1 AN ACT concerning business.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Home Repair and Remodeling Act is amended by changing Section 20 as follows:
- 6 (815 ILCS 513/20)
- 7 Sec. 20. Consumer rights brochure.
- 8 (a) For any contract over \$1,000, any person engaging in 9 the business of home repair and remodeling shall provide to its customers a copy of the "Home Repair: Know Your Consumer 10 11 Rights" pamphlet prior to the execution of any home repair and 12 remodeling contract. The consumer shall sign and date an 13 acknowledgment form entitled "Consumer Rights Acknowledgment 14 Form" that states: "I, the homeowner, have received from the contractor a copy of the pamphlet entitled 'Home Repair: Know 15 16 Your Consumer Rights.'" The contractor or his or 17 representative shall also sign and date the acknowledgment form, which includes the name and address of the home repair 18 19 and remodeling business. The acknowledgment form shall be in 20 duplicate and incorporated into the pamphlet. The original 21 acknowledgment form shall be retained by the contractor and the 22 duplicate copy shall be retained within the pamphlet by the 2.3 consumer.

12

13

14

15

16

- 1 (b) For any contract for \$1,000 or under, any person
 2 engaging in the business of home repair and remodeling shall
 3 provide to its customers a copy of the "Home Repair: Know Your
 4 Consumer Rights" pamphlet. No written acknowledgment of
 5 receipt of the pamphlet is required for a contract of \$1,000 or
 6 under.
- 7 (c) The pamphlet must be a separate document, in at least 12 point type, and in legible ink. The pamphlet shall read as follows:

10 "HOME REPAIR: KNOW YOUR CONSUMER RIGHTS

As you plan for your home repair/improvement project, it is important to ask the right questions in order to protect your investment. The tips in this fact sheet should allow you to protect yourself and minimize the possibility that a misunderstanding may occur.

AVOIDING HOME REPAIR FRAUD

- Please use extreme caution when confronted with the following warning signs of a potential scam:
- 19 (1) Door-to-door salespersons with no local connections
 20 who offer to do home repair work for substantially less than
 21 the market price.
- 22 (2) Solicitations for repair work from a company that lists

6

7

8

9

- only a telephone number or a post-office box number to contact,
- 2 particularly if it is an out-of-state company.
- 3 (3) Contractors who fail to provide customers references 4 when requested.
 - (4) Persons offering to inspect your home for free. Do not admit anyone into your home unless he or she can present authentic identification establishing his or her business status. When in doubt, do not hesitate to call the worker's employer to verify his or her identity.
- 10 (5) Contractors demanding cash payment for a job or who ask
 11 you to make a check payable to a person other than the owner or
 12 company name.
- 13 (6) Offers from a contractor to drive you to the bank to withdraw funds to pay for the work.

15 CONTRACTS

- 16 (1) Get all estimates in writing.
- 17 (2) Do not be induced into signing a contract by high-pressure sales tactics.
- 19 (3) Never sign a contract with blank spaces or one you do
 20 not fully understand. If you are taking out a loan to finance
 21 the work, do not sign the contract before your lender approves
 22 the loan.
- 23 (4) Remember, you have 3 business days from the time you 24 sign your contract to cancel any contract if the sale is made

- 1 at your home. The contractor cannot deprive you of this right
- 2 by initiating work, selling your contract to a lender, or any
- 3 other tactic.
- 4 (5) If the contractor does business under a name other than
- 5 the contractor's real name, the business must either be
- 6 incorporated or registered under the Assumed Business Name Act.
- 7 Check with the Secretary of State to see if the business is
- 8 incorporated or with the county clerk to see if the business
- 9 has registered under the Assumed Business Name Act.
- 10 (6) Homeowners should check with local and county units of
- 11 government to determine if permits or inspections are required.
- 12 (7) Determine whether the contractor will guarantee his or
- 13 her work and products.
- 14 (8) Determine whether the contractor has the proper
- 15 insurance.
- 16 (9) Do not sign a certificate of completion or make final
- payment until the work is done to your satisfaction.
- 18 (10) Before you pay your contractor, understand that the
- 19 Mechanics Lien Act requires that you shall request and the
- 20 contractor shall give you a signed and notarized written
- 21 statement (known as a "Sworn Statement") that lists all the
- 22 persons or companies your contractor hired to work on your
- 23 home, their addresses along with the amounts about to be paid,
- and the total amount owed after the payment to those persons or
- companies.
- Suppliers and subcontractors have a right to file a lien

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

against your home if they do not get paid for their labor or materials. To protect yourself against liens, you should demand that your contractor provide you with a Sworn Statement before you pay the contractor. You should also obtain lien waivers from all contractors and subcontractors if appropriate. You should consult with an attorney to learn more about your rights and obligations under the Mechanics Lien Act.

Disclaimer: The contents of this paragraph are required to be placed in the pamphlet for consumer quidance and information only. The contents of this paragraph are not substantive enforceable provisions of the Home Repair and Remodeling Act and are not intended to affect the substantive law of the Mechanics Lien Act. Remember, homeowners should know provides supplies and labor for any work performed on your home. Suppliers and subcontractors have a right to file a lien against your property if the general contractor fails to pay them. To protect your property, request lien waivers from the general contractor.

BASIC TERMS TO BE INCLUDED IN A CONTRACT

(1) Contractor's full name, address, and telephone number. Illinois law requires that persons selling home repair and improvement services provide their customers with notice of any change to their business name or address that comes about prior to the agreed dates for beginning or completing the work.

- 1 (2) A description of the work to be performed.
- 2 (3) Starting and estimated completion dates.
- 3 (4) Total cost of work to be performed.
 - (5) Schedule and method of payment, including down payment, subsequent payments, and final payment.
 - (6) A provision stating the grounds for termination of the contract by either party. However, the homeowner must pay the contractor for work completed. If the contractor fails to commence or complete work within the contracted time period, the homeowner may cancel and may be entitled to a refund of any down payment or other payments made towards the work, upon written demand by certified mail.
 - (7) A provision stating the grounds for termination of the contract if you are notified by your insurer that all or any part of the claim or contract is not a covered loss under the insurance policy, you may cancel the contract by mailing or delivering written notice to (name of contractor) at (address of contractor's place of business) at any time prior to the earlier of midnight on the fifth business day after you have received such notice from your insurer or the thirtieth business day after receipt of a properly executed proof of loss by the insurer from the insured. If you cancel, any payments made by you under the contract will be returned to you within 10 business days following receipt by the contractor of your cancellation notice. If, however, the contractor has provided any goods or services related to a catastrophe, acknowledged

- 1 and agreed to by the insured homeowner in writing to be
- 2 necessary to prevent damage to the premises, the contractor is
- 3 entitled to the reasonable value of such goods and services.
- 4 Homeowners should obtain a copy of the signed contract and
- 5 keep it in a safe place for reference as needed.
- To file a complaint against a roofing contractor, contact
- 7 the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional
- 8 Regulation at 312-814-6910 or file a complaint directly on its
- 9 website.
- 10 IF YOU THINK YOU HAVE BEEN DEFRAUDED OR YOU HAVE QUESTIONS
- If you think you have been defrauded by a contractor or
- 12 have any questions, please bring it to the attention of your
- 13 State's Attorney or the Illinois Attorney General's Office.
- 14 Attorney General Toll-Free Numbers
- 15 Carbondale (800) 243-0607
- 16 Springfield (800) 243-0618
- 17 Chicago (800) 386-5438".
- 18 (Source: P.A. 97-235, eff. 1-1-12.)