

HB3140



100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB3140

by Rep. David Harris

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. In the case of individuals, trusts, and estates, provides that a deduction for certain retirement income is not allowed if (i) in the case of a taxpayer who is younger than 65 years of age during the taxable year, the taxpayer's adjusted gross income is \$80,000 or more and (ii) in the case of a taxpayer who is 65 years of age or older during the taxable year (including a taxpayer who turns 65 years of age during the taxable year), the taxpayer's adjusted gross income is \$100,000 or more. Effective immediately.

LRB100 10814 HLH 21047 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
2 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
24 reduction to the addition modification required under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

1 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
4 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
13 assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
6 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
18 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
21 adopts and determines that its offering materials
22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
2 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
4 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

6 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
12 participants in its offering materials or makes a
13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
16 out-of-state program distributes its offering
17 materials;

18 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
22 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
23 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
24 under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

1 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 administered by the State that is not used for
4 qualified expenses at an eligible education
5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
6 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
7 that was previously deducted from base income under
8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that
9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
10 beneficiary's death or disability;

11 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
12 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
13 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
14 Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
16 following amounts:

17 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
18 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
19 any compensation (including but not limited to any
20 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
21 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
22 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
23 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
24 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
25 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
26 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a

1 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
2 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
3 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
4 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
5 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
6 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
8 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
9 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
10 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
11 resident by reason of being a member of any component
12 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
13 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
14 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
15 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
16 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
17 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
18 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
20 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
23 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
24 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
26 distributions under the provisions of any retirement

1 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
2 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
3 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
4 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
6 thereto; provided that, (i) in the case of a taxpayer
7 who is younger than 65 years of age during the taxable
8 year, a deduction is not allowed under this
9 subparagraph (F) or subparagraph (L) if the taxpayer's
10 adjusted gross income is \$80,000 or more and (ii) in
11 the case of a taxpayer who is 65 years of age or older
12 during the taxable year (including a taxpayer who turns
13 65 years of age during the taxable year) a deduction is
14 not allowed under this subparagraph (F) or
15 subparagraph (L) if the taxpayer's adjusted gross
16 income is \$100,000 or more;

17 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

18 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
19 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
20 and included in such total for the taxable year;

21 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
22 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
24 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
25 of taxable income;

26 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total which were paid by a corporation which
2 conducts business operations in a River Edge
3 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
4 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
5 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
6 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
9 such total that were paid by a corporation that
10 conducts business operations in a federally designated
11 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
12 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
13 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
14 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
15 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
16 this subparagraph (K);

17 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
18 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
19 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
20 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code; provided that, (i) in the case of a
22 taxpayer who is younger than 65 years of age during the
23 taxable year, a deduction is not allowed under this
24 subparagraph (L) or subparagraph (F) if the taxpayer's
25 adjusted gross income is \$80,000 or more and (ii) in
26 the case of a taxpayer who is 65 years of age or older

1 during the taxable year (including a taxpayer who turns
2 65 years of age during the taxable year) a deduction is
3 not allowed under this subparagraph (L) or
4 subparagraph (F) if the taxpayer's adjusted gross
5 income is \$100,000 or more;

6 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
7 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
8 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
9 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
10 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
11 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
13 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
14 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
15 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
19 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
20 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250;

22 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
23 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
24 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
25 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
26 United States; provided that, in the case of any

1 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
2 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
3 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
4 of bond premium amortization;

5 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
6 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
7 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

8 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
9 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
10 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
11 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
13 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
14 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
15 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

16 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
17 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
18 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
19 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
20 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

21 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
22 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

23 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
24 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
25 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
26 medical care savings account established under the

1 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
2 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
3 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
4 as provided in that Act;

5 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
6 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
7 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
8 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
9 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
10 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
11 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

12 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
13 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
14 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
15 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
16 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
17 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

18 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
19 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
20 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
21 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
22 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
23 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
24 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
25 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
26 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care

1 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
3 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
4 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
5 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
6 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
7 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
8 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
9 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
10 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
11 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
12 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
13 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
14 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
15 times a number that represents the fractional
16 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
17 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
18 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

19 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
20 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
21 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
22 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
25 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
26 extent includible in gross income for federal income

1 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
2 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
3 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
4 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
5 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
6 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
7 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
8 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
9 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
10 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
11 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
12 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
13 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
14 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
15 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
16 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
17 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
18 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
19 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
20 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
21 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
22 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
23 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
24 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
25 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
26 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is

1 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
2 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
3 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
4 of Section 250;

5 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
6 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
7 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
8 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
9 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
10 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
12 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
13 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
14 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
15 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
16 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
17 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
18 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
19 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
20 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
21 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
22 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
23 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
24 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
25 from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the

1 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
2 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
3 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
4 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
5 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

6 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
7 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
8 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
9 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
10 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
11 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
12 the bonus depreciation deduction;

13 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
14 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
15 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
16 0.429); and

17 (3) for taxable years ending after December
18 31, 2005:

19 (i) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
21 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
22 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (ii) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 1.0.

2 The aggregate amount deducted under this
3 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
4 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
5 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
7 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
8 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
11 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
12 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
13 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
14 an amount equal to that addition modification.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which the
17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
19 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
23 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
24 piece of property.

25 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
2 other than salary, received by a driver in a
3 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

4 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
5 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
6 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
7 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
8 modification with respect to such transaction under
9 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
10 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
11 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
12 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
13 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
14 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
15 is required to make an addition modification with
16 respect to such transaction under Section
17 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
18 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
19 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
22 into account for the taxable year (net of the
23 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
24 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
26 the fact that the foreign person's business activity

1 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
4 who would be a member of the same unitary business
5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
8 required to apportion business income under different
9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
10 addition modification required to be made for the same
11 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
12 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
14 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
20 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
21 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
24 who would be a member of the same unitary business
25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
26 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the

1 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
2 required to apportion business income under different
3 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
4 addition modification required to be made for the same
5 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
6 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
8 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
9 provisions of Section 250;

10 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
11 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
12 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
13 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
14 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250; and

16 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
17 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
18 add back any insurance premiums under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
20 that part of a reimbursement received from the
21 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
22 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
23 company) that would have been taken into account as a
24 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
25 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
26 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),

1 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
2 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
3 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
4 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

5 (b) Corporations.

6 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
7 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
8 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

9 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
10 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
11 of the following amounts:

12 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
13 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
14 received from regulated investment companies during
15 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
16 income in the computation of taxable income;

17 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
18 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
19 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

20 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
21 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
22 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
23 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
24 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
25 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section

1 852 (b) (3) (D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
2 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
3 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
4 law and is not a new enactment);

5 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
6 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
7 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
8 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

9 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
10 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
11 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
12 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
13 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
14 the amount by which addition modifications other than
15 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
16 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
17 year, with the following limitations applied in the
18 order that they are listed:

19 (i) the addition modification relating to the
20 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
21 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
22 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
23 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
24 which related to that net operating loss and which
25 was taken into account in calculating the base
26 income of an earlier taxable year, and

1 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
2 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
3 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
4 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
5 such carryback or carryforward;

6 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
7 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
8 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
9 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
10 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
11 independently under the preceding provisions of this
12 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

13 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
14 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
15 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
16 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
17 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

18 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
19 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
20 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
21 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code;

23 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
24 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
25 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
26 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then

1 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
2 deductions taken in all taxable years under
3 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

4 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
5 the last day of the last tax year for which the
6 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
7 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
8 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
9 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
10 equal to that subtraction modification.

11 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
12 modification under this subparagraph only once with
13 respect to any one piece of property;

14 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
15 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the same unitary business group but for the
20 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
21 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
24 who would be a member of the same unitary business
25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
26 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the

1 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
2 required to apportion business income under different
3 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
4 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
5 extent that dividends were included in base income of
6 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
7 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
8 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
9 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
10 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
11 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
13 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
14 incurred.

15 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

16 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
18 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
19 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
20 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
21 with respect to such interest; or

22 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
24 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
25 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person, during the same taxable
2 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
3 to a person that is not a related member, and

4 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
5 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
6 person did not have as a principal purpose the
7 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
8 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
9 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
10 terms; or

11 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
12 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
13 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
14 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
15 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
16 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

17 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
19 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
20 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
21 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
22 to the application or use of an alternative method
23 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for

1 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
2 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
3 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
4 and such regulations provide methods and standards
5 by which the Department will utilize its authority
6 under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
8 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
9 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
12 foreign person who would be a member of the same
13 unitary business group but for the fact that the
14 foreign person's business activity outside the United
15 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
16 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
18 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
19 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
20 from being included in the unitary business group
21 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
22 business income under different subsections of Section
23 304. The addition modification required by this
24 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
25 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
26 group for the same taxable year and received by the

1 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
2 business group (including amounts included in gross
3 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
5 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
6 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
7 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
8 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
9 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
10 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
11 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
12 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
13 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
14 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
15 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
16 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
17 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
19 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
20 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
21 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
22 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
23 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
24 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
25 similar types of intangible assets.

26 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
4 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
5 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
6 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
7 to such item; or

8 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
11 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
12 following:

13 (a) the person during the same taxable
14 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
15 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
16 not a related member, and

17 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
18 intangible expense or cost between the
19 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
20 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
21 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
22 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
23 or

24 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the

1 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
2 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
3 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
4 writing to the application or use of an alternative
5 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

6 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
7 Director from making any other adjustment
8 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
9 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
10 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
11 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
12 and such regulations provide methods and standards
13 by which the Department will utilize its authority
14 under Section 404 of this Act;

15 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
17 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
18 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
21 business group but for the fact that the person is
22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
23 included in the unitary business group because he or
24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
25 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
26 addition modification required by this subparagraph

1 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
2 included in base income of the unitary group for the
3 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
5 (including amounts included in gross income under
6 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
8 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
9 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
10 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
11 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
12 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
13 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or
14 Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

15 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
16 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
17 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
18 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
19 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

20 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
21 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
22 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
23 Act;

24 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
25 following amounts:

26 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax

1 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
2 and included in such total for the taxable year;

3 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
4 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
6 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
7 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
8 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
9 for the taxable year;

10 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
11 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
12 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
13 171(a) (2), and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as
14 interest expense by Section 291(a) (3) of the Internal
15 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
16 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
17 265(a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
18 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
19 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, 291(a) (3), and
20 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
21 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
22 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e) (3)
23 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
24 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
25 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of

1 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
2 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
3 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
4 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
5 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
6 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
7 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
8 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
9 from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
11 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
12 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
13 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
14 United States; provided that, in the case of any
15 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
16 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
17 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
18 of bond premium amortization;

19 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total which were paid by a corporation which
21 conducts business operations in a River Edge
22 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
23 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
24 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
25 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
2 such total that were paid by a corporation that
3 conducts business operations in a federally designated
4 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
5 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
6 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
7 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
8 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
9 this subparagraph (L);

10 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
11 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
12 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
13 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
14 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
15 property which is eligible for the River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
17 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
18 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
19 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
20 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
21 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
22 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
23 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
24 the date that it was placed in service in the River
25 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
26 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection

1 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the
2 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the
3 eligible property as calculated under the previous
4 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
7 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
8 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
9 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
10 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
11 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
12 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
13 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
14 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
15 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
16 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
17 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
18 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
19 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
20 date that it was placed in service in a federally
21 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
22 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
23 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
24 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
25 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
26 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any

1 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
2 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
3 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
4 calculated under the previous sentence;

5 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
6 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
7 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
8 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
9 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
10 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
11 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
12 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
13 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
14 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
17 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
18 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
19 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
20 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
21 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
22 and received from a corporation that is not created or
23 organized under the laws of the United States or any
24 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
25 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
26 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed

1 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
3 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
4 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
5 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
7 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
8 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
9 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
10 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
11 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
12 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
13 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
14 dividends received from a captive real estate
15 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
16 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
17 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
18 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
19 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
20 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
21 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
22 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
23 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

24 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
25 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
26 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

1 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
2 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
3 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
4 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
5 the Internal Revenue Code;

6 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
7 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
8 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
9 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
10 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
11 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
12 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
13 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
14 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
15 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
16 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
17 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
18 Section 250;

19 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
20 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
21 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
22 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
23 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
24 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
25 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
26 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue

1 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
2 provisions of Section 250;

3 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
4 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
5 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
6 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
8 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

9 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
10 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
11 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
12 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
13 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
14 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
15 the bonus depreciation deduction;

16 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
17 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
18 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
19 0.429); and

20 (3) for taxable years ending after December
21 31, 2005:

22 (i) for property on which a bonus
23 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
24 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
25 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
26 0.429); and

1 (ii) for property on which a bonus
2 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
3 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
4 1.0.

5 The aggregate amount deducted under this
6 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
7 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
8 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
10 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
11 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
14 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
15 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
16 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
17 equal to that addition modification.

18 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
19 the last day of the last tax year for which the
20 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
21 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
22 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
23 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
24 equal to that addition modification.

25 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
26 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one

1 piece of property.

2 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
5 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
6 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
7 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
8 modification with respect to such transaction under
9 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
10 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
11 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
12 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
13 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
14 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
15 is required to make an addition modification with
16 respect to such transaction under Section
17 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
18 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
19 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
20 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
21 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
22 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
23 addition modification with respect to such transaction
24 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
25 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
26 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that

1 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
2 from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
4 into account for the taxable year (net of the
5 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
8 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
9 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
12 who would be a member of the same unitary business
13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
16 required to apportion business income under different
17 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
18 addition modification required to be made for the same
19 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
20 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
22 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
24 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
25 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
2 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
14 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
16 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
20 add back any insurance premiums under Section
21 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
22 that part of a reimbursement received from the
23 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
24 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
25 company) that would have been taken into account as a
26 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the

1 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
2 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
3 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
4 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
5 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
6 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

7 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
8 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
9 965(e) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
10 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
11 Section 965(e) (2) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
12 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
13 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250.

15 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
16 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
17 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
18 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
19 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
20 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
21 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a) (3) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code.

23 (c) Trusts and estates.

24 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
25 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable

1 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

2 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
3 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
4 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
5 following amounts:

6 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
7 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
8 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
9 in the computation of taxable income;

10 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
11 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
12 required to distribute all of its income currently,
13 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
14 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
15 the computation of taxable income;

16 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
17 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
18 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

19 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
20 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
21 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
22 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

23 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
24 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
25 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
26 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or

1 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
2 the amount by which addition modifications other than
3 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
4 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
5 the following limitations applied in the order that
6 they are listed:

7 (i) the addition modification relating to the
8 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
9 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
10 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
11 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
12 which related to that net operating loss and which
13 was taken into account in calculating the base
14 income of an earlier taxable year, and

15 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
16 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
17 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
18 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
19 such carryback or carryforward;

20 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
21 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
22 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
23 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
24 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
25 independently under the preceding provisions of this
26 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

1 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
2 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
3 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
4 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
5 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
6 Act;

7 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
8 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
9 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
10 computation of taxable income;

11 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
12 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
13 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
14 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
15 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

16 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
17 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
18 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
19 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code; and

21 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
22 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
25 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
26 deductions taken in all taxable years under

1 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which the
4 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
5 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
6 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
7 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
8 equal to that subtraction modification.

9 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
10 modification under this subparagraph only once with
11 respect to any one piece of property;

12 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
13 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the same unitary business group but for the
18 fact that the foreign person's business activity
19 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
2 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
3 extent that dividends were included in base income of
4 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
5 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
6 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
7 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
8 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
9 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
11 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
12 incurred.

13 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

14 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
19 with respect to such interest; or

20 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
23 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person, during the same taxable
26 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest

1 to a person that is not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
4 person did not have as a principal purpose the
5 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
6 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
7 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
8 terms; or

9 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
10 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
11 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
12 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
13 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
14 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

15 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
19 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
20 to the application or use of an alternative method
21 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

22 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
23 Director from making any other adjustment
24 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
25 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
26 this amendment provided such adjustment is made

1 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
2 and such regulations provide methods and standards
3 by which the Department will utilize its authority
4 under Section 404 of this Act;

5 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
6 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
7 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
10 foreign person who would be a member of the same
11 unitary business group but for the fact that the
12 foreign person's business activity outside the United
13 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
14 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
16 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
17 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
18 from being included in the unitary business group
19 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
20 business income under different subsections of Section
21 304. The addition modification required by this
22 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
23 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
24 group for the same taxable year and received by the
25 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
26 business group (including amounts included in gross

1 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
3 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
4 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
5 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
6 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
7 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
8 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
9 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
10 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
11 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
12 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
13 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
14 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
15 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
17 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
18 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
19 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
20 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
21 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
22 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
23 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
2 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
3 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
4 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
5 to such item; or

6 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
9 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person during the same taxable
12 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
13 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
14 not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 intangible expense or cost between the
17 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
18 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
19 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
20 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
21 or

22 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
25 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;

1 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
2 writing to the application or use of an alternative
3 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment
6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
7 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
8 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
10 and such regulations provide methods and standards
11 by which the Department will utilize its authority
12 under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
15 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
16 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
18 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
19 business group but for the fact that the person is
20 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
21 included in the unitary business group because he or
22 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
23 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
24 addition modification required by this subparagraph
25 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
26 included in base income of the unitary group for the

1 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
3 (including amounts included in gross income under
4 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
5 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
6 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
7 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
8 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
9 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
10 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
11 modification required under Section 203(c) (2) (G-12) or
12 Section 203(c) (2) (G-13) of this Act;

13 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
14 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
15 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
16 Act;

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
18 following amounts:

19 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
20 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
21 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
23 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
24 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
25 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
26 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net

1 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
3 thereto; provided that, (i) in the case of a taxpayer
4 who is younger than 65 years of age during the taxable
5 year, a deduction is not allowed under this
6 subparagraph (H) if the taxpayer's adjusted gross
7 income is \$80,000 or more and (ii) in the case of a
8 taxpayer who is 65 years of age or older during the
9 taxable year (including a taxpayer who turns 65 years
10 of age during the taxable year) a deduction is not
11 allowed under this subparagraph (H) if the taxpayer's
12 adjusted gross income is \$100,000 or more;

13 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

14 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
15 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
16 and included in such total for the taxable year;

17 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
18 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
19 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
20 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
21 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
22 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
23 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
24 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
25 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
26 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium

1 amortization;

2 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
3 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
4 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
5 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
6 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
7 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
9 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
10 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
11 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
13 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
15 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
16 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
19 such total which were paid by a corporation which
20 conducts business operations in a River Edge
21 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
22 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
23 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
24 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a

1 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
2 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

3 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
4 such total that were paid by a corporation that
5 conducts business operations in a federally designated
6 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
7 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
8 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
9 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
10 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
11 this subparagraph (O);

12 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code;

17 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
18 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
19 extent includible in gross income for federal income
20 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
21 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
22 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
23 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
24 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
25 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
26 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,

1 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
2 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
3 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
4 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
5 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
6 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
7 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
8 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
9 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
10 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
11 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
12 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
13 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
14 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
15 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
16 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
17 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
18 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
19 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
20 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
21 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
22 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
23 of Section 250;

24 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
25 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
26 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return

1 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
3 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

4 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
5 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
7 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
8 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
9 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
10 the bonus depreciation deduction;

11 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
12 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
13 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
14 0.429); and

15 (3) for taxable years ending after December
16 31, 2005:

17 (i) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
19 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
20 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
21 0.429); and

22 (ii) for property on which a bonus
23 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
24 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
25 1.0.

26 The aggregate amount deducted under this

1 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
2 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
3 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
4 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
5 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
6 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
7 Section 250;

8 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
9 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
10 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
11 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
12 equal to that addition modification.

13 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
14 the last day of the last tax year for which the
15 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
16 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
17 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
18 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
19 equal to that addition modification.

20 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
21 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
22 piece of property.

23 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
26 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account

1 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
2 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
3 modification with respect to such transaction under
4 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
5 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
6 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
7 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
8 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
9 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
10 is required to make an addition modification with
11 respect to such transaction under Section
12 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
13 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
14 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
15 from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
17 into account for the taxable year (net of the
18 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
21 the fact the foreign person's business activity
22 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
23 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
24 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
25 who would be a member of the same unitary business
26 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited

1 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
2 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
3 required to apportion business income under different
4 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
5 addition modification required to be made for the same
6 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
9 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
11 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
12 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
15 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
16 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
19 who would be a member of the same unitary business
20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
23 required to apportion business income under different
24 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
25 addition modification required to be made for the same
26 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for

1 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
3 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
4 provisions of Section 250;

5 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
6 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
7 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
8 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
9 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
10 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
11 Section 250;

12 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
13 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
14 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
15 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
16 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

17 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
18 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
19 add back any insurance premiums under Section
20 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
21 that part of a reimbursement received from the
22 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
23 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
24 company) that would have been taken into account as a
25 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
26 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes

1 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
2 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
3 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
4 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
5 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

6 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
7 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
8 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
9 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
10 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
11 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
12 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

13 (d) Partnerships.

14 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
15 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
16 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

17 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
18 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
19 of the following amounts:

20 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
21 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
22 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
23 in the computation of taxable income;

24 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
25 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for

1 the taxable year;

2 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
3 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
4 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

5 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
6 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
7 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
8 computation of taxable income;

9 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
10 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
11 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
12 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code;

14 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
15 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
16 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
17 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
18 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
19 deductions taken in all taxable years under
20 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which the
23 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
24 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
25 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
26 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount

1 equal to that subtraction modification.

2 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
3 modification under this subparagraph only once with
4 respect to any one piece of property;

5 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
6 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the same unitary business group but for the
11 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
12 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
15 who would be a member of the same unitary business
16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
18 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
19 required to apportion business income under different
20 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
21 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
22 extent that dividends were included in base income of
23 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
24 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
25 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
26 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951

1 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
2 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
4 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
5 incurred.

6 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
9 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
10 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
11 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
12 with respect to such interest; or

13 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
15 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
16 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
17 following:

18 (a) the person, during the same taxable
19 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
20 to a person that is not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
22 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
23 person did not have as a principal purpose the
24 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
25 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
26 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and

1 terms; or

2 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
3 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
4 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
5 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
6 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
7 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
13 to the application or use of an alternative method
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
18 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
19 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
20 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
21 and such regulations provide methods and standards
22 by which the Department will utilize its authority
23 under Section 404 of this Act; and

24 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
11 from being included in the unitary business group
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
13 business income under different subsections of Section
14 304. The addition modification required by this
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
22 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
23 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
24 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
25 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
26 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same

1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
2 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
6 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
16 similar types of intangible assets;

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
21 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
22 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
23 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
24 to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 intangible expense or cost between the
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
18 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
21 writing to the application or use of an alternative
22 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
26 any tax year beginning after the effective date of

1 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
2 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
3 and such regulations provide methods and standards
4 by which the Department will utilize its authority
5 under Section 404 of this Act;

6 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
7 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
8 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
9 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
10 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
11 person who would be a member of the same unitary
12 business group but for the fact that the person is
13 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
14 included in the unitary business group because he or
15 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
16 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
17 addition modification required by this subparagraph
18 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
19 included in base income of the unitary group for the
20 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
22 (including amounts included in gross income under
23 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
24 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
25 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
26 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were

1 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
2 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
3 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
4 modification required under Section 203(d) (2) (D-7) or
5 Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

6 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
7 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
8 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
9 Act;

10 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
11 amounts:

12 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

13 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
14 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
15 and included in such total for the taxable year;

16 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
17 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
18 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
19 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
20 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
21 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
22 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
23 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
24 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
25 of bond premium amortization;

26 (H) Any income of the partnership which

1 constitutes personal service income as defined in
2 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
3 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
4 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
5 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
6 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
7 Section 250;

8 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
9 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
10 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
11 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
12 including amounts distributable to organizations
13 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
14 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
15 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
17 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
18 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
19 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
21 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
23 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
24 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
25 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal

1 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
3 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
4 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
7 such total which were paid by a corporation which
8 conducts business operations in a River Edge
9 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
10 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
11 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
12 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
15 job training project established pursuant to the Real
16 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

17 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total that were paid by a corporation that
19 conducts business operations in a federally designated
20 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
21 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
22 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
23 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
24 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
25 this subparagraph (M);

26 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction

1 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
2 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
3 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
6 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
7 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
8 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
10 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

11 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
12 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
13 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
14 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
15 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
16 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
17 the bonus depreciation deduction;

18 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
19 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
20 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
21 0.429); and

22 (3) for taxable years ending after December
23 31, 2005:

24 (i) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
2 0.429); and

3 (ii) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 1.0.

7 The aggregate amount deducted under this
8 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
9 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
10 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
11 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
12 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
13 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
16 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
17 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
18 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
19 equal to that addition modification.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which the
22 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
23 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
24 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
25 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
26 equal to that addition modification.

1 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
2 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
3 piece of property.

4 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
7 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
8 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
9 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
10 modification with respect to such transaction under
11 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
12 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
13 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
14 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
15 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
16 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
17 is required to make an addition modification with
18 respect to such transaction under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
20 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
21 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
22 from Section 250;

23 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
24 into account for the taxable year (net of the
25 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
2 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
15 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
16 Section 250;

17 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
18 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
19 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
8 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
10 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

11 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
12 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
13 add back any insurance premiums under Section
14 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
15 that part of a reimbursement received from the
16 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
17 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
18 company) that would have been taken into account as a
19 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
20 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
21 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
22 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
23 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
24 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
25 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

1 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

2 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
3 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
4 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
5 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
6 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
7 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
8 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
9 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
10 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
12 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
13 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
14 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
15 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
16 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
17 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
18 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
19 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
21 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
22 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
23 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
24 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
25 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
26 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an

1 addition modification must be made under those
2 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
3 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
4 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
5 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
6 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code.

8 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
9 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
10 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

11 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
12 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
13 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
14 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
15 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
16 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
17 Internal Revenue Code;

18 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
19 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
20 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
21 insurance company taxable income;

22 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
23 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
24 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
25 investment company taxable income;

26 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a

1 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
2 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
3 estate investment trust taxable income;

4 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
5 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
6 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
7 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
8 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
9 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
10 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
11 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
12 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
13 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
14 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
15 Code had been in effect for all such years;

16 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
17 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
18 organization determined in accordance with the
19 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
20 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
21 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
22 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
23 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
24 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
25 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
26 event such election is made, such losses shall be

1 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
2 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
3 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
4 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
5 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
6 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
7 with original returns due on or after the date of the
8 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
9 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
10 to provide that the election shall be effective for
11 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
12 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
13 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
14 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
15 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
16 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
17 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
18 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
19 existing law;

20 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
21 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
22 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
24 corporation determined in accordance with Section
25 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
26 taxable income shall take into account those items

1 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
3 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
4 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
5 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
6 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
7 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
8 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
9 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

10 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
11 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
12 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
13 income shall take into account those items which are
14 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
15 but which would be taken into account by an individual
16 in calculating his taxable income.

17 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
18 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
19 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
20 business has been classified as business income and in a
21 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
22 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
23 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
24 related to that asset or business that generated the
25 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
26 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset

1 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
2 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
3 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
4 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
5 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
6 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
7 taxable years.

8 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

9 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
10 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
11 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

12 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
13 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
14 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
16 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

17 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
18 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
19 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
20 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
21 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
22 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
23 such gain included in the amount determined under
24 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

25 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

1 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
2 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
3 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
4 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
5 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
6 determining gain) for such property on that date
7 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
8 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
9 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
10 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
11 such property.

12 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
13 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
14 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
15 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
16 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
17 property for federal income tax purposes for the
18 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
19 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
20 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
21 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
22 period for the property.

23 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
24 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
25 purposes of this paragraph.

1 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
2 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
3 to be deducted more than once.

4 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
5 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
6 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
7 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
8 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
9 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
10 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
11 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
12 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

13 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198,
14 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09;
15 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff.
16 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507,
17 eff. 8-23-11; 97-905, eff. 8-7-12.)

18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
19 becoming law.