100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB3092

by Rep. Avery Bourne

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

775 ILCS 5/7A-102	from Ch. 68, par. 7A-102
775 ILCS 5/7B-102	from Ch. 68, par. 7B-102

Amends the Illinois Human Rights Act. In provisions governing the notice and response in a case involving types of charges other than those pertaining to real estate transactions, removes the requirement that a response be verified. Provides that the charging party and the respondent may each file a position statement and other materials with the Department of Human Rights regarding the charge of alleged discrimination within 60 days of receipt of the request by the Department (instead of "within 60 days of receipt of notice of the charge"). Provides that the Department may (instead of "shall") require the respondent to file a response to the allegations contained in the charge within 60 days of receipt of the notice of the charge. Provides that all allegations contained in the charge not timely denied by the respondent may (instead of "shall") be deemed admitted, unless the respondent states that it is without sufficient information to form a belief with respect to the allegation. Provides that within 30 days of receipt of the respondent's response, the complainant may file a reply to the response and may (instead of "shall") serve a copy of the reply on the respondent or the respondent's representative. Provides that a party may (instead of "shall have the right to") supplement the response or reply at any time that the investigation of the charge is pending. Makes similar changes in provisions governing the notice and response in other types of charges arising under the Act. Makes other changes. Effective immediately.

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1 AN ACT concerning human rights.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Human Rights Act is amended by 5 changing Sections 7A-102 and 7B-102 as follows:

6 (775 ILCS 5/7A-102) (from Ch. 68, par. 7A-102)

7 Sec. 7A-102. Procedures.

8 (A) Charge.

9 (1) Within 180 days after the date that a civil rights 10 violation allegedly has been committed, a charge in writing 11 under oath or affirmation may be filed with the Department 12 by an aggrieved party or issued by the Department itself 13 under the signature of the Director.

14 (2) The charge shall be in such detail as to
15 substantially apprise any party properly concerned as to
16 the time, place, and facts surrounding the alleged civil
17 rights violation.

(3) Charges deemed filed with the Department pursuant
to subsection (A-1) of this Section shall be deemed to be
in compliance with this subsection.

21 (A-1) Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Charges.

(1) If a charge is filed with the Equal Employment
 Opportunity Commission (EEOC) within 180 days after the

date of the alleged civil rights violation, the charge 1 2 shall be deemed filed with the Department on the date filed 3 with the EEOC. If the EEOC is the governmental agency designated to investigate the charge first, the Department 4 5 shall take no action until the EEOC makes a determination 6 on the charge and after the complainant notifies the 7 Department of the EEOC's determination. In such cases, 8 after receiving notice from the EEOC that a charge was 9 filed, the Department shall notify the parties that (i) a 10 charge has been received by the EEOC and has been sent to 11 the Department for dual filing purposes; (ii) the EEOC is 12 the governmental agency responsible for investigating the 13 charge and that the investigation shall be conducted 14 pursuant to the rules and procedures adopted by the EEOC; 15 (iii) it will take no action on the charge until the EEOC 16 issues its determination; (iv) the complainant must submit 17 a copy of the EEOC's determination within 30 days after service of the determination by the EEOC on complainant; 18 19 and (v) that the time period to investigate the charge 20 contained in subsection (G) of this Section is tolled from 21 the date on which the charge is filed with the EEOC until 22 the EEOC issues its determination.

(2) If the EEOC finds reasonable cause to believe that
 there has been a violation of federal law and if the
 Department is timely notified of the EEOC's findings by
 complainant, the Department shall notify complainant that

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1 the Department has adopted the EEOC's determination of 2 reasonable cause and that complainant has the right, within 3 90 days after receipt of the Department's notice, to either file his or her own complaint with the Illinois Human 4 Rights Commission or commence a civil action in the 5 6 appropriate circuit court or other appropriate court of 7 jurisdiction. The Department's notice competent to 8 complainant that the Department has adopted the EEOC's 9 determination of reasonable cause shall constitute the 10 Department's Report for purposes of subparagraph (D) of 11 this Section.

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12 (3) For those charges alleging violations within the jurisdiction of both the EEOC and the Department and for 13 14 which the EEOC either (i) does not issue a determination, 15 but does issue the complainant a notice of a right to sue, 16 including when the right to sue is issued at the request of 17 the complainant, or (ii) determines that it is unable to establish that illegal discrimination has occurred and 18 19 issues the complainant a right to sue notice, and if the 20 Department is timely notified of the EEOC's determination 21 by complainant, the Department shall notify the parties 22 that the Department will adopt the EEOC's determination as 23 a dismissal for lack of substantial evidence unless the 24 complainant requests in writing within 35 days after 25 receipt of the Department's notice that the Department review the EEOC's determination. 26

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(a) If the complainant does not file a written 1 2 request with the Department to review the EEOC's 3 determination within 35 days after receipt of the Department's notice, the Department shall notify 4 complainant that the decision of the EEOC has been 5 adopted by the Department as a dismissal for lack of 6 7 substantial evidence and that the complainant has the 8 right, within 90 days after receipt of the Department's 9 notice, to commence a civil action in the appropriate 10 circuit court or other appropriate court of competent 11 jurisdiction. The Department's notice to complainant 12 that adopted the EEOC's the Department has 13 determination shall constitute the Department's report for purposes of subparagraph (D) of this Section. 14

15 (b) If the complainant does file a written request 16 with the Department to review the EEOC's 17 determination, the Department shall review the EEOC's determination and any evidence obtained by the EEOC 18 during its investigation. If, after reviewing the 19 20 EEOC's determination and any evidence obtained by the 21 EEOC, the Department determines there is no need for 22 further investigation of the charge, the Department 23 shall issue a report and the Director shall determine 24 whether there is substantial evidence that the alleged 25 civil rights violation has been committed pursuant to 26 subsection (D) of Section 7A-102. If, after reviewing

the EEOC's determination and any evidence obtained by 1 2 the EEOC, the Department determines there is a need for 3 further investigation of the charge, the Department conduct any further investigation 4 mav it deems 5 necessary. After reviewing the EEOC's determination, the evidence obtained by the EEOC, and any additional 6 investigation conducted by the Department, 7 the Department shall issue a report and the Director shall 8 9 determine whether there is substantial evidence that 10 the alleged civil rights violation has been committed 11 pursuant to subsection (D) of Section 7A-102 of this 12 Act.

13 (4) Pursuant to this Section, if the EEOC dismisses the 14 charge or a portion of the charge of discrimination 15 because, under federal law, the EEOC lacks jurisdiction 16 over the charge, and if, under this Act, the Department has 17 jurisdiction over the charge of discrimination, the Department shall investigate the charge or portion of the 18 19 charge dismissed by the EEOC for lack of jurisdiction 20 pursuant to subsections (A), (A-1), (B), (B-1), (C), (D), 21 (E), (F), (G), (H), (I), (J), and (K) of Section 7A-102 of 22 this Act.

(5) The time limit set out in subsection (G) of this
Section is tolled from the date on which the charge is
filed with the EEOC to the date on which the EEOC issues
its determination.

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(B) Notice and Response to Charge. The Department shall, 1 2 within 10 days of the date on which the charge was filed, serve 3 a copy of the charge on the respondent. This period shall not be construed to be jurisdictional. The charging party and the 4 5 respondent may each file a position statement and other 6 materials with the Department regarding the charge of alleged discrimination within 60 days of receipt of the request by the 7 8 Department notice of the charge. The position statements and 9 other materials filed shall remain confidential unless 10 otherwise agreed to by the party providing the information and 11 shall not be served on or made available to the other party 12 during pendency of a charge with the Department. The Department 13 may shall require the respondent to file a verified response to the allegations contained in the charge within 60 days of 14 15 receipt of the request by the Department notice of the charge. 16 The respondent shall serve a copy of its response on the 17 complainant or his or her representative. All allegations contained in the charge not timely denied by the respondent may 18 shall be deemed admitted, unless the respondent states that it 19 is without sufficient information to form a belief with respect 20 21 to such allegation. The Department may issue a notice of 22 default directed to any respondent who fails to file a verified 23 response to a charge within 60 days of receipt of the request 24 by the Department notice of the charge, unless the respondent 25 can demonstrate good cause as to why such notice should not The term "good cause" shall be defined by rule 26 issue.

promulgated by the Department. Within 30 days of receipt of the 1 2 respondent's response, the complainant may file a reply to said 3 response and may shall serve a copy of said reply on the respondent or his or her representative. A party may shall have 4 5 the right to supplement his or her response or reply at any time that the investigation of the charge is pending. The 6 7 Department shall, within 10 days of the date on which the 8 charge was filed, and again no later than 335 days thereafter, 9 send by certified or registered mail written notice to the 10 complainant and to the respondent informing the complainant of 11 the complainant's right to either file a complaint with the 12 Human Rights Commission or commence a civil action in the 13 appropriate circuit court under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (G), including in such notice the dates within which the 14 15 complainant may exercise this right. In the notice the 16 Department shall notify the complainant that the charge of 17 civil rights violation will be dismissed with prejudice and with no right to further proceed if a written complaint is not 18 timely filed with the Commission or with the appropriate 19 20 circuit court by the complainant pursuant to subparagraph (2) 21 of paragraph (G) or by the Department pursuant to subparagraph 22 (1) of paragraph (G).

(B-1) Mediation. The complainant and respondent may agree to voluntarily submit the charge to mediation without waiving any rights that are otherwise available to either party pursuant to this Act and without incurring any obligation to

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1 accept the result of the mediation process. Nothing occurring 2 in mediation shall be disclosed by the Department or admissible 3 in evidence in any subsequent proceeding unless the complainant 4 and the respondent agree in writing that such disclosure be 5 made.

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(C) Investigation.

7 (1) After the respondent has been notified, the
8 Department shall conduct a full investigation of the
9 allegations set forth in the charge.

10 (2)The Director or his or her designated 11 representatives shall have authority to request any member 12 of the Commission to issue subpoenas to compel the 13 attendance of a witness or the production for examination 14 of any books, records or documents whatsoever.

15 (3) If any witness whose testimony is required for any 16 investigation resides outside the State, or through 17 illness or any other good cause as determined by the Director is unable to be interviewed by the investigator or 18 19 appear at a fact finding conference, his or her testimony or deposition may be taken, within or without the State, in 20 21 the same manner as is provided for in the taking of 22 depositions in civil cases in circuit courts.

(4) Upon reasonable notice to the complainant and the
 respondent, the Department shall conduct a fact finding
 conference, unless prior to 365 days after the date on
 which the charge was filed the Director has determined

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1 whether there is substantial evidence that the alleged 2 civil rights violation has been committed, the charge has 3 been dismissed for lack of jurisdiction, or the parties voluntarily and in writing agree to waive the fact finding 4 conference. Any party's failure to attend the conference 5 6 without good cause shall result in dismissal or default. 7 The term "good cause" shall be defined by rule promulgated 8 by the Department. A notice of dismissal or default shall 9 be issued by the Director. The notice of default issued by 10 the Director shall notify the respondent that a request for 11 review may be filed in writing with the Commission within 12 30 days of receipt of notice of default. The notice of 13 dismissal issued by the Director shall give the complainant 14 notice of his or her right to seek review of the dismissal 15 before the Human Rights Commission or commence a civil 16 action in the appropriate circuit court. If the complainant 17 chooses to have the Human Rights Commission review the dismissal order, he or she shall file a request for review 18 19 with the Commission within 90 days after receipt of the Director's notice. If the complainant chooses to file a 20 21 request for review with the Commission, he or she may not 22 later commence a civil action in a circuit court. If the 23 complainant chooses to commence a civil action in a circuit 24 court, he or she must do so within 90 days after receipt of 25 the Director's notice.

26 (D) Report.

1 (1) Each charge shall be the subject of a report to the 2 Director. The report shall be a confidential document 3 subject to review by the Director, authorized Department 4 employees, the parties, and, where indicated by this Act, 5 members of the Commission or their designated hearing 6 officers.

7 (2) Upon review of the report, the Director shall 8 determine whether there is substantial evidence that the 9 alleged civil rights violation has been committed. The 10 determination of substantial evidence is limited to 11 determining the need for further consideration of the 12 charge pursuant to this Act and includes, but is not limited to, findings of fact and conclusions, as well as 13 the reasons for the determinations on all material issues. 14 Substantial evidence is evidence which a reasonable mind 15 16 accepts as sufficient to support a particular conclusion 17 and which consists of more than a mere scintilla but may be 18 somewhat less than a preponderance.

19 (3) If the Director determines that there is no 20 substantial evidence, the charge shall be dismissed by 21 order of the Director and the Director shall give the 22 complainant notice of his or her right to seek review of 23 the dismissal order before the Commission or commence a 24 civil action in the appropriate circuit court. If the 25 complainant chooses to have the Human Rights Commission 26 review the dismissal order, he or she shall file a request

1 for review with the Commission within 90 days after receipt 2 of the Director's notice. If the complainant chooses to 3 file a request for review with the Commission, he or she 4 may not later commence a civil action in a circuit court. 5 If the complainant chooses to commence a civil action in a 6 circuit court, he or she must do so within 90 days after 7 receipt of the Director's notice.

8 Ιf Director determines that there (4) the is 9 substantial evidence, he or she shall notify the complainant and respondent of that determination. 10 The 11 Director shall also notify the parties that the complainant 12 has the right to either commence a civil action in the 13 appropriate circuit court or request that the Department of 14 Human Rights file a complaint with the Human Rights 15 Commission on his or her behalf. Any such complaint shall 16 be filed within 90 days after receipt of the Director's 17 notice. If the complainant chooses to have the Department 18 file a complaint with the Human Rights Commission on his or 19 her behalf, the complainant must, within 30 days after 20 receipt of the Director's notice, request in writing that the Department file the complaint. If the complainant 21 22 timely requests that the Department file the complaint, the 23 Department shall file the complaint on his or her behalf. 24 If the complainant fails to timely request that the 25 Department file the complaint, the complainant may file his 26 or her complaint with the Commission or commence a civil

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action in the appropriate circuit court. If the complainant files a complaint with the Human Rights Commission, the complainant shall give notice to the Department of the filing of the complaint with the Human Rights Commission. (E) Conciliation.

6 (1) When there is a finding of substantial evidence, 7 the Department may designate a Department employee who is 8 an attorney licensed to practice in Illinois to endeavor to 9 eliminate the effect of the alleged civil rights violation 10 and to prevent its repetition by means of conference and 11 conciliation.

12 (2) When the Department determines that a formal 13 conciliation conference is necessary, the complainant and 14 respondent shall be notified of the time and place of the 15 conference by registered or certified mail at least 10 days 16 prior thereto and either or both parties shall appear at 17 the conference in person or by attorney.

18 (3) The place fixed for the conference shall be within
19 35 miles of the place where the civil rights violation is
20 alleged to have been committed.

(4) Nothing occurring at the conference shall be
 disclosed by the Department unless the complainant and
 respondent agree in writing that such disclosure be made.

(5) The Department's efforts to conciliate the matter
shall not stay or extend the time for filing the complaint
with the Commission or the circuit court.

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(F) Complaint.

2 (1) When the complainant requests that the Department 3 file a complaint with the Commission on his or her behalf, the Department shall prepare a written complaint, under 4 5 oath or affirmation, stating the nature of the civil rights 6 violation substantially as alleged in the charge 7 previously filed and the relief sought on behalf of the 8 aggrieved party. The Department shall file the complaint 9 with the Commission.

10 (2) If the complainant chooses to commence a civil 11 action in a circuit court, he or she must do so in the 12 circuit court in the county wherein the civil rights 13 violation was allegedly committed. The form of the 14 complaint in any such civil action shall be in accordance 15 with the Illinois Code of Civil Procedure.

16 (G) Time Limit.

(1) When a charge of a civil rights violation has been properly filed, the Department, within 365 days thereof or within any extension of that period agreed to in writing by all parties, shall issue its report as required by subparagraph (D). Any such report shall be duly served upon both the complainant and the respondent.

(2) If the Department has not issued its report within
 365 days after the charge is filed, or any such longer
 period agreed to in writing by all the parties, the
 complainant shall have 90 days to either file his or her

1 own complaint with the Human Rights Commission or commence 2 a civil action in the appropriate circuit court. If the 3 complainant files a complaint with the Commission, the form of the complaint shall be in accordance with the provisions 4 5 of paragraph (F)(1). If the complainant commences a civil 6 action in a circuit court, the form of the complaint shall be in accordance with the Illinois Code of Civil Procedure. 7 8 The aggrieved party shall notify the Department that a 9 complaint has been filed and shall serve a copy of the 10 complaint on the Department on the same date that the 11 complaint is filed with the Commission or in circuit court. 12 If the complainant files a complaint with the Commission, he or she may not later commence a civil action in circuit 13 14 court.

15 (3) If an aggrieved party files a complaint with the 16 Human Rights Commission or commences a civil action in 17 circuit court pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, or if the time period for filing a complaint has expired, 18 19 the Department shall immediately cease its investigation 20 and dismiss the charge of civil rights violation. Any final 21 order entered by the Commission under this Section is 22 appealable in accordance with paragraph (B)(1) of Section 23 8-111. Failure to immediately cease an investigation and 24 dismiss the charge of civil rights violation as provided in 25 this paragraph (3) constitutes grounds for entry of an 26 order by the circuit court permanently enjoining the

investigation. The Department may also be liable for any
 costs and other damages incurred by the respondent as a
 result of the action of the Department.

4 (4) The Department shall stay any administrative 5 proceedings under this Section after the filing of a civil 6 action by or on behalf of the aggrieved party under any 7 federal or State law seeking relief with respect to the 8 alleged civil rights violation.

9 (H) This amendatory Act of 1995 applies to causes of action 10 filed on or after January 1, 1996.

(I) This amendatory Act of 1996 applies to causes of action filed on or after January 1, 1996.

(J) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 95-243
apply to charges filed on or after the effective date of those
changes.

16 (K) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act 17 of the 96th General Assembly apply to charges filed on or after 18 the effective date of those changes.

19 (Source: P.A. 96-876, eff. 2-2-10; 97-22, eff. 1-1-12; 97-596,
20 eff. 8-26-11; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)

21 (775 ILCS 5/7B-102) (from Ch. 68, par. 7B-102)

22 Sec. 7B-102. Procedures.

23 (A) Charge.

24 (1) Within one year after the date that a civil rights
 25 violation allegedly has been committed or terminated, a

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charge in writing under oath or affirmation may be filed with the Department by an aggrieved party or issued by the Department itself under the signature of the Director.

4 (2) The charge shall be in such detail as to 5 substantially apprise any party properly concerned as to 6 the time, place, and facts surrounding the alleged civil 7 rights violation.

8 (B) Notice and Response to Charge.

9 Department shall serve notice upon (1)The the 10 aggrieved party acknowledging such charge and advising the 11 aggrieved party of the time limits and choice of forums 12 provided under this Act. The Department shall, within 10 13 days of the date on which the charge was filed or the 14 identification of an additional respondent under paragraph 15 (2) of this subsection, serve on the respondent a copy of 16 the charge along with a notice identifying the alleged 17 civil rights violation and advising the respondent of the procedural rights and obligations of respondents under 18 19 this Act and may shall require the respondent to file a 20 verified response to the allegations contained in the 21 charge within 30 days of receipt of the request by the 22 Department. The respondent shall serve a copy of its 23 response on the complainant or his or her representative. 24 All allegations contained in the charge not timely denied 25 by the respondent may shall be deemed admitted, unless the 26 respondent states that it is without sufficient

a belief with respect to 1 information to form such allegation. The Department may issue a notice of default 2 3 directed to any respondent who fails to file a verified response to a charge within 30 days of the receipt of the 4 5 request by the Department date on which the charge was 6 filed, unless the respondent can demonstrate good cause as 7 to why such notice should not issue. The term "good cause" 8 shall be defined by rule promulgated by the Department. 9 Within 10 days of the date he or she receives the respondent's response, the complainant may file his or her 10 11 reply to said response. If he or she chooses to file a 12 reply, the complainant may shall serve a copy of said reply 13 on the respondent or his or her representative. A party may 14 shall have the right to supplement his or her response or 15 reply at any time that the investigation of the charge is 16 pending.

17 (2) A person who is not named as a respondent in a charge, but who is identified as a respondent in the course 18 of investigation, may be joined as an additional or 19 20 substitute respondent upon written notice, under subsection (B), to such person, from the Department. Such 21 22 notice, in addition to meeting the requirements of 23 subsections (A) and (B), shall explain the basis for the Department's belief that a person to whom the notice is 24 25 addressed is properly joined as a respondent.

26 (C) Investigation.

(1) The Department shall conduct a full investigation 1 2 of the allegations set forth in the charge and complete 3 such investigation within 100 days after the filing of the unless it is impracticable to do 4 charge, so. The 5 Department's failure to complete the investigation within 100 days after the proper filing of the charge does not 6 deprive the Department of jurisdiction over the charge. 7

8 (2) If the Department is unable to complete the 9 investigation within 100 days after the charge is filed, 10 the Department shall notify the complainant and respondent 11 in writing of the reasons for not doing so.

12 (3) The Director or his or her designated 13 representative shall have authority to request any member 14 of the Commission to issue subpoenas to compel the 15 attendance of a witness or the production for examination 16 of any books, records or documents whatsoever.

17 (4) If any witness whose testimony is required for any 18 investigation resides outside the State, or through 19 illness or any other good cause as determined by the 20 Director is unable to be interviewed by the investigator or 21 appear at a fact finding conference, his or her testimony 22 or deposition may be taken, within or without the State, in 23 same manner as provided for in the taking of the 24 depositions in civil cases in circuit courts.

(5) Upon reasonable notice to the complainant and the
 respondent, the Department shall conduct a fact finding

conference, unless prior to 100 days from the date on which 1 2 the charge was filed, the Director has determined whether 3 there is substantial evidence that the alleged civil rights violation has been committed or the parties voluntarily and 4 5 in writing agree to waive the fact finding conference. A party's failure to attend the conference without good cause 6 7 may result in dismissal or default. A notice of dismissal 8 or default shall be issued by the Director and shall notify 9 the relevant party that a request for review may be filed 10 in writing with the Commission within 30 days of receipt of 11 notice of dismissal or default.

12 (D) Report.

(1) Each investigated charge shall be the subject of a
report to the Director. The report shall be a confidential
document subject to review by the Director, authorized
Department employees, the parties, and, where indicated by
this Act, members of the Commission or their designated
hearing officers.

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The report shall contain:

20 (a) the names and dates of contacts with witnesses;

21 (b) a summary and the date of correspondence and 22 other contacts with the aggrieved party and the 23 respondent;

24 (c) a summary description of other pertinent 25 records;

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(d) a summary of witness statements; and

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(e) answers to questionnaires.

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A final report under this paragraph may be amended if additional evidence is later discovered.

- (2) Upon review of the report and within 100 days of 4 5 the filing of the charge, unless it is impracticable to do shall determine whether there 6 so, the Director is 7 substantial evidence that the alleged civil rights 8 violation has been committed or is about to be committed. 9 If the Director is unable to make the determination within 10 100 days after the filing of the charge, the Director shall 11 notify the complainant and respondent in writing of the 12 reasons for not doing so. The Director's failure to make the determination within 100 days after the proper filing 13 14 the charge does not deprive the Department of of 15 jurisdiction over the charge.
- 16 (a) If the Director determines that there is no 17 substantial evidence, the charge shall be dismissed and the aggrieved party notified that he or she may 18 seek review of the dismissal order before 19 the 20 Commission. The aggrieved party shall have 90 days from 21 receipt of notice to file a request for review by the 22 Commission. The Director shall make public disclosure 23 of each such dismissal.
- (b) If the Director determines that there is
 substantial evidence, he or she shall immediately
 issue a complaint on behalf of the aggrieved party

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pursuant to subsection (F).

(E) Conciliation.

3 (1) During the period beginning with the filing of 4 charge and ending with the filing of a complaint or a 5 dismissal by the Department, the Department shall, to the 6 extent feasible, engage in conciliation with respect to 7 such charge.

that 8 When Department determines the а formal 9 conciliation conference is feasible, the aggrieved party 10 and respondent shall be notified of the time and place of 11 the conference by registered or certified mail at least 7 12 days prior thereto and either or both parties shall appear at the conference in person or by attorney. 13

14 (2) The place fixed for the conference shall be within
15 35 miles of the place where the civil rights violation is
16 alleged to have been committed.

17 (3) Nothing occurring at the conference shall be made 18 public or used as evidence in a subsequent proceeding for 19 the purpose of proving a violation under this Act unless 20 the complainant and respondent agree in writing that such 21 disclosure be made.

(4) A conciliation agreement arising out of such
conciliation shall be an agreement between the respondent
and the complainant, and shall be subject to approval by
the Department and Commission.

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(5) A conciliation agreement may provide for binding

1 arbitration of the dispute arising from the charge. Any 2 such arbitration that results from a conciliation 3 agreement may award appropriate relief, including monetary 4 relief.

5 (6) Each conciliation agreement shall be made public 6 unless the complainant and respondent otherwise agree and 7 the Department determines that disclosure is not required 8 to further the purpose of this Act.

9 (F) Complaint.

10 (1) When there is a failure to settle or adjust any 11 charge through a conciliation conference and the charge is 12 not dismissed, the Department shall prepare a written complaint, under oath or affirmation, stating the nature of 13 14 the civil rights violation and the relief sought on behalf 15 of the aggrieved party. Such complaint shall be based on 16 the final investigation report and need not be limited to 17 the facts or grounds alleged in the charge filed under subsection (A). 18

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(2) The complaint shall be filed with the Commission.

(3) The Department may not issue a complaint under this
Section regarding an alleged civil rights violation after
the beginning of the trial of a civil action commenced by
the aggrieved party under any State or federal law, seeking
relief with respect to that alleged civil rights violation.
(G) Time Limit.

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(1) When a charge of a civil rights violation has been

properly filed, the Department, within 100 days thereof, 1 2 unless it is impracticable to do so, shall either issue and 3 file a complaint in the manner and form set forth in this Section or shall order that no complaint be issued. Any 4 5 such order shall be duly served upon both the aggrieved party and the respondent. The Department's failure to 6 7 either issue and file a complaint or order that no 8 complaint be issued within 100 days after the proper filing 9 the charge does not deprive the Department of of 10 jurisdiction over the charge.

(2) The Director shall make available to the aggrieved party and the respondent, at any time, upon request following completion of the Department's investigation, information derived from an investigation and any final investigative report relating to that investigation.

16 (H) This amendatory Act of 1995 applies to causes of action17 filed on or after January 1, 1996.

(I) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 95-243
apply to charges filed on or after the effective date of those
changes.

(J) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly apply to charges filed on or after the effective date of those changes.

24 (Source: P.A. 96-876, eff. 2-2-10; 97-22, eff. 1-1-12.)

25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 26 becoming law.