

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 HB2708

by Rep. Tom Demmer

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 570/318

Amends the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Provides that the Department of Human Services may release information received by the central repository to select representatives of the Department of Children and Family Services through the indirect online request process. Provides that access shall be established by the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee by rule.

LRB100 09951 RLC 20122 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by changing Section 318 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 570/318)

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- 7 Sec. 318. Confidentiality of information.
- 8 (a) Information received by the central repository under 9 Section 316 and former Section 321 is confidential.
- (b) The Department must carry out a program to protect the confidentiality of the information described in subsection (a). The Department may disclose the information to another person only under subsection (c), (d), or (f) and may charge a fee not to exceed the actual cost of furnishing the information.
 - (c) The Department may disclose confidential information described in subsection (a) to any person who is engaged in receiving, processing, or storing the information.
- 19 (d) The Department may release confidential information 20 described in subsection (a) to the following persons:
- 21 (1) A governing body that licenses practitioners and is 22 engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a 23 prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law

1	that involves a controlled substance.
2	(2) An investigator for the Consumer Protection
3	Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
4	prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
5	Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of the
6	Attorney General, who is engaged in any of the following
7	activities involving controlled substances:
8	(A) an investigation;
9	(B) an adjudication; or
10	(C) a prosecution of a violation under any State or
11	federal law that involves a controlled substance.
12	(3) A law enforcement officer who is:
13	(A) authorized by the Illinois State Police or the
14	office of a county sheriff or State's Attorney or
15	municipal police department of Illinois to receive
16	information of the type requested for the purpose of
17	investigations involving controlled substances; or
18	(B) approved by the Department to receive
19	information of the type requested for the purpose of
20	investigations involving controlled substances; and
21	(C) engaged in the investigation or prosecution of
22	a violation under any State or federal law that
23	involves a controlled substance.
24	(4) Select representatives of the Department of
25	Children and Family Services through the indirect online

request process. Access shall be established by the

1	Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee by
2	rule.
3	(e) Before the Department releases confidential
4	information under subsection (d), the applicant must
5	demonstrate in writing to the Department that:
6	(1) the applicant has reason to believe that a
7	violation under any State or federal law that involves a
8	controlled substance has occurred; and
9	(2) the requested information is reasonably related to
10	the investigation, adjudication, or prosecution of the
11	violation described in subdivision (1).
12	(f) The Department may receive and release prescription
13	record information under Section 316 and former Section 321 to:
14	(1) a governing body that licenses practitioners;
15	(2) an investigator for the Consumer Protection
16	Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
17	prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
18	Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of the
19	Attorney General;
20	(3) any Illinois law enforcement officer who is:
21	(A) authorized to receive the type of information
22	released; and
23	(B) approved by the Department to receive the type
24	of information released; or
25	(4) prescription monitoring entities in other states
26	per the provisions outlined in subsection (g) and (h)

1 below;

confidential prescription record information collected under Sections 316 and 321 (now repealed) that identifies vendors or practitioners, or both, who are prescribing or dispensing large quantities of Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substances outside the scope of their practice, pharmacy, or business, as determined by the Advisory Committee created by Section 320.

- (g) The information described in subsection (f) may not be released until it has been reviewed by an employee of the Department who is licensed as a prescriber or a dispenser and until that employee has certified that further investigation is warranted. However, failure to comply with this subsection (g) does not invalidate the use of any evidence that is otherwise admissible in a proceeding described in subsection (h).
- (h) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (f) may disclose the information to a law enforcement officer or an attorney for the office of the Attorney General for use as evidence in the following:
- (1) A proceeding under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance.
 - (2) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile court that involves a controlled substance.
- (i) The Department may compile statistical reports from the information described in subsection (a). The reports must not include information that identifies, by name, license or

- address, any practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other person administering a controlled substance.
 - (j) Based upon federal, initial and maintenance funding, a prescriber and dispenser inquiry system shall be developed to assist the health care community in its goal of effective clinical practice and to prevent patients from diverting or abusing medications.
 - (1) An inquirer shall have read-only access to a stand-alone database which shall contain records for the previous 12 months.
 - (2) Dispensers may, upon positive and secure identification, make an inquiry on a patient or customer solely for a medical purpose as delineated within the federal HIPAA law.
 - (3) The Department shall provide a one-to-one secure link and encrypted software necessary to establish the link between an inquirer and the Department. Technical assistance shall also be provided.
 - (4) Written inquiries are acceptable but must include the fee and the requestor's Drug Enforcement Administration license number and submitted upon the requestor's business stationery.
 - (5) As directed by the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee and the Clinical Director for the Prescription Monitoring Program, aggregate data that does not indicate any prescriber, practitioner, dispenser, or

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- 1 patient may be used for clinical studies.
- 2 (6) Tracking analysis shall be established and used per administrative rule.
 - (7) Nothing in this Act or Illinois law shall be construed to require a prescriber or dispenser to make use of this inquiry system.
 - (8) If there is an adverse outcome because of a prescriber or dispenser making an inquiry, which is initiated in good faith, the prescriber or dispenser shall be held harmless from any civil liability.
 - (k) The Department shall establish, by rule, the process by which to evaluate possible erroneous association of prescriptions to any licensed prescriber or end user of the Illinois Prescription Information Library (PIL).
- 15 (1) The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee 16 is authorized to evaluate the need for and method of 17 establishing a patient specific identifier.
 - (m) Patients who identify prescriptions attributed to them that were not obtained by them shall be given access to their personal prescription history pursuant to the validation process as set forth by administrative rule.
 - (n) The Prescription Monitoring Program is authorized to develop operational push reports to entities with compatible electronic medical records. The process shall be covered within administrative rule established by the Department.
 - (o) Hospital emergency departments and freestanding

- 1 healthcare facilities providing healthcare to walk-in patients
- 2 may obtain, for the purpose of improving patient care, a unique
- 3 identifier for each shift to utilize the PIL system.
- 4 (p) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall
- 5 automatically create a log-in to the inquiry system when a
- 6 prescriber or dispenser obtains or renews his or her controlled
- 7 substance license. The Department of Financial and
- 8 Professional Regulation must provide the Prescription
- 9 Monitoring Program with electronic access to the license
- 10 information of a prescriber or dispenser to facilitate the
- 11 creation of this profile. The Prescription Monitoring Program
- 12 shall send the prescriber or dispenser information regarding
- the inquiry system, including instructions on how to log into
- 14 the system, instructions on how to use the system to promote
- 15 effective clinical practice, and opportunities for continuing
- 16 education for the prescribing of controlled substances. The
- 17 Prescription Monitoring Program shall also send to all enrolled
- 18 prescribers, dispensers, and designees information regarding
- 19 the unsolicited reports produced pursuant to Section 314.5 of
- 20 this Act.
- 21 (q) A prescriber or dispenser may authorize a designee to
- 22 consult the inquiry system established by the Department under
- 23 this subsection on his or her behalf, provided that all the
- following conditions are met:
- 25 (1) the designee so authorized is employed by the same
- hospital or health care system; is employed by the same

- professional practice; or is under contract with such practice, hospital, or health care system;
 - (2) the prescriber or dispenser takes reasonable steps to ensure that such designee is sufficiently competent in the use of the inquiry system;
 - (3) the prescriber or dispenser remains responsible for ensuring that access to the inquiry system by the designee is limited to authorized purposes and occurs in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the information obtained from the inquiry system, and remains responsible for any breach of confidentiality; and
 - (4) the ultimate decision as to whether or not to prescribe or dispense a controlled substance remains with the prescriber or dispenser.
 - The Prescription Monitoring Program shall send to registered designees information regarding the inquiry system, including instructions on how to log onto the system.
 - (r) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall maintain an Internet website in conjunction with its prescriber and dispenser inquiry system. This website shall include, at a minimum, the following information:
 - (1) current clinical guidelines developed by health care professional organizations on the prescribing of opioids or other controlled substances as determined by the Advisory Committee;
 - (2) accredited continuing education programs related

to prescribing of controlled substances;

- (3) programs or information developed by health care professionals that may be used to assess patients or help ensure compliance with prescriptions;
- (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other public and private organizations which are relevant to prescribing;
 - (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;
- (6) other information regarding the prescription of controlled substances; and
- (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal events, including take-back programs or other disposal options or events.
- The content of the Internet website shall be periodically reviewed by the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee as set forth in Section 320 and updated in accordance with the recommendation of the advisory committee.
- (s) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall regularly send electronic updates to the registered users of the Program. The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee shall review any communications sent to registered users and also make recommendations for communications as set forth in Section 320. These updates shall include the following information:
 - (1) opportunities for accredited continuing education programs related to prescribing of controlled substances;

1	(2) current clinical guidelines developed by health
2	care professional organizations on the prescribing of
3	opioids or other drugs as determined by the Advisory
4	Committee;
5	(3) programs or information developed by health care
6	professionals that may be used to assess patients or help
7	ensure compliance with prescriptions;
8	(4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
9	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
10	public and private organizations which are relevant to
11	prescribing;
12	(5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;
13	(6) other information regarding prescribing of
14	controlled substances;
15	(7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
16	events, including take-back programs or other disposal
17	options or events; and
18	(8) reminders that the Prescription Monitoring Program
19	is a useful clinical tool.

20 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15.)