#### **100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

# State of Illinois

### 2017 and 2018

#### HB2587

by Rep. Anthony DeLuca

# SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.1	from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.1
65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.2	from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.2
65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3	from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.3
65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.4	from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.4
65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.5	from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.5

Amends the Illinois Municipal Code. Provides that the rate of tax under the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Non-Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act may not exceed 2% (currently, 1%). Provides that the rate of tax that may be imposed for municipal operations may not exceed 1%. With respect to the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Non-Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act, provides that the term "public infrastructure" includes the acquisition, repair, and maintenance of public safety equipment. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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23

AN ACT concerning revenue.

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by 5 changing Sections 8-11-1.1, 8-11-1.2, 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4, and 6 8-11-1.5 as follows:

7 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.1) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.1)

8 Sec. 8-11-1.1. Non-home rule municipalities; imposition of
9 taxes.

10 (a) The corporate authorities of a non-home rule 11 municipality may, upon approval of the electors of the 12 municipality pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section, impose 13 by ordinance or resolution the tax authorized in Sections 14 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4 and 8-11-1.5 of this Act.

(b) The corporate authorities of the municipality may by 15 16 ordinance or resolution call for the submission to the electors of the municipality the question of whether the municipality 17 shall impose such tax or increase the rate of such tax. Such 18 19 question shall be certified by the municipal clerk to the election authority in accordance with Section 28-5 of the 20 21 Election Code and shall be in a form in accordance with Section 16-7 of the Election Code. 22

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if

the proceeds of the tax may be used for municipal operations pursuant to Section 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4, or 8-11-1.5, then the election authority must submit the question in substantially the following form:

5 Shall the corporate authorities of the municipality be 6 authorized to levy a tax at a rate of (rate)% for 7 expenditures on municipal operations, expenditures on 8 public infrastructure, or property tax relief?

9 If a majority of the electors in the municipality voting 10 upon the question vote in the affirmative, such tax shall be 11 imposed.

12 Until January 1, 1992, an ordinance or resolution imposing 13 the tax of not more than 1% hereunder or discontinuing the same shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof, together with a 14 certification that the ordinance or resolution received 15 16 referendum approval in the case of the imposition of such tax, 17 filed with the Department of Revenue, on or before the first day of June, whereupon the Department shall proceed to 18 administer and enforce the additional tax or to discontinue the 19 20 tax, as the case may be, as of the first day of September next 21 following such adoption and filing.

Beginning January 1, 1992 and through December 31, 1992, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of July, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and

enforce this Section as of the first day of October next
 following such adoption and filing.

Beginning January 1, 1993, and through September 30, 2002, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following such adoption and filing.

10 Beginning October 1, 2002, and through December 31, 2013, 11 an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax 12 under this Section or effecting a change in the rate of tax 13 must either (i) be adopted and a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution filed with the Department on or before 14 15 the first day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed 16 to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of 17 July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution filed with 18 the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon 19 the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this 20 21 Section as of the first day of January next following the 22 adoption and filing.

Beginning January 1, 2014, if an ordinance or resolution imposing the tax under this Section, discontinuing the tax under this Section, or effecting a change in the rate of tax under this Section is adopted, a certified copy thereof,

together with a certification that the ordinance or resolution 1 2 received referendum approval in the case of the imposition of or increase in the rate of such tax, shall be filed with the 3 Department of Revenue, either (i) on or before the first day of 4 5 May, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of July next following 6 the adoption and filing; or (ii) on or before the first day of 7 8 October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer 9 and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next 10 following the adoption and filing.

Notwithstanding any provision in this Section to the 11 12 contrary, if, in a non-home rule municipality with more than 150,000 but fewer than 200,000 inhabitants, as determined by 13 14 the last preceding federal decennial census, an ordinance or 15 resolution under this Section imposes or discontinues a tax or 16 changes the tax rate as of July 1, 2007, then that ordinance or 17 resolution, together with a certification that the ordinance or resolution received referendum approval in the case of the 18 imposition of the tax, must be adopted and a certified copy of 19 that ordinance or resolution must be filed with the Department 20 on or before May 15, 2007, whereupon the Department shall 21 22 proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of July 1, 23 2007.

Notwithstanding any provision in this Section to the contrary, if, in a non-home rule municipality with more than 6,500 but fewer than 7,000 inhabitants, as determined by the

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last preceding federal decennial census, an ordinance or 1 2 resolution under this Section imposes or discontinues a tax or changes the tax rate on or before May 20, 2009, then that 3 ordinance or resolution, together with a certification that the 4 5 ordinance or resolution received referendum approval in the case of the imposition of the tax, must be adopted and a 6 7 certified copy of that ordinance or resolution must be filed with the Department on or before May 20, 2009, whereupon the 8 9 Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section 10 as of July 1, 2009.

11 A non-home rule municipality may file a certified copy of 12 an ordinance or resolution, with a certification that the 13 ordinance or resolution received referendum approval in the 14 case of the imposition of the tax, with the Department of 15 Revenue, as required under this Section, only after October 2, 16 2000.

17 The tax authorized by this Section may not be more than 2% 1% and may be imposed only in 1/4% increments. It is the intent 18 19 of the General Assembly that the rate of tax that may be 20 imposed for municipal operations may not exceed 1%; therefore, notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the tax under 21 22 this Section is imposed at a rate of more than 1%, then, 23 beginning with the first disbursement to occur on or after the 24 effective date of the increase, the total amount that may be 25 used for municipal operations may not exceed the total amount of the proceeds disbursed to the municipality under Sections 26

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1 <u>8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4, and 8-11-1.5, multiplied by a fraction</u>
2 <u>having a numerator of 1 and a denominator of the rate of tax.</u>
3 (Source: P.A. 98-584, eff. 8-27-13.)

4 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.2) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.2)

5 Sec. 8-11-1.2. Definition. As used in Sections 8-11-1.3,
6 8-11-1.4 and 8-11-1.5 of this Act:

7 "Public infrastructure" means municipal roads and (a) 8 streets, access roads, bridges, and sidewalks; waste disposal 9 systems; the acquisition, repair, and maintenance of public 10 safety equipment; and water and sewer line extensions, water 11 distribution and purification facilities, storm water drainage 12 and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities. For purposes of referenda authorizing the imposition of taxes by 13 the City of DuQuoin under Sections 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4, and 14 15 8-11-1.5 of this Act that are approved in November, 2002, or 16 for purposes of referenda authorizing the imposition of taxes by the Village of Forsyth under Sections 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4, 17 and 8-11-1.5 of this Act that are approved after the effective 18 19 date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, 20 "public infrastructure" shall also include public schools.

21 (a-5) For the purposes of this Section, "public safety
22 equipment" means firefighting, police, rescue, transportation,
23 or communications equipment used by police departments, fire
24 departments, or other first responders, including, but not
25 limited to, police vehicles, fire trucks, surveillance

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1 equipment, and body cameras.

2 "Property tax relief" means (b) the action of а 3 municipality to reduce the levy for real estate taxes or avoid an increase in the levy for real estate taxes that would 4 5 otherwise have been required. Property tax relief or the avoidance of property tax must uniformly apply to all classes 6 7 of property.

8 (Source: P.A. 94-1078, eff. 1-9-07; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

9 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.3)

10 Sec. 8-11-1.3. Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' 11 Occupation Tax Act. The corporate authorities of a non-home 12 rule municipality may impose a tax upon all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property, other than 13 14 on an item of tangible personal property which is titled and 15 registered by an agency of this State's Government, at retail 16 in the municipality for expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax relief or both as defined in Section 8-11-1.2 17 if approved by referendum as provided in Section 8-11-1.1, of 18 19 the gross receipts from such sales made in the course of such 20 business. If the tax is approved by referendum on or after July 21 14, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1057), the 22 corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality may, 23 until December 31, 2020, use the proceeds of the tax for 24 expenditure on municipal operations, in addition to or in lieu 25 of any expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax

relief. The tax imposed may not be more than  $\frac{28}{18}$  and may be 1 2 imposed only in 1/4% increments. It is the intent of the General Assembly that the rate of tax that may be imposed for 3 municipal operations may not exceed 1%; therefore, 4 5 notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the tax under this Section is imposed at a rate of more than 1%, then, 6 beginning with the first disbursement to occur on or after the 7 8 effective date of the increase, the total amount that may be 9 used for municipal operations may not exceed the total amount of the proceeds disbursed to the municipality under this 10 11 Section, Section 8-11-1.4, and Section 8-11-1.5, multiplied by 12 a fraction having a numerator of 1 and a denominator of the 13 rate of tax. The tax may not be imposed on the sale of food for 14 human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where 15 it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and 16 food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and 17 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, 18 and needles used by diabetics. The tax imposed by a 19 20 municipality pursuant to this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected 21 22 and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The 23 certificate of registration which is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall 24 25 permit such retailer to engage in a business which is taxable 26 under any ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to this

Section without registering separately with the Department 1 2 under such ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The 3 Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to 4 5 dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit 6 7 memoranda, arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax 8 or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance 9 with, this Section, the Department and persons who are subject 10 to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, 11 privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to 12 the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, 13 14 as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 15 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than 16 the State rate of tax), 2c, 3 (except as to the disposition of 17 taxes and penalties collected), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 18 and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of 19 20 the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein. 21

No municipality may impose a tax under this Section unless the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under Section 8-11-1.4 of this Code.

25 Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to the 26 authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for

their seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be 6 made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a 7 8 credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State 9 Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the 10 amount specified, and to the person named, in such notification 11 from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State 12 Treasurer out of the non-home rule municipal retailers' 13 occupation tax fund.

14 The Department shall forthwith pay over to the State 15 Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties 16 collected hereunder.

17 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of the Department 18 19 of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred, and the 20 Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation 21 22 Development and Economy Act, collected under this Section 23 during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district. 24

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the

Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the 1 2 disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities, 3 the municipalities to be those from which retailers have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the 4 5 second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount 6 (not including credit 7 memoranda) collected hereunder during the second preceding 8 calendar month by the Department plus an amount the Department 9 determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were 10 erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including 11 an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second 12 preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such 13 municipality, and not including any amount which the Department 14 determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were 15 payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to 16 the municipality, and not including any amounts that are 17 transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the 18 disbursement certification to the municipalities, provided for in this 19 20 Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the 21 22 respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained 23 in such certification.

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For the purpose of determining the local governmental unit whose tax is applicable, a retail sale, by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois, is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the Federal Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

11 When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a 12 municipality under this Section, the Department shall increase 13 or decrease such amount by an amount necessary to offset any 14 misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount 15 shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous 6 16 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.

17 The Department of Revenue shall implement this amendatory 18 Act of the 91st General Assembly so as to collect the tax on 19 and after January 1, 2002.

As used in this Section, "municipal" and "municipality" means a city, village or incorporated town, including an incorporated town which has superseded a civil township.

This Section shall be known and may be cited as the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act".

25 (Source: P.A. 99-217, eff. 7-31-15.)

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(65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.4) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.4)

2 Sec. 8-11-1.4. Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation 3 Tax Act. The corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality may impose a tax upon all persons engaged, in such 4 5 municipality, in the business of making sales of service for expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax relief 6 7 or both as defined in Section 8-11-1.2 if approved by 8 referendum as provided in Section 8-11-1.1, of the selling 9 price of all tangible personal property transferred by such 10 servicemen either in the form of tangible personal property or 11 in the form of real estate as an incident to a sale of service. 12 If the tax is approved by referendum on or after July 14, 2010 13 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1057), the corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality may, until December 14 15 31, 2020, use the proceeds of the tax for expenditure on 16 municipal operations, in addition to or in lieu of any 17 expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax relief. The tax imposed may not be more than 2% 1% and may be 18 19 imposed only in 1/4% increments. It is the intent of the 20 General Assembly that the rate of tax that may be imposed for 21 municipal operations may not exceed 1%; therefore, 22 notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the tax under 23 this Section is imposed at a rate of more than 1%, then, 24 beginning with the first disbursement to occur on or after the 25 effective date of the increase, the total amount that may be used for municipal operations may not exceed the total amount 26

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of the proceeds disbursed to the municipality under this 1 2 Section, Section 8-11-1.3, and Section 8-11-1.5, multiplied by 3 a fraction having a numerator of 1 and a denominator of the rate of tax. The tax may not be imposed on the sale of food for 4 5 human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and 6 7 food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and 8 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical 9 appliances, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, 10 and needles used by diabetics. The tax imposed by a 11 municipality pursuant to this Section and all civil penalties 12 that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected 13 enforced by the State Department of Revenue. and The 14 certificate of registration which is issued by the Department 15 to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under 16 the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit such registrant to 17 engage in a business which is taxable under any ordinance or enacted pursuant this 18 resolution to Section without. 19 registering separately with the Department under such 20 ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; 21 22 to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of 23 taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter 24 provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda

arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty

hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this

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Section the Department and persons who are subject to this 1 2 Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, 3 immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties 4 and 5 definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1a-1, 2, 2a, 3 through 3-50 (in 6 respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of 7 8 tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the 9 taxing municipality), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to 10 which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that 11 Section 8 shall be the taxing municipality), 9 (except as to 12 the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except 13 that the returned merchandise credit for this municipal tax may 14 not be taken against any State tax), 10, 11, 12 (except the 15 reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation 16 Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean 17 the taxing municipality), the first paragraph of Section 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and 18 Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully 19 20 as if those provisions were set forth herein.

No municipality may impose a tax under this Section unless the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under Section 8-11-1.3 of this Code.

Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to the authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately

stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

6 Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be 7 made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing credit 8 memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, 9 who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, 10 and to the person named, in such notification from the 11 Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer 12 out of the municipal retailers' occupation tax fund.

13 The Department shall forthwith pay over to the State 14 Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties 15 collected hereunder.

16 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, 17 beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred, and the 18 Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the 19 20 local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under this Section 21 22 during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a 23 STAR bond district.

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the

disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities, 1 the municipalities to be those from which suppliers and 2 3 servicemen have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. 4 The 5 amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not 6 including credit memoranda) collected hereunder during the 7 second preceding calendar month by the Department, and not 8 including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during 9 the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf 10 of such municipality, and not including any amounts that are 11 transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund. Within 10 days 12 after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement 13 certification to the municipalities and the General Revenue 14 Fund, provided for in this Section to be given to the 15 Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the 16 orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance 17 with the directions contained in such certification.

18 The Department of Revenue shall implement this amendatory 19 Act of the 91st General Assembly so as to collect the tax on 20 and after January 1, 2002.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

As used in this Section, "municipal" or "municipality" means or refers to a city, village or incorporated town,

1 including an incorporated town which has superseded a civil 2 township.

This Section shall be known and may be cited as the
"Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act".
(Source: P.A. 96-939, eff. 6-24-10; 96-1057, eff. 7-14-10;
97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-837, eff. 7-20-12.)

7 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.5) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.5)

8 Sec. 8-11-1.5. Non-Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act. The 9 corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality may 10 impose a tax upon the privilege of using, in such municipality, 11 any item of tangible personal property which is purchased at 12 retail from a retailer, and which is titled or registered with an agency of this State's government, based on the selling 13 14 price of such tangible personal property, as "selling price" is 15 defined in the Use Tax Act, for expenditure on public 16 infrastructure or for property tax relief or both as defined in Section 8-11-1.2, if approved by referendum as provided in 17 Section 8-11-1.1. If the tax is approved by referendum on or 18 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th 19 20 General Assembly, the corporate authorities of a non-home rule 21 municipality may, until December 31, 2020, use the proceeds of 22 the tax for expenditure on municipal operations, in addition to or in lieu of any expenditure on public infrastructure or for 23 24 property tax relief. The tax imposed may not be more than 2% 1% 25 and may be imposed only in 1/4% increments. It is the intent of

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1	the General Assembly that the rate of tax that may be imposed
2	for municipal operations may not exceed 1%; therefore,
3	notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the tax under
4	this Section is imposed at a rate of more than 1%, then,
5	beginning with the first disbursement to occur on or after the
6	effective date of the increase, the total amount that may be
7	used for municipal operations may not exceed the total amount
8	of the proceeds disbursed to the municipality under this
9	Section, Section 8-11-1.3, and Section 8-11-1.4, multiplied by
10	a fraction having a numerator of 1 and a denominator of the
11	rate of tax. Such tax shall be collected from persons whose
12	Illinois address for title or registration purposes is given as
13	being in such municipality. Such tax shall be collected by the
14	municipality imposing such tax. A non-home rule municipality
15	may not impose and collect the tax prior to January 1, 2002.
16	This Section shall be known and may be cited as the

17 "Non-Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act".

18 (Source: P.A. 96-1057, eff. 7-14-10; 97-837, eff. 7-20-12.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.