency, and private organizations that may have
8 information relevant to this report.

9 The Commission may contract with the Food and Drug
10 Administration of the U.S. Department of Health and Human
11 Services to conduct unannounced investigations of Illinois
12 tobacco vendors to determine compliance with federal laws
13 relating to the illegal sale of cigarettes and smokeless
14 tobacco products to persons under the age of 18.

15 (14) On or before April 30, 2008 and every 2 years
16 thereafter, the Commission shall present a written report
17 to the Governor and the General Assembly that shall be
18 based on a study of the impact of Public Act 95-634 on the
19 business of soliciting, selling, and shipping wine from
20 inside and outside of this State directly to residents of
21 this State. As part of its report, the Commission shall
22 provide all of the following information:

23 (A) The amount of State excise and sales tax
24 revenues generated.

25 (B) The amount of licensing fees received.

26 (C) The number of cases of wine shipped from inside

1 and outside of this State directly to residents of this
2 State.

3 (D) The number of alcohol compliance operations
4 conducted.

5 (E) The number of winery shipper's licenses
6 issued.

7 (F) The number of each of the following: reported
8 violations; cease and desist notices issued by the
9 Commission; notices of violations issued by the
10 Commission and to the Department of Revenue; and
11 notices and complaints of violations to law
12 enforcement officials, including, without limitation,
13 the Illinois Attorney General and the U.S. Department
14 of Treasury's Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.

15 (15) As a means to reduce the underage consumption of
16 alcoholic liquors, the Commission shall conduct alcohol
17 compliance operations to investigate whether businesses
18 that are soliciting, selling, and shipping wine from inside
19 or outside of this State directly to residents of this
20 State are licensed by this State or are selling or
21 attempting to sell wine to persons under 21 years of age in
22 violation of this Act.

23 (16) The Commission shall, in addition to notifying any
24 appropriate law enforcement agency, submit notices of
25 complaints or violations of Sections 6-29 and 6-29.1 by
26 persons who do not hold a winery shipper's license under

1 this Act to the Illinois Attorney General and to the U.S.
2 Department of Treasury's Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade
3 Bureau.

4 (17) (A) A person licensed to make wine under the laws
5 of another state who has a winery shipper's license under
6 this Act and annually produces less than 25,000 gallons of
7 wine or a person who has a first-class or second-class wine
8 manufacturer's license, a first-class or second-class
9 wine-maker's license, or a limited wine manufacturer's
10 license under this Act and annually produces less than
11 25,000 gallons of wine may make application to the
12 Commission for a self-distribution exemption to allow the
13 sale of not more than 5,000 gallons of the exemption
14 holder's wine to retail licensees per year.

15 (B) In the application, which shall be sworn under
16 penalty of perjury, such person shall state (1) the date it
17 was established; (2) its volume of production and sales for
18 each year since its establishment; (3) its efforts to
19 establish distributor relationships; (4) that a
20 self-distribution exemption is necessary to facilitate the
21 marketing of its wine; and (5) that it will comply with the
22 liquor and revenue laws of the United States, this State,
23 and any other state where it is licensed.

24 (C) The Commission shall approve the application for a
25 self-distribution exemption if such person: (1) is in
26 compliance with State revenue and liquor laws; (2) is not a

1 member of any affiliated group that produces more than
2 25,000 gallons of wine per annum or produces any other
3 alcoholic liquor; (3) will not annually produce for sale
4 more than 25,000 gallons of wine; and (4) will not annually
5 sell more than 5,000 gallons of its wine to retail
6 licensees.

7 (D) A self-distribution exemption holder shall
8 annually certify to the Commission its production of wine
9 in the previous 12 months and its anticipated production
10 and sales for the next 12 months. The Commission may fine,
11 suspend, or revoke a self-distribution exemption after a
12 hearing if it finds that the exemption holder has made a
13 material misrepresentation in its application, violated a
14 revenue or liquor law of Illinois, exceeded production of
15 25,000 gallons of wine in any calendar year, or become part
16 of an affiliated group producing more than 25,000 gallons
17 of wine or any other alcoholic liquor.

18 (E) Except in hearings for violations of this Act or
19 Public Act 95-634 or a bona fide investigation by duly
20 sworn law enforcement officials, the Commission, or its
21 agents, the Commission shall maintain the production and
22 sales information of a self-distribution exemption holder
23 as confidential and shall not release such information to
24 any person.

25 (F) The Commission shall issue regulations governing
26 self-distribution exemptions consistent with this Section

1 and this Act.

2 (G) Nothing in this subsection (17) shall prohibit a
3 self-distribution exemption holder from entering into or
4 simultaneously having a distribution agreement with a
5 licensed Illinois distributor.

6 (H) It is the intent of this subsection (17) to promote
7 and continue orderly markets. The General Assembly finds
8 that in order to preserve Illinois' regulatory
9 distribution system it is necessary to create an exception
10 for smaller makers of wine as their wines are frequently
11 adjusted in varietals, mixes, vintages, and taste to find
12 and create market niches sometimes too small for
13 distributor or importing distributor business strategies.
14 Limited self-distribution rights will afford and allow
15 smaller makers of wine access to the marketplace in order
16 to develop a customer base without impairing the integrity
17 of the 3-tier system.

18 (18) (A) A class 1 brewer licensee, who must also be
19 either a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer
20 and annually manufacture less than 930,000 gallons of beer,
21 may make application to the State Commission for a
22 self-distribution exemption to allow the sale of not more
23 than 232,500 gallons of the exemption holder's beer per
24 year to retail licensees and to brewers, class 1 brewers,
25 and class 2 brewers that, pursuant to subsection (e) of
26 Section 6-4 of this Act, sell beer, cider, or both beer and

1 cider to non-licensees at their breweries ~~per year~~.

2 (B) In the application, which shall be sworn under
3 penalty of perjury, the class 1 brewer licensee shall state
4 (1) the date it was established; (2) its volume of beer
5 manufactured and sold for each year since its
6 establishment; (3) its efforts to establish distributor
7 relationships; (4) that a self-distribution exemption is
8 necessary to facilitate the marketing of its beer; and (5)
9 that it will comply with the alcoholic beverage and revenue
10 laws of the United States, this State, and any other state
11 where it is licensed.

12 (C) Any application submitted shall be posted on the
13 State Commission's website at least 45 days prior to action
14 by the State Commission. The State Commission shall approve
15 the application for a self-distribution exemption if the
16 class 1 brewer licensee: (1) is in compliance with the
17 State, revenue, and alcoholic beverage laws; (2) is not a
18 member of any affiliated group that manufactures more than
19 930,000 gallons of beer per annum or produces any other
20 alcoholic beverages; (3) shall not annually manufacture
21 for sale more than 930,000 gallons of beer; (4) shall not
22 annually sell more than 232,500 gallons of its beer to
23 retail licensees or to brewers, class 1 brewers, and class
24 2 brewers that, pursuant to subsection (e) of Section 6-4
25 of this Act, sell beer, cider, or both beer and cider to
26 non-licensees at their breweries; and (5) has relinquished

1 any brew pub license held by the licensee, including any
2 ownership interest it held in the licensed brew pub.

3 (D) A self-distribution exemption holder shall
4 annually certify to the State Commission its manufacture of
5 beer during the previous 12 months and its anticipated
6 manufacture and sales of beer for the next 12 months. The
7 State Commission may fine, suspend, or revoke a
8 self-distribution exemption after a hearing if it finds
9 that the exemption holder has made a material
10 misrepresentation in its application, violated a revenue
11 or alcoholic beverage law of Illinois, exceeded the
12 manufacture of 930,000 gallons of beer in any calendar year
13 or became part of an affiliated group manufacturing more
14 than 930,000 gallons of beer or any other alcoholic
15 beverage.

16 (E) The State Commission shall issue rules and
17 regulations governing self-distribution exemptions
18 consistent with this Act.

19 (F) Nothing in this paragraph (18) shall prohibit a
20 self-distribution exemption holder from entering into or
21 simultaneously having a distribution agreement with a
22 licensed Illinois importing distributor or a distributor.
23 If a self-distribution exemption holder enters into a
24 distribution agreement and has assigned distribution
25 rights to an importing distributor or distributor, then the
26 self-distribution exemption holder's distribution rights

1 in the assigned territories shall cease in a reasonable
2 time not to exceed 60 days.

3 (G) It is the intent of this paragraph (18) to promote
4 and continue orderly markets. The General Assembly finds
5 that in order to preserve Illinois' regulatory
6 distribution system, it is necessary to create an exception
7 for smaller manufacturers in order to afford and allow such
8 smaller manufacturers of beer access to the marketplace in
9 order to develop a customer base without impairing the
10 integrity of the 3-tier system.

11 (b) On or before April 30, 1999, the Commission shall
12 present a written report to the Governor and the General
13 Assembly that shall be based on a study of the impact of Public
14 Act 90-739 on the business of soliciting, selling, and shipping
15 alcoholic liquor from outside of this State directly to
16 residents of this State.

17 As part of its report, the Commission shall provide the
18 following information:

19 (i) the amount of State excise and sales tax revenues
20 generated as a result of Public Act 90-739;

21 (ii) the amount of licensing fees received as a result
22 of Public Act 90-739;

23 (iii) the number of reported violations, the number of
24 cease and desist notices issued by the Commission, the
25 number of notices of violations issued to the Department of
26 Revenue, and the number of notices and complaints of

1 violations to law enforcement officials.

2 (Source: P.A. 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-448, eff. 8-24-15;
3 100-134, eff. 8-18-17; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

4 (235 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 115)

5 Sec. 5-1. Licenses issued by the Illinois Liquor Control
6 Commission shall be of the following classes:

7 (a) Manufacturer's license - Class 1. Distiller, Class 2.
8 Rectifier, Class 3. Brewer, Class 4. First Class Wine
9 Manufacturer, Class 5. Second Class Wine Manufacturer, Class 6.
10 First Class Winemaker, Class 7. Second Class Winemaker, Class
11 8. Limited Wine Manufacturer, Class 9. Craft Distiller, Class
12 10. Class 1 Brewer, Class 11. Class 2 Brewer,

13 (b) Distributor's license,

14 (c) Importing Distributor's license,

15 (d) Retailer's license,

16 (e) Special Event Retailer's license (not-for-profit),

17 (f) Railroad license,

18 (g) Boat license,

19 (h) Non-Beverage User's license,

20 (i) Wine-maker's premises license,

21 (j) Airplane license,

22 (k) Foreign importer's license,

23 (l) Broker's license,

24 (m) Non-resident dealer's license,

25 (n) Brew Pub license,

- 1 (o) Auction liquor license,
- 2 (p) Caterer retailer license,
- 3 (q) Special use permit license,
- 4 (r) Winery shipper's license,
- 5 (s) Craft distiller tasting permit.

6 No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal
7 business entity that is engaged in the manufacturing of wine
8 may concurrently obtain and hold a wine-maker's license and a
9 wine manufacturer's license.

10 (a) A manufacturer's license shall allow the manufacture,
11 importation in bulk, storage, distribution and sale of
12 alcoholic liquor to persons without the State, as may be
13 permitted by law and to licensees in this State as follows:

14 Class 1. A Distiller may make sales and deliveries of
15 alcoholic liquor to distillers, rectifiers, importing
16 distributors, distributors and non-beverage users and to no
17 other licensees.

18 Class 2. A Rectifier, who is not a distiller, as defined
19 herein, may make sales and deliveries of alcoholic liquor to
20 rectifiers, importing distributors, distributors, retailers
21 and non-beverage users and to no other licensees.

22 Class 3. A Brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to
23 importing distributors and distributors and may make sales as
24 authorized under subsection (e) of Section 6-4 of this Act.

25 Class 4. A first class wine-manufacturer may make sales and
26 deliveries of up to 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers,

1 importing distributors and distributors, and to no other
2 licensees.

3 Class 5. A second class Wine manufacturer may make sales
4 and deliveries of more than 50,000 gallons of wine to
5 manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors and to
6 no other licensees.

7 Class 6. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the
8 manufacture of up to 50,000 gallons of wine per year, and the
9 storage and sale of such wine to distributors in the State and
10 to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A
11 person who, prior to June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public
12 Act 95-634), is a holder of a first-class wine-maker's license
13 and annually produces more than 25,000 gallons of its own wine
14 and who distributes its wine to licensed retailers shall cease
15 this practice on or before July 1, 2008 in compliance with
16 Public Act 95-634.

17 Class 7. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow
18 the manufacture of between 50,000 and 150,000 gallons of wine
19 per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors
20 in this State and to persons without the State, as may be
21 permitted by law. A person who, prior to June 1, 2008 (the
22 effective date of Public Act 95-634), is a holder of a
23 second-class wine-maker's license and annually produces more
24 than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its
25 wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or
26 before July 1, 2008 in compliance with Public Act 95-634.

1 Class 8. A limited wine-manufacturer may make sales and
2 deliveries not to exceed 40,000 gallons of wine per year to
3 distributors, and to non-licensees in accordance with the
4 provisions of this Act.

5 Class 9. A craft distiller license shall allow the
6 manufacture of up to 100,000 gallons of spirits by distillation
7 per year and the storage of such spirits. If a craft distiller
8 licensee, including a craft distiller licensee who holds more
9 than one craft distiller license, is not affiliated with any
10 other manufacturer of spirits, then the craft distiller
11 licensee may sell such spirits to distributors in this State
12 and up to 2,500 gallons of such spirits to non-licensees to the
13 extent permitted by any exemption approved by the Commission
14 pursuant to Section 6-4 of this Act. A craft distiller license
15 holder may store such spirits at a non-contiguous licensed
16 location, but at no time shall a craft distiller license holder
17 directly or indirectly produce in the aggregate more than
18 100,000 gallons of spirits per year.

19 A craft distiller licensee may hold more than one craft
20 distiller's license. However, a craft distiller that holds more
21 than one craft distiller license shall not manufacture, in the
22 aggregate, more than 100,000 gallons of spirits by distillation
23 per year and shall not sell, in the aggregate, more than 2,500
24 gallons of such spirits to non-licensees in accordance with an
25 exemption approved by the State Commission pursuant to Section
26 6-4 of this Act.

1 Any craft distiller licensed under this Act who on July 28,
2 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1367) was licensed as
3 a distiller and manufactured no more spirits than permitted by
4 this Section shall not be required to pay the initial licensing
5 fee.

6 Class 10. A class 1 brewer license, which may only be
7 issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer,
8 shall allow the manufacture of up to 930,000 gallons of beer
9 per year provided that the class 1 brewer licensee does not
10 manufacture more than a combined 930,000 gallons of beer per
11 year and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or
12 indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 930,000
13 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor. A class
14 1 brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing
15 distributors and distributors and to retail licensees in
16 accordance with the conditions set forth in paragraph (18) of
17 subsection (a) of Section 3-12 of this Act.

18 Class 11. A class 2 brewer license, which may only be
19 issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer,
20 shall allow the manufacture of up to 3,720,000 gallons of beer
21 per year provided that the class 2 brewer licensee does not
22 manufacture more than a combined 3,720,000 gallons of beer per
23 year and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or
24 indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 3,720,000
25 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor. A class
26 2 brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing

1 distributors and distributors, but shall not make sales or
2 deliveries to any other licensee. If the State Commission
3 provides prior approval, a class 2 brewer licensee may annually
4 transfer up to 3,720,000 gallons of beer manufactured by that
5 class 2 brewer licensee to the premises of a licensed class 2
6 brewer wholly owned and operated by the same licensee.

7 (a-1) A manufacturer which is licensed in this State to
8 make sales or deliveries of alcoholic liquor to licensed
9 distributors or importing distributors and which enlists
10 agents, representatives, or individuals acting on its behalf
11 who contact licensed retailers on a regular and continual basis
12 in this State must register those agents, representatives, or
13 persons acting on its behalf with the State Commission.

14 Registration of agents, representatives, or persons acting
15 on behalf of a manufacturer is fulfilled by submitting a form
16 to the Commission. The form shall be developed by the
17 Commission and shall include the name and address of the
18 applicant, the name and address of the manufacturer he or she
19 represents, the territory or areas assigned to sell to or
20 discuss pricing terms of alcoholic liquor, and any other
21 questions deemed appropriate and necessary. All statements in
22 the forms required to be made by law or by rule shall be deemed
23 material, and any person who knowingly misstates any material
24 fact under oath in an application is guilty of a Class B
25 misdemeanor. Fraud, misrepresentation, false statements,
26 misleading statements, evasions, or suppression of material

1 facts in the securing of a registration are grounds for
2 suspension or revocation of the registration. The State
3 Commission shall post a list of registered agents on the
4 Commission's website.

5 (b) A distributor's license shall allow the wholesale
6 purchase and storage of alcoholic liquors and sale of alcoholic
7 liquors to licensees in this State and to persons without the
8 State, as may be permitted by law, and the sale of beer, cider,
9 or both beer and cider to brewers, class 1 brewers, and class 2
10 brewers that, pursuant to subsection (e) of Section 6-4 of this
11 Act, sell beer, cider, or both beer and cider to non-licensees
12 at their breweries. No person licensed as a distributor shall
13 be granted a non-resident dealer's license.

14 (c) An importing distributor's license may be issued to and
15 held by those only who are duly licensed distributors, upon the
16 filing of an application by a duly licensed distributor, with
17 the Commission and the Commission shall, without the payment of
18 any fee, immediately issue such importing distributor's
19 license to the applicant, which shall allow the importation of
20 alcoholic liquor by the licensee into this State from any point
21 in the United States outside this State, and the purchase of
22 alcoholic liquor in barrels, casks or other bulk containers and
23 the bottling of such alcoholic liquors before resale thereof,
24 but all bottles or containers so filled shall be sealed,
25 labeled, stamped and otherwise made to comply with all
26 provisions, rules and regulations governing manufacturers in

1 the preparation and bottling of alcoholic liquors. The
2 importing distributor's license shall permit such licensee to
3 purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident
4 dealers and foreign importers only. No person licensed as an
5 importing distributor shall be granted a non-resident dealer's
6 license.

7 (d) A retailer's license shall allow the licensee to sell
8 and offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in
9 the license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not
10 for resale in any form. Nothing in Public Act 95-634 shall
11 deny, limit, remove, or restrict the ability of a holder of a
12 retailer's license to transfer, deliver, or ship alcoholic
13 liquor to the purchaser for use or consumption subject to any
14 applicable local law or ordinance. Any retail license issued to
15 a manufacturer shall only permit the manufacturer to sell beer
16 at retail on the premises actually occupied by the
17 manufacturer. For the purpose of further describing the type of
18 business conducted at a retail licensed premises, a retailer's
19 licensee may be designated by the State Commission as (i) an on
20 premise consumption retailer, (ii) an off premise sale
21 retailer, or (iii) a combined on premise consumption and off
22 premise sale retailer.

23 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection
24 (d), a retail licensee may sell alcoholic liquors to a special
25 event retailer licensee for resale to the extent permitted
26 under subsection (e).

1 (e) A special event retailer's license (not-for-profit)
2 shall permit the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquors from an
3 Illinois licensed distributor (unless the licensee purchases
4 less than \$500 of alcoholic liquors for the special event, in
5 which case the licensee may purchase the alcoholic liquors from
6 a licensed retailer) and shall allow the licensee to sell and
7 offer for sale, at retail, alcoholic liquors for use or
8 consumption, but not for resale in any form and only at the
9 location and on the specific dates designated for the special
10 event in the license. An applicant for a special event retailer
11 license must (i) furnish with the application: (A) a resale
12 number issued under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax
13 Act or evidence that the applicant is registered under Section
14 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, (B) a current, valid
15 exemption identification number issued under Section 1g of the
16 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and a certification to the
17 Commission that the purchase of alcoholic liquors will be a
18 tax-exempt purchase, or (C) a statement that the applicant is
19 not registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation
20 Tax Act, does not hold a resale number under Section 2c of the
21 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and does not hold an exemption
22 number under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act,
23 in which event the Commission shall set forth on the special
24 event retailer's license a statement to that effect; (ii)
25 submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State
26 Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability

1 insurance in the maximum limits; and (iii) show proof
2 satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant has
3 obtained local authority approval.

4 (f) A railroad license shall permit the licensee to import
5 alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United
6 States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors
7 in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors
8 directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors
9 and importing distributors from within or outside this State;
10 and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided
11 that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with
12 the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be
13 sold or dispensed on a club, buffet, lounge or dining car
14 operated on an electric, gas or steam railway in this State;
15 and provided further, that railroad licensees exercising the
16 above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII
17 of this Act as applied to importing distributors. A railroad
18 license shall also permit the licensee to sell or dispense
19 alcoholic liquors on any club, buffet, lounge or dining car
20 operated on an electric, gas or steam railway regularly
21 operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not
22 permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any
23 licensee within this State. A license shall be obtained for
24 each car in which such sales are made.

25 (g) A boat license shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor
26 in individual drinks, on any passenger boat regularly operated

1 as a common carrier on navigable waters in this State or on any
 2 riverboat operated under the Riverboat Gambling Act, which boat
 3 or riverboat maintains a public dining room or restaurant
 4 thereon.

5 (h) A non-beverage user's license shall allow the licensee
 6 to purchase alcoholic liquor from a licensed manufacturer or
 7 importing distributor, without the imposition of any tax upon
 8 the business of such licensed manufacturer or importing
 9 distributor as to such alcoholic liquor to be used by such
 10 licensee solely for the non-beverage purposes set forth in
 11 subsection (a) of Section 8-1 of this Act, and such licenses
 12 shall be divided and classified and shall permit the purchase,
 13 possession and use of limited and stated quantities of
 14 alcoholic liquor as follows:

- 15 Class 1, not to exceed 500 gallons
- 16 Class 2, not to exceed 1,000 gallons
- 17 Class 3, not to exceed 5,000 gallons
- 18 Class 4, not to exceed 10,000 gallons
- 19 Class 5, not to exceed 50,000 gallons

20 (i) A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee
 21 that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license to
 22 sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in
 23 such license not more than 50,000 gallons of the first-class
 24 wine-maker's wine that is made at the first-class wine-maker's
 25 licensed premises per year for use or consumption, but not for
 26 resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow

1 a licensee who concurrently holds a second-class wine-maker's
2 license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises
3 specified in such license up to 100,000 gallons of the
4 second-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the second-class
5 wine-maker's licensed premises per year for use or consumption
6 but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license
7 shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class
8 wine-maker's license or a second-class wine-maker's license to
9 sell and offer for sale at retail at the premises specified in
10 the wine-maker's premises license, for use or consumption but
11 not for resale in any form, any beer, wine, and spirits
12 purchased from a licensed distributor. Upon approval from the
13 State Commission, a wine-maker's premises license shall allow
14 the licensee to sell and offer for sale at (i) the wine-maker's
15 licensed premises and (ii) at up to 2 additional locations for
16 use and consumption and not for resale. Each location shall
17 require additional licensing per location as specified in
18 Section 5-3 of this Act. A wine-maker's premises licensee shall
19 secure liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount at
20 least equal to the maximum liability amounts set forth in
21 subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act.

22 (j) An airplane license shall permit the licensee to import
23 alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United
24 States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors
25 in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors
26 directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors

1 and importing distributors from within or outside this State;
2 and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided
3 that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with
4 the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be
5 sold or dispensed on an airplane; and provided further, that
6 airplane licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject
7 to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to
8 importing distributors. An airplane licensee shall also permit
9 the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquors on any passenger
10 airplane regularly operated by a common carrier in this State,
11 but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic
12 liquors to any licensee within this State. A single airplane
13 license shall be required of an airline company if liquor
14 service is provided on board aircraft in this State. The annual
15 fee for such license shall be as determined in Section 5-3.

16 (k) A foreign importer's license shall permit such licensee
17 to purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed
18 non-resident dealers only, and to import alcoholic liquor other
19 than in bulk from any point outside the United States and to
20 sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed importing
21 distributors and to no one else in Illinois; provided that (i)
22 the foreign importer registers with the State Commission every
23 brand of alcoholic liquor that it proposes to sell to Illinois
24 licensees during the license period, (ii) the foreign importer
25 complies with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 of this Act
26 with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may

1 be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale, and
2 (iii) the foreign importer complies with the provisions of
3 Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these
4 provisions apply to manufacturers.

5 (1) (i) A broker's license shall be required of all persons
6 who solicit orders for, offer to sell or offer to supply
7 alcoholic liquor to retailers in the State of Illinois, or who
8 offer to retailers to ship or cause to be shipped or to make
9 contact with distillers, rectifiers, brewers or manufacturers
10 or any other party within or without the State of Illinois in
11 order that alcoholic liquors be shipped to a distributor,
12 importing distributor or foreign importer, whether such
13 solicitation or offer is consummated within or without the
14 State of Illinois.

15 No holder of a retailer's license issued by the Illinois
16 Liquor Control Commission shall purchase or receive any
17 alcoholic liquor, the order for which was solicited or offered
18 for sale to such retailer by a broker unless the broker is the
19 holder of a valid broker's license.

20 The broker shall, upon the acceptance by a retailer of the
21 broker's solicitation of an order or offer to sell or supply or
22 deliver or have delivered alcoholic liquors, promptly forward
23 to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission a notification of
24 said transaction in such form as the Commission may by
25 regulations prescribe.

26 (ii) A broker's license shall be required of a person

1 within this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee
2 or commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for
3 alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to
4 be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside
5 of this State by an express company, common carrier, or
6 contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who
7 promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically
8 authorized in Section 6-29 of this Act.

9 A broker's license under this subsection (1) shall not
10 entitle the holder to buy or sell any alcoholic liquors for his
11 own account or to take or deliver title to such alcoholic
12 liquors.

13 This subsection (1) shall not apply to distributors,
14 employees of distributors, or employees of a manufacturer who
15 has registered the trademark, brand or name of the alcoholic
16 liquor pursuant to Section 6-9 of this Act, and who regularly
17 sells such alcoholic liquor in the State of Illinois only to
18 its registrants thereunder.

19 Any agent, representative, or person subject to
20 registration pursuant to subsection (a-1) of this Section shall
21 not be eligible to receive a broker's license.

22 (m) A non-resident dealer's license shall permit such
23 licensee to ship into and warehouse alcoholic liquor into this
24 State from any point outside of this State, and to sell such
25 alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed foreign importers and
26 importing distributors and to no one else in this State;

1 provided that (i) said non-resident dealer shall register with
2 the Illinois Liquor Control Commission each and every brand of
3 alcoholic liquor which it proposes to sell to Illinois
4 licensees during the license period, (ii) it shall comply with
5 all of the provisions of Section 6-9 hereof with respect to
6 registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the
7 right to sell such brands at wholesale, and (iii) the
8 non-resident dealer shall comply with the provisions of
9 Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these
10 provisions apply to manufacturers. No person licensed as a
11 non-resident dealer shall be granted a distributor's or
12 importing distributor's license.

13 (n) A brew pub license shall allow the licensee to only (i)
14 manufacture up to 155,000 gallons of beer per year only on the
15 premises specified in the license, (ii) make sales of the beer
16 manufactured on the premises or, with the approval of the
17 Commission, beer manufactured on another brew pub licensed
18 premises that is wholly owned and operated by the same licensee
19 to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees
20 for use and consumption, (iii) store the beer upon the
21 premises, (iv) sell and offer for sale at retail from the
22 licensed premises for off-premises consumption no more than
23 155,000 gallons per year so long as such sales are only made
24 in-person, (v) sell and offer for sale at retail for use and
25 consumption on the premises specified in the license any form
26 of alcoholic liquor purchased from a licensed distributor or

1 importing distributor, and (vi) with the prior approval of the
2 Commission, annually transfer no more than 155,000 gallons of
3 beer manufactured on the premises to a licensed brew pub wholly
4 owned and operated by the same licensee.

5 A brew pub licensee shall not under any circumstance sell
6 or offer for sale beer manufactured by the brew pub licensee to
7 retail licensees.

8 A person who holds a class 2 brewer license may
9 simultaneously hold a brew pub license if the class 2 brewer
10 (i) does not, under any circumstance, sell or offer for sale
11 beer manufactured by the class 2 brewer to retail licensees;
12 (ii) does not hold more than 3 brew pub licenses in this State;
13 (iii) does not manufacture more than a combined 3,720,000
14 gallons of beer per year, including the beer manufactured at
15 the brew pub; and (iv) is not a member of or affiliated with,
16 directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than
17 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic
18 liquor.

19 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a licensed
20 brewer, class 2 brewer, or non-resident dealer who before July
21 1, 2015 manufactured less than 3,720,000 gallons of beer per
22 year and held a brew pub license on or before July 1, 2015 may
23 (i) continue to qualify for and hold that brew pub license for
24 the licensed premises and (ii) manufacture more than 3,720,000
25 gallons of beer per year and continue to qualify for and hold
26 that brew pub license if that brewer, class 2 brewer, or

1 non-resident dealer does not simultaneously hold a class 1
2 brewer license and is not a member of or affiliated with,
3 directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than
4 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or that produces any other
5 alcoholic liquor.

6 (o) A caterer retailer license shall allow the holder to
7 serve alcoholic liquors as an incidental part of a food service
8 that serves prepared meals which excludes the serving of snacks
9 as the primary meal, either on or off-site whether licensed or
10 unlicensed.

11 (p) An auction liquor license shall allow the licensee to
12 sell and offer for sale at auction wine and spirits for use or
13 consumption, or for resale by an Illinois liquor licensee in
14 accordance with provisions of this Act. An auction liquor
15 license will be issued to a person and it will permit the
16 auction liquor licensee to hold the auction anywhere in the
17 State. An auction liquor license must be obtained for each
18 auction at least 14 days in advance of the auction date.

19 (q) A special use permit license shall allow an Illinois
20 licensed retailer to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor
21 inventory from its retail licensed premises to the premises
22 specified in the license hereby created, and to sell or offer
23 for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the
24 license hereby created, the transferred alcoholic liquor for
25 use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A special
26 use permit license may be granted for the following time

1 periods: one day or less; 2 or more days to a maximum of 15 days
2 per location in any 12-month period. An applicant for the
3 special use permit license must also submit with the
4 application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the
5 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the
6 maximum limits and have local authority approval.

7 (r) A winery shipper's license shall allow a person with a
8 first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a
9 first-class or second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited
10 wine manufacturer's license or who is licensed to make wine
11 under the laws of another state to ship wine made by that
12 licensee directly to a resident of this State who is 21 years
13 of age or older for that resident's personal use and not for
14 resale. Prior to receiving a winery shipper's license, an
15 applicant for the license must provide the Commission with a
16 true copy of its current license in any state in which it is
17 licensed as a manufacturer of wine. An applicant for a winery
18 shipper's license must also complete an application form that
19 provides any other information the Commission deems necessary.
20 The application form shall include all addresses from which the
21 applicant for a winery shipper's license intends to ship wine,
22 including the name and address of any third party, except for a
23 common carrier, authorized to ship wine on behalf of the
24 manufacturer. The application form shall include an
25 acknowledgement consenting to the jurisdiction of the
26 Commission, the Illinois Department of Revenue, and the courts

1 of this State concerning the enforcement of this Act and any
2 related laws, rules, and regulations, including authorizing
3 the Department of Revenue and the Commission to conduct audits
4 for the purpose of ensuring compliance with Public Act 95-634,
5 and an acknowledgement that the wine manufacturer is in
6 compliance with Section 6-2 of this Act. Any third party,
7 except for a common carrier, authorized to ship wine on behalf
8 of a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's licensee,
9 a first-class or second-class wine-maker's licensee, a limited
10 wine manufacturer's licensee, or a person who is licensed to
11 make wine under the laws of another state shall also be
12 disclosed by the winery shipper's licensee, and a copy of the
13 written appointment of the third-party wine provider, except
14 for a common carrier, to the wine manufacturer shall be filed
15 with the State Commission as a supplement to the winery
16 shipper's license application or any renewal thereof. The
17 winery shipper's license holder shall affirm under penalty of
18 perjury, as part of the winery shipper's license application or
19 renewal, that he or she only ships wine, either directly or
20 indirectly through a third-party provider, from the licensee's
21 own production.

22 Except for a common carrier, a third-party provider
23 shipping wine on behalf of a winery shipper's license holder is
24 the agent of the winery shipper's license holder and, as such,
25 a winery shipper's license holder is responsible for the acts
26 and omissions of the third-party provider acting on behalf of

1 the license holder. A third-party provider, except for a common
2 carrier, that engages in shipping wine into Illinois on behalf
3 of a winery shipper's license holder shall consent to the
4 jurisdiction of the State Commission and the State. Any
5 third-party, except for a common carrier, holding such an
6 appointment shall, by February 1 of each calendar year and upon
7 request by the State Commission or the Department of Revenue,
8 file with the State Commission a statement detailing each
9 shipment made to an Illinois resident. The statement shall
10 include the name and address of the third-party provider filing
11 the statement, the time period covered by the statement, and
12 the following information:

13 (1) the name, address, and license number of the winery
14 shipper on whose behalf the shipment was made;

15 (2) the quantity of the products delivered; and

16 (3) the date and address of the shipment.

17 If the Department of Revenue or the State Commission requests a
18 statement under this paragraph, the third-party provider must
19 provide that statement no later than 30 days after the request
20 is made. Any books, records, supporting papers, and documents
21 containing information and data relating to a statement under
22 this paragraph shall be kept and preserved for a period of 3
23 years, unless their destruction sooner is authorized, in
24 writing, by the Director of Revenue, and shall be open and
25 available to inspection by the Director of Revenue or the State
26 Commission or any duly authorized officer, agent, or employee

1 of the State Commission or the Department of Revenue, at all
2 times during business hours of the day. Any person who violates
3 any provision of this paragraph or any rule of the State
4 Commission for the administration and enforcement of the
5 provisions of this paragraph is guilty of a Class C
6 misdemeanor. In case of a continuing violation, each day's
7 continuance thereof shall be a separate and distinct offense.

8 The State Commission shall adopt rules as soon as
9 practicable to implement the requirements of Public Act 99-904
10 and shall adopt rules prohibiting any such third-party
11 appointment of a third-party provider, except for a common
12 carrier, that has been deemed by the State Commission to have
13 violated the provisions of this Act with regard to any winery
14 shipper licensee.

15 A winery shipper licensee must pay to the Department of
16 Revenue the State liquor gallonage tax under Section 8-1 for
17 all wine that is sold by the licensee and shipped to a person
18 in this State. For the purposes of Section 8-1, a winery
19 shipper licensee shall be taxed in the same manner as a
20 manufacturer of wine. A licensee who is not otherwise required
21 to register under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act must
22 register under the Use Tax Act to collect and remit use tax to
23 the Department of Revenue for all gallons of wine that are sold
24 by the licensee and shipped to persons in this State. If a
25 licensee fails to remit the tax imposed under this Act in
26 accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of this Act, the

1 winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with
2 the provisions of Article VII of this Act. If a licensee fails
3 to properly register and remit tax under the Use Tax Act or the
4 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act for all wine that is sold by the
5 winery shipper and shipped to persons in this State, the winery
6 shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the
7 provisions of Article VII of this Act.

8 A winery shipper licensee must collect, maintain, and
9 submit to the Commission on a semi-annual basis the total
10 number of cases per resident of wine shipped to residents of
11 this State. A winery shipper licensed under this subsection (r)
12 must comply with the requirements of Section 6-29 of this Act.

13 Pursuant to paragraph (5.1) or (5.3) of subsection (a) of
14 Section 3-12, the State Commission may receive, respond to, and
15 investigate any complaint and impose any of the remedies
16 specified in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12.

17 As used in this subsection, "third-party provider" means
18 any entity that provides fulfillment house services, including
19 warehousing, packaging, distribution, order processing, or
20 shipment of wine, but not the sale of wine, on behalf of a
21 licensed winery shipper.

22 (s) A craft distiller tasting permit license shall allow an
23 Illinois licensed craft distiller to transfer a portion of its
24 alcoholic liquor inventory from its craft distiller licensed
25 premises to the premises specified in the license hereby
26 created and to conduct a sampling, only in the premises

1 specified in the license hereby created, of the transferred
2 alcoholic liquor in accordance with subsection (c) of Section
3 6-31 of this Act. The transferred alcoholic liquor may not be
4 sold or resold in any form. An applicant for the craft
5 distiller tasting permit license must also submit with the
6 application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the
7 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the
8 maximum limits and have local authority approval.

9 (Source: P.A. 99-448, eff. 8-24-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16;
10 99-800, eff. 8-12-16; 99-902, eff. 8-26-16; 99-904, eff.
11 1-1-17; 100-17, eff. 6-30-17; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

12 (235 ILCS 5/6-4) (from Ch. 43, par. 121)

13 Sec. 6-4. (a) No person licensed by any licensing authority
14 as a distiller, or a wine manufacturer, or any subsidiary or
15 affiliate thereof, or any officer, associate, member, partner,
16 representative, employee, agent or shareholder owning more
17 than 5% of the outstanding shares of such person shall be
18 issued an importing distributor's or distributor's license,
19 nor shall any person licensed by any licensing authority as an
20 importing distributor, distributor or retailer, or any
21 subsidiary or affiliate thereof, or any officer or associate,
22 member, partner, representative, employee, agent or
23 shareholder owning more than 5% of the outstanding shares of
24 such person be issued a distiller's license, a craft
25 distiller's license, or a wine manufacturer's license; and no

1 person or persons licensed as a distiller or craft distiller by
2 any licensing authority shall have any interest, directly or
3 indirectly, with such distributor or importing distributor.

4 However, an importing distributor or distributor, which on
5 January 1, 1985 is owned by a brewer, or any subsidiary or
6 affiliate thereof or any officer, associate, member, partner,
7 representative, employee, agent or shareholder owning more
8 than 5% of the outstanding shares of the importing distributor
9 or distributor referred to in this paragraph, may own or
10 acquire an ownership interest of more than 5% of the
11 outstanding shares of a wine manufacturer and be issued a wine
12 manufacturer's license by any licensing authority.

13 (b) The foregoing provisions shall not apply to any person
14 licensed by any licensing authority as a distiller or wine
15 manufacturer, or to any subsidiary or affiliate of any
16 distiller or wine manufacturer who shall have been heretofore
17 licensed by the State Commission as either an importing
18 distributor or distributor during the annual licensing period
19 expiring June 30, 1947, and shall actually have made sales
20 regularly to retailers.

21 (c) Provided, however, that in such instances where a
22 distributor's or importing distributor's license has been
23 issued to any distiller or wine manufacturer or to any
24 subsidiary or affiliate of any distiller or wine manufacturer
25 who has, during the licensing period ending June 30, 1947, sold
26 or distributed as such licensed distributor or importing

1 distributor alcoholic liquors and wines to retailers, such
2 distiller or wine manufacturer or any subsidiary or affiliate
3 of any distiller or wine manufacturer holding such
4 distributor's or importing distributor's license may continue
5 to sell or distribute to retailers such alcoholic liquors and
6 wines which are manufactured, distilled, processed or marketed
7 by distillers and wine manufacturers whose products it sold or
8 distributed to retailers during the whole or any part of its
9 licensing periods; and such additional brands and additional
10 products may be added to the line of such distributor or
11 importing distributor, provided, that such brands and such
12 products were not sold or distributed by any distributor or
13 importing distributor licensed by the State Commission during
14 the licensing period ending June 30, 1947, but can not sell or
15 distribute to retailers any other alcoholic liquors or wines.

16 (d) It shall be unlawful for any distiller licensed
17 anywhere to have any stock ownership or interest in any
18 distributor's or importing distributor's license wherein any
19 other person has an interest therein who is not a distiller and
20 does not own more than 5% of any stock in any distillery.
21 Nothing herein contained shall apply to such distillers or
22 their subsidiaries or affiliates, who had a distributor's or
23 importing distributor's license during the licensing period
24 ending June 30, 1947, which license was owned in whole by such
25 distiller, or subsidiaries or affiliates of such distiller.

26 (e) Any person licensed as a brewer, class 1 brewer, or

1 class 2 brewer shall be permitted to sell on the licensed
2 premises to non-licensees for on or off-premises consumption
3 for the premises in which he or she actually conducts such
4 business: (i) beer manufactured by the brewer, class 1 brewer,
5 or class 2 brewer; (ii) beer manufactured by any other brewer,
6 class 1 brewer, or class 2 brewer; and (iii) cider. Such sales
7 shall be limited to on-premises, in-person sales only, for
8 lawful consumption on or off premises. Such authorization shall
9 be considered a privilege granted by the brewer license and,
10 other than a manufacturer of beer as stated above, no
11 manufacturer or distributor or importing distributor,
12 excluding airplane licensees exercising powers provided in
13 paragraph (i) of Section 5-1 of this Act, or any subsidiary or
14 affiliate thereof, or any officer, associate, member, partner,
15 representative, employee or agent, or shareholder shall be
16 issued a retailer's license, nor shall any person having a
17 retailer's license, excluding airplane licensees exercising
18 powers provided in paragraph (i) of Section 5-1 of this Act, or
19 any subsidiary or affiliate thereof, or any officer, associate,
20 member, partner, representative or agent, or shareholder be
21 issued a manufacturer's license or importing distributor's
22 license.

23 A person who holds a class 1 or class 2 brewer license and
24 is authorized by this Section to sell beer to non-licensees
25 shall not sell beer to non-licensees from more than 3 total
26 brewer or commonly owned brew pub licensed locations in this

1 State. The class 1 or class 2 brewer shall designate to the
2 State Commission the brewer or brew pub locations from which it
3 will sell beer to non-licensees.

4 A person licensed as a craft distiller, including a person
5 who holds more than one craft distiller license, not affiliated
6 with any other person manufacturing spirits may be authorized
7 by the Commission to sell up to 2,500 gallons of spirits
8 produced by the person to non-licensees for on or off-premises
9 consumption for the premises in which he or she actually
10 conducts business permitting only the retail sale of spirits
11 manufactured at such premises. Such sales shall be limited to
12 on-premises, in-person sales only, for lawful consumption on or
13 off premises, and such authorization shall be considered a
14 privilege granted by the craft distiller license. A craft
15 distiller licensed for retail sale shall secure liquor
16 liability insurance coverage in an amount at least equal to the
17 maximum liability amounts set forth in subsection (a) of
18 Section 6-21 of this Act.

19 A craft distiller license holder shall not deliver any
20 alcoholic liquor to any non-licensee off the licensed premises.
21 A craft distiller shall affirm in its annual craft distiller's
22 license application that it does not produce more than 100,000
23 gallons of distilled spirits annually and that the craft
24 distiller does not sell more than 2,500 gallons of spirits to
25 non-licensees for on or off-premises consumption. In the
26 application, which shall be sworn under penalty of perjury, the

1 craft distiller shall state the volume of production and sales
2 for each year since the craft distiller's establishment.

3 (f) (Blank).

4 (g) Notwithstanding any of the foregoing prohibitions, a
5 limited wine manufacturer may sell at retail at its
6 manufacturing site for on or off premises consumption and may
7 sell to distributors. A limited wine manufacturer licensee
8 shall secure liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount
9 at least equal to the maximum liability amounts set forth in
10 subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act.

11 (h) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 99-47
12 shall not diminish or impair the rights of any person, whether
13 a distiller, wine manufacturer, agent, or affiliate thereof,
14 who requested in writing and submitted documentation to the
15 State Commission on or before February 18, 2015 to be approved
16 for a retail license pursuant to what has heretofore been
17 subsection (f); provided that, on or before that date, the
18 State Commission considered the intent of that person to apply
19 for the retail license under that subsection and, by recorded
20 vote, the State Commission approved a resolution indicating
21 that such a license application could be lawfully approved upon
22 that person duly filing a formal application for a retail
23 license and if that person, within 90 days of the State
24 Commission appearance and recorded vote, first filed an
25 application with the appropriate local commission, which
26 application was subsequently approved by the appropriate local

1 commission prior to consideration by the State Commission of
2 that person's application for a retail license. It is further
3 provided that the State Commission may approve the person's
4 application for a retail license or renewals of such license if
5 such person continues to diligently adhere to all
6 representations made in writing to the State Commission on or
7 before February 18, 2015, or thereafter, or in the affidavit
8 filed by that person with the State Commission to support the
9 issuance of a retail license and to abide by all applicable
10 laws and duly adopted rules.

11 (Source: P.A. 99-47, eff. 7-15-15; 99-448, eff. 8-24-15;
12 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-902, eff. 8-26-16; 100-201, eff.
13 8-18-17.)

14 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
15 becoming law.".