

## 100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 HB2752

by Rep. Marcus C. Evans, Jr.

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Criminal Identification Act. Requires that applications for certification, registration, and licensure must contain specific language that states that the applicant is not obligated to disclose sealed or expunged records of conviction or arrest and prohibits entities authorized to grant professional licenses, certifications, and registrations from asking if an applicant has had records expunged or sealed. Provides that certain sealed or impounded felony records shall not be disseminated in connection with an application for a professional or business license, registration, or certification, except specified health care worker licenses. Amends the Illinois Insurance Code. Provides that the Director of Insurance must find that a resident insurance producer or public adjuster applicant has not committed certain acts or has been sufficiently rehabilitated to approve the application. In provisions concerning license denial, nonrenewal, or revocation for conviction of a felony, allows the Director to issue a license with monitoring requirements and provides for an exception if an individual demonstrates to the Director sufficient rehabilitation to warrant the public trust. Provides that the Department of Insurance shall not require applicants to report certain criminal history information and the Department shall not consider the information. Requires the Department to consider certain mitigating factors and evidence of rehabilitation for license applicants. Requires the Department, upon denial of a license, to provide the applicant certain information concerning the denial. Provides that on May 1 of each year, the Department shall prepare, publicly announce, and publish certain statistical information. Effective January 1, 2018.

LRB100 08572 SMS 18698 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 12 and 13 as follows:
- 6 20 ILCS 2630/12)

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- Sec. 12. Entry of order; effect of expungement or sealing records.
- 9 (a) Except with respect to law enforcement agencies, the Department of Corrections, State's Attorneys, or other 10 prosecutors, and as provided in Section 13 of this Act, an 11 expunged or sealed record may not be considered by any private 12 13 public entity in employment matters, certification, 14 licensing, revocation of certification or licensure, or registration. Applications for employment, certification, 15 16 registration, or licensure must contain specific language which states that the applicant is not obligated to disclose 17 sealed or expunged records of conviction or arrest. Employers 18 19 and entities authorized to grant professional licenses, 20 certifications, or registrations may not ask if an applicant
- 22 (b) A person whose records have been sealed or expunged is 23 not entitled to remission of any fines, costs, or other money

has had records expunged or sealed.

- 1 paid as a consequence of the sealing or expungement. This
- 2 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly does not affect the
- 3 right of the victim of a crime to prosecute or defend a civil
- 4 action for damages. Persons engaged in civil litigation
- 5 involving criminal records that have been sealed may petition
- 6 the court to open the records for the limited purpose of using
- 7 them in the course of litigation.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 93-211, eff. 1-1-04; 93-1084, eff. 6-1-05.)
- 9 (20 ILCS 2630/13)
- 10 Sec. 13. Retention and release of sealed records.
- 11 (a) The Department of State Police shall retain records
- 12 sealed under subsection (c) or (e-5) of Section 5.2 or
- impounded under subparagraph (B) or (B-5) of paragraph (9) of
- 14 subsection (d) of Section 5.2 and shall release them only as
- 15 authorized by this Act. Felony records sealed under subsection
- 16 (c) or (e-5) of Section 5.2 or impounded under subparagraph (B)
- or (B-5) of paragraph (9) of subsection (d) of Section 5.2
- 18 shall be used and disseminated by the Department only as
- 19 otherwise specifically required or authorized by a federal or
- 20 State law, rule, or regulation that requires inquiry into and
- 21 release of criminal records, including, but not limited to,
- 22 subsection (A) of Section 3 of this Act, except such records
- 23 shall not be used or disseminated in connection with an
- 24 application for any professional or business licensure,
- 25 registration, or certification not involving a health care

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Self-Referral Act. However, all requests for records that have been expunged, sealed, and impounded and the use of those records are subject to the provisions of Section 2-103 of the

worker position as defined in the Health Care Worker

- 5 Illinois Human Rights Act. Upon conviction for any offense, the
- 6 Department of Corrections shall have access to all sealed
- 7 records of the Department pertaining to that individual.
  - (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, all sealed or impounded records are subject to inspection and use by the court and inspection and use by law enforcement agencies and State's Attorneys or other prosecutors in carrying out the duties of their offices.
- 13 (c) The sealed or impounded records maintained under 14 subsection (a) are exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of 15 Information Act.
- 16 (d) The Department of State Police shall commence the 17 sealing of records of felony arrests and felony convictions pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of Section 5.2 of 18 this Act no later than one year from the date that funds have 19 20 been made available for purposes of establishing the 21 technologies necessary to implement the changes made by this 22 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 97-1026, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1120, eff. 1-1-13;
- 24 98-399, eff. 8-16-13; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)
- Section 10. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by

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- 1 changing Sections 500-30, 500-70, 1525, and 1555 and by adding
- 2 Sections 500-76 and 1550 as follows:
- 3 (215 ILCS 5/500-30)
- 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)
- 5 Sec. 500-30. Application for license.
  - (a) An individual applying for a resident insurance producer license must make application on a form specified by the Director and declare under penalty of refusal, suspension, or revocation of the license that the statements made in the application are true, correct, and complete to the best of the individual's knowledge and belief. Before approving the application, the Director must find that the individual:
    - (1) is at least 18 years of age;
    - (2) has not committed any act that is a ground for denial, suspension, or revocation set forth in Section 500-70 or 500-76 or the individual who committed the act has been sufficiently rehabilitated;
    - (3) has completed, if required by the Director, a pre-licensing course of study before the insurance exam for the lines of authority for which the individual has applied (an individual who successfully completes the Fire and Casualty pre-licensing courses also meets the requirements for Personal Lines-Property and Casualty);
      - (4) has paid the fees set forth in Section 500-135; and
    - (5) has successfully passed the examinations for the

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- lines of authority for which the person has applied.
- 2 (b) A pre-licensing course of study for each class of
- 3 insurance for which an insurance producer license is requested
- 4 must be established in accordance with rules prescribed by the
- 5 Director and must consist of the following minimum hours:

6	Class of Insurance	Number of
7		Hours
8	Life (Class 1 (a))	20
9	Accident and Health (Class 1(b) or 2(a))	20
10	Fire (Class 3)	20
11	Casualty (Class 2)	20
12	Personal Lines-Property Casualty	20
13	Motor Vehicle (Class 2(b) or 3(e))	12.5

- 7.5 hours of each pre-licensing course must be completed in a classroom setting, except Motor Vehicle, which would require be be been been been been a classroom setting.
  - (c) A business entity acting as an insurance producer must obtain an insurance producer license. Application must be made using the Uniform Business Entity Application. Before approving the application, the Director must find that:
  - (1) the business entity has paid the fees set forth in Section 500-135; and
    - (2) the business entity has designated a licensed producer responsible for the business entity's compliance with the insurance laws and rules of this State.
- 26 (d) The Director may require any documents reasonably

- 1 necessary to verify the information contained in an
- 2 application.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 96-839, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 4 (215 ILCS 5/500-70)
- 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)
- 6 Sec. 500-70. License denial, nonrenewal, or revocation.
- 7 (a) The Director may place on probation, suspend, revoke,
- 8 or refuse to issue or renew an insurance producer's license\_
- 9 <u>may issue a license with monitoring requirements</u>, or may levy a
- 10 civil penalty in accordance with this Section or take any
- 11 combination of actions, for any one or more of the following
- 12 causes:
- 13 (1) providing incorrect, misleading, incomplete, or
- materially untrue information in the license application;
- 15 (2) violating any insurance laws, or violating any
- 16 rule, subpoena, or order of the Director or of another
- 17 state's insurance commissioner;
- 18 (3) obtaining or attempting to obtain a license through
- 19 misrepresentation or fraud;
- 20 (4) improperly withholding, misappropriating or
- 21 converting any moneys or properties received in the course
- of doing insurance business;
- 23 (5) intentionally misrepresenting the terms of an
- 24 actual or proposed insurance contract or application for
- 25 insurance;

Department of Revenue;

Τ	(6) 101 licensees, having been convicted of a ferony,
2	unless the individual demonstrates to the Director
3	sufficient rehabilitation to warrant the public trust;
4	(7) having admitted or been found to have committed any
5	insurance unfair trade practice or fraud;
6	(8) using fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest
7	practices, or demonstrating incompetence,
8	untrustworthiness or financial irresponsibility in the
9	conduct of business in this State or elsewhere;
10	(9) having an insurance producer license, or its
11	equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in any other
12	state, province, district or territory;
13	(10) forging a name to an application for insurance or
14	to a document related to an insurance transaction;
15	(11) improperly using notes or any other reference
16	material to complete an examination for an insurance
17	license;
18	(12) knowingly accepting insurance business from an
19	individual who is not licensed;
20	(13) failing to comply with an administrative or court
21	order imposing a child support obligation;
22	(14) failing to pay state income tax or penalty or
23	interest or comply with any administrative or court order
24	directing payment of state income tax or failed to file a
25	return or to pay any final assessment of any tax due to the

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- 1 (15) failing to make satisfactory repayment to the 2 Illinois Student Assistance Commission for a delinquent or 3 defaulted student loan; or
  - (16) failing to comply with any provision of the Viatical Settlements Act of 2009.
  - (b) If the action by the Director is to nonrenew, suspend, or revoke a license or to deny an application for a license, the Director shall notify the applicant or licensee and advise, in writing, the applicant or licensee of the reason for the suspension, revocation, denial or nonrenewal the applicant's or licensee's license. The applicant or licensee may make written demand upon the Director within 30 days after the date of mailing for a hearing before the Director to determine the reasonableness of the Director's action. The hearing must be held within not fewer than 20 days nor more than 30 days after the mailing of the notice of hearing and shall be held pursuant to 50 Ill. Adm. Code 2402.
    - (c) The license of a business entity may be suspended, revoked, or refused if the Director finds, after hearing, that an individual licensee's violation was known or should have been known by one or more of the partners, officers, or managers acting on behalf of the partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or limited liability partnership and the violation was neither reported to the Director nor corrective action taken.
    - (d) In addition to or instead of any applicable denial,

- 1 suspension, or revocation of a license, a person may, after
- 2 hearing, be subject to a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 for
- 3 each cause for denial, suspension, or revocation, however, the
- 4 civil penalty may total no more than \$100,000.
- 5 (e) The Director has the authority to enforce the
- 6 provisions of and impose any penalty or remedy authorized by
- 7 this Article against any person who is under investigation for
- 8 or charged with a violation of this Code or rules even if the
- 9 person's license or registration has been surrendered or has
- 10 lapsed by operation of law.
- 11 (f) Upon the suspension, denial, or revocation of a
- 12 license, the licensee or other person having possession or
- 13 custody of the license shall promptly deliver it to the
- 14 Director in person or by mail. The Director shall publish all
- 15 suspensions, denials, or revocations after the suspensions,
- denials, or revocations become final in a manner designed to
- 17 notify interested insurance companies and other persons.
- 18 (q) A person whose license is revoked or whose application
- 19 is denied pursuant to this Section is ineligible to apply for
- 20 any license for 3 years after the revocation or denial. A
- 21 person whose license as an insurance producer has been revoked,
- 22 suspended, or denied may not be employed, contracted, or
- 23 engaged in any insurance related capacity during the time the
- 24 revocation, suspension, or denial is in effect.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 96-736, eff. 7-1-10.)

2	Sec. 500-76. Applicant convictions.
3	(a) The Director and the Department shall not require
4	applicants to report the following information and shall not
5	collect and consider the following criminal history records in
6	connection with an insurance producer license application:
7	(1) Juvenile adjudications of delinquent minors as
8	defined in Section 5-105 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987
9	subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 5-130 of
10	that Act.
11	(2) Law enforcement, court, and conviction records of
12	an individual who was 17 years old at the time of the
13	offense and before January 1, 2014, unless the offense
14	required automatic transfer to adult court.
15	(3) Records of arrest not followed by a conviction
16	unless related to the duties and responsibilities of a
17	public adjuster. However, applicants shall not be asked to
18	report any arrests, and an arrest not followed by a
19	conviction shall not be the basis of a denial and may be
20	used only to assess an applicant's rehabilitation.
21	(4) Convictions overturned by a higher court.
22	(5) Convictions or arrests that have been sealed or
23	expunged.
24	(b) When reviewing a conviction of a felony of the
25	applicant for the purpose of determining whether to grant a

license, the Director shall consider any evidence of

1	rehabilitation and mitigating factors contained in the
2	applicant's record, including any of the following:
3	(1) the lack of direct relation of the offense for
4	which the applicant was previously convicted to the duties,
5	functions, and responsibilities of the position for which a
6	license is sought;
7	(2) whether 5 years since a felony conviction or 3
8	years since release from confinement for the conviction,
9	whichever is later, have passed without a subsequent
10	<pre>conviction;</pre>
11	(3) if the applicant was previously licensed or
12	employed in this State or other states or jurisdictions,
13	then the lack of prior misconduct arising from or related
14	to the licensed position or position of employment;
15	(4) the age of the person at the time of the criminal
16	offense;
17	(5) successful completion of sentence and, for
18	applicants serving a term of parole or probation, a
19	progress report provided by the applicant's probation or
20	parole officer that documents the applicant's compliance
21	with conditions of supervision;
22	(6) evidence of the applicant's present fitness and
23	professional character;
24	(7) evidence of rehabilitation or rehabilitative
25	effort during or after incarceration or during or after a
26	term of supervision, including, but not limited to, a

1	certificate of good conduct under Section 5-5.5-25 of the
2	Unified Code of Corrections or certificate of relief from
3	disabilities under Section 5-5.5-10 of the Unified Code of
4	Corrections; and
5	(8) any other mitigating factors that contribute to the
6	person's potential and current ability to perform the
7	duties and responsibilities of an insurance producer.
8	(c) It is the affirmative obligation of the Director to
9	demonstrate that a prior conviction would impair the ability of
10	the applicant to engage in the licensed practice. If the
11	Director refuses to issue a license to an applicant, then the
12	Director shall notify the applicant of the denial in writing
13	with the following included in the notice of denial:
14	(1) a statement about the decision to refuse to issue a
15	<u>license;</u>
16	(2) a list of the convictions that were the sole or
17	partial basis for the refusal to issue a license;
18	(3) a list of the mitigating evidence presented by the
19	<pre>applicant;</pre>
20	(4) reasons for refusing to issue a license specific to
21	the evidence presented in mitigation of conviction items
22	that formed the partial or sole basis for the Director's
23	decision; and
24	(5) a summary of the appeal process or the earliest the
25	applicant may reapply for a license, whichever is
26	applicable.

1	(d) No later than May 1 of each year, the Director shall
2	prepare, publicly announce, and publish a report of summary
3	statistical information relating to new and renewal insurance
4	producer license applications during the preceding calendar
5	year. Each report shall show at minimum:
6	(1) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
7	under this Act within the previous calendar year;
8	(2) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
9	under this Act within the previous calendar year who had
10	any criminal conviction;
11	(3) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
12	under this Act in the previous calendar year who were
13	granted a license;
14	(4) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
15	with a criminal conviction who were granted a license under
16	this Act within the previous calendar year;
17	(5) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
18	under this Act within the previous calendar year who were
19	denied a license;
20	(6) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
21	with a criminal conviction who were denied a license under
22	this Act in the previous calendar year in whole or in part
23	because of a prior conviction;
24	(7) the number of licenses without monitoring
25	requirements issued under this Act in the previous calendar
26	year to applicants with a felony conviction; and

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1	(8) the number of probationary licenses with
2	monitoring issued under this Act in the previous calendar
3	year to applicants with a felony conviction.
4	(215 ILCS 5/1525)
5	Sec. 1525. Resident license.
6	(a) Before issuing a public adjuster license to an
7	applicant under this Section, the Director shall find that the
8	applicant:
9	(1) is eligible to designate this State as his or her
10	home state or is a nonresident who is not eligible for a
11	license under Section 1540;
12	(2) is sufficiently rehabilitated in cases in which the
13	applicant has not committed any act that is a ground for
14	denial, suspension, or revocation of a license as set forth
15	in Section 1555;
16	(3) is trustworthy, reliable, competent, and of good
17	reputation, evidence of which may be determined by the
18	Director;
19	(4) is financially responsible to exercise the license
20	and has provided proof of financial responsibility as
21	required in Section 1560 of this Article; and
22	(5) maintains an office in the home state of residence

with public access by reasonable appointment or regular

business hours. This includes a designated office within a

home state of residence.

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1	(b)	In	addition	to	satisfying	the	requirements	of
2	subsectio	on (a)	of this	Secti	on, an indiv	ridual	shall:	

- (1) be at least 18 years of age;
- 4 (2) have successfully passed the public adjuster 5 examination;
- 6 (3) designate a licensed individual public adjuster 7 responsible for the business entity's compliance with the 8 insurance laws, rules, and regulations of this State; and
  - (4) designate only licensed individual public adjusters to exercise the business entity's license.
- 11 (c) The Director may require any documents reasonably
  12 necessary to verify the information contained in the
  13 application.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 96-1332, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 15 (215 ILCS 5/1550 new)
- Sec. 1550. Applicant convictions.
- 17 <u>(a) The Director and the Department shall not require</u>
  18 <u>applicants to report the following information and shall not</u>
  19 <u>collect or consider the following criminal history records in</u>
  20 connection with a public adjuster license application:
- 21 (1) Juvenile adjudications of delinquent minors as
  22 defined in Section 5-105 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987
  23 subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 5-130 of
  24 that Act.
- 25 (2) Law enforcement, court, and conviction records of

1	an individual who was 17 years old at the time of the
2	offense and before January 1, 2014, unless the offense
3	required automatic transfer to adult court.
4	(3) Records of arrest not followed by a conviction
5	unless related to the duties and responsibilities of a
6	public adjuster. However, applicants shall not be asked to
7	report any arrests, and an arrest not followed by a
8	conviction shall not be the basis of a denial and may be
9	used only to assess an applicant's rehabilitation.
10	(4) Convictions overturned by a higher court.
11	(5) Convictions or arrests that have been sealed or
12	expunged.
13	(b) When reviewing a conviction of any misdemeanor directly
14	related to the practice of the profession or of any felony of
15	the applicant for the purpose of determining whether to grant a
16	license, the Director shall consider any evidence of
17	rehabilitation and mitigating factors contained in the
18	applicant's record, including any of the following:
19	(1) the lack of direct relation of the offense for
20	which the applicant was previously convicted to the duties,
21	functions, and responsibilities of the position for which a
22	license is sought;
23	(2) the amount of time that has elapsed since the
24	offense occurred;

(3) if the applicant was previously licensed or

employed in this State or other states or jurisdictions,

offense occurred;

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1	then the lack of prior misconduct arising from or related
2	to the licensed position or position of employment;
3	(4) whether 5 years since a felony conviction or 3
4	years since release from confinement for the conviction,
5	whichever is later, have passed without a subsequent
6	conviction;
7	(5) successful completion of sentence and, for
8	applicants serving a term of parole or probation, a
9	progress report provided by the applicant's probation or
10	parole officer that documents the applicant's compliance
11	with conditions of supervision;
12	(6) evidence of the applicant's present fitness and
13	<pre>professional character;</pre>
14	(7) evidence of rehabilitation or rehabilitative
15	effort during or after incarceration or during or after a
16	term of supervision, including, but not limited to, a
17	certificate of good conduct under Section 5-5.5-25 of the
18	Unified Code of Corrections or certificate of relief from
19	disabilities under Section 5-5.5-10 of the Unified Code of
20	Corrections; and
21	(8) any other mitigating factors that contribute to the
22	person's potential and current ability to perform the
23	duties and responsibilities of a public adjuster.
24	(c) It is the affirmative obligation of the Director to
25	demonstrate that a prior conviction would impair the ability of

the applicant to engage in the licensed practice. If the

1	Director refuses to issue a license to an applicant, then the
2	Director shall notify the applicant of the denial in writing
3	with the following included in the notice of denial order:
4	(1) a statement about the decision to refuse to issue a
5	<u>license;</u>
6	(2) a list of the convictions that were the sole or
7	partial basis for the refusal to issue a license;
8	(3) a list of the mitigating evidence presented by the
9	applicant;
10	(4) reasons for refusing to issue a license specific to
11	the evidence presented in mitigation of conviction items
12	that formed the partial or sole basis for the Director's
13	decision; and
14	(5) a summary of the appeal process or the earliest the
15	applicant may reapply for a license, whichever is
16	applicable.
17	(d) No later than May 1 of each year, the Director shall
18	prepare, publicly announce, and publish a report of summary
19	statistical information relating to new and renewal public
20	adjuster license applications during the preceding calendar
21	year. Each report shall show at minimum:
22	(1) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
23	under this Act within the previous calendar year;
24	(2) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
25	under this Act within the previous calendar year who had
26	any criminal conviction;

1	(3) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
2	under this Act in the previous calendar year who were
3	<pre>granted a license;</pre>
4	(4) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
5	with a criminal conviction who were granted a license under
6	this Act within the previous calendar year;
7	(5) the number of applicants for new or renewal license
8	under this Act within the previous calendar year who were
9	denied a license;
10	(6) the number of applicants with a criminal conviction
11	who were denied a new or renewal license under this Act in
12	the previous calendar year in whole or in part because of a
13	<pre>prior conviction;</pre>
14	(7) the number of licenses without monitoring
15	requirements issued under this Act in the previous calendar
16	year to applicants with convictions; and
17	(8) the number of licenses with monitoring issued under
18	this Act in the previous calendar year to applicants with
19	criminal conviction.
20	(215 ILCS 5/1555)
21	Sec. 1555. License denial, nonrenewal, or revocation.
22	(a) The Director may place on probation, suspend, revoke,
23	deny, or refuse to issue or renew a public adjuster's license
24	or may levy a civil penalty or issue a license with monitoring

requirements or any combination of actions, for any one or more

1	of	the	following	causes

- (1) providing incorrect, misleading, incomplete, or materially untrue information in the license application;
  - (2) violating any insurance laws, or violating any regulation, subpoena, or order of the Director or of another state's Director;
  - (3) obtaining or attempting to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
  - (4) improperly withholding, misappropriating, or converting any monies or properties received in the course of doing insurance business;
  - (5) intentionally misrepresenting the terms of an actual or proposed insurance contract or application for insurance;
  - (6) <u>for licensees</u>, having been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor involving dishonesty or fraud, unless the individual demonstrates to the Director sufficient rehabilitation to warrant the public trust;
  - (7) having admitted or been found to have committed any insurance unfair trade practice or insurance fraud;
  - (8) using fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or demonstrating incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility in the conduct of business in this State or elsewhere;
  - (9) having an insurance license or public adjuster license or its equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in

any other state, province, district, or territory;

- (10) forging another's name to an application for insurance or to any document related to an insurance transaction:
- (11) cheating, including improperly using notes or any other reference material, to complete an examination for an insurance license or public adjuster license;
- (12) knowingly accepting insurance business from or transacting business with an individual who is not licensed but who is required to be licensed by the Director;
- (13) failing to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support obligation;
- (14) failing to pay State income tax or comply with any administrative or court order directing payment of State income tax;
- (15) failing to comply with or having violated any of the standards set forth in Section 1590 of this Law; or
- (16) failing to maintain the records required by Section 1585 of this Law.
- (b) If the action by the Director is to nonrenew, suspend, or revoke a license or to deny an application for a license, the Director shall notify the applicant or licensee and advise, in writing, the applicant or licensee of the reason for the suspension, revocation, denial, or nonrenewal of the applicant's or licensee's license. The applicant or licensee may make written demand upon the Director within 30 days after

- the date of mailing for a hearing before the Director to determine the reasonableness of the Director's action. The hearing must be held within not fewer than 20 days nor more than 30 days after the mailing of the notice of hearing and shall be held pursuant to 50 Ill. Adm. Code 2402.
  - (c) The license of a business entity may be suspended, revoked, or refused if the Director finds, after hearing, that an individual licensee's violation was known or should have been known by one or more of the partners, officers, or managers acting on behalf of the business entity and the violation was neither reported to the Director, nor corrective action taken.
  - (d) In addition to or in lieu of any applicable denial, suspension or revocation of a license, a person may, after hearing, be subject to a civil penalty. In addition to or instead of any applicable denial, suspension, or revocation of a license, a person may, after hearing, be subject to a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 for each cause for denial, suspension, or revocation, however, the civil penalty may total no more than \$100,000.
  - (e) The Director shall retain the authority to enforce the provisions of and impose any penalty or remedy authorized by this Article against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this Article even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law.

- 1 (f) Any individual whose public adjuster's license is
- 2 revoked or whose application is denied pursuant to this Section
- 3 shall be ineligible to apply for a public adjuster's license
- for 5 years. A suspension pursuant to this Section may be for
- 5 any period of time up to 5 years.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 96-1332, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
- 8 1, 2018.

- 24 - LRB100 08572 SMS 18698 b

7 215 ILCS 5/500-76 new

215 ILCS 5/500-70

8 215 ILCS 5/1525

6

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- 9 215 ILCS 5/1550 new
- 10 215 ILCS 5/1555