

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB4819

by Rep. Ann M. Williams

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act

Creates the Broadband Procurement and Disclosure Act. Provides that no State broadband purchaser may award any contract to an Internet service provider that includes broadband service unless the contract provides specified terms concerning access to and impairment of Internet services. Requires each Internet service provider to make available on its website a clear and conspicuous statement informing end users of the Internet service provider's network management practices and performance, including commercial terms offered to end users. Provides enforcement and damages provisions. Provides that nothing in the Act supersedes any obligation or authorization or limits the ability of an Internet service provider to address the needs of emergency communications or law enforcement, public safety, or national security authorities consistent with or as permitted by applicable law. Provides legislative findings. Defines terms.

LRB100 18693 RJF 33925 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning finance.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
Broadband Procurement and Disclosure Act.

Section 5. Legislative findings. The General Assembly 6 7 finds that the health, welfare, and prosperity of all Illinois 8 citizens require that Illinois State agencies, public 9 authorities, and municipalities are provided Internet access free from unreasonable discrimination or impairment of lawful 10 network traffic and access to lawful content, applications, and 11 services, in order to communicate with, and conduct business on 12 13 behalf of, the people of Illinois. Because many Illinois 14 government services and related information are available only via the Internet, throttling or paid prioritization could 15 16 severely impair or limit the ability of many Illinois citizens, including the most vulnerable, to access such services and 17 information. As a significant purchaser of broadband services, 18 19 the State of Illinois has a responsibility to ensure the efficient procurement of all broadband services necessary to 20 21 serve the public interest.

Accordingly, the General Assembly concludes that it is necessary for Illinois State broadband purchasers to contract HB4819

with 1 Internet service providers that agree to 2 nondiscriminatory broadband practices, and to ensure that all 3 Internet service providers disclose commercial terms regarding network management practices so that Illinois consumers have 4 5 the information needed to make informed choices.

6

Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

7 "Broadband service" means a mass-market retail service by wire or radio that provides the capability to transmit data to 8 9 and receive data from all or substantially all Internet 10 endpoints in Illinois, including any capabilities that are 11 incidental to and enable the operation of the communications 12 service, but excluding dial-up Internet access service. 13 "Broadband service" includes any service in Illinois that 14 provides a functional equivalent of the service described 15 herein or that is used to evade the protections set forth in this Act, and also includes the definition of "broadband 16 service" provided under Section 21-201 of the Public Utilities 17 18 Act.

19 "Content, applications, and services" mean all traffic 20 transmitted to or from end users of a broadband service within 21 this State, including traffic that may not fit clearly into any 22 of these categories.

23 "Commercial terms" mean information about payment for 24 broadband service sufficient for consumers to make informed 25 choices, including: (i) the full monthly service charge for broadband service (excluding tax); (ii) additional fees, such as one-time fees, recurring fees, and surcharges incurred by end users to initiate, maintain, or discontinue broadband service; and (iii) limitations on broadband service, such as throttling, data caps, allowances, or other restrictions based on content or network traffic.

7 "Edge provider" means any individual or entity in Illinois 8 that provides any content, application, or service over the 9 Internet, and any individual or entity in this State that 10 provides a device used for accessing any content, application, 11 or service over the Internet.

12 "End user" includes а residential, business, 13 institutional, or government entity in this State who uses 14 broadband service for its own purposes and who does not resell 15 such services to other entities or incorporate such services 16 into retail Internet-access services. "End user" of a broadband 17 connection does not include Internet service providers.

18 "Internet service provider" means any business that 19 provides broadband service to an individual, corporation, 20 government entity, or other customer in this State.

"State broadband purchaser" means any State entity, or person acting on behalf of the State, that purchases broadband service, including any of the following: all officers, boards, departments, commissions, agencies, institutions, authorities, universities, and bodies politic and corporate of the State, created by or in accordance with the Constitution or statute,

HB4819

1 whether in the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of 2 State government; and administrative units or corporate 3 outgrowths of the State government which are created by or 4 under statute.

5 Section 15. Broadband service purchasing in State 6 contracts. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 7 contrary, no State broadband purchaser may award any contract 8 to an Internet service provider that includes broadband service 9 unless the contract provides:

10 (1) that the Internet service provider shall not block 11 end users from accessing lawful content, applications, 12 services, or non-harmful devices, subject to reasonable 13 network management;

14 (2) that the Internet service provider shall not impair 15 or degrade lawful Internet traffic to end users on the 16 basis of content, applications, and services, or use of a 17 non-harmful device, subject to reasonable network 18 management; and

(3) that the Internet service provider, either in
exchange for monetary or other consideration from a third
party or to benefit an affiliated entity, shall not:

(i) manipulate broadband service to directly or
 indirectly favor some Internet traffic to end users
 over other traffic (including through use of
 techniques such as traffic shaping, prioritization,

HB4819

1 resource reservation, or other forms preferential
2 traffic management);

(ii) unreasonably interfere with or unreasonably
disadvantage end users' ability to select, access, and
use broadband service for the lawful Internet content,
applications, services, or devices of their choice; or

7 (iii) unreasonably interfere with or unreasonably
8 disadvantage edge providers' ability to make lawful
9 content, applications, services, or devices available
10 to end users.

11 Section 20. Disclosure required. Each Internet service 12 provider shall make available on its website a clear and 13 conspicuous statement informing end users of the Internet 14 service provider's network management practices and 15 performance, including commercial terms offered to end users.

16 Section 25. Enforcement; damages. The Attorney General and 17 appropriate State's Attorney may commence a civil action in the 18 name of the People of the State of Illinois in any appropriate circuit court. The State shall receive an amount for reasonable 19 20 expenses that the court finds to have been necessarily incurred 21 by the Attorney General, including reasonable attorneys' fees 22 and costs. All such expenses, fees, and costs shall be awarded 23 against the defendant. The court may award amounts from the proceeds of an action or settlement that it considers 24

appropriate to any governmental entity or program that has been adversely affected by a defendant. The Attorney General, if necessary, shall direct the State Treasurer to make a disbursement of funds as provided in court orders or settlement agreements.

6 Section 30. Security. Nothing in this Act supersedes any 7 obligation or authorization or limits the ability of an 8 Internet service provider to address the needs of emergency 9 communications or law enforcement, public safety, or national 10 security authorities consistent with or as permitted by 11 applicable law.