

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 HB0280

by Rep. Martin J. Moylan

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

725 ILCS	5/112A-4	from	Ch.	38,	par.	112A-4
725 ILCS	5/112A-20	from	Ch.	38,	par.	112A-20
750 ILCS	60/201	from	Ch.	40,	par.	2312-1
750 ILCS	60/220	from	Ch.	40,	par.	2312-20

Amends the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 and the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986. Provides that a petition for an order of protection may be filed by the State's Attorney on behalf of a person who has been abused by a family or household member. Provides that the court may, on its own motion, on behalf of a person who has been abused by a family or household member issue an order of protection. Lengthens duration of plenary order of protection in a criminal case to no longer than 10 years after sentence completion (rather than 2 years).

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1 AN ACT concerning orders of protection.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is amended by changing Sections 112A-4 and 112A-20 as follows:
- 6 (725 ILCS 5/112A-4) (from Ch. 38, par. 112A-4)
- 7 Sec. 112A-4. Persons protected by this article.
- 8 (a) The following persons are protected by this Article:
- 9 (i) any person abused by a family or household member;
- 10 (ii) any minor child or dependent adult in the care of such person; and
- 12 (iii) any person residing or employed at a private home
 13 or public shelter which is housing an abused family or
 14 household member.
- 15 (b) A petition for an order of protection may be filed only
 16 by:
- 17 <u>(1)</u> a person who has been abused by a family or household member;
 - (2) or by any person on behalf of a minor child or an adult who has been abused by a family or household member and who, because of age, health, disability, or inaccessibility, cannot file the petition; or
- 23 (3) the State's Attorney on behalf of a person who has

- 1 been abused by a family or household member.
- 2 However, any petition properly filed under this Article may
- 3 seek protection for any additional persons protected by this
- 4 Article.
- 5 (c) The court may, on its own motion, on behalf of a person
- 6 who has been abused by a family or household member issue an
- 7 order of protection under this Article.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 87-1186.)
- 9 (725 ILCS 5/112A-20) (from Ch. 38, par. 112A-20)
- 10 Sec. 112A-20. Duration and extension of orders.
- 11 (a) Duration of emergency and interim orders. Unless
- re-opened or extended or voided by entry of an order of greater
- 13 duration:
- 14 (1) Emergency orders issued under Section 112A-17
- shall be effective for not less than 14 nor more than 21
- 16 days;
- 17 (2) Interim orders shall be effective for up to 30
- days.
- 19 (b) Duration of plenary orders. Except as otherwise
- 20 provided in this Section, a plenary order of protection shall
- 21 be valid for a fixed period of time not to exceed 2 years. A
- 22 plenary order of protection entered in conjunction with a
- 23 criminal prosecution shall remain in effect as follows:
- 24 (1) if entered during pre-trial release, until
- disposition, withdrawal, or dismissal of the underlying

- charge; if, however, the case is continued as an independent cause of action, the order's duration may be for a fixed period of time not to exceed 2 years;
 - (2) if in effect in conjunction with a bond forfeiture warrant, until final disposition or an additional period of time not exceeding 2 years; no order of protection, however, shall be terminated by a dismissal that is accompanied by the issuance of a bond forfeiture warrant;
 - (3) until expiration of any supervision, conditional discharge, probation, periodic imprisonment, parole, aftercare release, or mandatory supervised release and for an additional period of time thereafter not exceeding $\underline{10}$ $\underline{2}$ years; or
 - (4) until the date set by the court for expiration of any sentence of imprisonment and subsequent parole, aftercare release, or mandatory supervised release and for an additional period of time thereafter not exceeding $\underline{10}$ $\underline{2}$ years.
- (c) Computation of time. The duration of an order of protection shall not be reduced by the duration of any prior order of protection.
- (d) Law enforcement records. When a plenary order of protection expires upon the occurrence of a specified event, rather than upon a specified date as provided in subsection (b), no expiration date shall be entered in Department of State Police records. To remove the plenary order from those records,

- either party shall request the clerk of the court to file a certified copy of an order stating that the specified event has occurred or that the plenary order has been vacated or modified with the sheriff, and the sheriff shall direct that law enforcement records shall be promptly corrected in accordance with the filed order.
 - (e) Extension of Orders. Any emergency, interim or plenary order of protection may be extended one or more times, as required, provided that the requirements of Section 112A-17, 112A-18 or 112A-19, as appropriate, are satisfied. If the motion for extension is uncontested and petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be extended on the basis of petitioner's motion or affidavit stating that there has been no material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the order and stating the reason for the requested extension. An extension of a plenary order of protection may be granted, upon good cause shown, to remain in effect until the order of protection is vacated or modified. Extensions may be granted only in open court and not under the provisions of Section 112A-17(c), which applies only when the court is unavailable at the close of business or on a court holiday.
 - (f) Termination date. Any order of protection which would expire on a court holiday shall instead expire at the close of the next court business day.
 - (g) Statement of purpose. The practice of dismissing or suspending a criminal prosecution in exchange for issuing an

- order of protection undermines the purposes of this Article.
- 2 This Section shall not be construed as encouraging that
- 3 practice.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 98-558, eff. 1-1-14.)
- 5 Section 10. The Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 is
- 6 amended by changing Sections 201 and 220 as follows:
- 7 (750 ILCS 60/201) (from Ch. 40, par. 2312-1)
- 8 Sec. 201. Persons protected by this Act.
- 9 (a) The following persons are protected by this Act:
- 10 (i) any person abused by a family or household member;
- 11 (ii) any high-risk adult with disabilities who is
- abused, neglected, or exploited by a family or household
- member;
- 14 (iii) any minor child or dependent adult in the care of
- such person; and
- 16 (iv) any person residing or employed at a private home
- or public shelter which is housing an abused family or
- 18 household member.
- 19 (b) A petition for an order of protection may be filed
- 20 only: (i) by a person who has been abused by a family or
- 21 household member or by any person on behalf of a minor child or
- an adult who has been abused by a family or household member
- 23 and who, because of age, health, disability, or
- 24 inaccessibility, cannot file the petition, or (ii) by any

- 1 person on behalf of a high-risk adult with disabilities who has
- been abused, neglected, or exploited by a family or household
- 3 member, or (iii) by the State's Attorney on behalf of a person
- 4 who has been abused by a family or household member.
- 5 However, any petition properly filed under this Act may
- 6 seek protection for any additional persons protected by this
- 7 Act.
- 8 (c) The court may, on its own motion, on behalf of a person
- 9 who has been abused by a family or household member issue an
- order of protection under this Act.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 86-542; 87-1186.)
- 12 (750 ILCS 60/220) (from Ch. 40, par. 2312-20)
- 13 Sec. 220. Duration and extension of orders.
- 14 (a) Duration of emergency and interim orders. Unless
- re-opened or extended or voided by entry of an order of greater
- 16 duration:
- 17 (1) Emergency orders issued under Section 217 shall be
- effective for not less than 14 nor more than 21 days;
- 19 (2) Interim orders shall be effective for up to 30
- days.
- 21 (b) Duration of plenary orders. Except as otherwise
- 22 provided in this Section, a plenary order of protection shall
- 23 be valid for a fixed period of time, not to exceed two years.
- 24 (1) A plenary order of protection entered in
- conjunction with another civil proceeding shall remain in

1 effect as follows

- (i) if entered as preliminary relief in that other proceeding, until entry of final judgment in that other proceeding;
 - (ii) if incorporated into the final judgment in that other proceeding, until the order of protection is vacated or modified; or
 - (iii) if incorporated in an order for involuntary commitment, until termination of both the involuntary commitment and any voluntary commitment, or for a fixed period of time not exceeding 2 years.
- (2) A plenary order of protection entered in conjunction with a criminal prosecution shall remain in effect as follows:
 - (i) if entered during pre-trial release, until disposition, withdrawal, or dismissal of the underlying charge; if, however, the case is continued as an independent cause of action, the order's duration may be for a fixed period of time not to exceed 2 years;
 - (ii) if in effect in conjunction with a bond forfeiture warrant, until final disposition or an additional period of time not exceeding 2 years; no order of protection, however, shall be terminated by a dismissal that is accompanied by the issuance of a bond forfeiture warrant;

1	(iii)	until	expiration	of	any	supervis	sion,
2	conditional	dis	charge,	proba	ation,	peri	iodic
3	imprisonmer	ıt, parol	.e, afterca:	re rel	ease,	or manda	atory
4	supervised	release a	and for an a	additi	onal p	eriod of	time
5	thereafter	not exce	eding <u>10</u> 2	years;	or		

- (iv) until the date set by the court for expiration of any sentence of imprisonment and subsequent parole, aftercare release, or mandatory supervised release and for an additional period of time thereafter not exceeding 10 $\frac{2}{2}$ years.
- (c) Computation of time. The duration of an order of protection shall not be reduced by the duration of any prior order of protection.
- (d) Law enforcement records. When a plenary order of protection expires upon the occurrence of a specified event, rather than upon a specified date as provided in subsection (b), no expiration date shall be entered in Department of State Police records. To remove the plenary order from those records, either party shall request the clerk of the court to file a certified copy of an order stating that the specified event has occurred or that the plenary order has been vacated or modified with the Sheriff, and the Sheriff shall direct that law enforcement records shall be promptly corrected in accordance with the filed order.
- (e) Extension of orders. Any emergency, interim or plenary order may be extended one or more times, as required, provided

that the requirements of Section 217, 218 or 219, as appropriate, are satisfied. If the motion for extension is uncontested and petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be extended on the basis of petitioner's motion or affidavit stating that there has been no material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the order and stating the reason for the requested extension. An extension of a plenary order of protection may be granted, upon good cause shown, to remain in effect until the order of protection is vacated or modified. Extensions may be granted only in open court and not under the provisions of subsection (c) of Section 217, which applies only when the court is unavailable at the close of business or on a court holiday.

- (f) Termination date. Any order of protection which would expire on a court holiday shall instead expire at the close of the next court business day.
- (g) Statement of purpose. The practice of dismissing or suspending a criminal prosecution in exchange for the issuance of an order of protection undermines the purposes of this Act. This Section shall not be construed as encouraging that practice.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 98-558, eff. 1-1-14.)