

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 HB3235

by Rep. Barbara Flynn Currie

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, and the Unified Code of Corrections. Lowers penalties for the manufacture, delivery, possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, and trafficking and possession of cannabis, controlled substances, and methamphetamine. Eliminates mandatory sentences of imprisonment for the manufacture, delivery, possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, and trafficking and possession of these drugs. Eliminates extended term sentences, habitual criminal status, and Class X sentencing for violations of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, and the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

LRB100 08746 RLC 21552 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

2.3

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Cannabis Control Act is amended by changing Sections 4, 5, 5.1, 5.2, 7, and 8 as follows:

(720 ILCS 550/4) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 704)

Sec. 4. It is unlawful for any person knowingly to possess cannabis. Any person who violates this section with respect to:

- (a) not more than 30 10 grams of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a civil law violation punishable by a minimum fine not to exceed \$125 of \$100 and a maximum fine of \$200. The proceeds of the fine shall be payable to the clerk of the circuit court. Within 30 days after the deposit of the fine, the clerk shall distribute the proceeds of the fine as follows:
 - (1) \$10 of the fine to the circuit clerk and \$10 of the fine to the law enforcement agency that issued the citation; the proceeds of each \$10 fine distributed to the circuit clerk and each \$10 fine distributed to the law enforcement agency that issued the citation for the violation shall be used to defer the cost of automatic expungements under paragraph (2.5) of subsection (a) of Section 5.2 of the Criminal Identification Act;

Т	(2) \$15 to the country to rund drug addrection
2	services;
3	(3) \$10 to the Office of the State's Attorneys
4	Appellate Prosecutor for use in training programs;
5	(4) \$10 to the State's Attorney; and
6	(5) any remainder of the fine to the law
7	enforcement agency that issued the citation for the
8	violation.
9	With respect to funds designated for the Department of
L 0	State Police, the moneys shall be remitted by the circuit
11	court clerk to the Department of State Police within one
_2	month after receipt for deposit into the State Police
13	Operations Assistance Fund. With respect to funds
_4	designated for the Department of Natural Resources, the
15	Department of Natural Resources shall deposit the moneys
16	into the Conservation Police Operations Assistance Fund;
17	(b) (blank); more than 10 grams but not more than 30
18	grams of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a
_9	Class B misdemeanor;
20	(c) more than 30 grams but not more than $500 100$ grams
21	of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class A
22	misdemeanor; provided, that if any offense under this
23	subsection (c) is a subsequent offense, the offender shall
24	be guilty of a Class 4 felony;
25	(d) (blank); more than 100 grams but not more than 500

1	Class 4 felony; provided that if any offense under this
2	subsection (d) is a subsequent offense, the offender shall
3	be guilty of a Class 3 felony;
4	(e) more than 500 grams but not more than 2,000 grams
5	of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class $\underline{4}$
6	3 felony;
7	(f) more than 2,000 grams but not more than 5,000 grams
8	of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class $\underline{3}$
9	2 felony;
10	(g) more than 5,000 grams of any substance containing
11	cannabis is guilty of a Class $2 + felony$.
12	(Source: P.A. 99-697, eff. 7-29-16.)
13	(720 ILCS 550/5) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 705)
14	Sec. 5. It is unlawful for any person knowingly to
15	manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver, or
16	manufacture, cannabis. Any person who violates this section
17	with respect to:
18	(a) not more than $\underline{10}$ $\underline{2.5}$ grams of any substance containing
19	cannabis is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor;
20	(b) (blank) more than 2.5 grams but not more than 10 grams
21	of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class A
22	<pre>misdemeanor;</pre>
23	(c) more than 10 grams but not more than 30 grams of any
24	substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class A
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- (d) more than 30 grams but not more than 500 grams of any 1 2 substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class 4 $\frac{3}{2}$ felony for which a fine not to exceed \$50,000 may be imposed; 3
 - (e) more than 500 grams but not more than 2,000 grams of any substance containing cannabis is quilty of a Class 3 2 felony for which a fine not to exceed \$100,000 may be imposed;
 - (f) more than 2,000 grams but not more than 5,000 grams of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class 2 \pm felony for which a fine not to exceed \$150,000 may be imposed;
 - (blank). more than 5,000 grams of any substance containing cannabis is guilty of a Class-2 X felony for which a fine not to exceed \$200,000 may be imposed.
- (Source: P.A. 90-397, eff. 8-15-97.) 13
- (720 ILCS 550/5.1) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 705.1) 14
 - Sec. 5.1. Cannabis Trafficking. (a) Except for purposes authorized by this Act, any person who knowingly brings or causes to be brought into this State for the purpose of manufacture or delivery or with the intent to manufacture or deliver 2,500 grams or more of cannabis in this State or any other state or country is guilty of cannabis trafficking.
 - (a-5) A person convicted of cannabis trafficking shall be sentenced as authorized by Section 5 of this Act, based upon the amount of the cannabis brought or caused to be brought into this State, if the person at sentencing proves by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she:
- 25

1	(1) re	cei	ved	little	or	no c	compens	ation	from	the	ille	gal
2	trans	port	of	the	cannal	ois	into	o this	State	and	had	minir	mal
3	knowl	edge	of	the	scope	and	st	ructure	e of t	he er	nterp	orise	to

manufacture or deliver the cannabis transported; or

- (2) was not involved in the organization or planning of the enterprise to manufacture or deliver the cannabis transported.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-5) of this Section, a A person convicted of cannabis trafficking is quilty of a Class 1 felony shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment not less than twice the minimum term and fined an amount as authorized by subsection (f) or (g) of Section 5 of this Act, based upon the amount of cannabis brought or caused to be brought into this State, and not more than twice the maximum term of imprisonment and fined twice the amount as authorized by subsection (f) or (g) of Section 5 of this Act, based upon the amount of cannabis brought or caused to be brought into this State.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 90-397, eff. 8-15-97.)
- 20 (720 ILCS 550/5.2) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 705.2)
- 21 Sec. 5.2. Delivery of cannabis on school grounds.
- 22 (a.01) Any person who violates subsection (f) of Section 5

 23 in any school, on the real property comprising any school, or

 24 any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to

 25 transport students to or from school or a school-related

- activity, or on any public way within 500 feet of the real
 property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased
 or contracted by a school to transport students to or from
 school or a school-related activity, is guilty of a Class 1
 felony;
 - (a) Any person who violates subsection (e) of Section 5 in any school, on the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related school related activity, or on any public way within 500 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related school related activity, is guilty of a Class 2 ± felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$200,000;
 - (b) Any person who violates subsection (d) of Section 5 in any school, on the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related school related activity, or on any public way within $500 \ 1,000$ feet of the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related school related activity, is guilty of a Class $3 \ 2$ felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$100,000;
 - (c) Any person who violates subsection (c) of Section 5

- with respect to more than 15 grams of any substance containing cannabis in any school, on the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related school related activity, or on any public way within 500 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related school related activity, is guilty of a Class 4 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$50,000;
- (d) (Blank) Any person who violates subsection (b) of Section 5 in any school, on the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, is guilty of a Class 4 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$25,000;
- (e) (Blank) Any person who violates subsection (a) of Section 5 in any school, on the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, on any public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or

- 1 from school or a school related activity, is quilty of a Class
- 2 A misdemeanor.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 87-544.)
- 4 (720 ILCS 550/7) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 707)
- 5 Sec. 7. <u>Delivery of cannabis by a person at least 18 years</u>
- of age to a person under 18 years of age who is at least 3 years
- 7 <u>his or her junior.</u>
- 8 (a) Any person who is at least 18 years of age who violates
- 9 <u>subsection (f) of Section 5 of this Act by delivering cannabis</u>
- 10 to a person under 18 years of age who is at least 3 years his
- junior may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a
- maximum term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term
- of imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum
- term of imprisonment for the underlying offense.
- 15 may be sentenced to imprisonment for a term up to twice the
- 16 maximum term otherwise authorized by Section 5.
- 17 (b) Any person under 18 years of age who violates Section 4
- or 5 of this Act may be treated by the court in accordance with
- 19 the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 85-1209.)
- 21 (720 ILCS 550/8) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 708)
- 22 Sec. 8. It is unlawful for any person knowingly to produce
- 23 the cannabis sativa plant or to possess such plants unless
- 24 production or possession has been authorized pursuant to the

- 1 provisions of Section 11 or 15.2 of the Act. Any person who
- violates this Section with respect to production or possession
- 3 of:
- 4 (a) Not more than 5 plants is guilty of a Class \underline{B} \underline{A}
- 5 misdemeanor.
- 6 (b) More than 5, but not more than 20 plants, is guilty of
- 7 a Class <u>A misdemeanor</u> 4 felony.
- 8 (c) More than 20, but not more than 50 plants, is guilty of
- 9 a Class $\underline{4}$ $\underline{3}$ felony.
- 10 (d) More than 50, but not more than 200 plants, is guilty
- of a Class 3 $\frac{2}{2}$ felony for which a fine not to exceed \$100,000
- 12 may be imposed and for which liability for the cost of
- 13 conducting the investigation and eradicating such plants may be
- 14 assessed. Compensation for expenses incurred in the
- 15 enforcement of this provision shall be transmitted to and
- deposited in the treasurer's office at the level of government
- 17 represented by the Illinois law enforcement agency whose
- officers or employees conducted the investigation or caused the
- 19 arrest or arrests leading to the prosecution, to be
- 20 subsequently made available to that law enforcement agency as
- 21 expendable receipts for use in the enforcement of laws
- 22 regulating controlled substances and cannabis. If such seizure
- 23 was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel
- 24 representing different levels of government, the court levying
- 25 the assessment shall determine the allocation of such
- 26 assessment. The proceeds of assessment awarded to the State

- 1 treasury shall be deposited in a special fund known as the Drug
 2 Traffic Prevention Fund.
- (e) More than 200 plants is guilty of a Class 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ felony 3 for which a fine not to exceed \$100,000 may be imposed and for 5 which liability for the cost of conducting the investigation and eradicating such plants may be assessed. Compensation for 6 7 expenses incurred in the enforcement of this provision shall be 8 transmitted to and deposited in the treasurer's office at the 9 level of government represented by the Illinois law enforcement 10 agency whose officers or employees conducted the investigation 11 or caused the arrest or arrests leading to the prosecution, to 12 be subsequently made available to that law enforcement agency 13 as expendable receipts for use in the enforcement of laws 14 regulating controlled substances and cannabis. If such seizure 15 was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel 16 representing different levels of government, the court levying 17 assessment shall determine the allocation of assessment. The proceeds of assessment awarded to the State 18 19 treasury shall be deposited in a special fund known as the Drug 20 Traffic Prevention Fund.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 98-1072, eff. 1-1-15.)
- 22 (720 ILCS 550/9 rep.)
- 23 Section 10. The Cannabis Control Act is amended by repealing Section 9.

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- 1 Section 15. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
- 2 amended by changing Sections 401, 401.1, 402, 404, 405.2, 407,
- 3 407.1, and 407.2 as follows:
- 4 (720 ILCS 570/401) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1401)

Sec. 401. Manufacture or delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, a controlled substance, a counterfeit substance, or controlled substance analog. Except as authorized by this Act, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to manufacture or deliver, or possess with intent to manufacture or deliver, a controlled substance other than methamphetamine and other than bath salts as defined in the Bath Salts Prohibition Act sold or offered for sale in a retail mercantile establishment as defined in Section 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012, a counterfeit substance, or a controlled substance analog. A violation of this Act with respect to each of the controlled substances listed herein constitutes a single and separate violation of this Act. For purposes of this Section, "controlled substance analog" or "analog" means a substance, other than a controlled substance, that has a chemical structure substantially similar to that of controlled substance in Schedule I or II, or that was specifically designed to produce an effect substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II. Examples of chemical classes in which controlled substance analogs are found include, but are not limited to, the

1	following:	phenethy	lamines,	N-s	ubstitu	ted	piper	ridines	3,
2	morphinans,	ecgonines	, quinaz	olinon	ies, sub	ostitu	ted i	ndoles	3,
3	and arylcy	ycloalkylam	ines. Fo	r pur	rposes	of t	his	Act,	a
4	controlled	substance a	nalog sha	all be	treated	in th	e same	e manne	٤r
5	as the cor	ntrolled su	ubstance	to wh	nich it	is s	substa	ntial	Lу
5	similar.								

- (a) Any person who violates this Section with respect to the following amounts of controlled or counterfeit substances or controlled substance analogs, notwithstanding any of the provisions of subsections (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h) to the contrary, is guilty of a Class X felony and shall be sentenced for the class of offense to a term of imprisonment as provided in this subsection (a) and fined as provided in subsection (b):
 - (1) (A) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years with respect to 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of a substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;
 - (B) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 9 years and not more than 40 years with respect to 100 grams or more but less than 900 400 grams of a substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;
 - (C) (blank); not less than 12 years and not more than 50 years with respect to 400 grams or more but less than 900 grams of a substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;
 - (D) a Class 1 felony for which the person, if

1	sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced
2	to not less than 6 to years and not more than to
3	years with respect to 900 grams or more of any
4	substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;
5	(1.5) (A) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and
6	not more than 30 years with respect to 15 grams or more
7	but less than 100 grams of a substance containing
8	fentanyl, or an analog thereof;
9	(B) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 9 years and not
10	more than 40 years with respect to 100 grams or more
11	but less than 900 400 grams of a substance containing
12	fentanyl, or an analog thereof;
13	(C) (blank); not less than 12 years and not more
14	than 50 years with respect to 400 grams or more but
15	less than 900 grams of a substance containing fentanyl,
16	or an analog thereof;
17	(D) a Class 1 felony for which the person, if
18	sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced
19	$\underline{\text{to}}$ not less than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{15}$ years and not more than $\underline{30}$ $\underline{60}$
20	years with respect to 900 grams or more of a substance
21	containing fentanyl, or an analog thereof;
22	(2) (A) <u>a Class 2 felony</u> not less than 6 years and not
23	more than 30 years with respect to 15 grams or more but
24	less than 100 grams of a substance containing cocaine,
25	or an analog thereof;
26	(B) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 9 years and not

1	more than 40 years with respect to 100 grams or more
2	but less than 900 400 grams of a substance containing
3	cocaine, or an analog thereof;
4	(C) (blank); not less than 12 years and not more
5	than 50 years with respect to 400 grams or more but
6	less than 900 grams of a substance containing cocaine,
7	or an analog thereof;
8	(D) a Class 1 felony for which the person, if
9	sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced
10	$\underline{\text{to}}$ not less than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{15}$ years and not more than $\underline{30}$ $\underline{60}$
11	years with respect to 900 grams or more of any
12	substance containing cocaine, or an analog thereof;
13	(3) (A) <u>a Class 2 felony</u> not less than 6 years and not
14	more than 30 years with respect to 15 grams or more but
15	less than 100 grams of a substance containing morphine,
16	or an analog thereof;
17	(B) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 9 years and not
18	more than 40 years with respect to 100 grams or more
19	but less than $900 ext{ } 400$ grams of a substance containing
20	morphine, or an analog thereof;
21	(C) (blank); not less than 12 years and not more
22	than 50 years with respect to 400 grams or more but
23	less than 900 grams of a substance containing morphine,
24	or an analog thereof;
25	(D) a Class 1 felony for which the person, if
26	sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced

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1	$\underline{\text{to}}$ not less than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{15}$ years and not more than $\underline{30}$ $\underline{60}$
2	years with respect to 900 grams or more of a substance
3	containing morphine, or an analog thereof;
4	(4) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 200 grams or more
5	of any substance containing peyote, or an analog thereof;
6	(5) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 200 grams or more
7	of any substance containing a derivative of barbituric acid
8	or any of the salts of a derivative of barbituric acid, or
9	an analog thereof;
10	(6) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 200 grams or more
11	of any substance containing amphetamine or any salt of an
12	optical isomer of amphetamine, or an analog thereof;
13	(6.5) (blank);
14	(6.6) (blank);
15	(7) (A) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not
16	more than 30 years with respect to: (i) 15 grams or
17	more but less than 100 grams of a substance containing
18	lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog
19	thereof, or (ii) 15 or more objects or 15 or more
20	segregated parts of an object or objects but less than
21	200 objects or 200 segregated parts of an object or
22	objects containing in them or having upon them any
23	amounts of any substance containing lysergic acid
24	diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

(B) a Class 1 felony not less than 9 years and not

more than 40 years with respect to: (i) 100 grams or

more but less than 900 400 grams of a substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 200 or more objects or 200 or more segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 1500 600 objects or less than 1500 600 segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

- (C) (blank); not less than 12 years and not more than 50 years with respect to: (i) 400 grams or more but less than 900 grams of a substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 600 or more objects or 600 or more segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 1500 objects or 1500 segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;
- (D) a Class 1 felony for which the person, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than 6 15 years and not more than 30 60 years with respect to: (i) 900 grams or more of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 1500 or more objects or 1500 or more segregated parts of an object or objects

containing in them or having upon them any amount of a substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

- (7.5) (A) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years with respect to: (i) 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of a substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 15 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 200 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amounts of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;
- (B) a Class 1 felony not less than 9 years and not more than 40 years with respect to: (i) 100 grams or more but less than 400 grams of a substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 200 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 600 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph

1	(1),	(2),	(2.1	L),	(2.2),	(3),	(1	4.1),	(19),	(20	0),
2	(20.1)	, (22	1),	(25)	, or	(26)	of	subsect	tion	(d)	of
3	Section	on 204	, or	an a	nalog (or der	ivat	ive the	reof;		

- (C) a Class 1 felony for which the person, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than 6 12 years and not more than 30 50 years with respect to: (i) 400 grams or more but less than 900 grams of a substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 600 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 1,500 pills, tablets, caplets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;
- (D) (blank); not less than 15 years and not more than 60 years with respect to: (i) 900 grams or more of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 1,500 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of a substance

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1	listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3),
2	(14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of
3	subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or
4	derivative thereof;
5	(8) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or more
6	of any substance containing pentazocine or any of the
7	salts, isomers and salts of isomers of pentazocine, or an
8	analog thereof;
9	(9) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or more
10	of any substance containing methaqualone or any of the
11	salts, isomers and salts of isomers of methaqualone, or an
12	analog thereof;
13	(10) a Class 1 felony with respect to 30 grams or more
14	of any substance containing phencyclidine or any of the
15	salts, isomers and salts of isomers of phencyclidine (PCP),
16	or an analog thereof;
17	(10.5) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or
18	more of any substance containing ketamine or any of the
19	salts, isomers and salts of isomers of ketamine, or an
20	analog thereof;
21	(10.6) a Class 1 felony with respect to 100 grams or
22	more of any substance containing hydrocodone, or any of the
23	salts, isomers and salts of isomers of hydrocodone, or an
24	analog thereof;

(10.7) <u>a Class 1 felony with respect to</u> 100 grams or

more of any substance containing dihydrocodeinone, or any

- of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of dihydrocodeinone, or an analog thereof;
 - (10.8) a Class 1 felony with respect to 100 grams or more of any substance containing dihydrocodeine, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of dihydrocodeine, or an analog thereof;
 - (10.9) a Class 1 felony with respect to 100 grams or more of any substance containing oxycodone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of oxycodone, or an analog thereof;
 - (11) a Class 1 felony with respect to 200 grams or more of any substance containing any other controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included in this subsection.
 - (b) Any person sentenced with respect to violations of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (7), or (7.5) of subsection (a) involving 100 grams or more of the controlled substance named therein, may in addition to the penalties provided therein, be fined an amount not more than \$500,000 or the full street value of the controlled or counterfeit substance or controlled substance analog, whichever is greater. The term "street value" shall have the meaning ascribed in Section 110-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Any person sentenced with respect to any other provision of subsection (a), may in addition to the penalties provided therein, be fined an amount not to exceed \$500,000.

- (b-1) Excluding violations of this Act when the controlled substance is fentanyl, any person sentenced to a term of imprisonment with respect to violations of Section 401, 401.1, 405, 405.1, 405.2, or 407, when it is proven that the person knew or should have known that the substance containing the controlled substance contained contains any amount of fentanyl, a term of imprisonment not to exceed 3 years may, at the discretion of the court, shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, and the maximum sentence for the offense, if the additional term is imposed, shall be increased by that period of time not to exceed 3 years.
- (c) Any person who violates this Section with regard to the following amounts of controlled or counterfeit substances or controlled substance analogs, notwithstanding any of the provisions of subsections (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h) to the contrary, shall be sentenced for the class of offense as provided in this subsection (c) is guilty of a Class 1 felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (c) shall not be more than \$250,000:
 - (1) <u>a Class 3 felony with respect to</u> 1 gram or more but less than 15 grams of any substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;
 - (1.5) <u>a Class 3 felony with respect to</u> 1 gram or more but less than 15 grams of any substance containing fentanyl, or an analog thereof;
 - (2) a Class 3 felony with respect to 1 gram or more but

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1	less than 15 grams of any substance containing cocaine, or
2	an analog thereof;
3	(3) a Class 3 felony with respect to $\frac{5}{10}$ grams or more
4	but less than 15 grams of any substance containing
5	morphine, or an analog thereof;
6	(4) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 50 grams or more
7	but less than 200 grams of any substance containing peyote,
8	or an analog thereof;
9	(4.5) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more
10	but less than 50 grams of any substance containing peyote,
11	or an analog thereof;
12	(5) a Class 2 felony with respect to 50 grams or more
13	but less than 200 grams of any substance containing a
14	derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a
15	derivative of barbituric acid, or an analog thereof;
16	(5.5) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more
17	but less than 50 grams of any substance containing a
18	derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a
19	derivative of barbituric acid, or an analog thereof;
20	(6) a Class 2 felony with respect to 50 grams or more
21	but less than 200 grams of any substance containing
22	amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of
23	amphetamine, or an analog thereof;
24	(6.1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more

but less than 50 grams of any substance containing

amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of

amphetamine, or an analog thereof;

(6.5) (blank);

- (7) a Class 3 felony with respect to (i) 5 grams or more but less than 15 grams of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) more than 10 objects or more than 10 segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 15 objects or less than 15 segregated parts of an object containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;
- (7.5) a Class 3 felony with respect to (i) 5 grams or more but less than 15 grams of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) more than 10 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 15 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;
- (8) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 10 grams or more but less than 30 grams of any substance containing pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;

Τ	(0.3) a class 3 letony with respect to 3 grams of more
2	but less than 10 grams of pentazocine, or an analog
3	<pre>thereof;</pre>
4	(9) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 10 grams or more
5	but less than 30 grams of any substance containing
6	methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
7	isomers of methaqualone, or an analog thereof;
8	(9.5) a Class 3 felony with respect to 5 grams or more
9	but less than 10 grams of any substance containing
10	methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
11	isomers of methaqualone, or an analog thereof;
12	(10) a Class 2 felony with respect to 10 grams or more
13	but less than 30 grams of any substance containing
14	phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
15	isomers of phencyclidine (PCP), or an analog thereof;
16	(10.1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 1 gram or more
17	but less than 10 grams of any substance containing
18	phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
19	isomers of phencyclidine (PCP), or an analog thereof;
20	(10.5) a Class 2 felony with respect to 10 grams or
21	more but less than 30 grams of any substance containing
22	ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers
23	of ketamine, or an analog thereof;
24	(10.5-1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 1 gram or
25	more but less than 10 grams of any substance containing

ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers

\circ f	ketamine,	Or	วท	analog	thoroof.
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- (10.6) a Class 2 felony with respect to 50 grams or more but less than 100 grams of any substance containing hydrocodone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of hydrocodone, or an analog thereof;
- (10.6-1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more but less than 50 grams of any substance containing hydrocodone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of hydrocodone, or an analog thereof;
- (10.7) a Class 2 felony with respect to 50 grams or more but less than 100 grams of any substance containing dihydrocodeinone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of dihydrocodeinone, or an analog thereof;
- (10.7-1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more but less than 50 grams of any substance containing dihydrocodeinone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of dihydrocodeinone, or an analog thereof;
- (10.8) a Class 2 felony with respect to 50 grams or more but less than 100 grams of any substance containing dihydrocodeine, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of dihydrocodeine, or an analog thereof;
- (10.8-1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more but less than 50 grams of any substance containing dihydrocodeine, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of dihydrocodeine, or an analog thereof;
 - (10.9) a Class 2 felony with respect to 50 grams or

1	more but	less	than	100	gram	s of	any	substa	nce	contain	ing
2	oxycodone,	, or	any	of	the	salts	, is	somers	and	salts	of
3	isomers of	OXVO	codone	e, or	an a	nalog	the	reof;			

- (10.9-1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more but less than 50 grams of any substance containing oxycodone, or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of oxycodone, or an analog thereof;
- (11) a Class 2 felony with respect to 50 grams or more but less than 200 grams of any substance containing a substance classified in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included in this subsection (c).
- (11.1) a Class 3 felony with respect to 10 grams or more but less than 50 grams grams of any substance containing a substance classified in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included in this subsection (c);
- (c-5) (Blank).
 - (d) Any person who violates this Section with regard to any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance containing dihydrocodeinone or dihydrocodeine or classified in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included in subsection (a), (b), or (c), which is (i) a narcotic drug, (ii) lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD) or an analog thereof, (iii) any substance containing amphetamine or fentanyl or any salt or optical isomer of amphetamine or

fentanyl, or an analog thereof, or (iv) any substance containing N-Benzylpiperazine (BZP) or any salt or optical isomer of N-Benzylpiperazine (BZP), or an analog thereof, is guilty of a Class $\underline{4}$ felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (d) shall not be more than \$200,000.

(d-5) (Blank).

- (e) (Blank). Any person who violates this Section with regard to any other amount of a controlled substance other than methamphetamine or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule I or II, or an analog thereof, which substance is not included under subsection (d) of this Section, is guilty of a Class 3 felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (e) shall not be more than \$150,000.
- (f) Any person who violates this Section with regard to 10 grams or more any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule III, which is not otherwise included in subsection (a), (b), or (c), is guilty of a Class 3 felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (f) shall not be more than \$125,000.
- (f-1) Any person who violates this Section with regard to any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule III which is not otherwise included in subsection (a), (b), or (c), is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (g) Any person who violates this Section with regard to 10 grams or more any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule IV is guilty of a Class 3

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- felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (g) shall not

 be more than \$100,000.
- 3 (g-1) Any person who violates this Section with regard to 4 any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance 5 classified in Schedule IV which is not otherwise included in 6 subsection (a), (b), or (c), is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
 - (h) Any person who violates this Section with regard to 10 grams or more any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule V, which is not otherwise included in subsection (a), (b), or (c), is guilty of a Class 3 felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (h) shall not be more than \$75,000.
 - (h-1) Any person who violates this Section with regard to any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule V, which is not otherwise included in subsection (a), (b), or (c), is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
 - (i) This Section does not apply to the manufacture, possession or distribution of a substance in conformance with the provisions of an approved new drug application or an exemption for investigational use within the meaning of Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
- 22 (j) (Blank).
- 23 (Source: P.A. 99-371, eff. 1-1-16; 99-585, eff. 1-1-17.)
- 24 (720 ILCS 570/401.1) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1401.1)
- 25 Sec. 401.1. Controlled Substance Trafficking.

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- (a) Except for purposes as authorized by this Act, any person who knowingly brings or causes to be brought into this State 400 grams or more of a controlled substance or 600 or more objects or 600 or more segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amounts of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof or 600 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof for the purpose of manufacture or delivery or with the intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance other than methamphetamine or counterfeit substance in this or any other state or country is guilty of controlled substance trafficking.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b-5) of this Section, a A person convicted of controlled substance trafficking shall be sentenced for the class of an offense that is one class higher than the amount authorized by Section 401 of this Act for the manufacture or delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, based upon the amount of controlled or counterfeit substance brought or caused to be brought into this State. If the sentence for the underlying offense under Section 401 of this Act is a Class 1 felony for which the offender may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment

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of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, the penalty for controlled substance trafficking is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less 9 years and not more than 40 years to a term of imprisonment not less than twice the minimum term and fined an amount as authorized by Section 401 of this Act, based upon the amount of controlled or counterfeit substance brought to be brought into this State, and not more twice the maximum term of imprisonment and fined twice amount as authorized by Section 401 of this Act, based upon the amount of controlled or counterfeit substance brought or caused to be brought into this State.

- (b-5) A person convicted of controlled substance trafficking shall be sentenced as authorized by Section 401 of this Act, based upon the amount of the controlled or counterfeit substance brought or caused to be brought into this State, if the person at sentencing proves by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she:
 - (1) received little or no compensation from the illegal transport of the substance into this State and had minimal knowledge of the scope and structure of the enterprise to manufacture or deliver the illegal substance transported; or
 - (2) was not involved in the organization or planning of the enterprise to manufacture or deliver the illegal substance transported.

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- (c) (Blank) It shall be a Class 2 felony for which a fine not to exceed \$100,000 may be imposed for any person to knowingly use a cellular radio telecommunication device in the furtherance of controlled substance trafficking. This penalty shall be in addition to any other penalties imposed by law.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)

7 (720 ILCS 570/402) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1402)

Sec. 402. Except as otherwise authorized by this Act, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to possess a controlled or counterfeit substance or controlled substance analog. A violation of this Act with respect to each of the controlled substances listed herein constitutes a single and separate violation of this Act. For purposes of this Section, "controlled substance analog" or "analog" means a substance, other than a controlled substance, that has a chemical structure substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II, or that was specifically designed to produce an effect substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II. Examples of chemical classes in which controlled substance analogs are found include, but are not limited to, the following: phenethylamines, N-substituted piperidines, morphinans, ecgonines, quinazolinones, substituted indoles, arylcycloalkylamines. For purposes of this Act, a controlled substance analog shall be treated in the same manner as the

controlled substance to which it is substantially similar

- (a) Any person who violates this Section with respect to the following controlled or counterfeit substances and amounts, notwithstanding any of the provisions of subsections (c) and (d) to the contrary, is guilty of a Class 1 felony and shall, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, be sentenced for the class of offense as provided in this subsection (a) and fined as provided in subsection (b):
 - (1) (A) <u>a Class 3 felony</u> not less than 4 years and not more than 15 years with respect to 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of a substance containing heroin;
 - (B) <u>a Class 2 felony</u> not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years with respect to 100 grams or more but less than 400 grams of a substance containing heroin;
 - (C) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 8 years and not more than 40 years with respect to 400 grams or more but less than 900 grams of any substance containing heroin;
 - (D) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more than 50 years with respect to 900 grams or more of any substance containing heroin;
 - (2) (A) a Class 3 felony not less than 4 years and not more than 15 years with respect to 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of any substance containing cocaine;

1	(B) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not
2	more than 30 years with respect to 100 grams or more
3	but less than 400 grams of any substance containing
4	cocaine;
5	(C) <u>a Class 1 felony</u> not less than 8 years and not
6	more than 40 years with respect to 400 grams or more
7	but less than 900 grams of any substance containing
8	cocaine;
9	(D) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more
10	than 50 years with respect to 900 grams or more of any
11	substance containing cocaine;
12	(3) (A) <u>a Class 3 felony</u> not less than 4 years and not
13	more than 15 years with respect to 15 grams or more but
14	less than 100 grams of any substance containing
15	morphine;
16	(B) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not
17	more than 30 years with respect to 100 grams or more
18	but less than 400 grams of any substance containing
19	morphine;
20	(C) a Class 1 felony not less than 6 years and not
21	more than 40 years with respect to 400 grams or more
22	but less than 900 grams of any substance containing
23	
	morphine;
24	(D) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more

substance containing morphine;

	(4) <u>a</u>	Class	2	felony	wit	th	respect	to	200	grams	or	more
of	any	suk	ostance	9 0	containi	ng	pe'	yote;					

- (5) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to 200 grams or more</u> of any substance containing a derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a derivative of barbituric acid;
- (6) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 200 grams or more of any substance containing amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of amphetamine;

(6.5) (blank);

- (7) (A) a Class 3 felony not less than 4 years and not more than 15 years with respect to: (i) 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 15 or more objects or 15 or more segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 200 objects or 200 segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;
- (B) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years with respect to: (i) 100 grams or more but less than 400 grams of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 200 or more objects or 200 or more segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 600 objects or less than 600 segregated parts of

an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

- (C) a Class 1 felony not less than 8 years and not more than 40 years with respect to: (i) 400 grams or more but less than 900 grams of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 600 or more objects or 600 or more segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 1500 objects or 1500 segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;
- (D) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more than 50 years with respect to: (i) 900 grams or more of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 1500 or more objects or 1500 or more segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of a substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;
- (7.5) (A) <u>a Class 3 felony</u> not less than 4 years and not more than 15 years with respect to: (i) 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of

Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 15 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 200 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;

- (B) a Class 2 felony not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years with respect to: (i) 100 grams or more but less than 400 grams of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 200 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 600 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;
 - (C) a Class 1 felony not less than 8 years and not more than 40 years with respect to: (i) 400 grams or more but less than 900 grams of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of

Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 600 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 1,500 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;

- (D) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more than 50 years with respect to: (i) 900 grams or more of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 1,500 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of a substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;
- (8) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or more of any substance containing pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;
- (9) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or more of any substance containing methaqualone or any of the

salts, isomers and salts of isomers of methagualone;

- (10) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or more of any substance containing phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of phencyclidine (PCP);
- (10.5) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 30 grams or more of any substance containing ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of ketamine;
- (11) <u>a Class 2 felony with respect to</u> 200 grams or more of any substance containing any substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included in this subsection.
- (b) Any person sentenced with respect to violations of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (7), or (7.5) of subsection (a) involving 100 grams or more of the controlled substance named therein, may in addition to the penalties provided therein, be fined an amount not to exceed \$200,000 or the full street value of the controlled or counterfeit substances, whichever is greater. The term "street value" shall have the meaning ascribed in Section 110-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Any person sentenced with respect to any other provision of subsection (a), may in addition to the penalties provided therein, be fined an amount not to exceed \$200,000.
- (c) Any person who violates this Section with regard to an amount of a controlled substance other than methamphetamine or counterfeit substance not set forth in subsection (a) or (d) is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor. Any person who violates this

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- Section with regard to one gram or more and less than the
 minimum amount of a controlled substance specified in
 paragraphs (1) through (11) of subsection (a) or one gram or
 more of a controlled substance other than methamphetamine or
 counterfeit substance not set forth in subsection (a) or (d) is
 guilty of a Class 4 felony. The fine for a violation punishable
 under this subsection (c) shall not be more than \$25,000.
 - (d) Any person who violates this Section with regard to any amount of anabolic steroid is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor for the first offense and a Class B misdemeanor for a subsequent offense committed within 2 years of a prior conviction.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 99-371, eff. 1-1-16.)
- 14 (720 ILCS 570/404) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1404)
- Sec. 404. (a) For the purposes of this Section:
 - (1) "Advertise" means the attempt, by publication, dissemination, solicitation or circulation, to induce directly or indirectly any person to acquire, or enter into an obligation to acquire, any substance within the scope of this Section.
 - (2) "Distribute" has the meaning ascribed to it in subsection (s) of Section 102 of this Act but as relates to look-alike substances.
 - (3) "Manufacture" means the producing, preparing, compounding, processing, encapsulating, packaging,

- repackaging, labeling or relabeling of a look-alike substance.
 - (b) It is unlawful for any person knowingly to manufacture, distribute, advertise, or possess with intent to manufacture or distribute a look-alike substance. Any person who violates this subsection (b) shall be guilty of a Class $\underline{4}$ felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$150,000.
 - (c) (Blank) It is unlawful for any person knowingly to possess a look alike substance. Any person who violates this subsection (c) is guilty of a petty offense. Any person convicted of a subsequent offense under this subsection (c) shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.
 - (d) In any prosecution brought under this Section, it is not a defense to a violation of this Section that the defendant believed the look-alike substance actually to be a controlled substance.
 - (e) Nothing in this Section applies to:
 - (1) The manufacture, processing, packaging, distribution or sale of noncontrolled substances to licensed medical practitioners for use as placebos in professional practice or research.
 - (2) Persons acting in the course and legitimate scope of their employment as law enforcement officers.
 - (3) The retention of production samples of noncontrolled substances produced prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1982, where such samples are

- 1 required by federal law.
- 2 (f) Nothing in this Section or in this Act applies to the
- 3 lawful manufacture, processing, packaging, advertising or
- 4 distribution of a drug or drugs by any person registered
- 5 pursuant to Section 510 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
- 6 Act (21 U.S.C. 360).
- 7 (Source: P.A. 83-1362.)
- 8 (720 ILCS 570/405.2)
- 9 Sec. 405.2. Streetgang criminal drug conspiracy.
- 10 (a) Any person who engages in a streetgang criminal drug
- 11 conspiracy, as defined in this Section, is guilty of an offense
- 12 that is one class higher than the underlying offense under
- 13 subsection (a) or (c) of Section 401 of this Act or under the
- 14 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act except
- 15 Section 60 of that Act. If the sentence for the underlying
- offense is a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and
- 17 not more than 30 years, the penalty for streetgang criminal
- drug conspiracy is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be
- 19 sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less 9 years and not
- 20 more than 40 years. a Class X felony for which the offender
- 21 shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment as follows:
- 22 (1) (blank) not less than 15 years and not more than 60
- 23 years for a violation of subsection (a) of Section 401;
- 24 (2) (blank) not less than 10 years and not more than 30
- 25 years for a violation of subsection (c) of Section 401.

_	For	the	purposes	of	this	Section,	a	person	engages	in	а
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- (i) he or she violates any of the provisions of subsection (a) or (c) of Section 401 of this Act or any provision of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act except Section 60 of that Act; and
- (ii) such violation is part of a conspiracy undertaken or carried out with 2 or more other persons; and
- (iii) such conspiracy is in furtherance of the activities of an organized gang as defined in the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act; and
- (iv) he or she occupies a position of organizer, a supervising person, or any other position of management with those persons identified in clause (ii) of this subsection (a).
- The fine for a violation of this Section shall not be more than \$500,000, and the offender shall be subject to the forfeitures prescribed in subsection (b).
- (b) Subject to the provisions of Section 8 of the Drug Asset Forfeiture Procedure Act, any person who is convicted under this Section of engaging in a streetgang criminal drug conspiracy shall forfeit to the State of Illinois:
- (1) the receipts obtained by him or her in such conspiracy; and
 - (2) any of his or her interests in, claims against, receipts from, or property or rights of any kind affording

- a source of influence over, such conspiracy.
- 2 (c) The circuit court may enter such injunctions,
- 3 restraining orders, directions or prohibitions, or may take
- 4 such other actions, including the acceptance of satisfactory
- 5 performance bonds, in connection with any property, claim,
- 6 receipt, right or other interest subject to forfeiture under
- 7 this Section, as it deems proper.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
- 9 (720 ILCS 570/407) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1407)
- 11 violates any subsection of Section 401 or subsection (b) of

Sec. 407. (a) (1) (A) Any person 18 years of age or over who

- 12 Section 404 by delivering a controlled, counterfeit or
- 13 look-alike substance to a person under 18 years of age may, at
- 14 the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum term of
- imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of imprisonment
- 16 for the underlying offense plus the minimum term of
- 17 imprisonment for the underlying offense may be sentenced to
- 18 imprisonment for a term up to twice the maximum term and fined
- 19 an amount up to twice that amount otherwise authorized by the
- 20 pertinent subsection of Section 401 and Subsection (b) of
- 21 Section 404.

- 22 (B) (Blank).
- 23 (2) (Blank). Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this
- 24 subsection, any person who violates:
- 25 (A) subsection (c) of Section 401 by delivering or

1	possessing with intent to deliver a controlled,
2	counterfeit, or look-alike substance in or on, or within
3	1,000 feet of, a truck stop or safety rest area, is guilty
4	of a Class 1 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed
5	\$250,000;
6	(B) subsection (d) of Section 401 by delivering or
7	possessing with intent to deliver a controlled,
8	counterfeit, or look alike substance in or on, or within
9	1,000 feet of, a truck stop or safety rest area, is guilty
10	of a Class 2 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed
11	\$200,000;
12	(C) subsection (e) of Section 401 or subsection (b) of
13	Section 404 by delivering or possessing with intent to
14	deliver a controlled, counterfeit, or look-alike substance
15	in or on, or within 1,000 feet of, a truck stop or safety
16	rest area, is guilty of a Class 3 felony, the fine for
17	which shall not exceed \$150,000;
18	(D) subsection (f) of Section 401 by delivering or
19	possessing with intent to deliver a controlled,
20	counterfeit, or look-alike substance in or on, or within
21	1,000 feet of, a truck stop or safety rest area, is guilty
22	of a Class 3 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed
23	\$125,000;
24	(E) subsection (g) of Section 401 by delivering or
25	$rac{ extsf{possessing}}{ extsf{with}}$ with intent to deliver a controlled,

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1	,000	feet	of	, a truc	e k st	op or	safe	ety res	t area	, is	guilty
e	f a	Class	3	felony,	the	fine	for	which	shall	not	exceed
\$	100 ,	,000;									

- (F) subsection (h) of Section 401 by delivering or possessing with intent to deliver a controlled, counterfeit, or look alike substance in or on, or within 1,000 feet of, a truck stop or safety rest area, is quilty of a Class 3 felony, the fine for which shall \$75,000;
- (3) (Blank). Any person who violates paragraph (2) of this subsection (a) by delivering or possessing with intent to deliver a controlled, counterfeit, or look-alike substance in on, or within 1,000 feet of a truck stop or a safety rest area, following a prior conviction or convictions of paragraph (2) of this subsection (a) may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment up to 2 times the maximum term and fined an amount up to 2 times the amount otherwise authorized by Section 401.

(4) (Blank). For the purposes of this subsection (a):

- (A) "Safety rest area" means a roadside facility removed from the roadway with parking and facilities designed for motorists' rest, comfort, and information needs; and
- (B) "Truck stop" means any facility (and its parking areas) used to provide fuel or service, or both, to any commercial motor vehicle as defined in Section 18b-101 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

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(b) Any person who violates any subsection of Section 401 or subsection (b) of Section 404 in any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related activity, or public park, on the real property comprising any school, or within 500 feet of the real property comprising any school, while persons under 18 years of age are present, during school hours, or at times when persons under 18 years of age are reasonably expected to be present, shall be sentenced to a class of offense that is one class higher than the sentence otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection of Section 401 or subsection (b) of Section 404. If the sentence otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection of Section 401 or subsection (b) of Section 404 is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 4 years and not more than 15 years, the penalty for an offense under this Section is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years. If the sentence otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection of Section 401 or subsection (b) of Section 404 is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, the penalty for an offense under this Section is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 9 years and not more than 40 years. +

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(1) subsection (c) of Section 401 in any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, on the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities, or within 1,000 feet of

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the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities is guilty of a Class X felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$500,000;

(2) subsection (d) of Section 401 in any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed income development, or public park or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or

other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, on the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities is guilty of a Class 1 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$250,000;

(3) subsection (e) of Section 401 or Subsection (b) of Section 404 in any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising

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any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, on the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities is quilty of a Class 2 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$200,000;

(4) subsection (f) of Section 401 in any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public

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housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed income development, or public park or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, on the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward

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daytime activities is guilty of a Class 2 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$150,000;

(5) subsection (q) of Section 401 in any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, on the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted living centers,

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senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities is quilty of a Class 2 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$125,000;

(6) subsection (h) of Section 401 in any school, or any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or residential property owned, operated managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school or residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, or public park, on the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used

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primarily for religious worship, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used primarily for religious worship, on the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted living centers, senior citizen housing complexes, or senior oriented toward daytime activities, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any of the following places, buildings, or structures used primarily for housing or providing space for activities for senior citizens: nursing homes, assisted-living centers, senior housing complexes, or senior centers oriented toward daytime activities is quilty of a Class 2 felony, the fine for which shall not exceed \$100,000.

(c) (Blank) Regarding penalties prescribed in subsection (b) for violations committed in a school or on or within 1,000 feet of school property, the time of day, time of year and whether classes were currently in session at the time of the offense is irrelevant.

(Source: P.A. 93-223, eff. 1-1-04; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)

(720 ILCS 570/407.1) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1407.1) 23

> Sec. 407.1. Any person 18 years of age or over who violates any subsection of Section 401 or , Section 404 or Section 405

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by using, engaging or employing a person under 18 years of age 1 2 to deliver a controlled, counterfeit or look-alike substance 3 may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of 4 5 imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum term of imprisonment for the underlying offense for a term up to 6 7 three times the maximum amount authorized by the pertinent subsection of Section 401, Section 404 or Section 405. 8

9 (Source: P.A. 91-297, eff. 1-1-00.)

10 (720 ILCS 570/407.2) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1407.2)

11 Sec. 407.2. Delivery of a controlled substance to a pregnant woman.

- (a) Any person who violates <u>any</u> subsection (a) of Section 401 of this Act by delivering a controlled substance to a woman he knows to be pregnant may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to <u>a maximum term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum term of imprisonment for the underlying offense a term twice the maximum amount authorized by Section 401 of this Act.</u>
- (b) (Blank). Any person who delivers an amount of a controlled substance set forth in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 401 of this Act to a woman he knows to be pregnant commits a Class 1 felony. The fine for a violation of this subsection (b) shall not be more than \$250,000.

- 56 - LRB100 08746 RLC 21552 b

- 1 (Source: P.A. 86-1459; 87-754.)
- 2 (720 ILCS 570/405 rep.)
- 3 (720 ILCS 570/405.1 rep.)
- 4 (720 ILCS 570/408 rep.)
- 5 Section 20. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
- 6 amended by repealing Sections 405, 405.1, and 408.
- 7 Section 21. The Drug Paraphernalia Control Act is amended
- 8 by changing Section 3.5 as follows:
- 9 (720 ILCS 600/3.5)
- 10 Sec. 3.5. Possession of drug paraphernalia.
- 11 (a) A person who knowingly possesses an item of drug
- 12 paraphernalia with the intent to use it in ingesting, inhaling,
- 13 or otherwise introducing cannabis or a controlled substance
- into the human body, or in preparing cannabis or a controlled
- 15 substance for that use, is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor for
- which the court shall impose a minimum fine of \$750 in addition
- 17 to any other penalty prescribed for a Class A misdemeanor. This
- 18 subsection (a) does not apply to a person who is legally
- 19 authorized to possess hypodermic syringes or needles under the
- 20 Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act.
- 21 (b) In determining intent under subsection (a), the trier
- 22 of fact may take into consideration the proximity of the
- 23 cannabis or controlled substances to drug paraphernalia or the

presence of cannabis or a controlled substance on the drug paraphernalia.

- (c) If a person violates subsection (a) of Section 4 of the Cannabis Control Act, the penalty for possession of any drug paraphernalia seized during the violation for that offense shall be a civil law violation punishable by a minimum fine not to exceed \$125 of \$100 and a maximum fine of \$200. The proceeds of the fine shall be payable to the clerk of the circuit court. Within 30 days after the deposit of the fine, the clerk shall distribute the proceeds of the fine as follows:
 - (1) \$10 of the fine to the circuit clerk and \$10 of the fine to the law enforcement agency that issued the citation; the proceeds of each \$10 fine distributed to the circuit clerk and each \$10 fine distributed to the law enforcement agency that issued the citation for the violation shall be used to defer the cost of automatic expungements under paragraph (2.5) of subsection (a) of Section 5.2 of the Criminal Identification Act;
 - (2) \$15 to the county to fund drug addiction services;
 - (3) \$10 to the Office of the State's Attorneys
 Appellate Prosecutor for use in training programs;
 - (4) \$10 to the State's Attorney; and
 - (5) any remainder of the fine to the law enforcement agency that issued the citation for the violation.
- With respect to funds designated for the Department of State Police, the moneys shall be remitted by the circuit court

- 1 clerk to the Department of State Police within one month after
- 2 receipt for deposit into the State Police Operations Assistance
- 3 Fund. With respect to funds designated for the Department of
- 4 Natural Resources, the Department of Natural Resources shall
- 5 deposit the moneys into the Conservation Police Operations
- 6 Assistance Fund.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 99-697, eff. 7-29-16.)
- 8 Section 25. The Methamphetamine Control and Community
- 9 Protection Act is amended by changing Sections 15, 20, 25, 30,
- 10 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 56, and 60 and by adding Sections 55.1,
- 11 55.2, 55.3, 55.4, and 55.5 as follows:
- 12 (720 ILCS 646/15)
- 13 Sec. 15. Participation in methamphetamine manufacturing.
- 14 (a) Participation in methamphetamine manufacturing.
- 15 (1) It is unlawful to knowingly participate in the 16 manufacture of methamphetamine with the intent that
- methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine
- 18 be produced.
- 19 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
- 20 subsection (a) is subject to the following penalties:
- 21 (A) A person who participates in the manufacture of
- less than 15 grams of methamphetamine or a substance
- containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
- 24 felony.

15 or more grams but less than 100 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{1}$ $\underline{*}$ felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6

(B) A person who participates in the manufacture of

- years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine
- not to exceed \$100,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine manufactured, whichever is greater.
- (C) A person who participates in the manufacture of 100 or more grams but less than 400 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{1}$ \times felony, for which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{9}$ years and not more than $\underline{30}$ $\underline{40}$ years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine

manufactured, whichever is greater.

(D) A person who participates in the manufacture of 400 or more grams but less than 900 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{1} \times \text{felony}$, for which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than $\underline{6} \times \text{gears}$ and not more than $\underline{30} \times \text{gears}$, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine manufactured, whichever is greater.

(E) A person who participates in the manufacture of
900 grams or more of methamphetamine or a substance
containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{1}$ \underline{x}
felony, for which the person may be sentenced subject
to a term of imprisonment of not less than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{15}$ years
and not more than $30 + 60$ years, and subject to a fine
not to exceed \$400,000 or the street value of the
methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

- (b) Aggravated participation in methamphetamine manufacturing.
 - (1) It is unlawful to engage in aggravated participation in the manufacture of methamphetamine. A person engages in aggravated participation in the manufacture of methamphetamine when the person violates paragraph (1) of subsection (a) and:
 - (A) the person knowingly does so in a multi-unit dwelling;
 - (B) the person knowingly does so in a structure or vehicle where a child under the age of 18, a person with a disability, or a person 60 years of age or older who is incapable of adequately providing for his or her own health and personal care resides, is present, or is endangered by the manufacture of methamphetamine;
 - (C) the person does so in a structure or vehicle where a woman the person knows to be pregnant (including but not limited to the person herself)

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1	resides, is present, or is endangered by the
2	methamphetamine manufacture;
3	(D) the person knowingly does so in a structure or
4	vehicle protected by one or more firearms, explosive
5	devices, booby traps, alarm systems, surveillance
6	systems, guard dogs, or dangerous animals;
7	(E) the methamphetamine manufacturing in which the
8	person participates is a contributing cause of the
9	death, serious bodily injury, disability, or
10	disfigurement of another person, including but not
11	limited to an emergency service provider;
12	(F) the methamphetamine manufacturing in which the
13	person participates is a contributing cause of a fire
14	or explosion that damages property belonging to
15	another person;
16	(G) the person knowingly organizes, directs, or
17	finances the methamphetamine manufacturing or
18	activities carried out in support of the
19	methamphetamine manufacturing; or
20	(H) the methamphetamine manufacturing occurs
21	within 1,000 feet of a place of worship or parsonage,
22	or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising
23	any school.

(2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this

(A) A person who participates in the manufacture of

subsection (b) is subject to the following penalties:

less than 15 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{1} \times felony$, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$100,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

- (B) A person who participates in the manufacture of 15 or more grams but less than 100 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{1} \times \text{felony}$, for which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than $\underline{6} \times \text{g}$ years and not more than $\underline{30} \times \text{40}$ years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.
- (C) A person who participates in the manufacture of 100 or more grams but less than 400 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{1}$ * felony, for which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{12}$ years and not more than $\underline{30}$ $\underline{50}$ years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.
- (D) A person who participates in the manufacture of 400 grams or more of methamphetamine or a substance

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containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{1}$ $\underline{*}$ felony, for which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{15}$ years and not more than $\underline{30}$ $\underline{60}$ years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$400,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

(Source: P.A. 98-980, eff. 1-1-15.)

(720 ILCS 646/20)

Sec. 20. Methamphetamine precursor.

- (a) Methamphetamine precursor or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor in standard dosage form.
 - (1) It is unlawful to knowingly possess, procure, transport, store, or deliver any methamphetamine precursor or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor in standard dosage form with the intent that it be used to manufacture methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine.
 - (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this subsection (a) is subject to the following penalties:
 - (A) A person who possesses, procures, transports, stores, or delivers less than 15 grams of methamphetamine precursor or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor is guilty of a Class $\frac{4}{2}$ felony.
 - (B) A person who possesses, procures, transports,

stores, or delivers 15 or more grams but less than 30 grams of methamphetamine precursor or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor is guilty of a Class 3 \pm felony.

- (C) A person who possesses, procures, transports, stores, or delivers 30 or more grams but less than 150 grams of methamphetamine precursor or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor is guilty of a Class 2 * felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$100,000.
- (D) A person who possesses, procures, transports, stores, or delivers 150 or more grams but less than 500 grams of methamphetamine precursor or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor is guilty of a Class 1 X felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 8 years and not more than 40 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000.
- (E) A person who possesses, procures, transports, stores, or delivers 500 or more grams of methamphetamine precursor or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor is guilty of a Class $\underline{1}$ $\underline{*}$ felony, for which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{10}$ years and not more than $\underline{30}$ $\underline{50}$ years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000.

1	(b) (Blank). Methamphetamine precursor or substance
2	containing any methamphetamine precursor in any form other than
3	a standard dosage form.
4	(1) It is unlawful to knowingly possess, procure,
5	transport, store, or deliver any methamphetamine precursor
6	or substance containing any methamphetamine precursor in
7	any form other than a standard dosage form with the intent
8	that it be used to manufacture methamphetamine or a
9	substance containing methamphetamine.
10	(2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
11	subsection (b) is subject to the following penalties:
12	(A) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
13	subsection (b) with the intent that less than 10 grams
14	of methamphetamine or a substance containing
15	methamphetamine be manufactured is guilty of a Class 2
16	felony.
17	(B) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
18	subsection (b) with the intent that 10 or more grams
19	but less than 20 grams of methamphetamine or a
20	substance containing methamphetamine be manufactured
21	is guilty of a Class 1 felony.
22	(C) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
23	subsection (b) with the intent that 20 or more grams
24	but less than 100 grams of methamphetamine or a
25	substance containing methamphetamine be manufactured
26	is guilty of a Class X felony, subject to a term of

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imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$100,000. (D) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this subsection (b) with the intent that 100 or more grams but less than 350 grams of methamphetamine

substance containing methamphetamine be manufactured guilty of a Class X felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 8 years and not more 40 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000.

(E) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this subsection (b) with the intent that 350 or more grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine be manufactured is guilty of a Class X felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 10 years and not more than 50 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000.

(c) Rule of evidence. The presence of any methamphetamine precursor in a sealed, factory imprinted container, including, but not limited to, a bottle, box, package, or blister pack, at the time of seizure by law enforcement, is prima facie evidence methamphetamine precursor located within that the the container is in fact the material so described and in the amount listed on the container. The factory imprinted container is admissible for a violation of this Act for purposes of proving the contents of the container.

(Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.)

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- 1 (720 ILCS 646/25)
- 2 Sec. 25. Anhydrous ammonia.
- 3 (a) Possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or 4 delivery of anhydrous ammonia with the intent that it be used 5 to manufacture methamphetamine.
 - (1) It is unlawful to knowingly engage in the possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or delivery of anhydrous ammonia or to attempt to engage in any of these activities or to assist another in engaging in any of these activities with the intent that the anhydrous ammonia be used to manufacture methamphetamine.
 - (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this subsection (a) is guilty of a Class 2 \pm felony.
 - (b) Aggravated possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or delivery of anhydrous ammonia with the intent that it be used to manufacture methamphetamine.
 - (1) It is unlawful to knowingly engage in the aggravated possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or delivery of anhydrous ammonia with the intent that it be used to manufacture methamphetamine. A person commits this offense when the person engages in the possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or delivery of anhydrous ammonia or attempts to engage in any of these activities or assists another in engaging in any of these activities with the intent that the anhydrous

1	ammania	ha	11000	+ ~	manufacture	$m \circ + h \circ m$	nhotomino	224.
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- (A) the person knowingly does so in a multi-unit
 dwelling;
 - (B) the person knowingly does so in a structure or vehicle where a child under the age of 18, or a person with a disability, or a person who is 60 years of age or older who is incapable of adequately providing for his or her own health and personal care resides, is present, or is endangered by the anhydrous ammonia;
 - (C) the person's possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or delivery of anhydrous ammonia is a contributing cause of the death, serious bodily injury, disability, or disfigurement of another person; or
 - (D) the person's possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or delivery of anhydrous ammonia is a contributing cause of a fire or explosion that damages property belonging to another person.
 - (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this subsection (b) is guilty of a Class 1 * felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$100,000.
 - (c) Possession, procurement, transportation, storage, or delivery of anhydrous ammonia in an unauthorized container.
 - (1) It is unlawful to knowingly possess, procure,

transport, store, or deliver anhydrous ammonia in an unauthorized container.

- (1.5) (Blank) It is unlawful to attempt to possess, procure, transport, store, or deliver anhydrous ammonia in an unauthorized container.
- (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this subsection (c) is guilty of a Class $\underline{4}$ felony. A person who violates paragraph (1.5) of this subsection (c) is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (3) Affirmative defense. It is an affirmative defense that the person charged possessed, procured, transported, stored, or delivered anhydrous ammonia in a manner that substantially complied with the rules governing anhydrous ammonia equipment found in 8 Illinois Administrative Code Section 215, in 92 Illinois Administrative Code Sections 171 through 180, or in any provision of the Code of Federal Regulations incorporated by reference into these Sections of the Illinois Administrative Code.
- (d) Tampering with anhydrous ammonia equipment.
- (1) It is unlawful to knowingly tamper with anhydrous ammonia equipment. A person tampers with anhydrous ammonia equipment when, without authorization from the lawful owner, the person:
 - (A) removes or attempts to remove anhydrous ammonia from the anhydrous ammonia equipment used by the lawful owner;

- 1 (B) damages or attempts to damage the anhydrous
- 2 ammonia equipment used by the lawful owner; or
- 3 (C) vents or attempts to vent anhydrous ammonia
- 4 into the environment.
- 5 (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
- 6 subsection (d) is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06;
- 8 95-690, eff. 1-1-08.)
- 9 (720 ILCS 646/30)
- 10 Sec. 30. Methamphetamine manufacturing material.
- 11 (a) It is unlawful to knowingly engage in the possession,
- 12 procurement, transportation, storage, or delivery of any
- 13 methamphetamine manufacturing material, other than a
- 14 methamphetamine precursor, substance containing
- 15 methamphetamine precursor, or anhydrous ammonia, with the
- intent that it be used to manufacture methamphetamine.
- 17 (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this Section is
- 18 quilty of a Class 3 $\frac{2}{2}$ felony.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.)
- 20 (720 ILCS 646/35)
- 21 Sec. 35. Use of property.
- 22 (a) It is unlawful for a person knowingly to use or allow
- 23 the use of a vehicle, a structure, real property, or personal
- 24 property within the person's control to help bring about a

- 1 violation of this Act.
- 2 (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this Section is
- 3 guilty of a Class $\frac{3}{2}$ felony.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
- 5 (720 ILCS 646/40)
- 6 Sec. 40. Protection of methamphetamine manufacturing.
- 7 (a) It is unlawful to engage in the protection of 8 methamphetamine manufacturing. A person engages in the
- 9 protection of methamphetamine manufacturing when:
- 10 (1) the person knows that others have been
- participating, are participating, or will be participating
- in the manufacture of methamphetamine; and
- 13 (2) with the intent to help prevent detection of or
- interference with the methamphetamine manufacturing, the
- 15 person serves as a lookout for or guard of the
- methamphetamine manufacturing.
- 17 (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this Section is
- 18 quilty of a Class 3 $\frac{2}{2}$ felony.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
- 20 (720 ILCS 646/45)
- Sec. 45. Methamphetamine manufacturing waste.
- 22 (a) It is unlawful to knowingly burn, place in a trash
- 23 receptacle, or dispose of methamphetamine manufacturing waste,
- 24 knowing that the waste was used in the manufacturing of

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- 1 methamphetamine.
- 2 (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this Section is
- 3 guilty of a Class $\frac{3}{2}$ felony.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.)
- 5 (720 ILCS 646/50)
- 6 Sec. 50. Methamphetamine-related child endangerment.
- 7 (a) Methamphetamine-related child endangerment.
 - (1) It is unlawful to engage in methamphetamine-related child endangerment. A person engages in methamphetamine-related child endangerment when the person knowingly endangers the life and health of a child by exposing or allowing exposure of the child to a methamphetamine manufacturing environment.
 - (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this subsection (a) is guilty of a Class 2 felony.
 - (b) Aggravated methamphetamine-related child endangerment.
 - unlawful (1)Ιt is to engage in aggravated methamphetamine-related child endangerment. Α person engages in aggravated methamphetamine-related endangerment when the person violates paragraph (1) of this subsection (a) of this Section and the child experiences death, great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement as a result of the methamphetamine-related child endangerment.
 - (2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this subsection (b) is guilty of a Class $\underline{1}$ X felony, subject to

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1	a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not
2	more than 30 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed
3	\$100,000.
4	(Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
5	(720 ILCS 646/55)
6	Sec. 55. Methamphetamine delivery.
7	(a) Delivery or possession with intent to deliver
8	methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine.
9	(1) It is unlawful knowingly to engage in the delivery
10	or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine or a
11	substance containing methamphetamine.
12	(2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
13	subsection (a) is subject to the following penalties:
14	(A) A person who delivers or possesses with intent
15	to deliver less than <u>one gram</u> 5 grams of
16	methamphetamine or a substance containing
17	methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{4}$ felony.
18	(B) A person who delivers or possesses with intent
19	to deliver <u>one</u> 5 or more grams but less than 15 grams
20	of methamphetamine or a substance containing
21	methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $3 + 1$ felony.
22	(C) A person who delivers or possesses with intent
23	to deliver 15 or more grams but less than 100 grams of

methamphetamine or a substance containing

methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $2 \times felony$,

subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6

years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine

not to exceed \$100,000 or the street value of the

methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

- (D) A person who delivers or possesses with intent to deliver 100 or more grams but less than 400 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 1 * felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 9 years and not more than 40 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.
- (E) A person who delivers or possesses with intent to deliver 400 or more grams but less than 900 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 1 * felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 12 years and not more than 50 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.
- (F) A person who delivers or possesses with intent to deliver 900 or more grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{1}$ $\underline{*}$ felony, for which the person may be sentenced subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than $\underline{6}$ $\underline{15}$ years and not more than $\underline{30}$ $\underline{60}$ years, and subject to a

1	fine not to exceed \$400,000 or the street value of the
2	methamphetamine, whichever is greater.
3	(b) (Blank). Aggravated delivery or possession with intent
4	to deliver methamphetamine or a substance containing
5	methamphetamine.
6	(1) It is unlawful to engage in the aggravated delivery
7	or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine or a
8	substance containing methamphetamine. A person engages in
9	the aggravated delivery or possession with intent to
10	deliver methamphetamine or a substance containing
11	methamphetamine when the person violates paragraph (1) of
12	subsection (a) of this Section and:
13	(A) the person is at least 18 years of age and
14	knowingly delivers or possesses with intent to deliver
15	the methamphetamine or substance containing
16	methamphetamine to a person under 18 years of age;
17	(B) the person is at least 18 years of age and
18	knowingly uses, engages, employs, or causes another
19	person to use, engage, or employ a person under 18
20	years of age to deliver the methamphetamine o
21	substance containing methamphetamine;
22	(C) the person knowingly delivers or possesses
23	with intent to deliver the methamphetamine or
24	substance containing methamphetamine in any structure
25	or vehicle protected by one or more firearms, explosive

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2	(D) the person knowingly delivers or possesses
3	with intent to deliver the methamphetamine or
4	substance containing methamphetamine in any school, on
5	any real property comprising any school, or in any
6	conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to
7	transport students to or from school or a
8	school related activity;
9	(E) the person delivers or causes another person to
10	deliver the methamphetamine or substance containing
11	methamphetamine to a woman that the person knows to be
12	pregnant; or
13	(F) (blank).
14	(2) A person who violates paragraph (1) of this
15	subsection (b) is subject to the following penalties:
16	(A) A person who delivers or possesses with intent
17	to deliver less than 5 grams of methamphetamine or a
18	substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a
19	Class 1 felony.
20	(B) A person who delivers or possesses with intent
21	to deliver 5 or more grams but less than 15 grams of
22	methamphetamine or a substance containing

methamphetamine is guilty of a Class X felony, subject

to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and

not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine not to

exceed \$100,000 or the street value of the

methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

(C) A person who delivers or possesses with intent to deliver 15 or more grams but less than 100 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class X felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 8 years and not more than 40 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

(D) A person who delivers or possesses with intent to deliver 100 or more grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class X felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 10 years and not more than 50 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000 or the street value of the methamphetamine, whichever is greater.

(Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.)

(720 ILCS 646/55.1 new)

Sec. 55.1. Methamphetamine delivery by a person at least 18 years of age to a person under 18 years of age. Any person who is at least 18 years of age who violates any subsection of Section 55 by delivering methamphetamine or substance containing methamphetamine to a person under 18 years of age may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of

- 1 <u>imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum term</u>
- of imprisonment for the underlying offense.
- 3 (720 ILCS 646/55.2 new)
- 4 Sec. 55.2. Employing person under 18 years of age to 5 deliver methamphetamine. Any person who is at least 18 years of age who violates any subsection of Section 55 by using, 6 7 engaging, or employing, or causing another person to use, 8 engage, or employ a person under 18 years of age to deliver 9 methamphetamine or substance containing methamphetamine may, 10 at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum term 11 of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of 12 imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum term 13 of imprisonment for the underlying offense.
- 14 (720 ILCS 646/55.3 new)
- 15 Sec. 55.3. Delivery of methamphetamine or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine-protected structure or 16 17 vehicle. Any person who violates any subsection of Section 55 by knowingly delivering or possessing with intent to deliver 18 19 methamphetamine or substance containing methamphetamine in any 20 structure or vehicle protected by one or more explosive 21 devices, booby traps, or dangerous animals may, at the 22 discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum term of 23 imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum term of 24

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imprisonment for the underlying offense.

2 (720 ILCS 646/55.4 new)

Sec. 55.4. Methamphetamine delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine on school grounds. Any person who violates any subsection of Section 55 by delivering or possessing with intent to deliver methamphetamine or substance containing methamphetamine in any school, on any real property comprising any school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related activity shall be sentenced to a class of offense that is one class higher than the sentence otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection of Section 55. If the sentence otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection of Section 55 is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 4 years and not more than 15 years, the penalty for an offense under this Section is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years. If the sentence otherwise authorized by the pertinent subsection of Section 55 is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, the penalty for an offense under this Section is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 9 years and not more than 40

years.

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2 (720 ILCS 646/55.5 new)

Sec. 55.5. Methamphetamine delivery to pregnant woman. Any person who violates any subsection of Section 55 by delivering or causing to be delivered methamphetamine or substance containing methamphetamine to a woman that the person knows to be pregnant may, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment that is equal to the maximum term of imprisonment for the underlying offense plus the minimum term of imprisonment for the underlying offense.

- 11 (720 ILCS 646/56)
- 12 Sec. 56. Methamphetamine trafficking.
- 13 (a) Except for purposes as authorized by this Act, any 14 person who knowingly brings, or causes to be brought, into this 15 State 400 grams or more of methamphetamine or 500 grams or more of , anhydrous ammonia, or a methamphetamine precursor or any 16 17 amount of anhydrous ammonia for the purpose of manufacture or 18 delivery of methamphetamine or with the intent to manufacture 19 deliver methamphetamine is guilty of methamphetamine 20 trafficking.
 - (a-5) A person convicted of methamphetamine trafficking shall be sentenced as authorized by Section 55 of this Act, based upon the amount of the methamphetamine brought or caused to be brought into this State, if the person at sentencing

proves by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she:

- (1) received little or no compensation from the illegal transport of the methamphetamine into this State and had minimal knowledge of the scope and structure of the enterprise to manufacture or deliver the methamphetamine transported; or
- (2) was not involved in the organization or planning of the enterprise to manufacture or deliver the methamphetamine transported.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-5), a A person convicted of methamphetamine trafficking shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than twice the minimum term and not more than twice the maximum term of imprisonment based upon the amount of methamphetamine brought or caused to be brought into this State, as provided in subsection (a) of Section 55 of this Act that is one class higher than the underlying offense. If the underlying offense is a Class 1 felony for which the offender may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, the penalty for methamphetamine trafficking is a Class 1 felony for which the person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less 9 years and not more than 40 years.
- (c) (Blank) A person convicted of methamphetamine trafficking based upon a methamphetamine precursor shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than twice the minimum term and not more than twice the maximum term of

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- imprisonment based upon the amount of methamphetamine 1 2 precursor provided in subsection (a) or (b) of Section 20 of 3 this Act brought or caused to be brought into this State.
 - (d) A person convicted of methamphetamine trafficking based upon anhydrous ammonia under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 25 of this Act is quilty of a Class 1 felony shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than twice the minimum term and not more than twice the maximum term of imprisonment provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 25 of this Act.
- (Source: P.A. 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.) 11
- 12 (720 ILCS 646/60)
- 1.3 Sec. 60. Methamphetamine possession.
- 14 (a) It is unlawful knowingly to possess methamphetamine or 15 a substance containing methamphetamine.
 - (b) A person who violates subsection (a) is subject to the following penalties:
 - (1) A person who possesses less than 15 $\frac{5}{9}$ grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor 3 felony.
 - (2) (Blank). A person who possesses 5 or more grams but than 15 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 2 felony.
 - (3) A person who possesses 15 or more grams but less than 100 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing

1 methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 3 + 1 felony.

- (4) A person who possesses 100 or more grams but less than 400 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{2}$ \times felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$100,000.
- (5) A person who possesses 400 or more grams but less than 900 grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class $\underline{1}$ \underline{X} felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 8 years and not more than 40 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$200,000.
- (6) A person who possesses 900 or more grams of methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine is guilty of a Class 1 * felony, subject to a term of imprisonment of not less than 10 years and not more than 50 years, and subject to a fine not to exceed \$300,000.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
- 20 (720 ILCS 646/65 rep.)
- 21 (720 ILCS 646/100 rep.)
- Section 30. The Methamphetamine Control and Community
 Protection Act is amended by repealing Sections 65 and 100.
- 24 Section 35. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by

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changing Sections 5-4-1, 5-4.5-95, 5-5-3 and 5-8-2 as follows:

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2 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-1)
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3 Sec. 5-4-1. Sentencing Hearing.

(a) Except when the death penalty is sought under hearing procedures otherwise specified, after a determination of guilt, a hearing shall be held to impose the sentence. However, prior to the imposition of sentence on an individual being sentenced for an offense based upon a charge for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the individual must undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol or other drug abuse problem exists and the extent of such a problem. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. However, if the individual is not a resident of Illinois, the court may, in its discretion, accept an evaluation from a program in the state of such individual's residence. The court may in its sentencing order approve an eligible defendant for placement in a Department of Corrections impact incarceration program as provided in Section 5-8-1.1 or 5-8-1.3. The court may in its sentencing order recommend a defendant for placement in a Department of Corrections substance abuse treatment program as provided in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of Section 3-2-2 conditioned upon the defendant being accepted in a program by the Department of Corrections. At the hearing the court shall:

1	(1)	consider	the	evidence,	if	any,	received	upon	the
2	trial;								

- (2) consider any presentence reports;
- (3) consider the financial impact of incarceration based on the financial impact statement filed with the clerk of the court by the Department of Corrections;
- (4) consider evidence and information offered by the parties in aggravation and mitigation;
- (4.5) consider substance abuse treatment, eligibility screening, and an assessment, if any, of the defendant by an agent designated by the State of Illinois to provide assessment services for the Illinois courts;
 - (5) hear arguments as to sentencing alternatives;
- (6) afford the defendant the opportunity to make a statement in his own behalf;
- (7) afford the victim of a violent crime or a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a qualified individual affected by: (i) a violation of Section 405, 405.1, 405.2, or 407 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or a violation of Section 55 or Section 65 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or (ii) a Class 4 felony violation of Section 11-14, 11-14.3 except as described in subdivisions (a) (2) (A) and (a) (2) (B), 11-15, 11-17, 11-18, 11-18.1, or 11-19 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012,

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committed by the defendant the opportunity to make a statement concerning the impact on the victim and to offer evidence in aggravation or mitigation; provided that the and evidence offered in statement aggravation mitigation must first be prepared in writing in conjunction with the State's Attorney before it may be presented orally at the hearing. Any sworn testimony offered by the victim is subject to the defendant's right to cross-examine. All statements and evidence offered under this paragraph (7) shall become part of the record of the court. For the purpose of this paragraph (7), "qualified individual" means any person who (i) lived or worked within the territorial jurisdiction where the offense took place when the offense took place; and (ii) is familiar with various public places within the territorial jurisdiction where the offense took place when the offense took place. For the purposes of this paragraph (7), "qualified individual" includes any peace officer, or any member of any duly organized State, county, or municipal peace unit assigned to the territorial jurisdiction where the offense took place when the offense took place;

- (8) in cases of reckless homicide afford the victim's spouse, guardians, parents or other immediate family members an opportunity to make oral statements;
- (9) in cases involving a felony sex offense as defined under the Sex Offender Management Board Act, consider the

results of the sex offender evaluation conducted pursuant to Section 5-3-2 of this Act; and

- (10) make a finding of whether a motor vehicle was used in the commission of the offense for which the defendant is being sentenced.
- (b) All sentences shall be imposed by the judge based upon his independent assessment of the elements specified above and any agreement as to sentence reached by the parties. The judge who presided at the trial or the judge who accepted the plea of guilty shall impose the sentence unless he is no longer sitting as a judge in that court. Where the judge does not impose sentence at the same time on all defendants who are convicted as a result of being involved in the same offense, the defendant or the State's Attorney may advise the sentencing court of the disposition of any other defendants who have been sentenced.
- (b-1) In imposing a sentence of imprisonment or periodic imprisonment for a Class 3 or Class 4 felony for which a sentence of probation or conditional discharge is an available sentence, if the defendant has no prior sentence of probation or conditional discharge and no prior conviction for a violent crime, the defendant shall not be sentenced to imprisonment before review and consideration of a presentence report and determination and explanation of why the particular evidence, information, factor in aggravation, factual finding, or other reasons support a sentencing determination that one or more of

- the factors under subsection (a) of Section 5-6-1 of this Code apply and that probation or conditional discharge is not an appropriate sentence.
 - (c) In imposing a sentence for a violent crime or for an offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug or any combination thereof, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, when such offense resulted in the personal injury to someone other than the defendant, the trial judge shall specify on the record the particular evidence, information, factors in mitigation and aggravation or other reasons that led to his sentencing determination. The full verbatim record of the sentencing hearing shall be filed with the clerk of the court and shall be a public record.
 - (c-1) In imposing a sentence for the offense of aggravated kidnapping for ransom, home invasion, armed robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or category II weapon, the trial judge shall make a finding as to whether the conduct leading to conviction for the offense resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, and shall enter that finding and the basis for that finding in the record.
 - (c-2) If the defendant is sentenced to prison, other than when a sentence of natural life imprisonment or a sentence of death is imposed, at the time the sentence is imposed the judge shall state on the record in open court the approximate period

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of time the defendant will serve in custody according to the then current statutory rules and regulations for sentence credit found in Section 3-6-3 and other related provisions of this Code. This statement is intended solely to inform the public, has no legal effect on the defendant's actual release, and may not be relied on by the defendant on appeal.

The judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, other than when the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(3) of Section 3-6-3, shall include the following:

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her sentence credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ... years and ... months, less up to 180 days additional sentence credit for good conduct. If the defendant, because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional regulations, does not receive those credits, the actual time served in prison will be longer. The defendant may also receive an additional one-half day sentence credit for each day of participation in vocational, industry, substance abuse, and educational programs as provided for by Illinois statute."

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When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(3) of Section 3-6-3, other than when the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3 committed on or after June 19, 1998, and other than when the sentence is imposed for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1999, and other than when the sentence is imposed for aggravated arson if the offense was committed on or after July 27, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 92-176), and other than when the sentence is imposed for aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed on or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1230), the judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her

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sentence credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ... years and ... months, less up to 90 days additional sentence credit for good conduct. If the defendant, because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional regulations, does not receive those credits, the actual time served in prison will be longer. The defendant may also receive an additional one-half day sentence credit for each day of participation in vocational, industry, substance abuse, and educational programs as provided for by Illinois statute."

When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3, other than first degree murder, and the offense was committed on or after June 19, 1998, and when the sentence is imposed for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1999, and when the sentence is imposed for aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or combination thereof compounds, or any as subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and when the sentence is imposed for aggravated arson if the offense was committed on or after July 27, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 92-176), and when the sentence is imposed for aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in

subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed on or after January 1, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1230), the judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence,

5 shall include the following:

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, the defendant is entitled to no more than 4 1/2 days of sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment. Therefore, this defendant will serve at least 85% of his or her sentence. Assuming the defendant receives 4 1/2 days credit for each month of his or her sentence, the period of estimated actual custody is ... years and ... months. If the defendant, because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional regulations receives lesser credit, the actual time served in prison will be longer."

When a sentence of imprisonment is imposed for first degree murder and the offense was committed on or after June 19, 1998, the judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in

prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, the defendant is not entitled to sentence credit. Therefore, this defendant will serve 100% of his or her sentence."

When the sentencing order recommends placement in a substance abuse program for any offense that results in incarceration in a Department of Corrections facility and the crime was committed on or after September 1, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-354), the judge's statement, in addition to any other judge's statement required under this Section, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

"The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, the defendant shall receive no sentence credit for good conduct under clause (3) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3 until he or she participates in and completes a substance abuse treatment program or receives a waiver from the Director of Corrections pursuant to clause (4.5) of subsection (a) of

1 Section 3-6-3."

- (c-4) Before the sentencing hearing and as part of the presentence investigation under Section 5-3-1, the court shall inquire of the defendant whether the defendant is currently serving in or is a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States. If the defendant is currently serving in the Armed Forces of the United States or is a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States or is a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States and has been diagnosed as having a mental illness by a qualified psychiatrist or clinical psychologist or physician, the court may:
 - (1) order that the officer preparing the presentence report consult with the United States Department of Veterans' Affairs, Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs, or another agency or person with suitable knowledge or experience for the purpose of providing the court with information regarding treatment options available to the defendant, including federal, State, and local programming; and
 - (2) consider the treatment recommendations of any diagnosing or treating mental health professionals together with the treatment options available to the defendant in imposing sentence.

For the purposes of this subsection (c-4), "qualified psychiatrist" means a reputable physician licensed in Illinois to practice medicine in all its branches, who has specialized in the diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders

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- 1 for a period of not less than 5 years.
- 2 (c-6) In imposing a sentence, the trial judge shall 3 specify, on the record, the particular evidence and other 4 reasons which led to his or her determination that a motor 5 vehicle was used in the commission of the offense.
 - (d) When the defendant is committed to the Department of Corrections, the State's Attorney shall and counsel for the defendant may file a statement with the clerk of the court to be transmitted to the department, agency or institution to which the defendant is committed to furnish such department, agency or institution with the facts and circumstances of the offense for which the person was committed together with all other factual information accessible to them in regard to the person prior to his commitment relative to his habits, associates, disposition and reputation and any other facts and circumstances which may aid such department, agency or institution during its custody of such person. The clerk shall within 10 days after receiving any such statements transmit a copy to such department, agency or institution and a copy to the other party, provided, however, that this shall not be cause for delay in conveying the person to the department, agency or institution to which he has been committed.
 - (e) The clerk of the court shall transmit to the department, agency or institution, if any, to which the defendant is committed, the following:
 - (1) the sentence imposed;

26 clerk to transmit.

1	(2) any statement by the court of the basis for
2	imposing the sentence;
3	(3) any presentence reports;
4	(3.5) any sex offender evaluations;
5	(3.6) any substance abuse treatment eligibility
6	screening and assessment of the defendant by an agent
7	designated by the State of Illinois to provide assessment
8	services for the Illinois courts;
9	(4) the number of days, if any, which the defendant has
10	been in custody and for which he is entitled to credit
11	against the sentence, which information shall be provided
12	to the clerk by the sheriff;
13	(4.1) any finding of great bodily harm made by the
14	court with respect to an offense enumerated in subsection
15	(c-1);
16	(5) all statements filed under subsection (d) of this
17	Section;
18	(6) any medical or mental health records or summaries
19	of the defendant;
20	(7) the municipality where the arrest of the offender
21	or the commission of the offense has occurred, where such
22	municipality has a population of more than 25,000 persons;
23	(8) all statements made and evidence offered under
24	paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of this Section; and

(9) all additional matters which the court directs the

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- 1 (f) In cases in which the court finds that a motor vehicle
- 2 was used in the commission of the offense for which the
- 3 defendant is being sentenced, the clerk of the court shall,
- 4 within 5 days thereafter, forward a report of such conviction
- 5 to the Secretary of State.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 99-861, eff. 1-1-17.)
- 7 (730 ILCS 5/5-4.5-95)
- 8 Sec. 5-4.5-95. GENERAL RECIDIVISM PROVISIONS.
- 9 (a) HABITUAL CRIMINALS.
 - (1) Every person who has been twice convicted in any state or federal court of an offense that contains the same elements as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after the 2 prior convictions) classified in Illinois as a Class X felony, criminal sexual assault, aggravated kidnapping, or first degree murder, and who is thereafter convicted of a Class X felony, criminal sexual assault, or first degree murder, committed after the 2 prior convictions, shall be adjudged an habitual criminal.
 - (2) The 2 prior convictions need not have been for the same offense.
 - (3) Any convictions that result from or are connected with the same transaction, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purposes of this Section as one conviction.
 - (4) This Section does not apply unless each of the

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iollowing	requirements	are	satisfied:

- 2 (A) The third offense was committed after July 3, 1980.
 - (B) The third offense was committed within 20 years of the date that judgment was entered on the first conviction; provided, however, that time spent in custody shall not be counted.
 - (C) The third offense was committed after conviction on the second offense.
 - (D) The second offense was committed after conviction on the first offense.
 - (5) Anyone who, having attained the age of 18 at the time of the third offense, is adjudged an habitual criminal shall be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment.
 - (6) A prior conviction shall not be alleged in the indictment, and no evidence or other disclosure of that conviction shall be presented to the court or the jury during the trial of an offense set forth in this Section unless otherwise permitted by the issues properly raised in that trial. After a plea or verdict or finding of guilty and before sentence is imposed, the prosecutor may file with the court a verified written statement signed by the State's Attorney concerning any former conviction of an offense set forth in this Section rendered against the defendant. The court shall then cause the defendant to be brought before it; shall inform the defendant of the

allegations of the statement so filed, and of his or her right to a hearing before the court on the issue of that former conviction and of his or her right to counsel at that hearing; and unless the defendant admits such conviction, shall hear and determine the issue, and shall make a written finding thereon. If a sentence has previously been imposed, the court may vacate that sentence and impose a new sentence in accordance with this Section.

- (7) A duly authenticated copy of the record of any alleged former conviction of an offense set forth in this Section shall be prima facie evidence of that former conviction; and a duly authenticated copy of the record of the defendant's final release or discharge from probation granted, or from sentence and parole supervision (if any) imposed pursuant to that former conviction, shall be prima facie evidence of that release or discharge.
- (8) Any claim that a previous conviction offered by the prosecution is not a former conviction of an offense set forth in this Section because of the existence of any exceptions described in this Section, is waived unless duly raised at the hearing on that conviction, or unless the prosecution's proof shows the existence of the exceptions described in this Section.
- (9) If the person so convicted shows to the satisfaction of the court before whom that conviction was had that he or she was released from imprisonment, upon

1	either	of	the	sen	tenc	es	upon	a	pard	don	granted	for	the
2	reason	that	he	or	she	wa	s inn	OCE	ent,	tha	t convic	tion	and
3	sentenc	e sha	all r	not.	be co	ns.	idered	ונו ב	nder	this	s Section	١	

- (10) This subsection (a) does not apply to a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
- (b) When a defendant, over the age of 21 years, is convicted of a Class 1 or Class 2 felony, after having twice been convicted in any state or federal court of an offense that contains the same elements as an offense now (the date the Class 1 or Class 2 felony was committed) classified in Illinois as a Class 2 or greater Class felony and those charges are separately brought and tried and arise out of different series of acts, that defendant shall be sentenced as a Class X offender. This subsection does not apply unless:
 - (1) the first felony was committed after February 1, 1978 (the effective date of Public Act 80-1099);
 - (2) the second felony was committed after conviction on the first; and
- (3) the third felony was committed after conviction on the second.
- This subsection (b) does not apply to a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
- 26 A person sentenced as a Class X offender under this

- 1 subsection (b) is not eligible to apply for treatment as a
- 2 condition of probation as provided by Section 40-10 of the
- 3 Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act (20 ILCS
- $4 \quad 301/40-10$).
- 5 (Source: P.A. 99-69, eff. 1-1-16.)
- 6 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3)
- 7 Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.
- 8 (a) (Blank).
- 9 (b) (Blank).
- 10 (c) (1) (Blank).
- 11 (2) A period of probation, a term of periodic imprisonment
- or conditional discharge shall not be imposed for the following
- 13 offenses. The court shall sentence the offender to not less
- 14 than the minimum term of imprisonment set forth in this Code
- for the following offenses, and may order a fine or restitution
- or both in conjunction with such term of imprisonment:
- 17 (A) First degree murder where the death penalty is not
- imposed.
- 19 (B) Attempted first degree murder.
- 20 (C) A Class X felony.
- 21 (D) (Blank). A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of the
- 22 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or a violation of
- 23 subdivision (c) (1.5) or (c) (2) of Section 401 of that Act
- 24 which relates to more than 5 grams of a substance
- 25 containing cocaine, fentanyl, or an analog thereof.

(D-5) (Blank). A violation of subdivision (c)(1) o	£
Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act which	:h
relates to 3 or more grams of a substance containing heroi	. n
or an analog thereof.	

(E) (Blank). A violation of Section 5.1 or 9 of the Cannabis Control Act.

- (F) A Class 2 or greater felony if the offender had been convicted of a Class 2 or greater felony, including any state or federal conviction for an offense that contained, at the time it was committed, the same elements as an offense now (the date of the offense committed after the prior Class 2 or greater felony) classified as a Class 2 or greater felony, within 10 years of the date on which the offender committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act. This subparagraph (F) does not apply to a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
- (F-5) A violation of Section 24-1, 24-1.1, or 24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 for which imprisonment is prescribed in those Sections.
- (G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.

- 1 (H) Criminal sexual assault.
 - (I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen as described in Section 12-4.6 or subdivision (a)(4) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to the activities of an organized gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or more persons, with an established hierarchy, that encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes or provides support to the members of the association who do commit crimes.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

- (K) Vehicular hijacking.
- (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of hate crime when the underlying offense upon which the hate crime is based is felony aggravated assault or felony mob action.
- (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of institutional vandalism if the damage to the property exceeds \$300.
- (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners

- 1 Identification Card Act.
 - (O) A violation of Section 12-6.1 or 12-6.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (Q) A violation of subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section 20-1, Section 20-1.2, or Section 20-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
 - (S) (Blank).
 - (T) (Blank). A second or subsequent violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
 - (U) A second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
 - (V) A violation of paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of Section 11-20.1B or paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of Section 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 when the victim is under 13 years of age and

the defendant has previously been convicted under the laws of this State or any other state of the offense of child pornography, aggravated child pornography, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or any of the offenses formerly known as rape, deviate sexual assault, indecent liberties with a child, or aggravated indecent liberties with a child where the victim was under the age of 18 years or an offense that is substantially equivalent to those offenses.

- (W) A violation of Section 24-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (X) A violation of subsection (a) of Section 31-1a of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (Y) A conviction for unlawful possession of a firearm by a street gang member when the firearm was loaded or contained firearm ammunition.
- (Z) A Class 1 felony committed while he or she was serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a felony.
- (AA) Theft of property exceeding \$500,000 and not exceeding \$1,000,000 in value.
- (BB) Laundering of criminally derived property of a value exceeding \$500,000.
- (CC) Knowingly selling, offering for sale, holding for sale, or using 2,000 or more counterfeit items or

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- 1 counterfeit items having a retail value in the aggregate of \$500,000 or more.
 - (DD) A conviction for aggravated assault under paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of Section 12-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the firearm is aimed toward the person against whom the firearm is being used.
- 8 (EE) A conviction for a violation of paragraph (2) of 9 subsection (a) of Section 24-3B of the Criminal Code of 10 2012.
- 11 (3) (Blank).
- 12 (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10 13 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be 14 imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of 15 the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 16 (4.1) (Blank).
- 17 (4.2) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.3) and (4.8) of
 18 this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community
 19 service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section
 20 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 21 (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 22 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall 23 be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section 24 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 25 (4.4) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.5), (4.6), and (4.9) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of

- 1 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the
- 2 court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent violation of
- 3 Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 4 (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be
- 5 imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section
- 6 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 7 (4.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.10) of this
- 8 subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days
- 9 shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of
- subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 11 (4.7) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 30
- 12 consecutive days, or 300 hours of community service, shall be
- imposed for a violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of
- 14 the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (b-5) of
- 15 that Section.
- 16 (4.8) A mandatory prison sentence shall be imposed for a
- second violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the
- 18 Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (c-5) of that
- 19 Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for a
- 20 period of not less than 5 years from the date of his or her
- 21 release from prison.
- 22 (4.9) A mandatory prison sentence of not less than 4 and
- 23 not more than 15 years shall be imposed for a third violation
- of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle
- Code, as provided in subsection (d-2.5) of that Section. The
- 26 person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder

- 1 of his or her life.
- 2 (4.10) A mandatory prison sentence for a Class 1 felony 3 shall be imposed, and the person shall be eligible for an 4 extended term sentence, for a fourth or subsequent violation of 5 subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 6 as provided in subsection (d-3.5) of that Section. The person's 7 driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or 8 her life.
- 9 (5) The court may sentence a corporation or unincorporated 10 association convicted of any offense to:
 - (A) a period of conditional discharge;
- 12 (B) a fine;

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- 13 (C) make restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6
 14 of this Code.
 - (5.1) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the property of another person.
 - (5.2) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than 2

- 1 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another person.
- 2 (5.3) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person
- 3 convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the
- 4 Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license,
- 5 permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation
- 6 resulted in the death of another person.
- 7 (5.4) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person
- 8 convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle
- 9 Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or
- 10 privileges suspended for 3 months and until he or she has paid
- 11 a reinstatement fee of \$100.
- 12 (5.5) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person
- 13 convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle
- 14 Code during a period in which his or her driver's license,
- 15 permit, or privileges were suspended for a previous violation
- of that Section shall have his or her driver's license, permit,
- or privileges suspended for an additional 6 months after the
- 18 expiration of the original 3-month suspension and until he or
- she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.
- 20 (6) (Blank).
- 21 (7) (Blank).
- 22 (8) (Blank).
- 23 (9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense
- of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a term of
- 25 natural life imprisonment.
- 26 (10) (Blank).

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- (11) The court shall impose a minimum fine of \$1,000 for a first offense and \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense upon a person convicted of or placed on supervision for battery when the individual harmed was a sports official or coach at any level of competition and the act causing harm to the sports official or coach occurred within an athletic facility or within the immediate vicinity of the athletic facility at which the sports official or coach was an active participant of the athletic contest held at the athletic facility. For the purposes of this paragraph (11), "sports official" means a person at an athletic contest who enforces the rules of the contest, such as an umpire or referee; "athletic facility" means an indoor or outdoor playing field or recreational area where sports activities are conducted; and "coach" means a person recognized as a coach by the sanctioning authority that conducted the sporting event.
 - (12) A person may not receive a disposition of court supervision for a violation of Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act if that person has previously received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of that Section.
 - (13) A person convicted of or placed on court supervision for an assault or aggravated assault when the victim and the offender are family or household members as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or convicted of domestic battery or aggravated domestic battery may be

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- required to attend a Partner Abuse Intervention Program under protocols set forth by the Illinois Department of Human Services under such terms and conditions imposed by the court. The costs of such classes shall be paid by the offender.
 - (d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed is vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections which may include evidence of the defendant's life, moral character and occupation during the time since the original sentence was passed. The trial court shall then impose sentence upon the defendant. The trial court may impose any sentence which could have been imposed at the original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections. If a sentence is vacated on appeal or on collateral attack due to the failure of the trier of fact at trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of a fact (other than a prior conviction) necessary to increase the punishment for the offense beyond the statutory maximum otherwise applicable, either the defendant may be re-sentenced to a term within the range otherwise provided or, if the State files notice of its intention to again seek the extended sentence, the defendant shall be afforded a new trial.
 - (e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal sexual abuse under Section 11-1.60 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 results in conviction of a defendant who was a family member of the victim at the

Т	time of the commission of the offense, the court shall conside				
2	the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a sentence				
3	of probation only where:				
4	(1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are appropriate:				
5	(A) the defendant is willing to undergo a court				
6	approved counseling program for a minimum duration of				
7	years; or				
8	(B) the defendant is willing to participate in a				
9	court approved plan including but not limited to th				
10	defendant's:				
11	(i) removal from the household;				
12	(ii) restricted contact with the victim;				
13	(iii) continued financial support of the				
14	family;				
15	(iv) restitution for harm done to the victim;				
16	and				
17	(v) compliance with any other measures that				
18	the court may deem appropriate; and				
19	(2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the				
20	victim's counseling services, to the extent that the court				
21	finds, after considering the defendant's income and				
22	assets, that the defendant is financially capable of paying				
23	for such services, if the victim was under 18 years of age				
24	at the time the offense was committed and requires				
25	counseling as a result of the offense.				

Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section

- 5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that
 the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation
 restricting contact with the victim or other family members or
 commits another offense with the victim or other family
 members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and
 impose a term of imprisonment.
- For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and "victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 11-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.
- 10 (f) (Blank).
- 11 (q) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under 12 Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-14, 11-14.3, 11-14.4 except for an offense that involves keeping a 13 place of juvenile prostitution, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 14 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 15 16 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 17 Criminal Code of 2012, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually 18 transmissible disease, including a test for infection with 19 20 human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified 21 causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). 22 Any such medical test shall be performed only by appropriately 23 licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's 24 25 person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of 26 such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical

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personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents or legal quardian, the court shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of the test results. The court shall provide information the availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted defendant.

(q-5) When an inmate is tested for an airborne communicable

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disease, as determined by the Illinois Department of Public Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, the results of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in camera if requested by the judge. Acting in accordance with the best interests of those in the courtroom, the judge shall have the discretion to determine what if any precautions need to be taken to prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.

(h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of a positive test showing an infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling

at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-5.01 or 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted defendant.

- (i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.
- (j) In cases when prosecution for any violation of Section 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 11-11, 11-14, 11-14.3, 11-14.4, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-21, 11-30, 11-40, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, any violation of the Illinois Controlled

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Substances Act, any violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or any violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act results in conviction, a disposition of court supervision, or an order of probation granted under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act of a defendant, the court shall determine whether the defendant is employed by a facility or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 1969, a public or private elementary or secondary school, or otherwise works with children under 18 years of age on a daily basis. When a defendant is so employed, the court shall order the Clerk of the Court to send a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to the defendant's employer by certified mail. If the employer of the defendant is a school, the Clerk of the Court shall direct the mailing of a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to the appropriate regional superintendent of schools. The regional superintendent of schools shall notify the State Board of Education of any notification under this subsection.

(j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall as a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant

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for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing high school equivalency testing or to work toward completing a vocational training program offered by the Department of Corrections. If a defendant fails to complete the educational training required by his or her sentence during the term of incarceration, the Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition of mandatory supervised release, require the defendant, at his or her own expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high school diploma or passage of high school equivalency testing. The Prisoner Review Board shall revoke the mandatory supervised release of a defendant who wilfully fails to comply with this subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release term; however, the inability of the defendant after making a good faith effort to obtain financial aid or pay for the educational training shall not be deemed a wilful failure to comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall recommit the defendant whose mandatory supervised release term has been revoked under this subsection (j-5) as provided in Section 3-3-9. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed high school equivalency testing. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who is determined by the court to be a person with a developmental disability or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program.

- 1 (k) (Blank).
 - (1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection (1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as defined by the Immigration and Nationality Act, is convicted of any felony or misdemeanor offense, the court after sentencing the defendant may, upon motion of the State's Attorney, hold sentence in abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent to be deported when:
 - (1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
 - Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided in this Chapter V.
 - (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for a felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to suspend the sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent when:

- 1 (1) a final order of deportation has been issued 2 against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the 3 Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
 - (C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who are subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3.
 - (D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of the United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to the custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before the sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of initial sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible for additional sentence credit for good conduct as provided under Section 3-6-3.
 - (m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of property under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, in which the property damage exceeds \$300 and the property damaged is a school building, shall be ordered to perform community service that may include cleanup, removal, or painting over the defacement.
 - (n) The court may sentence a person convicted of a

- violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, 16-1.3, or 17-56, or subsection (a) or (b) of Section 12-4.4a, of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (i) to an impact incarceration program if the person is otherwise eligible for that program under Section 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service, or (iii) if the person is an addict or alcoholic, as defined in the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, to a substance or alcohol abuse program licensed under that Act.
- 9 (o) Whenever a person is convicted of a sex offense as
 10 defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, the
 11 defendant's driver's license or permit shall be subject to
 12 renewal on an annual basis in accordance with the provisions of
 13 license renewal established by the Secretary of State.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 98-718, eff. 1-1-15; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-885, eff. 8-23-16.)
- 16 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-2)
- 17 Sec. 5-8-2. Extended Term.
- (a) A judge shall not sentence an offender to a term of 18 19 imprisonment in excess of the maximum sentence authorized by Article 4.5 of Chapter V for an offense or offenses within the 20 21 class of the most serious offense of which the offender was 22 convicted unless the factors in aggravation set forth in Section 5-5-3.2 or clause (a) (1) (b) of Section 5-8-1 were found 23 24 to be present. If the pre-trial and trial proceedings were 25 conducted in compliance with subsection (c-5) of Section 111-3

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- of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, the judge may sentence an offender to an extended term as provided in Article 4.5 of Chapter V (730 ILCS 5/Ch. V, Art. 4.5).
 - (b) If the conviction was by plea, it shall appear on the record that the plea was entered with the defendant's knowledge that a sentence under this Section was a possibility. If it does not so appear on the record, the defendant shall not be subject to such a sentence unless he is first given an opportunity to withdraw his plea without prejudice.
- 10 (c) An extended term as provided in Article 4.5 of Chapter

 11 V of this Code shall not be imposed for a violation of the

 12 Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,

 13 or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 95-1052, eff. 7-1-09; 96-1200, eff. 7-22-10.)

1		INDEX			
2		Statutes am	nended in orde	er of appearance	
3	720 ILCS	550/4	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 704	
4	720 ILCS	550/5	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 705	
5	720 ILCS	550/5.1	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 705.1	
6	720 ILCS	550/5.2	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 705.2	
7	720 ILCS	550/7	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 707	
8	720 ILCS	550/8	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 708	
9	720 ILCS	550/9 rep.			
10	720 ILCS	570/401	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 1401	
11	720 ILCS	570/401.1	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 1401.1	
12	720 ILCS	570/402	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 1402	
13	720 ILCS	570/404	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 1404	
14	720 ILCS	570/405.2			
15	720 ILCS	570/407	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 1407	
16	720 ILCS	570/407.1	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 1407.1	
17	720 ILCS	570/407.2	from Ch.	56 1/2, par. 1407.2	
18	720 ILCS	570/405 rep.			
19	720 ILCS	570/405.1 rep.			
20	720 ILCS	570/408 rep.			
21	720 ILCS	600/3.5			
22	720 ILCS	646/15			
23	720 ILCS	646/20			
24	720 ILCS	646/25			
25	720 ILCS	646/30			

- 1 720 ILCS 646/35
- 2 720 ILCS 646/40
- 3 720 ILCS 646/45
- 4 720 ILCS 646/50
- 5 720 ILCS 646/55
- 6 720 ILCS 646/55.1 new
- 7 720 ILCS 646/55.2 new
- 8 720 ILCS 646/55.3 new
- 9 720 ILCS 646/55.4 new
- 10 720 ILCS 646/55.5 new
- 11 720 ILCS 646/56
- 12 720 ILCS 646/60
- 13 720 ILCS 646/65 rep.
- 14 720 ILCS 646/100 rep.
- 15 730 ILCS 5/5-4-1 from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-1
- 16 730 ILCS 5/5-4.5-95
- 17 730 ILCS 5/5-5-3 from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3
- 18 730 ILCS 5/5-8-2 from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-2