1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Sections 3-2.5-70 and 3-3-9.5 as follows:
- 6 (730 ILCS 5/3-2.5-70)

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- 7 Sec. 3-2.5-70. Aftercare.
- 8 (a) The Department shall implement an aftercare program 9 that includes, at a minimum, the following program elements:
 - (1) A process for developing and implementing a case management plan for timely and successful reentry into the community beginning upon commitment.
 - (2) A process for reviewing committed youth for recommendation for aftercare release.
 - (3) Supervision in accordance with the conditions set by the Department or Prisoner Review Board and referral to and facilitation of community-based services including education, social and mental health services, substance abuse treatment, employment and vocational training, individual and family counseling, financial counseling, and other services as appropriate; and assistance in locating appropriate residential placement and obtaining suitable employment. The Department may purchase necessary

services for a releasee if they are otherwise unavailable and the releasee is unable to pay for the services. It may assess all or part of the costs of these services to a releasee in accordance with his or her ability to pay for the services.

- (4) Standards for sanctioning violations of conditions of aftercare release that ensure that juvenile offenders face uniform and consistent consequences that hold them accountable taking into account aggravating and mitigating factors and prioritizing public safety.
- (5) A process for reviewing youth on aftercare release for discharge.
- (b) The Department of Juvenile Justice shall have the following rights, powers, functions, and duties:
 - (1) To investigate alleged violations of an aftercare releasee's conditions of release; and for this purpose it may issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents only if there is reason to believe that the procedures would provide evidence that the violations have occurred. If any person fails to obey a subpoena issued under this subsection, the Director may apply to any circuit court to secure compliance with the subpoena. The failure to comply with the order of the court issued in response thereto shall be punishable as contempt of court.
 - (2) To issue a violation warrant for the apprehension

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- of an aftercare releasee for violations of the conditions
 of aftercare release. Aftercare specialists and
 supervisors have the full power of peace officers in the
 retaking of any youth alleged to have violated the
 conditions of aftercare release.
 - (c) The Department of Juvenile Justice shall designate aftercare specialists qualified in juvenile matters to perform case management and post-release programming functions under this Section.
- 10 (d) The Department of Children and Family Services shall

 11 assign a caseworker to attend any hearing involving a youth in

 12 the care and custody of the Department of Children and Family

 13 Services who is placed on aftercare release, including hearings

 14 involving sanctions for violation of aftercare release

 15 conditions and aftercare release revocation hearings.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 98-558, eff. 1-1-14; 99-628, eff. 1-1-17.)
- 17 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-9.5)
- Sec. 3-3-9.5. Revocation of aftercare release; revocation hearing.
- 20 (a) If, prior to expiration or termination of the aftercare
 21 release term, a juvenile committed to the Department of
 22 Juvenile Justice under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 violates
 23 a condition of release set by the Department under Section
 24 3-2.5-95 of this Code, the Department may initiate revocation
 25 proceedings by issuing a violation warrant under Section

- 3-2.5-70 of this Code or by retaking of the releasee and returning him or her to a Department facility.
 - (b) The Department shall provide the releasee and the Prisoner Review Board with written notice of the alleged violation of aftercare release charged against him or her.
 - (c) The issuance of a warrant of arrest for an alleged violation of the conditions of aftercare release shall toll the running of the aftercare release term until the final determination of the alleged violation is made. If the Board finds that the youth has not violated a condition of aftercare release, that period shall be credited to the term.
 - (d) A person charged with violating a condition of aftercare release shall have a preliminary hearing before a hearing officer designated by the Board to determine if there is probable cause to hold the person for a revocation hearing. However, no preliminary hearing need be held when revocation is based upon new criminal charges and a court finds probable cause on the new criminal charges or when the revocation is based upon a new criminal conviction or a finding of delinquency and a certified copy of that conviction is available.
 - (e) At the preliminary hearing, the Board may order the releasee held in Department custody or released under supervision pending a final revocation decision of the Board. A youth who is held in Department custody, shall be released and discharged upon the expiration of the maximum term permitted

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under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. 1

- (f) A hearing on revocation shall be conducted before at least one member of the Prisoner Review Board. The Board may meet and order its actions in panels of 3 or more members. The action of a majority of the panel shall be the action of the Board. The member hearing the matter and at least a majority of the panel shall be experienced in juvenile matters. A record of the hearing shall be made. At the hearing the releasee shall be permitted to:
 - (1) appear and answer the charge; and
 - (2) bring witnesses on his or her behalf.
- (g) If the Board finds that the juvenile has not violated a condition of aftercare release, the Board shall order the juvenile rereleased and aftercare release continued under the existing term and may make specific recommendations to the Department regarding appropriate conditions of release.
- (h) If the Board finds that the juvenile has violated a condition of aftercare release, the Board shall either:
 - (1) revoke aftercare release and order the juvenile reconfined; or
 - (2) order the juvenile rereleased to serve a specified aftercare release term not to exceed the full term permitted under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and may make specific recommendations to the Department regarding appropriate conditions of rerelease.
 - (i) Aftercare release shall not be revoked for failure to

- 1 make payments under the conditions of release unless the Board
- determines that the failure is due to the juvenile's willful 2
- 3 refusal to pay.
- (j) The Department of Children and Family Services shall
- 5 assign a caseworker to attend a hearing on revocation of
- 6 aftercare release of a youth in the care and custody of the
- 7 Department of Children and Family Services.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 99-628, eff. 1-1-17.)
- 9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- becoming law. 10