

Doorkeeper: "Attention Members of the House of Representatives, the House will convene in 15 minutes."

Doorkeeper: "All persons not entitled to the House floor, please retire to the gallery. Attention Members of the House of Representatives, the House will convene in 5 minutes."

Speaker Redmond: "House will come to order. Members please be in their seats. Be led in prayer by Reverend Krueger, the House Chaplain."

Reverend Krueger: "In the name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, Amen. O Lord, Bless this House with Thy service this day. Amen. In the Book of Proverbs, Chapter 4, Verse 7, it is written, 'wisdom is the principle thing, therefore, get wisdom. And with all Thy getting, get understanding.' Let us pray. O Mighty God, the fountain of all knowledge and wisdom, we thank Thee for endowing us with the ability to think, to learn, and to reason. Above all Thy creation, Thou hast placed mankind. Help us, O Lord, as Members of this House of Representatives to use these gifts as prudent custodians that we may be enriched in the knowledge and wisdom to better enable us to understand the needs of the people in the State of Illinois and to provide such legislation that will help to realize Thy will. Through Jesus Christ, Our Lord, Amen."

Speaker Redmond: "Consent Calendar, Third Reading, Second Day. They're here. They're distributed on the Democratic side."

Clerk O'Brien: "Consent Calendar, Third Reading, Second Day. Senate Bill 95. A Bill for an Act to amend the Probate Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 98. A Bill for an Act to amend the Public Aid Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 99. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Public Aid Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 100. A Bill for an Act to amend the Public Aid Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 101. A Bill for an Act to amend Section of an Act to regulate



the granting of assistance to injured war veterans and their families, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 102. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act creating the Illinois Department of Veteran's Affairs, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 105. A Bill for an Act to provide for the burial of a certain deceased soldiers, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 107. A Bill for an Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 108. A Bill for an Act to amend the Unified Code of Corrections, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 109. A Bill for an Act to amend the Dram Shop Act, Second Reading of the Bill, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 111. A Bill for an Act to amend the Structural Work Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 112. A Bill for an Act to amend Section of an Act relating to alcoholic liquor, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 115. A Bill for an Act to amend the Industrial Building Revenue Bond Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 117. A Bill for an Act to amend the Vehicle Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 118. A Bill for an Act to amend the Unified Partnership Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 120. A Bill for an Act to protect workers in the general public from injury or death doing construction or repair of bridges and highways, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 121. A Bill for an Act to provide assistance to Veterans in acquiring housing, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 126. A Bill for an Act to amend the Public Aid Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 130. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act concerning discrimination in war defense contracts, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 120. A Bill for an Act to amend Conveyance Act, Third Reading of the Bill. That was Senate Bill 130, and then Senate Bill 140. Senate Bill 141. A Bill for an Act to amend the Criminal Jurisprudence Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 169. A Bill



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for an Act to amend the Park District Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 201. A Bill for an Act in relation to compensation of Members of the General Assembly, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 231. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to designate a day to be observed as Senior Citizens Day, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 239. A Bill for an Act making Casimir Pulaski's' birthday a holiday, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 450. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 474. A Bill for an Act to amend the Park District Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 590. A Bill for an Act to amend the Capital Development Board Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 9... 594. A Bill for an Act to increase the rate of interest on judgment, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill...

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan, for what purpose do you rise?"

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I am somewhat perplexed as to how these Bills got on the Consent Calendar when they were on Second Reading last Friday. Can you answer that for me, Mr. Speaker? How did they get to the Consent Calendar? How did they get to the Consent Calendar, then?"

Speaker Redmond: "They were on Consent Calendar Third Reading, First Day, Friday. Page 17 in your Friday Calendar. Proceed, Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 606. A Bill for an Act to amend the Capital Development Board Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 641. A Bill for an Act authorizing Department of Transportation to sell and convey certain land located in Rock Island County, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 673. A Bill for an Act to amend the Slaughter Livestock Buyers Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 692. A Bill for an Act to amend the Medical Practice Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 715. A Bill for an Act to amend the Civil Administrative



Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate 717. A Bill for an Act to amend the Licensing and Regulating Detectives and Detective Agencies Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 741. A Bill for an Act authorizing Capital Development Board to convey certain real property in Jersey County, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 778. A Bill for an Act to vacate an easement in St. Clair County, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 900. A Bill for an Act to create the General Assembly Library Study Commission, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 908. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 926. A Bill for an Act to amend the Children and Family Services Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 932. A Bill for an Act to vacate a highway easement in Clark County, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 933. A Bill for an Act to vacate a highway easement in Clark County, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1089. A Bill for an Act in relation to the acquisition, improvement, and protection of state parks and nature preserves, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1090. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act in relation to state finance, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1096. A Bill for an Act authorizing the Department of Transportation to sell, transfer, and convey certain state-owned land located in DuPage County, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1119. A Bill for an Act to amend the Pension Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1122. A Bill for an Act validating certain appropriation Bills and tax levy ordinances in Cook County, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1123. A Bill for an Act validating certain appropriations and tax levy ordinances for forest preserve districts, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1129. A Bill for an Act to amend the State Comptroller Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1164. A Bill for an Act to amend the Medical Practice Act, Third Reading of the Bill.

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Senate Bill 1197. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act provide for the organization, ownership, management, and control of cemetery association, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1204. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1257. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act in relation to Licensing of Dairy Plant Operators, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1297. A Bill for an Act to amend the Capital Development Board Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1300. A Bill for an Act to amend the Pension Impact Note Act, Third Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1329. A Bill for an Act to amend Acts relating to butter substitutes, Third Reading of the Bill. And Senate Bill 1330. A Bill for an Act to amend Waterwell Pump Installation Contractor's License Act, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Constitutional Amendments, Third Reading."

Doorkeeper: "All persons not entitled to the House floor, please retire to the gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker, I believe that there was an announcement made by the doorkeeper that all unauthorized personnel remove yourselves from the floor."

Speaker Redmond: "There was."

Lechowicz: "Will he kindly enforce that rule?"

Speaker Redmond: "Do you see anyone on the floor that shouldn't be here, Representative Lechowicz?"

Lechowicz: "I believe it's to the Membership and to the people who are authorized by the Speaker."

Clerk Hall: "House Joint Resolution, Constitutional Amendment # 29. Resolved by the House of Representatives that the 80th General Assembly of the State of Illinois that the Senate concurring herein, that there...that there shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution a proposition to amend Section 6 of article IV, of the Constitution to read as follows:



Section 6. 'Exemptions from Property Taxations. The General Assembly by law may exempt from taxation only the property of the state, units of local government, and school district, and property used exclusively for veterans organizations, agriculture and horticulture societies, and for school, religious, cemetery, or charitable purposes. The General Assembly by law may grant homestead exemptions or rent credits.' Third Reading of the Constitutional Amendment.

House Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment #22, resolved by the House of Representatives in the 80th General Assembly of the State of Illinois. The Senate concurring herein that there shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the general election next occurring at least 6 months after the adoption of this resolution a proposition to amend Article IX of the Constitution by adding Section 11 thereto and add...the added Section to read as follows: Article IX, Section 11... House Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment # 22, resolved by the House of Representatives in the State of Illinois, 80th General Assembly. The Senate concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this resolution a proposition to amend Article IX, of the Constitution by adding Section 11 thereto. The added Section to read as follows: Article IX, Section 11. 'Limitations on the Total of State Taxes and Shared Committed to Local Governments, Prohibition of Mandate of Local Programs without State Funding. There is hereby established a limit on the taxes imposed by the Legislature for any fiscal year. Effective with the first fiscal year beginning after approval of this Section by the electors and for each fiscal year thereafter. The Legislature shall not impose taxes of any kind which together with all other revenues in the state shall exceed 7 percent of the personal income of Illinois for the last...latest



known fiscal year except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section. Personal income tax of Illinois means the total income received by persons in Illinois from all sources as defined in and official recorded by the United State Department of Commerce or its successor agency. Revenues of the State means all public funds received by the state, but not...it does not include federal aid nor the contributions to and earnings of trust funds in the custody of the State Treasurer.

(b) The emergency fund equal to two-tenths of one percent of the personal income of Illinois for the latest known fiscal year shall be established. Revenue shall be allocated to this emergency fund and shall not...and shall not be included in the total level of allowable taxation as limited by Subsection (a) of this Section. Expenditures from this fund shall be allowed only upon the Governor's declaration of an emergency situation and the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of each house of the Legislature. It is determined that the amount in the emergency fund is less than what is needed to meet an emergency situation, taxes in excess of a limitation this Subsection (a) may be imposed and collected only if all the following conditions are met: 1) the Governor requests the Legislatures declare an emergency. 2) the request shall be specific as to the nature of the emergency, the dollar amount of the emergency, and the method by which the emergency will be funded. 3) upon receiving this request, the Legislature declares an emergency in accordance with the specifications of the Governor's request by two-thirds of the Members elected to each house. The emergency must be declared in accordance with these provisions prior... prior to incurring any of the expense which constitutes the specific emergency request. The tax limitation level may be exceeded only for the fiscal year in which the emergency is declared. In the next and subsequent fiscal years, the tax limitations on Subsection (a) of this



Section shall be...shall again take affect. Income earned from the funds maintained in the emergency fund shall accrue to the fund. At the end of each fiscal year, any balance in emergency fund in excess of the amount estimated to be required by this Subsection for the emergency fund for this succeeding fiscal year shall be distributed to the following: 1) the State Employee's Retirement System of Illinois, 2) the Teacher's Retirement System of Illinois, 3) the State University Retirement System, 4) the Judge... Judge's Retirement System of Illinois, 5) the General Assembly Retirement System. The distribution of the excess shall be determined by the Bureau of the Budget and shall be in proportion to actuarial reserve deficiency of each fund bears through the total of the actuarial reserve deficiencies of all those funds. If the actuarial reserve deficiency of all those funds are eliminated, the excess shall be used to retire general obligation bonds sold by the state.

(c) For any fiscal year in the event that revenues of the state exceed the limit established in Subsection (a) of this Section, the excesses shall be distributed to the following: 1) the State Employee's Retirement System of Illinois, 2) the Teacher's Retirement...Retirement System of Illinois, 3) the Judge University...the State University Retirement System, 4) the Judge's Retirement System of Illinois, 5) the General Assembly Retirement System. Distribution of the excesses shall be determined by the Bureau of the Budget and shall be in proportion that the actuarial reserve deficiencies of each fund bears through the total of the actuarial reserve deficiency of all those funds. If the actuarial reserve deficiency of all those funds are eliminated, the excess shall be used to retire general obligation bonds sold by the state.

(d) For any fiscal year beginning after the approval of this Section by the electors, that proportion of state expenditures paid to all units of local government and



school districts shall not be reduced below their proportion in effect in fiscal year 1976, and no new program or increase in the level of service under the existing program shall be mandated by the...by the Legislature to units of local government or school districts unless an appropriation has been made by the Legislature to pay the cost of the mandated program or service.' Third Reading of the Constitutional Amendment.

House Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment 29.

Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Illinois, 80th General Assembly, the Senate concurring herein that there be submitted to the electors of the state at the general election next occurring at least 6 months after the adoption of this Resolution the proposition to amend Section 6 of Article IX. The Constitution to read as follows: Section 6. 'Exemption from Property Taxation. The General Assembly by law may exempt from taxation only the property of the state, units of local government and school districts, and property used exclusively for post homes of congressionally chartered veteran's organizations, agriculture and horticulture societies, and for school, religious, cemetery, and charitable purposes. The General Assembly by law may grant homestead exemptions or rent credits.' Third Reading of the Constitutional Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Roll Call for attendance. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, would the record show that Representative Kornowicz is excused because of illness?"

Speaker Redmond: "Records will so show. Representative Ryan, are there any excused absences on the Republican side?"

Ryan: "Representative McAvoy...due to illness, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Record will so show."

Ryan: "Representative Jones will be a little late if he's here today. He had a little problem. I'm not sure whether he'll be here, but for now, let's just excuse him, and he can get on the roll if he shows up."



Speaker Redmond: "Okay, fine. Senate Bill, Second Reading. 205, out of the record. 216, Representative Kempiners. Want to move that? 216? Second Reading, page 12."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 216. A Bill for an Act to amend the Unified Code of Corrections. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 287."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 287."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any Floor Amendment on that?"

Clerk O'Brien: "A Bill for an Act to amend Section of an Act.."

Speaker Redmond: "7...287."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 287. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Personnel Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 and 2 were adopted in Committee... Amendment 1 and 2 adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 305."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 305."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. 310."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 310. A Bill for an Act in relation to State finance."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deavers."

Deavers: "Would you hold that on Second, please. There's an Amendment coming."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. 322."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 322. A Bill for an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Industrial Commission. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendments # 1 and 2 were adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions. Floor Amendment # 3. Beatty. Amends Senate Bill 322 as amended on page 1, line 11, and so forth."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Beatty, have you discussed this Amendment with Representative Abramson? Out of the record. 345."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 345. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 1."

Speaker Redmond: "Who's the Sponsor of the Amendment? Who's the Sponsor of the Amendment? No. Out of the record. 433."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 433. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Physicians Assistance Practice Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third reading. 479. Representative Robinson. Robinson. Ed Robinson. You're on."

Robinson: "Has a fiscal note been filed?"

Speaker Redmond: "What'd you say?"

Robinson: "Has the fiscal note to 433 been filed?"

Speaker Redmond: "Mr. Clerk, has it? Has the fiscal note been filed? Then we'll have to move it back to Second Reading. 479."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 479. A Bill for an Act to make appropriations and reappropriations to the Board of Higher Education. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 543."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 543. A Bill for an Act making appropriations to the Higher Education Institutions and Agencies. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 and 2 were adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"



Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 550."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 550. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Air Carriers Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record...591."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 591. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Industrial Pollution Control Financing Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 621."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 621. A Bill for an Act concerning Public Utilities. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 623."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 623. A Bill for an Act to amend the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 626."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 626. A Bill for an Act to license and regulate landscape architectural. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendments # 1, 2, and 3 were adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 639."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 639. A Bill for an Act to authorize the Department of Transportation to make and execute agreements to develop water supply storage. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 1, Bowman. Amends Senate Bill 639..."



Speaker Redmond: "Better take this out of the record. I see the Sponsor isn't here. 645. Representative Bowman, had you cleared that one with Representative Cunningham? Okay. 645."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 645. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in relation of the regulation of rivers, lakes, and streams in the State of Illinois. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 686."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 686. A Bill for an Act to amend the Revenue Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "There's a motion to table Amendment #1, by Representative Dyer."

Speaker Redmond: "Better take this out of the record. 687."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 687. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Prison Inspection Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 697...689."

Clerk O'Brien: "There's a request for a fiscal note."

Speaker Redmond: "Has that been furnished yet?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No, it's just turned in."

Speaker Redmond: "693...Out of the record. 620...Out of the record. 730...732."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 732. A Bill for an Act to create the Kankakee River Commission. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record? You want that out of the record, Representative Ryan? Out of the record. 735."



Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 735. A Bill for an Act to amend the Prosecutors Advisory Council. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment No. 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions. Amendment # 2 failed in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kempiners."

Clerk O'Brien: "Amend # 3...Amendment # 3, Stearney.

Amends Senate Bill 735 on page 4 by inserting immediately after line 31 the following and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. Representative Kempiners."

Kempiners: "I would ask the Clerk to check...I believe I filed a motion to table that amendment that was added in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Could he kindly take that Bill out of the record?"

Kempiners: "Yeah, I'll take it out of the record, but I did file a motion, and he said that there was no motion filed. I would like him to check his records on that."

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment 1 on Senate Bill 735? I don't have it, but I'll put one on here."

Kempiners: "Okay, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "750."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 750. Senate Bill 750. A Bill for an Act to make appropriations for the fiscal year '78 expenses for the Illinois State Scholarship Commission. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 762."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 762. A Bill for an Act to amend the practice of optometry. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 797."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 797. A Bill for an Act to amend the Criminal Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No



Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #1."

Speaker Redmond: "Who's the Sponsor of the Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Representative Peggy Smith Martin."

Speaker Redmond: "Will you read the Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 797. By deleting 'or juror' and inserting in lieu thereof, and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Martin on the Amendment."

Martin: "Mr. Speaker, thank you. I'd like to please to move for the adoption of Amendment # 1 to Senate Bill 797 which adds the word 'witness' in the appropriate places in the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Would the...would the Representative explain what the Amendment does?"

Speaker Redmond: "Explain the Amendment, Mrs. Martin."

Martin: "Yes, I will, Mr. Ryan. What it does is add the word 'witnesses' to the Bill. It adds one word. It has 'public officials, public employees, jurors or witnesses' and it adds the word 'witness'."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion?"

Ryan: "Has that Amendment been distributed, Mr. Speaker?"

Martin: "Yes, it has. It was distributed 6-16-77 at 6 p.m."

Ryan: "I have no further questions, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Questions on the Lady's motion for the adoption of Amendment # 1 to Senate Bill 797. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. the motion carries. The Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 6...862."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 862. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Assistance Act for Nonpublic Institutions of Higher Learning. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."



Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan. Out of the record. 868."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 868. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act concerning Public Utilities. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 failed in Committee. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any motion of Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions. Floor Amendment No. 3, Levin. Amends Senate Bill 686, as amended, by inserting after the last sentence of the second paragraph, and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Levin."

Levin: "Yeah, Mr. Speaker. I would like to move to table Amendment # 3. I have Amendment # 4 which was worked out with Marvin 'Levin' of the Illinois Commerce Commission which will replace Amendment #3."

Speaker Redmond: "3 has not yet been adopted?"

Levin: "That's correct."

Speaker Redmond: "Then you can withdraw it, then."

Levin: "Okay."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #4. Levin. Amends Senate Bill 868, as amended, by inserting after the last sentence of the second paragraph, and so forth."

Levin: "Okay."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Levin."

Levin: "Okay, thank you, Mr. Speaker. Amendment #4, is a clean-up Amendment to an Amendment that was adopted in Committee, which was Amendment #2 and it was developed with Marvin 'Levin', the Chairman of the Illinois Commerce Commission. Unfortunately, the Amendment was complete and did not state all of the exceptions when closed meetings should be allowed. Amendment #4 is a clean-up Amendment, and it deals with the exceptions when closed meetings will be permitted. I urge its adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "Questions on the...Any discussion? Question"



on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment

" 4. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Will the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Lechowicz: "Point # 4 on Amendment # 4 starting on line 12 through 16. 'Those actions which the Chairman of the Commission can take individually in his or her capacity as Chief Executive Officer of the Commission shall... there shall be a reasonable notice.' What kind of actions are you referring to as far as the Chairman of the Commission that they can take individually?"

Levin: "Representative Lechowicz, this would...this is a list of the exemptions..."

Lechowicz: "Yeah, I know that."

Levin: "Where there would not be a requirement of for open meetings, and the Chairman, I believe, undertakes certain personnel matters and other matters under his own authority. These and whatever other matters he has authority to undertake on his own would be exempted."

Lechowicz: "Just the matter you just mentioned as far as personnel matters or just...or ...Is that the only one that's excluded?"

Levin: "That's the one that the Chairman specifically had in mind when we drafted the language of this Amendment."

Lechowicz: "All right, fine, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Questions on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment # 4. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Motion carries. The Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 878."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 878. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act relating to the furnishing of insurance and retirement benefits for officers and employees of local governmental



units. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 1, Terzich. Amends Senate Bill 878 on page 1 line 31, by deleting '10 percent' and inserting in lieu thereof '30 percent'."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Katz. Representative...Who's the Sponsor of the Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Representative Terzich."

Speaker Redmond: "Is he here? Out of the record. 880."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 880. A Bill for an Act make appropriations to the Illinois Law Enforcement Commission. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendments # 1 and 2 were adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions filed. Floor Amendment No. 3, McClain. Amends Senate Bill 880 by deleting the last Section of the Bill and inserting in lieu thereof the following."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Davis, are you familiar with this Amendment?"

Davis: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I am."

Speaker Redmond: "Are you agreeable or do you oppose?"

Davis: "No, I...well...maybe I'm not familiar with it. Would the Clerk enlighten me further by taking it just a little further?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment...Section 7, the following amount or so much thereof as may be necessary is appropriated to the Illinois Law Enforcement Commission for the purpose of providing a 2 percent pay increase."

Davis: "No, I'm not familiar with the Amendment, Mr. Speaker. Take it out of the record."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. 881. Has the fiscal note been furnished on this one? Out of the record. 886."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 886. A Bill for an Act to amend the Civil Administrative Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."



Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 894."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 894. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Municipal Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 915."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 915. A Bill for an Act to amend the Public Utilities Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 1. Stuffle-Robinson-Campbell. Amends Senate Bill 915 on page 1 by deleting line 1 and 2 and inserting in lieu thereof the following, and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stuffle."

Stuffle: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I would like to withdraw Amendment No. 1 to 915."

Speaker Redmond: "Amendment...Is it Amendment 1? Amendment No. 1 is withdrawn. Any further Floor Amendments? He withdrew it."

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."



Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 917."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 917. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act concerning public utilities. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #1, Levin. Amends Senate Bill 917 in line 1 by deleting Section 7A.2 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schisler, are you aware of this floor Amendment? Oh, is it Skinner? They still persist in having Schisler on there. Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "There was some mistake made in the Clerk's office. I'm the House Sponsor of the Bill, not Representative Schisler."

Speaker Redmond: "It seems to me you've called that to our attention before."

Skinner: "I've tried to."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, how do we get the notice to change? Okay. Representative Levin, will you explain the Amendment?"

Levin: "First of all as a point of clarification, there is both an original Amendment #1 and a reprinted. The original Amendment #1 had some typographical errors in it when it was printed. So what we are dealing with is what is entitled reprinted, corrected copy. Amendment #1 does two things. First of all, it makes a technical correction in the Bill. And secondly, it conforms this Bill to House Bill 34 which we passed earlier which provides that if there is any money from this fund that is not spent, this is the Public Utilities Fund, that it can go into the General Revenue Fund. This is identical to the language in House Bill 34."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "I certainly don't have any objection to that. I think there is another House Bill that covers the subject matter."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on Representative Levin's motion to adopt Amendment #1 to Senate Bill 917. Those in... Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "I tried to listen to the Gentleman's explanation. Where does the money go?"



Levin: "Okay, under the existing law, if the money is unspent from the Public Utility Fund, it goes back to the utilities and utilities have not been passing the money on to the customer in the form of lower rates. What this would do would provide that if the money was not spent, that the money, the Governor can determine that the money is not needed and it would go into the General Revenue Fund. This is identical to the language in House Bill 34, Representative Cunningham's Bill which was passed earlier in the Session to deal with the same subject."

Lechowicz: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further Amendments? Did we have the vote on this, Mr. Clerk? The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #1. Those in favor say 'aye'... Representative Mudd."

Mudd: "Yes, prior to the action on this Amendment, I would wonder if Representative Skinner would yield for one question."

Speaker Redmond: "Skinner, will you yield for a question? The Amendment is Representative Levin's Amendment."

Mudd: "Yes, I understand, but... Representative Skinner, do you happen to know whether or not there is any proposal presently for additional appropriation of funds to the Illinois Commerce Commission?"

Skinner: "You mean a supplemental appropriation already?"

Mudd: "No, to increase their appropriation that deals with this particular fund from utilities. This fund..."

Skinner: "Well, I would hope so. I mean, that's the purpose for taking the upper limit off is that their biennial expenditures are reaching that upper limit. And during the next biennium, would exceed that limit."

Mudd: "Okay, fine."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #1. Those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Amendment... motion carries and the Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #2, Levin. Amends Senate Bill 917 as amended and so forth."



Mr. Skinner. So, it'll be held on Second Reading. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Floor Amendent #3, Stuffle-Campbell-Robinson. Amends Senate Bill 917 in line 1 and 5 by changing Section 78.2 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stuffle."

Stuffle: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen, Amendment #3 to 917 goes all the way in making the Illinois Commerce Commission a truly public body by providing for the election of a seven-member Illinois Commerce Commission with three members to come from Cook County and the other four to come from outside of Cook County and in the case of those final four, to be elected from the four judicial districts outside of Cook. You've heard a lot of talk this Session about how the Illinois Commerce Commission has done things behind closed doors. And each and all of us know that this particular public entity has not always been public in it's action. In fact and indeed, the Commerce Commission has more control, more raw power, more ability to dictate the every-day doings of our lives than any other Commission or governmental entity, agency or whatever in this state. This Amendment is offered for the election of the Commerce Commission to simply put the people in that Commission, to make those members accountable to the people of the State of Illinois, to open up the meetings and to lay it on the table in the rate reviews and the considerations of the utility costs that face every man and woman in this state. Suffice it to say that the time has come, in my opinion, and the opinion of Representative Campbell and Robinson who offer this with me, to elect the Commerce Commission, to get off of dead center, to let the people decide how this most important body is going to be run. I would urge a favorable vote on Amendment #3."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brady."

Brady: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and fellow Members, this Amendment is the same as we saw earlier this Session and previously defeated. What this does is put the public at large in the basis of trying to elect people whose only concern might be holding down a rate and



not giving us the overall necessary service that we need from our Commerce Commission. We've talked many times about the length of the ballot. This serves to lengthen it even further. The process we have right now is appointment through advice and consent of the Senate. As I said before and I'll say again, the important thing we could do is address ourselves to our advice and consent procedures, to strengthen our forces so that we can properly look into people who are being appointed to office. We cannot just dramatically say because someone is appointed and we feel that this is a sensitive body, we have to turn around and elect everybody. In some instances in this Assembly earlier this Session, we had some of the same people who support this standing up and saying, because people are elected, they're not responsive and we have to turn around to appoint them. I think we can work with the body we have right now and I urge your opposition to this Amendment once again."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Campbell."

Campbell: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I rise in support of this Amendment. And the reason I do is because I have never known throughout the years that I've been here that a person who was appointed to anything was more responsible to the people than those that were elected. And frankly, I think that the Illinois Commerce Commission has certainly not always acted in the best interest of the public. And I, therefore, would urge you to vote 'aye' on this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mann."

Mann: "I wonder if I might ask the Sponsor a question."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed." Representative Stuffle."

Mann: "Yes, Representative, have you talked to the Governor about this Amendment?"

Stuffle: "I haven't personally talked to the Governor about this particular Amendment. It's my understanding that he's been in negotiation with Representative Robinson and some other people with regard to reforms of the Commerce Commission. This is a personal thing that I supported throughout the Session."

Mann: "Thank you very much. Mr. Speaker, may I address myself..."



Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Mann: "Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to this Amendment. I don't think that election of members to the Commerce Commission is going to provide any panacea for meeting the problems confronting the Commission. What I think we ought to do is perhaps improve our screening of the Commission and perhaps the Legislature should take a more active role in terms of the kinds of legislation that goes into the Commerce Commission. I would be the first to admit that in many instances the regulators are being regulated by the regulatees. But electing commissioners is not going to change that. I would hope that you would oppose this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Gene Hoffman."

Hoffman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I've had the dubious distinction this Session of sitting on the Public Utilities Commission or Committee for the first time. And it became very obvious to me early in that sitting that there were those in this Body as well as outside who would attempt to use the Public Utilities Committee made up of people like myself for or to play the role of the Illinois Commerce Commission. With the limited staff that we had, we were in no position to make those kinds of judgments. And it seems to me that it's the better part of wisdom to allow those who can concentrate their time and their effort in this area to make those kinds of decisions. Let me make one other point and it has nothing to do necessarily with the Commerce Commission and the topic, but let me address the Amendment of electing members to the Illinois Commerce Commission. Anyone who's a Member of the General Assembly that wishes other people to be elected to office has to be, in my judgment, a little shortsighted. We should not want anyone else to be elected to office. All we ask for when we do that is for the dispersment and the dissolution of our affectiveness and our influence and our responsibility to our electorate. We should not fragment any responsibilities away from us just as we should not elect a State Board of Education, we should not elect a State Board of Elections, we should not elect a Commerce Commission or any other kind of a Commission. All it does is provide for the



dissolution of our power and our effectiveness and our ability to represent our own constituents. All due respect to the Sponsor, I understand what his position is on this. It has been taken before and defeated and I would ask that the same thing happen this time."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Stanley."

Stanley: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I'd like to speak in favor of the Amendment and I think it's time that people of Illinois were talked to about some of the more specifics of the public utilities companies such as rate review, such as what constitutes the right to have a rate increase and what doesn't. And I think if those kind of issues were brought to the people of Illinois and talked about and these commissioners could... were to be elected and talk about those kind of things, we'd have a much more responsive public utilities system. And I urge you to vote in favor of this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stuffle, to close."

Stuffle: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen, some people seem to think this Amendment is offered somewhat frivolously. I am not one of those people. Previous speakers have talked about the fact that we may only be putting people on this Commission to keep the rates down. If indeed that occurs, I think it's a good thing if they can justify it. That's the whole idea behind this - to have public input. Others have said we shouldn't lengthen the ballot, but I for one believe that we should lengthen the ballot. This is not the only way it should be lengthened. We should be electing Judges, we should be electing the Superintendent of Public Instruction, we should be electing the Commerce Commission. I'm for Jacksonian Democracy. The Democrats who sit on this side ought to be, too. I think some of the Republicans are. As to deluting our power, we're being blamed as much as the Commerce Commission for the rates, for the closed meetings, for the problems of utility bills of old people. That's why we have Life Line here. Is it bad or is it good as it may have been. That's why we need this particular Amendment and I urge you to look at the people out there and let them vote to pick their own people."



They're not going to act any more frivolously in picking them than they acted in picking us and I think from looking at you, they did a pretty good job in picking each of us to come here. I urge an 'aye' vote on Amendment #3."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #3. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Representative Robinson."

Robinson: "Mr. Speaker, I'd just like to point out that the Illinois Commerce Commission makes billions and billions of dollars worth of decisions but do not go through this House of Representatives or through the Senate. This is taxation without representation. I have found, being on the Public Utilities Commission... Committee, that the Illinois Commerce Commission does not make some of the hard decisions, puts them off on us. We don't have the time or the expertise or the staff to make these kinds of decisions. The way to handle this is to have an elected Commerce Commission that will stand up, decide on these issues, spend all it's time on it. That's what we need."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 51 'aye' and 60 'no' and the Gentleman's motion fails. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Floor Amendment #4, Skinner. Amends Senate Bill 917 on page 1, line 1 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "I must say, the prior people who have amended this Bill certainly got to it quickly. I thought my Amendment was the first one filed, but they were really quick on their feet. This Amendment will abolish the post of the Secretary of the Illinois Commerce Commission. The Secretary is a twenty thousand dollar a year post which is currently the center of controversy. The staff of the Illinois Commerce Commission does the work of the Secretary. The Secretary has been represented to me as basically a figurehead that does no work, earns twenty thousand dollars a year and is at the present time, asking for a Springfield apartment and a chauffeur-driven car. That seems to be somewhat excessive. It's... I believe a way we could cut back on some of the useless



symbolism in the Illinois Commerce Commission."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question... Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Will the Sponsor of the Amendment yield to a question? Does this set the salary of the Members?"

Skinner: "That part of the Amendment... the answer is 'no'. The answer is really 'yes' and 'no'. We are amending the part of the Illinois Commerce Commission Act that sets the salary... we are not changing the salary, but by taking that whole part out, we're putting it back in in this section. It doesn't do anything new or different even though it appears to do so."

Lechowicz: "What about the funding and where it comes from? Is that changed?"

Skinner: "Nothing changes except that Secretary disappears if this Bill passes and is signed. The Secretary would be out, yes."

Lechowicz: "Why do you call it a quasi-judicial body?"

Skinner: "Come again?"

Lechowicz: "Why do you call it a quasi-judicial body when it isn't?"

Skinner: "I guess because that's what it is."

Lechowicz: "No, it isn't. I checked the... I'd question the germaneness of the Amendment."

Skinner: "Come again? Well, you're going to lose on that one."

Lechowicz: "Well, I don't believe that it's a quasi-judicial body though. That's my whole point, Cal, and that's what you stated."

Skinner: "Well, unless the Reference Bureau snuck something in I didn't ask for, all this does is change the... is get rid of the Secretary and restates some language that was in the section which established the Secretary."

Lechowicz: "Well, may I point out to you that on page 1, line 11, Section 1, 'There is created a quasi-judicial body.' And I don't believe that is accurate."

Skinner: "Well, I'm... I have two lawyers whispering into my ear. They tell me there have been seven or eight court cases which define the Illinois Commerce Commission as quasi-judicial body. And when lawyers whisper into my ear unless I know they're wrong, I tend to take their word for it."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ebbesen."

Lechowicz: "Well, wait. Why are you trying to get rid of the Secretary?"

Skinner: "I thought I had fully stated that. It is considered by the administration appointees with whom I've spoken as a useless entity that needs pruning."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Conti."

Conti: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen, the... I'm sorry, Mr. Lechowicz is not finished yet."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Could you tell me what the powers and duties of the Secretary are under the statutes? Skinner, Cal. Can't answer my question. Thank you very much."

Skinner: "Well, excuse me."

Lechowicz: "This Amendment should be defeated."

Skinner: "How could I possibly answer your question when the mike was off?"

Lechowicz: "I'm sorry."

Skinner: "I believe that the powers of the Secretary are defined on page 2 of the Amendment and given to the Chairman. A receipt of records, the notification, they're very routine duties as far as I can figure out at least if the present... if the incumbent Secretary is any indication. I'm told that the staff does all the work now and all this does is give the authority to the board rather than... and taking it from the Secretary. Now if this does more than that, I have been misinformed. I thought this was just a way to get rid of one patronage job that's not needed."

Lechowicz: "Thank you."

Conti: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'm under the impression that it is not a quasi-judicial office. It's only a matter of interpretation, that way you want to look at it. Now, we just got through trying to pass a Bill where we were trying to take some of the arrogance and some of the power away from the Commerce Commission and if the Clerk and the Secretary does... if the Secretary does her work or his work, they would definitely schedule and be the custodian of the records. And if you do do



away with the Secretary, you are giving the Chairman just that much more power to do whatever he wants to schedule meetings and everything else. We have to have control with a Clerk or a Secretary to keep the records and at least be a little more responsive because the Secretary should be there, scheduling the meetings and scheduling the requests from the people that make various requests all week long. Now, it's only a matter of interpretation whether it's a quasi-judicial office or not and I urge you to vote this Amendment down."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Skinner, to close."

Skinner: "I would like to vote on this Amendment to merely be whether we want to get rid of a twenty thousand dollar a year patronage job that does virtually nothing. Having intervened in a couple of cases with the I.C.C., I know that the... it's a very routine thing. All they do is send out notices and receive them. Since there is significant controversy on the addition of the body be a quasi-judicial body, although I as a layman certainly can consider it nothing else, I'll be happy to take that language out in a subsequent Amendment. The Bill will have to be held on Second Reading because there is not at the present time a fiscal note, so it should be no problem getting it prepared. So if you're in favor of getting rid of a twenty thousand dollar a year plum, you should vote 'yes' on this Amendment. And if you're in favor of retaining twenty thousand dollars extra in the budget that's not necessary, you should vote 'no'."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #4. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 55 'aye' and 33 'no'. The Gentleman's motion carries and Amendment #4 is adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #5, D.L. Houlihan. Amends Senate Bill 917 as amended by deleting Section 7A10-1 from the Title, Section 1, entirely from the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dan Houlihan is not here. Are there any other Amendments?"



Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "You want to leave this on Second, Representative Skinner? Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I understand that a fiscal note request has been filed relative to the Bill and Representative Houlihan is not here at this time. Might we leave this matter on Second Reading?"

Speaker Redmond: "Request for a fiscal note filed?"

Clerk O'Brien: "There is a request for a fiscal note filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, we'll leave it on Second Reading. 963. Representative Ebbesen."

Ebbesen: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, when I was off the House floor, Senate Bill 762 was moved from Second to Third and at the request of the Committee, I've been working with the Department of Registration and Education drafting an Amendment and I would like leave of the House to have that moved back to Second and with the idea of placing that Amendment on."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave to return 762 to the Order of Second Reading? Hearing no objections, it will be returned to the Order of Second Reading. We'll go to the Order of Consent Calendar, Third Reading. These Bills have been read... Representative Geo-Karis, your mouth is full."

Geo-Karis: "Excuse me, Mr. Speaker. I have a Bill on Third Reading..."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, let's get the vote on this one and then we'll get back to you."

Geo-Karis: "Oh, okay."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is Consent Calendar, Third Reading.

These have been read previously and the question is, shall these Bills pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Consent Calendar, Third Reading. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question, 131 'aye' and no 'nay' and these Bills having received the Constitutional Majority are hereby declared passed... On Third Reading appears Senate Bill 1361. Representative Kempiners is recognized."

Kempiners: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I would ask leave of the House to bring this back to Second Reading for purposes of an Amendment that has been offered by Representative Levin."



Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. And 1361 be returned to the Order of Second Reading. Who's the Sponsor of the Amendment?"

Kempiners: "Representative Levin."

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 1, Levin. Amends Senate Bill 1361 on page 13, line 18 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Levin."

Levin: "Thank you, Mr. Chairman, this Amendment is offered as a result of discussions in Committee and a commitment that was made in Committee. The Democratic staff analysis on House Bill 1361 which relates to the Health Facilities Planning Board at... Amendments, indicates that the... one of the changes this Bill makes is to allow applicants to modify their applications at any time prior to final administrative decision. We're talking here about hospital applications for expansion to modernization. The question that was raised by the staff was 'Does this mean that there is no opportunity for additional public input in hearings?' And the answer in Committee was that we interpret this as requiring that where there is a substantial change in the plan, in terms of increasing the plans, they will go back for public hearings. Amendment #1 simply puts that interpretation into the statute."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? Representative Kempiners."

Kempiners: "Yeah, I may say, Mr. Speaker, that we've checked the Amendment out with the Department of Public Health. They have no problem with it as Representative Levin has said. It clarifies something that is in the Bill and along with out intent. So, I have two problems with the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further, Representative Levin to close. Questions on the Gentleman's motion for adoption of Amendment # 1. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Amendment... The motion carry, and the amendment's adopted. Any further



Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House,
I would like to take Senate Bill 944 to the Second Reading
for the purpose of an Amendment. 944."

Speaker Redmond: "On the Order of Senate Bill, Third Reading,
appears Senate Bill 944. Representative Geo-Karis has
asked leave to return that to the Order of Second Reading.
Does she have leave? No objection. 944 will be returned
to the Order of Second Reading."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House,
this Amendment evolved out of the recommendation made by
the task force on government, and I checked this with the
Representative James Houlihan, Representative Doug Kane,
the Co-Chairman of that Committee, and I move the adoption
of Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 944, which has some clean-up
language in it, for example, by deleting 'division' and in-
serting in lieu thereof 'department' on page 3 line 9, and
other like...like clean-ups. I move the passage of this
Amendment...adoption of this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Questions on the
Lady's motion for the adoption of Amendment #.... I
hear noises. Does Representative ... Lechowicz..."

Lechowicz: "Would the Lady yield to a question? Are you chang-
ing the name of the department?"

Geo-Karis: "No, this was the recommendation made by...in the,
I guess, in the Bill itself, and I...If you want me to,
I'd be glad to take it out of the record till you talk
with James Houlihan and Doug Kane. But that was the
recommendation made. And if you want...if you want me to,
I'd be glad to bring it back on Second Reading if you want
to go ahead with it now. It doesn't make..."

Lechowicz: "Well, I just want to point to you out in Line 21
of your Amendment the new title is Department of Mines and
Energy."



Geo-Karis: "Yes, that's in line with this Bill, you see. In the..."

Lechowicz: "But there is no such department. I'm checking to see if you've changed the name of the department."

Geo-Karis: "Well, I guess there's another Bill from the Government Committee that has it. I think this is what they're presuming. Now I'm not sure, but Mr. ..."

Lechowicz: "Are you changing the title on the Civil Administrative Code as well?"

Geo-Karis: "Oh, I know what it is. There's a Senate Bill 1142 which has all that, I guess. And this's just keeping in line with Senate Bill 1142."

Lechowicz: "So they're changing the name of the department to the Department of Mines and Energy, is that correct?"

Geo-Karis: "Yes, ...yes...That's what I believe. Is that all right?"

Lechowicz: "And they're going to have a change in Administrative Code as well?"

Geo-Karis: "I'm...I wonder if Mr. Houlihan would answer you on that Amendment? This is 944."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further?"

Lechowicz: "Yeah, Jim Houlihan supposed to..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative James Houlihan."

J. Houlihan: "Mr. Speaker, in response to the Gentleman's question, we had hoped that the Amendment was adopted on 1142 to make that subsequent change in the Administrative Code, and this would be one step also in that...that we would have to do that at the same time. That's correct."

Lechowicz: "Okay, thank you."

Geo-Karis: "I move the passage... the adoption of this Amendment. Thank you, Mr. Lechowicz."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed. Any further discussion? Questions on the Lady's motion for the adoption of Amendment #1 to Senate Bill 944. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The motion carried. And the Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"



Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. On Consideration Postponed. appears Senate Bill 408, for which Representative Richmond is recognized."

Richmond: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would ask leave to return Senate Bill 408 to the status of Second Reading for purpose of an Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? Hearing no objection..."

Richmond: "Oh, yeah, I'm sorry, it's House Bill, I'm sorry."

Speaker Redmond: "House Bill 408."

Richmond: "Right...Right. Amendment # 2 would simply reduce the amount in two areas. The \$150,000 out of General Revenue Fund is called for in the original Bill would be reduced to \$50,000, and the CDD Fund in the amount of 300,000 in the original Bill would be reduced to \$100,000. I ask for approval of this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Questions on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #2. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Return to the Order of Consideration Postponed. Back to the Order of Senate Bill Second Reading. Appears Senate Bill 732. Representative Christensen."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 732. A Bill for an Act to create the Kankakee River Commission defining its powers and duties. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 963."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 963. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Better take 963 out of the record. 964."



Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 964. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 1. Collins. Amends Senate Bill 896 on page 4, line 21 and line 22..."

Speaker Redmond: "Amend what Bill?"

Clerk O'Brien: "964."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, we'll have to take it out. Representative Laurino isn't here. Well, it's Collins's. Take 964 out of the...wait a minute. Is there any further Amendments on 964?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Yes, Amendment # 2. Bluthardt. Amends Senate Bill 964 on page 4, line 11, by inserting immediately after the period the following, and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan. The Amendment on 964."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, is this Amendment 2 or 3? This particular Amendment was offered by Representative Bluthardt in the Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bluthardt."

Bluthardt: "No, Mr. Speaker, I did not offer that in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Why don't we...better take this out. Representative Laurino wasn't here, unless it's agreeable with him, is it?"

Bluthardt: "Well, I understand Amendment # 1 by Collins is agreeable, was agreed upon in Committee. And..."

Speaker Redmond: "Why don't you move the adoption of 1 and when Representative Laurino gets here if we find out we're in error, why we can take it back."

Bluthardt: "All right, fine. I will move the adoption of Amendment # 1 which I haven't read as yet."

Speaker Redmond: "Will you read Amendment 1?"

Bluthardt: "I think this, Mr. Speaker, covers the situation The Bill adds as it presently reads without the Amendment indicates that a Judge of Election at the polling place..."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bluthardt, on Amendment #1, there...in the body of the Amendment it refers to Amendment 896, I mean Bill 896 instead of 964. So, I don't think we can do much with that one."

Bluthardt: "Fine."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Bluthardt: "That doesn't surprise me."

Lechowicz: "This was trying to erase the inconsistency in the Amendment. Why don't we just amend it on its face."

Speaker Redmond: "Yeah, we'll take that one out. Now...how about 2?"

Lechowicz: "Amendment # 2 provides that the credentials of a challenger shall be the prima facia evidence of the propriety of the credentials. In other words, it removes certain language and adds the poll watchers credentials properly executed and signed shall be proof that qualifications of the poll watchers authorized thereby. And I would move the adoption of the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Questions on the Gentleman's motion for adoption of Amendment # . 2. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Motion carried. The Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 3. Madigan. Amends Senate Bill 964, on page 1, line 1, and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, this Amendment simply would bring this Bill into conformity with Article 6 which is the same procedure used in the cities, villages and incorporated towns. I move the adoption of the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Questions on the Gentleman's motion for adoption of Amendment # 3. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Amendment...motion carried. The Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz has suggested that we amend Amendment # 1 on its face to reflect the correct number of the Bill in the body. Is that all right with you, Representative Bluthardt?"

Bluthardt: "I would so move, Mr. ..."

Speaker Redmond: "Questions on the Gentleman's motion that we amend Amendment # 1 on its face to reflect that the Senate Bill 964 is the one that's being amended. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Motion carried, and the Amendment will be corrected on its face. Third Reading. 975. Oh, pardon me. Questions on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment # 1. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have. The Amendment's adopted. Any... Representative Conti, for what purpose do you rise?"

Conti: "Mr. Speaker, Mr. Madigan introduced Amendment # 3. Can I ask him a question on amend...We haven't voted on that one yet."

Speaker Redmond: "We did vote on that one."

Conti: "We voted on it?"

Speaker Redmond: "Yeah. 975. Third Reading on that."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 975. A Bill for an Act to revise the law in relation to construction of the statutes. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. On the order of Third Reading there appears Senate Bill...These are ones that we have moved today. 96...I guess we didn't move that today. Senate Bill 96. Representative Terzich on the floor? We'll have to wait till he gets back. 189. Representative Adams."

Adams: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, what I would like to do with 189 is amend it, and this is pertaining to the County Home. What the Amendment would do it would put language in there so the County Home



could make rates for persons that were not considered full patients there or recipients of the County Home. This would give them some flexibility so if there were persons that came to the County Home and could afford, well afford, to pay their own way, they would be able to set the rate."

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman has asked leave to return this Bill to the Order of Second Reading. Representative Byers. Objections have been raised. Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "If Representative Simms hasn't figured out what's happening, perhaps when he does, he would add his objection."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Simms."

Skinner: "He's on the phone right now."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Simms. Call from Moline."

Skinner: "Might Representative Simms want to raise an objection to this Bill being brought back to Second Reading if it would put on his Amendment that he defeated last...last... This isn't your Amendment? We follow Representative Simms' lead a lot over here."

Speaker Redmond: "The Good Book says when the blind lead the blind, they both fall in the ditch."

Skinner: "Another memorable quote from the deadline junky."

Unknown: "Bumps all over the heads."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Adams, do you desire to place a motion? Objection has been raised to returning it to the Order of Second Reading."

Adams: "If there is an objection of returning it to Second Reading, we'll just leave it on Third."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, Leave it on Third Reading. 12...1028 on the order of Second Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1028. A Bill for an Act to amend Articles of the State Universities Retirement System. of the Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"



Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 1. Getty. Amends Senate Bill 1028 on page 2 in line 20 by inserting immediately after organizations the following: 'commencing with the fourth year of any period of ten years'."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Getty."

Getty: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I would move to table Amendment # 1 in favor of Amendment # 2. Amendment # 1 has a typographical error."

Speaker Redmond: "Has Amendment # 2 been adopted? Then just withdraw Amendment # 1, Representative Getty. Amendment # 2."

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment No. 2. Getty. Amends Senate Bill 1028, on page 2 line 20, and so forth."

Getty: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, Amendment # 2 clarifies the Bill as it came from the Senate to make it clear that in the...commencing with the fourth year in any ten year period that the employee may make payments into the Pension Fund. And I would move for the adoption of the amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Questions on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment # 2. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Motion carries. Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1041."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1041. A Bill for an Act to amend the Insurance Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 1. Epton. Amends Senate Bill 1041, page 1, line 25, and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Epton."

Epton: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, when this Bill was called for a hearing before judiciary, Representative Greiman inquired as to whether



or not by presenting this Bill in the present form whether it might not give a monopoly to the American Arbitration Association. At that time his observation was valid. I discussed it with the Senate Sponsor, Senator Rock, who felt that his comments were in order, and accordingly, this amendment allows the insured to determine which manner of arbitration he shall desire. In the event they cannot agree upon arbitration, then in such an event within 45 days, their request must be submitted to the American Arbitration Association. Now, I would respectfully urge adoption of Amendment #1."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Questions on the Gentleman's motion for adoption of Amendment #1. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Motion carries, and the Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1068."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1068. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act concerning conveyances. Third Reading of the Bill...Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #1."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Darrow."

Darrow: "Mr. Speaker, I believe there's an Amendment that's supposed to be offered at this time, and it's not prepared yet. It's not in our file."

Speaker Redmond: "Just...The Clerk read Amendment #1.

Oh. I guess we don't have it. 1092."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1092. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Weight and Measurements Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "A motion to table Amendment # 1 by Representative Dan Houlihan."



Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record, I guess. Representative Daniels, did you have any discussion with Representative Dan Houlihan with respect to a motion to table Amendment 1? Evidently not. Was this Bill put in at the request of the Weight Watchers? 1116. Out of the record on 1092. Wait till Dan Houlihan get here."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1116. A Bill..."

Speaker Redmond: "Former Representative David Regner is come back to the scene of his former triumphs. 1092. Oh, yeah, 1116. Pardon me."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1116. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Fraud and Public Contract Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1121. Representative Darrow."

Darrow: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I had a question on 1116, but I can wait till Third Reading."

Speaker Redmond: "1121."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1121. A Bill for an Act to amend the Cook County Employees' and Officers' Retirement Fund Article of the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1124."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1124. A Bill for an Act to create the Governmental Productivity Act. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1142. How can Representative Geo-Karis be seeking recognition when she isn't in her chair. 1142."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1142. A Bill for an Act to create the Division of Energy. Second Reading of the Bill."



Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Spaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment? Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I understand that this is a fifty page Amendment, and I would request that you leave the Bill on Second Reading until we get an opportunity to review the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. 1145."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1145. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1148."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1148. A Bill for an Act to enact an Act relating to the Conservation, Rights, and Real Property. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1149."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1149. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions filed. Floor Amendment #2. Collins-Yourell. Amends Senate Bill 1149 on page 1 by deleting line 1 through 3 and inserting in lieu thereof the following."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell, on Amendment #2 to Senate Bill 1149."

Yourell: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Amendment # 2 to Senate Bill 1149 is an agreed Amendment between Representative Collins and myself. And what the Amendment does is make Senate Bill 1149 exactly the same as House Bill 1978 that is on Second Reading in



the Senate at the present time under the Sponsorship of Senator Graham. I move for the adoption of Amendment #2 to Senate Bill 1149."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Kempiners."

Kempiners: "Will the Gentleman yield to a question? Is this legislation that you say it would compare to the consolidation of election legislation?"

Yourell: "Yes...Yes, that's correct."

Kempiners: "I would think that the Members of this House ought to be aware of what they're voting for, and that's why I asked that question. I'll let each one of them make up their own minds whether that's good or bad."

Yourell: "Yes, Representative Kempiners, it's...The Amendment # 2 to Senate Bill 1149 makes this Bill, the Senate Bill, exactly the same as the House Bill that passed out of this House a week ago."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Conti."

Conti: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, the... my colleague on this side of the aisle is ever so right. I wish we could have some order because this is going to be a very important piece of legislation, and I am in hopes that the House Bill that flew out of here last week will be called to the attention of the Governor or that it's amended there so it comes back to this House so that we can take a second look at it. Under this Senate Bill 1149 with this Amendment, there's only going to be three types of elections. Now, here's a few of the horrendous problems which would be created by the passage of this Bill. Under Section 346 of the Illinois Municipal Code provides that vacancies in the office of mayor having an unexpired term of at least 1 year shall be filled by special elections to be held within 6 months after the vacancy. There is no repeal of this Section, but the Bill in question will only allow such an election in odd numbered years. This would mean that a municipality could be without an elected mayor for a period of two years. Under Section 3414



of the Illinois Municipal Code provides that if there is a vacancy in the office of alderman, and the unexpired term is greater than 27 months, a special election be held, but the Bill...under the...but under this Bill in question, the special...no special election is permitted. Under Section 328 of the Illinois Municipal Code provides that if there is a vacancy in the elected municipal office and if there is not a quorum of the corporate authorities in office, a special election to fill the vacancy may be called. In such a situation a municipality would have no government until the next consolidated election.

There is one other point I want to talk about, that's in 'Leyden' Township, I don't know, it must be the same way in many other townships in...throughout the state. We don't have the same jurisdictional lines, precinct lines, as the state and federal elections. The court has their own precinct lines. Park districts overlap one another. In Elmwood Park we do have a consolidation of elections because we have a unit school district. We don't have any park districts. But you have as many as four and five overlapping taxing districts in a municipality with different boundaries. You would confuse a candidate so much he wouldn't know where to vote. Candidates running for political office, including the General Assembly, would therefore have to run at the same time as school bond issues, and other controversial issues which were voted upon. We better take a second look at this Bill and the House Bill that flew out of here and this Amendment on this particular Bill, Senate Bill 1149. I certainly wouldn't want to be running when there's a Watergate going on in the national election. I certainly wouldn't want to be running on and taking a position on a school bond issue where the school people want no part of election officials because they elect their own school board members, and I certainly wouldn't want to get involved in any controversial fire districts or library districts elections on the local



level when it affects the state and you're electing the State Governor and your General Assembly. I think this is a bad Bill. I think we made a terrible mistake when we passed the House Bill out. And although I have the utmost respect for the two Sponsors of this Amendment, I think we all better take a second look at it. Even the city of Chicago because when you're consolidating elections and you have overlapping districts, you're asking for an awful lot of trouble. I urge the defeat of this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell."

Yourell: "Will...the Gentleman...Gentleman's finished, but he was speaking to the Amendment not to the Bill. The problems that he cited, of course, are unique to both Bills, and we're talking about the Amendment and the consolidation of elections, and that's all the Amendment does. The effective date of this Act is not for two years. The Gentleman's correct when he says there is problems, but those problems are going to be ironed out. And the jurisdiction authorities that he mentioned will be handled by the Binder's System that's contemplated, and I see no problems with this Bill. But let's talk to the Amendment, not to the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bluthardt."

Bluthardt: "I wonder if the Sponsor would yield for a few questions?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Bluthardt: "Buzz, would you explain to me and also for the benefit of the House how the Senate Bill differs from the House version?"

Yourell: "The main difference between Senate Bill 1149 and House Bill 978 is that the Senate version of this Bill has two more elections, doesn't confine itself to five elections but addresses itself to seven elections."

Bluthardt: "And where do those elections differ?"

Yourell: "There'll be an extra fall election and..."

Bluthardt: "For what purpose? For what purpose? Could you



tell us when those elections would fall? What election would be held on what date?"

Yourell: "I don't have a copy of the Amendment, and I don't have a copy of the Bill in front of me. You want to hold this until..."

Bluthardt: "Yeah, hold it until next year, will you please?"

Yourell: "No, we're not going to hold it till next year. You're going to get an opportunity to vote it either up or down now, Sir, because the House version went out."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record. 1177."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1177. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motion. Floor Amendment # 2. Stuffle-Robinson. Amends Senate Bill 1177 on page 1, line 1 and 5 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stuffle."

Stuffle: "Mr. Speaker and Members, we've heard a great deal about having no vehicles alive or very few vehicles alive with which to accomplish putting back together...with which to accomplish putting back together the State Board of Elections as provided for in the 1970 Constitution. There's a great deal of disagreement on whether or not we should have a four or five or twelve or whatever number member Board. This particular Amendment which as all the others that's been before you before again calls for a twelve member Board of Election. There is no independent on this particular twelve member board. It is made up completely of Democrats and Republicans from Cook County and outside of Cook County. The Amendment as I said has been heard before. I happen to be one who doesn't believe in the four member board because I think it's too small to achieve our ends. I don't believe in the five or odd numbered board with an independent. I believe that this board made up entirely of Democrats and Republicans would be the best



type of board and give the widest possible berth to the people to present their viewpoints to the board. It will make the board a policy making entity, as I think it ought to be, as I submit and ask for your affirmative vote on Amendment # 2 to 1177."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? Any discussion on this Amendment? Representative Martin. Representative Martin. Will you please sit down between Representative Martin and the Chair?"

Martin: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, as the Sponsor of this Bill, I regretfully rise to oppose this Amendment. This same Amendment was attached to another one of my Bills. Even though I didn't really favor the twelve member board, with courtesy, I allowed that Amendment to be attached. When it was defeated in Committee, I tried to dismiss the Committee. I think I have done all another House Member can do for another House Member for an idea they do not particularly concur in. I do not want to see this Bill ruined by the same Amendment being attached. They didn't ask me. They didn't check with me. I think this Amendment deserves defeat."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative VanDyne."

VanDyne: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Really mine is a question of germaneness. I just...I maintain that the composition of the Election Board is really not an election, and the Bill, Senate Bill 1177, has to do with the election of independent candidates to...in a primary, so I'd just like to ask whether or not this is germane to the actual Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "The Parliamentarian advises me that it is germane. Anything further? Questions on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment # 2. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Representative Byers."

Byers: "Well, Mr. Speaker, this is the twelve member board for the State Election Board, and it doesn't appear to be fairing too well right now, but if we have,...as I recall Jesus had



telve disciples, and that might be appropriate here if we have twelve on the Election Board in the State of Illinois."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the

record. On this question there's 22 'aye' and 93 'no' and the motion fails. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "You want this returned on Second Reading, is that correct?"

Unknown: "Keep it on Second."

Speaker Redmond: "It will remain on Second Reading. 1188. Representative Mann."

Mann: "My key was switched, and I'd like to be recorded as voting 'aye' on Amendment...the last Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Amendment #. 2 to Senate Bill 1177. Does he have leave? Representative Mulcahey desires to be recorded as 'aye'. Mann, 'aye'. Mulcahey, 'aye'. Representative Jaffe. Same request? Does he have permission? Representative Boucek? Desires to be recorded as 'no' on that Amendment. 1188."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1188. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Purchasing Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1201."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1201. A Bill for an Act making appropriations to the Joint Committee on Legislative Information Systems. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motions or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1202."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1202. A Bill for an Act to amend the Civil Administrative Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 and 2 were adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Amendments from the floor?"



Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1202...Third Reading. 1203."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1203..."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. Request of the Sponsor. 1259."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1259. A Bill for an Act relating to the commissioner and deputy commissioners of banks and trust companies. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1290."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1290. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1296."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1296. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act concerning introduction of Bills. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1298."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1298. A Bill for an Act to amend the Civil Administrative Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion or Floor Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions or Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1299."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1299. A Bill for an Act to amend the Fiscal Note Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1303."



Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1303. A Bill for an Act to amend the Fish Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1308."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1308."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record, request of the Sponsor. 1312."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1312. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Veterans' Commission Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No...no Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. I understand 1358 and 1378, out of the record, is that correct? Senate Bill 880, on the Order of Senate Bill, Second Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 880. A Bill for an Act making appropriations to the Illinois Law Enforcement Commission. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendments # 1 and 2 were adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any motion with respect to Amendments #1 and 2?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions filed."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendment from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 3. McClain. Amends Senate Bill 880 by deleting the last Section of the Bill and inserting in lieu thereof the following."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McClain. Amendment 3 on Senate Bill 880."

McClain: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. With leave, I'd like to table that Amendment." X

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman desires to withdraw Amendment #3, is that correct, Representative McClain? Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 4. Jack Davis. Amends Senate



Bill 880 as amended on page 12, line 28 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Jack Davis."

J. Davis: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Amendment # 4 to Senate Bill 880 is a clean-up Amendment. Inadvertently in the three University of Illinois grants the Amendment itself is explanatory, but in the three University of Illinois grants, social security moneys were broken out of the grant in the Personal Services Section and now has been reincorporated into it since the University of Illinois does not pay social security. Further amendatory procedure in...on page 24 inserts the word 'academy' for 'police'... or inserts the word 'institute' in place of 'police training academy'. And that's all the Amendment does. I move for its adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "Questions? Any discussion? Questions on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #4. Those in favor say 'aye, 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The motion carries. The Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. On the Order of Senate Bills Third Reading appears the following Bills:...Mr. Clerk, Mr. Terzich desires to return that whole series from 96 through 932 to the Order of Second Reading. You want to take those Bill by Bill or in a group? From 96 through 131. Well, it's not entirely...maybe I'd better give you the Bill number. Hello? 96, 106, 110, 116, 123, 128, and 131. Representative Terzich desires to have these returned from the Order of Senate Bills Third Reading to the order of Second Reading. Is there any objection? Representative Ryan. We moved them yesterday when, or Friday, when he was temporarily off the floor."

Ryan: "Would you...would you read the numbers again, please."

Speaker Redmond: "What'd you say? The numbers are 96, 106, 110, 116, 123, 128, and 131."

Ryan: "Mr. Speaker, could you hold that for a minutes so I can



look at these Bills?"

Speaker Redmond: "131. Okay, we will hold it. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "I have no objection to that motion. You can move those Bills back to Second if you like."

Speaker Redmond: "No objections having been raised, the Senate Bills 96, 106, 110, 116, 123, 128, and 131 will be returned to the Order of Second Reading. Senate Bill, Third Reading. On Senate Bills Third Reading appears Senate Bill 245."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 245."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giglio."

Clerk O'Brien: "A Bill for an Act to create the Illinois Hazardous Material Transportation Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giglio."

Giglio: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House,..."

Speaker Redmond: "Will the Gentleman standing between Representative Giglio and the Chair, please sit down. We don't permit people standing in the aisles in the House. Representative Giglio."

Giglio. "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Senate Bill 245 is a Bill that has been in the making for the past two Sessions. We have a hearing on the Bill two years ago, and we ran into trouble with the railroad and the Interstate Commerce Commission. And what we did, we had extensive hearings throughout the state, and the Bill came about, those of you recall the disaster that we had on the south side of the City of Chicago gas tank that exploded, plus the mishap we had in Decatur. So after these hearings in Springfield, Chicago, and Decatur, this is the Bill that we come up with. I think it's a long time overdue. It's a very important Bill. I may add that it has nothing to do with the transportation of hazardous materials on the railroads because that comes under the Interstate Commerce Commission. This is just pertains to the movement on the highways. It's a Bill that the DOT



is 100 percent in favor of it, and I would ask for its support, and if there's any questions, I'd be happy to answer them."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "I have a question for the Sponsor. Does the Bill exempt Cook County?"

Giglio: "No, that...that...there was an Amendment attempted to put on the Bill. The Bill is clean. No Amendments, and we would ask that the Bill stay this way."

Leinenweber: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Byers."

Byers: "Representative Giglio, how come railroads aren't included in this?"

Giglio: "Because railroads come under the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Illinois Commerce Commission."

Byers: "What do we need to do then? Amend this part of the Bill to railroads under the ITC Bill?"

Giglio: "No, they have their own standards, Representative. This just pertains to the transportation on the highways on the road. They have a separate transportation Bill with regards to the train."

Byers: "There's another one coming through on hazardous materials, then, on railroads?"

Giglio: "They have...those laws are implemented. They're already by federal statutes."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner. Dunn. John Dunn."

J. Dunn: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, just a little bit of clarification on this matter. At one time there was consideration to combine them both, but, the highway transit and rail transit of hazardous materials, but there are jurisdictional questions that come up with regard to rail transportation that do not arise with regard to the highway transit. So this is the first step, and there will be continued effort with regard to rails. This is a good Bill, and I urge a favorable vote



from everyone on this important Bill to the State of Illinois."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Barnes."

E. M. Barnes: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker, Member of the House, I would just add an 'Amen' to Representative Dunn. This is the initial step of...goes back some years that Representative, former Representative, now Senator Maragos, and myself with the part of a Subcommittee that began this study to move in this direction to begin to bring about safety for the citizens of Illinois. Representative Giglio has an excellent Bill, and we should support it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedland."

Friedland: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I move the previous question."

Speaker Redmond: "Question shall the main question be put. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Motion carries. Representative Giglio to close."

Giglio: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, the only thing I can add to that, I know of no opposition. I think everybody would be proud to vote for this Bill, and it's something that's very much needed."

Speaker Redmond: "Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye'. Opposed vote 'no'. Representative Geo-Karis to explain her vote."

Geo-Karis: "I'd like to speak in favor of this Bill. I think I was one of the Cosponsors of the amendment in a prior administration of Senator Maragos' Bill. It's a worthwhile Bill, and I certainly speak in favor of it, and vote 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 148 'aye', and no 'nay', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 294."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 294. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Peters. 294. Ordinary and contingent expenses of the Legislative Investigating Commission."

Peters: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this is the ordinary and contingent expense for the Legislative Investigating Commission. I would appreciate the approval of the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Anyone in opposition of this Bill? Representative Byers."

Byers: "Representative Peters yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Peters: "If it's not too difficult."

Byers: "What's the budget for this year compared to last year and the number of employees?"

Peters: "The number of employees, my recollection, Representative Byers, are the same. I think the budget might have increased by, I was going to say \$16,000, but I might be a little off."

Byers: "And the total budget's how much, Representative Peters?"

Peters: "Five...Hold on one second, I'll get that to you. Representative Byers, can I come over with you on that. I'll have to search up my records. I'm sorry, Harold, I don't have that right in front of me."

Byers: "I was just wondering, you know, how the budget compared. I know sometimes we send in some...I think they do a good job..."

Peters: "582,900 is the figure."

Byers: "How much?"

Peters: "582,900."

Byers: "Five million...?"

Peters: "No, five hundred eighty-two thousand, nine hundred."

Byers: "Oh, okay. That's what I was wondering; what the total appropriation was."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Speaker, I'd like to know to what amount...to what item does the legislature expenditure go from the



Legislative Investigating Commission Budget. I was thinking they might have a couple of novices on their staff because their books do read like some fiction stories."

Peters: "Representative Giorgi...Mr. Speaker, if we might just take this out for a minute or two, please."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record. 319."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 319. A Bill for an Act making appropriations to the St. Louis Metropolitan Area Airport Authority. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Steele. C. M. Steele. Out of the record. Representative Barnes, do you have an announcement with respect to appropriations?"

E. Barnes: "If you'll allow me to swallow."

Speaker Redmond: "About when you're meeting."

E. Barnes: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, due to an oversight on the calendar for tonight, the Appropriations II Committee was left off, but Appropriations II will be meeting in its...in Room 118, its normal meeting room, at 6 p.m. this afternoon. Its normal meeting room. 6 p.m."

Speaker Redmond: "When are you going to meet tomorrow?"

E. Barnes: "6 p.m. this afternoon. I understand in the next... probably in the next 2 days the meeting time will be approximately the same time in the same room, same place."

Speaker Redmond: "You'll be meeting in the evening instead of in the morning?"

E. Barnes: "In the evening instead of in the morning."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, Representative Matijevec, do you have an announcement?"

Matijevec: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Appropriations I was scheduled for tomorrow at 9 a.m. That meeting will now be held tomorrow afternoon or evening at 6 p.m. and additional meetings in the week as we need them to complete our work will be at 6 o'clock in the evening. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "327. Representative McMaster."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 327. A Bill for an Act to provide



for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Department of Local Government Affairs. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McMaster. McMaster on 327."

McMaster: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this is the appropriation for the Department of Local Government Affairs. It is a Bill that has been worked on at great lengths between both sides of the aisle, in Committee, and on the floor of the House on Second Reading. I believe that this legislation is now ready for the passage stage. I will try to answer any questions and urge your support in passage of this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye'. Opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. This question there's 132 'aye', and 3 'no', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority, hereby declared passed. 357."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 357. A Bill for an Act to amend the Juvenile Court Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Willer."

Willer: "Yes."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Willer."

Willer: "Thank you, yes, Mr. Speaker. Senate Bill 357 amends the Juvenile Court Act to establish certain rights to counsel by innocent persons. Since it's been amended, what the Bill does basically is provide at the request of any party financially unable to employ counsel, the Court shall appoint the Public Defender or such other counsel as the case may require. It further provides that no hearing on any petition filed under the Juvenile Court Act may be commenced unless the minor who is the subject of the proceedings is represented by counsel. The Bill grants the Court power for the minor's protection and for good cause shown to prohibit any person or agency present in court from making any unnecessary disclosure of the minor's identity."



Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Question is shall this Bill pass? Representative Bartulis."

Bartulis: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask a question of the Sponsor."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Bartulis: "What is the cost going to be?"

Willer: "Since it has been amended, a request for a fiscal note was withdrawn. So I really don't know."

Bartulis: "You mean to say we're going to vote on something we don't know the cost of?"

Willer: "Well, this...this empowers the counties to put in their budget. You see the second Bill, the one following this..."

Bartulis: "In other words we're going to put another burden on the counties and let them...make them pay for something?"

Willer: "Well, they couldn't much do this now, and after, they say, after it was amended, there was no request for a fiscal note. It doesn't...it isn't as far as the state...the state is not concerned. The following Bill allows the counties to put this in their budget in the Public Defender's system."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bartulis, anything further?"

Bartulis: "Well, I think this is just another of the Bills that we hurriedly put through, and put...put it on the back of our local officials, and I think this is wrong. That's all I have."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Mr. Speaker, the Republican staff analysis was prepared prior to Amendments # 1 and 2 which Representative Schlickman and myself offered, and therefore, all of the objectionable material has been removed from the Bill. Now, all the Bill does, as I understand it, is specify that a local Judge when appointing counsel, and he must appoint counsel for juveniles ever since the Florida...the United States Supreme Court ruled in the Florida case that the Court does...specifies that the Court does have the authority to appoint the Public Defender. There was some



question in the minds of some of the Public Defenders whether or not the language in the Act which appeared to be discretionary as to whether or not the Public Defender would be appointed, that Public Defenders were declining the appointment. So it clarifies that, and it specifies that a minor is entitled to counsel, and it would... presumably be cheaper for the Public Defender who's already on the county payroll than to have the Court appoint counsel which would have to be paid separate and apart from the salary of the Public Defender. So with the...the other material in the Bill removed, the Bill now no longer is a burdensome item for either the state or local government."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bowman."

Bowman: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I was going to say essentially what Representative Leinenweber said with one addendum. This Bill in addition to clarifying the status of the Public Defender, and that's really all it does. It doesn't put a financial burden on the counties. That's hogwash. In addition to that, however, it includes in the definition of dependent minor, 'one who is in proper medical care which is necessary for his own well-being'."

Speaker Redmond: "Ready for the question. Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 122 'aye' and 17 'no', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 319."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 319. A Bill for an Act making appropriations to the St. Louis Metropolitan Area Airport Authority. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stiehl."

Stiehl: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 319 appropriates \$363,600 to the St. Louis Metropolitan Area Airport Authority. It passed the Appropriations I Committee unanimously, and I would ask for a favorable vote."



Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 127 'aye' and 7 'no', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 358. Representative Dunn, for what purpose do you rise?"

Dunn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I rise for the purposes of an announcement. In the gallery above to my left on the Democratic side are two visitors from Hamburg, Germany. They are in the Decatur area with the People to People group. I'd like to have them stand together with their host, Mrs. JoAnn Carry from Decatur. The visitors are Carl 'Heinzbanzien' from Hamburg, Germany, and Helma 'Zeiring' from Hamburg, Germany."

Speaker Redmond: "35...Representative Barnes."

E. M. Barnes: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker, we have a little break here. It was brought to my attention when I made the announcement concerning the Appropriations Committee that one Bill that should be heard had been left off Calendar, and if I could at this point, I'd like leave of the House to waive the rules so that Senate Bill 332 which was scheduled and did not appear but which was scheduled. Senate Bill 332, the appropriations for the Racing Board, will be heard in Appropriations II, Wednesday, ...Wednesday, in Appropriations II."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? Hearing no objections, leave is granted, and we'll use the Attendance Roll Call. 358. Representative Willer."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 358. A Bill for an Act to amend the office of Public Defenders. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Willer."

Willer: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, thank you. House Bill 358 simply amends the Public Defenders Act to provide that the Public



Defender shall be the attorney without fee when appointed by the Court under the Juvenile Court Act or any parties who the Court finds is financially unable to employ counsel so this is a follow-up to the last Bill, and I would ask support of the House for it."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 137 'aye', and one 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 359."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 359. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Juvenile Court Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Willer."

Willer: "Yes, thank you, Mr. Speaker. Senate Bill 35...359 provides...it amends the Juvenile Court Act to provide that no law enforcement...its relative information which may be submitted pertaining to juvenile arrests. It provides that no law enforcement officer or other person or agency may transmit records of persons who have been arrested or taken into custody or any fingerprints, photographs or individually identifiable information relating to a minor who has been investigated for the commission of an offense, arrested or taken into custody before his seventeenth birthday, unless the Courts should authorized the same. In other words, this amends the Juvenile Court Act as far as the record keeping system for juveniles. It goes on and says...it provides the police records pertaining to minors shall upon written request be open to inspection by the minor, his attorney, his parents or guardians, for the purpose of determining or challenging the accuracy of such information. The Act also give a discretion to a Court upon its own motion or the motion of interested parties to destroy or find the law enforcement records pertaining to that case."



Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Representative McAuliffe."

McAuliffe: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I have to rise in opposition to this Bill. It is just another attempt to handicap the police in trying to do their job and protect society. There are juveniles at 12 and 13 and 14 years old in Chicago going out and committing murder and arson and rape and robbery and every other kind of maim. And to say that the police can't check on their record to see if they have a past history of that is just putting another roadblock in the path of the police department. It just doesn't make any sense. The records can be expunged when they grow up and if they don't get in any more trouble. Why shouldn't the police be able to check on the background of somebody if they've arrested somebody for arson and why can't they check and see if this 14 or 15 or 16 year old kid has in the past committed 4 or 5 or 6 more arsons. That should be entered into the consideration. And this is just another attempt to handicap the police, and I just can't see why we keep passing these kind of Bills."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Conti."

Conti: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I want to point out one specific example where if this were a law a few years back, we would have been handicapped. We had a car stolen in Ogden Avenue in 'Berwyn'. A gun shop was robbed a few minutes later with an awful lot of ammunition and rifles, and then at 39th and Oak Park Avenue in Stickney Township, a Stickney policeman was shot to death by this car thief and the one that held up the gun shop and took all the guns. We went to the 'Berwyn' Police Department and the Oak Park Police Department and all the police departments throughout the area and looked for known car thieves. We couldn't understand why a car was stolen in 'Berwyn', another gun shop was held up in Cicero, and the



car and the policeman was killed at 39th and Oak Park Avenue. We felt it had to be someone local. In doing so we caught these criminals. The man was prosecuted, is now serving a lifetime sentence. The man that was killed was a police officer in Stickney'. And this was back in 1949."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bowman."

Bowman: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, it's my understanding from the explanation from the Bill that the Court has discretion as to whether the records should be expunged or not. Now, I can't imagine any Court in this state expunging the records of car thieves and murderers and so forth. What we're talking about here are the records of juveniles who have, you know, undertaken some activity which is illegal but by no means a threat to society in their adult life, and these people deserve to start out with a clean slate. And that is really what the Bill addresses itself to. And it's...if you think the Judges are going to expunge the records of murderer's, I think you're crazy."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Willer."

Willer: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, there seems to be some misunderstanding about this Bill. Certainly these records are not totally confidential from anybody. It's simply, as Representative Bowman said, minor matters. However, records of adjudicated offenses can be transmitted by rule of the Supreme Court, they shall establish the rule. The Supreme Court shall provide the rule or that the conference of the Chief Circuit Court Judges convene to establish uniform forms and rules with regards to transmitting the information. The information shall be limited to the offenses for which the minor was adjudicated delinquent. So in other words, this information can be transmitted. This is simply set up to protect minors from having all kinds of non-serious matter be a matter of record. Certainly the cases that were cited by the opponents of the Bill would not be kept confidential from all people. I think there's a great deal of misunder-



standing about this Bill. I'm sorry we did not discuss it more. It's simply an explanation of vote now, but I would ask you to support it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Katz."

Katz: "I think we ought to take a look at what the Bill does and why it does this. The reason that we don't want to have records of juveniles is not really in narrow sense because of the desire to protect the juvenile, but it's because we are protecting the juvenile in order to protect society. If a child makes a mistake and what happens is that a record attaches to that child, it will follow the child for the rest of the child's life. With the modern systems of computers, no matter how the child behaves in the future, he will never be able to outlive it. But I want to point out that under this Bill, the Clerk will transmit to the Illinois Commission on Delinquency Prevention, this is Capparelli's Commission, the facts concerning the offense. It is only when the child did not commit the crime where a desire is made to protect the information from others. Now, we have already passed out Mr. Deuster's Bill, and he will recall this, which clearly says that the victim of a crime will be entitled to this information. The Illinois Commission on Delinquency Prevention will be entitled to it; but I will tell you that if we're going to make available generally the information regarding young people, we will be making a mistake because we will be breeding a whole generation of kids who will remain criminals because they cannot outlive their records."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Representative Holewinski."

Holewinski: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, in order to give those people who are voting 'no' and 'present' an opportunity to reconsider, I'd like to just bring something to your attention. Earlier this year, Illinois Appellate Court took notice of this subject in the case of St. Louis versus 'Droley'. And it took



notice that a system of controlled and continuity of official action taken by Juvenile Courts in this position is essential, and there's no question these records should be kept. However, there's a practical necessity to maintain some sort of system for weeding out that unnecessary material and for specifying in what circumstances the material shall be kept. That's what this Bill does. It simply seeks to establish some order to the system to protect juveniles, those under 17, from having needless material in their background transmitted easily and without regard for their subsequent right of privacy. I think it's a good Bill and really merits your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Willer."

Willer: "Mr. Speaker, may I take this out of the record?"

Speaker Redmond: "I believe after the Roll Call is taken it will have to go on Postponed Consideration."

Willer: "Okay, Postponed Consideration."

Speaker Redmond: "Postponed Consideration. 360. Representative Willer."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 360. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Commission on Delinquency Prevention Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Willer: "Mr. Speaker...Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Willer."

Willer: "I'd like this one to be heard after 359. So could I take that out."

Speaker Redmond: "Go ahead and take this out of the record, surely."

Willer: "All right."

Speaker Redmond: "371."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 371. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act in relation to mechanic's liens, Third Reading of the Bill"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Beatty. Out of the record. 384, G... G. L. Hoffman."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 384. A Bill for an Act to amend ...



the School Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hoffman."

Hoffman: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, the Digest accurately describes Senate Bill 384. It extends for another year the limitation on money appropriated for summer school reimbursements to approve programs for handicapped students, particularly those covered by Section 7.02 and 7.02a of Section 14 of the School Code. This is an extension of our limitation of a...of support for non-mandated programs so that the money can be available for general distributive aid, and this particular Bill passed the Senate 56 to nothing, and I would urge your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there opposition? Question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 125 'aye' and 4 'no', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 413."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 413. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in relation to a tax upon a privilege of operating motor vehicles. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Richmond."

Richmond: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Senate Bill 413 is the same as the Bill that we passed out of the House. House Bill 1183 which exempts motor fuel, the collection of taxes on motor fuels for general aviation. Now, this is not a part of the present statute, but presently those who do purchase aviation fuel must pay the tax and then have it reimbursed by the state. This is an unnecessary procedure to go through. This Bill would eliminate that procedure. It passed the Senate 50 to 3, and it passed in the House Revenue Committee 17 to nothing. I would appreciate your affirmative vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any opposition? Representative Leinenweber."



Leinenweber: "I have a question for the Sponsor."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Leinenweber: "Representative, how can the State of Illinois be certain that this fuel is to be used for aviation purposes only? Is there a problem with that?"

Richmond: "I don't believe that there's a problem of any magnitude. First, it is color coded. Secondly, it's only available at airports, and third, the cost even without the tax is still higher than your automobile type gasoline at the service stations. In fact, management and airports has the other type pumps for their own use rather than try to divert the aviation fuel, because it will ruin your motor, and that's another point."

Leinenweber: "Thank you, that sounds reasonable."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McClain."

McClain: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Would the Gentleman yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

McClain: "Bruce, I agree with you that the present procedure is inadequate or unfair, well, but what would this cost the state, do you know?"

Richmond: "We tried to find out and the method of coming up with the exact answer was apparently so involved, and they said that it was rather inconsequential. Actually, what if... any money that it did cost the state, they're not really entitled to because they've... someone has paid them taxes which they didn't owe and then didn't apply for a refund. I don't think this is the proper way for the state to get its revenue."

McClain: "Oh, no, I agree, but let.. here's what I understand was what happens. The state takes the money from the aviation people, and they place it in a time deposit so that they gain some interest on that money, and that goes to the general revenue. Is that a correct procedure? Or am I inaccurate?"

Richmond: "I think you're probably right. Here's the comment from the staff on that particular point. 'In FY76 3,000



claims for refunds were filed with the Department of Revenue amount to \$525,000. However, no record is available on total aviation fuel tax collected, but it is felt by the Department that only a small percentage of legitimate claims are not filed.' So that small percentage that aren't filed would be...they would be revenues that are gained by the state plus the interest that you're speaking of."

McClain: "Okay, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Ready for the question. The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 115 'aye' and 12 'no', the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 418. Representative Deavers."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 418. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Minimum Wage Law. Third Reading of the Bill."

Deavers: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Senate Bill 418 would exempt employers from having to pay time and a half over-time pay to any employee making at least 1½ times the hourly minimum wage and also who receives at least 50 percent of his wages from commission. If you'll recall a year ago, we had an emergency legislation that pertained to this overtime provision. This is one of the areas that we neglected and left out. The Bill is supported by the Illinois Retail Merchants Association, the State Chamber of Commerce and the Illinois Manufacturers, and the Bill would put us into conformity with the Federal Fair Standards Act, and I move for its adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mugalian."

Mugalian: "I'm sorry, Mr. Speaker. I really wanted permission to be recorded voting 'aye' in a previous Bill. I just missed the button. That's 413. It won't affect the result."



Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. Let's get on this one now. Ready for the question on 418. Representative Bowman."

Bowman: "Mr. Speaker, I'm just reading this synopsis here. What is the 'commissioner employee'? Would the..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deavers. Can you respond? 418."

Deavers: "Do you have a question, Woods, I didn't hear you."

Bowman: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I'm curious. I'm just reading the synopsis here. It says it provides any commissioner employer ascribed for by the Federal Act."

Deavers: "That's incorrect, it's 'commissioned employees!'"

Bowman: "Which commissioner are we talking about? I got it."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 134 'aye' and 2 'no', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 419, Gene Hoffman. Out of the record. 429, Brady."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 429."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dunn desires to be recorded as voting 'aye' on...Senate Bill 418. 429. Representative Brady on the floor? Out of the record. 440...no...426. Pardon me. Representative Monroe Flinn. Monroe Flinn. 426. 426. Monroe Flinn."

Flinn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Senate Bill 426 is a product of the Legislative Advisory Committee on Public Aid, and what it does, it raises the allowance for funeral lounge for public aid recipients from \$300 to \$400. And I ask for your support in this passage."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass? Representative Skinner?"

Skinner: "I don't know what it is, it just seems that Representative Flinn has Bills that I don't agree with once in a while. This is certainly one of them, and I would remind the



Legislature there was a House Bill, it got killed in Committee, and I don't know how this one got out on the floor. What we're doing here, if this Bill passes, is saying we have enough people...we have enough money for dead people on welfare but not enough people for live... not enough money for live people on welfare. We can't come up with a 5 percent increase in the cost of living for those on welfare, the recipients, but we can come up with a 33 1/3 percent increase for funeral directors on welfare. Representative Simms says that it isn't enough, but because of its conflict of interest, I'm sure he won't vote on the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Ready for the question. The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. This question there's 104 'aye' and 29 'no', the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 440. Representative Mulcahey, 'aye'...'no'. Representative Barnes, 'aye'."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 440. A Bill for an Act in relation to the definition, licensing and regulation of community currency exchanges. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ewell. Ray Ewell. Out of the record. 445."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 445. A Bill for an Act to amend the Currency Exchange Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, House Bill 445 is one of the Governor's packages of reforms for the currency exchange industry. Very briefly what it does is involves the test to be applied by the Director of Financial Institutions before it issues a license for an ambulatory exchange. Previously, the test had been solely the community test. This now allows the director of the department to include the welfare of those individuals to be served. The Bill



was heard in Financial Institutions Committee. There were no opposing witnesses to the Bill. It came out clean, 3 to 2. It's part of the Governor's package. I would certainly urge an 'aye' vote and pass this Bill on."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I regret to do this to Representative Leinenweber at this time, but some questions have been brought to my attention concerning this Bill and Senate Bill 447, and would he be willing to take this out of the record?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "I certainly would be willing to, but how long? You know, we're going through a time problem. I don't want to get caught in the switches."

Madigan: "I don't anticipate a great length of time. Just enough time to answer the questions."

Leinenweber: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. 447. Out of the record. Representative Jacobs."

Jacobs: "Mr. Speaker, I inadvertantly pushed my button the wrong way on Senate Bill 426. I would ask leave of the House to have my vote changed to 'yes'."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? Hearing no objection leave is granted. Representative Matijevich on 447, is it all right to take it out of the record?"

Matejevich: "For a while, but not too long."

Speaker Redmond: "477. 477. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Probate Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart on the floor? Out of the record. 497. Dan Houlihan. Out of the record. 549. Representative Darrow."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 549. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Air Carriers Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Darrow."

Darrow: "Thank you Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Senate Bill 549 amends the Illinois Air Carriers



Act. It provides for four years staggered terms for the Directors of the Illinois Aeronautics Board. These terms are to begin, I believe, in 19...Two are to be appointed July 1, 1979, and two more on July 1, 1981, so that they will be staggered and not the way they are at the present time. Technical changes."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions or anyone rise in opposition? Question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 131 'aye' and 13 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed, 613. Representative McAuliffe."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 613. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McAuliffe."

McAuliffe: "Mr. Speaker, I want to table that Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "What's that?"

McAuliffe: "I want to table the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave to table 613? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. 613 is tabled. 622. Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "I don't know if you heard me, Mr. Speaker, but I objected to table the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McAuliffe."

McAuliffe: "Mr. Speaker, I'm acting on behalf of the Senate Sponsor. He asked me to table this Bill, and I'm complying with his wishes."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, then I have no objections."

Speaker Redmond: "Then if no objections have been raised, then 613 is tabled. 622."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 622. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. Third Reading of the Bill."



Speaker Redmond: "622. Out of the Record. 624."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 624. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Criminal Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kozinski. Representative Kozinski on the floor? Out of the Record. 629."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 629. A Bill for an Act to amend certain Acts herein named in relation reduced..."

Speaker Redmond: "J. David Jones."

Clerk Hall: "(unintelligible) fares for public transportation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Jones? Out of the Record. 653."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 653. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in relation to criminal identification and investigation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Jaffe."

Jaffe: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, Senate Bill 653 provides for the impounding of a Court file on motion of either the parties or the Court where the Court has entered an order expunging a record of the arrest from the official records of the arresting authorities. I know of no opposition to this particular Bill. It is a permissive Bill that lies with the Court itself, and I would solicit your 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any questions or any opposition? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question: there's 143 'aye' and 3 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. I understand you're now ready with 445, is that correct? 445? Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Thank you."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 445. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in relation to the definition, licensing and regulating of community currency exchanges. Third Reading of the Bill."



Leinenweber: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. As I mentioned before this Bill was taken out of the record, it is part of the currency exchange reform package. And the basic thing the Bill does is change the test or add to the test for the issuance of an ambulatory license. The economic benefits and the conveniences of the persons to be served by the ambulatory exchange in addition to the test which the Act now contains. I think it's a good Bill. It came out of the Committee 23 to 2. There were no opposing witnesses in Committee, and I believe that we should pass this out."

Speaker Redmond: "Anyone in opposition. Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 149 'aye' and no 'nay' and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 447."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 447. A Bill for an Act in relation to definition and licensing and regulation of currency exchanges. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijeich."

Matijeich: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Senate Bill 447 is also a Bill from that currency exchange package and repeals a Section setting forth the findings and declarations of the General Assembly. Those findings and declarations were written way back in the fifties without really any actual investigation, and they were very preferential to one part of the industry, and it is my feeling that in the statutes we really don't need a Findings and Declarations Section. Leave the law speak for itself, and this Bill is therefore needed so that we...it eliminates from the statutes that preferential language. I urge the passage of Senate Bill 447."

Speaker Redmond: "Anyone in opposition? Question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 145



'aye' and one 'no', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 624. Representative Kosinski."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 624. A Bill for an Act to amend the Criminal Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Senate Bill 624 makes it a Class 4 Felony to bring any item of contraband into a penal institution. They have deleted alcohol from this Amendment in a Committee Amendment. It now includes cannibus, as controlled substances, hypodermic syringe or needles, and weapons, and I ask for its passage."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any opposition? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? This is 624. Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 146 'aye' and no 'nay', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority, hereby declared passed. 497. Representative Dan Houlihan. Out of the record. How about 596? Out of the record. 56...653."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 653."

Speaker Redmond: "Wait a minute. Can we pass that one? That's what I thought. 666."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 666. A Bill for an Act to amend the Metropolitan Transit Authority Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative O'Brien. Representative Chapman, will you sit down, please? Representative O'Brien. Out of the record. 705. Representative Brady? Out of the record. 708. Representative Luft. 708. Out of the record. 728. Representative Getty. 728."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 728. A Bill for an Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Getty."

Getty: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this Bill was



introduced in the Senate by our former colleague, Senator Sangmeister. In its amended condition it does one thing and one thing only, it replaces the word 'shall' for the word 'may' in stating that the Court shall grant a continuance in the cause of the state where the defendant during the last three weeks, the last 21 days of the 121...120 days in which he must be brought to trial causes of continuance. If the state thereafter needs a continuance, a continuance shall be granted to the state for not more than 3 weeks, and I would ask...I know of no opposition to this. It passed out of the Senate by a vote of 46 to one, and passed unanimously out of Committee. I would ask for your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any opposition? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote...Representative Dan Houlihan."

D. Houlihan: "I have a question of the Sponsor if he would yield."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

D. Houlihan: "Presently it provides the word delay 'occurs within the last 21 days of the applicable term period. The Court 'may', it's within the discretion of the Court to grant an additional 21 days as far as the applicable term. Is that correct?"

Getty: "That's correct."

D. Houlihan: "Now, we passed last year...or excuse me, we passed two years ago, I believe, the current Speedy Trial Statutes as required really under the decision of People versus Louis. At the time that we passed that and subsequently extended the implementation date, we contained this language of making it discretionary with the Court and not mandatory on the request of the state to extend the applicable term period an additional 21 days. At that time it was rejected. The idea of making it mandatory on the Courts to extend the additional 21 days. And I'm wondering why now, since we have only been dealing with the new Speedy Trial Statutes since last March, I believe, Mike, why we are now changing it so early to make it mandatory rather than discretionary which is the provision really which was



rejected two years ago?"

Getty: "Because I have been advised that there have been Judges who have had difficulty in granting the continuance, the state very often, as you know, following a time when the defendant asks for the continuance, the state is then put in a position where it can lose its witness, goes on a vacation, gets lost, whatever; and then the state is in a precarious position and not being able to proceed to trial. Now, there have been Judges who in using their discretion have felt that they were not directed by the statutes to continue it. They are afraid that if they do continue it, that they might be subject to appeal. Further, the state thinks, for example, that they can get their witness within five days, and there have been cases where the Court has said do you...well, 'can you have the witness in...within five days?' The State's Attorney or the assistants has said 'yes', then they haven't been able to get them within the five day period that they thought they could, but could have gotten them within the 21 day period and have not been able to proceed to trial but dismissed. So by making it mandatory in the statutes, there would be no question that in only in these restricted instances where the defendant has caused the delay during that period of time that the state should also be entitled to delay."

D. Houlihan: "Well, in response, if I may, Mr. Speaker, I find frankly somewhat perplexing the idea that a Court would have difficulty because the statute makes it very clear that it's within the discretion of the Court. As far as the unavailability of witnesses, we did not change with the new Speedy Trial Act provision in the law that the state upon application can ascend because of the unavailability of witnesses the applicable term period by an additional 60 days. And my concern really is that as the Chairman of the Speedy Trial Committee was drafted at the present statute that we are operating under, that this can be construed to



result in a delay in bringing a person to trial which really goes against what the whole import was of the new Speedy Trial Statute as we adopted it. I regret that I didn't realize that the Bill here was not in the quality, because if it were, I would have first met with you, Mike. But in view of its present posture, my feeling on it, I'm going to vote 'no'."

Speaker Madigan: "Representative...Anything further?..."

Representative Getty to close."

Getty: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, to reiterate, the Bill does one very simple thing, and it removes any doubt that the Judge should grant the continuance to the state where a continuance has already been granted to the defendant during the final 21 days under our Speedy Trial Act. The state is occasionally put in an impossible position when they must bring a man to trial within 120 days. A few days before that 120 days would expire, the state seeks to go to trial and the defendant asks for and receives a continuance. Thereafter, at the expiration of that time, the state sometimes is unable because circumstances have changed, they don't have the witness, they have to go out and get him. This permits the state to have a continuance for no more than 3 weeks under those limited circumstances. I think this is a fair and equitable way. It is a provision that removes any doubt that the state should be given this opportunity to bring them in to trial, and they be given an opportunity to get all their witnesses, and it does not hurt justice in any way. It does not hurt bringing the defendant to trial. All it says is under these limited circumstances, the state has 21 days, and only 21 additional days, to go to trial."

Speaker Redmond: "Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 124 'aye' and 11 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is



hereby declared passed. 477. Representative Hart. Hart.
477."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 477. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections
of the Probate Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart."

Hart: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen
of the House, this...all this Bill does is to restore some
language that was removed when the Probate Act was recodified
in 1975. And the Bill came out of Judiciary I without any
dissenting votes. There was no opposition to the Bill, and
it just...it corrects what apparently was an error in the
drafting of the revised Probate Act which we passed last
Session. I move or ask for the support of the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any opposition? Question is shall
this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote
'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish?
Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 143
'aye' and one 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitu-
tional Majority is hereby declared passed. 666. Represent-
ative O'Brien. Wait a minute. We took that out of the
record, I guess. 779. Representative Johnson on the
floor? Out of the record. 788. Representative Hart."

Clerk Hall: "Senate Bill 788. A Bill for an Act to amend the
Motor Fuel Tax Law. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart."

Hart: "Thank you very much again, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and
Gentlemen of the House, this Bill would increase the amount
that place into the Grade Crossing Protection Fund from
\$200,000 per month to \$500,000 per month. I think that
there may have been some questions about it before the
Transportation Committee met and approved the Bill, but
the Bill came out of the Transportation Committee, I believe,
without opposition, and I would ask for the support of the
House."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Totten."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Would the Sponsor yield for a



question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Totten: "How much is in that fund now?"

Hart: "Well, I'm not sure what's in it, but it...lasts's annually and goes...you know...it's a reappropriation... starts over every year."

Totten: "Does this increase the amount that goes in there?"

Hart: "Yeah, it does. It increases the amount from 200,000 per month to 500,000 per month."

Totten: "Well, the question that I raise is I don't think that fund is using near all the money that's in there, and why should we increase the money that's in there? And where does that money come from? Is that road fund money?"

Hart: "Yes, well, I can't answer the question about why, if it is true, and I'm not sure that it's true, but I know that there is certainly a need for more money to be used for this purpose, and I believe that your Governor, our Governor, in his campaign indicated that there was a great problem in not having enough money used for grade crossing protection. And this, I believe, would be to try to coordinate his thoughts with our money and to protect some more of these grade crossings. I certainly know that we aren't doing enough in this regard. What are the mechanical problems of it? I'm not sure about, but it...I believe, the thinking is that if we increase the money that perhaps we would increase the use of it and take care of some of these problems that exist all over the state."

Totten: "Well, I now have the figures in front of me that the current balance of the fund as of May 31 was \$5,887,000, and this would divert another 3.6 million from the Road Fund into the fund, the fund which is not using it, and I also understand that the Illinois Department of Transportation is opposed to that diversion. Now, I think until we get this fund straightened out and either start doing something on rail crossings, or we shouldn't put any more in there until they start acting, and at this time, I



think this is just a bad Bill."

Giglio: "Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giglio."

Giglio: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, if I could speak to the Bill. This had a real good hearing in the Transportation Committee and perhaps maybe enlightened the former Speaker. The thinking of the Committee was that the sooner we deplete the Road Fund the better off we might be, and we might do something about the sum of our money here in the Road Fund. Second, that the money that was left in the account for the railroad crossings are all ear-marked, and I think another 1,400 railroad crossings in the State of Illinois that have to be fixed, and the amount of money that they have ear-marked is nowhere near enough of the crossings that they want to continue to fix here in the State of Illinois. So, what Dee and I would urge everybody to take a good look at this and get some more safety devices near the railroad tracks and give this thing a favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Garmisa."

Garmisa: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this increase that they are asking for here for the bridges is really a very modest increase in the sense that this will hardly cover all of the bridges that are sorely in need of repair in our state. We have conditions in our bridges downstate in particular where the...some of the buses, the school buses, have to leave their children on one side of the bridge, cross over and pick up the children on the other side after they walk over. The condition of our bridges, quite a bit of them throughout the state, are in very serious condition. This extra \$300,000... bridges and grade crossings...I'm sorry, the...I'm glad that, I thought I was on another Bill that went to the House, and I'm sorry to take up the time. But the grade crossings, Mr. Speaker, are also something that we have adjusted ourselves to in the General Assembly. We find that there



is a great shortage of the funding for the grade crossings. This \$300,000 in additional funds is sorely needed. I would ask every member of the House to give this an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Winchester."

Winchester: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I also arise in support of House Bill 788. I'm not sure of Representative Giglio's answer to the question that Representative Totten had, but the \$5,000,000 that we're talking about that still is in this special fund is money that was already committed... committed at the beginning of the year on projects that will...that the money will be spent on eventually. The money's already been committed, and I also would like to point out it's not just for railroad crossings, it's also for the upkeep and repair and maintenance of all railroad crossings. So, I urge an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McClain."

McClain: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I hesitate very much to oppose the Chairman of the Transportation Committee. I'm blessed to be the Vice-Chairman. I also hesitate to oppose the Chairman of the Transportation Study Commission, both being the same individual. However, I rise in opposition of this Bill. I rise strongly. The unexpected amount...the unexpended amount of money now in the Grade Crossing Protection Fund is 5.4 million dollars. The Governor's appropriated this legislative year into the appropriation for IDOT, Illinois Department of Transportation, a 4.8 million. What this piece of legislation would do is mandate an additional 3.6 million dollars to be placed in the Grade Crossing Protection Fund. That would come out to an annual appropriation mandated if this legislation would pass of \$6,000,000. Now, that's \$6,000,000 from the Road Fund not the Motor Fuel Tax Fund. As you'll recall, the Governor in his message to us back in the late winter or early spring said that we would only have 48 million dollars in



state money for Road Fund this year. If you take 3.6 million from that 48 million, that brings us down to 44.4 million dollars. In order for us to qualify for the maximum in federal monies for our road system, we need a reserve of 45 million dollars. This Bill, if placed in law, would place us below that 45 million dollars. Because of those reasons, I hope that you will vote against this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Cunningham."

Cunningham: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I respectfully urge the question boils down to whether your railroad crossings are worse than your highways. If your district is like mine, you'll have to conclude that your highways are much the worse. The money that you transfer from the Highway Fund by this Bill to the railroads will diminish the roads accordingly. I suggest that it's charitable to describe this administration's road program as modest. You can use even a smaller description of it, it can't stand any money being taken away from it. I recognize the comment made by the Sponsor about campaign commitments in that regard. I heard some of those commitments. They come under the general category of campaign oratory. We're all experienced in those matters. We need not be shocked. We can be discouraged. Report it back to our constituents. But for now I would hope that the Sponsor would recognize those of us who live in the same sections of Illinois that it would be disgraceful to take this money away and put it on the railroad crossings when we need it so desperately to repair the mud and the other holes in our highways that this administration needs to see and also in regard to its campaign commitments. Vote 'no'."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Freidrichs."

Freidrich: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I think... Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I think if you'd had the experience that we had in my district last year of some 12 children being killed because of a poor railroad



crossing, you might think about voting for this Bill. I urge you to do so."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Williams."

Williams: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I'm also a member of the Transportation Committee and I stand in favor of this legislation. It was pointed out there's a lot of concern about the balance, you know, in the funds. I'd like to point out that one of the reasons for the cash balance is a time span actually between the time that the Commerce Commission orders the fund expenditure and the actual payment that is made. We are now paying for the installations that the funds will begin to come into balance after the installations that we approved in 1975 and 1976 are actually completed. As a member of the Subcommittee last year that worked on this, I think it was pointed out that there is a lack of funds if we are going to complete at the grade separations that have now been asked for. I know in the Fifth Legislative District and in 'Leyden' Township that we can certainly use this for grade crossing separation, and I urge an 'aye' vote, and I think we should put our priorities in this direction."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Beatty."

Beatty: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, earlier this session we passed a Bill dealing with this subject which broadened the authority of the State of Illinois where previously they could construct these grade crossings. Now the funds are to be used for the repair and maintenance of railroad crossings so that the state has greater authority from this fund, and they don't need more money, and I would urge a favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Byers."

Byers: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I, too, would like to speak in support of this Bill. Down in Representative Freidrichs' district mentioned the twelve children and one adult who were killed in our legislative district last year at a bridge crossing that wasn't properly protected, and there is literally



hundreds of these around the state, and if we can send men to the moon and we can do other things, I think that we could certainly upgrade the train crossings in the State of Illinois. Illinois has some of the worst train crossings in the state, and when you talk to the people and ask them...in the nation, and when you talk to the people of the ICC, they say they don't have enough money. So this would be one way to get money in that fund, and I think we should vote 'aye' on this legislation."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart to close."

Hart: "Well, thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. It is very true, as the Gentlemen have said, that there is a long lag time between the time that you file the petition and you get an order from the Commerce Commission and some of the funds are earmarked and the plans begin, the designs are made, until the time when the crossing is actually constructed, and so where the acreage and population that are stated saying in the increase in the amount of cars that are going across the crossings, and will recall the projections that they make, we're going to need much more money in this fund to make these grade crossings safe for highway traffic, and I think this is a good Bill. I would urge the support of the House in the passage of Senate Bill 788."



Speaker Redmond: "Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question, 106...107 'aye' and 35 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. Senate Bill 440. Representative Matijevidich."

Matijevidich: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Senate Bill 440 is another of the...the Bills in the currency exchange package which would require the Director of Financial Institutions after adequate hearings to set a schedule of maximum rates charged for cashing checks and writing money orders. Any exchange may charge more fees than the maximum after filing with the director a copy of the fee schedule which will be used. The Bill also requires a prominent display of the rates schedules in effect. This Bill was heard in Committee and received a 28 to 2 vote, and I would appreciate and urge your support of Senate Bill 440."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 440. A Bill for an Act to amend the Currency Exchange Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 140 'aye' and no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. On the Order of Senate Bill, Second Reading appears Senate Bill 216. Representative Kempiners is recognized. Representative Mahar, for what purpose do you rise?"



Mahar: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I rise to ask for Republican conference in room 118 for 45 minutes."

Speaker Redmond: "In one minute. Representative Kempiners. Kempiners."

Kempiners: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I would ask leave to take Senate Bill 216 back to the Order of Second Reading for purpose of an Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave to return 216 to the Order of Second Reading? Representative Geo-Karis, for what purpose do you rise?"

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to have leave to take..."

Speaker Redmond: "Wait a minute...wait a minute. Are you addressing the Representative Kempiners' request to remove..."

Geo-Karis: "Oh, no, no, I'm sorry."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, 216 will be returned to the Order of Second Reading. Is there an Amendment, Mr. Clerk?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 1. Amends Senate Bill 216 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kempiners."

Kempiners: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. This is an Amendment that was put on in Committee, and the Bill was then discharged from Committee..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dan Houlihan, for what purpose do you rise?"

D. Houlihan: "Where is this Bill on the calendar?"

Speaker Redmond: "We moved it to Third Reading from Second today, and evidently Representative Kempiners has an agreement without...for an Amendment which was not put on when we moved it. It appears on page 12."

Kempiners: "What happened, Representative Houlihan, is that this Amendment was adopted in Committee, but then I discharged the Bill from Committee without realizing that the Bill is discharged but the Amendment's not, and this was the Amendment added in Committee. When I discovered the error, I asked that it be brought back to Second Reading. What this Amendment does...The Bill was originally written



used the parole and pardon board latitude for up to three year period for a rehearing on a parole request. This Amendment turns it around and leaves it at the existing twelve months, but then says the board may at its...on its own motion either hold hearings more frequently or less frequently but no less frequent than three years. So that the twelve month hearing is still mandated in this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dan Houlihan."

D. Houlihan: "So that within the three year period, it is still mandatory even if this amendatory goes on that they must review it at least once each twelve months. Is that correct?"

Speaker Redmond: "Kempiners."

Kempiners: "They must review it each twelve months, but on its own motion. They can extend it, and the reason for this is for example using a case, the Speck Case, every year now, they have to have a rehearing. There's no latitude, which means that the families of all the nurses come down and feel they have to testify against it, and what this is trying to do is to give them enough latitude where when they know somebody isn't going to be granted a favorable hearing, they can put it off no longer than three years, but it still will remain a twelve month mandate unless they take this other type of action."

D. Houlihan: "I'm not quite sure I still follow you. If it has to be on a twelve month period, this would give them the leeway to extend that...How far can they extend that?"

Kempiners: "Up to three years, but then it also gives them the latitude to hold a hearing more frequently than 12 months. They might have a case where the guy's not ready for parole now, but maybe in six months, he might be. They could hold a hearing more frequently than twelve months."

D. Houlihan: "So then the first question I asked you, would it still be mandatory to hold these on every twelve month period, the answer to that is 'no'. Is that correct?"



Kempiners: "Yes, the answer to that...It's mandatory twelve months unless they take affirmative action to extend it. The Bill as it was originally introduced would have made it mandatory every three years, and what I did was leave it at twelve months unless they take some action to extend that twelve month period."

D. Houlihan: "All right."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there anything further? Questions on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #1 to Senate Bill 216. Those in favor say 'aye'...Let's do it all over again. Those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'no'. Opinion of the Chair the 'ayes' have it. Motion carries, and the Amendment's adopted. Representative Mann. Request for a Roll Call has been made. Question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of the amendment? Those in favor vote 'aye' and opposed vote 'no'. Representative Mann."

Mann: "Mr. Speaker, I think the Gentleman's reasons here are sincere, and I agree with the general context out of which he's operating, but just because a certain individual will come up every twelve months because he was...even though he was guilty of a terrible, heinous crime which that was, that doesn't mean that that should become the general rule. And I think that what we want as we have a parole board, we want a parole board that can function on the present basis. That is if people are eligible for parole, that doesn't mean that they're going to get out. Nor is the contrary true, however, and that is that if they're not eligible for parole, is the parole board going to give them a release. So I think you ought to take a look at this one. As a matter of precedent, it changes the manner in which the parole board operates. If you were to ask me if I'm in favor of abandoning the parole board, I'd probably say to you 'yes' if it's replaced by something decent; but until we do it, I don't think we ought to base a vote on one monstrosity suggesting that every other



application for parole may not have some merit to it."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 104 'aye' and 11 'no'. The Gentleman's motion carries, and the Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. Representative Mautino."

Mautino: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I'd like to have leave of the House to be recorded 'yes' on House Bill...Senate Bill 477. I was inadvertently voted 'no'."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. Representative Mulcahey. Mulcahey, did you ask leave to be recorded...Representative Mulcahey?"

Mulcahey: "Be recorded as voting 'no' on Senate Bill 788."

Speaker Redmond: "Does he have leave? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. Representative Geo-Karis. Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to have leave of the House to take Senate Bill 944 back to Second Reading. Representative Lechowicz has a good Amendment to put on, and at the same time, I'd like to table the first Amendment and accept his."

Speaker Redmond: "Where is it now?"

Geo-Karis: "It's on Third Reading. We just put it today."

Speaker Redmond: "Oh, I see. The Lady has asked leave to return Senate Bill 944 to the order of Second Reading. Does she have leave? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. Now will you tell us what you want to do."

Geo-Karis: "I'd like to have leave to table Amendment 1 and substitute in lieu thereof Amendment 2 filed by Representative Lechowicz."

Speaker Redmond: "The Lady has moved to table Amendment #1. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The motion carries. Amendment # 1 is tabled."

Geo-Karis: "And I now move..."

Speaker Redmond: "Are there any other Amendments?"

Geo-Karis: "Yes."



Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 2. Lechowicz, amends Senate Bill 944 on page 4, so forth."

Geo-Karis: "And now I would like to move the adoption of Amendment # 2 as filed by Representative Lechowicz."

Speaker Redmond: "The Lady has moved the adoption of Amendment # 2. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carried, and the Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. Representative Reed."

Reed: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like leave of the House to change my 'no' vote to an 'aye' on Senate Bill 384. It will not change the outcome."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Lady have leave? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. Representative Sumner. I'm working around to you, Representative Ryan. Representative Sumner."

Sumner: "Mr. Speaker, may I have leave to change my 'no' vote to an 'aye' vote on Senate Bill 327?"

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Lady have leave? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. Representative Sandquist."

Sandquist: "Mr. Speaker, I didn't get to my switch in time. I'd like to be recorded as 'no' on that Amendment to Senate Bill 216. It will not change the result on the Amendment that we just adopted."

Speaker Redmond: "The Gentleman has asked leave to be recorded as 'no' on the motion to adopt the Amendment on 216. Does he have leave? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. Representative Cunningham, for the purpose of an introduction of a former Member."

Cunningham: "Speaker, how did you know? The House is honored to have in its midst today former Representative Sonny Bradley from Decatur, Illinois, standing here on my right."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Ladies and Gentlemen, if we could impose on you for one moment for purposes of a very special introduction. Standing on the podium with the Speaker, Representative



Laurino, and myself is a very close personal friend of mine, a person that you may not know personally, but I'm sure you've read about him, and he is the proprietor of Eli's Place for Steak in Chicago. The restaurant you read about in Cup's column all the time. Eli Sholman, and I'd like him to say a few words."

Eli Sholman: "As a former briefing captain, glad to be with you.

We lose the draw. I've been resting the body."

Madigan: "And with him is his lovely wife Ester. Ester."

Ester: "Delighted to be here this afternoon."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mahar."

Mahar: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I renew my inquiry on the conference for 45 minutes in room 118."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart, do you seek recognition?"

Hart: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, there will be a Democratic conference."

Mahar: "Can you get a little louder?"

Hart: "There will be a Democratic conference immediately in Room 114. The subject matter will be education, and we'd like all the Democrats come down as soon as possible and attend that conference."

Speaker Redmond: "We will be back here no later than 4:30. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Mr. Speaker, it is imperative that all Republicans be in 118."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will now stand in recess for 45 minutes. We will be back here exactly at 4:30. Republican conference and the Democratic conference."

AT RECESS

4:59 P.M.

Speaker Redmond: "The record show that Representative Walsh is majestically entering the chamber. Saw Richard with a yellow coat on and blue pants. There's something wrong."

Doorkeeper: "All persons not entitled to the House floor, please retire to the gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will come to order. The order of business is Agreed Resolution."



Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution 342. Mugalian. 344. Griesheimer. 347, DiPrima. 349, Ewing. 348, Ewing. 350, Ewing. 351, Kelly. 352, Kelly. And 353, Wolf-Pullen."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, House Resolution 342 by Mugalian, I ask that the Committee on Human Resources on Doctors and State Institutions be extended to December 1, 1977. House Resolution 350...354 by Griesheimer calls attention to the body that Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Breaton are celebrating their fiftieth wedding anniversary. House Resolution 347 by DiPrima exposes the accomplishments of Major-General Harold Patton who's retiring. 348 by Ewing notes that St. Peter & Paul Church of Chatsburg has 100th year anniversary. 349 by Ewing, recognizes Monsignor George Dzyryo, 35 years of priesthood. 350 by Ewing, acknowledges the St. Mary's Catholic Church which has been serving the area for 100 years. 351 by Kelly, celebrates the 50th wedding anniversary of A.S. Thrall. 352 applauds the 60 years of marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Emiel Grothe. And 353 by Wolf, talks about the plight of nations subject to the force of communism, and I move for the adoption of the Joint Resolutions."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Levin."

Levin: "Yes, just...clearly of Representative. I take it that you...none of these resolutions are about Anita Bryant?"

Giorgi: "No, okay, one of them is about Frank Sinatra, though."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "I was a little nervous when Ellis said 'queery' to speak after that trouble we had the other day with the resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Questions on the Gentleman's motion. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Motion carried. Resolutions are adopted. Death Resolutions."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution 343, Bluthardt et. al. with respect for the memory of Mrs. Conti. House Resolution 346, McCourt, respect for the memory of John W. Drish."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, I move the adoption of the Death Resolutions."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Questions on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of the Death Resolutions. Those in favor say 'aye' 'Aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The motion carried. Death Resolutions are adopted. General Resolutions."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution 345, Richmond, et. al."

Speaker Redmond: "Committee on assignments. House Bills, Third Reading. House Bill, Third Reading appears House Bill 2412. Representative Klosak."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 2412. A Bill for an Act to make appropriations to the Department of Transportation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Klosak."

Klosak: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, House Bill 2412 transfers \$32,000 within the DOT for the purpose of making a feasibility study and for perhaps finding alternative sources of water for the Danville area. If you recall in the last session, they had a project called 'Little Fort Reservoir' which was defeated. Now this \$32,000 appears to be our commitment to help them find to an alternate source of water. I ask your favorable consideration."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor... Representative James Houlihan."

J. Houlihan: "Mr. Speaker, will the Gentleman yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

J. Houlihan: "Representative Klosak, this is for an alternative search. This is not a research, or this is not planning money, or this in no way leading toward the implementation of that dam. Is this...this is..."

Klosak: "I understand your concern, Representative. I am willing to state that this is the intention of the principle Sponsor of this legislation that this \$32,000 be used to



seek alternate sources of water supply."

J. Houlihan: "Thank you very much."

Speaker Redmond: "Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? We can't. Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 129 'aye' and 4 'no'. The Bill having... Representative Macdonald. Representative Macdonald. Representative Macdonald."

Macdonald: "Yes, Mr. Speaker. Something is wrong with my switches, so I may have to be voting vocally or else make an arrangement with the Clerk here so that I can vote without pushing these buttons. They are not recording properly."

Speaker Redmond: "You're recorded as voting 'aye' now. On this question, 129 'aye', and 4 'no', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 2416."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 2416. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act making appropriations to the Department of Law Enforcement. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Klosak."

Klosak: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this Bill does the same thing within the Department of Law Enforcement. It transfers the sum of \$85,000 from an item called 'apprehension of fugitives'. Actually, we have a program in the State of Illinois wherein the state reimburses local law enforcement agencies in extradition cases. Now, I guess, we have more fugitives this year than we've had before. We find ourselves \$85,000 short in reimbursing the county sheriffs. We have found the money in other places such as automobile maintenance and personal services. I ask your consideration...favorable consideration for the transfer of this \$85,000."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'."



Representative Macdonald, does your switch operate now or ... Have all voted who wish? Clerk will make...take the record. On this question there's 152 'aye' and no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority, hereby declared passed. House Bill Second Reading. Do you want, Representative Martin, do you want 362 called? Out of the record? 973. Representative Gaines, do you want that one called? 973. House Bill Second."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 973. A Bill for an Act to make appropriations for the ordinary and contingent expenses for Fair Employment Practice Commission. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment # 1 and 2 were adopted in Committee.

Speaker Redmond: "Any motions or Amendments from the floor? 973?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No motions. There's a motion to table Amendment # 2 to House Bill 973 by Representative Ryan, George Ryan."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan. You have a motion to table Amendment # 2 to House Bill 973?"

Ryan: "Yes, that's right, Mr. Speaker. I would appreciate the adoption of the motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Gaines."

Gaines: "This is a motion to delete the addition of \$300,000 in order to bring the backlog down to where it is manageable. Some of the little funds are dependent upon our ability in the Fair Employment Practice Commission to bring down the number of backlog that we have, and one of the problems that we face in this state is the fact that when you added women and senior citizens to the group of people who are eligible to file petitions, you create a great backlog."

Ryan: "Mr. Speaker...Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Are there any other motions with respect to Amendments 1 and 2 of the Committee?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 3, McClain, Amends House Bill 973



by deleting the last Section of the Bill and inserting in lieu thereof Section 2, the following amount and so forth.

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McClain."

McClain: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Amendment # 3 to House Bill 973 increases a pay raise for those people who make \$14,000 or less. It's a 2 percent pay raise for those people. The cost for that... for this Amendment is only \$13,000. Continually throughout the appropriations process we've given two and a half percent pay raises, step and merit raises for employees. However, we've continually forgotten the below funded person of \$14,000 and below. This 2 percent pay raise is something that I have not thought of myself until Representative Wikoff had an add on of 2 percent for University Retirement System appropriation, and this is where I got my thought. My thought is not for 2 percent for all employees. It's only for the bottom end of employees of those people making \$14,000 or less. The cost is \$13,000. I move its adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Gaines...or Peters, pardon me."

Peters: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I rise to oppose this Amendment offered by Representative Mike McClain. I know what he is attempting to do. This kind of Amendment is going to be offered as far as I know to every OCEE budget in an attempt to have a 2 percent increase as indicated by Representative McClain for those individuals who are on the low end of the scale, and that low end of the scale is now defined as those people who are making below \$14,000 a year. Now, I'm not sure if that's exactly the low end of the scale. Representative McClain's Amendments as always and ideas are laudable. I am not sure, however, that we can end up putting on 2 thous...percent increase not only on this budget, but on every other budget that comes along the line here. We will be up to that 50 or 60 million dollars which we did pass out of here by 1 vote but which was defeated in the Senate Committee."



I would urge the defeat of Amendment # 3 to House Bill 973."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Gene Hoffman."

Hoffman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Will the Sponsor yield to a question? You estimated the amount in this particular Bill to be \$13,000; is that correct?"

McClain: "Yes, Sir, according to the staff, those people making \$14,000 a year in the FEPC, if they were to get a 2 percent pay raise, the total cost would be \$13,000."

Hoffman: "All right, secondly, is there any validity to the allegation made by the previous speaker that there are similar Amendments being offered to...will be offered to other appropriation Bills?"

McClain: "Well, the allegation is sort of accurate, and sort of inaccurate. For instance, I have not thought of it before until it was done in Appropriations II Committee last week, and then I asked the staff to draft these Amendments for any OC Bill budgets that were still available. So I'm going to hit some and miss some, but it's a posture I think may be...the Appropriation Committee was inconsistent in either adopting it or not adopting it, and they did adopt on the University Retirement System budget, and so I thought it fair for the full House to decide on whether or not to adopt the Amendment."

Hoffman: "All right, then by your...let me ask you one other question. What is the total amount that would be added on the basis of all the Amendments, cause I think this first Amendment's kind of important because it kind of sets the tone. Cumulative, how much are you talking about on all the Bills."

McClain: "Well, for the FEPC would be 13,000; for R and E would be 80,000; for...for Dangerous Death Commission, 13,000; for the State Board of Education, 96,000; and for Law Enforcement it would be 213,000. It would be somewhere around \$350,000 total."

Hoffman: "All right, so you're...you are totally adding about a



quarter of a million dollars to all of these budgets."

McClain: "I hope, if you support it Gene."

Hoffman: "All right, fine, thank you very much. Let me...let me make an observation, and that is number one that many of these similar budgets have been adopted, and therefore we would be making an application in favor of some and not in favor of others, and I think we have to ask ourselves if that what we want to do, or did it make more sense if we wanted to deal with this to deal with it as Representative Von Boeckman did in terms of a flat percentage increase for all state employees. And the second point I'd like to make is we have to ask ourselves the question 'Do we want to take a quarter of a million dollars and use it this way or do we want to use it in other ways?'. I for one think it should be used in other ways, as well as thinking it unfortunate that's inconsistent with previous appropriations that have already passed. And for these two reasons, in all due respect to the Sponsor, I will have to oppose the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative McClain to close."

McClain: "Well, thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, typically in the appropriation process what we do is we give money available for pay hikes, and what happens once that goes...and it's a bulk sum, as you're well aware of. And what happens is they give across the board 5,7,8, 2 percent pay hike and what happens as we noted in Appropriations Committee, 88 percent of the people who are going to receive a pay hike in the State Board of Education were people making \$20,000 and above. The people that usually are forgotten are the people that are at the bottom end of the spectrum, just on board, the nonprofessionals that have families to feed also. What this Amendment does is it protects those people that I have, and I agree to this, it's an arbitrary figure of 14,000, agreed to give them a 2 percent pay raise for those people. It's a



minimum amount of money, 13,000, for these people in ^{101.}
FEPC. It's an amount that they long deserve, and I move
its adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "Questions on the Gentlemen's motion for the
adoption of Amendment # 3. Those in favor vote 'aye',
opposed vote 'no'. Representative McClain."

McClain: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. In explaining my
vote, I'd like to explain to the Membership that this is
a 2 percent pay raise for those people making \$14,000 or
less. What has happened in the past is the pay raises
have gone to the people with the higher income brackets,
and the small people, the people that are making minimum
salary, are not getting adequate pay raises. Even 2 percent
is still a slap in the face, but it's something. I urge
you to vote 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Representative
Jones."

Jones: "Yes, thank you, Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen
of the House, I'd like to remind the Sponsor of this
Amendment that when the 5 percent pay increase when the
public aid employees was up, he gave us just the opposite
of what he's giving us now. Now, if we can afford 2 ½
for those on the lower bracket and at various agencies and
departments in the State of Illinois, then I'm quite certain
that we could have given an increase to those persons in
our society who receive less than \$300 a month. I wish
the Sponsor of this Amendment would be consistent in his
efforts, and for that reason, I vote 'no'."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Barnes, Gene Barnes."

E. M. Barnes: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker, Members of
the House, I don't want to get into the crossfire between
two of my Committee members and two of my...two of my
friends. Let me point this out to the Members of the House.
Representative McClain has indicated to you inaccurately
what's involved here. Right now we have embodied in most
of these proposals that have come before us raises for the
higher level employee. The wages are not based on an equal



basis, and what he's attempting to do here is what has been clearly indicated to us through hearings in the appropriation process that the lower paid employees, the employees at the lower rung of the ladder, are not...are not in any fraction even beginning to tread water to try to keep up with the escalating cost of living involved in today's society. The only thing that is being requested here, and I support Representative McClain and his effort, is to ensure that the lower paid personnel that we have on our staff in the various agencies are given at least some parity...some parity in terms of the increases that are involved in the various budgets. It seemed to me...it seemed to me very inconsistent if we're going to raise the higher paid employees, keep them up with the cost of buying goods and services, and tell the lower paid employees that we simply will not do it for you. That is not being consistent. I can't vote for anything in that fashion. I would solicit each and every one of your support because this is...this is for the lower paid employees in this agency, and you will have other amendments for lower paid employees in the various agencies. I solicit your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 72 'aye' and 84 'no' and the Gentleman's motion fails. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 362."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 362. A Bill for an Act to make appropriations to the Department of Local Government Affairs. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1033, Representative Winchester, do you want to call that one? 1033? Out of the record."

Winchester: "Mr. Speaker."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Winchester."

Winchester: "Go ahead and call it."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 1033. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department of General Services. Second Reading of the Bill. This Bill's been read a second time previously. Amendment #1 and 2 were adopted in Committee. 3 failed in Committee. Amendment 4 was adopted in Committee. Amendment 5 was tabled. And I have a motion filed to table Committee Amendment # 4 to House Bill 1033."

Speaker Redmond: "Who's the Sponsor of the Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "It's not my Amendment, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Clerk advises me it's your Amendment."

Clerk O'Brien: "A motion to table amendment #4."

Ryan: "Motion to table Amendment #4?"

Clerk O'Brien: "To House Bill 1033."

Ryan: "I move for the adoption of that motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Amendment # 4, was that a Committee Amendment?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan?"

Ryan: "Was it a...I didn't hear you question, Representative."

Lechowicz: "Was it a Committee Amendment?"

Ryan: "I believe it was, but I don't know for sure. Yes, it was, it was a Committee Amendment."

Lechowicz: "Well, I don't have it here on the file."

Ryan: "It reduces the budget by \$363,000."

Lechowicz: "Is that for IRS?"

Ryan: "Yes, it is."

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I believe we addressed ourself to this issue just a few days ago on the floor of this House, and I believe that the issue was quite vividly decided that this House would adopt and concur with the Committee Amendment. Mr. Speaker, I'd like to have a ruling from you whether this motion at



this time is timely. We addressed this issue on the House Floor, and the Committee Amendment was adopted, remained on the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Parliamentarian, within sound of my voice.

If he is...I've been advised by the Clerk that this motion has already been put, and that the motion failed. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "I didn't put that motion, Mr. Speaker. Did somebody else put that motion earlier, or what?"

Speaker Redmond: "Well, somebody signed your name."

Ryan: "Well, on that motion that you've got now, I've put... I've never put it before."

Speaker Redmond: "We've got a Roll Call on it."

Ryan: "Not from me. Not on my motion, you haven't."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, I can't go beyond the Clerk. The Clerk says that this motion was put. Representative Winchester, for what purpose do you rise?"

Winchester: "I believe, Mr. Speaker, if you check a copy of the motion, you'll find that I filed that motion, the first motion, to table Amendment # 4 which was defeated."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker, in your deliberations with your parliamentarian, I'd like to have a ruling whether you can file the same type of a motion that's already been attested by this chamber, whether it's by the one individual or another, I still think it'd be dilatory to take up the time of this House."

Speaker Redmond: "Parliamentarian advises me different Sponsor, different day, and that in his opinion it is...I say that he says that different Sponsor and a different day and that it is not automatically precluded from doing it, so that we will put the motion. I see no...Representative Lechowicz?"

Lechowicz: "Well, Mr. Speaker, it's the same subject matter, the same motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Nothing in the rules that preclude a different



Sponsor from filing the identical motion the next day.
Representative..."

Lechowicz: "What about Roberts Rules?"

Unknown: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I think you've ruled, and I wish we should get on with the motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich, for what purpose do you rise?"

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, I direct the attention to page 291 of Roberts to the Parliamentarian where it says 'likewise motions are out of order that present practically the same question as a motion previously defeated at the same Session.' We have already decided this issue. It doesn't make any difference who the Sponsor of the motion was. It was decided, and I ...that it's out of order, and I'd like to have him look at that Section, under Roberts."

Speaker Redmond: "It's the opinion of the Chair that that rule would be brought into bearing if it were obvious that the reason for the motion was dilatory. It doesn't appear to me that that's the reason for the motion, and we have in many cases in the past entertained identical motions on different days from different Members. So the question... the question is on the Gentleman's motion to table Amendment # 4. Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, then on the motion. I would like the Membership to know that the motion to table...even though it has already been decided and frankly it's under a different Section of Roberts not on dilatory but improper motions, but I might say to the Membership that we have decided this matter when a similar motion was made to...to do away with Amendment # 4 which in effect deletes the provisions of all the funds that goes to the Illinois Information Services. We had a long debate on it. At that time, I mentioned to the members of this House that we in the Committee felt that...2 things. One that the Illinois Information Services has been a abused service in the past administration. It has been a very controversial service."



Two, the matter that...in this Session, the Information Services' budget is being increase by \$100,000, and everybody knows that the increase is going so that the Legislature be able to use the Illinois Information Service. This motion would put all of that money intact, including that extra \$100,000. I said it on the House of the floor before, I say again, that we don't need this. It will skyrocket, it will be a boondoggle in the future, and the only way we can..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Winchester, for what purpose do you rise?"

Winchester: "Well, it sounds like that he's debating the motion. Is the motion debatable."

Speaker Redmond: "The Gentleman is in order. Proceed, Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I know this proves that this is a very controversial issue, and we know why it's controversial, and this is not a slap to the present Governor. It's a slap at any Governor that they are going to use the Illinois Information Service whether it be through radio whether it be through TV for proparganda purposes. We as a Legislature should put it to a stop. We as a Legislature should also say, 'We want no part of it. Don't give us that extra \$100,000 as a stop so that we can kindly eliminate all controversy. No, we don't want any part of it.' And the way that we can address ourselves very clearly that we want no part of it is by defeating this motion to table and voting 'no'."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Well, Mr. Speaker, very briefly this Amendment... this motion was addressed just the other day. It was defeated, and in turn it was verified. If the ruling of the Chair is that the Amendment...the motion is in order because of the following Legislative Day, I'll concur with the ruling, but to have to still speak against the Illinois Information Service. As it was pointed out by Representative



Matijevich, not only do they ask for additional funding, they ask for additional \$100,000 to be used by the Members of the General Assembly. In turn, unfortunately, this agency with its past performance of working against not only the betterment of the General Assembly, but in turn as far as really as publicity arm of the government office in total, I know it was supposedly created to be a information service for the departments underneath the Governor, but unfortunately this has not been the track record of this agency. I would have to concur with the Appropriations Committee and ask that this motion be defeated. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Telczer."

Telczer: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I think depending on one's point of view an arguement can be made on either side of this question, but the fact of the matter is the public and the people of this state are entitled to know what their elected officials are doing, and this is the purpose for which the Illinois Information Services was created a few short years ago. It's an agency which lets people know what's happening in their government. And I might also add that to the best of my knowledge, other state officers also use the Illinois Information Service. It's an agency which should be retained, much like our own allowance is retained, and like we're increasing this year. We use, based on our own individual options, the money out of our legislative expenses for newsletters or for other information services. This is the exact same issue. The issue is to keep the public informed of what we are doing. We do it ourself with our money, and this is a mechanism by which our state elected officers can make their activities known to the people of this state. The Illinois Information Service is a useful, good part of the state budget. It ought to be retained, and I think almost every year during the budgetary process we go through this exercise, and depending upon who is the



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Governor and what party is in or out, the same arguments are made. The same charges are being made, but I assure you, my friends, this service is used to keep the public informed. That's what it's for. That's how it's being used. It ought to be retained, and we ought not to prevent the people of this state from knowing what their elected officials do. I think Representative Ryan's motion ought to be supported. It ought to be supported now so that we can continue with the other pressing matters which are facing this Assembly between now and June thirtieth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mudd."

Mudd: "I was just going to move the previous question, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Question is shall the main question be put? Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Representative Ryan to close."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This Amendment passed the Committee by a vote of 15 to 10, so don't think that it was an overwhelming vote because it wasn't. The Amendment is for \$363,000 which totally eliminate the Illinois Information Service. Now, you and I know that that's silly. That's absolutely silly. This is a very important part of state government, and if you want to be part of gagging the Executive Branch from telling the people what's going on in their government, then you vote 'no' on this motion. If you feel that the Illinois Information Services is a needed and vital part of state government, then I wish that you would support my motion to table Amendment No. 4."

Speaker Redmond: "Questions on the Gentleman's motion to table Amendment #4? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Representative Darrow."

Darrow: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, the Illinois Information Service is an insult to the free press of this country, and especially an insult to the fine news media we have on the second floor of this



building. We may not like them, but at least they're fair and give us honest accounts and give our constituents honest accounts. What this is is a **step** at them. Our constituents know what we're doing down here. They aren't that hardpressed releases like the Illinois Information Service does. They're handled very well. Now, if you're going to be voting for this, you're putting money into the Illinois Information Service and not into your schools. When people come to you and say where's the money for the school fund, you tell them that it's used for public relations for your Legislatures and your elected officials. That's what this is. And I would...the saying 'what a difference a day makes' is reflected up there on the board. This is something that we had beaten last week, that the people sat here and prudently considered and voted against. Now today we see that it's passing. I feel it's an insult. I feel that we should have more 'no' votes up there, and I ask that more people get on this Roll Call. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 89 'aye' and 73 'no', and the Gentleman's motion.. Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Request a verification."

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman has requested a verification of the Affirmative Roll Call. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Poll the absentee, would you, Mr. Speaker, please."

Clerk O'Brien: "Friedrich, Greiman, Jaffe, Katz, Kornowicz, Levin, Madison, Peggy Smith Martin, McAvoy, McGrew, Miller, Pullen..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Jaffe. Gentleman desires to be recorded as 'no'."

Clerk O'Brien: "Schlickman and Wolf."

Speaker Redmond: "Poll the Affirmative Roll Call."

Clerk O'Brien: "Abramson, Adams, Anderson, Antonovych, Jane Barnes, Bartulis, Bennett, Bluthardt, Bouceck, Bowman, Don Brummet, Campbell, Catania, Conti, Cunningham, Daniels,



Jack Davis, Deavers, Deuster, DiPrima, Ralph Dunn, Dyer, Ebbesen, Edgar, Epton, Ewing, Flinn, Friedland, Gaines, Geo-Karis, Getty, Griesheimer, Harris, Hoffman, Holewinski, Jim Houlihan, Hoxsey, Hudson, Huskey, Jacobs, Johnson, Dave Jones, Kempiners, Kent, Klosak, Kucharski, Lauer, Leinenweber, Macdonald, Mahar, Mann, McAuliffe, McCourt, Meyer, Molloy, Mugalian, Neff, O'Daniel, Peters, Pierce, Polk, Porter, Reed, Reilly, Rigney, Robinson, Ryan, Sandquist, Schisler, Schneider, Schoeberlein, Schuneman, Sevcik, Simms, Skinner, Stanley, Stearney, E. G. Steele, C. M. Stiehl, Stuffle, Sumner, Taylor, Telcser, Terzich, Waddell, Wall, Wikoff, Willer, Winchester."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lauer, for what purpose do you rise?"

Lauer: "Mr. Speaker, could I have permission to be verified now? I have an appointment on second floor."

Speaker Redmond: "May the Gentleman be verified now? No objections. Any question of the Affirmative Roll Call, Mr. Lechowicz? According to Hanahan's rules, you got to sit down in your own seat. Representative Pierce, for what purpose do you rise?"

Pierce: "Mr. Speaker, I don't have an appointment on second floor, so therefore, I'd like to change my vote from 'aye' to 'no'."

Speaker Redmond: "Change the Gentleman from 'aye' to 'no'."

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Is Representative Terzich on the floor?"

Speaker Redmond: "Who?"

Lechowicz: "Terzich."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Terzich is not on the floor. How is he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "The Gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Remove him."

Lechowicz: "Representative DiPrima."



Speaker Redmond: "DiPrima on the floor? How is he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "The Gentleman's recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Remove him."

Lechowicz: "Representative James Houlihan."

Speaker Redmond: "James Houlihan? How's he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Gentleman's recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Take him off."

Lechowicz: "Representative Brummet?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brummet? Brummet? How is he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Gentleman's recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Remove him."

Lechowicz: "Representative Jacobs."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Jacobs is on the floor."

Representative Taylor, for what purpose do you rise?"

Taylor: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to change my vote from 'aye' to 'no'."

Speaker Redmond: "Change the Gentleman from 'aye' to 'no'."

Lechowicz: "Representative O'Daniel."

Speaker Redmond: "Who?"

Lechowicz: "O'Daniel."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative O'Daniel? How's he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Gentleman's recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Remove him. Representative McMaster, for what purpose do you rise?"

McMaster: "Mr. Speaker, I changed my mind, and I would like to vote 'yes' on this very good Amendment. Will you change my vote from 'present' to 'yes'?"

Speaker Redmond: "Change the Gentleman from 'present' to 'yes'."

Lechowicz: "Representative Bennett."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bennett is on the floor."

Lechowicz: "Representative Harris."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Harris? How's he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Gentleman's recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "He's in the back room there."

Lechowicz: "Okay, Representative Griesheimer."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Griesheimer? How's he recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "The Gentleman's recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Remove him."

Lechowicz: "Mrs. Macdonald."

Speaker Redmond: "She's here."

Lechowicz: "Representative McAuliffe."

Speaker Redmond: "How's Representative McAuliffe recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "The Gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Remove him. Representative Porter."

Porter: "Mr. Speaker, could I have leave to be verified on 'down' on the Senate Appropriations Committee?"

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave to be verified 'no'. Hearing no objections, leave is granted."

Lechowicz: "Representative Skinner."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner? How is he recorded? He's in the front of the chamber there. It's so infrequently that he's out of his seat that I couldn't find him there for a moment."

Lechowicz: "That's all I have, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative James Houlihan has returned to the chamber. Put him back on the Roll Call. This question was 82 'aye' and 75 'no', and the Gentleman motion carried. Any further Amendment? Are there any further motions?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment # 6, Ryan. Amends House Bill 1033 as amended by inserting immediately after Section 1 the following: Section 1.1 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I move to table Amendment #6."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Questions on the Gentleman's motion to table Amendment # 6. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carries. The Amendment #. 6 is tabled. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 1044. Out of the record. How about 2402? Representative Walsh, do you want to move



that one? How about 2403, appropriations? We'd better take that one out. Senate Bill 803. Third Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 803. A Bill for an Act to amend the title of Article VI of the Illinois State Auditing Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, Representative Brady, who is Chairman of the Legislative Audit Commission, and I are House Cosponsors of this Bill. It was one of a series of three. The other two have been passed the Senate. This was taken out of the record the other day when a question was raised about it, and I think that question has been resolved. This actually expands some of the authority of the Auditor General, but it also puts some very definite restrictions on the Auditor and those in whom...who will be employed by him in the audit. It does provide that for the audit some areas where there's confidential information, but I think the safeguards more than offset the expanded authority, including the restrictions on them. Of course, also pointing out that any misuse of the information will be a crime, and so on. I'd be glad to answer any questions there are on it."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Representative Schneider."

Schneider: "Just remind the Members of the House, Mr. Speaker, and others, that this is the Bill that gives far ranging authority to the Auditor General. I think we ought to look very carefully at this if you're concerned about who has the authority to look at revenue returns, and whether or not you yourself or others who seek an element of privacy would like to have that privacy maintained. The other part of my criticism, if I recall this proposal from the last session, is that the Federal Government, once you allow the Auditor General this kind of authority, the Federal Government will be reluctant to cooperate on revenue X



matters relating to such kind of issues. So I think we're making a serious mistake by putting up enough Bills to pass it. It is clearly in my judgement a violation of privacy. I would certainly solicit a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 101 'aye' and 28 'no', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 821. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I have a very important announcement, and I wish everybody would pay attention. Seated in the press box is Shirly Madigan, wife of the Majority Leader of the Illinois House Mike Madigan, and I believe this is somewhere close to their first anniversary, and I read an article, I believe, in the Tribune this morning that said that Michael had been purring like a kitten and had put on velvet gloves, and I think that maybe Mrs. Madigan in the press box there has had a lot to do with the mellowing of Representative Madigan. Mrs. Madigan."

Speaker Redmond: "821. Representative Lucco, pardon me."

Lucco: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I think we're privileged today to have visiting us a Senator from our neighboring state Missouri, Mr. Jim Murphy, from the First Senatorial District in the State of Missouri. He's standing in the rear of the House. Back there by Representative Nardulli. Glad to have you, Sir."

Speaker Redmond: "821. Did you read the Bill, Mr. Clerk?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 821, a Bill for the Act to amend the Civil Practice Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Getty."

Getty: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, Senate Bill 821 is a Bill that merely brings the provision that 18 year olds rather than 21, to conform to most of our remaining statutes in the State of Illinois. Having giving the right to vote to 18 year olds and so forth, that they may serve a process. It passed out of this House by an overwhelming vote two years ago but was bottled up in the Senate. I



would urge your support for this."

Speaker Redmond: "Any question? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no', the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 850. Representative Tuerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 850, a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Revenue Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tuerk."

Tuerk: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, Senate Bill 850 applies only to state-assessed taxpayers. The Bill will require that in order for a taxpayer to receive a refund resulting from a successful appeal of any assessment of extension taxes made by the Department of Local Governmental Affairs, that the taxpayer must have at the time the taxes were paid filed a proper protest as provided in Section 194 of the Revenue Act. I would ask for your favorable support."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Dan Houlihan."

Houlihan: "I have a question for the Sponsor, if he'll yield."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Houlihan: "How does this provision in the Bill change existing law?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tuerk."

Tuerk: "Well, it changes in the fact that in order for the refund to be made by the County Treasurer that at the time that the appeal was made that there would have to have been a protest filed. Now this same provision was, as I understand, there's....a similar Bill was sponsored some time back in behalf of Cook County several years ago, and this brings it into conformity. Apparently at that time, it applied only to Cook, and this applied to downstate counties."

Houlihan: "Well, isn't the net effect of this Bill, though, to limit the right of a refund?"

Tuerk: "Well, in a sense, but you see, this is only on state-assessed taxpayers, and the rationale for the Bill would be that those people involved would be sophisticated



sufficiently that they undoubtedly would file a protest. However, there have been some occasions where the protest wasn't filed, and then the Court has ruled, and therefore, the County Treasurer has not held out sufficient funds to take care of the refund, and that's the purpose of this Bill, in order to guarantee that there would be the funds available for the refund at the time that it would be forthcoming. You see..."

Houlihan: "Well, isn't the issue, though, not the sophistication or lack of it, the taxpayer, it's a question of the equity or inequity of the tax assessment. And where you have a finding that the tax assessment is inequitable, why should it made a difference as to how sophisticated the taxpayer is in order for him to get a refund?"

Tuerk: "Well, the reason for it is because the funds just wouldn't be available, and what this Bill provides that as long as the taxpayer has filed a protest, then it doesn't deny him of any money, you see, but at the time that the protest hasn't been filed and the County Treasurer has extended all the money and distributed the money, then there wouldn't be any money available to pay the refund. So, in a sense you're right, it does deny then that one time only type of refund, but the fact remains the funds wouldn't be there in the county treasury anyway."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Houlihan."

Houlihan: "How do they get to Court, Representative Tuerk, if they haven't paid under protest?"

Tuerk: "I don't know the answer to that."

Houlihan: "Well, the reason I asked the question is because how often does this situation arise where someone who has not paid under protest, and there is a reduction in the assessment, how many such persons are we actually talking about who would not be entitled to a refund?"

Tuerk: "As far as the number concerned, I can't answer that one either, Representative Houlihan. I do know that there have been occasions where this has occurred, and it's



created some problems within several counties, and this Bill was drawn to take care of the real problem that exists."

Houlihan: "I have no further question."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Will the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Geo-Karis: "Actually what this Bill will do...only will apply to, excuse me, the railroads and other large taxpayers? It won't affect the ordinary person filing for tax refund?"

Tuerk: "That's right, at the outset of my remarks, I said that it only applied to state-assessed taxpayers."

Geo-Karis: "I'd like to speak in favor of this Bill. In Lake County before we can even consider a tax refund, at locations to be successful, we have to file a...we have to pay our taxes under protest anyway. And since this really affects the large companies and railroads, I don't think there's anything wrong with this Bill. It's a clean-up Bill, and I speak in favor of it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Will the Sponsor tell us if this is an administration Bill? Is that where it came from?"

Tuerk: "No."

Skinner: "It came from the railroads?"

Tuerk: "No."

Skinner: "I give up. Where did it come from?"

Tuerk: "It came from...the suggestion came from the...a number of County Treasurers."

Skinner: "The fertile mind of the County Treasurers. Okay, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Representative Tuerk, to explain his vote."

Tuerk: "Well, I thought that I'd explain the Bill rather adequately. This only applies to state-assessed taxpayers,



as it was pointed out by one of my colleagues, to railroads and those types of taxpayers. Without this type of legislation, it puts the counties in a precarious position of refunding those portions that have been judged by the Court which enters the judgment, reducing the assessment, and the county has already taken the money and distributed among the taxing bodies. What this Bill is trying to do is to establish some equity throughout the state. As I understand it, this does exist up in the northern region of the state, and we're just looking for some type of relief and give the County Treasurers an opportunity to do its job...do their job sufficiently to make sure the funds are there when the refund is needed."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. Representative Tuerk."

Tuerk: "Well, I would ask for a poll of the absentees, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "On this question there's 88 'aye' and 11 'no' the the Gentleman has requested a poll of the absentees. Representative Bradley, for what purpose do you arise?"

Bradley: "Could I be recorded as voting 'aye', Sir?"

Speaker Redmond: "Record the Gentleman as 'aye'. Representative Hart. 'aye'. Hart, 'aye'. Bradley, 'aye'. What's the count now?"

Clerk O'Brien: "90 'ayes'."

Speaker Redmond: "This question, there's 90 'ayes'...Representative Conti."

Conti: "...ayes."

Speaker Redmond: "90 'ayes' and 11 'noes', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 919. This is probably the last Bill. Just so you some idea of our plans, of course, the Appropriations Committee are meeting tonight. We will be in tomorrow morning at 9:30. The Appropriations Committee will meet at 6, and I understand that they may have a very short session, so there's a possibility that we may come back in



again at 7:30. The plan...we've only had final action on 20 Bills today, and that makes it look like Thanksgiving maybe, so unless we can accelerate that or kill a lot of them, why...919."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 919. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Insurance Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mautino."

Mautino: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Senate Bill 919...The synopsis is correct of this Senate Bill. It has been amended in conformance with what the department wanted and Amendment # 2, and basically what it does is take the ceiling of 350 percent off of the group life insurance that a person may have, and I would ask for an Affirmative Roll Call on this legislation."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 100...Geo-Karis is she off the switch again? We have it open for you Geo, we knew you were coming. Representative Pierce, I understand she was at an important meeting on the second floor. Don't forget the Rules Committee tonight at 6 o'clock in the Speaker's office. Representative Ryan. Take the record. On this question there's 142 'aye' and no 'nay', and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I move that we now adjourn until 9:30 tomorrow morning."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? We will...One message from the Senate, and then we'll take the motion."

Clerk O'Brien: "A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I'm directed to inform House of Representatives Senate concurred with passage of Bill with the following title to wit: House Bill 2386. Passed by Senate June third...20, 1977, Kenneth Wright, Secretary."

Speaker Redmond: "Question on the Gentleman's motion that the



House now adjourn until 9:30 tomorrow morning. Those in favor say 'aye', 'Aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Motion carries. The House now stands adjourned until 9:30 a.m., tomorrow."



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
1.	12:00	Speaker Redmond	House to order
		Reverend Krueger	Prayer
		Speaker Redmond	Consent Calendar, Third Reading, Second Day
2.		Clerk O'Brien	
3.		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	Question
		Speaker Redmond	
4.		Clerk O'Brien	Continues
5.		Speaker Redmond	Constitutional Am.; 3rd R.
		Emory Koehler	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz	
		Speaker Redmond	
6.		Clerk Hall	H.J.R.C.A. #29 and #22
7.			
8.	12:25	Speaker Redmond	Roll Call for attendance
9.		Madigan	Excused absence
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	Excused absence
10.		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-216; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-287; 2nd R.; Am. #1 & 2 adopted.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-305, 310 Second Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Deavers	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-322 ; 2nd R.; Am. 1 & 2 adopted.
	12:27	Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Floor Am. #2
11.		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-345 ; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Floor Am. #1
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-345 ; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Floor Am. #1
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-433; 2nd R.; Am. #1 adopted.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Robinson	Fiscal note filed?
		Speaker Redmond	Back to Second
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-479; 2nd R.; no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-543; 2nd Reading; Amendment #1 & 2 adopted.
12.		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-550 ; 2nd R. Am. #1 adopt.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-591; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-621; 2nd R.; Am. #1 adopt.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-623; 2nd R.; No C.A.
	12:32	Clerk O'Brien	Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
13.		Clerk O'Brien	SB-639 ; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Floor Am. #1
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-645; 2nd R.; no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-686 ; 2nd R.; Am. #1 adopt.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Motion to table.
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-687; 2nd R.; no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-689
		Speaker Redmond	SB-735
14.		Clerk O'Brien	SB-732 ; 2nd R.; Am. #1 adopt
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Am. #2 failed Am. #3 Stearney
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		Kempiners)	
		Speaker Redmond)	
		Lechowicz)	
		Clerk O'Brien)	
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
	12:40	Clerk O'Brien	SB-750, Second Reading; no Committee Amendments
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-762, 2nd Reading; Am. #1 adopted.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-797, 2nd Reading; no Committee Amendments
15.		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Floor Amendment #1
		Speaker Redmond	
		Martin, P.S.	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	Explain Amendment?
		Speaker Redmond	
		Martin, P.S.	Responds
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	Been distributed?
		Martin, P.S.	
		Speaker Redmond	Am. adopted; Third Reading
16.		Clerk O'Brien	SB- 862 .868, 2nd Reading Amendment #2 adopted.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	Floor Am. #3
		Speaker Redmond	
		Levin	Move to table
		Speaker Redmond	withdraw it
	12:44	Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #4
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Levin	
17.		Speaker Redmond	Amendment #4
		Lechowicz)	Yield
)	
		Levin)	
		Speaker Redmond	Amendment #4 adopted, .. Third Reading
18.		Clerk O'Brien	SB-878 , Second Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #1
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-880, 2nd Reading; Am. #1 adopted
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Floor Am. #3
		Speaker Redmond	
		Davis, J.	
		Clerk O'Brien	Reads Am. #3
		Davis, J.	TOOR
		Speaker Redmond	
19.		Clerk O'Brien	SB-886, 2nd Reading, no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-894, 2nd Reading, no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading.
	12:48	Clerk O'Brien	SB-915, 2nd R.; no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #1
		Speaker Redmond	
		Stuffle	Withdraw Am. #1



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	Withdraw; Third Reading
20.		Clerk O'Brien	SB-917, 2nd Reading; no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #1
		Speaker Redmond	
		Skinner	Sponsor
		Speaker Redmond	
		Levin	Amendment #1
		Speaker Redmond	
		Skinner	No objection
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz	Question
21.		Levin	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mudd	Yield
		Skinner	
		Speaker Redmond	Amendment #1adopted
22.		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #2
		Speaker Redmond	Explains Amendment #2
	12:55	Levin	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Waddell)	Yield?
)	
		Levin)	
		Speaker Redmond	Amendment #2 is adopted held on Second
23.		Clerk O'Brien	Reads Amendment #3
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Stuffle	Explains Amendment #3
	12:58	Speaker Redmond	
24.		Bradly	Opposes Amendment #3
		Speaker Redmond	
		Campbell	Supports Amendment #3
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mann)	Yield? Speaks on the Amt.
)	Opposes
)	
25.		Stuffle)	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hoffman	
26.		Speaker Redmond	
		Stanley	
	1:03	Speaker Redmond	
27.		Stuffle	To close on Amt. #3
		Speaker Redmond	
		Robinson	Explains vote
		Speaker Redmond	Amendment #3 fails
		Clerk O'Brien	Reads Amendment #4
		Speaker Redmond	
28.		Skinner	Explains Amendment #4
	1:10	Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz)	Yield? Germaness?
)	
		Skinner)	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Conti	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz	Not finished yet



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz)	Yield
34.)	
		Geo-Karis)	
		Speaker Redmond)	
)	
		Houlihan, J.)	
		Geo-Karis	
	1:27	Speaker Redmond	Amendment adopted, Third R.
		Richmond	Leave to return HB-408 to Second
		Speaker Redmond	Leave
		Richmond	Amendment #2
35.		Speaker Redmond	Amendment adopted, PPC
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-732, 2nd R.; no C. A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
36.		Clerk O'Brien	SB- 963 , 964, 2nd Reading no Committee Amendments
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #1
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #2
		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	
		Speaker Redmond	
37.		Bluthardt)	Explains Am. #1
)	
		Speaker Redmond)	
		Lechowicz	
		Speaker Redmond	Take out #1
		Bluthardt	Amendment #2
		Speaker Redmond	Amendment Adopted



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

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<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #3
		Speaker Redmond	
	1:35	Madigan	
38.		Speaker Redmond	Am. #3 adopted
		Bluthardt	Am. #1 on its face
		Speaker Redmond	Motion carries
		Conti	Am. #1 adopted, Third R.
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-975, 2nd R.; no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Adams	#189; Amendment #1
39.		Speaker Redmond)	Asks leave to return to 2nd.
		Skinner)	Objection
		Speaker Redmond	
		Adams	Leave it on Third
		Speaker Redmond	SB-1028; 2nd R.; no C.A.
		Clerk O'Brien	Am. #1
40.		Speaker Redmond	
		Getty	Move to table #1
		Speaker Redmond	Withdraw it.
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #2
		Getty	
		Speaker Redmond	Am. adopted; Third Reading
	1:42	Clerk O'Brien	SB-1041; 2nd R.; no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #1
		Speaker Redmond	
		Epton	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
41.		Speaker Redmond	Amendment adopted; 3rd R.
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1068 ; 2nd R.; no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #1
		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow	Not prepared
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1092 ; 2nd R.Am.; #1 adopted.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Motion to table #1
42.		Speaker Redmond	Question...TOOR
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1116; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Darrow	question
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1121; 2nd R.; Am.#1 adopted
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1124; 2nd Rd.; Am. #1 adopted.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		1:48	Clerk O'Brien
43.		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1145; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1148; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1149 ; 2nd R.; Am. #1 adopted
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Floor Am. #2
		Speaker Redmond	
44.		Yourell	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Kempiners)	Yield
)	
		Yourell)	
		Speaker Redmond	
45.		Conti	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Yourell	Objects to Conti
		Speaker Redmond	
46.		Bluthardt)	Question
)	
47.		Yourell)	
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1177; 2nd R.; Am. #1 adopted
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #2
48.	11:58	Stuffle	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Martin, L.	Oppose
		Speaker Redmond	
		Van Duyne	
		Speaker Redmond	
49.		Byers	
		Speaker Redmond	Am. fails; Remains on 2nd.



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<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Mann	Recorded voting 'aye'.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1188; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1201; 2nd R.; Am. #1 adopted
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
50.		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1202; 2nd R.; Am. #1 & 2 adopted
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1203 ; 2nd R.; No C.A. SB-1259
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1290; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1296; 2nd R.; Am. #1 adopted
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1298; 2nd R.; Am. #1 adopted
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
	2:05	Clerk O'Brien	SB-1299; 2nd R.; No C. A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
51.		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1303; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-1312; 2nd R.; No C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-880; 2nd R.; Am. #1 adopted
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #3
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		McClain	Leave to table #3
		Speaker Redmond	Tabled
52.		Clerk O'Brien	Am. #4
		Speaker Redmond	
		Davis, J.	
		Speaker Redmond	Am. adopted; Third Reading
53.		Ryan	Read numbers
		Speaker Redmond	SB-96, 106, 110, 116, 123, 128 and 131; back to Second
		Ryan	Hold it.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	No objection
		Speaker Redmond	Return Bills to Second
	2:12	Clerk O'Brien	SB-245; Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
54.		Giglio	Sponsor
		Speaker Redmond	
		Leinenweber)	Question
)	
		Giglio)	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Byers	
		Speaker Redmond	
55.		Skinner Dunn, J.	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Barnes, G.	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Friedland	M. P. Q.
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Giglio	To Close
		Speaker Redmond	
		Geo-Karis	Explain vote.
		Speaker Redmond	SB-245 passed
56.		Clerk O'Brien	SB 294 , Third Reading
	2:20	Peters	Sponsor
		Speaker Redmond	
		Byers)	Yield?
)	
		Peters)	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Giorgi)	Question
)	
		Peters)	TOOR
57.		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-319, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Barnes, G.	Anno. App. #II, 6:00 p.m.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Matijevich	App. #1 6:00 Tues.
		Speaker Redmond	
58.		Clerk O'Brien	SB-327, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		McMaster	
		Speaker Redmond	SB-327 passed
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-357, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Willer	
59.		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Bartulis	Question
		Willer	
60.	2:26	Leinenweber	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Bowman	
		Speaker Redmond	SB-357 passed
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-319, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Stiehl, C.M.	
61.		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Dunn, J.	Introduction
		Speaker Redmond	
		Barnes, G.	Waive Rules (SB332)
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-358, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
62.		Willer	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Willer	
63.		Speaker Redmond	
		McAuliffe	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Conti	
64.		Speaker Redmond	
		Bowman	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Willer	
65.		Speaker Redmond	
		Katz	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Holewinski	
		Speaker Redmond	
66.		Willer	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk Hall	SB-360
		Willer	
		Speaker Redmond	371...
		Willer	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk Hall	SB-371
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR, 384
		Clerk Hall	SB-384
		Speaker Redmond	
67.	2:42	Clerk Hall	SB- 371 ...384, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hoffman	
		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Clerk Hall	SB-413, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Richmond	
		Speaker Redmond	
68.		Leinenweber	Question



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
68.		Leinenweber) Speaker Redmond) Richmond Speaker Redmond McClain	Question Yield
69.		Richmond Speaker Redmond Clerk Hall Speaker Redmond Deavers Speaker Redmond Mugalian	Passed SB-418, Third Reading
70.		Speaker Redmond Bowman) Deavers)	Question
	2:50	Speaker Redmond Flinn Speaker Redmond Skinner	Passed SB-426, Third Reading
71.		Speaker Redmond Clerk Hall Speaker Redmond Leinenweber Speaker Redmond Madigan Speaker Redmond Leinenweber	Passed SB-445, Third Reading Would he TOOR?



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Madigan)	
		Leinenweber)	
		Speaker Redmond	TOOR....also 447
		Wolf	Leave of House
		Speaker Redmond	
		Matijevich	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk Hall	SB- 477 ...549, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
73.		Darrow	
		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Clerk Hall	SB-613, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		McAuliffe	Leave to table SB-613
		Speaker Redmond	Tabled
	2:58	Lechowicz	Object
		Speaker Redmond	
		McAuliffe	
		Lechowicz	No objection
74.		Clerk Hall	SB- 622 ... 624 ...653, Third R.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Jaffe	
		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Clerk Hall	SB-445, Third Reading
75.		Leinenweber	
		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Clerk Hall	SB-447, Third Reading



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Matijevich	
76.		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Clerk Hall	SB-624, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Kosinski	
		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Clerk Hall	SB-653, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
	3:08	Clerk Hall	SB-728, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
77.		Getty	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Houlihan, D.)	Question
78.		Getty/)	
)	
79.		Speaker Redmond	
		Getty	To close
80.		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Clerk Hall	SB-477, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hart	
		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Clerk Hall	SB-788, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hart	
		Speaker Redmond	



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		Totten)	Yield
)	
81.		Hart)	
82.		Speaker Redmond	
		Giglio	Speak to Bill
		Speaker Redmond	
83.	3:25	Garmisa	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Winchester	
		Speaker Redmond	
		McClain	Oppose
84.		Speaker Redmond	
		Cunningham	
		Speaker Redmond	
85.		Friedrich	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Williams	Support
		Speaker Redmond	
		Beatty	Urge favorable vote
		Speaker Redmond	
86.		Byers	Support
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hart	To close
87.		Speaker Redmond	Passed...SB-788
		Matijevich	SB-440, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Reads Bill
		Speaker Redmond	Passed



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
88.		Mahar	Asks Rep. Conf.
		Kempiners	SB-216, leave to return to 2nd.
		Speaker Redmond	
	3:35	Geo-Karis	
		Speaker Redmond	SB-216 to Second
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #1
		Speaker Redmond	
		Kempiners	
		Speaker Redmond	
89.		Houlihan, D.)	Question
		Speaker Redmond)	
		Kempiners	
		Speaker Redmond	
90.		Houlihan, D.)	Discussion
		Kempiners)	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mann	Explain vote
91.		Speaker Redmond	Am. adopted, Third REading
		Mautino	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mulcahey	Leave to vote 'no'.
		Speaker Redmond	
92.		Geo-Karis	Leave to take SB-944 to 2nd
		Speaker Redmond	Leave granted
		Geo-Karis	Leave to table #1
		Speaker Redmond	#1 tabled
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #2



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Geo-Karis	
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Reed	Leave to change vote
		Speaker Redmond	Leave granted
		Sunner	Leave to change vote
		Speaker Redmond	Leave granted
		Sandquist	Leave to record 'no'.
		Speaker Redmond	Leave granted
		Cunningham	Introduction
		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	Introduction
93.		Eli Sholman	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mahar	Renew request for conference
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hart	Democrat Conference
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	
		Speaker Redmond	Recess till 4:30
94.	4:59	Speaker Redmond	House to order.....
		Clerk O'Brien	Agreed Resolutions
		Giorgi	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Levin	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Matijevich	
		Speaker Redmond	Resolution adopted.



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		Clerk O'Brien	Death Resolution
95.		Speaker Redmond	
		Giorgi	
		Speaker Redmond	Resolution adopted
		Clerk O'Brien	General Resolution
		Speaker Redmond	Resolution adopted
		Clerk O'Brien	HB-2412, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
	5:02	Klosak	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Houlihan, J.	Yield?
96.		Klosak	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Macdonald	
		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Clerk O'Brien	HB-2416, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Klosak	
97.		Speaker Redmond	Passed
	5:05	Clerk O'Brien	HB-973, Second Reading Am. #1 & 2 adopted.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Motion to table #2
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	Moves to table
		Speaker Redmond	
		Gaines	
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Ryan	Withdraw motion
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #3
98.		Speaker Redmond	
		McClain	
		Speaker Redmond	
99.		Peters	Oppose
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hoffman, G.)	Yield?
)	
100.		McClain)	
101.		Speaker Redmond)	
)	
		McClain)	to close
		Speaker Redmond	
		Jones, E.	Vote 'no'.
102.	5:15	Barnes, E. M.	Support
		Speaker Redmond	Motion fails, Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	HB-362, 2nd Reading, no C.A.
		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	HB-1033, 2nd Reading; Am. #1,2,4 adopted; 3 failed 5 tabled, motion to table #4.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	
103.		Clerk O'Brien	Ryan's motion
		Ryan	Move to table #4
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz)	Question
)	
		Ryan)	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
104.		Lechowicz	Asks ruling
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Winchester	His motion originally
		Speaker Redmond	
105.		Lechowicz)	Asks ruling
)	
		Speaker Redmond)	
		Ryan	
106.		Speaker Redmond	
		Matijevich	Point of order
		Speaker Redmond	
	5:22	Matijevich	Speaks against motion
		Speaker Redmond	
		Winchester	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz	Speaks against motion
107.		Speaker Redmond	
		Telcser	Supports
108.		Speaker Redmond	
		Mudd	M.P.Q.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	To close
		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow	Against
109.		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz	Verification



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Ryan	Poll absentees
		Clerk O'Brien)	Polls absentees
)	
		Speaker Redmond)	
110.		Clerk O'Brien	Affirmative RollCall
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lauer	Leave to be verified
		Speaker Redmond	
		Pierce	Change to 'no'.
111.		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz	Questions Affirmative Roll.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Taylor	Change to 'no'.
		Lechowicz	Continues
		Speaker Redmond	
		McMaster	
		Speaker Redmond	
112.		Lechowicz	Continues questions
		Speaker Redmond	
		Porter	Leave to be verified
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lechowicz	Continues
		Speaker Redmond	82 'ayes'; Motion carries
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #6
		Speaker Redmond	
	6:45	Ryan	Move to table #6
		Speaker Redmond	Tabled, Third Reading
113.		Clerk O'Brien	SB-803, Third Reading



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Speaker Redmond	
		Friedrich	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Schneider	'No' vote.
		Speaker Redmond	Passed
	5:48	Ryan	Introduction, Mrs. Madigan
114.		Speaker Redmond	
		Lucco	Introduction Sen. Jim Murphy
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-821, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Getty	
115.		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Clerk O'Brien	SB-850, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Tuerk	
		Speaker Redmond	
116.		Houlihan, D.)	Question
)	
		Tuerk)	
117.		Speaker Redmond	
		Geo-Karis)	Question
)	
		Tuerk)	
		Speaker Redmond	
118.		Skinner)	Question
)	
		Tuerk)	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Tuerk	Poll absentees
		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
		Bradley	Vote 'aye'
		Speaker Redmond	
		Conti	
		Speaker Redmond	SB-850 passed
119.	6:00	Clerk O'Brien	SB-919, Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mautino	SB-919, Sponsor
		Speaker Redmond	Passed
		Ryan	Move adjourn till 9:30 Tues.
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Messages from the Senate
120.		Speaker Redmond	House Adjourns

