

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEVENTY-NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SPECIAL SESSION-FIRST DAY

JULY 9, 1976



GENERAL ASSEMBLY
STATE OF ILLINOIS
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Doorkeeper: "All persons not entitled to the House Floor, please retire to the Gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "House will come to Order. Members please be in their seats. We'll be led in prayer this morning by Father Pizzaniglio, the Pastor of St. Thomas Equinus Church in Mr. Pulaski, St. Patrick's in Elkhart and St. John's in Middletown."

Pastor Pizzaniglio: "Let us pray. Heavenly Father, we ask sincerely for your devine guidance and constant help that we may work together in peace and harmony. Rid us of all inordinate selfish desires, of all animosities, of all petty jealousy and envy. Purify our motivations that we may fulfill your will for the common good. Help us to realize that without You we can do nothing constructive. We ask that our judgment be based, not on the fear of man, but on an honest desire to be just and right toward everyone. Finally, Father, we ask that our very lives be a true example of what our coins express; namely, that 'In God We Trust'. We ask also for the quick and complete recovery of Mrs. Corneal Alma Davis and Charles Campbell. We ask this through Christ, Our Lord, Amen."

Speaker Redmond: "Roll Call for attendance.Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "State of Illinois, 79th General Assembly, Joint Proclamation. WHEREAS the 79th General Assembly has adjourned its Regular Session until November 17, 1976, pursuant to House Joint Resolution 109, adopted by both Houses on July 2, 1976, and WHEREAS in its 1976 Regular Session, which adjourned on July 2, 1976, the General Assembly did not complete action on Senate Bill 1932, which would appropriate funds for the ordinary and contingent expense of a number of State agencies and funds for a number of programs and projects in the public interest, all for financial year 1977, which commenced July 1, 1976, and WHEREAS such appropriation must be passed by the General Assembly immediately, in order to



avoid disruption of the operations of State government and in order to provide authorization to pay State employees currently working for these agencies and WHEREAS in its Regular Session which adjourned on July 2, 1976, the General Assembly did not complete action on House Bill 3656, which would authorize additional State debt and the issuance of State Capital Development Bonds to fund projects in the public interest, and WHEREAS such additional debts authorization may be immediately required to permit the orderly implementation of these projects, during fiscal year 1977, and to avoid costly and disruptive delays, therefore, it is hereby proclaimed and declared by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and President of the Senate of the 79th General Assembly of the State of Illinois. I. A Special Session of 79th General Assembly is convened at the Capitol on Friday, July 9, 1976 at Twelve O'Clock Noon CDST. II. The purpose of the Special Session is to take further action on Senate Bill 1932 and House Bill 3656 of the 79th General Assembly, III. Demonstrable emergency exists, which require immediate action by the General Assembly in connection with these Bills. IV. This Proclamation is issued the Sixth Day of July, 1976, pursuant to Article IV, Section 5b of the 1970 Constitution of the State of Illinois and provide an Act in relation to the convening of Special Sessions of the General Assembly, Public Act 77-1783 and upon the filing thereof, the Secretary of State is required to take steps and notify the Members of the General Assembly of the date and time and purpose of the emergency Special Session convened hereby, issued July 6, 1976. William A. Redmond, Speaker of the House, Cecil A. Partee, President of the Senate."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, I move that the Fourth Special Session now stand in recess for one hour."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea, we have Resolutions 1, 2 and 3. Do you have a copy of those?"

Shea: "Have the Clerk read them, please."

Speaker Redmond: "Read the Resolutions."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution #1. Resolved that the Clerk inform the Senate that a Majority of the Members of the House have assembled pursuant to the Proclamation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate convene the Fourth Special Session of the General Assembly and are now ready for the transaction of business."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, I assume 89 is a Majority."

Speaker Redmond: "It is."

Shea: "I move for the adoption of House Resolution 1 of the Fourth Special Session."

Speaker Redmond: "All in favor, indicate by saying 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Resolution #1 is adopted. Representative Shea."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution #2. Resolved that the Rules of the House of Representatives of the 79th General Assembly are adopted as the Rules of the Fourth Special Session so far as the same may be applicable and that the standing Committees of the House of the 79th General Assembly and their Membership shall constitute the standing committees of the House during this Fourth Special Session."

Shea: "I move for the adoption of House Resolution #2 of the Fourth Special Session."

Speaker Redmond: "You've heard the Gentleman's Motion. All in favor, say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the Resolution is adopted. Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution #3. Resolved that the Journal Review Committee heretofore appointed by the Speaker pursuant to House Resolution 450 is authorized



and directed to review and approve the Journals of the Fourth Special Session."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do adopt House Resolution 3 of the Fourth Special Session."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's Motion to adopt House Resolution #3. Those in favor, say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Resolution is adopted."

Shea: "I move that the House now stand in recess for one hour."

Speaker Redmond: "You've heard the Motion. Those in favor say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The House will be in recess for one hour. The Fifth Special Session come to Order. Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "Proclamation. The Alcholism and Intoxication Treatment Act, Public Act 78-1270 became effective July 1, 1976. I have signed Public Act 79-1242, which amends the Alcholism and Intoxication Act, but does not become effective until October 1, 1976. In Order that Public Act 78-1270 may be implemented as extraordinary and efficiently as possible, it is necessary that Public Act 79-1242 become effective immediately. Therefore, pursuant to Article IV, Section 5b, of the 1970 Constitution of the State of Illinois, I hereby call and convene a Special Session of the 79th General Assembly of the State of Illinois to commence on July 2, 1976 at 12:30 PM CST, for the purpose of considering my action on House Bill 3916, which I have returned under Article IV, Section 9e of the Illinois Constitution of 1970, with my specific recommendations that the Section be added, making Public Act 79-1242 effective immediately. Daniel Walker, Governor. July 9, 1976. Springfield, Illinois."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea, do you have Resolutions



for the Fifth Special Session? Mr. Clerk, do you want to read Resolution 1 for the Fifth Special Session?"

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution #1. Fifth Special Session. Resolved that the Clerk inform the Senate that a Majority of the Members of the House are assembled pursuant to the Proclamation of the Governor concerning a Fifth Special Session of the General Assembly and are now ready for the transaction of business."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "I move for the adoption of the Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's Motion to adopt the Resolution #1. Those in favor, say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Resolution #1 is adopted. Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution #2. Resolved that the Rules of the House of Representatives of the 79th General Assembly be adopted as the Rules of the Fifth Special Session so far as the same may be applicable and that the Standing Committees of the House of the 79th General Assembly and their Membership shall constitute the Standing Committees of the House during the Fifth Special Session."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do adopt House Resolution #2 of the Fifth Special Session of the 79th General Assembly."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's Motion to adopt the Resolution #2. Those in favor, say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the Resolution is adopted. Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution #3. Fifth Special Session. Resolved that the Journal Review Committee heretofore appointed by the Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 450, is authorized and directed to review and approve Journals of this Fifth Special Session."



Speaker Redmond: "Mr. Clerk, was that the Proclamation of the Governor or the Speaker?"

Clerk O'Brien: "It should be corrected. The Journal Review Committee heretofore appointed by the Speaker.... no this is right."

Speaker Redmond: "The same correction on 1 and 2, I take it. Pursuant to the Proclamation of the Speaker. It's the Proclamation of the Governor on Resolution #1. The only correction is on Number 1, I take it. Now, we're on Representative Shea."

Shea: "I move that the House do now adopt House Resolution #3 as amended for the Fifth Special Session of the 79th General Assembly."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the Gentleman's Motion for the adoption of Resolution #3. Those in favor, say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the Resolution is adopted."

Shea: "I now move, Mr. Speaker, that the Roll Call of the Fourth Special Session of the 79th General Assembly be used as the Roll Call for the Fifth Special Session of the 79th General Assembly."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? Hearing none, the Roll Call for the Fourth Special Session will be used for the Roll Call for the Fifth Special Session. Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, on the Calendar in the Fifth Special Session of the General Assembly, appears an Amendatory Veto of the Governor on House Bill 3916. The Amendatory Veto of the Governor makes the effective date of that Act take place immediately. The need for it, I think, was explained in the Governor's Special Message that the Alcohol Detoxification Act of which came out of this House making alcoholism no longer a crime, but a disease or sickness, now requires hospitalization until this Bill takes effect. The Governor,



by his Amendatory Veto, will make it effective upon concurrence by both Houses, so therefore, Mr. Speaker, unless there is some opposition, I would move that the House do now concur in the Amendatory Veto of the Governor on House Bill 3916."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Geo-Karis:"

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker, will the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Geo-Karis: "I notice in the Governor's message, he refers to House Bill 3916 and then he says, he refers to Public Act 79-1242. Can you tell me which House Bill 79-1242 was? Is that the, it's not the same thing is it?"

Shea: "I think it's House Bill 3834."

Geo-Karis: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I would like to speak on this, if I may. I have talked to the five hospitals in my District and they tell me they need a little time to comply with this Bill, once it's passed and they felt, actually, they hoped they'd have another year on it, but I explained to them it is impossible. The way the Act stands now, these hospitals will have at least until October, if I understand correctly, October 1, to get themselves in shape in order to absorb the great implementation that this House Bill will require and I think at this time, I would like to speak against the concurrence....."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Could I address this to Mrs. Geo-Karis."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Shea: "The Bill, as it presently stands, the Law is that you must go to a hospital first and then to a detoxification center. With the Amendatory Veto, the Bill that would have taken effect October 1, that said you would go directly to the Detoxification center and not have to put the



burden on the hospital, by this Amendatory Veto, we would be giving relief to the hospitals that can't handle that."

Geo-Karis: "Well, in that case, I will support it, because I thought it was the other way around. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "Well, really, nothing further, but there are some new Members here who came in since Representative Shea started to speak and this is final action and it's an important piece of legislation. I concur in what Representative Shea has said, but I'm wondering if everybody else in here. Would you just go through it one more time, Jerry, briefly for the benefit of the Members so that everybody will know what it is."

Shea: "All right. The Governor Amendatorily Vetoed House Bill 3916 by adding a Section 306, which would make effective immediately, I think it's House Bill 3834, which in effect was going to go in, would become law October 1. By the Amendatory Veto, House Bill 3834 would now become Law immediately. At the present time, those People charged or picked up or arrested, I don't even know if that's the proper word anymore, those People detained for Public drunkenness or some charge thereto, are presently required to be taken to a hospital and then to a detoxification center. If this Amendatory Veto is passed by both Houses, the Act, or House Bill 3834 will become effective immediately, which means that those People will then go directly to a detoxification center and not be burdening the hospitals that are not equipped to handle them and I would certainly try to answer any additional questions."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further. Representative Schuneman."

Schuneman: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, would the Sponsor yield for a question?"



Speaker Redmond: "He indicates he will."

Schuneman: "Representative Shea, one of the problems that I've heard expressed by especially small communities is the lack of any facilities near those communities to handle people picked up for drunkenness and they have expressed to me a concern that the implementation of this Law be delayed so that they could make such arrangements. Is there some particular, what is the need for moving up the effective date of this matter?"

Shea: "The effective date of the House Bill 3834 is October 1. The Law on changing drunkenness from a crime to an affect of sickness took effect on July 1 of this year, because it was not extended. We have, what might be called, a hiatus in the Law that between now and October 1, if we don't make these changes, a person picked up for public drunkenness will be taken to a hospital and then to a detoxification center. The hospitals are just definitely not equipped to handle them. If the Action is concurred in by both Houses, we will take those People then to the detoxification centers and not put the burden on the hospitals."

Schuneman: "Could I ask one more question and then, what you're asking us to approve now really has no effect on what the local small community is required to do with respect to the detention of people who are drunk. Is that right."

Shea: "Only that they will take them to a detoxification center, rather than to the hospitals that are not equipped to handle them."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Katz."

Katz: "Yes, I just wanted to say that the purpose of the Amendatory Veto is a very laudible one. It is to make it so that the excellent Bill that came out of the Human Resources Committee would become effective immediately. It is a Bill that is supported by the hospitals and I



think that the Amendatory Veto ought to be approved."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mugalian."

Mugalian: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I think that maybe just one more bit of clarification or restatement would make it more easily understood by everyone. If nothing is done, the old Act, Public Act 78-1270 is in effect. Nothing can be done about that, because no extension of the application of that Act was enacted. The new Act that we're asked to Amend modifies and makes it easier for People to live with that Act, so, and the Amendatory Veto merely makes that current Act effective immediately rather than in October, so what we're doing is responding to the consideration to the local communities and making it easier for them to comply with the new Act, but if this Act is not Amendatory Vetoed, it will mean the original Act will stay in effect with its more pressive features."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McMaster."

McMaster: "May I ask the Sponsor of this a question or two."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

McMaster: "Jerry, under this new act, that we are being asked to approve with an immediate effective date, what would be the effect of taking People to detoxification centers? For instance, we have a detoxification center in Galesburg, Jerry. It's no problem in my county, but Warren County, Henderson County, Hancock County, McDonald County, Mercer County do not have detoxification centers and some of these areas get to be 50, 70, 100 miles away from Galesburg. Who is going to transport these People to Galesburg and how is it going to be done?"

Shea: "I'm wondering if I might yield to Representative Kempiners, my in-house counsel?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kempiners, in-house counsel. He declines the appointment. Representative Shea."

Shea: "As I understand, now they're required to take them to



a hospital and then to the detoxification center. I would imagine that they're going to have to take them directly to the detoxification centers, which means they will probably have to provide for a detoxification center in their counties. There's State money available for it, as I understand it."

McMaster: "Well, for instance, Jerry, a town in Henderson County, is probably 60 miles from Galesburg. They probably have two sheriff cars over there. There are no other police cars to my judgement in the county. Maybe some of the towns have one and I just don't see how they have the manpower or the equipment to transport these People to the detoxification center at Galesburg. It's going to be very difficult. This is why my part of the State wanted this postponed for another year."

Shea: "The Bill started, the Law became effective July 1, so we're past that point now. If you'd like, I'd be happy to take this out of the Record until maybe we can answer some of those questions for you, but as far as I know, that they have made arrangements through the State to give them a hand and I think the State Police will probably give them a hand."

McMaster: "Well, Jerry, I'm not going to ask you to take it out of the Record. I say go ahead and run with it, because I'm not against the concept, as you understand. I'm just concerned with the ability of my counties and my small towns to function under this Law."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Chapman."

Chapman: "Mr. Speaker, it appears to me that we are going a little bit further than the text of the Governor's Amendatory Veto. All that the Amendatory Veto concerns itself with is the effective date of the Amendment which we passed overwhelmingly and which the Governor has signed making our Act, decriminalizing alcoholism, more workable, putting it in better shape. All this does is change the



effective date from October 1 to an immediate effective date. I think that there really isn't much point in a discussion that goes beyond this and I hope everyone will just vote 'yes'."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lauer."

Lauer: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, as a Member of the subcommittee that wrote 3834, the Bill that has the effective date of October 1, the essence of the Amendatory Veto is to put everything into a synchronization so that we can have an orderly transition into the detoxification program. The problem that we are having is that we're in a three month out-of-phase situation. The money for the implementation is in the Mental Health budget and it would appear that Mental Health will now be making arrangements with local facilities in each county or each subregion, which will make it possible for them to function without an undue hardship upon local law enforcement agencies. I would strongly support Representative Shea's Motion to accept the Amendatory Veto Bill and hope that all the Members of the House will do so."

Speaker Redmond: "You ready for the question? The question is on the Gentleman's Motion, that the House accept the Governor's specific recommendation for change with respect to House Bill 3916, by adoption of the Amendment. Representative Satterthwaite."

Satterthwaite: "Mr. Speaker, will the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will. Representative Shea."

Satterthwaite: "Jerry, I have a problem, I think, because the Governor is wanting us to amend a previous Bill and doing it through the Vehicle of House Bill 3916. What I would like some clarification about is would it be only Public Act 79-1242 that will go into effect immediately and what will be the effective date then of the



portion of the new Law that comes in with 3916? If you look at the last line....."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Chapman."

Chapman: "I believe I can answer that, Representative Satterthwaite. 3916's effective date is not changed in any way. It merely states that PA 79-1242, which is the Amendment to the Alcoholism Act proposed by the Joint Committee. That Act, that Public Act will be made effective immediately."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "The, I don't know if you've seen the Amendatory Veto or not, it adds....."

Satterthwaite: "I don't have a text that would show me how it is inserted into this Bill."

Shea: "All right. The last Section of 3916 is Section 6, as I read it. It adds after that Section two additional Sections. One Section, it adds the Section 7 from the other Bill and it says this Amendatory Act takes effect June 9 and then it adds Section 8, which says Section 7 of this Amendatory Act takes effect immediately upon becoming a law. Sections 1 through 6 of this Amendatory Act takes effect July 1 of 1977."

Satterthwaite: "All right, thank you, very much. I have the text now."

Speaker Redmond: "You ready for the question? Question is shall the House accept the Governor's specific recommendation for change with respect to House Bill 3916 by adoption of the Amendment? All in favor will vote 'aye', and opposed will vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Representative Tipword 'aye'. Have all voted who wish. The Clerk will take the Record. On this question, there are 120 'ayes' and no 'nays' and the Motion, having received the Constitutional Majority, prevails and the House accepts the Governor's specific recommendation for change regarding House Bill 3916, by adoption of the Amendment. Representative Shea."



Shea: "I move that the Fifth Special Session of the 79th General Assembly now adjourn."

Speaker Redmond: "You've heard the Gentleman's Motion. All in favor say 'aye'. Wait a minute. Representative Shea."

Shea: "I'll hold that until we hear from the Senate."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Then I move that this Session stand in recess....."

Speaker Redmond: "Wait a minute, the Clerk wants to talk."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Joint Resolution #1. Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 79th General Assembly of the State of Illinois at the Fifth Special Session thereof, the Senate concurring herein, that when the two Houses adjourn on Friday, July 9, 1976, they stand adjourned sine die."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "I move for the adoption of the Adjournment Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's Motion for the adoption of the Adjournment Resolution. Those in favor, say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Representative Shea."

Shea: "I move that the Fifth Special Session stand in recess until after the Fourth Special Session."

Speaker Redmond: "Members please be in their seats. We have an introduction. Representative Tipword in the Chair."

Tipword: "Members of the House, I have the pleasure of introducing to you today Mr. Bernard Claus, who is the Assistant Director of Agriculture and Forestry for the State of Bavaria and is the official representative of the Republic of Germany to the Chicago International Trade Fair, which is presently in progress. Representative Randolph and I had the pleasure of meeting yesterday in Chicago and I'd like to present to you, Mr. Speaker and to the Members of the House, Mr. Bernard Claus."

Claus: "Good afternoon, Ladies and Gentlemen. I am very happy to be in this distinguished place here in the



United States, Springfield, Illinois. I am here as a Representative of the Federal Republic of Germany at the International Trade Fair in Chicago and am taking care of the German Pavilion at the Fair. Mr. Senator Randolph was so kind to take me along from Chicago to Springfield and I am very happy that I am here and I thank him graciously. I don't want to interrupt anymore and I am very thankful to be here. Goodbye."

Speaker Tipword: "I recognize the Gentleman from Lake, Representative Griesheimer."

Griesheimer: "Mr. Speaker, unfortunately, I cannot carry on a conversation with Mr. Claus, but I hope his interpreter will pass this on to him. He'll be pleased to know that Griesheimer, Sangmeister and I could go on down the line, all right, we could go on down the line here, are pleased to welcome him here, that the largest single Minority in the House of Representatives is German, 42% of this House is of German Heritage and if he's ever back in the United States, especially this area, during our German night, we would welcome him here and I'm sure that Harr Schickel would be glad to introduce him around in his native tongue."

Speaker Redmond: "From here, it sounded like more than 42%. The Irish are the quiet ones. Representative Matijevich, for what purpose do you rise?"

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, I usually don't make introductions, but I want to introduce Representative Mike McClain's Mother. She knows how close I was to former Representative. Almo McClain, who passed away, a former Member of our's. Mrs. McClain is sitting right up here by the Democrats. Mrs. McClain."

Clerk O'Brien: "The House is in recess until 1:10. Recess until 1:10."

Speaker Shea: "The House will come to Order. The Fourth Special Session of the 79th General Assembly is now in



Session. Messages from the Senate."

Clerk O'Brien: "Message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has refused to adopt the First Conference Committee Report on House Amendment to Senate Bill 1932 and requests a Second Conference Committee. Action taken by the Senate, July 9, 1976 at the Fourth Special Session. Kenneth Wright, Secretary."

Speaker Shea: "After the Speaker consults with the Minority Leader, the Conference Committee will be appointed. On the Order of the Calendar appears House Bill 3756, and on that, the Gentleman from Winnebago, Mr. Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, I move we do not concur with Senate Amendments #1, 2 and 3, to House Bill 3656 and that a Conference Committee be struck."

Speaker Shea: "Is there debate? All those in favor, will say 'aye'. Those opposed 'nay'. The House nonconcur with Senate Amendment #1, 2, and 3 and asks that it be sent back to the Senate to see if they will recede. For what purpose does the Gentleman from DuPage, Mr. LaFluer, seek recognition?"

LaFluer: "Am I to understand that House Bill 3656 is now in the posture of a Conference Committee?"

Speaker Shea: "No, Sir. The House refused to concur in the Senate Amendments and it goes back to the Senate to see if they will recede from their Amendments. If they refuse to recede, they ask for an appointment of a Conference Committee."

LaFluer: "Thank you."

Speaker Shea: "The following people are appointed to the Second Conference Committee on Senate Bill 1932. Representative Ryan. Representative Totten. Representative Bradley. Representative Madigan. Representative Houlihan, D. L. That Conference Committee will meet at



1:45 in Senator Partee's Office and the House
 will be in recess until the hour of two o'clock.
 Suppose does the Gentleman from McLean, Mr.
 recognition."
 Speaker, I think that that time for that Con-
 ference was suppose to be 1:25, not 45. 1:25,
 ten minutes from now."
 All right, the Conference Committee will be
 and the House will stand in recess until the
 o'clock. The House will come to Order.
 the Senate."

Mr. Wright,
 Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the
 Representatives the Senate has refused to
 their Amendments to a Bill with the following
 Bill 3656. I'm further directed to inform
 Representatives the Senate requests a
 Conference Committee. Action taken by the Senate
 at the Fourth Special Session. Kenneth
 Secretary."

The following House Members have been appointed
 Speaker of the Conference Committee or the Conference Committee on
 Speaker Redmond. Mr. Lechowicz. Mr.
 Schuneman. Mr. LaFluer, and that Con-
 ference will meet in Room 1:14 at 3:15 and
 stand in recess until the hour of 4:30."

RECESS

The House will be in Order. Representative
 you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen.
 Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and
 the House, I would ask leave that the Republi-
 time until 5:45 for the purpose of a
 Conference in Room 118."
 Any objections? Representative Duff objects."

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



Washburn: "Republicans in Room 118."

Speaker Redmond: "Hearing no objections.... Representative Shea."

Shea: "And there will be a Democratic Conference in Room 114."

Speaker Redmond: "Until 5:45, is that correct? Representative Washburn assures me it will only be five minutes after they get back on the Floor."

Shea: "The Democratic Conference will meet immediately in Room 114."

RECESS

Doorkeeper: "All persons not entitled to the House Floor, please retire to the Gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "House will come to Order. Members please be in their seats. Agreed Resolutions."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution 5. Kornowicz. House Resolution 6. Telcser. House Resolution 7. Kelly."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Are we in the Fourth Special Session, Clerk? House Resolution 5 by Kornowicz honors Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Kapiro for their 50th Wedding Anniversary. House Resolution 6 by Art Telcser honors Philip Saks, who has been named President-elect of the American Pharmaceutical Association. House Resolution 7 by Representative Kelly honors Leland Rayson, returning from the House of Representatives. I move the adoption of the Agreed Resolutions."

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman has moved for the adoption of the Agreed Resolutions. Those in favor, say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Agreed Resolutions are adopted. Death Resolutions."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution 4. Laurino. Whereas the Members of this House has learned with great sorrow of the recent death of the Honorable James T. Lucus, former distinguished Member of this House and the State Senate,



and whereas Mr. Lucas, a life-long resident of the Chicago area, was born in this City in 1915 and received his early education in the public schools, later attending Wright Junior College, Chicago Kent College of Law and Northwestern University, and whereas an accountant by profession, his career embraced services in several governmental positions, including his own deputy collector for the U.S. Rural of Internal Revenue and field auditor of the Illinois Department of Revenue, and during the period 1971, 1972, he served as Assistant Director of the Illinois Department of Financial Institutions and whereas he was a resident of the 13th Senatorial District for over 50 years and started his political life in 1938 as a Member of the 47th Ward Regular Democrat Organization and whereas Mr. Lucas served with distinction in both Houses of the Illinois General Assembly, having been elected as a State Representative to the 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd and 74th General Assemblies and as a State Senator for the 75th and 76th General Assembly, and whereas Mr. Lucas will be long remembered for his....."

Speaker Redmond: "It's a death Resolution of a former Member."

Clerk O'Brien: "For his active and constructive political life and for his participation in many civic and religious endeavors to the benefit of his community and the State; whereas Mr. Lucas is survived by his beloved Wife, Ella, and a daughter, Mrs. Don Maryland Sanches and he will be sincerely missed by many friends throughout the State; therefore, be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the 79th General Assembly of the State of Illinois that we express our deep sorrow upon the death of Mr. James P. Lucas, his life and service to his community in the State will be long remembered and serve as inspiration to others and that we extend our heart-felt sympathy to the family and friends of Mr. James P. Lucas in their



time of bereavement and be it further resolved that a suitable copy of this Preamble and Resolution be presented to Mrs. James P. Lucas, Chicago, Illinois."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, I move for the adoption of the Death Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's Motion for the adoption of the Death Resolution. All in favor say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Death Resolution is adopted. Messages from the Senate."

Clerk O'Brien: "Message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has adopted the following First Conference Committee Report on House Bill 3656, adopted by the Senate, July 9, 1976 by a three-fifths vote at the Fourth Special Session. Kenneth Wright, Secretary. Message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has adopted the following Second Conference Committee Report on Senate Bill 1932, adopted by the Senate July 9, 1976 by three-fifths vote at the Fourth Special Session. Kenneth Wright, Secretary."

Speaker Redmond: "On the Order of the Speaker's Table the Conference Committee Reports, appears Senate Bill 1932. Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I move to suspend the appropriate Rule so that the Conference Committee Report may be heard at this time."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Question's on the Gentleman's Motion. All those in favor, say 'aye'. Representative Shea."

Shea: "Since it needs 107 votes, if there's no objection, is there leave to use the Attendance Roll Call?"



Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. The only Bill that is under consideration at this time is Senate Bill 1932. Is that right?"

Speaker Redmond: "The Gentleman's Motion, I believe, is with respect to Senate Bill 1932 and House Bill 3656."

Shea: "My Motion is with respect to both Bills on the Calendar."

Washburn: "Your Motion was what, to suspend the three hour Rule? Is that it?"

Shea: "Yes, Mr. Washburn."

Washburn: "Well, let's take them one at a time, Jerry. It's not going to take only a couple of extra minutes. Senate Bill 1932, act on it and then take the other one, as we have in the past."

Shea: "As you know, we haven't got 107 votes without your support, Mr. Washburn, so if you want them one at a time we'll take them that way."

Washburn: "You'll sure have it to suspend the three hour Rule on Senate Bill 1932."

Shea: "Will we have it on the next one; so we won't have to come back later or tomorrow?"

Washburn: "We'll take that up, but I wouldn't be too concerned if I were you."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's Motion to
....."

Shea: "Do I have leave to use the Attendance Roll Call on 1932?"

Speaker Redmond: "Are there any objection? Hearing no objections, leave is granted. Senate Bill 1932. Who's the Sponsor of 1932? Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I move the adoption of the Second Conference Committee on Senate Bill 1932 and let me briefly explain



to the entire Membership what the Second Conference Committee did on Senate Bill 1932. It was the intent of the Second Conference Committee, which I'm sure if you took a look at the Conference Committee Report that was signed by all the Membership, they proposed a 5% reduction on every Commission that has an expenditure over \$100,000. They also proposed the elimination of the General Assembly Library Study Commission for \$135,000, which was passed by a separate Bill. They also put in a reduction of \$10,000 a piece for the Consumer Advocate and the FEPC Amendments that were adopted in the House from \$50,000 to \$40,000 and they appropriated \$33,000, which is last year's appropriation for the Spanish Speaking Peoples Study Commission and \$12,000 to the Election Laws Commission, which were inadvertently omitted. The overall effect of the Conference Committee Report is a reduction in Senate Bill 1932 with the reduction of 5% of the Commissions over \$100,000, the reduction of approximately \$289,281 and then you have to add in the reduction of \$10,000 a piece for the Consumer Advocate and the FEPC which gives you a total net reduction of \$289,281. The remainder of the Commissions, in conjunction with the Amendments that were adopted in the House, are in tact, and I move for the adoption of Conference Committee Report #2 to Senate Bill 1932, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Are there any questions?" Representative Washington."

Washington: "Just one question of the Speaker. Mr. Lechowicz, wherein is the appropriation for the Legislative Reference Bureau?"

Lechowicz: "It's on Page 2, Section 5 and they took the cut out of the Legislative Digest. Now it's \$402,710." There was quite a bit of discussion on that, Harold, in the Conference Committee and in turn, they recommended approximately a \$50,000 cut initially until the agreed, somewhat



agreed proposal, as far as 5% of anything over \$100,000, but I'm sure with this cut, we'll probably see a supplemental Appropriation."

Washington: "I'm led to believe that this was discussed with Mr. Nichols in the Reference Bureau."

Lechowicz: "It was discussed with every Agency over \$100,000. That is correct."

Washington: "I see. Thank you, Mr. Lechowicz."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative LaFluer."

LaFluer: "Mr. Speaker, it's very difficult to hear what's going on. It seems like there's a lot of People on the Floor and a lot of noise and I think this is important because it amounts to a lot of dollars. I would appreciate it and the other ones back here if we could get some quiet and get some of these People off the Floor that are not authorized."

Speaker Redmond: "Point is well taken. The House will come to Order. Unauthorized personnel, leave the Floor. Representative Van Duynes."

VanDuynes: "Mr. Speaker, I realize that this is slightly unorthodox, but my Point is that I would like to reverse the call of these two Bills, and I might as well lay it right on the line. Well, somebody back here seems to know more about it than I do, so Ben you can lay it on the line. You don't want to do it? O'okay, I'll do it. We feel as though we're sort of being held hostage for 3656 for this Bill, and if it could be possible, I would love to have leave of this House to call 3656 first and I think it would.... and Mr. Speaker, I think we would all feel a lot better about it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker, in all due reference to my good colleague, Representative VanDuynes, the Bill has been called and has been explained and we have been here as long as you have today. I don't believe in holding anything hostage. I think we should either vote it up or



down on its own merit."

Speaker Redmond: "Ready for the question. Representative VanDuyne."

VanDuyne: "Yes, Sir, Mr. Speaker. At least, I think, when a Member gets up and speaks to this Hall, he at least should have the courtesy at least, Representative Leverenz and me going odds, one against one, so we can vote it down. May I have a Roll Call vote on that?"

Speaker Redmond: "It requires a Roll Call vote. Are you ready for the question? Representative Shea."

Shea: "You're on Representative Lechowicz' question on the adoption of the Conference Committee Report."

Speaker Redmond: "That is correct. The question is shall the House adopt the Second Conference Committee Report to Senate Bill 1932. All in favor, vote 'aye'. Opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the Record. On this question, there's 133 'ayes' and 4 'no' and the House does adopt the Second Conference Committee Report to Senate Bill 1932. Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, I now move to suspend the appropriate Rule so that the Conference Committee Report on House Bill 3656 may be heard."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion?"

Shea: "If there's no objection, I would like to use the Attendance Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Hearing none, leave is granted. The Attendance Roll Call will be used on the Motion to suspend. Representative Lauer."

Lauer: "Mr. Speaker, I don't know whether I detect an offidian presence in the House, but somehow or other, by some machination, my yes and no buttons on my voting board has been reversed and I would appreciate it if the Journal would show that this has happened and I think I was correctly recorded on the last Roll Call, but would you



require sometime within the next few weeks that some one of the mechanics that has to do with the placement of buttons on our voting boards will check mine out and make sure they're in the proper order."

Speaker Redmond: "We will see that that's taken care of, Sir."

Lauer: "Thank you, Sir."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, an explanation of the Conference Committee Report on House Bill 3656, the House concurs in Senate Amendment #1 and 2, which do the following: Senate Amendment 1 deletes language added by House Amendment 3, which would have required the Capital Development Bonds to only be used for capital facilities having a demonstrable life of not less than 25 years. This requirement was overly broad in general nature and would have put projects which are in progress now in a questionable position that would have jeopardized future sale of bonds. Senate Amendment #2 deletes a new Subsection 3i(1) which would have provided a new category of popularization for industrial park development in the amount of \$2 million. The Senate recedes from Amendment #3, which would have reduced the water resources category to \$13 million from the \$25 million set by the House and would have set the other categories at the level shown in the attached Table and that was increased by \$8 million to \$25 again and that's the extent of the Conference Committee Report. I move for the adoption of the Conference Committee Report."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Williams."

Williams: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I'd like to rise in support of the adoption of the Conference Committee Report. As you know, the funds that were taken out by the Senate, which were approved here in the House, were for the funding of the Flood Control projects for FY77. This includes one-half million dollars for



Busse Woods, \$3,400,000 for Addison Creek Flood Control, \$750,000 for Hickory Spring Creek in Will and Cook County, \$300,000 for Hanover Park Flood Control project at the west branch DuPage, \$900,000 for Waubensee Creek, \$400,000 for Kingery West, \$1 million for Wood River Flood Control project, \$210,000 Kincaid Lake Flood Control project, \$150,000 Fulton Levy Flood Control project, \$1 million North Branch Chicago River Flood Control project, \$380,000 St. Joseph Creek, \$300,000 Stony Creek, \$514,000 Bensonville Ditch, \$150,000 Kaskaskia River Navigation Project, \$138,000 Caryle Dam, Shelbyville Dam and Reservoir, \$216,000, \$7,000 Rend Lake, \$786,000 Lake DePue Dredging and \$500,000 Dirksen Park Dam in Pekin. I would like to point out that the State of Illinois expended in Flood Control projects on these and others that are to begin in FY77 about \$60 million. The recommendation that's in the Conference Committee Report #1 adds the \$8,645,000, which is the exact amount that is needed to complete the FY76 and all of the FY77 projects that passed out of here in House Bill 3417. The total amount of bonding authority that is needed is \$22,545,000 and you will see that on a Conference Committee Report that it does contain now \$22,545,000 and I would urge my colleagues to adopt the Conference Committee Report #1."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schuneman."

Schuneman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, as a Member of the Conference Committee, I was one of those who did not find the Conference Report and therefore, I rise in opposition to the Gentleman's Motion. House Bill 3656 has had at least nine lives. It has been in Committee Hearings. It's had trouble all along the way. Part of the problem has been the concern that many of us in this House share over the operations of the Capital Development Board. Now, House



Bill 3656 is the Bill which authorizes the Capital Development Board to borrow money. I think that the original concept of the Capital Development Board was one which would provide for direction of buildings, completion of long-range projects, but what we found when House Bill 3656 was originally presented was that there were many on-going expenses of State government, which were included in the projects to be paid for from these bonds. This House attached an Amendment to this Bill, which would require that all funds authorized show a demonstrable life of at least 25 years. Now that Amendment was removed in the Senate, so the Amendment is no longer a part of this Bill. As far as I'm concerned, the Capital Development Board has shown almost no inclination to change the way in which they've been operating and for that reason, I would urge that you would vote against this Motion to approve the Conference Committee Report. I would like to point out that the Capital Development Board is the same agency that just last week spent some \$2,500 for a ground breaking ceremony right here in Springfield. This is the same agency that the Governor has lauded in the last week or so by telling that they are now second, only to the Federal government, in total construction workload. Now some People in government may be proud of that fact, but I am concerned about it frankly, because every thousand dollars that we spend through the Capital Development Board is going to cost future generations \$1,730 and that is a real concern of mine. I would urge a 'no' vote on this Motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I rise in support of adoption of this Conference Committee Report. This is approximately \$20 million or \$30 million higher than when this Bill left the House. The additional money goes to do the funding for all the projects



in House Bill 3217, which are the Flood Control projects throughout this State. The additional money in this Bill will go to fund and make possible the specialized living centers throughout this State. The money is in here and the additional authorization for the Capitol Complex that we have voted to go ahead with. I cannot understand, when People talk about we're building buildings today and they cost us a million or a hundred and seventy dollars for each dollar worth of capital projects we put out. When we look at the rate of inflation and we need the buildings today, how we can say 'no' we won't do it. We'll wait until we have the money. If that's what we want to do, why are we building roads throughout the State. Why are you telling me that you can take and use bond money to build roads, but you don't want to use it to build centers for the retarded children. You don't want to use it for Flood Control throughout this State. I don't understand it and I would hope that we would pass this and adopt this Conference Committee Report."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I can be quite sympathetic with the prior Speaker's statements, except this particular Bill doesn't guarantee the building of any particular project there and it bothers me to know that we have to spend money for picnic tables and what have you, instead of a real property improvements and construction. This is what happened to the City of New York. It was using general obligation bonds to pay its current ongoing expenses and this is what I'm afraid is happening or going to happen if we do approve this Bill. I think the fact that the Senate knocked out a very important Amendment, which would have indicated that the demonstrable life of the improvement had to be 25 years, I think by that very manner of



abandoning that Amendment, it's subjected this particular Bill if passed to the great possibility of using the monies for not permanent improvements but for additional windows, for additional picnic tables and like items and those are personal property items and I feel that in this time of austerity on our budget, when we consider that we have about \$700 million worth of bonds authorized, and this would mean about \$844 million worth of bonds, and we've cut it off from teaching our children, we've cut it off from very meaningful premises and here we are willing to go ahead and put more construction, I for one am not proud of having as much construction out as the Federal government. Our tax money is far enough and too much and I think if we would just tighten our belt and cut off the waste in the various Departments and we have plenty of space to use for buildings and I can't see one building in this whole Bill that's ever considered for Lake County, which is the third largest County and therefore, I don't think it's a very good Bill and I'm going to vote against it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative LaFluer."

LaFluer: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this Bill has been talked about for many days and probably the more you talk about it, the more misunderstood it becomes. I think to start with, we should understand that the Bill that appropriates the money for the bonds is now laying on the Governor's desk. This is the Bill that authorizes the Executive Branch of government to issue bonds to finance that appropriation. Unfortunately, this funding Bill bares no resemblance to the Appropriation Bill and if passed now will bear less resemblance to the Appropriation Bill after the Governor's Veto Pen has come into play and returned it to the House. That takes place. Appropriations are reduced. Authorizations are never reduced. This will put us at a mismatch that is greater



than it exists today. Today we have a level of bonds of \$752 million. This Bill would bring it up to \$848 million. If 77 projects are put in, it would be \$932 million. We're fast approaching a billion dollars, and a billion dollars brings our debt service to \$1.73 for each dollar issued. At the present time, our current income, we must reserve \$165 million to retire bonds. In these years of precarious financial positions, I think it's time to examine how we are going to finance future State government and the posture taken by the present administration of shifting common and ordinary operating expenses to debt financing is costing future generations dearly. If we fail to pass this Bill, if we fail to concur with the Senate in the adoption of this Conference Committee Report, nothing is in jeopardy. The proper way of financing debts, is to know the dollar amount you are going to need to finance. We will not have that opportunity until the Appropriation Bill is returned from the Governor. The Governor has exacted his toll through the veto message and we have acted upon his veto message. At that time, it is proper time to get this Bill, the Bill that will allow the issuing bond into the same posture as the appropriation. Each person who has a personal stake in this is looking forward and smiling at the Second Floor hoping that when that Appropriation Bill is returned from the Governor, it will contain his project. This is not assured. There is some things I can assure. I can assure that the first \$90 million is going to be used out of this authorization to get the current mismatch of authorization and appropriation together. Secondly, this level will bring us up to the 1976 and I repeat, the 1976 level. The only 77 projects that is included in this is Waterways and Waterways is in jeopardy, because they have already said that the Middle Fork will not be included here and many



other projects will be vetoed, but I think I should remark that some of the projects that will be taken out. If not completely, partially. Capitol Complex, \$29 million. Higher Education, \$39 million. Corrections, \$4 million. Mental Health, \$7 million. Children and Family Services \$1.6 million. Conservation, \$2 million. Agriculture, \$8 million. Now I submit to you of the bleeding hearts that are speaking on the other side and pleading for the People of the mentally retarded, the school children they are taking this money away from that exact purpose. I could not urge each Member in this House anymore firmly than to tell each and everyone that a 'no' vote would be the responsible vote and a 'no' vote would let us go back to a Conference Committee where at least the People who are concerned with fiscal stability could get their voices heard and come back to you with a Bill that could be passed."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Duff."

Duff: "Mr. Speaker, I call the Previous Question."

Speaker Redmond: "The Gentleman has moved the previous question. The question is, shall the main question be put? Those in favor, say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Motion carries. Representative Giorgi to close."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, this Bill has been the subject of two party conferences and anything I might do would be redundant, so I move for the question."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's Motion that the House adopt the First Conference Committee Report to House Bill 3656. Those in favor, vote 'aye'. Those opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Representative VanDuyne."

VanDuyne: "Mr. Speaker, thank you, and all Members of the General Assembly. Really, you know, for that specific and really undesirable view that I look up at that Board



and see 68. You know, we really, we can't really go any other way but concur with this Senate version of this. You know, the third part of this Bill has been ten years in the making. Five or six negotiated with the State of Illinois. Two years ago, Will County sold their bonds and put their money where their mouth is. You know, the State always says, put your money where your mouth is, so that we know that you are sincere and then maybe possibly we may come up with our money. I think there is something here that is being portrayed before you that really is erroneous and that is where there's any CDB money even attached to this. The Capital Development Board has nothing, nothing, nothing to do with the Water Management Division of DOT. This is a project that Will County has put out \$6 million worth of bonds, two years ago, to perpetuate for the People of Will County and I'm asking you to put your money where your mouth is. It is \$13 million. I sat on the Appropriations Committee for six months, or four at least, and I saw this man right here and voiced votes on the Public Aid Department put \$6 million addition on the Public Aid Department's budget, with a voice vote and we are sitting here deliberating with a \$13 million should be taken off of the bonding authority or not. I don't even understand what the hell we are talking about when Joe Lundy can put \$6 million on the Public Aid budget without even an argument, but we're standing here cutting off \$13 million on the Capital Development Bond issue so that we can authorize the building of these projects. Now who are we kidding? Seventy-two votes. We've got 101 votes in this House. Now it only points to one thing. We don't want to do it."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the Record. On this question, there's 78 'aye' and 30 'nay' and the Gentleman's Motion that the House



adopt the First Conference Committee Report fails. Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, I move to nonconcur with the Conference Committee Report and ask that a Second Conference Committee be struck."

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman has moved that the House nonconcur, that the House First Conference Committee Report and the Second Conference Committee be requested. Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Point of Inquiry, if I might, Mr. Speaker. Apparently, there's a lot of questions in our minds of a lot of Members on this Bill, as there are in the minds of most of us on this side. Not only does it do the things that some of our Members said, push us further in the debt, not necessary and in some minds necessary. I don't know just what the procedure is, but I would wonder if there is some procedure, whereby this Second Conference Committee might be appointed and remain active through the summer. We can't find anything in the Rules... and come back in November. The Bill will be alive and the Conference Committee would be formed and perhaps could meet during the interim period and come up with the right solution to the problem."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tipsword."

Tipsword: "Mr. Speaker, in regard to the suggestion that has just been made by the Majority Leader and especially in regard to the Water Resource projects, the Minority Leader. I'm sorry, Jerry, and in the Water Resource projects that are included in this Bill, it's my understanding that a lot of these projects have presently ongoing projects, in which considerable money has been spent. If we do not fund these projects with 1977 money, soon, there's not going to be any construction during this construction year and consequently, then, that's



going to move us by November back into a completely another construction year and probably into another fiscal year before we can get into this. We will lose probably a great portion of the money that we would now be spending in this Bond project and for those of the Legislators who are interested in these water resource projects throughout the State of Illinois, we can't afford to lose an entire construction year, which November would lose for us and I would hope that the Conference Committee would now meet and would report back to this House before we adjourn."

Speaker Redmond: "Ready for the question? The question's on the Gentleman's Motion that the House nonconcur in the First Conference Committee Report. Representative Davis, do you seek recognition?"

Davis: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'd like whoever you put on that Conference Committee to be reminded that there's a Lady on this side of the aisle whom we respect and admire and I think the whole entire House does, who was duped, duped into bringing her Bill back to Second Reading in the Senate and she was promised that it would be brought back to Second Reading in the Senate, you know the Lady who wants the Industrial Park, Mrs. Younge. She was promised that if it was brought back to Second Reading in the Senate, that one of the Leaders, the Minority Leader, would not only vote for it, but he would speak for it and she brought it back to Second Reading in the Senate and then they accused her of not keeping her word. I want you to tell them that we know that she did keep her word and if anybody didn't keep their word, it's the Senate and the Leadership who failed to keep their word. Now you kick us men around over here, but when you start to kick our women around, you better believe that we're going to fight and that's exactly what happened and I rise in her defense



and say that's why I'm withholding my vote. You're kicking our women around."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's Motion. All in favor, say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. In the opinion of the Chair, the 'ayes' have it and the Motion carries. The House does not concur in the First Conference Committee Report. Representative Washburn, do you seek recognition?"

Washburn: "Yes, thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. You really didn't answer my Inquiry a few minutes ago, so I would like to make a Motion, Mr. Speaker, that the Second Conference Committee on House Bill 3656 shall remain in continuous Session to meet in such places and at such times as the majority of its Members deem appropriate and may report to both Houses on November 17, 1976."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I think when the message goes back to the Senate and that Conference Committee is appointed, by the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate, then we'll know where we're at, but I can't for the life of me understand why People want to talk about holding up flood control projects until some time in November. Mr. Walsh, don't point a finger at me. You live in a district that floods all the time."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will come to Order. Representative Walsh, for what purpose do you arise?"

Walsh: "I rose, Mr. Speaker, to object to that Gentleman getting up and haranging us. We were on the question of a Conference Committee Reporting and he undertook to harangue."

Speaker Redmond: "Shame on him."

Walsh: "Shame on him, indeed, Mr. Speaker, and for him to impune my vote and to say that I live in a district that floods all the time, I dispute that. I submit to him



that ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~past~~ administrations, they've been spending money ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~control~~ ~~of~~ ~~building~~ ~~lakes~~ ~~and~~ ~~flooding~~ ~~virtually~~ ~~all~~ ~~of~~ ~~southern~~ ~~Illinois.~~"

~~Speaker~~ Redmond: "Shame on you, too."

~~Washburn~~: "I'll ~~not~~ ~~submit~~, Mr. Speaker...."

~~Speaker~~ Redmond: "House will come to Order." We will appoint the ~~Members~~ of the Conference Committee and it will be up to the ~~Members~~ of the Conference Committee to decide what they want to do as far as meeting. I know of no Rules that authorizes..... Mr. Washburn, will you appoint the ~~Members~~ to the Conference Committee and the House will stand in recess."

~~Washburn~~: "Yes, Representative Lafluer, Representative Schuman and my Motion is before the Body, Mr. Speaker and....."

~~Speaker~~ Redmond: "Recess until 7:15."

~~Washburn~~: "Till what?"

~~Speaker~~ Redmond: "7:15."

~~Washburn~~: "What about my Motion to give the....."

~~Speaker~~ Redmond: "Out of Order."

~~Washburn~~: "Out of Order?"

~~Speaker~~ Redmond: "We haven't ever got the Conference Committee. We have to have joint action between us and the Senate. Let's get the Conference Committee and then make your Motion when we have a Conference Committee. We don't even have the now. We'll recess until 7:15."

~~Washburn~~: "I've got the Motion filed in writing, according to the Rules. It's before the Body now and certainly I would like to have it acted up to give direction to this Conference Committee."

~~Speaker~~ Redmond: "When the Conference ~~Committee~~ has been appointed by both the House and the Senate, then I would suggest that you ~~refer~~ ~~your~~ ~~Motion~~, but right at the present time, there's an ~~Interference~~ ~~Conference~~, there are

no Members and the House stands in recess."

Washburn: "And there's been no time set for their meeting.

We're just waiting for the appointment of the Conference Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "That's correct. 7:15. Recess until 7:15."

RECESS

Giglio: "Messages from the Senate. Messages to the Senate. The House is going to adjourn."

Clerk O'Brien: "Pages on the House Floor, please. Pages."

Speaker Redmond: "House will come to Order. Messages from the Senate."

Clerk O'Brien: "Message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has receded from the request of the House of Representatives for a Second Conference Committee to consider the differences of the two Houses regarding Senate Amendment 1, 2 and 3 to House Bill 3656. Action taken by the Senate June 9, 1976, Fourth Special Session. Kenneth Wright, Secretary."

Speaker Redmond: "House will come to Order. Members please be in their seats. Gentlemen, will you please come to Order. Stop all this din and yelling and loud talking. I can hardly hear myself. If Representative, who is a jeweler was here, I would ask him to repair your watch, free of charge, Representative Ryan. It is now 7:12. Representative Duff."

Duff: "Mr. Speaker, because of the difficulties and the circumstances, I hope it won't seem too inappropriate, but when we get to a Motion on this Conference Committee, I would like to say in advance, I would like to ask for a verification if necessary."

Speaker Redmond: "My Irish Grandmother said, 'Never bid the devil good morning until you meet him'."

Duff: "I met you earlier, Sir."



Duff: "And Mr. Speaker, can we request and we will have an Attendance Roll Call that lights not be put on for People who are not on the Attendance Roll Call? Or who aren't here."

Speaker Redmond: "I believe that the Rules so provide. It's always within the province of any Member's jurisdiction to raise that question if he so desires."

Duff: "Then, we'll count on your best efforts, Sir."

Speaker Redmond: "You bet your life. The Order of business, Speaker's Table. Conference Committee Reports, appears House Bill 3656. Representative Giorgi. Representative Shea."

Shea: "I'm wondering if prior to the time this is called that we might, there's a Resolution up there I would like to have read, please."

Speaker Redmond: "Which Resolution are you talking about?"

Shea: "The Adjournment Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "We're looking. We can't find it. You think maybe it was adopted? He found it. The Order of business is Resolutions. That's within the Rules. The Speaker can change the Order of ~~business~~. Resolutions right at the moment."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Joint Resolution #1. A Message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has adopted the following Senate Joint Resolution and the adoption in which I'm instructed to ask concurrence of the House of Representatives to with: Senate Joint Resolution #1, Resolved by the Senate of the 79th General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Fourth Special Session thereof, the House of Representatives concurring herein that when the two Houses adjourn on Friday, July 9, 1976, they stand adjourned signe die. Adopted by the Senate July 9, 1976, Fourth Special Session. Kenneth Wright, Secretary."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, I move for the adoption of the Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is for the move of the adoption of the Resolution. Representative Washburn, for what purpose do you rise?"

Washburn: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I think if you're going to persist in this hearing of the Resolution before you hear the business at hand of the House, the Second Conference Committee or so-called Second Conference Committee on House Bill 3656, I'm going to be forced to request a quorum call."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "The Gentleman's entitled to it if he wants it."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, Mr. Clerk, will you please call the Roll. The Attendance Roll Call. Representative Duff."

Duff: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to verify this Roll Call, if necessary."

Speaker Redmond: "You're not here. How can you do that? Attendance Roll Call. Take the Record, Mr. Clerk. 96. A quorum is present. Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "I'd like a verification, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker, I would also like to Move that this be used for the purpose of the per diem roll call and I also ask for a Poll of the Absentees."

Speaker Redmond: "Question is on the Gentleman's Motion that this Roll Call be used for the per diem. All those in favor, indicate by saying 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Representative Lechowicz, do you desire a Poll of the Absentees?"

Lechowicz: "Yes, Sir."

Speaker Redmond: "Mr. Clerk, Poll the Absentees."

Clerk O'Brien: "Arnell. Beatty. Bluthardt. Boyle. Brandt. Byers. Campbell. Capparelli. Capuzi. Carroll. Catania. Chapman. Collins. Craig. Cunningham. Deavers. Domico.



Downs. John Dunn. Dyer. Ebbesen. Epton. Fleck.
Friedland. Gaines."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Washington."

Washington: "Mr. Speaker, as a Parliamentary Point, I think the Speaker should make note of anyone who leaves the hall with a bonified Member of this House."

Speaker Redmond: "Mr. Doorkeeper, would you please close the door, before Representative Walsh gets out. You missed him. Take Mr. Walsh off the Attendance Roll Call. He's off already. Mr. Madison."

Madison: "Mr. Speaker, Parliamentary Inquiry. It's my understanding on a Verification of a Roll Call that once the Roll Call has been verified, the individuals may not after that get on the Roll."

Speaker Redmond: "That is correct."

Madison: "Is the same procedure involved as far as an Attendance Roll Call is concerned?"

Speaker Redmond: "That is correct."

Madison: "Would that then mean, Mr. Speaker, that those persons who are not on the Attendance Roll Call would not be counted as part of the vote that they chose to vote on a matter that came before this Body after the Roll Call was taken? I raise the Point, Mr. Speaker because they would be based on the Verified Roll Call of the Attendance, they would be absent, and they could not, therefore, get on the attendance Roll Call, which means they could not get on a Roll Call of any matter subsequent to the Attendance Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "I would question that, Representative Madison. I will have to confess this is the first time that this particular objection has ever been poised, but it would seem to me that all the Members have a duty and responsibility to be here and there are methods whereby we can force their attendance and it would seem to me to be inappropriate if he did come in response to



JUL 9 1978

to his Constitutional duty to preclude him from participating in this."

Madison: "Mr. Speaker, I raise the Point because there are Members who are obviously here who did not get on the Attendance Roll Call and that's why I raise that Point."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, that is correct, but we've asked for a Poll of the Absentees and I think we will arrive at a situation."

Madison: "A request for Verification has also been made, Mr. Speaker, and"

Speaker Redmond: "Poll of the Absentees, I believe come first Mr. Madison."

Madison: "Well, I will raise my Point again when we get beyond the Poll of the Absentees."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "I don't believe that this Member, you, Mr. Speaker or anybody else can preclude a duly elected Member of this House from voting if he's here at the time a question is put, regardless of whether this Roll Call....."

Speaker Redmond: "I believe that's what I said. Representative Kempiners."

Kempiners: "I would like to correct the Gentleman who asked the question. This is not the Attendance Roll Call. We adopted by voice vote a Motion that this be used for the purpose of per diem. The Attendance Roll Call was taken earlier today so that the question is not valid."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. The question is the quorum call, and I think my Motion was in the Order and you ruled properly."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, I agree with you. Mr. Doorkeeper, lock the door. Yeow, they may come in, but they can't go out. They have to eat a little humble pie to get in, too. Proceed with the Poll of the Absentees."



Clerk O'Brien: "Getty. Greiman. Griesheimer. Hanahan. Hart. Hirschfeld. G. L. Houlihan. Excuse me, G. L. Hoffman. R. K. Hoffman. Holewinski. J. M. Houlihan. Kane. Katz. Keller. Klosak. Kosinski. Kozubowski. LaFluer. Lauer. Laurino."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lauer, for what purpose do you rise?"

Lauer: "Indicate me as 'present' please."

Clerk O'Brien: "Laurino. Leinenweber. Londrigan. Lundy. Mann. Matijevich. McAuliffe. McCourt. Merlo. Meyer. Miller. Molloy. Mugalian. Nardulli. O'Daniel. Palmer. Peters. Pierce. Polk. Randolph. Rayson. Rigney. Rose. Schisler. Schlickman. Schoeberlein."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schoeberlein is here. Representative Molloy."

Molloy: "Record me as being present."

Speaker Redmond: "Record the Gentleman as being present."

Representative Bradley. Anything further, Representative Dr. Lechowicz?"

Clerk O'Brien: "I'm not finished."

Speaker Redmond: "Oh, pardon me. ~~Proceed.~~"

Clerk O'Brien: "Sevcik. Skinner. Stearney. Stone. Telcser Terzich. Totten. Waddell. Walsh. Washburn. Yourell."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz, are you seeking recognition?"

Lechowicz: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, just for a Point and the Point is that Representative Choate always votes 'no' on this Attendance Roll Call and I just wanted to point out that he is here and he should be recorded as such. Thank you. Representative Choate, sitting in his chair as usual."

Speaker Redmond: "He's the Gentleman in the white suit. On the Order of Business on the Speaker's Table, the Order of Concurrence, House Bill 3656. Representative Giorgi."



Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I think.... I'm not on the Roll Call, but I am here in the room and I would, after a conversation with the Majority Leader, who's word is good, always has been with me and I'm sure will continue to be good with me, I would withdraw my request for a quorum call."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objection? Hearing none, Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, I would now move to adopt the Adjournment Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's Motion to adopt the Adjournment Resolution. All in favor,....."

Shea: "It is a sine die Resolution of this Special Session when we adjourn today."

Speaker Redmond: "Question's on the Gentleman's Motion to adopt the Adjournment Resolution. All in favor, say 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the Motion is carried. Now on the Order of Speaker's Table, Concurrence..... Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Well, Mr. Speaker, voting on the prevailing side, I'd like to reconsider the vote by which my Motion was adopted as far as using that Roll Call for a per diem, and I so move. I just withdrew it. I'm just moving to reconsider it."

Speaker Redmond: "You withdrew it."

Lechowicz: "Right."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, after various conferences between the House Members and the Senate Members and 7 People signing the Conference Committee Report, the Report is identical to the First Conference Committee Report, so I move for the adoption of the Second Conference Committee Report."

Speaker Redmond: "Are you ready for the question. The question's on the Gentleman's Motion to adopt the Second



Conference Committee Report to House Bill 3656. All in favor, vote 'aye'. Opposed vote 'no'. Representative LaFleur to explain his vote."

LaFleur: "This issue has been worked to death and I think that everyone should know that although the Republicans did not participate or the House Republicans did not participate in the Second Conference Report, we did not sign it. It was the same as before, and I'd urge a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would ask my colleagues to reconsider those that are voting 'no' or 'present' or those that are abstaining on this Bill. If we do not pass this Bill, construction and Capital projects within the State will grind to a halt. The flood control projects that we so vitally need, particularly in suburban Cook County will not be carried forth. Now, I know that many of the Members have worked on Bills such as 3417, that at least in suburban Cook County, the flooding problem is just terrible. Every spring, Salt Creek, Addison, the DesPlaines River, go over their banks and hundreds and thousands of families are flooded out. We can do something about those projects today, if we can get the requisite 107 votes on this Bill. We have gone by June 30. We need 107 votes. I would ask my colleagues for the flooding, for the specialized living centers that are contained in this Bill, for the expansion of the Capitol Complex, if they would not please reconsider their 'no' votes and their 'present' votes and put enough votes up to pass this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I don't want to belabor the night,



but it seems to me the last Gentleman's remarks call for some response. He says that suburban Cook County suffers and so does DuPage County suffer from a flooding problem. I don't think there's any question about that. I don't think there's any question either that the State is buying itself right into bankruptcy with the issuance of these bonds and we have in effect, since the creation of the Capital Development Board been appropriating what totals now about a million and a half dollars more than we have received in revenue. Mr. Speaker, something is going to have to be done to stop this. My reason for voting 'no' is that this is my protest to that action and I would hope that protest would be heard by the People that we represent. I would further point out to the Majority Leader that there is no assurance in our vote for or against this today, if we are voting for it, there is no assurance that these funds will be used to alleviate the terrible flooding problem within suburban Cook County and in DuPage County. No assurance whatever. As a matter of fact, we don't know whether this money is going to be used for a new medical school. We don't know whether it's going to be used for prisons. We have no idea what it's going to be used for. He would suggest to us that because of \$14 million that are in this authorization that we could vote for \$848 million. Mr. Speaker, that doesn't really make any sense and if the Governor recognized the problem that indeed we do have, then he would have put it as a priority item and I suggest to you that this Governor, like Democrat Governors before, would deny suburban Cook County relief from their flooding problems and that if we're going to have any relief from these problems, we're going to have to appropriate money from General Revenue Funds and do it in that way. I was amazed to find out that the Division of Waterways has just \$500,000 for the use for projects.



\$500,000. Why ten years ago, they had \$5 million from General Revenue Funds. They would hope that all \$14 million that they have for projects would come from the issuance of bonds. That's not right, Mr. Speaker, and we're digging our way into bankruptcy, just as certain as you're sitting up there."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tipsword."

Tipsword: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen, I would wish that we could get the 107 votes up there. It is true that this requires an expenditure of additional sums of money and we're asking for bonds, but regretablely, we're in a time of financial crisis, when all the money we have in our General Revenue Funds and in the available Funds otherwise, to meet the obligations that we have to flooding problems throughout the State, to the Junior Colleges, to all of the various projects that the Majority Leader has reviewed for us a few minutes ago are just not available otherwise and there are crying needs that have to be met in the State of Illinois. Nevertheless there is some ring of truth and some things we need to think about that were just said by the Gentleman from the other side of the aisle. I think we're all well aware of that. I hope we all keep it in mind and I think we do have obligations in the future that we have to balance very carefully. I just hope that the Gentleman is voting exactly the same way after November."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I see 92 green votes on the Board. It's a very important issue in an election year and I know that there are several People that are voted green that shouldn't be and certainly that's not fair to those People at all, and at the proper time, Mr. Speaker, I'm going to ask for a verification if this should pass."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Duff."



Duff: "Well, Mr. Speaker, one of the Points I wanted to make was one that was just made by Representative from Kankakee, but the other one very simply is, in response to the Majority Leader, the only way those of us who represent the suburbs can be assured that these monies would be used for flooding in the suburbs instead of for many other projects is to wait until the Governor vetoes or signs the appropriations specifically rather than getting into contact with any one of a dozen deals that might have been made with particular areas for particular reasons through the course of this Session, and furthermore, if we wait, we can come back here in November and be assured that the suburbs are going to get the flood control efforts that they want and no other way."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Davis."

Davis: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, as you will recall, I did raise an issue about the Lady on this side of the aisle, but I have been informed; In fact, I've met with the great leader in the Senate and they tell me that on his Excellency's desk is House Bill 1936, which calls for \$2 million. It's on his desk, the Excellency, the Governor, and it is up to him to sign this Bill or not. I thought I had a good protest. I thought I was right in that protest, but now that this Bill is on his Excellency's, the Governor, desk, I believe that he will sign it, because I'm sure he knows the condition of the People down in East St. Louis, but the other thing is, more than that, I don't want to punish any people who are subject to being victims of a flood. I don't know whether all of you have seen the flood victims or not, but I have witnessed them even since I was a little boy. I lived on high land and I've seen the old Mississippi overflow. I've seen people coming down the Mississippi, going down the Delta on top



of their Houses. I've seen them on rafts and every other thing, horses and cattle out in the middle of that. It's a terrible scene. Certainly I don't want to be a party to anything like that when there is open to me a fact, a remedy open and the remedy is that his Excellency, the Governor, will look with favor upon House Bill 1936 and I believe he will. Now I turn my attention to these people who might suffer and I certainly don't want to be a party to them suffering, especially in this Bicentennial Year and my prayer has been that may we, as this year has come upon us and the Lord has blessed us for more than 200 years of freedom, my prayer is that we will be forged into one mighty people, one mighty people, strong in the Lord and that the thing that separates man from man and race from race be closed and that we'll join hands and go forth from here to our home, having known that we have done in our hearts the very thing that we feel that will help not some of the people, but all of the people in the State of Illinois and I'm happy now to cast my vote as 'yes' and 'aye' on this Bill and I could wish that everyone of us, ~~win~~... we're certainly not going to get all of the things we want, but thank God we have some of the things we want. We have a great free nation. We have a great free press who can say anything they want about any of us. Thank God we want to keep them free. We want to keep this nation free and we want to see that we can alleviate all the suffering to all mankind and keep this nation a mighty free land, strong in the Lord and a great freedom for all of the people. That's why I'm voting 'aye' and I should wish we'd get enough votes to help all of the people in all the Districts and I feel that if this Bill passes, we will help all of them."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative VanDuyne."



VanDuyne: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I reiterate everything that Deacon has said and I can tell you personally from ten years on the County Board of Will County and worrying about the floods that plagued our County and the Hickory Creek and the Spring Creek area, that I can say everything that he said is true. You know, we worked for this for ten solid years and I was a Member of the County Board at that time and I worked for it for five or six years, to try to get the County Board and the Forest Preserve to float the bonds to pay for their part and as I told you before, the State kept telling us, well you've got to be sincere. You've got to put your money where your mouth is. You've got to show the State that you're really not just asking them to float all these things for your benefit, where you're really not putting any of your own money up, so last year, in fact, I think it's been more like two years, we paid, we sold \$6 million dollars of bonds for the Salt Creek, Salt Trail and the Hickory Creek and Spring Creek Reservoir projects. We have one project involved in this, \$750,000 for the Salt Creek-Salt Trail Reservoir."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Willaims. Oh, Pardon me."

VanDuyne: "Mr. Speaker, I've set on this Floor for two years, and I've never heard me ever insult Mr. Simms. I've never infringed on his right to speak or I've never infringed on his right to express a vote. Now, I think it's a little bit of a discourtesy....."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed, Representative VanDuyne."

VanDuyne: "On his part to not allow me to explain my vote. We have 94 votes up there."

Speaker Redmond: "In due time, Representative Simms. In due time. What's your Point?"

Simms: "Under the Rules of the House, the distinguished Gentleman from whatever county he may come from, is allowed one minute and he's been hallucinating for about three."



Speaker Redmond: "Hallucinate for another one minute."

VanDuyne: "Thank you. Thank you, Sir. Now, you know, I don't really know what's going on here with the CDB. I don't know the abrasions and I don't know all the things that makes People feel, you know, falsely toward the CDB, but this is not the CDB. This is the Water Management Control of our DOT. This is something we worked for for ten solid years. It now is now at the point of submission and I beg you to put up your votes up there and help us come up with this bonding issue."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Williams."

Williams: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. With all due respect for the Deacon, I'd like to amend that prayer and say that once the crops are in, let's pray that there's no rain, because let me tell you, and I see a lot of my colleagues over there from areas that flood and I heard one of the Gentlemen on the other side say that this thing can wait until November. Well you go and tell your People when the rains come now in August and September and October. You tell them that we're just waiting until after November to take care of your flooded basement and all the junk that backs up into those basements. You go back and tell them, because I'm telling you, you have an opportunity right now to pass a flood control project here for the State of Illinois and these are projects that other units of government in your district, there have been Forest Preserve Districts and units of local government that have put their money up front and if anyone is worrying that the money in this Bill here is not going to be spent for a flood control project, let me allay your fears, because as you know, we line item these things with only 5% transferability and these projects are ready to go right now. Actually there have been commitments made to the units of government and they're all



set. They're just waiting for this House right now and the people in your District are waiting for you to get an aye vote so that we can start these flood control projects. Now, if you think you're going to wait until after November, then let's see what the people are going to say at the polls come November. I urge everyone who has a flood control project and I'm not even going to talk about the other items that are in this budget, either for Mental Health and for the Department of Corrections and Children and Family Services. I'm confining my remarks to flood control and the time is right now to put 107 votes on there and let's start the flood control projects for the State of Illinois. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Two or three hours ago, I suggested that when the, after the Second Conference Committee had been appointed that we permit them to remain in existence until we came back in November, and during the interim period, they could have held hearings, could have looked deeper into this very complicated Bill, but the Majority Party saw fit not to continue on with the Conference Committee, rather to let the Bill go up or down, whichever the case might be, and I'd like to Point out, Ladies and Gentlemen, that we're voting for some \$842 million and certainly we're all concerned with the flooding problems, not only in DuPage County, but throughout the State, but of the \$842 million contained in this Bill, only \$20 million is designated for flood control. Now in my judgement, I'm voting red because all this Bill does is drive us deeper into debt here in Illinois. Three years ago, every citizen of this State was in debt by some \$70 and now three years later, we're in debt \$170 each for every citizen in Illinois and if we continue on this downward path of increased indebtedness, certainly we'll



end up just as New York City did. Now, we on this side, believe in a balanced budget and we don't believe in any tax increases and we cannot possibly permit us to go deeper into debt, deeper into debt, \$842 million with one sweep here. I wish you had taken our suggestion, kept the Bill alive, by having the Second Conference Committee remain in existence."

Speaker Shea: "Speaker Redmond."

Speaker Redmond: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I've been in this House since 1959 and the people of Western Cook County, Eastern DuPage and Southwestern Cook County that lie along the reaches of Salt Creek have been trying to get a little relief from the ravages of the floods of Salt Creek. Every Session since 1959, Bills have been introduced. There has been substantial work performed but it was within the hope of those people and I may say, 60% of the people that live in DuPage County live in the Flood Basin of Salt Creek. They had hoped that through this Bill, 3656, that at long last they would receive some relief, and that is true with all of the other streams that are contained herein and I may say that it has been the policy of the State of Illinois with the Republican Governors and the Democratic Governors to attend to these problems and throughout the years, some \$60 million has been spent. Unless we authorize the expenditure of the sums contained in the flood control part of House Bill 3656, we stand a very good chance that that money will be wasted. I personally visited three of the sites of the flood control in DuPage County this last weekend. There's one in there, Addison Creek, I think it was #1, that a whole miniature Grand Canyon has been dug. Unless we proceed to complete that when the storms of the fall and the winter and next spring come, all of the work and all of the money that has been spent is going to be wasted. It



seems to me a rather belated complaint from the Republicans that they don't really like bonded indebtedness because I would like to call your attention to the fact that it was under Governor Richard Ogilvie that the authorization for Capital Development Bonds began and I would also like to call your attention to the fact that I was one who voted 'no' because I didn't believe in them at that time, but I was on the losing side and some \$800 million dollars has been authorized and spent. I can tell you that there isn't any single issue, no single issue that contributed to the defeat of Governor Ogilvie that weighed anymore heavily than the failure of Governor Ogilvie to release flood control funds for Salt Creek. You may recall it was a Bill for \$1,250,000 and no money was spent and when the floods came in that spring and the people in Kingery West were inundated, Governor Walker ceased upon that situation and in my judgement, that as much as any single thing had a lot to do with the vote that Governor Walker received. You're playing with fire when you refuse to approve these measures. You're playing with fire. You're playing with people's lives. You're playing with all the assets that they have accumulated through all their lifetime. I went to Kingery West at that time and nothing would be anymore heart rendering than seeing people trying to salvage a few remnants of their households and to try to sell and try to get themselves out. The only reason they were able to salvage anything is that the situation was so serious that the DuPage County Forest Preserve purchased better than half the land, because by virtue of the fact that what we had done in the failure to have on-site retention basins and the construction of 83, we had absolutely devastated these people. Now, that isn't an isolated situation. If I was only looking for a political advantage and I'm very happy to say, that my



colleague, Representative Daniels and most of the people from DuPage County, see the way I do with respect to this item, I would rejoice in the opportunity that you are giving me, because there isn't any question when you look at that board that there isn't one heartbeat.... and the great majority of the Republican Members that gives one damn what happens to the people that live in these flood plains. I think it may very well result in the election of a States Attorney on the Democratic side in DuPage County. It may very well elect the Majority of the County Board and it may very well elect the Chairman, because this is the party, this is the County, I may tell you that gave Bill Scott a Majority of 146,000 votes four years ago. And, this is the way the Republican Party sees fit to repay them and to thank them. I think you should think twice. This is a very serious matter. There is no way that these projects are going to go forward, no way anything is going to be done until a year from now and fortunately we will probably have a Democratic Majority in the House and the Senate and a Democratic Governor who'll have a little more empathy for these people. I implore you. I beg you. Reconsider and cast the vote green. Thank you very much."

Speaker Shea: "Have all voted who wish? The Gentleman from Whiteside, Mr. Schuneman, to explain his vote."

Schuneman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, flood control projects, which have been pleaded before us here tonight are really not the issue at all. I don't here anyone on this side of the aisle complaining about the flood control projects, but what I hear complaints about is the fact that State government has been spending bond money for current expenses. I think that's the issue, not flood control projects. It appears to me, Mr. Speaker that somebody hasn't been listening. This House adopted an Amendment that would go a long way toward bringing financial responsibility



to the Capital Development Board, but the Senate wasn't listening. I remember just about a week ago when the Sponsor of this Bill indicated to this House that he would take it out of the Record and we'd bring it back next fall. This would give us time to work out some of these problems, but apparently someone wasn't listening then either and I hope that somebody will get a message out of all this and that we will be able to return financial responsibility to the operations of the Capital Development Board. I urge a 'no' vote on this Bill."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from DuPage, Mr. LaFleur, to explain his vote."

LaFleur: "I would move the previous question, Mr. Chairman."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Knox, Mr. McGrew, to explain his vote."

McGrew: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. We've had a terrible amount of conversation and arguing today about the waterways provision of this Bill and I would simply like to point out to those that seem to have forgotten the Capital Development Board is involved in nearly every phase of State government delivering goods to the people. I mean by that, the Capital Development Board is now involved in building your schools. They're involved right now, in fact, considering being involved in the road program, as far as clearing land. They're involved in the Capital Development aspect of our major universities and in fact, included in this Senate Amendments, for my own district, is a provision for Western Illinois University educational television as well as a provision to upgrade the heating facilities at Western. Now that might not sound too important, except that right now, Western Illinois University is building a new library that one of the Representatives on the other side was very, very concerned about and if we do not get the money to rehabilitate our heating plant,



we simply aren't even going to be able to heat or to cool this building . . . the students can't use it. Now, that is also included in this budget, so I would like for you to reconsider and realize that it's not only waterways we're talking about, there are a great deal of facets in the Capital Development Board. Thank you."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Winnebago, the Assistant Minority Leader, Mr. Simms."

Simms: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, . . . it was with great interest that I heard our distinguished Speaker of the House address himself to the problems of this Bill and I'm very pleased that he has acknowledged the ability of Richard B. Ogilvie as Governor of Illinois. But, there is only one difference between Governor Ogilvie issuing the bonds and his administration of government. He had restraint and fiscal responsibility because when he left office there was almost one half billion dollars surplus that your Democratic Governor has squandered and the State is broke today. And it's for these reasons that we have to have restraint in the spending of our State and for this reason I'm confident that the people of Illinois are going to respect the Legislature for not putting the bonded indebtedness to a degree that the people of Illinois will never be able to pay for. And, secondly, I might remind the distinguished Gentleman from DuPage, that there are more than seven votes on the board, you would have your support for the Bill if your own party was behind you . . . and it looks like they're not..."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Kane, Mr. Grotberg, to explain his vote."

Grotberg: "Well, thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would like to take this thing out of the political arena just long enough to remind everyone in this House of one or two items. In my short



four years as a Member of this House, I have recorded time after time after time and historically searched for decades, the abandonment of State institutions by this Body and by administration after administration of the deferred maintenance of State institutions. If you will take very careful cognizance you will find that for the last three years bonding after bonding has gone forth with less than six percent of it ever being spent on the reconstruction and the rehabilitation of the institutions of the State of Illinois. And, for my purposes I would suggest to you.....anyone who has a State institution.... that's involved in this....and the men and women of District 38, who have prisons and mental health institutions that have rehabilitation projects in this Bill, that I think it is time that this Body....recorded for itself... that it is not in favor of letting every institution in the State of Illinois go to rot over political propositions and I would suggest, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House that my 'aye' vote is not a political vote, my 'aye' vote is to try to find some purpose to the Capital Development Bond situation in the State of Illinois within the realm of reason that will have something to do with making better State institutions for people to work in and for people to reside in who are are charges....and that's the reason I explained my 'aye' vote..."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Marion, Mr. Friedrich, to explain his vote."

Friedrich: "Mr. Speaker, I think it's obvious, to anyone who has been watching the board, that there aren't 107 votes here to adopt this report. Now, I was certainly impressed by the impassioned speech from the Gentleman from DuPage County about the need for flood control in DuPage County and I'm sympathetic....The irony of it is that there is a lot of stuff in this Bill that has nothing to do with



flood control....I'm.....I'm for flood control in DuPage County or anywhere else but I'm not for building picnic tables and fence and windows and so onto finance them for over 25 years. So, I have a suggestion that we ask for another Conference Committee Report.....take out everything but flood control and pass it and go home. Then we can introduce a Bill next fall to take care of these other things, because obviously you're not going to get flood control if you insist on putting it in with the picnic tables...."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Cook.....there are still Members that desire to explain their vote....The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Lechowicz, to explain his vote."

Lechowicz: "Very briefly, Mr. Speaker, I just want to point out to this House that the Senate has adopted this Conference Committee Report 46 to nothing. I'm sorry, I was just corrected.....49 to 1.....Senator Knuppel was telling me it was 46 to nothing....And, let me just point out that the Senate runs the same type of district as we do....The only difference.....there are three Representatives and one Senator. And, I'd just like to point out that I would hope that the Membership would read the Conference Committee Report and not House Bill 3656....as it was introduced. And, let me just point out to you the Conference Committee Report, what it did, it did two things, it provided the appropriationthe bonding level for the appropriation of fiscal '76, approximately 56 to 60 million dollars, and also the authorization level for the waterways projects in the State of Illinois. I....the....State.....of Illinois. If this Conference Committee is not adopted, the following items will be deleted and the fiscal '76 appropriation that was passed out of this House last year.....24 million dollars in higher education....17 million dollars in Mental Health....10 million dollars in court complexes...



3 million in conservation....2 million in corrections.... six specialized living centers, four area vocational centers, five community colleges, three senior institutions of higher education, and three correctional facilities. In conjunction with the Busse Woods Reservoir for five hundred thousand; the Addison Creek at Joy Street for eight hundred thousand; the Addison Creek Reservoir and Land Acquisition of two--six; Hickory Springs Creek seven hundred and fifty thousand; Hanover Park, three hundred thousand; Waubensee Creek in Kane and Kendall County, nine hundred thousand; Kingery West, four hundred thousand; Wood River in Madison County, one million dollars; Kincaid Lake, Jackson County, two hundred ten thousand; Whiteside County, one hundred fifty thousand; the North Branch of the Chicago River one million dollars; St Joseph Creek, DuPage County, three hundred eighty thousand; Stony Creek, three hundred thousand; Kaskaskia-Carlyle Dam and Reservoir, one hundred thirty-eight thousand; Kaskaskia River-Shelbyville Dam and Reservoir, two hundred sixteen thousand; the Big Muddy River, seven thousand...."

Speaker Shea: "Will you bring your remarks to a close, Sir?"

Lechowicz: "I'll be more than happy to, Mr. Speaker. Those Waterway Project that I just mentioned add up to \$9,595,000.....in conjunction with a few others that I don't have time to mention at a total authorization level of \$11,645,000. This is what's in the Conference Committee. It's a Conference Committee of \$11,000,000 for Waterway Projects.....\$56,000,000 in other projects and believe me this should be adopted."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Cook, the Assistant Majority Leader,Minority Leader, Mr. Telcser.....Do you seek recognition....Sir?"

Telcser: "Well, Mr. Speaker, justa lot of more Members want to explain their vote, I just want to make an inquiry



if I can, at this time. If this should get 107 or 8 or 9 votes, will we get a verification."

Speaker Shea: "If someone requests it, absolutely."

Telcser: "Okay."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Lake, Mr. Deuster, to explain his vote."

Deuster: "Mr. Speaker, I'm not rising to explain my vote, but I'm rising to protest. I thought the rules of this House were designed to apply equally to all Members and many many occasions have developed in this House when Members have been cut off speaking because of the one minute rule. I know the Chair has wanted to be liberal and kind to all of the speakers but we have had many speakers talking for as long as four and five minutes and I would think that from now on we ought to have the one minute rule."

Speaker Shea: "Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? For what purpose does the Gentleman from Kankakee, Mr. Ryan arise? To explain your vote? Proceed."

Ryan: "No, to request a verification.....should this receive enough votesover 107."

Speaker Shea: "Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On this question there are 102 'ayes', 16 'nays'.....11 Members voting 'Present' and the Gentleman's Motion fails.....Mr. Giorgi, you seek to poll the absentees?.....Poll the absentees, Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "Arnell, Beatty, Boyle, Brandt, Byers, Campbell, Capuzi, Carroll, Catania, Chapman, Craig, Deavers, Domico, John Dunn, Dyer, Ebbesen, Epron, Fleck, Gaines, Getty, Griesheimer, Hanahan, Hart, Hirschfeld, G. L. Hoffman, R. K. Hoffman, J. M. Houlihan, Kane, Keller, Klosak, Kisinski, Laurino, McAuliffe, Meyer, Miller, Mugalian, Palmer, Peters, Pierce, Randolph, Rayson, Rose, Schlickman Stearney, Stone, Terzich, Totten, and Waddell."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman's Motion fails. Messages from



The Senate."

Clerk O'Brien: "A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives the Senate has adopted the following Second Conference Committee on House Bill 3656. Adopted by the Senate July 9, 1976, by three-fifths vote, in the Fourth Special Session, Kenneth Wright, Secretary."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from McLean, Mr. Bradley.... Mr. Madigan....the Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Madigan.... Mr. Hill, for what purpose do you seek recognition, Sir?"

Hill: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, so I don't get tangled up, I'm not running for reelection, but I can assure you I'm going to be out there campaigning for the Democratic candidate, and I am requesting a copy of that last Roll Call up there."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Union, Mr. Choate."

Choate: "I know I'm usurping the prerogative of the Leader, Mr. Speaker, but a good friend of many of us is sitting in the Balcony, to my immediate right. A former Member of this Legislature, a former seatmate of mine, and now a member of the guys that wear these black robes, you know he is a Judge. Former Member of the House, Representative Toby Barry. Stand up Toby."

Speaker Shea: "For what purpose do you rise, Mr. Van Duyne?"

Van Duyne: " ...Mr. Speaker, for awell a.....it's not a privilege, but just information. What is the status of House Bill 3656? And, may I preface this with the conversation that I had with the Sponsor of the Bill, Mr. Giorgi, and I asked him...."

Speaker Shea: "The Motion....the Motion to adopt the Second Conference Committee Report failed. The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I move to adjourn sine die."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman moves to adjourn. All those in



The Senate."

Clerk O'Brien: "A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives the Senate has adopted the following Second Conference Committee on House Bill 3656. Adopted by the Senate July 9, 1976, by three-fifths vote, in the Fourth Special Session, Kenneth Wright, Secretary."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from McLean, Mr. Bradley.... Mr. Madigan....the Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Madigan.... Mr. Hill, for what purpose do you seek recognition, Sir?"

Hill: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, so I don't get tangled up, I'm not running for reelection, but I can assure you I'm going to be out there campaigning for the Democratic candidate, and I am requesting a copy of that last Roll Call up there."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Union, Mr. Choate."

Choate: "I know I'm usurping the prerogative of the Leader, Mr. Speaker, but a good friend of many of us is sitting in the Balcony, to my immediate right. A former Member of this Legislature, a former seatmate of mine, and now a member of the guys that wear these black robes, you know he is a Judge. Former Member of the House, Representative Toby Barry. Stand up Toby."

Speaker Shea: "For what purpose do you rise, Mr. Van Duyne?"

Van Duyne: "Mr. Speaker, for awell a.....it's not a privilege, but just information. What is the status of House Bill 3656? And, may I preface this with the conversation that I had with the Sponsor of the Bill, Mr. Giorgi, and I asked him...."

Speaker Shea: "The Motion....the Motion to adopt the Second Conference Committee Report failed. The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I move to adjourn sine die."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman moves to adjourn. All those in



favor will say 'aye', those opposed 'nay'...and the House is adjourned. And, the Fifth Special Session is now convened. Messages from the Senate...Sine die..."

Clerk O'Brien: "Messages from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of the Governor's Amending Amendment to the Bill with the following title, House Bill 3916, concurred in by the Senate July 9, 1976, by a three-fifths vote, at the Fifth Special Session, Kenneth Wright, Secretary. Message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary, Mr. Speaker, I'm directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred in the House in the adoption of the following Joint Resolution to wit: House Joint Resolution #1, concurred in by the Senate, July 9, 1976, Kenneth Wright, Secretary."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Madigan."

Madigan: ".....Move to adjourn, Mr. Speaker...."

Speaker Shea: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Madigan, moves to adjourn. All those in favor say 'aye', those opposed 'nay', and the House adjourns sine die, in the Fifth Special Session."

