

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB0365

by Rep. Margo McDermed

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

430 ILCS 66/40 720 ILCS 5/24-2

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Provides an exemption for the offense of unlawful use of weapons for carrying or possessing a concealed firearm upon any public street, alley, or other public lands, or for the offense of aggravated unlawful use of a weapon by a non-resident active duty member of the United States Armed Forces if certain requirements are met. The non-resident active duty member of the United States Armed Forces must be eligible to possess and carry a firearm in public under the laws of his or her state or territory of residence; possess a valid equivalent of an Illinois Firearm Owner's Identification Card issued by his or her state or territory of residence if required by his state or territory of residence; possess valid military identification; and comply with various provisions of the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Makes conforming changes in the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning public safety.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Firearm Concealed Carry Act is amended by
changing Section 40 as follows:

6 (430 ILCS 66/40)

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Sec. 40. Non-resident license applications.

8 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "non-resident" means 9 a person who has not resided within this State for more than 30 10 days and resides in another state or territory.

(b) The Department shall by rule allow for non-resident license applications from any state or territory of the United States with laws related to firearm ownership, possession, and carrying, that are substantially similar to the requirements to obtain a license under this Act.

(c) A resident of a state or territory approved by the 16 Department under subsection (b) of this Section may apply for a 17 non-resident license. The applicant shall apply to the 18 19 Department and must meet all of the qualifications established 20 in Section 25 of this Act, except for the Illinois residency 21 requirement in item (xiv) of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 4 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. The 22 applicant shall submit: 23

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(1) the application and documentation required under
 Section 30 of this Act and the applicable fee;

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(2) a notarized document stating that the applicant:

4 (A) is eligible under federal law and the laws of
5 his or her state or territory of residence to own or
6 possess a firearm;

(B) if applicable, has a license or permit to carry
a firearm or concealed firearm issued by his or her
state or territory of residence and attach a copy of
the license or permit to the application;

(C) understands Illinois laws pertaining to the
 possession and transport of firearms; and

(D) acknowledges that the applicant is subject to
the jurisdiction of the Department and Illinois courts
for any violation of this Act;

16 (3) a photocopy of any certificates or other evidence
17 of compliance with the training requirements under Section
18 75 of this Act; and

(4) a head and shoulder color photograph in a size
specified by the Department taken within the 30 days
preceding the date of the application.

(d) In lieu of an Illinois driver's license or Illinois identification card, a non-resident applicant shall provide similar documentation from his or her state or territory of residence. In lieu of a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card, the applicant shall submit documentation and information

required by the Department to obtain a Firearm Owner's 1 Identification Card, 2 including an affidavit that the non-resident meets the mental health standards to obtain a 3 firearm under Illinois law, and the Department shall ensure 4 5 that the applicant would meet the eligibility criteria to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification card if he or she was a 6 7 resident of this State.

8 (e) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit a non-resident from 9 transporting a concealed firearm within his or her vehicle in 10 Illinois, if the concealed firearm remains within his or her 11 vehicle and the non-resident:

12 (1) is not prohibited from owning or possessing a 13 firearm under federal law;

14 (2) is eligible to carry a firearm in public under the
15 laws of his or her state or territory of residence, as
16 evidenced by the possession of a concealed carry license or
17 permit issued by his or her state of residence, if
18 applicable; and

19 (3) is not in possession of a license under this Act. 20 (f) A non-resident active duty member of the United States Armed Forces allowed to carry a concealed firearm under 21 22 paragraph (6) of subsection (b) of Section 24-2 of the Criminal 23 Code of 2012 shall comply in the same manner as a licensee with 24 the provisions under Section 65 and subsection (d) of Section 25 70 of this Act and shall be subject to the same penalties as a 26 licensee for a violation of those provisions.

If the non-resident leaves his or her vehicle unattended, he or she shall store the firearm within a locked vehicle or locked container within the vehicle in accordance with subsection (b) of Section 65 of this Act. (Source: P.A. 98-63, eff. 7-9-13; 98-600, eff. 12-6-13; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15.)
Section 10. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by

8 changing Section 24-2 as follows:

9 (720 ILCS 5/24-2)

10 Sec. 24-2. Exemptions.

11 (a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(10), and 12 24-1(a)(13) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of 13 the following:

14 (1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a peace
 15 officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the
 16 peace, while actually engaged in assisting such officer.

17 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
18 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the
19 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense,
20 while in the performance of their official duty, or while
21 commuting between their homes and places of employment.

(3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
 the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the
 Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance

1 of their official duty.

(4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public
utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored
car companies, while actually engaged in the performance of
the duties of their employment or commuting between their
homes and places of employment; and watchmen while actually
engaged in the performance of the duties of their
employment.

9 (5) Persons licensed as private security contractors, 10 private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or 11 employed by a private security contractor, private 12 detective, or private alarm contractor agency licensed by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, 13 14 if their duties include the carrying of a weapon under the 15 provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, 16 Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 17 2004, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes 18 19 and places of employment. A person shall be considered 20 eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the 21 required 20 hours of training for a private security 22 contractor, private detective, or private alarm 23 contractor, or employee of a licensed private security 24 contractor, private detective, or private alarm contractor 25 agency and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has 26 been issued a firearm control card by the Department of

Financial and Professional Regulation. Conditions for the 1 2 renewal of firearm control cards issued under the 3 provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those cards issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, 4 5 Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. The firearm control card shall be 6 7 carried by the private security contractor, private 8 detective, or private alarm contractor, or employee of the 9 licensed private security contractor, private detective, 10 or private alarm contractor agency at all times when he or 11 she is in possession of a concealable weapon permitted by 12 his or her firearm control card.

(6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial or 13 14 industrial operation as a security guard for the protection 15 of persons employed and private property related to such 16 commercial or industrial operation, while actually engaged 17 in the performance of his or her duty or traveling between sites or properties belonging to the employer, and who, as 18 19 a security quard, is a member of a security force 20 registered with the Department of Financial and 21 Professional Regulation; provided that such security guard 22 has successfully completed a course of study, approved by 23 supervised by the Department of Financial and and 24 Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 25 hours of training that includes the theory of law 26 enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of

weapons. A person shall be considered eligible for this 1 2 exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours 3 of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm control 4 5 card by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. Conditions for the renewal of firearm control 6 7 cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be 8 the same as for those cards issued under the provisions of 9 the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, 10 Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. The firearm 11 control card shall be carried by the security guard at all 12 times when he or she is in possession of a concealable 13 weapon permitted by his or her firearm control card.

14 (7) Agents and investigators of the Illinois
15 Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the
16 Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections
17 24-1(a) (3) and 24-1(a) (4), while on duty in the course of
18 any investigation for the Commission.

19 (8) Persons employed by a financial institution as a 20 security guard for the protection of other employees and 21 property related to such financial institution, while 22 actually engaged in the performance of their duties, 23 commuting between their homes and places of employment, or 24 traveling between sites or properties owned or operated by such financial institution, and who, as a security guard, 25 26 is a member of a security force registered with the

Department; provided that any person so employed has 1 2 successfully completed a course of study, approved by and 3 supervised by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of 4 5 training which includes theory of law enforcement, 6 liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person 7 shall be considered to be eligible for this exemption if he 8 or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for 9 a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm 10 training, and has been issued a firearm control card by the 11 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. 12 Conditions for renewal of firearm control cards issued 13 under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as 14 for those issued under the provisions of the Private 15 Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint 16 Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. The firearm control card 17 shall be carried by the security guard at all times when he or she is in possession of a concealable weapon permitted 18 19 by his or her firearm control card. For purposes of this 20 subsection, "financial institution" means a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or company providing 21 22 armored car services.

(9) Any person employed by an armored car company to
 drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the
 performance of his duties.

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(10) Persons who have been classified as peace officers

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pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation Act.

(11) Investigators of the Office of the State's
Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of
governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate
Prosecutor to carry weapons pursuant to Section 7.06 of the
State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.

7 (12) Special investigators appointed by a State's
8 Attorney under Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code.

9 (12.5) Probation officers while in the performance of 10 their duties, or while commuting between their homes, 11 places of employment or specific locations that are part of 12 their assigned duties, with the consent of the chief judge 13 of the circuit for which they are employed, if they have 14 received weapons training according to requirements of the 15 Peace Officer and Probation Officer Firearm Training Act.

16 (13) Court Security Officers while in the performance 17 of their official duties, or while commuting between their 18 homes and places of employment, with the consent of the 19 Sheriff.

(13.5) A person employed as an armed security guard at
a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or
facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission
who has completed the background screening and training
mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear
Regulatory Commission.

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(14) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of weapons

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to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through (13.5) of this subsection to possess those weapons.

3 (a-5) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) do not apply 4 to or affect any person carrying a concealed pistol, revolver, 5 or handgun and the person has been issued a currently valid 6 license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act at the time of 7 the commission of the offense.

8 (b) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 9 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:

10 (1) Members of any club or organization organized for 11 the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon 12 established target ranges, whether public or private, and 13 patrons of such ranges, while such members or patrons are 14 using their firearms on those target ranges.

15 (2) Duly authorized military or civil organizations
16 while parading, with the special permission of the
17 Governor.

18 (3) Hunters, trappers or fishermen with a license or
19 permit while engaged in hunting, trapping or fishing.

20 (4) Transportation of weapons that are broken down in a
 21 non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.

(5) Carrying or possessing any pistol, revolver, stun
gun or taser or other firearm on the land or in the legal
dwelling of another person as an invitee with that person's
permission.

(6) A non-resident active duty member of the United

| 1 | States Armed Forces who: |
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| 2 | (A) is eligible to possess and carry a firearm in |
| 3 | public under the laws of his or her state or territory |
| 4 | of residence; |
| 5 | (B) possesses a valid equivalent of an Illinois |
| 6 | Firearm Owner's Identification Card issued by his or |
| 7 | her state or territory of residence if required by his |
| 8 | or her state or territory of residence; |
| 9 | (C) possesses valid military identification; and |
| 10 | (D) complies in the same manner as a licensee under |
| 11 | the Firearm Concealed Carry Act with the prohibitions |
| 12 | under Section 65 (prohibited areas) and subsection (d) |
| 13 | of Section 70 (not under the influence) of that Act. |
| 14 | (c) Subsection 24-1(a)(7) does not apply to or affect any |
| 15 | of the following: |
| 16 | (1) Peace officers while in performance of their |
| 17 | official duties. |
| 18 | (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, |
| 19 | penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the |
| 20 | detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense. |
| 21 | (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of |
| 22 | the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in |
| 23 | the performance of their official duty. |
| 24 | (4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine |
| 25 | guns to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through |
| 26 | (3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the |
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1 2 machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.

(5) Persons licensed under federal law to manufacture 3 any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be 4 5 discharged by a single function of the firing device, or 6 ammunition for such weapons, and actually engaged in the 7 business of manufacturing such weapons or ammunition, but 8 only with respect to activities which are within the lawful 9 such business, such scope of as the manufacture, 10 transportation, or testing of such weapons or ammunition. 11 This exemption does not authorize the general private 12 possession of any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be discharged by a single function of the 13 14 firing device, but only such possession and activities as 15 are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing 16 business described in this paragraph.

During transportation, such weapons shall be broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible.

(6) The manufacture, transport, testing, delivery, transfer or sale, and all lawful commercial or experimental activities necessary thereto, of rifles, shotguns, and weapons made from rifles or shotguns, or ammunition for such rifles, shotguns or weapons, where engaged in by a person operating as a contractor or subcontractor pursuant to a contract or subcontract for the development and supply

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of such rifles, shotguns, weapons or ammunition to the United States government or any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, when such activities are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

5 The exemption granted under this subdivision (c)(6) 6 shall also apply to any authorized agent of any such 7 contractor or subcontractor who is operating within the 8 scope of his employment, where such activities involving 9 such weapon, weapons or ammunition are necessary and 10 incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

11 (7) A person possessing a rifle with a barrel or 12 barrels less than 16 inches in length if: (A) the person 13 has been issued a Curios and Relics license from the U.S. 14 Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives; or (B) 15 the person is an active member of a bona fide, nationally 16 recognized military re-enacting group and the modification 17 is required and necessary to accurately portray the weapon for historical re-enactment purposes; the re-enactor is in 18 19 possession of a valid and current re-enacting group 20 membership credential; and the overall length of the weapon as modified is not less than 26 inches. 21

(d) Subsection 24-1(a)(1) does not apply to the purchase,
possession or carrying of a black-jack or slung-shot by a peace
officer.

(e) Subsection 24-1(a)(8) does not apply to any owner,
 manager or authorized employee of any place specified in that

1 subsection nor to any law enforcement officer.

(f) Subsection 24-1(a)(4) and subsection 24-1(a)(10) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to members of any club or organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or private, while using their firearms on those target ranges.

7 (g) Subsections 24-1(a)(11) and 24-3.1(a)(6) do not apply 8 to:

9 (1) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of 10 the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in 11 the performance of their official duty.

12 (2) Bonafide collectors of antique or surplus military
 13 <u>ordnance</u> ordinance.

14 (3) Laboratories having a department of forensic
 15 ballistics, or specializing in the development of
 16 ammunition or explosive <u>ordnance</u> ordinance.

17 (4) Commerce, preparation, assembly or possession of explosive bullets by manufacturers of ammunition licensed 18 19 by the federal government, in connection with the supply of 20 those organizations and persons exempted by subdivision 21 (g)(1) of this Section, or like organizations and persons 22 outside this State, or the transportation of explosive 23 bullets to any organization or person exempted in this Section by a common carrier or by a vehicle owned or leased 24 25 by an exempted manufacturer.

26 (g-5) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to or affect

persons licensed under federal law to manufacture any device or 1 2 attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm, firearms, or ammunition 3 for those firearms equipped with those devices, and actually 4 5 engaged in the business of manufacturing those devices, firearms, or ammunition, but only with respect to activities 6 7 that are within the lawful scope of that business, such as the 8 manufacture, transportation, or testing of those devices, 9 firearms, or ammunition. This exemption does not authorize the 10 general private possession of any device or attachment of any 11 kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the 12 report of any firearm, but only such possession and activities 13 as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing this 14 business described in subsection (q-5). During 15 transportation, these devices shall be detached from any weapon 16 or not immediately accessible.

17 (g-6) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 18 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any parole agent or parole 19 supervisor who meets the qualifications and conditions 20 prescribed in Section 3-14-1.5 of the Unified Code of 21 Corrections.

(g-7) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to a peace officer while serving as a member of a tactical response team or special operations team. A peace officer may not personally own or apply for ownership of a device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm. These devices shall be owned and
 maintained by lawfully recognized units of government whose
 duties include the investigation of criminal acts.

Subsections 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(8), 4 (q-10) and 5 24-1(a)(10), and Sections 24-1.6 and 24-3.1 do not apply to an athlete's possession, transport on official Olympic 6 and 7 Paralympic transit systems established for athletes, or use of 8 competition firearms sanctioned by the International Olympic 9 Committee, the International Paralympic Committee, the 10 International Shooting Sport Federation, or USA Shooting in 11 connection with such athlete's training for and participation 12 in shooting competitions at the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic 13 Games and sanctioned test events leading up to the 2016 Olympic 14 and Paralympic Games.

(h) An information or indictment based upon a violation of any subsection of this Article need not negative any exemptions contained in this Article. The defendant shall have the burden of proving such an exemption.

19 (i) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or 20 affect the transportation, carrying, or possession, of any pistol or revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm consigned 21 22 to a common carrier operating under license of the State of 23 Illinois or the federal government, where such transportation, 24 carrving, or possession is incident to the lawful 25 transportation in which such common carrier is engaged; and 26 nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or affect the

transportation, carrying, or possession of any pistol, revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm, not the subject of and regulated by subsection 24-1(a) (7) or subsection 24-2(c) of this Article, which is unloaded and enclosed in a case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or other container, by the possessor of a valid Firearm Owners Identification Card. (Source: P.A. 98-63, eff. 7-9-13; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 98-725,

8 eff. 1-1-15; 99-174, eff. 7-29-15; revised 10-6-16.)

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9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon10 becoming law.