

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB0345

by Rep. David McSweeney

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction for corporations in an amount equal to 100% of the portion of the taxpayer's Illinois net income for the taxable year that is earned by the taxpayer as a result of a manufacturing process. Provides that the deduction is exempt from the Act's automatic sunset provision. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base 10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted 11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph 12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 18 19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except 20 dividends of qualified public utilities stock 21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue 22 Code;

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(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in 2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the 3 taxable year;

(C) An amount equal to the amount received during 4 5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real 6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's 7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and 8 for which a deduction was previously taken under 9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or 12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on 13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that 14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property 15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money 22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a 23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on 24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal 25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical 26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 1

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20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

(D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 13 otherwise disposes of property for which the or 14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then 16 amount equal to the aggregate amount of the an 17 deductions in all taxable taken years under 18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 20 the last day of the last tax year for which the 21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount 25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

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modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 4 5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the 8 9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside 10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 13 who would be a member of the same unitary business 14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 17 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 18 19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 20 extent that dividends were included in base income of 21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 24 25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue 26

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following: (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if taxpayer can establish, based on the а preponderance of the evidence, both of the following: (a) the person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest

Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to

whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 20 person did not have as a principal purpose the 21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 24 terms; or

to a person that is not a related member, and

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 13 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 14 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 15 16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards 18 19 by which the Department will utilize its authority 20 under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same

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unitary business group but for the fact that the 1 foreign person's business activity outside the United 2 3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 8 from being included in the unitary business group 9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 10 business income under different subsections of Section 11 304. The addition modification required by this 12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 14 group for the same taxable year and received by the 15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 16 business group (including amounts included in gross 17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under 18 19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect 20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible 21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not 23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under 24 25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this 26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

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includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 1 2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 4 5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from 6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 8 9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible 10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade 11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible 13 assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 18 19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or 21

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following: 1 (a) the person during the same taxable 2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 6 intangible expense or cost between the 7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 13 incurred, directly paid, accrued, or or 14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative 18 19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 21 Director from making any other adjustment 22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

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by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 4 5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary 8 9 business group but for the fact that the person is 10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 11 included in the unitary business group because he or 12 is ordinarily required to apportion business she 13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 14 addition modification required by this subparagraph 15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 16 included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 18 19 (including amounts included in gross income under 20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 26

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modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 4 5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal 6 7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a 8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the 9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the 10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to 11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section 12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after 13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a 14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution 16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a 18 19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under 20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I) adopts and determines that its offering materials 21 22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's 23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable 24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence 25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing 26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

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inform financial intermediaries distributing the program to inform in-state residents of the existence of in-state qualified tuition programs at least annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a 6 7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts 8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term 9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not 10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified 11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective 12 participants in its offering materials or makes a 13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii) 14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the 15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the 16 out-of-state program distributes its offering 17 materials;

(D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after 26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition 1 2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code 3 administered by the State that is not used for eligible 4 qualified expenses at an education 5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund 6 7 that was previously deducted from base income under 8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that 9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the 10 beneficiary's death or disability;

(D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 16 following amounts:

17 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of 18 19 any compensation (including but not limited to any 20 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 21 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 22 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed 23 Forces of the United States and in respect of any 24 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a 25 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing 26 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a

resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training 1 2 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, 3 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or 4 5 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any 6 other state. For taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of any compensation (including but not limited 8 9 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman 10 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 11 resident by reason of being a member of any component 12 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect 13 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who 14 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or 15 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation 16 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of 17 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or, 18 beginning with taxable years ending on or after 19 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other 20 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are 21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
distributions under the provisions of any retirement

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or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

(G) The valuation limitation amount;

(H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

16 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in 17 such total which were paid by a corporation which 18 conducts business operations in а River Edae 19 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 20 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts 21 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge 22 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is 23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
 such total that were paid by a corporation that
 conducts business operations in a federally designated

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Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (K);

7 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
9 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
10 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code;

12 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 13 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of 14 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 15 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 16 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 17 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 18 19 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 20 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 21 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after 22 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 23 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after 24 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 25 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 26 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the

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provisions of Section 250;

2 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 3 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 6 7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 8 9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 10 of bond premium amortization;

11 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a 12 job training project established pursuant to the Tax 13 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

14 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 15 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 16 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 17 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction 18 19 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of 20 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts 21 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

22 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such 23 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in 24 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in 25 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as 26 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

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(R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal orState bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

3 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution 4 5 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a 6 medical care savings account established under the 7 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the 8 9 contribution is accepted by the account administrator 10 as provided in that Act;

(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

(U) For one taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

(V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the

amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed 1 2 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 3 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that 4 5 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the 6 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the 7 8 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the 9 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not 10 exceed the taxable income attributable to that 11 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or 12 S corporation income; except that Subchapter no 13 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the 14 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health 15 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an 16 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The 17 amount of the health insurance and long-term care insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be 18 19 determined by multiplying total health insurance and 20 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer 21 times а number that represents the fractional 22 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 23 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually 24 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

(W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal

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gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 4 5 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 6 extent includible in gross income for federal income 7 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 8 9 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 13 14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 17 during, and immediately after World War II, including, but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 18 19 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 21 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 22 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 23 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 24 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 25 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 26 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall

only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 1 2 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 4 5 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 6 7 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 8 9 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 10 of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 12 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, 13 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College 14 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State 15 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross 16 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal 17 shall considered Revenue Code not be moneys 18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum 20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the 21 22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid 23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from 24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the 25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes

of this subparagraph, contributions made by an employer on behalf of an employee, or matching contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 18 the bonus depreciation deduction;

19(2) for taxable years ending on or before20December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 3021and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by220.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonusdepreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

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basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

(ii) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

8 The amount deducted under this aggregate 9 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 10 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 11 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 12 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 13 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 14 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of 15 Section 250;

(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
or otherwise disposes of property for which the
taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount

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equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

10 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 13 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 14 modification with respect to such transaction under 15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 17 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 18 19 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 21 22 such transaction under Section respect to 23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that 25 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is 26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of 2 the 3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 5 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 6 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 7 8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 10 who would be a member of the same unitary business 11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 14 required to apportion business income under different 15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 16 addition modification required to be made for the same 17 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for taxable year 18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 19 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD) 20 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity

outside the United States is 80% or more of that 1 2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 4 5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 8 9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 10 addition modification required to be made for the same 11 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for 12 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 14 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the 15 provisions of Section 250;

(FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
Section 250; and

(GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
add back any insurance premiums under Section
203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
that part of a reimbursement received from the

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1 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 2 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 3 company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 4 5 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG), 6 7 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 8 9 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph 10 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

11 (b) Corporations.

12 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
13 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
14 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

15 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
16 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
17 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
received from regulated investment companies during
the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

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(C) In the case of a regulated investment company, 1 2 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term 3 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount of the capital gain dividends designated as such in 4 5 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 6 7 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code, attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act 8 9 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing 10 law and is not a new enactment):

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net operating loss carried forward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986;

15 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 16 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 17 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 18 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 19 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), 20 the amount by which addition modifications other than 21 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded 22 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable 23 year, with the following limitations applied in the 24 order that they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to thenet operating loss carried back or forward to the

taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

12 For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other 13 14 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the 15 addition modification provided in this subparagraph 16 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this 17 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year; 18

19 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 20 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 21 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted 22 gross income and for which the corporation claims a 23 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

(E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the

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1 2 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

3 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the 4 5 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 6 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then 7 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 8 deductions taken in all taxable years under 9 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 11 the last day of the last tax year for which the 12 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 13 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 14 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 15 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount 16 equal to that subtraction modification.

17 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 18 modification under this subparagraph only once with 19 respect to any one piece of property;

20 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 21 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 23 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 24 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 25 member of the same unitary business group but for the 26 fact the foreign person's business activity outside

the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 1 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 2 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 4 5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 8 9 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 10 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 11 extent that dividends were included in base income of 12 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 13 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 14 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 15 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 16 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 17 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 18 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 19 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 20 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
is subject in a foreign country or state, other
than a state which requires mandatory unitary
reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income

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with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

7 (a) the person, during the same taxable
8 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
9 to a person that is not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 11 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 12 person did not have as a principal purpose the 13 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 14 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 15 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 16 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or

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if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 4 5 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 6 7 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 8 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 10 and such regulations provide methods and standards 11 by which the Department will utilize its authority 12 under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 14 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 15 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 16 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 17 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same 18 19 unitary business group but for the fact that the 20 foreign person's business activity outside the United 21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 22 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 23 24 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 25 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 26 from being included in the unitary business group

because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 1 2 business income under different subsections of Section 3 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 4 5 dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the 6 7 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 8 business group (including amounts included in gross 9 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 10 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 11 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 12 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 13 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 14 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 15 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 16 dividends caused а reduction to the addition 17 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 18 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 19 20 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 21 22 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 23 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 24 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 25 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 26 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other

similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
 similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 9 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is 10 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 11 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 12 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect 13 to such item; or

14 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 16 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 17 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 18 following:

19(a) the person during the same taxable20year paid, accrued, or incurred, the21intangible expense or cost to a person that is22not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the
intangible expense or cost between the
taxpayer and the person did not have as a
principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois

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income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 4 5 accrued, or incurred, directly paid, or 6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 7 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 8 9 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 10 writing to the application or use of an alternative 11 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 13 Director from making any other adjustment 14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 18 and such regulations provide methods and standards 19 by which the Department will utilize its authority 20 under Section 404 of this Act;

(E-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary

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1 business group but for the fact that the person is 2 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 3 included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business 4 5 income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph 6 7 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the 8 9 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under 11 12 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 13 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 14 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 15 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 16 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 17 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 18 19 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or 20 Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

(E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

(E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

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1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 3 Act;

4 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 5 following amounts:

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to any amount included in such total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(H) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders for the taxable year;

16 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 17 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 18 19 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 20 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal 21 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to 22 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 23 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for 24 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 25 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 26 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,

for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011, 1 2 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3) 3 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount 4 5 included in gross income under Section 87 of the 6 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of 7 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in 8 9 the case of a life insurance company with gross income from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or 10 11 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in 12 the case of a life insurance company allowed a 13 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax 14 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt 15 from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 17 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 18 19 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 20 United States; provided that, in the case of any 21 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 22 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 23 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 24 of bond premium amortization;

25 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in26 such total which were paid by a corporation which

1 conducts business operations in а River Edge 2 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 3 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment 4 5 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 6

7 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in 8 such total that were paid by a corporation that 9 conducts business operations in a federally designated 10 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 11 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 12 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 13 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection 14 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 15 this subparagraph (L);

16 For any taxpayer that is а financial (M) 17 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 18 19 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 20 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 21 property which is eligible for the River Edge 22 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the 23 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the 24 25 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or 26 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be

divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment 1 2 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using 3 for this purpose the original basis of such property on the date that it was placed in service in the River 4 5 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification 6 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection 7 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the 8 9 eligible property as calculated under the previous 10 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the 11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial 13 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 14 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 15 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 16 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 17 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan 18 19 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 20 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the 21 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 22 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 23 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit 24 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 25 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 26 date that it was placed in service in a federally

1 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in 2 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the 3 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the 4 5 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The 6 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any 7 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower with respect to 8 9 such loan attributable to the eligible property as 10 calculated under the previous sentence;

11 (N) Two times any contribution made during the 12 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the 13 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as а 14 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of 15 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, 16 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the 17 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under 18 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under 19 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act. 20 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 21

(0) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
equal to the percentage allowable under Section
24 (a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the

1 amount by which dividends included in taxable income 2 and received from a corporation that is not created or 3 organized under the laws of the United States or any state or political subdivision thereof, including, for 4 5 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 6 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 7 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification 8 9 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of 10 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends, 11 and including, for taxable years ending on or after 12 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the 13 14 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income 15 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed 16 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 17 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including, 18 19 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, 20 dividends received from а captive real estate 21 investment trust, from any such corporation specified 22 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of 23 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be 24 treated as a member of the affiliated group which 25 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of 26 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of

paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

7 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
8 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
9 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
10 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
11 the Internal Revenue Code;

12 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an 13 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under 14 15 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 16 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the 17 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or 18 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the 19 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that 20 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal 21 22 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of 23 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 24

(S) For taxable years ending on or after December
31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an

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amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a 1 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax 2 3 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 4 5 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 6 7 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the Code. provisions of Section 250; 8

9 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 10 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 11 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 12 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 13 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 14 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

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(3) for taxable years ending after December

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31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

7 (ii) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 1.0.

11 The aggregate amount deducted under this 12 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 13 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 14 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 15 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 16 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 17 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

(U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
was required in any taxable year to make an addition
modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 1 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
2 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
3 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
4 equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of 11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 13 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 14 modification with respect to such transaction under 15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 17 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 18 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 19 20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 21 22 such transaction under Section respect to 23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 25 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken 26

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1 into account for the taxable year with respect to a 2 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an 3 addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section 4 5 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section 6 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that 7 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 8

9 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken 10 into account for the taxable year (net of the 11 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 12 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 14 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 15 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 18 19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 22 required to apportion business income under different 23 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 24 addition modification required to be made for the same 25 Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) taxable year under for 26 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

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indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net 4 5 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 6 7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 8 9 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 12 who would be a member of the same unitary business 13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 16 required to apportion business income under different 17 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 18 19 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for 20 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 22 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the 23 provisions of Section 250;

(Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
add back any insurance premiums under Section

203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 1 2 that part of a reimbursement received from the 3 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 4 5 company) that would have been taken into account as a 6 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 7 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 8 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the 9 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 10 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 11 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph 12 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

13 difference between the nondeductible (Z) The 14 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section 15 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable 16 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to 17 Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and without regard to any net operating loss deduction. 18 19 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of 20 Section 250; and -

21 <u>(AA) An amount equal to 100% of the portion of the</u> 22 <u>taxpayer's Illinois net income for the taxable year,</u> 23 <u>calculated without regard to this subparagraph (AA),</u> 24 <u>that is earned by the taxpayer as a result of a</u> 25 <u>manufacturing process, as defined in Section 2-45 of</u> 26 <u>the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. This subparagraph</u> 1 (AA) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250. 2 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A), 3 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior 4 5 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment 6 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in 7 8 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the 9 Internal Revenue Code.

10 (c) Trusts and estates.

(1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

14 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
15 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
16 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
17 following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
in the computation of taxable income;

(B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
trust which, under its governing instrument, is
required to distribute all of its income currently,
\$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such

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case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in the computation of taxable income;

(C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

6 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction 7 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net 8 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year 9 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

10 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 11 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 12 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 13 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 14 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), 15 the amount by which addition modifications other than 16 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded 17 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that 18 19 they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to the
net operating loss carried back or forward to the
taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
which related to that net operating loss and which
was taken into account in calculating the base

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income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

7 For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other 8 9 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the 10 addition modification provided in this subparagraph 11 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed 12 independently under the preceding provisions of this 13 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 15 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to 16 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust 17 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the 18 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this 19 Act;

(G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
computation of taxable income;

(G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted

1 2 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

3 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 4 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 6 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 7 Internal Revenue Code; and

8 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 10 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 11 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then 12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 13 deductions taken all in taxable years under 14 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 16 the last day of the last tax year for which the 17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 19 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 20 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount 21 equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

25 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
 26 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 1 2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the 4 5 fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 6 7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 8 9 who would be a member of the same unitary business 10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 13 required to apportion business income under different 14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 16 extent that dividends were included in base income of 17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 21 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 24 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 25 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

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1 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 6 with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 11 following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 17 person did not have as a principal purpose the 18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 21 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
terms and the principal purpose for the payment is

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not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 10 Director from making any other adjustment 11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 15 and such regulations provide methods and standards 16 by which the Department will utilize its authority 17 under Section 404 of this Act:

(G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 18 19 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 20 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 21 22 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 23 foreign person who would be a member of the same 24 unitary business group but for the fact that the 25 foreign person's business activity outside the United 26 States is 80% or more of that person's total business

1 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 2 3 the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 4 5 from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 6 7 business income under different subsections of Section 8 304. The addition modification required by this 9 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 10 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 11 group for the same taxable year and received by the 12 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 13 business group (including amounts included in gross 14 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 16 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 17 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 18 19 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 20 dividends 21 caused а reduction to the addition 22 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 23 24 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)25 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the 26 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or

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management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other 1 2 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses 3 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, 4 5 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For 6 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" 7 includes patents, patent applications, trade names, 8 9 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, 10 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 13 incurred, directly paid, accrued, or or 14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is 15 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 16 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 17 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or 18

19 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 21 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 22 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 23 following:

(a) the person during the same taxable
year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
intangible expense or cost to a person that is

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not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 3 intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a 4 5 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 6 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 7 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 8 or

9 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directlv or 11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 12 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 13 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 14 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 15 writing to the application or use of an alternative 16 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 18 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 19 20 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 21 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 22 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 23 and such regulations provide methods and standards 24 by which the Department will utilize its authority 25 under Section 404 of this Act;

26 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after

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December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 1 2 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 3 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 4 5 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 6 business group but for the fact that the person is 7 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or 8 9 she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The 10 11 addition modification required by this subparagraph 12 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 13 included in base income of the unitary group for the 14 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 16 (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 17 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 18 19 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 20 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 21 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 22 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that 23 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 24 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or 25 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

(G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

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the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;

4 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 5 following amounts:

6 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 7 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the 8 9 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as 10 distributions under the provisions of any retirement 11 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 12 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net 13 14 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant 16 thereto;

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

(J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

(K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
(C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
treaties or statutes of the United States; provided

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that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

6 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 7 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 8 9 171(a) (2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 10 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 11 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the 12 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 13 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 14 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 15 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after 16 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 17 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 18 19 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 20 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 21

(M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
 such total which were paid by a corporation which
 conducts business operations in a River Edge
 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially

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all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

7 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that 8 9 conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 10 11 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 12 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 13 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 14 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 15 this subparagraph (0);

16 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 17 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 18 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 19 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 20 the Internal Revenue Code;

(Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis

regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 1 2 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 3 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 4 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 5 6 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 7 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including, 8 9 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 10 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 11 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 12 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 13 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 14 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 15 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 16 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 17 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 18 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 19 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 21 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 22 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 23 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 24 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 25 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 26 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions

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of Section 250;

(R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

8 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 9 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 10 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 11 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 12 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 13 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 14 the bonus depreciation deduction;

15 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
16 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
17 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
18 0.429); and

19 (3) for taxable years ending after December20 31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

26 (ii) for property on which a

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depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

The amount deducted under this 4 aggregate 5 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 6 7 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 8 9 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 10 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of 11 Section 250;

(S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

17 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 18 the last day of the last tax year for which the 19 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 20 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 21 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 22 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount 23 equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

1 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the 2 provisions of Section 250;

3 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 4 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 5 6 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 7 modification with respect to such transaction under 8 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 9 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 10 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 11 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 12 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 13 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 14 under 15 respect to such transaction Section 16 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 17 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt 18 19 from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken 21 into account for the taxable year (net of the 22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 25 fact the foreign person's business activity the outside the United States is 80% or more of that 26

person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 2 3 who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 4 5 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 6 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 7 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 8 9 addition modification required to be made for the same 10 taxable vear under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12)for 11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 12 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U) 13 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

14 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible 15 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 16 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 17 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 18 19 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 20 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 21 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 23 who would be a member of the same unitary business 24 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 25 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 26 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily

required to apportion business income under different 1 2 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 3 under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) 4 taxable vear for 5 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 6 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the 7 8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to 10 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the 11 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code 12 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the 13 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation 14 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from 15 Section 250;

16 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such 17 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax 18 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back 19 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is 20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

(Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
add back any insurance premiums under Section
203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
that part of a reimbursement received from the
insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or

1 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 2 company) that would have been taken into account as a 3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 4 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the 5 6 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 7 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph 8 9 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

10 (3)Limitation. The amount of any modification 11 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under 12 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by any amounts included therein which were properly paid, 13 14 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set 15 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue 16 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

17 (d) Partnerships.

18 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
19 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
20 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 of the following amounts:

24 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
25 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the

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taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for the taxable year;

6 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the 7 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal 8 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

9 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 10 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 11 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 12 computation of taxable income;

13 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 14 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 15 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 16 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 17 Internal Revenue Code;

(D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 18 19 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 20 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 21 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then 22 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions 23 taken all in taxable years under 24 subparagraph (0) with respect to that property.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 26 the last day of the last tax year for which the 1 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 2 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 3 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 4 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount 5 equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

9 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 10 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 12 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 13 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 14 member of the same unitary business group but for the 15 fact the foreign person's business activity outside 16 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 18 19 who would be a member of the same unitary business 20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 23 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 24 25 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of 26

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the unitary group for the same taxable year and 1 2 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 3 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 4 5 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the 6 7 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 8 9 incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to theinterest expense between the taxpayer and the

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1person did not have as a principal purpose the2avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid3pursuant to a contract or agreement that4reflects an arm's-length interest rate and

terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 20 any other Director from making adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 21 22 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 23 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 24 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 25 and such regulations provide methods and standards 26 by which the Department will utilize its authority

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under Section 404 of this Act; and

2 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 3 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 4 5 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 6 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same 7 8 unitary business group but for the fact that the 9 foreign person's business activity outside the United 10 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 11 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 12 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 13 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 14 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 15 from being included in the unitary business group 16 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 17 business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this 18 19 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 20 dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the 21 22 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 23 business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 24 25 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 26

with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 1 2 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 3 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 4 5 dividends caused a reduction to the addition 6 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of 7 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 8 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 9 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 10 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 11 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 12 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 13 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 14 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 15 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 16 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 17 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 18 19 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 20 similar types of intangible assets;

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,

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to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

8 (a) the person during the same taxable 9 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 10 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 11 not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 13 intangible expense or cost between the 14 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 15 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 16 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 17 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 18 or

19 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 22 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 23 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 24 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 25 writing to the application or use of an alternative 26 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 1 2 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 4 5 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 6 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 7 and such regulations provide methods and standards 8 by which the Department will utilize its authority 9 under Section 404 of this Act:

10 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December 11 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance 12 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 13 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 14 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 15 person who would be a member of the same unitary 16 business group but for the fact that the person is 17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 18 included in the unitary business group because he or 19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 20 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 21 addition modification required by this subparagraph 22 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 23 included in base income of the unitary group for the 24 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 26 (including amounts included in gross income under

Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 1 2 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 3 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 4 5 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that 6 7 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or 8 9 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

10 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 11 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 12 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 13 Act;

14 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following 15 amounts:

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(E) The valuation limitation amount;

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
(C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
statute of this State that exempts income derived from

bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
 of bond premium amortization;

income of the partnership 4 (H) Anv which 5 constitutes personal service income as defined in Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as 6 7 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered 8 9 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater; 10 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of 11 Section 250;

12 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income 13 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal 14 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by 15 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act 16 including amounts distributable to organizations 17 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph 18 19 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years

ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 1 2 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 3 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 4 5 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after 6 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 7 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the 8 9 provisions of Section 250;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 10 11 such total which were paid by a corporation which 12 conducts business operations in а River Edge 13 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 14 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 15 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment 16 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the 17 provisions of Section 250;

(L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Real
Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

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subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M);

4 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 5 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 6 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 7 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 8 the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (0) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 10 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 11 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 12 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 13 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 14 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

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(3) for taxable years ending after December

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(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

7 (ii) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 1.0.

11 The aggregate amount deducted under this 12 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 13 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 14 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 15 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 16 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 17 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

(P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
was required in any taxable year to make an addition
modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 1 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
2 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
3 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
4 equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 13 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 14 modification with respect to such transaction under 15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 17 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 18 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 19 20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 21 22 such transaction under Section respect to 23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 25 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt 26 from Section 250;

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1 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken 2 into account for the taxable year (net of the 3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 4 5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 6 7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 8 9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 10 who would be a member of the same unitary business 11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 14 required to apportion business income under different 15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 16 addition modification required to be made for the same 17 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest 18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 19 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from 20 Section 250;

(S) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity

outside the United States is 80% or more of that 1 2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 4 5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 8 required to apportion business income under different 9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 10 addition modification required to be made for the same 11 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for 12 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. 14 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

15 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December 16 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 17 insurance premiums under add back any Section 18 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 19 that part of a reimbursement received from the 20 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 21 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 22 company) that would have been taken into account as a 23 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 24 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 25 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the 26 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back

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to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

(e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

5 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section 6 7 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall 8 9 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or 10 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax 11 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 12 13 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after 14 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from 15 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable 16 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess 17 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 18 19 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to 20 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in 21 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as 22 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), 24 25 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition

modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph 1 2 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or 3 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an 4 5 addition modification must be made under those 6 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the 7 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is 8 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or 9 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 10 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal 11 Revenue Code.

12 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
13 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
14 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

15 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case 16 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed 17 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of 18 19 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus 20 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the Internal Revenue Code; 21

(B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
insurance company taxable income;

26 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of

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a regulated investment company subject to the tax imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, investment company taxable income;

4 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a 5 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed 6 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real 7 estate investment trust taxable income;

8 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a 9 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated income tax return 10 11 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, 12 taxable income determined as if such corporation had 13 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes 14 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year 15 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For 16 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate 17 taxable income shall be determined as if the election provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue 18 19 Code had been in effect for all such years;

(F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative 20 21 corporation or association, the taxable income of such 22 organization determined in accordance with the 23 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal 24 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition 25 against offsetting losses from patronage activities 26 against income from nonpatronage activities; except

1 that a cooperative corporation or association may make an election to follow its federal income tax treatment 2 3 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is made, such losses shall be 4 5 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with of Section 207 of this Act and 6 subsection (a) 7 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed 8 9 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred. 10 The election shall be effective for all taxable years 11 with original returns due on or after the date of the 12 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an 13 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act, 14 to provide that the election shall be effective for 15 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years 16 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made, 17 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting 18 19 forth requirements for documenting the elections and 20 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be 21 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke 22 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of 23 existing law;

(G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of

the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such 1 corporation determined in accordance with Section 2 3 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items 4 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 5 6 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) 7 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the 8 9 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied 10 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in 11 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such 12 corporation determined in accordance with the federal 13 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

(H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
taxable income determined in accordance with Section
703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
income shall take into account those items which are
required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
but which would be taken into account by an individual
in calculating his taxable income.

(3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or business has been classified as business income and in a later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later - 93 - LRB100 04323 HLH 14329 b

year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 1 2 related to that asset or business that generated the 3 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as business income in the year of the disposition of the asset 4 5 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois 6 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed 7 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the 8 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions 9 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for 10 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding 11 taxable years.

12 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

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(1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and

(d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

(A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

(B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the

taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of such gain included in the amount determined under subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

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(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

5 (A) If the fair market value of property referred 6 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August 7 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for 8 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such 9 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for 10 determining gain) for such property on that date 11 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in 12 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized 13 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in 14 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of 15 such property.

16 (B) If the fair market value of property referred 17 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 18 19 amount for such property is that amount which bears the 20 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the 21 property for federal income tax purposes for the 22 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in 23 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 24 25 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding 26 period for the property.

1 (C) The Department shall prescribe such 2 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the 3 purposes of this paragraph.

4 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
5 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
6 to be deducted more than once.

7 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by 8 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on 9 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into 10 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or 11 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable 12 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the 13 computation of base income and net income under this Act for 14 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of 15 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

16 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198, 17 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09; 18 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff. 19 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507, 20 eff. 8-23-11; 97-905, eff. 8-7-12.)

21 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 22 becoming law.