

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 HB0697

by Rep. Robert Martwick

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/27A-5 105 ILCS 5/34-1.1 from Ch. 122, par. 34-1.1 105 ILCS 5/34-2.1 from Ch. 122, par. 34-2.1

Amends the Chicago School District Article of the School Code. Creates local school councils for charter schools in Chicago. Provides for the initial and subsequent appointment of members of the councils, and imposes certain limitations on members. Provides for non-binding, advisory polls of teachers at charter schools to choose teacher members of the council. Allows for the filling of vacant positions on the councils. Provides for non-binding, advisory polls for the appointment of student members of the councils. Makes conforming changes. Effective immediately.

LRB100 07841 MLM 17910 b

1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
- 5 27A-5, 34-1.1, and 34-2.1 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/27A-5)
- 7 Sec. 27A-5. Charter school; legal entity; requirements.
- 8 (a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian,
- 9 nonreligious, non-home based, and non-profit school. A charter
- 10 school shall be organized and operated as a nonprofit
- 11 corporation or other discrete, legal, nonprofit entity
- 12 authorized under the laws of the State of Illinois.
- 13 (b) A charter school may be established under this Article
- 14 by creating a new school or by converting an existing public
- 15 school or attendance center to charter school status. Beginning
- on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3), in
- 17 all new applications to establish a charter school in a city
- having a population exceeding 500,000, operation of the charter
- school shall be limited to one campus. The changes made to this
- 20 Section by Public Act 93-3 do not apply to charter schools
- 21 existing or approved on or before April 16, 2003 (the effective
- date of Public Act 93-3).
- 23 (b-5) In this subsection (b-5), "virtual-schooling" means

1 a cyber school where students engage in online curriculum and

2 instruction via the Internet and electronic communication with

their teachers at remote locations and with students

participating at different times.

From April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, there is a moratorium on the establishment of charter schools with virtual-schooling components in school districts other than a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code. This moratorium does not apply to a charter school with virtual-schooling components existing or approved prior to April 1, 2013 or to the renewal of the charter of a charter school with virtual-schooling components already approved prior to April 1, 2013.

On or before March 1, 2014, the Commission shall submit to the General Assembly a report on the effect of virtual-schooling, including without limitation the effect on student performance, the costs associated with virtual-schooling, and issues with oversight. The report shall include policy recommendations for virtual-schooling.

- (c) A charter school shall be administered and governed by its board of directors or other governing body in the manner provided in its charter. The governing body of a charter school shall be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and the Open Meetings Act.
- 25 (d) For purposes of this subsection (d), "non-curricular 26 health and safety requirement" means any health and safety

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requirement created by statute or rule to provide, maintain, preserve, or safeguard safe or healthful conditions for students and school personnel or to eliminate, reduce, or prevent threats to the health and safety of students and school personnel. "Non-curricular health and safety requirement" does not include any course of study or specialized instructional requirement for which the State Board has established goals and learning standards or which is designed primarily to impart knowledge and skills for students to master and apply as an outcome of their education.

A charter school shall comply with all non-curricular health and safety requirements applicable to public schools under the laws of the State of Illinois. On or before September 1, 2015, the State Board shall promulgate and post on its Internet website a list of non-curricular health and safety requirements that a charter school must meet. The list shall be updated annually no later than September 1. Any charter contract between a charter school and its authorizer must contain a provision that requires the charter school to follow the list of all non-curricular health and safety requirements promulgated by the State Board and any non-curricular health and safety requirements added by the State Board to such list during the term of the charter. Nothing in this subsection (d) precludes an authorizer from including non-curricular health and safety requirements in a charter school contract that are not contained in the list promulgated by the State Board,

- including non-curricular health and safety requirements of the authorizing local school board.
 - (e) Except as otherwise provided in the School Code, a charter school shall not charge tuition; provided that a charter school may charge reasonable fees for textbooks, instructional materials, and student activities.
 - (f) A charter school shall be responsible for the management and operation of its fiscal affairs including, but not limited to, the preparation of its budget. An audit of each charter school's finances shall be conducted annually by an outside, independent contractor retained by the charter school. To ensure financial accountability for the use of public funds, on or before December 1 of every year of operation, each charter school shall submit to its authorizer and the State Board a copy of its audit and a copy of the Form 990 the charter school filed that year with the federal Internal Revenue Service. In addition, if deemed necessary for proper financial oversight of the charter school, an authorizer may require quarterly financial statements from each charter school.
 - (g) A charter school shall comply with all provisions of this Article, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act, all federal and State laws and rules applicable to public schools that pertain to special education and the instruction of English learners, and its charter. A charter school is exempt from all other State laws and regulations in this Code

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1	governing public schools and local school board policies;
2	however, a charter school is not exempt from the following:
3	(1) Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of this Code regarding
4	criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide
5	Sex Offender Database and Statewide Murderer and Violent
6	Offender Against Youth Database of applicants for
7	employment;
8	(2) Sections 10-20.14, 10-22.6, 24-24, 34-19, and
9	34-84a of this Code regarding discipline of students;
10	(3) the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees
11	Tort Immunity Act;
12	(4) Section 108.75 of the General Not For Profit
13	Corporation Act of 1986 regarding indemnification of
14	officers, directors, employees, and agents;
15	(5) the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
16	(6) the Illinois School Student Records Act;
17	(7) Section 10-17a of this Code regarding school report
18	cards;
19	(8) the P-20 Longitudinal Education Data System Act;
20	(9) Section 27-23.7 of this Code regarding bullying
21	prevention;
22	(10) Section 2-3.162 of this Code regarding student
23	discipline reporting; and
24	(11) Section 22-80 of this Code; and-

(12) for a charter school in a city having a population

exceeding 500,000, Sections 34-1.1 and 34-2.1 of this Code.

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The change made by Public Act 96-104 to this subsection (g) is declaratory of existing law.

(h) A charter school may negotiate and contract with a school district, the governing body of a State college or university or public community college, or any other public or for-profit or nonprofit private entity for: (i) the use of a school building and grounds or any other real property or facilities that the charter school desires to use or convert for use as a charter school site, (ii) the operation and maintenance thereof, and (iii) the provision of any service, activity, or undertaking that the charter school is required to perform in order to carry out the terms of its charter. However, a charter school that is established on or after April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and that operates in a city having a population exceeding 500,000 may not contract with a for-profit entity to manage or operate the school during the period that commences on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and concludes at the end of the 2004-2005 school year. Except as provided in subsection (i) of this Section, a school district may charge a charter school reasonable rent for the use of the district's buildings, grounds, and facilities. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a school district shall be provided by the district at cost. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a local school board or with the governing body of a State college or university or public community college

- shall be provided by the public entity at cost.
- 2 (i) In no event shall a charter school that is established
- 3 by converting an existing school or attendance center to
- 4 charter school status be required to pay rent for space that is
- 5 deemed available, as negotiated and provided in the charter
- 6 agreement, in school district facilities. However, all other
- 7 costs for the operation and maintenance of school district
- 8 facilities that are used by the charter school shall be subject
- 9 to negotiation between the charter school and the local school
- 10 board and shall be set forth in the charter.
- 11 (j) A charter school may limit student enrollment by age or
- 12 grade level.
- 13 (k) If the charter school is approved by the Commission,
- 14 then the Commission charter school is its own local education
- 15 agency.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 98-16, eff. 5-24-13; 98-639, eff. 6-9-14; 98-669,
- 17 eff. 6-26-14; 98-739, eff. 7-16-14; 98-783, eff. 1-1-15;
- 18 98-1059, eff. 8-26-14; 98-1102, eff. 8-26-14; 99-30, eff.
- 7-10-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-245, eff. 8-3-15; 99-325, eff.
- 20 8-10-15; 99-456, eff. 9-15-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)
- 21 (105 ILCS 5/34-1.1) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-1.1)
- Sec. 34-1.1. Definitions. As used in this Article:
- 23 "Academic Accountability Council" means the Chicago
- 24 Schools Academic Accountability Council created under Section
- 25 34-3.4.

1 "Local School Council" means a local school council
2 established under Section 34-2.1.

"School" and "attendance center" are used interchangeably to mean any attendance center operated pursuant to this Article and under the direction of one principal and includes any charter school operated pursuant to the Charter Schools Law for the purpose of Section 34-2.1 of this Code.

"Secondary Attendance Center" means a school which has students enrolled in grades 9 through 12 (although it may also have students enrolled in grades below grade 9).

"Local Attendance Area School" means a school which has a local attendance area established by the board.

"Charter school" means a school established under the
Charter Schools Law.

"Multi-area school" means a school other than a local attendance area school or a charter school.

"Contract school" means an attendance center managed and operated by a for-profit or not-for-profit private entity retained by the board to provide instructional and other services to a majority of the pupils enrolled in the attendance center.

"Contract turnaround school" means an experimental contract school created by the board to implement alternative governance in an attendance center subject to restructuring or similar intervention under federal law that has not made adequate yearly progress for 5 consecutive years or a time

- 1 period set forth in federal law.
- 2 "Parent" means a parent or legal guardian of an enrolled
- 3 student of an attendance center.
- 4 Except as otherwise provided in Section 34-2.1 of this
- 5 <u>Code</u>, "community "Community resident" means a person, 18 years
- 6 of age or older, residing within an attendance area served by a
- 7 school, excluding any person who is a parent of a student
- 8 enrolled in that school; provided that with respect to any
- 9 multi-area school, community resident means any person, 18
- 10 years of age or older, residing within the voting district
- 11 established for that school pursuant to Section 34-2.1c,
- 12 excluding any person who is a parent of a student enrolled in
- 13 that school.
- "School staff" means all certificated and uncertificated
- 15 school personnel, including all teaching and administrative
- 16 staff (other than the principal) and including all custodial,
- 17 food service and other civil service employees, who are
- 18 employed at and assigned to perform the majority of their
- 19 employment duties at one attendance center served by the same
- 20 local school council.
- "Regular meetings" means the meeting dates established by
- the local school council at its annual organizational meeting.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 96-105, eff. 7-30-09.)
- 24 (105 ILCS 5/34-2.1) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-2.1)
- Sec. 34-2.1. Local School Councils Composition -

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Voter-Eligibility - Elections - Terms.

(a) A local school council shall be established for each attendance center within the school district. Each local school council shall consist of the following 12 voting members: the principal of the attendance center, 2 teachers employed and assigned to perform the majority of their employment duties at the attendance center, 6 parents of students currently enrolled at the attendance center, one employee of the school district employed and assigned to perform the majority of his or her employment duties at the attendance center who is not a teacher or, in the case of a charter school, one employee of the charter school employed and assigned to perform the majority of his or her employment duties at the charter school who is not a teacher, and 2 community residents. Neither the parents nor the community residents who serve as members of the local school council shall be employees of the Board of Education, any charter management organization, or any educational management organization. In each secondary attendance center, the local school council shall consist of 13 voting members -- the 12 voting members described above and one full-time student member, appointed as provided in subsection (m) below. In the event that the chief executive officer of the Chicago School Reform Board of Trustees determines that a local school council is not carrying out its financial duties effectively, the chief executive officer is authorized to appoint a representative of the business community with experience in finance and

management to serve as an advisor to the local school council for the purpose of providing advice and assistance to the local school council on fiscal matters. The advisor shall have access to relevant financial records of the local school council. The advisor may attend executive sessions. The chief executive officer shall issue a written policy defining the circumstances under which a local school council is not carrying out its financial duties effectively.

(b) Within 7 days of January 11, 1991, the Mayor shall appoint the members and officers (a Chairperson who shall be a parent member and a Secretary) of each local school council who shall hold their offices until their successors shall be elected and qualified. Members so appointed shall have all the powers and duties of local school councils as set forth in this amendatory Act of 1991. The Mayor's appointments shall not require approval by the City Council.

Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory act of the 100th General Assembly, the Mayor shall appoint the members and officers (a Chairperson who shall be a parent member and a Secretary) of each local school council for all charter schools located within the school district, who shall hold their offices until their successors are elected and qualified. Members so appointed shall have all the powers and duties of members of local school councils. The Mayor's appointments shall not require approval by the City Council.

The membership of each local school council shall be

- encouraged to be reflective of the racial and ethnic composition of the student population of the attendance center served by the local school council.
 - (c) Beginning with the 1995-1996 school year and in every even-numbered year thereafter, the Board shall set second semester Parent Report Card Pick-up Day for Local School Council elections and may schedule elections at year-round schools for the same dates as the remainder of the school system. Elections shall be conducted as provided herein by the Board of Education in consultation with the local school council at each attendance center.
 - (d) Beginning with the 1995-96 school year and, for charter schools, beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, the following procedures shall apply to the election of local school council members at each attendance center:
 - (i) The elected members of each local school council shall consist of the 6 parent members and the 2 community resident members.
 - (ii) Each elected member shall be elected by the eligible voters of that attendance center to serve for a two-year term commencing on July 1 immediately following the election described in subsection (c). Eligible voters for each attendance center shall consist of the parents and community residents for that attendance center.
 - (iii) Each eligible voter shall be entitled to cast one vote for up to a total of 5 candidates, irrespective of

whether such candidates are parent or community resident candidates.

- (iv) Each parent voter shall be entitled to vote in the local school council election at each attendance center in which he or she has a child currently enrolled. Each community resident voter shall be entitled to vote in the local school council election at each attendance center for which he or she resides in the applicable attendance area or voting district, as the case may be.
- (v) Each eligible voter shall be entitled to vote once, but not more than once, in the local school council election at each attendance center at which the voter is eligible to vote.
- (vi) The 2 teacher members and the non-teacher employee member of each local school council shall be appointed as provided in subsection (1) below each to serve for a two-year term coinciding with that of the elected parent and community resident members.
- (vii) At secondary attendance centers, the voting student member shall be appointed as provided in subsection (m) below to serve for a one-year term coinciding with the beginning of the terms of the elected parent and community members of the local school council.
- (e) The Council shall publicize the date and place of the election by posting notices at the attendance center, in public places within the attendance boundaries of the attendance

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center and by distributing notices to the pupils at the attendance center, and shall utilize such other means as it deems necessary to maximize the involvement of all eligible voters.

(f) Nomination. The Council shall publicize the opening of nominations by posting notices at the attendance center, in public places within the attendance boundaries of attendance center and by distributing notices to the pupils at the attendance center, and shall utilize such other means as it deems necessary to maximize the involvement of all eligible voters. Not less than 2 weeks before the election date, persons eligible to run for the Council shall submit their name, date of birth, social security number, if available, and some evidence of eligibility to the Council. The Council shall nomination of candidates reflecting racial/ethnic population of the students at the attendance center. Each person nominated who runs as a candidate shall disclose, in a manner determined by the Board, any economic interest held by such person, by such person's spouse or children, or by each business entity in which such person has an ownership interest, in any contract with the Board, any local school council, or any public school in the school district, any charter school located in the school district, any charter management organization, or any educational management organization. Each person nominated who runs as a candidate shall also disclose, in a manner determined by the

Board, if he or she ever has been convicted of any of the offenses specified in subsection (c) of Section 34-18.5; provided that neither this provision nor any other provision of this Section shall be deemed to require the disclosure of any information that is contained in any law enforcement record or juvenile court record that is confidential or whose accessibility or disclosure is restricted or prohibited under Section 5-901 or 5-905 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Failure to make such disclosure shall render a person ineligible for election or to serve on the local school council. The same disclosure shall be required of persons under consideration for appointment to the Council pursuant to subsections (1) and (m) of this Section.

(f-5) Notwithstanding disclosure, a person who has been convicted of any of the following offenses at any time shall be ineligible for election or appointment to a local school council and ineligible for appointment to a local school council pursuant to subsections (1) and (m) of this Section:

(i) those defined in Section 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-14.4, 11-16, 11-17.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, or 12-16, or subdivision (a)(2) of Section 11-14.3, of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or (ii) any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States, which, if committed or attempted in this State, would have been

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punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses. Notwithstanding disclosure, a person who has been convicted of any of the following offenses within the 10 years previous to the date of nomination or appointment shall be ineligible for election or appointment to a local school council: (i) those defined in Section 401.1, 405.1, or 405.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or (ii) any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States, which, if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses.

Immediately upon election or appointment, incoming local school council members shall be required to undergo a criminal background investigation, to be completed prior to the member taking office, in order to identify any criminal convictions under the offenses enumerated in Section 34-18.5. investigation shall be conducted by the Department of State Police in the same manner as provided for in Section 34-18.5. However, notwithstanding Section 34-18.5, the social security number shall be provided only if available. If it is determined at any time that a local school council member or member-elect has been convicted of any of the offenses enumerated in this Section or failed to disclose a conviction of any of the enumerated offenses in Section 34-18.5, the general superintendent shall notify the local school council member or member-elect of such determination and the local school council member or member-elect shall be removed from the local school

- 1 council by the Board, subject to a hearing, convened pursuant 2 to Board rule, prior to removal.
 - (g) At least one week before the election date, the Council shall publicize, in the manner provided in subsection (e), the names of persons nominated for election.
 - (h) Voting shall be in person by secret ballot at the attendance center between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.
 - (i) Candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected by the Council. In cases of a tie, the Council shall determine the winner by lot.
 - (j) The Council shall certify the results of the election and shall publish the results in the minutes of the Council.
 - (k) The general superintendent shall resolve any disputes concerning election procedure or results and shall ensure that, except as provided in subsections (e) and (g), no resources of any attendance center shall be used to endorse or promote any candidate.
 - (1) Beginning with the 1995-1996 school year and in every even numbered year thereafter, the Board shall appoint 2 teacher members to each local school council, except for local school councils for charter schools. These appointments shall be made in the following manner:
 - (i) The Board shall appoint 2 teachers who are employed and assigned to perform the majority of their employment duties at the attendance center to serve on the local school council of the attendance center for a two-year term

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coinciding with the terms of the elected parent and community members of that local school council. These appointments shall be made from among those teachers who are nominated in accordance with subsection (f).

- (ii) A non-binding, advisory poll to ascertain the preferences of the school staff regarding appointments of teachers to the local school council for that attendance center shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures community Council elect used to parent and representatives. At such poll, each member of the school staff shall be entitled to indicate his or her preference for up to 2 candidates from among those who submitted of described statements candidacy as above. preferences shall be advisory only and the Board shall maintain absolute discretion to appoint teacher members to local school councils, irrespective of the preferences expressed in any such poll.
- (iii) In the event that a teacher representative is unable to perform his or her employment duties at the school due to illness, disability, leave of absence, disciplinary action, or any other reason, the Board shall declare a temporary vacancy and appoint a replacement teacher representative to serve on the local school council until such time as the teacher member originally appointed pursuant to this subsection (1) resumes service at the attendance center or for the remainder of the term. The

replacement teacher representative shall be appointed in the same manner and by the same procedures as teacher representatives are appointed in subdivisions (i) and (ii) of this subsection (1).

(1-5) Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year and in every even-numbered year thereafter, each charter school shall appoint 2 teacher members to the local school council for the charter school. These appointments shall be made in the following manner:

- (i) The charter school shall appoint 2 teachers who are employed and assigned to perform the majority of their employment duties at the charter school to serve on the local school council of the charter school for a 2-year term coinciding with the terms of the elected parent and community members of that local school council. These appointments shall be made from among those teachers who are nominated in accordance with subsection (f) of this Section.
- (ii) A non-binding, advisory poll to ascertain the preferences of the school staff regarding appointments of teachers to the local school council for that charter school shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures used to elect parent and community council representatives. At such poll, each member of the school staff shall be entitled to indicate his or her preference for up to 2 candidates from among those who submitted

statements of candidacy as described in subsection (f) of this Section. These preferences shall be advisory only and the charter school shall maintain absolute discretion to appoint teacher members to the local school council, irrespective of the preferences expressed in any such poll.

unable to perform his or her employment duties at the charter school due to illness, disability, leave of absence, disciplinary action, or any other reason, the charter school shall declare a temporary vacancy and appoint a replacement teacher representative to serve on the local school council until such time as the teacher member originally appointed pursuant to this subsection (1-5) resumes service at the charter school or for the remainder of the term. The replacement teacher representative shall be appointed in the same manner and by the same procedures as teacher representatives are appointed in subdivisions (i) and (ii) of this subsection (1-5).

- (m) Beginning with the 1995-1996 school year, and in every year thereafter, the Board shall appoint one student member to each secondary attendance center that is not a charter school. These appointments shall be made in the following manner:
 - (i) Appointments shall be made from among those students who submit statements of candidacy to the principal of the attendance center, such statements to be

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submitted commencing on the first day of the twentieth week of school and continuing for 2 weeks thereafter. The form and manner of such candidacy statements shall be determined by the Board.

- (ii) During the twenty-second week of school in every year, the principal of each attendance center shall conduct a non-binding, advisory poll to ascertain the preferences of the school students regarding the appointment of a student to the local school council for that attendance center. At such poll, each student shall be entitled to indicate his or her preference for up to one candidate from among those who submitted statements of candidacy as described above. The Board shall promulgate rules to ensure that these non-binding, advisory polls are conducted in a fair and equitable manner and maximize the involvement of all school students. The preferences expressed in these non-binding, advisory polls shall be transmitted by the principal to the Board. However, these preferences shall be advisory only and the Board shall maintain absolute discretion to appoint student members to local school councils, irrespective of the preferences expressed in any such poll.
- (iii) For the 1995-96 school year only, appointments shall be made from among those students who submitted statements of candidacy to the principal of the attendance center during the first 2 weeks of the school year. The

principal shall communicate the results of any nonbinding, advisory poll to the Board. These results shall be advisory only, and the Board shall maintain absolute discretion to appoint student members to local school councils, irrespective of the preferences expressed in any such poll.

(m-5) Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year and in every

year thereafter, each charter school shall appoint one student member to each secondary attendance center that is a charter school. These appointments shall be made in the following manner:

- (i) Except as provided in subdivision (iii) of this subsection (m-5), appointments shall be made from among those students who submit statements of candidacy to the principal of the charter school, such statements to be submitted commencing on the first day of the twentieth week of school and continuing for 2 weeks thereafter. The form and manner of such candidacy statements shall be determined by the charter school.
- (ii) During the twenty-second week of school in every year, the principal of each charter school shall conduct a non-binding, advisory poll to ascertain the preferences of the school's students regarding the appointment of a student to the local school council for that charter school. At such poll, each student shall be entitled to indicate his or her preference for up to one candidate from among those who submitted statements of candidacy as

described in subdivision (i) of this subsection (m-5). The charter school shall adopt rules to ensure that these non-binding, advisory polls are conducted in a fair and equitable manner and maximize the involvement of all school students. The preferences expressed in these non-binding, advisory polls shall be transmitted by the principal to the charter school. However, these preferences shall be advisory only and the charter school shall maintain absolute discretion to appoint student members to the local school council, irrespective of the preferences expressed in any such poll.

- (iii) For the 2017-2018 school year only, appointments shall be made from among those students who submitted statements of candidacy to the principal of the charter school during the first 2 weeks of the school year. The principal shall communicate the results of any non-binding, advisory poll to the charter school. These results shall be advisory only, and the charter school shall maintain absolute discretion to appoint student members to the local school council, irrespective of the preferences expressed in any such poll.
- (n) The Board may promulgate such other rules and regulations for election procedures as may be deemed necessary to ensure fair elections.
- (o) In the event that a vacancy occurs during a member's term, the Council shall appoint a person eligible to serve on

- the Council, to fill the unexpired term created by the vacancy,
 except that any teacher vacancy shall be filled by the Board
 or, in the case of a charter school, the charter school shall
 fill the vacancy, after considering the preferences of the
 school staff as ascertained through a non-binding advisory poll
 of school staff.
 - (p) If less than the specified number of persons is elected within each candidate category, the newly elected local school council shall appoint eligible persons to serve as members of the Council for two-year terms.
 - (q) The Board shall promulgate rules regarding conflicts of interest and disclosure of economic interests which shall apply to local school council members and which shall require reports or statements to be filed by Council members at regular intervals with the Secretary of the Board. Failure to comply with such rules or intentionally falsifying such reports shall be grounds for disqualification from local school council membership. A vacancy on the Council for disqualification may be so declared by the Secretary of the Board. Rules regarding conflicts of interest and disclosure of economic interests promulgated by the Board shall apply to local school council members. No less than 45 days prior to the deadline, the general superintendent shall provide notice, by mail, to each local school council member of all requirements and forms for compliance with economic interest statements.
 - (r) (1) If a parent member of a local school council ceases

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to have any child enrolled in the attendance center governed by the Local School Council due to the graduation or voluntary transfer of a child or children from the attendance center, the parent's membership on the Local School Council and all voting rights are terminated immediately as of the date of the child's graduation or voluntary transfer. If the child of a parent member of a local school council dies during the member's term in office, the member may continue to serve on the local school council for the balance of his or her term. Further, a local school council member may be removed from the Council by a majority vote of the Council as provided in subsection (c) of Section 34-2.2 if the Council member has missed 3 consecutive regular meetings, not including committee meetings, or 5 regular meetings in a 12 month period, not including committee meetings. If a parent member of a local school council ceases to be eligible to serve on the Council for any other reason, he or she shall be removed by the Board subject to a hearing, convened pursuant to Board rule, prior to removal. A vote to remove a Council member by the local school council shall only be valid if the Council member has been notified personally or by certified mail, mailed to the person's last known address, of the Council's intent to vote on the Council member's removal at least 7 days prior to the vote. The Council member in question shall have the right to explain his or her actions and shall be eliqible to vote on the question of his or her removal from the Council. The provisions of this subsection shall be

- 1 contained within the petitions used to nominate Council 2 candidates.
 - (2) A person may continue to serve as a community resident member of a local school council as long as he or she resides in the attendance area served by the school or, in the case of a charter school, resides within the attendance area served by the local attendance area school in which the charter school is located and is not employed by the Board, any charter management organization, or any educational management organization nor is a parent of a student enrolled at the school. If a community resident member ceases to be eligible to serve on the Council, he or she shall be removed by the Board subject to a hearing, convened pursuant to Board rule, prior to removal.
 - (3) A person may continue to serve as a teacher member of a local school council as long as he or she is employed and assigned to perform a majority of his or her duties at the school, provided that if the teacher representative resigns from employment with the Board or, in the case of a charter school, resigns from employment with the charter school, or voluntarily transfers to another school, the teacher's membership on the local school council and all voting rights are terminated immediately as of the date of the teacher's resignation or upon the date of the teacher's voluntary transfer to another school. If a teacher member of a local school council ceases to be eligible to serve on a local school

- 1 council for any other reason, that member shall be removed by
- 2 the Board subject to a hearing, convened pursuant to Board
- 3 rule, prior to removal.
- 4 (s) As used in this Section only, "community resident"
- 5 means a person, 17 years of age or older, residing within an
- 6 attendance area served by a school, excluding any person who is
- 7 a parent of a student enrolled in that school; provided that
- 8 with respect to any multi-area school, community resident means
- 9 any person, 17 years of age or older, residing within the
- 10 voting district established for that school pursuant to Section
- 11 34-2.1c, excluding any person who is a parent of a student
- 12 enrolled in that school. With respect to any charter school,
- "community resident" means any person, 17 years of age or
- 14 older, residing within the attendance area served by the local
- 15 attendance area school in which the charter school is located.
- 16 This definition does not apply to any provisions concerning
- 17 school boards.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 99-597, eff. 1-1-17.)
- 19 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 20 becoming law.