STATE OF ILLINOIS



HOUSE JOURNAL

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

62ND LEGISLATIVE DAY

REGULAR & PERFUNCTORY SESSION

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 2009

11:16 O'CLOCK A.M.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Daily Journal Index 62nd Legislative Day

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The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Representative Turner in the chair.

Prayer by Pastor Craig Miller, who is with Plainfield Methodist Church in Plainfield, IL.

Representative Turner led the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

By direction of the Speaker, a roll call was taken to ascertain the attendance of Members, as follows: 116 present. (ROLL CALL 1)

By unanimous consent, Representatives Collins and Cultra were excused from attendance.

TEMPORARY COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative Harris replaced Representative Crespo in the Committee on Mass Transit on May 27, 2009.

Representative Winters replaced Representative Hatcher in the Committee on Transportation, Regulation, Roads & Bridges on May 27, 2009.

Representative Rita replaced Representative Hoffman in the Committee on Judiciary I - Civil Law on May 27, 2009.

Representative Fritchey replaced Representative Flowers in the Committee on Agriculture & Conservation on May 27, 2009.

Representative Bradley replaced Representative Flider in the Committee on Agriculture & Conservation on May 27, 2009.

Representative McAsey replaced Representative Hoffman in the Committee on Labor on May 27, 2009.

Representative Harris replaced Representative Careen Gordon in the Committee on Labor on May 27, 2009.

Representative Soto replaced Representative Flowers in the Committee on Higher Education on May 27, 2009.

Representative Sullivan replaced Representative Durkin in the Committee on Electric Generation & Commerce on May 27, 2009.

Representative Stephens replaced Representative Poe in the Committee on State Government Administration on May 27, 2009.

Representative Jakobsson replaced Representative Crespo in the Committee on State Government Administration on May 27, 2009.

Representative McGuire replaced Representative McAsey in the Committee on State Government Administration on May 27, 2009.

Representative Harris replaced Representative Flider in the Committee on Environment & Energy on May 27, 2009.

Representative Fritchey replaced Representative Smith in the Committee on Environment & Energy on May 27, 2009.

Representative Zalewski replaced Representative Smith in the Committee on Financial Institutions on May 27, 2009.

Representative Black replaced Representative Sullivan in the Committee on Executive on May 27, 2009.

Representative Mautino replaced Representative Turner in the Committee on Executive on May 27, 2009.

Representative Eddy replaced Representative Black in the Committee on Rules on May 27, 2009.

Representative Jefferson replaced Representative Turner in the Committee on Rules on May 27, 2009.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

Representative Currie, Chairperson, from the Committee on Rules to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES APPROVED FOR FLOOR CONSIDERATION:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":

Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL 189.

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 237.

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 773.

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 849.

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 2322.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES ASSIGNED TO COMMITTEE:

Judiciary I - Civil Law: HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 3 to SENATE BILL 1938.

Telecommunications: Motion to Concur with SENATE AMENDMENT No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 2527.

The committee roll call vote on the foregoing Legislaitve Measures is as follows:

5, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Currie(D), Chairperson Y Eddy(R) (replacing Black)

Y Lang(D) Y Schmitz(R)

Y Jefferson(D) (replacing Turner)

Representative Currie, Chairperson, from the Committee on Rules to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009 (A), reported the same back with the following recommendations:

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES APPROVED FOR FLOOR CONSIDERATION:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted": Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL 1186.

The committee roll call vote on the foregoing legislative measures is as follows:

4, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Currie(D), Chairperson A Black(R), Republican Spokesperson

Y Lang(D) Y Schmitz(R)

Y Turner(D)

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Representative Bradley, Chairperson, from the Committee on Revenue & Finance to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: SENATE BILLS 256, 1623 and 1691.

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bills 256, 1623 and 1691 is as follows:

9, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Bradley(D), Chairperson
Y Biggins(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Bassi(R)
Y Beaubien(R)
Y Currie(D)
Y Ford(D)
Y Ford(D)
Y Sullivan(R)
Y Chapa LaVia(D)
Y Eddy(R)
Y Gordon, Careen(D)
Y Turner(D)
Y Zalewski(D)

Representative Hamos, Chairperson, from the Committee on Mass Transit to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 2296.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2296 is as follows:

17, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Arroyo(D), Vice-Chairperson Y Hamos(D), Chairperson Y Mathias(R), Republican Spokesperson A Bassi(R) Y Bellock(R) Y Beaubien(R) Y Berrios(D) Y Biggins(R) Y Harris(D) (replacing Crespo) Y DeLuca(D) Y Feigenholtz(D) Y Fortner(R) A Fritchey(D) Y Kosel(R) Y May(D) Y Mell(D) A Miller(D) A Osterman(D) A Riley(D) Y Ryg(D)Y Senger(R) A Soto(D) A Sullivan(R) A Tryon(R) Y Washington(D)

Representative Beiser, Chairperson, from the Committee on Transportation, Regulation, Roads & Bridges to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":

Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL 414.

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 51.

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar: Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 353.

The committee roll call vote on Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 414 is as follows:

14, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Beiser(D), Chairperson Y Miller(D), Vice-Chairperson Y Brauer(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Black(R) Y Bradley(D) Y D'Amico(D) A Graham(D) Y Winters(R) (replacing Hatcher) A Hoffman(D) Y Holbrook(D) Y Howard(D) Y Lyons(D) Y McGuire(D) A McAuliffe(R) A Poe(R) Y Reboletti(R) A Sommer(R) A Soto(D) Y Tracy(R) Y Wait(R)

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 353 and Senate Joint Resolution 51 is as follows:

15, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Beiser(D), Chairperson Y Miller(D), Vice-Chairperson Y Brauer(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Black(R) Y Bradlev(D) Y D'Amico(D) Y Winters(R) (replacing Hatcher) A Graham(D) A Hoffman(D) Y Holbrook(D) Y Howard(D) Y Lyons(D) Y McGuire(D) A McAuliffe(R) A Poe(R) Y Reboletti(R) A Sommer(R) Y Soto(D) Y Tracy(R) Y Wait(R)

Representative D'Amico, Chairperson, from the Committee on Vehicles & Safety to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE RESOLUTION 390.

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar: Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 71 and Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 72.

The committee roll call vote on House Resolution 390, the Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 71 and the Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 72 is as follows:

5, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y D'Amico(D), Chairperson
Y Tracy(R), Republican Spokesperson
A Hatcher(R)
Y Ryg(D)

Y Joyce(D), Vice-Chairperson
A Beiser(D)
Y Reboletti(R)

Representative Bradley, Chairperson, from the Committee on Judiciary I - Civil Law to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: SENATE BILL 1833.

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1142.

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 3832.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 1142 is as follows:

12, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

A Fritchey(D), Chairperson Y Bradley(D), Vice-Chairperson Y Rose(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Brosnahan(D) Y Coladipietro(R) Y Connelly(R) A Gordon, Careen(D) A Hamos(D) Y Rita(D) (replacing Hoffman) Y Lang(D) Y Nekritz(D) Y Mathias(R) Y Thapedi(D) Y Osmond(R) A Tracy(R) A Wait(R) Y Zalewski(D)

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 1833 and Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 3832 is as follows:

14, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

A Fritchey(D), Chairperson Y Bradley(D), Vice-Chairperson Y Rose(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Brosnahan(D) Y Coladipietro(R) Y Connelly(R) A Gordon, Careen(D) A Hamos(D) Y Rita(D) (replacing Hoffman) Y Lang(D) Y Mathias(R) Y Nekritz(D) Y Osmond(R) Y Thapedi(D) Y Tracy(R) Y Wait(R)

Y Zalewski(D)

Representative Phelps, Chairperson, from the Committee on Agriculture & Conservation to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted as amended" and be placed on the House Calendar: SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 56.

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 42.

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar: Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 182.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 182 and Senate Joint Resolutions 42 and 56 is as follows:

10, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Phelps(D), Chairperson
Y Sacia(R), Republican Spokesperson
A Cultra(R)
Y Bradley(D) (replacing Flider)
A Hamos(D)
Y Myers(R)
Y Reitz(D)
Y Verschoore(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Cavaletto(R)
A Dugan(D)
Y Fritchey(D) (replacing Flowers)
Y Moffitt(R)
Y Reis(R)

Representative Boland, Chairperson, from the Committee on Higher Education to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the resolutions be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE RESOLUTION 374 and HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 54.

The committee roll call vote on House Resolution 374 and House Joint Resolution 54 is as follows:

6, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Boland(D), Chairperson
Y Pritchard(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Bost(R)
Y Jakobsson(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Bost(R)

Y Soto(D) (replacing Flowers) A McCarthy(D) Y Myers(R)

Representative Osterman, Chairperson, from the Committee on Labor to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE RESOLUTION 375.

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 29.

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":

Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL 1369.

The committee roll call vote on Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1369 is as follows:

16, Yeas; 3, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Osterman(D), Chairperson Y Soto(D), Vice-Chairperson A Schmitz(R), Republican Spokesperson N Beaubien(R) N Bellock(R) Y Chapa LaVia(D) Y Colvin(D) A Cultra(R) Y Davis, William(D) Y D'Amico(D) Y Harris(D) (replacing Gordon, Careen) A Durkin(R) Y Graham(D) Y Hernandez(D) Y McAsey(D) (replacing Hoffman) Y Howard(D) N Leitch(R) Y Jefferson(D) Y Mendoza(D) A Osmond(R) Y Phelps(D) A Stephens(R) Y Sullivan(R) A Tryon(R) Y Washington(D)

The committee roll call vote on Senate Joint Resolution 29 is as follows:

15, Yeas; 0, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

Y Osterman(D), Chairperson A Soto(D), Vice-Chairperson A Schmitz(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Beaubien(R) Y Bellock(R) A Chapa LaVia(D) Y Colvin(D) A Cultra(R) Y D'Amico(D) Y Davis, William(D) A Harris(D) (replacing Gordon, Careen) A Durkin(R) Y Graham(D) Y Hernandez(D) Y McAsey(D) (replacing Hoffman) Y Howard(D) Y Jefferson(D) Y Leitch(R) Y Mendoza(D) A Osmond(R) Y Phelps(D) A Stephens(R) P Sullivan(R) A Tryon(R)

The committee roll call vote on House Resolution 375 is as follows:

16, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Washington(D)

Y Osterman(D), Chairperson Y Soto(D), Vice-Chairperson A Schmitz(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Beaubien(R) Y Bellock(R) Y Chapa LaVia(D) Y Colvin(D) A Cultra(R) Y D'Amico(D) A Davis, William(D) A Durkin(R) A Gordon, Careen(D) Y Graham(D) Y Hernandez(D) Y McAsey(D) (replacing Hoffman) Y Howard(D)

Y Jefferson(D)
Y Mendoza(D)
A Phelps(D)
Y Sullivan(R)
Y Washington(D)

A Leitch(R)
Y Osmond(R)
A Stephens(R)
A Tryon(R)

Representative Flider, Chairperson, from the Committee on Electric Generation & Commerce to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":

Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL 1918.

The committee roll call vote on Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1918 is as follows:

7, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Flider(D), Chairperson A Reitz(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Winters(R), Republican Spokesperson A Crespo(D)

A Cultra(R) Y Sullivan(R) (replacing Durkin)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Y \ Fortner(R) & A \ Holbrook(D) \\ Y \ Osmond(R) & Y \ Phelps(D) \end{array}$

Y Verschoore(D)

Representative Holbrook, Chairperson, from the Committee on Environment & Energy to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 3854.

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 4021.

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 36.

The committee roll call vote on Senate Joint Resolution 36 is as follows:

16, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Holbrook(D), Chairperson Y Nekritz(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Tryon(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Beiser(D) A Bradley(D) Y Cole(R)

Y Durkin(R) Y Harris(D) (replacing Flider)

A Fortner(R)
Y Hamos(D)
Y May(D)
Y Phelps(D)
A Poe(R)
Y Reitz(D)
Y Fritchey(D) (replacing Smith)
Y Watson(R)
Y Hamos(D)
Y Phelps(D)
Y Reboletti(R)
Y Resoe(R)
Y Verschoore(D)
Y Winters(R)

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1, 2 to House Bill 3854 is as follows:

15, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Holbrook(D), Chairperson Y Nekritz(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Tryon(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Beiser(D) A Bradlev(D) Y Cole(R)

Y Durkin(R) Y Harris(D) (replacing Flider)

 $\begin{array}{cccc} A & Fortner(R) & Y & Hamos(D) \\ Y & May(D) & Y & Phelps(D) \\ A & Poe(R) & A & Reboletti(R) \end{array}$

Y Reitz(D) A Rose(R)
Y Fritchey(D) (replacing Smith) Y Verschoore(D)
Y Watson(R) Y Winters(R)

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 4021 is as follows:

17, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Holbrook(D), Chairperson Y Nekritz(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Tryon(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Beiser(D) Y Bradley(D) Y Cole(R)

Y Durkin(R) Y Harris(D) (replacing Flider)

Y Fortner(R)
Y Hamos(D)
Y May(D)
Y Phelps(D)
A Poe(R)
Y Reitz(D)
Y Fritchey(D) (replacing Smith)
N Watson(R)
Y Hamos(D)
Y Phelps(D)
Y Reboletti(R)
Y Resoe(R)
Y Verschoore(D)
Y Winters(R)

Representative Franks, Chairperson, from the Committee on State Government Administration to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the resolutions be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE RESOLUTIONS 322, 338, 343, 351, 360 and 386.

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 19.

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":

Amendment No. 3 to SENATE BILL 1906.

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 853.

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1335.

The committee roll call vote on House Resolution 322 is as follows:

11, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Franks(D), Chairperson Y Dugan(D), Vice-Chairperson

 $\begin{array}{lll} A & Wait(R), Republican Spokesperson & Y & Bassi(R) \\ A & Boland(D) & Y & Bost(R) \\ A & Burns(D) & A & Collins(D) \\ Y & Jakobsson(D) (replacing Crespo) & Y & Davis, Monique(D) \\ Y & Farnham(D) & Y & Froehlich(D) \end{array}$

Y McGuire(D) (replacing McAsey) A Moffitt(R)

A Myers(R) Y Stephens(R) (replacing Poe)

Y Ramey(R)

The committee roll call vote on House Resolutions 343, 360, 386, Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 1906, Motion to Concur with Senate Amendments No. 1, 2 to House Bill 853, and Motion to Concur in Senate Amendment 1 to House Bill 1335 is as follows:

12, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Franks(D), Chairperson Y Dugan(D), Vice-Chairperson

A Wait(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Bassi(R)
A Boland(D) Y Bost(R)
Y Burns(D) A Collins(D)

Y Jakobsson(D) (replacing Crespo) Y Davis, Monique(D)

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Y Farnham(D) Y Froehlich(D)
Y McGuire(D) (replacing McAsey) A Moffitt(R)
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A Myers(R) Y Stephens(R) (replacing Poe)

Y Ramey(R)

The committee roll call vote on Senate Joint Resolution 19 is as follows:

13, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

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Y Franks(D), Chairperson
A Wait(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Dugan(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Bassi(R)
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A Wali(R), Republican Spokesperson
A Boland(D)
Y Bost(R)
Y Burns(D)
A Collins(D)
Y Jakobsson(D) (replacing Crespo)
Y Davis, Moni

Y Jakobsson(D) (replacing Crespo)
Y Farnham(D)
Y McGuire(D) (replacing McAsey)
Y Davis, Monique(D)
Y Froehlich(D)
Y Moffitt(R)

A Myers(R) Y Stephens(R) (replacing Poe)

Y Ramey(R)

The committee roll call vote on House Resolutions 338 and 351 is as follows:

14, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Franks(D), Chairperson Y Dugan(D), Vice-Chairperson

 $\begin{array}{lll} A \ Wait(R), Republican Spokesperson & Y \ Bassi(R) \\ A \ Boland(D) & Y \ Bost(R) \\ Y \ Burns(D) & A \ Collins(D) \end{array}$

Y Jakobsson(D) (replacing Crespo)
Y Farnham(D)
Y McGuire(D) (replacing McAsey)
Y Davis, Monique(D)
Y Froehlich(D)
Y Moffitt(R)

Y Myers(R) Y Stephens(R) (replacing Poe)

Y Ramey(R)

Representative Burke, Chairperson, from the Committee on Executive to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar: Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 2425.

That the bill be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: SENATE BILLS 52, 262, 265, 321, 451, 1433, 1434, 1466, 1609, 1825, 1846, 1959, 2052, 2168 and 2218.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2425 is as follows:

11, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Burke(D), Chairperson Y Lyons(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Brady(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Acevedo(D)
Y Arroyo(D) Y Berrios(D)
Y Biggins(R) Y Rita(D)
Y Sullivan(R) Y Tryon(R)

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bills 52, 265, 321, 451, 1433, 1466, 1609, 1825, 1846, 1959, 2052, 2168 and 2218 is as follows:

7, Yeas; 4, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Burke(D), Chairperson

Y Mautino(D) (replacing Turner)

Y Lyons(D), Vice-Chairperson

N Brady(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Acevedo(D)
Y Arroyo(D) Y Berrios(D)
N Biggins(R) Y Rita(D)
N Black(R) (replacing Sullivan) N Tryon(R)

Y Mautino(D) (replacing Turner)

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 262 is as follows:

7, Yeas; 4, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Burke(D), Chairperson Y Lyons(D), Vice-Chairperson

N Brady(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Acevedo(D)
Y Arroyo(D) Y Berrios(D)
N Biggins(R) Y Rita(D)
N Sullivan(R) N Tryon(R)

Y Mautino(D) (replacing Turner)

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 1434 is as follows:

7, Yeas; 3, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

Y Burke(D), Chairperson Y Lyons(D), Vice-Chairperson

N Brady(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Acevedo(D)
P Arroyo(D) Y Berrios(D)
N Biggins(R) Y Rita(D)
Y Black(R) (replacing Sullivan) N Tryon(R)

Y Mautino(D) (replacing Turner)

MOTIONS SUBMITTED

Representative Holbrook submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 2527.

Representative Brauer submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 3641.

Representative Brosnahan submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence:

MOTION

I move to non-concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 699.

Representative Zalewski submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence:

MOTION #2

I move to non-concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 3872.

Representative Bradley submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 2557.

Representative Black submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the order of Motions in Writing:

MOTION

Pursuant to Rule 18(g), I move to discharge the Committee on Rules from further consideration of HOUSE BILL 4569 and advance to the order of second reading.

Representative Black submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the order of Motions in Writing:

MOTION

Pursuant to Rule 18(g), I move to discharge the Committee on Rules from further consideration of HOUSE RESOLUTION 92 and advance to the order of second reading.

Representative Winters submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence:

MOTION

I move to non-concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 793.

Representative Ryg submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the order of Motions in Writing:

MOTION

Pursuant to Rule 65, and having voted on the prevailing side, I move to reconsider the vote by which SENATE BILL1186 passed in the House on May 27, 2009.

Representative Senger submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence:

MOTION #2

I move to non-concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1327.

FISCAL NOTES SUPPLIED

Fiscal Notes have been supplied for SENATE BILLS 268, as amended, 351, 1435 and 1909, as amended.

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE SUPPLIED

A Housing Affordability Impact Note has been supplied for SENATE BILL 1909, as amended.

STATE MANDATES FISCAL NOTE SUPPLIED

A State Mandates Fiscal Note has been supplied for SENATE BILL 1909, as amended.

HOME RULE NOTE SUPPLIED

A Home Rule Note has been supplied for SENATE BILL 1909, as amended.

PENSION NOTE SUPPLIED

A Pension Note has been supplied for SENATE BILL 1716, as amended.

CORRECTIONAL NOTE SUPPLIED

A Correctional Note has been supplied for SENATE BILL 351.

REQUEST FOR FISCAL NOTE

Representative Reis requested that a Fiscal Note be supplied for SENATE BILL 1716, as amended.

Representative Schmitz requested that a Fiscal Note be supplied for SENATE BILLS 1298, as amended, and 1928, as amended.

Representative Beaubien requested that a Fiscal Note be supplied for SENATE BILL 268, as amended.

REQUEST FOR STATE MANDATES FISCAL NOTE

Representative Reis requested that a State Mandates Fiscal Note be supplied for SENATE BILL 1716, as amended.

Representative Schmitz requested that a State Mandates Fiscal Note be supplied for SENATE BILL 1298, as amended, and 1928, as amended.

Representative Beaubien requested that a State Mandates Fiscal Note be supplied for SENATE BILL 268, as amended.

REQUEST FOR HOME RULE NOTE

Representative Reis requested that a Home Rule Note be supplied for SENATE BILL 1716, as amended.

REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTE

Representative Reis requested that a Judicial Note be supplied for SENATE BILL 1716, as amended.

REQUEST FOR PENSION NOTE

Representative Reis requested that a Pension Note be supplied for SENATE BILL 1716, as amended.

REQUEST FOR HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE

Representative Beaubien requested that a Housing Affordability Impact Note be supplied for SENATE BILL 268, as amended.

FISCAL NOTE REQUEST WITHDRAWN

Representative Schmitz withdrew his request for a Fiscal Note on SENATE BILL 1298, as amended.

STATE MANDATES FISCAL NOTE REQUEST WITHDRAWN

Representative Schmitz withdrew his request for a State Mandates Fiscal Note on SENATE BILL 1298, as amended.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 47

A bill for AN ACT concerning finance.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 47.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 89

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 89.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 89.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 69

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 69.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 122

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 122.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 27

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 27.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 125

A bill for AN ACT concerning safety.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 125.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 133

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 133.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 145

A bill for AN ACT concerning orders of protection.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 145.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 149

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 149.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 149.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 206

A bill for AN ACT concerning finance.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 206.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 209

A bill for AN ACT concerning health.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 209.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 212

A bill for AN ACT concerning public health.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 212.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 214

A bill for AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 214.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 246

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 246.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 266

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 266.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 266.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 269

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 269.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock. Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 290

A bill for AN ACT concerning professional regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 290.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 290.

House Amendment No. 3 to SENATE BILL NO. 290.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 318

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 318.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 337

A bill for AN ACT concerning government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 337.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 340

A bill for AN ACT concerning government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 340.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 574

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 574.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 577

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 577.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 587

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 587.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1133

A bill for AN ACT concerning employment.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1133.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1254

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1254.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1339

A bill for AN ACT concerning professional regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1339.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1341

A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1341.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1384

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1384.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1390

A bill for AN ACT concerning business.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1390.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1390.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1391

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1391.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1408

A bill for AN ACT concerning safety.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1408.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1486

A bill for AN ACT concerning professional regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1486.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1489

A bill for AN ACT concerning safety.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1489.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1490

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1490.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1493

A bill for AN ACT concerning courts.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1493.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1499

A bill for AN ACT concerning health.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1499.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock. Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1508

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1508.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1544

A bill for AN ACT concerning finance.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1544.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1544.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1557

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1557.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1583

A bill for AN ACT concerning public aid.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1583.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1601

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1601.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1629

A bill for AN ACT concerning public aid.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1629.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock. Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1631

A bill for AN ACT concerning property.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1631.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1631.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1662

A bill for AN ACT concerning elections.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1662.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1677

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1677.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1685

A bill for AN ACT concerning public health.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1685.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1698

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1698.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1698.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1718

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1718.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1718.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1737

A bill for AN ACT concerning finance.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1737.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1770

A bill for AN ACT concerning employment.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1770.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1770.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1784

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1784.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has refused to concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1555

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1555.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1801

A bill for AN ACT concerning elections.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1801.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1830

A bill for AN ACT concerning professional regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1830.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1866

A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1866.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1877

A bill for AN ACT concerning insurance.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1877.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1877.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1882

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1882.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1920

A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1920.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1920.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1922

A bill for AN ACT concerning information referral.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1922.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1922.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock. Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1956

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1956. Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1975

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1975.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2010

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2010.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2026

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2026.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2043

A bill for AN ACT concerning public aid.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 2043.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2045

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2045.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2277

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2277.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2111

A bill for AN ACT concerning insurance.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2111.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2119

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2119.

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 2119.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2272

A bill for AN ACT concerning animals.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2272.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed bills of the following titles, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1300

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

SENATE BILL NO. 1320

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

SENATE BILL NO. 1325

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Passed by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

The foregoing SENATE BILLS 1300, 1320 and 1325 were ordered reproduced and placed on the order of Senate Bills - First Reading.

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the passage of bills of the following titles to-wit:

HOUSE BILL NO. 441

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL NO. 3697

A bill for AN ACT concerning the Secretary of State.

Passed by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 1110

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Together with the attached amendments thereto (which amendments have been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 1110

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL NO. 1110

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1110 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The AIDS Confidentiality Act is amended by changing Section 9 as follows: (410 ILCS 305/9) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7309)

- Sec. 9. No person may disclose or be compelled to disclose the identity of any person upon whom a test is performed, or the results of such a test in a manner which permits identification of the subject of the test, except to the following persons:
- (a) The subject of the test or the subject's legally authorized representative. A physician may notify the spouse of the test subject, if the test result is positive and has been confirmed pursuant to rules adopted by the Department, provided that the physician has first sought unsuccessfully to persuade the patient to notify the spouse or that, a reasonable time after the patient has agreed to make the notification, the physician has reason to believe that the patient has not provided the notification. This paragraph shall not create a duty or obligation under which a physician must notify the spouse of the test results, nor shall such duty or obligation be implied. No civil liability or criminal sanction under this Act shall be imposed for any disclosure or non-disclosure of a test result to a spouse by a physician acting in good faith under this paragraph. For the purpose of any proceedings, civil or criminal, the good faith of any physician acting under this paragraph shall be presumed.
- (b) Any person designated in a legally effective release of the test results executed by the subject of the test or the subject's legally authorized representative.
- (c) An authorized agent or employee of a health facility or health care provider if the health facility or health care provider itself is authorized to obtain the test results, the agent or employee provides patient care or handles or processes specimens of body fluids or tissues, and the agent or employee has a need to know such information.
- (d) The Department and local health authorities serving a population of over 1,000,000 residents or other local health authorities as designated by the Department, in accordance with rules for reporting and controlling the spread of disease, as otherwise provided by State law. The Department, local health authorities, and authorized representatives shall not disclose information and records held by them relating to known or suspected cases of AIDS or HIV infection, publicly or in any action of any kind in any court or before any tribunal, board, or agency. AIDS and HIV infection data shall be protected from disclosure in accordance with the provisions of Sections 8-2101 through 8-2105 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (e) A health facility or health care provider which procures, processes, distributes or uses: (i) a human body part from a deceased person with respect to medical information regarding that person; or (ii) semen provided prior to the effective date of this Act for the purpose of artificial insemination.
- (f) Health facility staff committees for the purposes of conducting program monitoring, program evaluation or service reviews.
 - (f-5) A court in accordance with the provisions of Section 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
 - (g) (Blank).
- (h) Any health care provider or employee of a health facility, and any firefighter or EMT-A, EMT-P, or EMT-I, involved in an accidental direct skin or mucous membrane contact with the blood or bodily fluids of an individual which is of a nature that may transmit HIV, as determined by a physician in his medical judgment.
- (i) Any law enforcement officer, as defined in subsection (c) of Section 7, involved in the line of duty in a direct skin or mucous membrane contact with the blood or bodily fluids of an individual which is of a nature that may transmit HIV, as determined by a physician in his medical judgment.
- (j) A temporary caretaker of a child taken into temporary protective custody by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to Section 5 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, as now or hereafter amended.
- (k) In the case of a minor under 18 years of age whose test result is positive and has been confirmed pursuant to rules adopted by the Department, the health care provider who ordered the test shall make a reasonable effort to notify the minor's parent or legal guardian if, in the professional judgment judgment of the health care provider, notification would be in the best interest of the child and the health care provider has first sought unsuccessfully to persuade the minor to notify the parent or legal guardian or a reasonable time after the minor has agreed to notify the parent or legal guardian, the health care provider has reason to believe that the minor has not made the notification. This subsection shall not create a duty or obligation under which a health care provider must notify the minor's parent or legal guardian of the test results, nor shall a duty or obligation be implied. No civil liability or criminal sanction under this Act shall be imposed

for any notification or non-notification of a minor's test result by a health care provider acting in good faith under this subsection. For the purpose of any proceeding, civil or criminal, the good faith of any health care provider acting under this subsection shall be presumed.

(Source: P.A. 93-482, eff. 8-8-03; 94-102, eff. 1-1-06; revised 10-28-08.)

Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Section 12-16.2 as follows:

(720 ILCS 5/12-16.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-16.2)

Sec. 12-16.2. Criminal Transmission of HIV. (a) A person commits criminal transmission of HIV when he or she, knowing that he or she is infected with HIV:

- (1) engages in intimate contact with another;
- (2) transfers, donates, or provides his or her blood, tissue, semen, organs, or other potentially infectious body fluids for transfusion, transplantation, insemination, or other administration to another; or
- (3) dispenses, delivers, exchanges, sells, or in any other way transfers to another any nonsterile intravenous or intramuscular drug paraphernalia.
 - (b) For purposes of this Section:

"HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus or any other identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.

"Intimate contact with another" means the <u>direct skin or mucous membrane contact with the blood or bodily fluids of an individual which is of a nature that may reasonably transmit HIV exposure of the body of one person to a bodily fluid of another person in a manner that could result in the transmission of HIV.</u>

"Intravenous or intramuscular drug paraphernalia" means any equipment, product, or material of any kind which is peculiar to and marketed for use in injecting a substance into the human body.

- (c) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require that an infection with HIV has occurred in order for a person to have committed criminal transmission of HIV.
- (d) It shall be an affirmative defense that the person exposed knew that the infected person was infected with HIV, knew that the action could result in infection with HIV, and consented to the action with that knowledge.
- (d-5) A prosecuting entity may issue a subpoena duces tecum for the records of a person charged with the offense of criminal transmission of HIV or a subpoena for the attendance of a person with relevant knowledge thereof so long as the return of the records or attendance of the person pursuant to the subpoena is submitted initially to the court for an in camera inspection. Only upon a finding by the court that the records or proffered testimony are relevant to the pending offense, the information sought by the subpoena shall be disclosed to the prosecuting entity and admissible if otherwise permitted by law.
- (e) A person who commits criminal transmission of HIV commits a Class 2 felony. (Source: P.A. 86-897.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 1110, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, by replacing lines 17 through 26 on page 6 and line 1 on page 7 with the following:

"(d-5) A prosecuting entity may issue: (i) a subpoena duces tecum for the result of an HIV test administered prior to the date of the alleged offense to a person charged with the offense of criminal transmission of HIV or (ii) a subpoena for the attendance of a person whose employment duties included notifying the person of the test result prior to the date of the alleged offense, so long as the return of the test result or attendance of the person pursuant to the subpoena is submitted initially to the Court for an in camera inspection. Only upon a finding by the Court that the test result or proffered testimony are relevant to the pending offense and that a prosecuting entity has a compelling need for the test result or attendance of the person, which need cannot be reasonably accommodated by other means, the information sought by the subpoena shall be disclosed to the prosecuting entity and admissible if otherwise permitted by law. Upon the issuance of an order to disclose HIV test results, the Court shall impose appropriate safeguards against unauthorized disclosure, which shall specify the persons who may gain access to the information, the purposes for which the information shall be used, and appropriate prohibitions on future disclosure."

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 1110 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed bills of the following titles, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 177

A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

SENATE BILL NO. 552

A bill for AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

SENATE BILL NO. 932

A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

SENATE BILL NO. 1381

A bill for AN ACT concerning alternative treatment for serious diseases causing chronic pain and debilitating conditions.

Passed by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

The foregoing SENATE BILLS 177, 552, 932 and 1381 were ordered reproduced and placed on the order of Senate Bills - First Reading.

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Rock, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed bills of the following titles, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 291

A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

SENATE BILL NO. 292

A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

Passed by the Senate, May 27, 2009.

Jillayne Rock, Secretary of the Senate

The foregoing SENATE BILLS 291 and 292 were ordered reproduced and placed on the order of Senate Bills - First Reading.

CHANGE OF SPONSORSHIP

With the consent of the affected members, Representative Phelps was removed as principal sponsor, and Representative Lang became the new principal sponsor of SENATE BILL 1350.

With the consent of the affected members, Representative Hamos was removed as principal sponsor, and Representative Lang became the new principal sponsor of SENATE BILL 1265.

With the consent of the affected members, Representative Winters was removed as principal sponsor, and Representative Jefferson became the new principal sponsor of HOUSE BILL 2470.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS FIRST READING

Representative Franks introduced the following:

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 31

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE CONCURRING HEREIN, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the State for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least 6 months after the adoption of this resolution a proposition to amend Article III of the Illinois Constitution by adding Section 7 as follows:

ARTICLE III SUFFRAGE AND ELECTIONS

SECTION 7. INITIATIVE TO RECALL GOVERNOR

- (a) The recall of the Governor may be proposed by a petition signed by a number of electors equal in number to at least 15% of the total votes cast for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election, with at least 100 signatures from each of at least 25 separate counties. A petition shall have been signed by the petitioning electors not more than 150 days after an affidavit has been filed with the State Board of Elections providing notice of intent to circulate a petition to recall the Governor. The affidavit may be filed no sooner than 6 months after the beginning of the Governor's term of office. The affidavit shall have been signed by the proponent of the recall petition, at least 20 members of the House of Representatives, and at least 10 members of the Senate, with no more than half of the signatures of members of each chamber from the same established political party.
- (b) The form of the petition, circulation, and procedure for determining the validity and sufficiency of a petition shall be as provided by law. If the petition is valid and sufficient, the State Board of Elections shall certify the petition not more than 100 days after the date the petition was filed, and the question "Shall (name) be recalled from the office of Governor?" must be submitted to the electors at a special election called by the State Board of Elections, to occur not more than 100 days after certification of the petition. A recall petition certified by the State Board of Elections may not be withdrawn and another recall petition may not be initiated against the Governor during the remainder of the current term of office. Any recall petition or recall election pending on the date of the next general election at which a candidate for Governor is elected is moot.
- (c) If a petition to recall the Governor has been filed with the State Board of Elections, a person eligible to serve as Governor may propose his or her candidacy by a petition signed by a number of electors equal in number to the requirement for petitions for an established party candidate for the office of Governor, signed by petitioning electors not more than 50 days after a recall petition has been filed with the State Board of Elections. The form of a successor election petition, circulation, and procedure for determining the validity and sufficiency of a petition shall be as provided by law. If the successor election petition is valid and sufficient, the State Board of Elections shall certify the petition not more than 100 days after the date the petition to recall the Governor was filed. Names of candidates for nomination to serve as the candidate of an established political party must be submitted to the electors at a special primary election, if necessary, called by the State Board of Elections to be held at the same time as the special election on the question of recall established under subsection (b). Names of candidates for the successor election must be submitted to the electors at a special successor election called by the State Board of Elections, to occur not more than 60 days after the date of the special primary election or on a date established by law.
- (d) The Governor is immediately removed upon certification of the recall election results if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote to recall the Governor. If the Governor is removed, then (i) an Acting Governor determined under subsection (a) of Section 6 of Article V shall serve until the Governor elected at the special successor election is qualified and (ii) the candidate who receives the highest number of votes in the special successor election is elected Governor for the balance of the term.

SCHEDULE

This Constitutional Amendment takes effect upon being declared adopted in accordance with Section 7 of the Illinois Constitutional Amendment Act.

The foregoing HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 31 was taken up, read in full a first time, ordered reproduced and placed in the Committee on Rules.

SENATE BILLS ON FIRST READING

Having been reproduced, the following bills were taken up, read by title a first time and placed in the Committee on Rules: SENATE BILLS 1300 (Turner), 1320 (Turner) and 1325 (Turner).

AGREED RESOLUTION

The following resolution was offered and placed on the Calendar on the order of Agreed Resolutions.

HOUSE RESOLUTION 462

Offered by Representative Flider:

Honors the Decatur Family YMCA on hosting National Senior Health Fitness Day on May 27, 2009.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 1556. Having been read by title a second time on May 26, 2009, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced.

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1556, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Interscholastic Association Defamation Act.

Section 5. Definition. As used in this Act, "association" means the Illinois High School Association.

Section 10. Defamation. Any association which has as its purpose promoting, sponsoring, regulating, or in any manner providing for interscholastic athletics or any form of athletic competition among schools and students within this State is not liable for defamation, except for actual malice.

Section 98. Applicability. This Act applies only to causes of actions accruing on or after its effective date.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect October 1, 2009.".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Mautino, SENATE BILL 2091 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

115, Yeas; 1, Nay; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 2)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 1925. Having been read by title a second time on May 19, 2009, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative Rita offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1925 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by changing Section 4.20 and adding Section 4.30 as follows:

(5 ILCS 80/4.20)

Sec. 4.20. Acts repealed on January 1, 2010 and December 31, 2010.

(a) The following Acts are repealed on January 1, 2010:

The Auction License Act.

The Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989.

The Illinois Landscape Architecture Act of 1989.

The Illinois Professional Land Surveyor Act of 1989.

The Land Sales Registration Act of 1999.

The Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics Practice Act.

The Perfusionist Practice Act.

The Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989.

The Real Estate License Act of 2000.

The Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989.

(b) The following Act is repealed on December 31, 2010:

The Medical Practice Act of 1987.

(Source: P.A. 95-1018, eff. 12-18-08.)

(5 ILCS 80/4.30 new)

Sec. 4.30. Acts repealed on January 1, 2020. The following Acts are repealed on January 1, 2020:

The Auction License Act.

The Illinois Landscape Architecture Act of 1989.

Section 10. The Illinois Landscape Architecture Act of 1989 is amended by changing Sections 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 18.1, 19, 21, 22.1, 23, 24, 25, 28, and 31 and by adding Sections 3.5, 6.5, 11.5, and 12.5 as follows:

(225 ILCS 315/1) (from Ch. 111, par. 8101)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 1. Purpose. It is the purpose of this Act to provide for the <u>licensure</u> registration of landscape architects.

(Source: P.A. 86-932.)

(225 ILCS 315/3) (from Ch. 111, par. 8103)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in this Act:

- (a) "Board" means the Illinois Landscape Architect Registration Board.
- (b) "Department" means the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.
- (c) "Secretary Director" means the Secretary Director of Financial and Professional Regulation.
- (d) "Landscape Architect" <u>or "Landscape Architect Design Professional"</u> means a person who, based on education, experience, <u>and examination or both</u> in the field of landscape architecture, is <u>licensed</u> <u>eligible to register</u> under this Act.
- (e) "Landscape Architecture" means the art and science of arranging land, together with the spaces and objects upon it, for the purpose of creating a safe, efficient, healthful, and aesthetically pleasing physical environment for human use and enjoyment, as performed by landscape architects.
- (f) "Landscape Architectural Practice" means the offering or furnishing of professional services in connection with a landscape architecture project that do not require the seal of an architect, land surveyor, professional engineer, or structural engineer. Such services may include including, but are not limited to, providing preliminary studies; developing design concepts; planning for the relationships of physical improvements and intended uses of the site; establishing form and aesthetic elements; analyzing and providing for life safety requirements; developing those construction details on the site which are exclusive of any building or structure and do not require the seal of an engineer, architect, or structural engineer; preparing and coordinating technical submissions; and conducting site observation of a landscape architecture project.

(g) "Person" means any person, sole proprietorship, or entity such as a partnership, professional service corporation, or corporation.

(Source: P.A. 86-932.)

(225 ILCS 315/3.5 new)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 3.5. References.

- (a) References in this Act (i) to the Department of Professional Regulation are deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be references to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and (ii) to the Director of Professional Regulation are deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be references to the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation.
- (b) References to registration in the rules promulgated pursuant to this Act shall be deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be references to licensure.

(225 ILCS 315/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 8104)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 4. <u>Use of title. No After the effective date of this Act, no person may represent himself to be a landscape architect, or use the title "landscape architect", "registered landscape architect", "licensed landscape architect", "landscape architect design professional", or any other title which includes the words "landscape architect" or "landscape architecture", unless <u>licensed registered</u> under this Act.</u>

(Source: P.A. 86-932.)

(225 ILCS 315/5) (from Ch. 111, par. 8105)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 5. <u>Practice without license.</u> Nothing in this Act prevents any person from being engaged in the practice of landscape architecture so long as he <u>or she</u> does not represent himself <u>or herself</u> as, or use the titles of, "landscape architect", <u>or</u> "registered landscape architect", <u>"licensed landscape architecture"</u>, "landscape architecture", "landscape architecture design professional".

(Source: P.A. 86-932.)

(225 ILCS 315/6) (from Ch. 111, par. 8106)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 6. Issuance of Certificate. Whenever an applicant for <u>licensure</u> registration has complied with the provisions of Section 11 of this Act, the Department shall issue a certificate of <u>licensure</u> registration to the applicant as a <u>licensed</u> registered landscape architect subject to the provisions of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 86-932.) (225 ILCS 315/6.5 new)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 6.5. Display of license; seal.

- (a) Every holder of a landscape architect license shall display his or her certificate of licensure in a conspicuous place in his or her principal office. A certificate of registration issued under this Act that is in good standing on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be deemed to be a certificate of licensure and the Department shall not be required to issue a new certificate of licensure to replace it.
- (b) Every landscape architect shall have a seal, approved by the Department and the Board, which shall contain the name of the landscape architect, the number of his or her license, and the legend "Landscape Architect, State of Illinois" and other words or figures as the Department deems necessary. Plans, specifications, and reports related to landscape architectural practice and prepared by the landscape architect, or under his or her supervision, shall be stamped with his or her seal when filed. Notwithstanding the requirements of this Section, an architect, land surveyor, professional engineer, or structural engineer shall be permitted to affix his or her professional seal or stamp to any plans, specifications, and reports prepared by or under his or her responsible control in connection with the incidental practice of landscape architecture.
- (c) A landscape architect who endorses a document with his or her seal while his or her license is suspended, expired, or has been revoked, who has been placed on probation or inactive status, or who endorses a document that the landscape architect did not actually prepare or supervise the preparation of, is subject to the penalties prescribed in Section 18.1.

(225 ILCS 315/7) (from Ch. 111, par. 8107)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 7. Current Address of Record. Every landscape architect shall maintain a current address with the

Department. It is the duty of every applicant or licensee to inform the Department of any change of address, and such changes must be made either through the Department's website or by directly contacting the Department shall be the responsibility of the registrant to notify the Department in writing of any change of address.

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(Source: P.A. 91-255, eff. 12-30-99.)
(225 ILCS 315/8) (from Ch. 111, par. 8108)
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(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 8. Powers and Duties of the Department.

- (a) The Department shall exercise the powers and duties prescribed by the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois for the administration of licensing acts and shall exercise such other powers and duties vested by this Act
- (b) The Department shall promulgate rules and regulations consistent with the provisions of this Act for the administration and enforcement thereof which shall include standards and criteria for <u>licensure registration</u> and for the payment of fees connected therewith. The Department shall prescribe forms required for the administration of this Act.
- (c) The Department shall consult the Landscape Architecture Board in promulgating rules and regulations. Notice of proposed rulemaking shall be transmitted to the Board and the Department shall review the Board's response and any recommendations made therein. The Department shall notify the Board in writing of the explanation for any deviations from the Board's recommendations and response.
- (d) The Department may at any time seek the advice and the expert knowledge of the Board on any matter relating to the administration of this Act.
- (e) The Department shall issue a quarterly report to the Board setting forth the status of all complaints received by the Department related to the landscape architectural architecture practice.
- (f) The Department shall maintain membership and representation in the national body composed of state licensing and testing boards for landscape architects.

(Source: P.A. 86-932.)

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(225 ILCS 315/9) (from Ch. 111, par. 8109)
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(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 9. Composition, qualification, and terms of Board.

- (a) The <u>Secretary Director</u> shall appoint a Board consisting of 5 persons who are residents of the State of Illinois and who shall be appointed by and shall serve in an advisory capacity to the <u>Secretary Director</u>. Four persons shall be individuals experienced in landscape architectural work who would qualify upon application to the Department under the provisions of this Act to be <u>licensed registered</u> landscape architects, one of whom shall be <u>a</u> tenured member of the landscape architecture faculty of <u>a university located within this State that maintains an accredited school of landscape architecture the University of Illinois and 3 of whom shall have engaged in landscape architectural work for at least 5 years. The fifth person shall be a public member, not an employee of the State of Illinois, who is not <u>licensed or</u> registered under this Act or a similar Act of another jurisdiction. The public member may not be elected or appointed as chairman of the Board or serve in such capacity in any other manner.</u>
- (b) Members of the Board shall serve 5 year terms and until their successors are appointed and qualified. No member shall be reappointed to the Board for a term which would cause that member's cumulative service on the Board to be longer than 10 years. No member who is an initial appointment to the Board shall be reappointed to the Board for a term which would cause that member's cumulative service on the Board to be longer than 13 years. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made in the same manner as original appointments for the unexpired portion of the vacated term. Initial terms shall begin upon the effective date of this Act.
- (c) The <u>Secretary</u> Director may remove any member of the Board for cause, which may include without limitation a member who does not attend 2 consecutive meetings.
- (d) The <u>Secretary Director</u> shall consider the recommendations of the Board on questions involving standards of professional conduct, discipline, and qualifications of <u>applicants</u> eandidates and <u>licensees</u> registrants under this Act.
- (e) <u>Three members</u> A quorum of the Board shall <u>constitute a quorum</u> eonsist of a majority of members eurrently appointed. A majority vote of the quorum is required for Board board decisions.
- (f) The Board shall annually elect a chairperson and vice chairperson, both of whom shall be licensed landscape architects.

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(Source: P.A. 91-255, eff. 12-30-99.)
(225 ILCS 315/11) (from Ch. 111, par. 8111)
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(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 11. <u>Licensure</u> Registration Qualifications.

- (a) Every person applying to the Department for <u>licensure</u> registration shall do so on forms approved by the Department and shall pay the required fee. Every person applying to the Department for <u>licensure</u> registration shall submit, with his application, satisfactory evidence that the person holds an approved professional degree in landscape architecture from an approved and accredited program, as such terms are defined by the rules and regulations of the Department, and that he has had such practical experience in landscape architectural work as shall be required by the rules and regulations of the Department. <u>Every In lieu of evidence of any approved professional degree in landscape architecture</u>, the applicant may submit satisfactory evidence of such other education or experience as shall be required by the rules and regulations of the Department; provided, however, that after January 1, 1993 every applicant for initial <u>licensure registration</u> must have an approved professional degree. If an applicant is qualified the Department shall, by means of a written examination, examine the applicant on such technical and professional subjects as shall be required by the rules and regulations of the Department.
- (b) The Department may exempt from such written examination an applicant who holds a certificate of qualification issued by the National Council of Landscape Architecture Registration Boards, or who holds a registration or license in another state which has equivalent or substantially equivalent requirements as the State of Illinois.
- (c) The Department shall adopt rules determining requirements for practical training and education. The Department may also adopt the examinations and recommended grading procedures of the National Council of Landscape Architectural Registration Boards and the accreditation procedures of the Landscape Architectural Accrediting Board. The Department shall issue a certificate of <u>licensure registration</u> to each applicant who satisfies the requirements set forth in this Section. Such <u>licensure registration</u> shall be effective upon issuance.
- (d) If an applicant neglects, fails without an approved excuse, or refuses to take an examination or fails to pass an examination to obtain a certificate of <u>licensure registration</u> under this Act within 3 years after filing the application, the application shall be denied. However, such applicant may thereafter submit a new application accompanied by the required fee.
- (e) For a period of 2 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, persons demonstrating to the Department that they have been engaged in landscape architectural practice for a period of 10 years and have an accredited degree and license in urban or regional planning, architecture, or civil engineering are eligible to achieve licensure through examination. Any person who has been engaged in the practice of landscape architecture prior to the effective date of this Act, shall, upon application within 2 years from the effective date of this Act and upon payment of the required current registration fee and application fee, be issued registration without examination upon furnishing to the Department satisfactory proof that he was so engaged prior to such date. The Director, through the Board, shall accept as satisfactory evidence of the competency and qualifications of the applicant for registration the following:
- (1) A diploma of graduation or satisfactory completion certificate from a college, school, or university offering an accredited program in landscape architecture, together with evidence of at least 2 years of actual, practical experience in landscape architectural work of a grade and character acceptable to the Board; or
- (2) Evidence that the applicant has a total of at least 7 years of actual, practical experience in landscape architectural work of a grade and character acceptable to the Board and has been actually engaged in the active practice of landscape architecture for not less than 4 years immediately prior to the effective date of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 91-255, eff. 12-30-99.)

(225 ILCS 315/11.5 new)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 11.5. Professional liability.

- (a) Any individual licensed under this Act as a landscape architect is liable for his or her negligent or willful acts, errors, and omissions and any shareholder, member, or partner of any entity that provides landscape architecture services through an individual licensed under this Act is liable for the negligent or willful acts, errors, and omissions of the employees, members, and partners of the entity. Eligible claims of liability may be covered under a qualifying policy of professional liability insurance, as set forth in subsection (b) of this Section, maintained by an individual or entity.
 - (b) A qualifying policy of professional liability insurance must insure an individual or entity against

<u>liability</u> imposed upon it by law for damages arising out of the negligent acts, errors, and omissions of the individual or of the licensed and unlicensed employees, members, and partners of the entity. The policy may exclude coverage of the following:

- (1) a dishonest, fraudulent, criminal, or malicious act or omission of the insured individual or entity or any stockholder, employee, member, or partner of the insured entity;
- (2) the conducting of a business enterprise that is not landscape architectural practice by the insured individual or entity;
- (3) the conducting of a business enterprise in which the insured individual or entity may be a partner or that may be controlled, operated, or managed by the individual or entity in its own or in a fiduciary capacity, including without limitation the ownership, maintenance, or use of property;
 - (4) bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death of a person; or
 - (5) damage to or destruction of tangible property owned by the insured individual or entity.

The policy may include any other reasonable provisions with respect to policy periods, territory, claims, conditions, and ministerial matters.

(225 ILCS 315/12.5 new)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 12.5. Continuing education. The Department may adopt rules of continuing education for persons licensed under this Act. The Department shall consider the recommendations of the Board in establishing the guidelines for the continuing education requirements. Rules adopted under this Section apply to any person seeking renewal or restoration of licensure under this Act. The continuing education shall consist of at least 6 hours per year and may include relevant courses offered in various formats or mediums.

(225 ILCS 315/13) (from Ch. 111, par. 8113)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 13. Inactive Status.

- (a) Any landscape architect who notifies the Department in writing on forms prescribed by the Department may elect to place his <u>or her license</u> registration on an inactive status and shall be excused from payment of renewal fees until he <u>or she</u> notifies the Department in writing of his <u>or her</u> desire to resume active status.
- (b) Any person whose license has been expired for more than 3 years may have his <u>or her</u> license restored by making application to the Department and filing proof acceptable to the Department of his <u>or her</u> fitness to have his <u>or her</u> license restored, including evidence certifying to active practice in another jurisdiction, and by paying the required restoration fee.
- (c) Any landscape architect whose <u>license</u> registration is in an inactive status, has been suspended or revoked, or has expired shall not represent himself <u>or herself</u> to be a landscape architect or use the title "landscape architect", "registered landscape architect", <u>"licensed landscape architect"</u>, or any other title which includes the words "landscape architect" <u>or "landscape architecture"</u>.

(Source: P.A. 86-932.)

(225 ILCS 315/15) (from Ch. 111, par. 8115)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 15. Disposition of funds. All of the fees collected pursuant to this Act shall be deposited in the General Professions Dedicated Fund.

On January 1, 2000 the State Comptroller shall transfer the balance of the monies in the Landscape Architects' Administration and Investigation Fund into the General Professions Dedicated Fund. Amounts appropriated for fiscal year 2000 out of the Landscape Architects' Administration and Investigation Fund may be paid out of the General Professions Dedicated Fund.

The monies deposited in the General Professions Dedicated Fund may be used for the expenses of the Department in the administration of this Act.

Moneys from the Fund may also be used for direct and allocable indirect costs related to the public purposes of the Department of <u>Financial and</u> Professional Regulation. Moneys in the Fund may be transferred to the Professions Indirect Cost Fund as authorized by Section 2105-300 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law (20 ILCS 2105/2105-300).

(Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00; 91-255, eff. 12-30-99; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01.)

(225 ILCS 315/16) (from Ch. 111, par. 8116)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 16. Roster. The Department shall maintain a roster of the names and addresses of all <u>licensed</u> registered landscape architects. This roster shall be available upon written request and payment of the required fee.

(Source: P.A. 86-932.)

(225 ILCS 315/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 8117)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 17. Advertising. Any person <u>licensed</u> registered under this Act may advertise the availability of professional services in the public media or on the premises where such professional services are rendered provided that such advertising is truthful and not misleading.

(Source: P.A. 86-932.)

(225 ILCS 315/18) (from Ch. 111, par. 8118)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 18. Violation; injunction; cease and desist order.

- (a) If any person violates the provisions of this Act, the <u>Secretary Director</u> may, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, through the Attorney General of the State of Illinois or the State's Attorney of any county in which the action is brought, petition for an order enjoining such violation and for an order enforcing compliance with this Act. Upon the filing of a verified petition in court, the court may issue a temporary restraining order, without notice or bond, and may preliminarily and permanently enjoin such violation. If it is established that such person has violated or is violating the injunction, the Court may punish the offender for contempt of court. Proceedings under this Section shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, all other remedies and penalties provided by this Act.
- (b) If any person shall hold himself <u>or herself</u> out as a "landscape architect", "licensed landscape architect", or "registered landscape architect", or use any other title that includes the words "landscape architect" or "landscape architecture" without being <u>licensed</u> registered under the provisions of this Act, then any <u>licensed</u> landscape architect, any interested party or any person injured thereby may, in addition to the <u>Secretary Director</u>, petition for relief as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
- (c) Whoever holds himself <u>or herself</u> out as a "landscape architect", "licensed landscape architect", or a "registered landscape architect" <u>or uses any other title that includes the words "landscape architect" or "landscape architecture"</u> in this State without being <u>licensed under this Act registered for that purpose</u> shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, and for each subsequent conviction shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (d) Whenever, in the opinion of the Department, a person violates any provision of this Act, the Department may issue a rule to show cause why an order to cease and desist should not be entered against that person. The rule shall clearly set forth the grounds relied upon by the Department and shall allow the person at least 7 days from the date of the rule to file an answer that is satisfactory to the Department. Failure to answer to the satisfaction of the Department shall cause an order to cease and desist to be issued. (Source: P.A. 88-363.)

(225 ILCS 315/18.1)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 18.1. Grounds for Discipline.

- (a) The Department may refuse to issue <u>or to</u>, renew, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other disciplinary <u>or non-disciplinary</u> action as <u>deemed appropriate including the impositions of fines</u> the Department considers appropriate, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$10,000 \$1,000 for each violation, as the Department may deem proper with regard to any license for any one or combination more of the following:
 - (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department or to any other State agency.
 - (2) Negligent or intentional disregard of this Act, or violation of any rules under this Act.
- (3) Conviction of <u>or plea of guilty or nolo contendere to</u> any crime under the laws of the United States or any state or

territory thereof that is a felony, or that is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or of any crime that is directly related to the practice of the profession.

- (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining a license, or violating any provision of this Act or its rules.
- (5) Professional incompetence or gross negligence in the rendering of landscape architectural services.
- (6) Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or any rules.
- (7) Failing to provide information within 60 days in response to a written request made by the Department.

- (8) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public and violating the rules of professional conduct adopted by the Department.
- (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in an inability to practice with reasonable skill, judgment, or safety.
- (10) Discipline by another jurisdiction, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section.
- (11) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for any professional service not actually rendered.
 - (12) A finding by the Board that the licensee, after having the license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.
 - (12.5) A finding by the Board that the licensee has failed to pay a fine imposed by the Department.
 - (13) Abandonment of a client.
- (14) Willfully filing false reports relating to a licensee's practice, including but not limited to, false records filed with federal or State agencies or departments.
- (15) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (16) Physical or mental disability, including deterioration through the aging process or loss of abilities and skills that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (17) Solicitation of professional services by using false or misleading advertising.
- (18) Failure to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue or any successor agency or the Internal Revenue Service or any successor agency.
- (b) Any fines imposed under this Section shall not exceed \$10,000 \$1,000 for each violation.
- (c) The determination by a court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code will result in an automatic suspension of his or her license. The suspension will end upon a finding by a court that the licensee is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient, and the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary Director that the licensee be allowed to resume professional practice.
- (d) In enforcing this Section, the Board, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel a person licensed registered under this Act or who has applied for licensure registration pursuant to this Act to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The examining physicians shall be those specifically designated by the Board. The Board or the Department may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning this mental or physical examination of the licensee registrant or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee registrant or applicant and the examining physician. The person to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. Failure of any person to submit to a mental or physical examination when directed shall be grounds for suspension of a license registration until the person submits to the examination if the Board finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause.

If the Board finds a person unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Board may require that person to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Board as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed <u>licensure registration</u>; or, in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Board may recommend that the Department file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the <u>license registration</u> of the person. Any person whose <u>license registration</u> was granted, continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined, or supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions shall be referred to the Secretary <u>Director</u> for a determination as to whether the person shall have his or her

license registration suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Board.

(Source: P.A. 91-255, eff. 12-30-99.)

(225 ILCS 315/19) (from Ch. 111, par. 8119)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 19. Investigation; notice and hearing. The Department may investigate the actions or qualifications of any applicant or person holding or claiming to hold a license eertificate of registration. The Department shall, before suspending or revoking, placing on probation, reprimanding, or taking any other disciplinary action under Section 18.1 of this Act, at least 30 days before the date set for the hearing, notify the applicant or licensee holder of a certificate of registration in writing of the nature of the charges and that a hearing will be held on the date designated. The written notice may be served by personal delivery or certified or registered mail to the applicant or licensee at the address of record with his last notification to the Department. The Department shall direct the applicant or licensee to file a written answer with the Department, under oath, within 20 days after the service of the notice, and inform the person that if he or she fails to file an answer, his or her license may be revoked, suspended, placed on probation, reprimanded, or the Department may take any other additional disciplinary action including the issuance of fines, not to exceed \$10,000 \$1,000 for each violation, as the Department may consider necessary, without a hearing. At the time and place fixed in the notice, the Board shall proceed to hear the charges and the parties or their counsel. All parties shall be accorded an opportunity to present any statements, testimony, evidence, and arguments as may be pertinent to the charges or to their defense. The Board may continue the hearing from time to time.

(Source: P.A. 87-1031; 88-363.)

(225 ILCS 315/21) (from Ch. 111, par. 8121)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 21. Subpoenas; depositions; oaths. The Department has power to subpoena and bring before it any person and to take testimony either orally or by deposition, or both, with the same fees and mileage and in the same manner as prescribed in civil cases in circuit courts of this State.

The <u>Secretary</u> Director, the designated hearing officer, and every member of the Board has the power to administer oaths to witnesses at any hearing which the Department is authorized to conduct, and any other oaths authorized in any Act administered by the Department.

(Source: P.A. 88-363.) (225 ILCS 315/22.1)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 22.1. Findings and recommendations. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Board shall present to the <u>Secretary Director</u> a written report of its findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations. The report shall contain a finding whether the licensee violated this Act or failed to comply with the conditions required in this Act. The Board shall specify the nature of the violation or failure to comply, and shall make its recommendations to the <u>Secretary Director</u>.

The report of findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendation of the Board shall be the basis for the Department's order for refusal or for the granting of the license. If the <u>Secretary Director</u> disagrees with the recommendations of the Board, the <u>Secretary Director</u> may issue an order in contravention of the Board recommendations. The <u>Secretary Director</u> shall provide a written report to the Board on any disagreement and shall specify the reasons for the action in the final order. The findings are not admissible in evidence against the person in a criminal prosecution for violation of this Act, but the hearing and findings are not a bar to a criminal prosecution for violation of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 88-363.)

(225 ILCS 315/23) (from Ch. 111, par. 8123)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 23. Board; Rehearing. At the conclusion of the hearing, a copy of the Board's report shall be served upon the accused person, either personally or as provided in this Act for the service of the notice. Within 20 days after such service, the applicant or licensee may present to the Department a motion in writing for a rehearing which shall specify the particular grounds for rehearing. If no motion for a rehearing is filed, then upon the expiration of the time specified for filing such a motion, or if a motion for rehearing is denied, then upon the denial, the <u>Secretary Director</u> may enter any order in accordance with recommendations of the Board, except as provided in Section 120 of this Act. If the applicant or licensee requests and pays for a transcript of the record within the time for filing a motion for rehearing, the 20-day period within which a motion may be filed shall commence upon the delivery of the transcript to the applicant or licensee.

Whenever the Secretary Director is not satisfied that substantial justice has been done, he may order a

rehearing by the same or another special board. At the expiration of the time specified for filing a motion for a rehearing the <u>Secretary Director</u> has the right to take the action recommended by the Board. (Source: P.A. 88-363.)

(225 ILCS 315/24) (from Ch. 111, par. 8124)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 24. Appointment of a hearing officer. The <u>Secretary Director</u> has the authority to appoint any attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois to serve as the hearing officer in any action for refusal to issue or renew a license or permit or to discipline a licensee. The <u>Secretary Director</u> shall notify the Board of any such appointment. The hearing officer has full authority to conduct the hearing. At least one member of the Board shall attend each hearing. The hearing officer shall report his findings of fact, conclusions of law and recommendations to the Board and the <u>Secretary Director</u>. The Board has 60 days from receipt of the report to review it and present its findings of fact, conclusions of law and recommendations to the <u>Secretary Director</u>. If the Board fails to present its report within the 60 day period, the <u>Secretary Director</u> shall issue an order based on the report of the hearing officer. If the <u>Secretary Director</u> disagrees with the recommendation of the Board or hearing officer, the <u>Secretary Director</u> may issue an order in contravention of the recommendation. The <u>Secretary Director</u> shall promptly provide a written explanation to the Board on any disagreement.

(Source: P.A. 88-363.)

(225 ILCS 315/25) (from Ch. 111, par. 8125)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 25. Order or certified copy; prima facie proof. An order or a certified copy thereof, over the seal of the Department and purporting to be signed by the <u>Secretary Director</u>, shall be prima facie proof that:

- (a) the signature is the genuine signature of the <u>Secretary</u> Director;
- (b) the Secretary Director is duly appointed and qualified; and
- (c) the Board and the members thereof are qualified to act.

(Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

(225 ILCS 315/28) (from Ch. 111, par. 8128)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 28. Summary suspension of a license. The <u>Secretary Director</u> may summarily suspend the license of a landscape architect without a hearing, simultaneously with the institution of proceedings for a hearing provided for in Section 24 of this Act, if the <u>Secretary Director</u> finds that evidence in the possession of the <u>Secretary Director</u> indicates that the continuation in practice by the landscape architect would constitute an imminent danger to the public. In the event that the <u>Secretary Director</u> temporarily suspends the license of an individual without a hearing, a hearing must be held within 30 days after such suspension has occurred. (Source: P.A. 88-363.)

(225 ILCS 315/31) (from Ch. 111, par. 8131)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 31. Administrative Procedure Act. The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is hereby expressly adopted and incorporated herein as if all of the provisions of that Act were included in this Act, except that the provision of subsection (d) of Section 10-65 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act that provides that at hearings the licensee has the right to show compliance with all lawful requirements for retention, continuation or renewal of the license is specifically excluded. For the purposes of this Act the notice required under Section 10-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is deemed sufficient when mailed to the last known address of record of a party.

(Source: P.A. 88-45.)

(225 ILCS 315/4.5 rep.)

Section 15. The Illinois Landscape Architecture Act of 1989 is amended by repealing Section 4.5.

Section 20. The Auction License Act is amended by changing Sections 5-10, 10-1, 10-20, 10-27, 10-30, 10-35, 10-40, 10-45, 10-50, 15-5, 15-10, 20-5, 20-15, 20-40, 20-50, 20-55, 20-80, and 30-30 and by adding Sections 10-15a, 20-43, 20-56, 30-7 and 30-13 as follows:

(225 ILCS 407/5-10)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 5-10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Advertisement" means any written, oral, or electronic communication that contains a promotion, inducement, or offer to conduct an auction or offer to provide an auction service, including but not limited to brochures, pamphlets, radio and television scripts, telephone and direct mail solicitations, electronic media, and other means of promotion.

"Advisory Board" or "Board" means the Auctioneer Advisory Board.

"Associate auctioneer" means a person who conducts an auction, but who is under the direct supervision of, and is sponsored by, a licensed auctioneer or auction firm.

"Auction" means the sale or lease of property, real or personal, by means of exchanges between an auctioneer or associate auctioneer and prospective purchasers or lessees, which consists of a series of invitations for offers made by the auctioneer or associate auctioneer and offers by prospective purchasers or lessees for the purpose of obtaining an acceptable offer for the sale or lease of the property, including the sale or lease of property via mail, telecommunications, or the Internet.

"Auction contract" means a written agreement between an auctioneer, associate auctioneer, or auction firm and a seller or sellers.

"Auction firm" means any corporation, partnership, or limited liability company that acts as an auctioneer and provides an auction service.

"Auction school" means any educational institution, public or private, which offers a curriculum of auctioneer education and training approved by the Department.

"Auction service" means the service of arranging, managing, advertising, or conducting auctions.

"Auctioneer" means a person or entity who, for another, for a fee, compensation, commission, or any other valuable consideration at auction or with the intention or expectation of receiving valuable consideration by the means of or process of an auction or sale at auction or providing an auction service, offers, negotiates, or attempts to negotiate an auction contract, sale, purchase, or exchange of goods, chattels, merchandise, personal property, real property, or any commodity that may be lawfully kept or offered for sale by or at auction.

"Address of Record" means the designated address recorded by the Department in the applicant's or licensee's application file or license file maintained by the Department. It is the duty of the applicant or licensee to inform the Department of any change of address, and such changes must be made either through the Department's website or by directly contacting the Department.

"Buyer premium" means any fee or compensation paid by the successful purchaser of property sold or leased at or by auction, to the auctioneer, auction firms, seller, lessor, or other party to the transaction, other than the purchase price.

"Department" means the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.

"Goods" means chattels, movable goods, merchandise, or personal property or commodities of any form or type that may be lawfully kept or offered for sale.

"Licensee" means any person licensed under this Act.

"Managing auctioneer" means any person licensed as an auctioneer who manages and supervises licensees sponsored by an auction firm or auctioneer.

"Person" means an individual, association, partnership, corporation, or limited liability company or the officers, directors, or employees of the same.

"Pre-renewal period" means the 24 months prior to the expiration date of a license issued under this Act.

"Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or his or her designee.

"Sponsoring auctioneer" means the auctioneer or auction firm who has issued a sponsor card to a licensed associate auctioneer or auctioneer.

"Sponsor card" means the temporary permit issued by the sponsoring auctioneer certifying that the licensee named thereon is employed by or associated with the sponsoring auctioneer and the sponsoring auctioneer shall be responsible for the actions of the sponsored licensee.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/10-1)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 10-1. Necessity of license; exemptions.

- (a) It is unlawful for any person, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity to conduct an auction, provide an auction service, hold himself or herself out as an auctioneer, or advertise his or her services as an auctioneer in the State of Illinois without a license issued by the Department under this Act, except at:
 - (1) an auction conducted solely by or for a not-for-profit organization for charitable purposes in which the individual receives no compensation;
 - (2) an auction conducted by the owner of the property, real or personal;
 - (3) an auction for the sale or lease of real property conducted by a licensee under the Real Estate License Act, or its successor Acts, in accordance with the terms of that Act;

- (4) an auction conducted by a business registered as a market agency under the federal Packers and Stockyards Act (7 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) or under the Livestock Auction Market Law;
 - (5) an auction conducted by an agent, officer, or employee of a federal agency in the conduct of his or her official duties; and
- (6) an auction conducted by an agent, officer, or employee of the State government or any political subdivision thereof performing his or her official duties.
- (b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to apply to a new or used vehicle dealer or a vehicle auctioneer licensed by the Secretary of State of Illinois, or to any employee of the licensee, who is a resident of the State of Illinois, while the employee is acting in the regular scope of his or her employment for the licensee while conducting an auction that is not open to the public, provided that only new or used vehicle dealers, rebuilders, automotive parts recyclers, or scrap processors licensed by the Secretary of State or licensed by another state or jurisdiction may buy property at the auction, or to sales by or through the licensee. Out-of-state salvage vehicle buyers licensed in another state or jurisdiction may also buy property at the auction.
- (c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit a person under the age of 18 from selling property under \$250 in value while under the direct supervision of a licensed auctioneer.
- (d) Nothing in this Act, except Section 10-27, shall be construed to apply to a person while providing an Internet auction listing service as defined in Section 10-27.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08; 95-783, eff. 1-1-09.)

(225 ILCS 407/10-15a new)

Sec. 10-15a. Associate auctioneer license; discontinuance.

- (a) Upon the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, the Department shall no longer issue or renew any associate auctioneer license.
- (b) Any person who holds a valid license as an associate auctioneer on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be issued an auctioneer license without having to apply to the Department or pay any fee. Such licensee's previous record as an associate auctioneer, including any past discipline imposed on him or her, shall be become part of his or her auctioneer license record. The expiration date of such licensee's auctioneer license shall be the same as the expiration date of his or her associate auctioneer license.
- (c) Upon receipt of an auctioneer license issued by the Department pursuant to this Section, a licensee's associate auctioneer license shall no longer be valid.

(225 ILCS 407/10-20)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

- Sec. 10-20. Requirements for auction firm license; application. Any corporation, limited liability company, or partnership who desires to obtain an auction firm license shall:
 - (1) apply to the Department on forms provided by the Department accompanied by the required fee; and
 - (2) provide evidence to the Department that the auction firm has a properly licensed managing auctioneer; and -
 - (3) any requirement as defined by rule.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/10-27)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 10-27. Registration of Internet Auction Listing Service.

- (a) For the purposes of this Section:
- (1) "Internet Auction Listing Service" means a website on the Internet, or other interactive computer service that is designed to allow or advertised as a means of allowing users to offer personal property or services for sale or lease to a prospective buyer or lessee through an on-line bid submission process using that website or interactive computer service and that does not examine, set the price, or prepare the description of the personal property or service to be offered, or in any way utilize the services of a natural person as an auctioneer.
- (2) "Interactive computer service" means any information service, system, or access software provider that provides or enables computer access by multiple users to a computer server, including specifically a service or system that provides access to the Internet.
- (b) It is unlawful for any person, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity to provide an Internet auction listing service in the State of Illinois for compensation without being registered with the Department when:

- (1) the person, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity providing the Internet auction listing service is located in the State of Illinois;
- (2) the prospective seller or seller, prospective lessor or lessor, or prospective purchaser or purchaser is located in the State of Illinois and is required to agree to terms with the person, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity providing the Internet auction listing service, no matter where that person, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity is located; or
 - (3) the personal property or services offered for sale or lease are located or will be provided in the State of Illinois.
- (c) Any person, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity that provides an Internet auction listing service in the State of Illinois for compensation under any of the circumstances listed in subsection (b) shall register with the Department on forms provided by the Department accompanied by the required fee as provided by rule. Such registration shall include information as required by the Department and established by rule as the Department deems necessary to enable users of the Internet auction listing service in Illinois to identify the entity providing the service and to seek redress or further information from such entity. The fee shall be sufficient to cover the reasonable costs of the Department in administering and enforcing the provisions of this Section. The registrant shall be required to certify:
 - (1) that the registrant does not act as the agent of users who sell items on its website, and acts only as a venue for user transactions;
 - (2) that the registrant requires sellers and bidders to register with the website and provide their name, address, telephone number and e-mail address;
 - (3) that the registrant retains such information for a period of at least 2 years;
 - (4) that the registrant retains transactional information consisting of at least seller identification, high bidder identification, and item sold for at least 2 years from the close of a transaction, and has a mechanism to identify all transactions involving a particular seller or buyer;
 - (5) that the registrant has a mechanism to receive complaints or inquiries from users;
 - (6) that the registrant adopts and reasonably implements a policy of suspending, in appropriate circumstances, the accounts of users who, based on the registrant's investigation, are proven to have engaged in a pattern of activity that appears to be deliberately designed to defraud consumers on the registrant's website; and
 - (7) that the registrant will comply with the Department and law enforcement requests for stored data in its possession, subject to the requirements of applicable law.
- (d) The Department may refuse to accept a registration which is incomplete or not accompanied by the required fee. The Department may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 upon any Internet auction listing service that intentionally fails to register as required by this Section, and may impose such penalty or revoke, suspend, or place on probation or administrative supervision the registration of any Internet auction listing service that:
 - (1) intentionally makes a false or fraudulent material representation or material misstatement or misrepresentation to the Department in connection with its registration, including in the certification required under subsection (c);
 - (2) is convicted of any crime, an essential element of which is dishonesty, fraud, larceny, embezzlement, or obtaining money, property, or credit by false pretenses or by means of a confidence game; or is convicted in this or another state of a crime that is a felony under the laws of this State; or is convicted of a felony in a federal court;
 - (3) is adjudged to be a person under legal disability or subject to involuntary admission or to meet the standard for judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code;
 - (4) has been subject to discipline by another state, the District of Columbia, a territory of the United States, a foreign nation, a governmental agency, or any other entity authorized to impose discipline if at least one of the grounds for that discipline is the same as or equivalent to one of the grounds for discipline set forth in this Section or for failing to report to the Department, within 30 days, any adverse final action taken against the registrant by any other licensing or registering jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court, or liability for conduct that would constitute grounds for action as set forth in this Section;
 - (5) fails to make available to the Department personnel during normal business hours all records and related documents maintained in connection with the activities subject to registration

under this Section;

- (6) makes or files false records or reports in connection with activities subject to registration, including but not limited to false records or reports filed with State agencies;
- (7) fails to provide information within 30 days in response to a written request made by the Department to a person designated in the registration for receipt of such requests; or
- (8) fails to perform any act or procedure described in subsection (c) of this Section.
- (e) Registrations issued pursuant to this Section shall <u>be defined by rule</u> expire on September 30 of odd numbered years. A registrant shall submit a renewal application to the Department on forms provided by the Department along with the required fee as established by rule.
- (f) Operating an Internet auction listing service under any of the circumstances listed in subsection (b) without being currently registered under this Section is declared to be adverse to the public welfare, to constitute a public nuisance, and to cause irreparable harm to the public welfare. The Secretary, the Attorney General of the State of Illinois, the State's Attorney of any county in the State, or any other person may maintain an action and apply for injunctive relief in any circuit court to enjoin the person or entity from engaging in such practice.
- (g) The provisions of Sections 20-25, 20-30, 20-35, 20-40, 20-45, 20-50, 20-55, 20-60 and 20-75 of this Act shall apply to any actions of the Department exercising its authority under subsection (d) as if a person required to register under this Section were a person holding or claiming to hold a license under this Act.
- (h) The Department shall have the authority to adopt such rules as may be necessary to implement or interpret the provisions of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/10-30)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 10-30. Expiration, renewal, and continuing education.

- (a) License expiration dates, renewal periods, renewal fees, and procedures for renewal of licenses issued under this Act shall be set by rule of the Department. An entity may renew its license by paying the required fee and by meeting the renewal requirements adopted by the Department under this Section.
- (b) All renewal applicants must provide proof as determined by the Department of having met the continuing education requirements set forth by the Department by rule. At a minimum, the rules shall require an applicant for renewal licensure as an auctioneer or associate auctioneer to provide proof of the completion of at least 12 hours of continuing education during the pre-renewal period preceding the expiration date of the license from schools approved by the Department, as established by rule.
- (c) The Department, in its discretion, may waive enforcement of the continuing education requirements of this Section and shall adopt rules defining the standards and criteria for such waiver.
 - (d) (Blank).

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/10-35)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 10-35. Completed 45-day permit sponsor card; termination by sponsoring auctioneer; inoperative status.

- (a) No auctioneer or associate auctioneer shall conduct an auction or provide an auction service without being properly sponsored by a licensed auctioneer or auction firm.
- (b) The sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm shall prepare upon forms provided by the Department and deliver to each auctioneer or associate auctioneer employed by or associated with the sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm a properly completed duplicate 45-day permit sponsor card certifying that the person whose name appears thereon is in fact employed by or associated with said sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm. The sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm shall send the original 45-day permit sponsor card, along with a valid terminated license or other authorization as provided by rule and the appropriate fee, to the Department within 24 hours after the issuance of the sponsor card. It is a violation of this Act for any sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm to issue a sponsor card to any auctioneer, associate auctioneer, or applicant, unless the auctioneer, associate auctioneer, or applicant presents in hand a valid terminated license or other authorization, as provided by rule.
- (c) An auctioneer may be self-sponsored or may be sponsored by another licensed auctioneer or auction firm.
 - (d) (Blank). An associate auctioneer must be sponsored by a licensed auctioneer or auction firm.
 - (e) When an auctioneer or associate auctioneer terminates his or her employment or association with a

sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm or the employment or association is terminated by the sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm, the terminated licensee shall obtain from that sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm his or her license endorsed by the sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm indicating the termination. The terminating sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm shall send a copy of the terminated license within 5 days after the termination to the Department or shall notify the Department in writing of the termination and explain why a copy of the terminated license was not surrendered.

- (f) The license of any auctioneer or associate auctioneer whose association with a sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm has terminated shall automatically become inoperative immediately upon such termination, unless the terminated licensee accepts employment or becomes associated with a new sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section. An inoperative licensee under this Act shall not conduct an auction or provide auction services while the license is in inoperative status.
- (g) When a terminated or inoperative auctioneer or associate auctioneer accepts employment or becomes associated with a new sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm, the new sponsoring auctioneer or sponsoring auction firm shall send to the Department a properly completed 45-day permit sponsor card, the terminated license, and the appropriate fee.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/10-40)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 10-40. Restoration.

- (a) A licensee whose license has lapsed or expired shall have 2 years from the expiration date to restore his or her license without examination. The expired licensee shall make application to the Department on forms provided by the Department, including a properly completed 45-day permit sponsor card, provide evidence of successful completion of 12 hours of approved continuing education during the period of time the license had lapsed, and pay all lapsed fees and penalties as established by administrative rule.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, any licensee whose license under this Act has expired is eligible to restore such license without paying any lapsed fees and penalties provided that the license expired while the licensee was:
 - (1) on active duty with the United States Army, United States Marine Corps, United States Navy, United States Air Force, United States Coast Guard, the State Militia called into service or training;
 - (2) engaged in training or education under the supervision of the United States prior to induction into military service; or
 - (3) serving as an employee of the Department, while the employee was required to surrender his or her license due to a possible conflict of interest.

A licensee shall be eligible to restore a license under the provisions of this subsection for a period of 2 years following the termination of the service, education, or training by providing a properly completed application and 45-day permit sponsor card, provided that the termination was by other than dishonorable discharge and provided that the licensee furnishes the Department with an affidavit specifying that the licensee has been so engaged.

(c) At any time after the suspension, revocation, placement on probationary status, or other disciplinary action taken under this Act with reference to any license, the Department may restore the license to the licensee without examination upon the order of the Secretary, if the licensee submits a properly completed application and 45-day permit sponsor card, pays appropriate fees, and otherwise complies with the conditions of the order.

(Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/10-45)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 10-45. Nonresident auctioneer reciprocity.

- (a) A person holding a license to engage in auctions issued to him or her by the proper authority of a state, territory, or possession of the United States of America or the District of Columbia that has licensing requirements equal to or substantially equivalent to the requirements of this State and that otherwise meets the requirements of this Act may obtain a license under this Act without examination, provided:
 - (1) that the Department has entered into a valid reciprocal agreement with the proper authority of the state, territory, or possession of the United States of America or the District of Columbia from which the nonresident applicant has a valid license;

- (2) that the applicant provides the Department with a certificate of good standing from the applicant's resident state of licensure;
- (3) that the applicant completes and submits an application as provided by the Department; and
- (4) that the applicant pays all applicable fees required under this Act.
- (b) A nonresident applicant shall file an irrevocable consent with the Department that actions may be commenced against the applicant or nonresident licensee in a court of competent jurisdiction in this State by the service of summons, process, or other pleading authorized by the law upon the Secretary. The consent shall stipulate and agree that service of the process, summons, or pleading upon the Secretary shall be taken and held in all courts to be valid and binding as if actual service had been made upon the applicant in Illinois. If a summons, process, or other pleading is served upon the Secretary, it shall be by duplicate copies, one of which shall be retained by the Department and the other immediately forwarded by certified or registered mail to the last known business address of the applicant or nonresident licensee against whom the summons, process, or other pleading may be directed.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/10-50)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 10-50. Fees; disposition of funds. Fees shall be determined by rule and shall be non-refundable.

- (a) The Department shall establish by rule a schedule of fees for the administration and maintenance of this Act. Such fees shall be nonrefundable.
- (b) All fees collected under this Act shall be deposited into the General Professions Dedicated Fund and appropriated to the Department for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department in the administration of this Act. The Department shall provide by administrative rule for fees to be collected from licensees and applicants to cover the statutory requirements for funding the Auctioneer Recovery Fund. The Department may also provide by administrative rule for general fees to cover the reasonable expenses of carrying out other functions and responsibilities under this Act.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/15-5)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

- Sec. 15-5. Representations. An auctioneer, associate auctioneer, or auction firm, or the sponsored licensees, agents, or employees of an auctioneer or auction firm, conducting an auction or providing an auction service shall not:
 - (1) misrepresent a fact material to a purchaser's decision to buy at or by auction;
 - (2) predict specific or immediate increases in the value of any item offered for sale at auction; or
 - (3) materially misrepresent the qualities or characteristics of any item offered for sale at auction.

(Source: P.A. 91-603, eff. 1-1-00.)

(225 ILCS 407/15-10)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

- Sec. 15-10. Auction contract. Any auctioneer, associate auctioneer, or auction firm shall not conduct an auction or provide an auction service, unless the auctioneer, associate auctioneer, or auction firm enters into a written or oral auction contract with the seller of any property at auction prior to the date of the auction. Any agreement shall state whether the auction is with reserve or absolute. The agreement shall be signed by the auctioneer, associate auctioneer, or auction firm conducting an auction or providing an auction service and the seller or sellers, or the legal agent of the seller or sellers of the property to be offered at or by auction, and shall include, but not be limited to the following disclosures:
 - (1) Licensees shall disclose:
- (A) the name, license number, business address, and phone number of the auctioneer, associate auctioneer.

or auction firm conducting an auction or providing an auction service;

(B) the fee to be paid to the auctioneer, associate auctioneer, or auction firm for conducting an auction

or providing an auction service; and

(C) an estimate of the advertising costs that shall be paid by the seller or sellers of property at auction and a disclosure that, if the actual advertising costs exceeds 120% of the estimated advertising cost, the auctioneer, associate auctioneer, or auction firm shall pay the

advertising costs that exceed 120% of the estimated advertising costs or shall have the seller or sellers agree in writing to pay for the actual advertising costs in excess of 120% of the estimated advertising costs.

(D) the buyer premium and the party to the transaction that receives it.

- (2) Sellers shall disclose:
 - (A) the name, address, and phone number of the seller or sellers or the legal agent of the seller or sellers of property to be sold at auction; and
 - (B) any mortgage, lien, <u>easement</u>, or encumbrance of which the seller has knowledge on any property or goods to be sold or leased at or by auction.

(Source: P.A. 91-603, eff. 1-1-00.)

(225 ILCS 407/20-5)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 20-5. Unlicensed practice; civil penalty.

- (a) Any person who practices, offers to practice, attempts to practice, or holds oneself out to practice as an auctioneer, an associate auctioneer, an auction firm, or any other licensee under this Act without being licensed under this Act shall, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, pay a civil penalty to the Department in an amount not to exceed \$10,000 for each offense as determined by the Department. The civil penalty fine shall be assessed by the Department after a hearing is held in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Act regarding a hearing for the discipline of a license.
- (b) The Department has the authority and power to investigate any and all unlicensed activity pursuant to this Act.
- (c) The civil penalty shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the civil penalty. The order shall constitute a judgment and may be filed and execution had thereon in the same manner from any court of record.
- (d) Conducting an auction or providing an auction service in Illinois without holding a valid and current license under this Act is declared to be adverse to the public welfare, to constitute a public nuisance, and to cause irreparable harm to the public welfare. The Secretary, the Attorney General, the State's Attorney of any county in the State, or any other person may maintain an action in the name of the People of the State of Illinois and may apply for injunctive relief in any circuit court to enjoin the person or entity from engaging in such practice.

Upon the filing of a verified petition in a circuit court, the court, if satisfied by affidavit or otherwise that the person or entity has been engaged in the practice of auctioning without a valid and current license, may enter a temporary restraining order without notice or bond enjoining the defendant from further practice. Only the showing of non-licensure, by affidavit or otherwise, is necessary in order for a temporary injunction to be issued. A copy of the verified complaint shall be served upon the defendant and the proceedings shall thereafter be conducted as in other civil cases except as modified by this Section. If it is established that the defendant has been or is engaged in unlawful practice, the court may enter an order or judgment perpetually enjoining the defendant from further practice. In all proceedings hereunder, the court, in its discretion, may apportion the costs among the parties interested in the action, including cost of filing the complaint, service of process, witness fees and expenses, court reporter charges, and reasonable attorneys' fees. In case of violation of any injunctive order entered under the provisions of this Section, the court may summarily try and punish the offender for contempt of court. These injunction proceedings shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, all penalties and other remedies provided in this Act. (Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/20-15)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 20-15. Disciplinary actions; grounds. The Department may refuse to issue or renew a license, may place on probation or administrative supervision, suspend, or revoke any license or may reprimand or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, including the imposition of fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation upon anyone licensed under this Act for any of the following reasons:

- (1) False or fraudulent representation or material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department in obtaining or seeking to obtain a license.
- (2) Violation of any provision of this Act or the rules promulgated pursuant to this

Act.

(3) Conviction of or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any crime that is a felony under the laws of the United States or any state or territory thereof, or that is a misdemeanor, an

essential element of which is dishonesty, or <u>any crime that is directly related to the practice of the profession.</u> fraud, or larceny, embezzlement, or obtaining money, property, or credit by false pretenses or by means of a confidence game, conviction in this or another state of a crime that is a felony under the laws of this State, or conviction of a felony in a federal court.

- (4) Being adjudged to be a person under legal disability or subject to involuntary admission or to meet the standard for judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code.
- (5) Discipline of a licensee by another state, the District of Columbia, a territory of the United States, a foreign nation, a governmental agency, or any other entity authorized to impose discipline if at least one of the grounds for that discipline is the same as or the equivalent to one of the grounds for discipline set forth in this Act or for failing to report to the Department, within 30 days, any adverse final action taken against the licensee by any other licensing jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court, or liability for conduct that would constitute grounds for action as set forth in this Act.
- (6) Engaging in the practice of auctioneering, conducting an auction, or providing an auction service without a license or after the license was expired, revoked, suspended, or terminated or while the license was inoperative.
 - (7) Attempting to subvert or cheat on the auctioneer exam or any continuing education exam, or aiding or abetting another to do the same.
- (8) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from a person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association a fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for professional service not actually or personally rendered, except that an auctioneer licensed under this Act may receive a fee from another licensed auctioneer from this State or jurisdiction for the referring of a client or prospect for auction services to the licensed auctioneer.
 - (9) Making any substantial misrepresentation or untruthful advertising.
 - (10) Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade, or induce.
- (11) Pursuing a continued and flagrant course of misrepresentation or the making of false promises through a licensee, agent, employee, advertising, or otherwise.
- (12) Any misleading or untruthful advertising, or using any trade name or insignia of membership in any auctioneer association or organization of which the licensee is not a member.
 - (13) Commingling funds of others with his or her own funds or failing to keep the funds of others in an escrow or trustee account.
- (14) Failure to account for, remit, or return any moneys, property, or documents coming into his or her possession that belong to others, acquired through the practice of auctioneering, conducting an auction, or providing an auction service within 30 days of the written request from the owner of said moneys, property, or documents.
- (15) Failure to maintain and deposit into a special account, separate and apart from any personal or other business accounts, all moneys belonging to others entrusted to a licensee while acting as an auctioneer, associate auctioneer, auction firm, or as a temporary custodian of the funds of others.
- (16) Failure to make available to Department personnel during normal business hours all escrow and trustee records and related documents maintained in connection with the practice of auctioneering, conducting an auction, or providing an auction service within 24 hours after a request from Department personnel.
- (17) Making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice, including but not limited to false records or reports filed with State agencies.
- (18) Failing to voluntarily furnish copies of all written instruments prepared by the auctioneer and signed by all parties to all parties at the time of execution.
- (19) Failing to provide information within 30 days in response to a written request made by the Department.
- (20) Engaging in any act that constitutes a violation of Section 2-102, 3-103, or 3-105 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.
- (21) (Blank) Causing a payment from the Auction Recovery Fund.
- (22) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
- (23) Offering or advertising real estate for sale or lease at auction without a valid broker or salesperson's license under the Real Estate License Act of 1983, or any successor Act, unless

exempt from licensure under the terms of the Real Estate License Act of $\underline{2000}$ $\underline{2001}$, or any successor Act.

- (24) <u>Inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgement, skill, or safety as a result of a physical illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill, or a mental illness or disability. Physical illness, mental illness, or other impairment including without limitation deterioration through the aging process, mental illness, or disability that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, and safety.</u>
 - (25) A pattern of practice or other behavior that demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.
 - (26) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of

Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or a neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

- (27) <u>Inability to practice with reasonable judgement, skill, or safety as a result of habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug. Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in a licensee's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.</u>
 - (28) Wilfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

The entry of an order by a circuit court establishing that any person holding a license

under this Act is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, as provided for in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, operates as an automatic suspension of that license. That person may have his or her license restored only upon the determination by a circuit court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient and upon the Board's recommendation to the Department that the license be restored. Where circumstances so indicate, the Board may recommend to the Department that it require an examination prior to restoring a suspended license.

If the Department or Board finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set

forth in this Section, the Department or Board may require that individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department or Board, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file, or the Board may recommend to the Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose license was granted, continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined or supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department. In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 21 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to review the subject individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an

opportunity to demonstrate to the Department or Board that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

In enforcing this Section, the Department or Board, upon a showing of a possible violation,

may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The Department or Board may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The examining physicians shall be specifically designated by the Board or Department. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination when directed shall be grounds for suspension of his or her license until the individual submits to the examination, if the Department finds that, after notice and hearing, the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/20-40)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 20-40. Hearings; record of hearings.

- (a) The Department shall have the authority to conduct hearings before the Advisory Board on proceedings to revoke, suspend, place on probation or administrative review, reprimand, or refuse to issue or renew any license under this Act or to impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 upon any licensee under this Act.
- (b) The Department, at its expense, shall preserve a record of all proceedings at the formal hearing of any case. The notice of hearing, complaint, all other documents in the nature of pleadings, written motions filed in the proceedings, the transcripts of testimony, the report of the Board, and orders of the Department shall be in the record of the proceeding. The Department shall furnish a transcript of such record to any person interested in such hearing upon payment of the fee required under Section 2105-115 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law (20 ILCS 2105/2105-115). The Department, at its expense, shall preserve a record of all proceedings at the formal hearing of any case involving the discipline of any license under this Act. The notice of hearing, complaint and all other documents in the nature of pleadings and written motions filed in the proceedings, the transcript of testimony, the report of the Board, and the order of the Department shall be the record of proceeding. At all hearings or prehearing conference, the Department and the respondent shall be entitled to have a court reporter in attendance for purposes of transcribing the proceeding or prehearing conference.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.) (225 ILCS 407/20-43 new)

Sec. 20-43. Investigations; notice and hearing. The Department may investigate the actions of any applicant or person rendering or offering to render auction services, or holding or claiming to hold a license as a licensed auctioneer. At least 30 days before any disciplinary hearing under this Act, the Department shall: (i) notify the accused in writing of the charges made and the time and place of the hearing; (ii) direct the accused to file with the Board a written answer under oath to the charges within 20 days of receiving service of the notice; and (iii) inform the accused that if he or she fails to file an answer to the charges within 20 days of receiving service of the notice, a default judgement may be entered against him or her, or his or her license may be suspended, revoked, placed on probationary status, or other disciplinary action taken with regard to the license as the Department may consider proper, including, but not limited to, limiting the scope, nature, or extent of the licensee's practice, or imposing a fine.

At the time and place of the hearing fixed in the notice, the Board shall proceed to hear the charges and the accused or his or her counsel shall be accorded ample opportunity to present any pertinent statements, testimony, evidence, and arguments in his or her defense. The Board may continue the hearing when it deems it appropriate.

Written notice of the hearing may be served by personal delivery or by certified mail to the last known address of record, unless specified as otherwise by the accused in his or her last communication with the Department.

(225 ILCS 407/20-50)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 20-50. Findings and recommendations. Board's findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendation to the Secretary. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Board shall present to the Secretary a written report of its findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations. The report shall contain a finding whether or not the accused person violated this Act or any rules promulgated pursuant to this Act. The Board shall specify the nature of any violations and shall make its recommendations to the Secretary. In making recommendations for any disciplinary action, the Board may take into consideration all facts and circumstances bearing upon the reasonableness of the conduct of the accused, including, but not limited to, previous discipline of the accused by the Department, intent, degree of harm to the public and likelihood of future harm to the public, any restitution made by the accused, and whether the incident or incidents contained in the complaint appear to be isolated or represent a continuing pattern of conduct. In making its recommendations for discipline, the Board shall endeavor to ensure that the severity of the discipline recommended is reasonably proportional to the severity of the violation.

The report of the Board's findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations shall be the basis for the Department's decision to refuse to issue, restore, or renew a license, or to take any other disciplinary action. If the Secretary disagrees with the recommendations of the Board, the Secretary may issue an order in contravention of the Board recommendations. The report's findings are not admissible in evidence

against the person in a criminal prosecution brought for a violation of this Act, but the hearing and findings are not a bar to a criminal prosecution for the violation of this Act. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Advisory Board shall present to the Secretary a written report of its findings of facts, conclusions of law, and recommendations regarding discipline or a fine. The report shall contain a finding whether or not the accused person violated this Act or failed to comply with the conditions required in this Act. The Advisory Board shall specify the nature of the violation or failure to comply and shall make its recommendations to the Secretary.

If the Secretary disagrees in any regard with the report of the Advisory Board, the Secretary may issue an order in contravention of the report. The Secretary shall provide a written report to the Advisory Board on any deviation and shall specify with particularity the reasons for that action in the final order. (Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/20-55)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 20-55. Appointment of a hearing officer. Motion for rehearing; rehearing. The Secretary has the authority to appoint any attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois to serve as the hearing officer in any action for refusal to issue, restore, or renew a license or to discipline a licensee. The hearing officer has full authority to conduct the hearing. Any Board member may attend hearings. The hearing officer shall report his or her findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations to the Board. The Board shall review the report of the hearing officer and present its findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations to the Secretary and to all parties to the proceedings.

If the Secretary disagrees with the recommendations of the Board or hearing officer, the Secretary may issue an order in contravention of the Board's recommendations. In any hearing involving the discipline of a license, a copy of the Advisory Board's report shall be served upon the respondent by the Department, either personally or as provided in this Act for the service of the notice of hearing. Within 20 calendar days after the service, the respondent may present to the Department a motion in writing for a rehearing, which shall specify the particular grounds for rehearing.

If no motion for rehearing is filed, then upon the expiration of the time specified for filing a motion, or if a motion for rehearing is denied, then upon denial, the Secretary may enter an order in accordance with the recommendations of the Advisory Board, except as provided for in this Act. If the respondent orders a transcript of the record from the reporting service and pays for it within the time for filing a motion for rehearing, the 20 calendar day period within which a motion for rehearing may be filed shall commence upon the delivery of the transcript to the respondent.

Whenever the Secretary is not satisfied that substantial justice has been done in the hearing or in the Advisory Board's report, the Secretary may order a rehearing by the same.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/20-56 new)

Sec. 20-56. Board; rehearing. At the conclusion of the hearing, a copy of the Board's report shall be served upon the applicant or licensee by the Department, either personally or as provided in this Act for the service of a notice of hearing. Within 20 days after service, the applicant or licensee may present to the Department a motion in writing for a rehearing, which shall specify the particular grounds for rehearing. The Department may respond to the motion for rehearing within 20 days after its service on the Department. If no motion for rehearing is filed, then upon the expiration of the time specified for filing such a motion, or if a motion for rehearing is denied, then upon denial, the Secretary may enter an order in accordance with recommendations of the Board except as provided in Section 120 of this Act. If the applicant or licensee orders from the reporting service and pays for a transcript of the record within the time for filing a motion for rehearing, the 20-day period within which a motion may be filed shall commence upon the delivery of the transcript to the applicant or licensee.

(225 ILCS 407/20-80)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 20-80. Summary suspension. The Secretary may temporarily suspend any license pursuant to this Act, without hearing, simultaneously with the institution of proceedings for a hearing provided for in this Act, if the Secretary finds that the evidence indicates that the public interest, safety, or welfare requires emergency action. In the event that the Secretary temporarily suspends any license without a hearing, a hearing shall be <u>commenced held</u> within 30 calendar days after the suspension has begun. The suspended licensee may seek a continuance of the hearing during which the suspension shall remain in effect. The proceeding shall be concluded without appreciable delay.

(Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)

(225 ILCS 407/30-7 new)

Sec. 30-7. Department; powers and duties. The Department shall exercise the powers and duties prescribed by the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois for the administration of licensing acts and shall exercise such other powers and duties as are prescribed by this Act. The Department may contract with third parties for services necessary for the proper administration of this Act.

(225 ILCS 407/30-13 new)

Sec. 30-13. The General Professions Dedicated Fund. All of the fees, fines, and penalties collected under this Act shall be deposited into the General Professions Dedicated Fund. The monies deposited into the General Professions Dedicated Fund shall be used by the Department, as appropriated, for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department. Monies in the General Professions Dedicated Fund may be invested and reinvested, with all earnings received from investments to be deposited into that Fund and used for the same purposes as fees deposited in that Fund.

(225 ILCS 407/30-30)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 30-30. Auction Advisory Board.

- (a) There is hereby created the Auction Advisory Board. The Advisory Board shall consist of 7 members and shall be appointed by the Secretary. In making the appointments, the Secretary shall give due consideration to the recommendations by members and organizations of the industry, including but not limited to the Illinois State Auctioneers Association. Five members of the Advisory Board shall be licensed auctioneers, except that for the initial appointments, these members may be persons without a license, but who have been auctioneers for at least 5 years preceding their appointment to the Advisory Board. One member shall be a public member who represents the interests of consumers and who is not licensed under this Act or the spouse of a person licensed under this Act or who has any responsibility for management or formation of policy of or any financial interest in the auctioneering profession or any other connection with the profession. One member shall be actively engaged in the real estate industry and licensed as a broker or salesperson. The Advisory Board shall annually elect one of its members to serve as Chairperson.
- (b) Members shall be appointed for a term of 4 years, except that of the initial appointments, 3 members shall be appointed to serve a term of 3 years and 4 members shall be appointed to serve a term of 4 years. The Secretary shall fill a vacancy for the remainder of any unexpired term. Each member shall serve on the Advisory Board until his or her successor is appointed and qualified. No person shall be appointed to serve more than 2 terms, including the unexpired portion of a term due to vacancy. To the extent practicable, the Secretary shall appoint members to insure that the various geographic regions of the State are properly represented on the Advisory Board.
- (c) <u>Four A majority of the Advisory</u> Board members currently appointed shall constitute a quorum. <u>A quorum is required for all Board decisions</u> A vacancy in the membership of the Advisory Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all of the rights and perform all the duties of the Board.
- (d) Each member of the Advisory Board shall receive a per diem stipend in an amount to be determined by the Secretary. Each member shall be paid his or her necessary expenses while engaged in the performance of his or her duties.
- (e) Members of the Advisory Board shall be immune from suit in an action based upon any disciplinary proceedings or other acts performed in good faith as members of the Advisory Board.
 - (f) The Advisory Board shall meet monthly or as convened by the Department Chairperson.
- (g) The Advisory Board shall advise the Department on matters of licensing and education and make recommendations to the Department on those matters and shall hear and make recommendations to the Secretary on disciplinary matters that require a formal evidentiary hearing.
- (h) The Secretary shall give due consideration to all recommendations of the Advisory Board. (Source: P.A. 95-572, eff. 6-1-08.)
- (225 ILCS 407/10-15 rep.) (225 ILCS 407/10-25 rep.) (225 ILCS 407/15-20 rep.) (225 ILCS 407/20-45 rep.) (225 ILCS 407/20-90 rep.) (225 ILCS 407/30-15 rep.) (225 ILCS 407/30-20 rep.) (225 ILCS 407/30-25 rep.) (225 ILCS 407/30-35 rep.) (225 ILCS 407/30-40 rep.) (225 ILCS 407/30-45 rep.)

Section 25. The Auction License Act is amended by repealing Sections 10-15, 10-25, 15-20, 20-45, 20-90, 30-15, 30-20, 30-25, 30-35, 30-40 and 30-45.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The foregoing motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

SENATE BILLS ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Currie, SENATE BILL 367 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 3)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

On motion of Representative Burns, SENATE BILL 1289 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 98, Yeas; 18, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 4)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

On motion of Representative Dugan, SENATE BILL 1682 was taken up and read by title a third time. Representative Rose requested a verified roll call.

Pending discussion, Representative McCarthy moved the previous question.

The motion failed and debate resumed.

Representative Rose withdrew his request for a verified roll call.

The question then being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 71, Yeas; 30, Nays; 15, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 5)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

On motion of Representative Dugan, SENATE BILL 1905 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 92, Yeas; 23, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 6)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

ACTION ON MOTIONS

Pursuant to Rule 18(g), Representative Black moved for unanimous consent to discharge the Committee on Rules from further consideration of HOUSE RESOLUTION 92 and requested a record vote on the motion.

Representative Currie was recognized and announced her opposition to the motion.

The Chair ruled that a record vote was not necessary because the motion had already lost due to the denial of unanimous consent.

Representative Black moved to appeal from the ruling of the Chair.

On the question of sustaining the ruling of the Chair, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

65, Yeas; 48, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 7)

The ruling of the Chair is sustained unless 71 members vote in the negative.

The motion prevailed and the ruling of the Chair was sustained.

Pursuant to Rule 43(b), Representative Black moved to change the order of business and have House Bill 4571 read into the record, and requested a record vote on the motion

The question is shall the order of business be changed.

A three-fifths vote is required.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

47, Yeas; 68, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 8)

The motion lost.

Pursuant to Rule 18(g), Representative Black moved for unanimous consent to discharge the Committee on Rules from further consideration of HOUSE BILL 4569 and requested a record vote on the motion.

Representative Currie was recognized and announced her opposition to the motion.

The Chair ruled that a record vote was not necessary because the motion was already lost due to the denial of unanimous consent.

Representative Black moved to appeal from the ruling of the Chair.

On the question of sustaining the ruling of the Chair, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

66, Yeas; 48, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 9)

The ruling of the Chair is sustained unless 71 members vote in the negative.

The motion prevailed and the ruling of the Chair was sustained.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 189. Having been read by title a second time on May 21, 2009, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative Madigan offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 189, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Open Meetings Act is amended by changing Section 3 and adding Sections 1.05, 3.5, and 7.5 as follows:

(5 ILCS 120/1.05 new)

Sec. 1.05. Training. Every public body shall designate employees, officers, or members to receive training on compliance with this Act. Each public body shall submit a list of designated employees, officers, or members to the Public Access Counselor. Within 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, the designated employees, officers, and members must successfully complete an electronic training curriculum, developed and administered by the Public Access Counselor, and thereafter must successfully complete an annual training program. Thereafter, whenever a public body designates an additional employee, officer, or member to receive this training, that person must successfully complete the electronic training curriculum within 30 days after that designation.

(5 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 102, par. 43)

Sec. 3. (a) Where the provisions of this Act are not complied with, or where there is probable cause to believe that the provisions of this Act will not be complied with, any person, including the State's Attorney of the county in which such noncompliance may occur, may bring a civil action in the circuit court for the judicial circuit in which the alleged noncompliance has occurred or is about to occur, or in which the affected public body has its principal office, prior to or within 60 days of the meeting alleged to be in

violation of this Act or, if facts concerning the meeting are not discovered within the 60-day period, within 60 days of the discovery of a violation by the State's Attorney.

Records that are obtained by a State's Attorney from a public body for purposes of reviewing whether the public body has complied with this Act may not be disclosed to the public. Those records, while in the possession of the State's Attorney, are exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

- (b) In deciding such a case the court may examine in camera any portion of the minutes of a meeting at which a violation of the Act is alleged to have occurred, and may take such additional evidence as it deems necessary.
- (c) The court, having due regard for orderly administration and the public interest, as well as for the interests of the parties, may grant such relief as it deems appropriate, including granting a relief by mandamus requiring that a meeting be open to the public, granting an injunction against future violations of this Act, ordering the public body to make available to the public such portion of the minutes of a meeting as is not authorized to be kept confidential under this Act, or declaring null and void any final action taken at a closed meeting in violation of this Act.
- (d) The court may assess against any party, except a State's Attorney, reasonable attorney's fees and other litigation costs reasonably incurred by any other party who substantially prevails in any action brought in accordance with this Section, provided that costs may be assessed against any private party or parties bringing an action pursuant to this Section only upon the court's determination that the action is malicious or frivolous in nature.

(Source: P.A. 88-621, eff. 1-1-95.)

(5 ILCS 120/3.5 new)

Sec. 3.5. Public Access Counselor; opinions.

- (a) A person who believes that a violation of this Act by a public body has occurred may file a request for review with the Public Access Counselor established in the Office of the Attorney General not later than 60 days after the alleged violation. The request for review must be in writing, must be signed by the requester, and must include a summary of the facts supporting the allegation.
- (b) Upon receipt of a request for review, the Public Access Counselor shall determine whether further action is warranted. If the Public Access Counselor determines from the request for review that the alleged violation is unfounded, he or she shall so advise the requester and the public body and no further action shall be undertaken. In all other cases, the Public Access Counselor shall forward a copy of the request for review to the public body within 7 working days. The Public Access Counselor shall specify the records or other documents that the public body shall furnish to facilitate the review. Within 7 working days after receipt of the request for review, the public body shall provide copies of the records requested and shall otherwise fully cooperate with the Public Access Counselor. If a public body fails to furnish specified records pursuant to this Section, or if otherwise necessary, the Attorney General may issue a subpoena to any person or public body having knowledge of or records pertaining to an alleged violation of this Act. For purposes of conducting a thorough review, the Public Access Counselor has the same right to examine a verbatim recording of a meeting closed to the public or the minutes of a closed meeting as does a court in a civil action brought to enforce this Act.
- (c) Within 7 working days after it receives a copy of a request for review and request for production of records from the Public Access Counselor, the public body may, but is not required to, answer the allegations of the request for review. The answer may take the form of a letter, brief, or memorandum. Upon request, the public body may also furnish the Public Access Counselor with a redacted copy of the answer excluding specific references to any matters at issue. The Public Access Counselor shall forward a copy of the answer or redacted answer, if furnished, to the person submitting the request for review. The requester may, but is not required to, respond in writing to the answer within 7 working days and shall provide a copy of the response to the public body.
- (d) In addition to the request for review, and the answer and the response thereto, if any, a requester or a public body may furnish affidavits and records concerning any matter germane to the review.
- (e) Unless the Public Access Counselor extends the time by no more than 21 business days by sending written notice to the requester and public body that includes a statement of the reasons for the extension in the notice, or decides to address the matter without the issuance of a binding opinion, the Attorney General shall examine the issues and the records, shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law, and shall issue to the requester and the public body an opinion within 60 days after initiating review. The opinion shall be binding upon both the requester and the public body, subject to administrative review under Section 7.5 of this Act.

In responding to any written request under this Section 3.5, the Attorney General may exercise his or her

discretion and choose to resolve a request for review by mediation or by a means other than the issuance of a binding opinion. The decision not to issue a binding opinion shall not be reviewable.

Upon receipt of a binding opinion concluding that a violation of this Act has occurred, the public body shall either take necessary action as soon as practical to comply with the directive of the opinion or shall initiate administrative review under Section 7.5. If the opinion concludes that no violation of the Act has occurred, the requester may initiate administrative review under Section 7.5.

- (f) If the requester files suit under Section 3 with respect to the same alleged violation that is the subject of a pending request for review, the requester shall notify the Public Access Counselor, and the Public Access Counselor shall take no further action with respect to the request for review and shall so notify the public body.
- (g) Records that are obtained by the Public Access Counselor from a public body for purposes of addressing a request for review under this Section 3.5 may not be disclosed to the public, including the requester, by the Public Access Counselor. Those records, while in the possession of the Public Access Counselor, shall be exempt from disclosure by the Public Access Counselor under the Freedom of Information Act.
- (h) The Attorney General may also issue advisory opinions to public bodies regarding compliance with this Act. A review may be initiated upon receipt of a written request from the head of the public body or its attorney. The request must contain sufficient accurate facts from which a determination can be made. The Public Access Counselor may request additional information from the public body in order to facilitate the review. A public body that relies in good faith on an advisory opinion of the Attorney General in complying with the requirements of this Act is not liable for penalties under this Act, so long as the facts upon which the opinion is based have been fully and fairly disclosed to the Public Access Counselor.

(5 ILCS 120/7.5 new)

Sec. 7.5. Administrative review. A binding opinion issued by the Attorney General shall be considered a final decision of an administrative agency, for purposes of administrative review under the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/Art. III). An action for administrative review of a binding opinion of the Attorney General shall be commenced in Cook or Sangamon County. An advisory opinion issued to a public body shall not be considered a final decision of the Attorney General for purposes of this Section.

Section 10. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by changing Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, and 11 and by adding Sections 1.2, 2.5, 2.10, 2.15, 2.20, 3.1, 3.3, 3.5, 7.5, 9.5, and 11.5 as follows:

(5 ILCS 140/1) (from Ch. 116, par. 201)

Sec. 1. Pursuant to the fundamental philosophy of the American constitutional form of government, it is declared to be the public policy of the State of Illinois that all persons are entitled to full and complete information regarding the affairs of government and the official acts and policies of those who represent them as public officials and public employees consistent with the terms of this Act. Such access is necessary to enable the people to fulfill their duties of discussing public issues fully and freely, making informed political judgments and monitoring government to ensure that it is being conducted in the public interest.

The General Assembly hereby declares that it is the public policy of the State of Illinois that access by all persons to public records promotes the transparency and accountability of public bodies at all levels of government. It is a fundamental obligation of government to operate openly and provide public records as expediently and efficiently as possible in compliance with this Act.

This Act is not intended to <u>cause an unwarranted invasion of personal</u> <u>be used to violate individual</u> privacy, nor <u>to allow the requests of for the purpose of furthering</u> a commercial enterprise <u>to unduly burden public resources</u>, or to disrupt the duly-undertaken work of any public body independent of the fulfillment of any of the fore-mentioned rights of the people to access to information.

This Act is not intended to create an obligation on the part of any public body to maintain or prepare any public record which was not maintained or prepared by such public body at the time when this Act becomes effective, except as otherwise required by applicable local, State or federal law.

Restraints These restraints on access to information, to the extent permitted by this Act, are access should be seen as limited exceptions to the principle general rule that the people of this State have a right to full disclosure of information relating to know the decisions, policies, procedures, rules, standards, and other aspects of government activity that affect the conduct of government and the lives of any or all of the people. The provisions of this Act shall be construed in accordance with this principle to this end. This Act shall be construed to require disclosure of requested information as expediently and efficiently as possible and adherence to the deadlines established in this Act.

The General Assembly recognizes that this Act imposes fiscal obligations on public bodies to provide

adequate staff and equipment to comply with its requirements. The General Assembly declares that providing records in compliance with the requirements of this Act is a primary duty of public bodies to the people of this State, and this Act should be construed to this end, fiscal obligations notwithstanding.

The General Assembly further recognizes that technology may advance at a rate that outpaces its ability to address those advances legislatively. To the extent that this Act may not expressly apply to those technological advances, this Act should nonetheless be interpreted to further the declared policy of this Act that public records shall be made available upon request except when denial of access furthers the public policy underlying a specific exemption.

This Act shall be the exclusive State statute on freedom of information, except to the extent that other State statutes might create additional restrictions on disclosure of information or other laws in Illinois might create additional obligations for disclosure of information to the public.

(Source: P.A. 83-1013.)

(5 ILCS 140/1.2 new)

Sec. 1.2. Presumption. All records in the custody or possession of a public body are presumed to be open to inspection or copying. Any public body that asserts that a record is exempt from disclosure has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that it is exempt.

(5 ILCS 140/2) (from Ch. 116, par. 202)

Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act:

- (a) "Public body" means <u>all</u> any legislative, executive, administrative, or advisory bodies of the State, state universities and colleges, counties, townships, cities, villages, incorporated towns, school districts and all other municipal corporations, boards, bureaus, committees, or commissions of this State, any subsidiary bodies of any of the foregoing including but not limited to committees and subcommittees <u>thereof</u> which are supported in whole or in part by tax revenue, or which expend tax revenue, and a School Finance Authority created under Article 1E of the School Code. "Public body" does not include a child death review team or the Illinois Child Death Review Teams Executive Council established under the Child Death Review Team Act.
- (b) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, firm, organization or association, acting individually or as a group.
- (c) "Public records" means all records, reports, forms, writings, letters, memoranda, books, papers, maps, photographs, microfilms, cards, tapes, recordings, electronic data processing records, electronic communications, recorded information and all other documentary materials pertaining to the transaction of public business, regardless of physical form or characteristics, having been prepared by or for, or having been or being used by, received by, in the possession of, possessed or under the control of any public body.
- (c-5) "Private information" means unique identifiers, including a person's social security number, driver's license number, employee identification number, biometric identifiers, personal financial information, passwords or other access codes, medical records, home or personal telephone numbers, and personal email addresses. Private information also includes home address and personal license plates, except as otherwise provided by law or when compiled without possibility of attribution to any person.
- (c-10) "Commercial purpose" means the use of any part of a public record or records, or information derived from public records, in any form for sale, resale, or solicitation or advertisement for sales or services. For purposes of this definition, requests made by news media and non-profit, scientific, or academic organizations shall not be considered to be made for a "commercial purpose" when the principal purpose of the request is (i) to access and disseminate information concerning news and current or passing events, (ii) for articles of opinion or features of interest to the public, or (iii) for the purpose of academic, scientific, or public research or education. "Public records" includes, but is expressly not limited to: (i) administrative manuals, procedural rules, and instructions to staff, unless exempted by Section 7(p) of this Act; (ii) final opinions and orders made in the adjudication of cases, except an educational institution's adjudication of student or employee grievance or disciplinary cases; (iii) substantive rules; (iv) statements and interpretations of policy which have been adopted by a public body; (v) final planning policies, recommendations, and decisions; (vi) factual reports, inspection reports, and studies whether prepared by or for the public body; (vii) all information in any account, voucher, or contract dealing with the receipt or expenditure of public or other funds of public bodies; (viii) the names, salaries, titles, and dates of employment of all employees and officers of public bodies; (ix) materials containing opinions concerning the rights of the state, the public, a subdivision of state or a local government, or of any private persons; (x) the name of every official and the final records of voting in all proceedings of public bodies; (xi) applications for any contract, permit, grant, or agreement except as exempted from disclosure by subsection (g) of Section 7 of this Act; (xii) each report, document, study, or publication prepared by independent

consultants or other independent contractors for the public body; (xiii) all other information required by law to be made available for public inspection or copying; (xiv) information relating to any grant or contract made by or between a public body and another public body or private organization; (xv) waiver documents filed with the State Superintendent of Education or the president of the University of Illinois under Section 30-12.5 of the School Code, concerning nominees for General Assembly scholarships under Sections 30-9, 30-10, and 30-11 of the School Code; (xvi) complaints, results of complaints, and Department of Children and Family Services staff findings of licensing violations at day care facilities, provided that personal and identifying information is not released; and (xvii) records, reports, forms, writings, letters, memoranda, books, papers, and other documentary information, regardless of physical form or characteristics, having been prepared, or having been or being used, received, possessed, or under the control of the Illinois Sports Facilities Authority dealing with the receipt or expenditure of public funds or other funds of the Authority in connection with the reconstruction, renovation, remodeling, extension, or improvement of all or substantially all of an existing "facility" as that term is defined in the Illinois Sports Facilities Authority Act.

- (d) "Copying" means the reproduction of any public record by means of any photographic, electronic, mechanical or other process, device or means now known or hereafter developed and available to the public body.
- (e) "Head of the public body" means the president, mayor, chairman, presiding officer, director, superintendent, manager, supervisor or individual otherwise holding primary executive and administrative authority for the public body, or such person's duly authorized designee.
- (f) "News media" means a newspaper or other periodical issued at regular intervals whether in print or electronic format, a news service whether in print or electronic format, a radio station, a television station, a television network, a community antenna television service, or a person or corporation engaged in making news reels or other motion picture news for public showing.

(Source: P.A. 91-935, eff. 6-1-01; 92-335, eff. 8-10-01; 92-468, eff. 8-22-01; 92-547, eff. 6-13-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)

(5 ILCS 140/2.5 new)

Sec. 2.5. Records of funds. All records relating to the obligation, receipt, and use of public funds of the State, units of local government, and school districts are public records subject to inspection and copying by the public.

(5 ILCS 140/2.10 new)

Sec. 2.10. Payrolls. Certified payroll records submitted to a public body under Section 5(a)(2) of the Prevailing Wage Act are public records subject to inspection and copying in accordance with the provisions of this Act; except that contractors' employees' addresses, telephone numbers, and social security numbers must be redacted by the public body prior to disclosure.

(5 ILCS 140/2.15 new)

Sec. 2.15. Arrest reports and criminal history records.

- (a) Arrest reports. The following chronologically maintained arrest and criminal history information maintained by State or local criminal justice agencies shall be furnished as soon as practical, but in no event later than 72 hours after the arrest, notwithstanding the time limits otherwise provided for in Section 3 of this Act: (i) information that identifies the individual, including the name, age, address, and photograph, when and if available; (ii) information detailing any charges relating to the arrest; (iii) the time and location of the arrest; (iv) the name of the investigating or arresting law enforcement agency; (v) if the individual is incarcerated, the amount of any bail or bond; and (vi) if the individual is incarcerated, the time and date that the individual was received into, discharged from, or transferred from the arresting agency's custody.
- (b) Criminal history records. The following documents maintained by a public body pertaining to criminal history record information are public records subject to inspection and copying by the public pursuant to this Act: (i) court records that are public; (ii) records that are otherwise available under State or local law; and (iii) records in which the requesting party is the individual identified, except as provided under Section 7(1)(d)(vi).
- (c) Information described in items (iii) through (vi) of subsection (a) may be withheld if it is determined that disclosure would: (i) interfere with pending or actually and reasonably contemplated law enforcement proceedings conducted by any law enforcement agency; (ii) endanger the life or physical safety of law enforcement or correctional personnel or any other person; or (iii) compromise the security of any correctional facility.
- (d) The provisions of this Section do not supersede the confidentiality provisions for arrest records of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(5 ILCS 140/2.20 new)

- Sec. 2.20. Settlement agreements. All settlement agreements entered into by or on behalf of a public body are public records subject to inspection and copying by the public, provided that information exempt from disclosure under Section 7 of this Act may be redacted.
 - (5 ILCS 140/3) (from Ch. 116, par. 203)
- Sec. 3. (a) Each public body shall make available to any person for inspection or copying all public records, except as otherwise provided in Section 7 of this Act. Notwithstanding any other law, a public body may not grant to any person or entity, whether by contract, license, or otherwise, the exclusive right to access and disseminate any public record as defined in this Act.
- (b) Subject to the fee provisions of Section 6 of this Act, each public body shall promptly provide, to any person who submits a written request, a copy of any public record required to be disclosed by subsection (a) of this Section and shall certify such copy if so requested.
- (c) Requests for inspection or copies shall be made in writing and directed to the public body. Written requests may be submitted to a public body via personal delivery, mail, telefax, or other means available to the public body. A public body may honor oral requests for inspection or copying. A public body may not require that a request be submitted on a standard form or require the requester to specify the purpose for a request, except to determine whether the records are requested for a commercial purpose or whether to grant a request for a fee waiver. All requests for inspection and copying received by a public body shall immediately be forwarded to its Freedom of Information officer or designee.
- (d) (e) Each public body shall, promptly, either comply with or deny a written request for public records within 5 business 7 working days after its receipt of the request, unless the time for response is properly extended under subsection (e) of this Section. Denial shall be in writing by letter as provided in Section 9 of this Act. Failure to comply with respond to a written request, extend the time for response, or deny a request within 5 business days 7 working days after its receipt shall be considered a denial of the request. A public body that fails to respond to a request within the requisite periods in this Section but thereafter provides the requester with copies of the requested public records may not impose a fee for such copies. A public body that fails to respond to a request received may not treat the request as unduly burdensome under subsection (g).
- (e) (d) The time for response under limits prescribed in paragraph (e) of this Section may be extended by the public body in each case for not more than 5 business 7 additional working days from the original due date for any of the following reasons:
 - (i) the requested records are stored in whole or in part at other locations than the office having charge of the requested records;
 - (ii) the request requires the collection of a substantial number of specified records;
 - (iii) the request is couched in categorical terms and requires an extensive search for the records responsive to it;
 - (iv) the requested records have not been located in the course of routine search and additional efforts are being made to locate them;
 - (v) the requested records require examination and evaluation by personnel having the necessary competence and discretion to determine if they are exempt from disclosure under Section 7 of this Act or should be revealed only with appropriate deletions;
 - (vi) the request for records cannot be complied with by the public body within the time limits prescribed by paragraph (c) of this Section without unduly burdening or interfering with the operations of the public body;
 - (vii) there is a need for consultation, which shall be conducted with all practicable speed, with another public body or among two or more components of a public body having a substantial interest in the determination or in the subject matter of the request.

The person making a request and the public body may agree in writing to extend the time for compliance for a period to be determined by the parties. If the requester and the public body agree to extend the period for compliance, a failure by the public body to comply with any previous deadlines shall not be treated as a denial of the request for the records.

(f) (e) When additional time is required for any of the above reasons, the public body shall within 5 business days after receipt of the request, notify by letter the person making the written request within the time limits specified by paragraph (c) of this Section of the reasons for the extension delay and the date by which the response records will be made available or denial will be forthcoming. Failure to respond within the time permitted for extension shall be considered a denial of the request. A public body that fails to respond to a request within the time permitted for extension but thereafter provides the requester with

copies of the requested public records may not impose a fee for those copies. A public body that requests an extension and subsequently fails to respond to the request may not treat the request as unduly burdensome under subsection (g). In no instance, may the delay in processing last longer than 7 working days. A failure to render a decision within 7 working days shall be considered a denial of the request.

(g) (f) Requests calling for all records falling within a category shall be complied with unless compliance with the request would be unduly burdensome for the complying public body and there is no way to narrow the request and the burden on the public body outweighs the public interest in the information. Before invoking this exemption, the public body shall extend to the person making the request an opportunity to confer with it in an attempt to reduce the request to manageable proportions. If any body responds to a categorical request by stating that compliance would unduly burden its operation and the conditions described above are met, it shall do so in writing, specifying the reasons why it would be unduly burdensome and the extent to which compliance will so burden the operations of the public body. Such a response shall be treated as a denial of the request for information.

Repeated requests <u>from the same person for the same records that are unchanged or identical to records previously provided or properly denied under this Act</u> for the same public records by the same person shall be deemed unduly burdensome under this provision.

- (h) (g) Each public body may promulgate rules and regulations in conformity with the provisions of this Section pertaining to the availability of records and procedures to be followed, including:
 - (i) the times and places where such records will be made available, and
 - (ii) the persons from whom such records may be obtained.
- (i) The time periods for compliance or denial of a request to inspect or copy records set out in this Section shall not apply to requests for records made for a commercial purpose. Such requests shall be subject to the provisions of Section 3.1 of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 90-206, eff. 7-25-97.)

(5 ILCS 140/3.1 new)

Sec. 3.1. Requests for commercial purposes.

- (a) A public body shall respond to a request for records to be used for a commercial purpose within 21 working days after receipt. The response shall (i) provide to the requester an estimate of the time required by the public body to provide the records requested and an estimate of the fees to be charged, which the public body may require the person to pay in full before copying the requested documents, (ii) deny the request pursuant to one or more of the exemptions set out in this Act, (iii) notify the requester that the request is unduly burdensome and extend an opportunity to the requester to attempt to reduce the request to manageable proportions, or (iv) provide the records requested.
- (b) Unless the records are exempt from disclosure, a public body shall comply with a request within a reasonable period considering the size and complexity of the request, and giving priority to records requested for non-commercial purposes.
- (c) It is a violation of this Act for a person to knowingly obtain a public record for a commercial purpose without disclosing that it is for a commercial purpose, if requested to do so by the public body.

(5 ILCS 140/3.3 new)

Sec. 3.3. This Act is not intended to compel public bodies to interpret or advise requesters as to the meaning or significance of the public records.

(5 ILCS 140/3.5 new)

Sec. 3.5. Freedom of Information officers.

(a) Each public body shall designate one or more officials or employees to act as its Freedom of Information officer or officers. Except in instances when records are furnished immediately, Freedom of Information officers, or their designees, shall receive requests submitted to the public body under this Act, ensure that the public body responds to requests in a timely fashion, and issue responses under this Act. Freedom of Information officers shall develop a list of documents or categories of records that the public body shall immediately disclose upon request.

Upon receiving a request for a public record, the Freedom of Information officer shall:

- (1) note the date the public body receives the written request;
- (2) compute the day on which the period for response will expire and make a notation of that date on the written request;
- (3) maintain an electronic or paper copy of a written request, including all documents submitted with the request until the request has been complied with or denied; and
- (4) create a file for the retention of the original request, a copy of the response, a record of written communications with the requester, and a copy of other communications.

(b) All Freedom of Information officers shall, within 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, successfully complete an electronic training curriculum to be developed by the Public Access Counselor and thereafter successfully complete an annual training program. Thereafter, whenever a new Freedom of Information officer is designated by a public body, that person shall successfully complete the electronic training curriculum within 30 days after assuming the position. Successful completion of the required training curriculum within the periods provided shall be a prerequisite to continue serving as a Freedom of Information officer.

(5 ILCS 140/4) (from Ch. 116, par. 204)

- Sec. 4. Each public body shall prominently display at each of its administrative or regional offices, make available for inspection and copying, and send through the mail if requested, each of the following:
- (a) A brief description of itself, which will include, but not be limited to, a short summary of its purpose, a block diagram giving its functional subdivisions, the total amount of its operating budget, the number and location of all of its separate offices, the approximate number of full and part-time employees, and the identification and membership of any board, commission, committee, or council which operates in an advisory capacity relative to the operation of the public body, or which exercises control over its policies or procedures, or to which the public body is required to report and be answerable for its operations; and
- (b) A brief description of the methods whereby the public may request information and public records, a directory designating the Freedom of Information officer or officers, the address where by titles and addresses those employees to whom requests for public records should be directed, and any fees allowable under Section 6 of this Act.
- (c) A public body that maintains a website shall also post this information on its website. (Source: P.A. 83-1013.)

(5 ILCS 140/6) (from Ch. 116, par. 206)

Sec. 6. Authority to charge fees.

- (a) When a person requests a copy of a record maintained in an electronic format, the public body shall furnish it in the electronic format specified by the requester, if feasible. If it is not feasible to furnish the public records in the specified electronic format, then the public body shall furnish it in the format in which it is maintained by the public body, or in paper format at the option of the requester. A public body may charge the requester for the actual cost of purchasing the recording medium, whether disc, diskette, tape, or other medium. A public body may not charge the requester for the costs of any search for and review of the records or other personnel costs associated with reproducing the records. Except to the extent that the General Assembly expressly provides, statutory fees applicable to copies of public records when furnished in a paper format shall not be applicable to those records when furnished in an electronic format.
- (b) (a) Except when a fee is otherwise fixed by statute, each Each public body may charge fees reasonably calculated to reimburse its actual cost for reproducing and certifying public records and for the use, by any person, of the equipment of the public body to copy records . No fees shall be charged for the first 50 pages of black and white, letter or legal sized copies requested by a requester. The fee for black and white, letter or legal sized copies shall not exceed 15 cents per page. If a public body provides copies in color or in a size other than letter or legal, the public body may not charge more than its actual cost for reproducing the records. In calculating its actual cost for reproducing records or for the use of the equipment of the public body to reproduce records, a public body shall not include Such fees shall exclude the costs of any search for and review of the records or other personnel costs associated with reproducing the records record, and shall not exceed the actual cost of reproduction and certification, unless otherwise provided by State statute. Such fees shall be imposed according to a standard scale of fees, established and made public by the body imposing them. The cost for certifying a record shall not exceed \$1.
- (c) (b) Documents shall be furnished without charge or at a reduced charge, as determined by the public body, if the person requesting the documents states the specific purpose for the request and indicates that a waiver or reduction of the fee is in the public interest. Waiver or reduction of the fee is in the public interest if the principal purpose of the request is to access and disseminate information regarding the health, safety and welfare or the legal rights of the general public and is not for the principal purpose of personal or commercial benefit. For purposes of this subsection, "commercial benefit" shall not apply to requests made by news media when the principal purpose of the request is to access and disseminate information regarding the health, safety, and welfare or the legal rights of the general public. In setting the amount of the waiver or reduction, the public body may take into consideration the amount of materials requested and the cost of copying them.
- (d) (e) The purposeful imposition of a fee not consistent with subsections (6)(a) and (b) of this Act constitutes shall be considered a denial of access to public records for the purposes of judicial review.

(d) The fee for <u>each</u> an abstract of a driver's record shall be as provided in Section 6-118 of "The Illinois Vehicle Code", approved September 29, 1969, as amended , <u>whether furnished as a paper copy or as an electronic copy.</u>

(Source: P.A. 90-144, eff. 7-23-97.)

(5 ILCS 140/7) (from Ch. 116, par. 207)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-988)

Sec. 7. Exemptions.

- (1) When a request is made to inspect or copy a public record that contains information that is exempt from disclosure under this Section, but also contains information that is not exempt from disclosure, the public body may elect to redact the information that is exempt. The public body shall make the remaining information available for inspection and copying. Subject to this requirement, the The following shall be exempt from inspection and copying:
 - (a) Information specifically prohibited from disclosure by federal or State law or rules and regulations <u>implementing</u> adopted under federal or State law.
- (b) Private information, unless disclosure is required by another provision of this Act, a State or federal law or a court order.
- (c) Personal information contained within public records, the disclosure of which (b) Information that, if disclosed, would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, unless the disclosure is consented to in writing by the individual subjects of the information. "Unwarranted invasion of personal privacy" means the disclosure of information that is highly personal or objectionable to a reasonable person and in which the subject's right to privacy outweighs any legitimate

objectionable to a reasonable person and in which the subject's right to privacy outweighs any legitimate public interest in obtaining the information. The disclosure of information that bears on the public duties of public employees and officials shall not be considered an invasion of personal privacy. Information exampled under this subsection (b) shall include but is not limited to:

exempted under this subsection (b) shall include but is not limited to:

- (i) files and personal information maintained with respect to clients, patients, residents, students or other individuals receiving social, medical, educational, vocational, financial, supervisory or custodial care or services directly or indirectly from federal agencies or public bodies;
- (ii) personnel files and personal information maintained with respect to employees, appointees or elected officials of any public body or applicants for those positions;
- (iii) files and personal information maintained with respect to any applicant, registrant or licensee by any public body cooperating with or engaged in professional or occupational registration, licensure or discipline;
- (iv) information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax unless disclosure is otherwise required by State statute;
- (v) information revealing the identity of persons who file complaints with or provide information to administrative, investigative, law enforcement or penal agencies; provided, however, that identification of witnesses to traffic accidents, traffic accident reports, and rescue reports may be provided by agencies of local government, except in a case for which a criminal investigation is ongoing, without constituting a clearly unwarranted per se invasion of personal privacy under this subsection;
- (vi) the names, addresses, or other personal information of participants and registrants in park district, forest preserve district, and conservation district programs; and
- (vii) the Notarial Record or other medium containing the thumbprint or fingerprint required by Section 3 102(c)(6) of the Illinois Notary Public Act.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}$ (e) Records in the possession of compiled by any public body created in the course of for administrative enforcement proceedings, and any law

enforcement or correctional agency for law enforcement purposes, or for internal matters of a public body, but only to the extent that disclosure would:

- (i) interfere with pending or actually and reasonably contemplated law enforcement proceedings conducted by any law enforcement or correctional agency that is the recipient of the request;
- (ii) interfere with $\underline{\text{active}}$ pending administrative enforcement proceedings conducted by $\underline{\text{the}}$ any public

body that is the recipient of the request;

- (iii) <u>create a substantial likelihood that</u> <u>deprive</u> a person <u>will be deprived</u> of a fair trial or an impartial hearing;
- (iv) unavoidably disclose the identity of <u>a confidential source</u>, <u>confidential information furnished</u> only by the confidential source, or persons who file complaints with or provide information to

administrative, investigative, law enforcement, or penal agencies; except that the identities of witnesses to traffic accidents, traffic accident reports, and rescue reports shall be provided by agencies of local government, except when disclosure would interfere with an active criminal investigation conducted by the agency that is the recipient of the request a confidential source or confidential information furnished only by the confidential source;

- (v) disclose unique or specialized investigative techniques other than those generally used and known or disclose internal documents of correctional agencies related to detection, observation or investigation of incidents of crime or misconduct, and disclosure would result in demonstrable harm to the agency or public body that is the recipient of the request;
 - (vi) constitute an invasion of personal privacy under subsection (b) of this Section;
 - (vi) (vii) endanger the life or physical safety of law enforcement personnel or any other person; or
- (vii) (viii) obstruct an ongoing criminal investigation by the agency that is the recipient of the request.
- (d) Criminal history record information maintained by State or local criminal justice agencies, except the following which shall be open for public inspection and copying:
 - (i) chronologically maintained arrest information, such as traditional arrest logs or blotters;
- (ii) the name of a person in the custody of a law enforcement agency and the charges for which that person is being held;
 - (iii) court records that are public;
 - (iv) records that are otherwise available under State or local law; or
- (v) records in which the requesting party is the individual identified, except as provided under part (vii) of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this Section.

"Criminal history record information" means data identifiable to an individual and consisting of descriptions or notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, informations, pre trial proceedings, trials, or other formal events in the criminal justice system or descriptions or notations of criminal charges (including criminal violations of local municipal ordinances) and the nature of any disposition arising therefrom, including sentencing, court or correctional supervision, rehabilitation and release. The term does not apply to statistical records and reports in which individuals are not identified and from which their identities are not ascertainable, or to information that is for criminal investigative or intelligence purposes.

- (e) Records that relate to or affect the security of correctional institutions and detention facilities.
- (f) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, memoranda and other records in which opinions are expressed, or policies or actions are formulated, except that a specific record or relevant portion of a record shall not be exempt when the record is publicly cited and identified by the head of the public body. The exemption provided in this paragraph (f) extends to all those records of officers and agencies of the General Assembly that pertain to the preparation of legislative documents.
- (g) Trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person or business where the trade secrets or <u>commercial or financial</u> information <u>are furnished under a claim that they</u> are proprietary, privileged or confidential, <u>and that or where</u> disclosure of the trade secrets or <u>commercial or financial</u> information <u>would may</u> cause competitive harm to the person or business, and only insofar as the claim directly applies to the records requested. , <u>including:</u>
- (i) All information determined to be confidential under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and Development Act.
 - (i) (ii) All trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained by a public body, including a public pension fund, from a private equity fund or a privately held company within the investment portfolio of a private equity fund as a result of either investing or evaluating a potential investment of public funds in a private equity fund. The exemption contained in this item does not apply to the aggregate financial performance information of a private equity fund, nor to the identity of the fund's managers or general partners. The exemption contained in this item does not apply to the identity of a privately held company within the investment portfolio of a private equity fund, unless the disclosure of the identity of a privately held company may cause competitive harm.

Nothing contained in this paragraph (g) shall be construed to prevent a person or business from consenting to disclosure.

(h) Proposals and bids for any contract, grant, or agreement, including information which if it were disclosed would frustrate procurement or give an advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contractor agreement with the body, until an award or final selection is made. Information

prepared by or for the body in preparation of a bid solicitation shall be exempt until an award or final selection is made.

- (i) Valuable formulae, computer geographic systems, designs, drawings and research data obtained or produced by any public body when disclosure could reasonably be expected to produce private gain or public loss. The exemption for "computer geographic systems" provided in this paragraph (i) does not extend to requests made by news media as defined in Section 2 of this Act when the requested information is not otherwise exempt and the only purpose of the request is to access and disseminate information regarding the health, safety, welfare, or legal rights of the general public.
 - (j) The following information pertaining to educational matters:
 - (i) test Test questions, scoring keys and other examination data used to administer an academic examination; or determined the qualifications of an applicant for a license or employment.
- (ii) information received by a primary or secondary school, college, or university under its procedures for the evaluation of faculty members by their academic peers;
- (iii) information concerning a school or university's adjudication of student disciplinary cases, but only to the extent that disclosure would unavoidably reveal the identity of the student; and
 - (iv) course materials or research materials used by faculty members.
 - (k) Architects' plans, engineers' technical submissions, and other construction related technical documents for projects not constructed or developed in whole or in part with public funds and the same for projects constructed or developed with public funds, including but not limited to power generating and distribution stations and other transmission and distribution facilities, water treatment facilities, airport facilities, sport stadiums, convention centers, and all government owned, operated, or occupied buildings, but only to the extent that disclosure would compromise security , including but not limited to water treatment facilities, airport facilities, sport stadiums, convention centers, and all government owned, operated, or occupied buildings.
 - (1) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials.
 - (1) (m) Minutes of meetings of public bodies closed to the public as provided in the Open Meetings Act until the public body makes the minutes available to the public under Section 2.06 of the Open Meetings Act.
 - (m) (n) Communications between a public body and an attorney or auditor representing the public body that would not be subject to discovery in litigation, and materials prepared or compiled by or for a public body in anticipation of a criminal, civil or administrative proceeding upon the request of an attorney advising the public body, and materials prepared or compiled with respect to internal audits of public bodies.
- (n) (o) Records relating to a public body's adjudication of employee grievances or disciplinary cases; however, this exemption shall not extend to the final outcome of cases in which discipline is imposed Information received by a primary or secondary school, college or university under its procedures for the evaluation of faculty members by their academic peers.
 - (o) (p) Administrative or technical information associated with automated data processing operations, including but not limited to software, operating protocols, computer program abstracts, file layouts, source listings, object modules, load modules, user guides, documentation pertaining to all logical and physical design of computerized systems, employee manuals, and any other information that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security of the system or its data or the security of materials exempt under this Section.
- (p) (q) Records Documents or materials relating to collective negotiating matters between public bodies and their employees
 - or representatives, except that any final contract or agreement shall be subject to inspection and copying.
- (q) (r) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to determine the qualifications of an applicant for a license or employment. Drafts, notes, recommendations and memoranda pertaining to the financing and marketing transactions of the public body. The records of ownership, registration, transfer, and exchange of municipal debt obligations, and of persons to whom payment with respect to these obligations is made.
 - (r) (s) The records, documents and information relating to real estate purchase negotiations until those negotiations have been completed or otherwise terminated. With regard to a parcel involved in a pending or actually and reasonably contemplated eminent domain proceeding under the Eminent Domain Act, records, documents and information relating to that parcel shall be exempt except as may be allowed under discovery rules adopted by the Illinois Supreme Court. The records, documents and information relating to a real estate sale shall be exempt until a sale is consummated.

- (s) (t) Any and all proprietary information and records related to the operation of an intergovernmental risk management association or self-insurance pool or jointly self-administered health and accident cooperative or pool. <u>Insurance or self insurance (including any intergovernmental risk management association or self insurance pool) claims, loss or risk management information, records, data, advice or communications.</u>
- (u) Information concerning a university's adjudication of student or employee grievance or disciplinary cases, to the extent that disclosure would reveal the identity of the student or employee and information concerning any public body's adjudication of student or employee grievances or disciplinary cases, except for the final outcome of the cases.
 - (v) Course materials or research materials used by faculty members.
 - (w) Information related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of a public body.
 - (t) (x) Information contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of a public body responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions or insurance companies, unless disclosure is otherwise required by State law.
 - (y) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
- (z) Manuals or instruction to staff that relate to establishment or collection of liability for any State tax or that relate to investigations by a public body to determine violation of any criminal law.
- (aa) Applications, related documents, and medical records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it has received.
- (bb) Insurance or self insurance (including any intergovernmental risk management association or self insurance pool) claims, loss or risk management information, records, data, advice or communications.
- (cc) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.
- (dd) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
- (ee) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.
- (ff) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi State Transit Safety Act.
- (gg) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
- (hh) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.
- (u) (ii) Information Beginning July 1, 1999, information that would disclose or might lead to the disclosure of secret or confidential
 - information, codes, algorithms, programs, or private keys intended to be used to create electronic or digital signatures under the Electronic Commerce Security Act.
- (jj) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (kk) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by wireless carriers under the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act.
 - (v) (II) Vulnerability assessments, security measures, and response policies or plans that are designed to identify, prevent, or respond to potential attacks upon a community's population or systems, facilities, or installations, the destruction or contamination of which would constitute a clear and present danger to the health or safety of the community, but only to the extent that disclosure could reasonably be expected to jeopardize the effectiveness of the measures or the safety of the personnel who implement them or the public. Information exempt under this item may include such things as details pertaining to the mobilization or deployment of personnel or equipment, to the operation of communication systems or protocols, or to tactical operations.
 - (x) (mm) Maps and other records regarding the location or security of generation, transmission, distribution, storage, gathering, treatment, or switching facilities owned by a utility, by a power generator, or by the Illinois Power Agency.

- (nn) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11 212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (oo) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.
- (pp) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
- (qq) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (qq) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
 - (y) (rr) Information contained in or related to proposals, bids, or negotiations related to electric power procurement under Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act and Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act that is determined to be confidential and proprietary by the Illinois Power Agency or by the Illinois Commerce Commission.
- (ss) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
- (2) A public record that is not in the possession of a public body but is in the possession of a party with whom the agency has contracted to perform a governmental function on behalf of the public body, and that directly relates to the governmental function and is not otherwise exempt under this Act, shall be considered a public record of the public body, for purposes of this Act.
- (3) (2) This Section does not authorize withholding of information or limit the availability of records to the public, except as stated in this Section or otherwise provided in this Act.
- (Source: P.A. 94-280, eff. 1-1-06; 94-508, eff. 1-1-06; 94-664, eff. 1-1-06; 94-931, eff. 6-26-06; 94-953, eff. 6-27-06; 94-1055, eff. 1-1-07; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-481, eff. 8-28-07; 95-941, eff. 8-29-08; 95-988, eff. 6-1-09; revised 10-20-08.)
 - (5 ILCS 140/7.5 new)
- Sec. 7.5. Statutory Exemptions. To the extent provided for by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt from inspection and copying:
- (a) All information determined to be confidential under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and Development Act.
- (b) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials under the Library Records Confidentiality Act.
- (c) Applications, related documents, and medical records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it has received.
- (d) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.
- (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
- (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.
- (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
- (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.
- (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by wireless carriers under the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act.
- (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (1) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death

review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.

- (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
- (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
- (o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
- (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act.
 - (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Records Review Act.
 - (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.
 - (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
 - (5 ILCS 140/9) (from Ch. 116, par. 209)
- Sec. 9. (a) Each public body or head of a public body denying a request for public records shall notify the requester in writing by letter the person making the request of the decision to deny the request such, the reasons for the denial, including a detailed factual basis for the application of any exemption claimed, and the names and titles or positions of each person responsible for the denial. Each notice of denial by a public body shall also inform such person of the his right to review by the Public Access Counselor and provide the address and phone number for the Public Access Counselor appeal to the head of the public body. Each notice of denial of an appeal by the head of a public body shall inform such person of his right to judicial review under Section 11 of this Act.
- (b) When a request for public records is denied on the grounds that the records are exempt under Section 7 of this Act, the notice of denial shall specify the exemption claimed to authorize the denial and the specific reasons for the denial, including a detailed factual basis and a citation to supporting legal authority. Copies of all notices of denial shall be retained by each public body in a single central office file that is open to the public and indexed according to the type of exemption asserted and, to the extent feasible, according to the types of records requested.
- (c) Any person making a request for public records shall be deemed to have exhausted his or her administrative remedies with respect to that request if the public body fails to act within the time periods provided in Section 3 of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 83-1013.)

(5 ILCS 140/9.5 new)

Sec. 9.5. Public Access Counselor; opinions.

- (a) A person whose request to inspect or copy a public record is denied by a public body, except the General Assembly and committees, commissions, and agencies thereof, may file a request for review with the Public Access Counselor established in the Office of the Attorney General not later than 60 days after the date of the final denial. The request for review must be in writing, signed by the requester, and include (i) a copy of the request for access to records and (ii) any responses from the public body.
- (b) A public body that receives a request for records, and asserts that the records are exempt under subsection (1)(c) or (1)(f) of Section 7 of this Act, shall, within the time periods provided for responding to a request, provide written notice to the requester and the Public Access Counselor of its intent to deny the request in whole or in part. The notice shall include: (i) a copy of the request for access to records; (ii) the proposed response from the public body; and (iii) a detailed summary of the public body's basis for asserting the exemption. Upon receipt of a notice of intent to deny from a public body, the Public Access Counselor shall determine whether further inquiry is warranted. Within 5 working days after receipt of the notice of intent to deny, the Public Access Counselor shall notify the public body and the requester whether further inquiry is warranted. If the Public Access Counselor determines that further inquiry is warranted, the procedures set out in this Section regarding the review of denials, including the production of documents, shall also be applicable to the inquiry and resolution of a notice of intent to deny from a public body. Times for response or compliance by the public body under Section 3 of this Act shall be tolled until the Public Access Counselor concludes his or her inquiry.
- (c) Upon receipt of a request for review, the Public Access Counselor shall determine whether further action is warranted. If the Public Access Counselor determines that the alleged violation is unfounded, he

or she shall so advise the requester and the public body and no further action shall be undertaken. In all other cases, the Public Access Counselor shall forward a copy of the request for review to the public body within 7 working days after receipt and shall specify the records or other documents that the public body shall furnish to facilitate the review. Within 7 working days after receipt of the request for review, the public body shall provide copies of records requested and shall otherwise fully cooperate with the Public Access Counselor. If a public body fails to furnish specified records pursuant to this Section, or if otherwise necessary, the Attorney General may issue a subpoena to any person or public body having knowledge of or records pertaining to a request for review of a denial of access to records under the Act. To the extent that records or documents produced by a public body contain information that is claimed to be exempt from disclosure under Section 7 of this Act, the Public Access Counselor shall not further disclose that information.

(d) Within 7 working days after it receives a copy of a request for review and request for production of records from the Public Access Counselor, the public body may, but is not required to, answer the allegations of the request for review. The answer may take the form of a letter, brief, or memorandum. The Public Access Counselor shall forward a copy of the answer to the person submitting the request for review, with any alleged confidential information to which the request pertains redacted from the copy. The requester may, but is not required to, respond in writing to the answer within 7 working days and shall provide a copy of the response to the public body.

(e) In addition to the request for review, and the answer and the response thereto, if any, a requester or a public body may furnish affidavits or records concerning any matter germane to the review.

(f) Unless the Public Access Counselor extends the time by no more than 21 business days by sending written notice to the requester and the public body that includes a statement of the reasons for the extension in the notice, or decides to address the matter without the issuance of a binding opinion, the Attorney General shall examine the issues and the records, shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law, and shall issue to the requester and the public body an opinion in response to the request for review within 60 days after its receipt. The opinion shall be binding upon both the requester and the public body, subject to administrative review under Section 11.5.

In responding to any request under this Section 9.5, the Attorney General may exercise his or her discretion and choose to resolve a request for review by mediation or by a means other than the issuance of a binding opinion. The decision not to issue a binding opinion shall not be reviewable.

Upon receipt of a binding opinion concluding that a violation of this Act has occurred, the public body shall either take necessary action immediately to comply with the directive of the opinion or shall initiate administrative review under Section 11.5. If the opinion concludes that no violation of the Act has occurred, the requester may initiate administrative review under Section 11.5.

A public body that discloses records in accordance with an opinion of the Attorney General is immune from all liabilities by reason thereof and shall not be liable for penalties under this Act.

- (g) If the requester files suit under Section 11 with respect to the same denial that is the subject of a pending request for review, the requester shall notify the Public Access Counselor, and the Public Access Counselor shall take no further action with respect to the request for review and shall so notify the public body.
- (h) The Attorney General may also issue advisory opinions to public bodies regarding compliance with this Act. A review may be initiated upon receipt of a written request from the head of the public body or its attorney, which shall contain sufficient accurate facts from which a determination can be made. The Public Access Counselor may request additional information from the public body in order to assist in the review. A public body that relies in good faith on an advisory opinion of the Attorney General in responding to a request is not liable for penalties under this Act, so long as the facts upon which the opinion is based have been fully and fairly disclosed to the Public Access Counselor.
 - (5 ILCS 140/11) (from Ch. 116, par. 211)
- Sec. 11. (a) Any person denied access to inspect or copy any public record by the head of a public body may file suit for injunctive or declaratory relief.
- (b) Where the denial is from the head of a public body of the State, suit may be filed in the circuit court for the county where the public body has its principal office or where the person denied access resides.
- (c) Where the denial is from the head of a municipality or other public body, except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section, suit may be filed in the circuit court for the county where the public body is located.
- (d) The circuit court shall have the jurisdiction to enjoin the public body from withholding public records and to order the production of any public records improperly withheld from the person seeking access. If

the public body can show that exceptional circumstances exist, and that the body is exercising due diligence in responding to the request, the court may retain jurisdiction and allow the agency additional time to complete its review of the records.

- (e) On motion of the plaintiff, prior to or after in camera inspection, the court shall order the public body to provide an index of the records to which access has been denied. The index shall include the following:
 - (i) A description of the nature or contents of each document withheld, or each deletion from a released document, provided, however, that the public body shall not be required to disclose the information which it asserts is exempt; and
 - (ii) A statement of the exemption or exemptions claimed for each such deletion or withheld document.
- (f) In any action considered by the court, the court shall consider the matter de novo, and shall conduct such in camera examination of the requested records as it finds appropriate to determine if such records or any part thereof may be withheld under any provision of this Act. The burden shall be on the public body to establish that its refusal to permit public inspection or copying is in accordance with the provisions of this Act. Any public body that asserts that a record is exempt from disclosure has the burden of proving that it is exempt by clear and convincing evidence.
- (g) In the event of noncompliance with an order of the court to disclose, the court may enforce its order against any public official or employee so ordered or primarily responsible for such noncompliance through the court's contempt powers.
- (h) Except as to causes the court considers to be of greater importance, proceedings arising under this Section shall take precedence on the docket over all other causes and be assigned for hearing and trial at the earliest practicable date and expedited in every way.
- (i) If a person seeking the right to inspect or receive a copy of a public record substantially prevails in a proceeding under this Section, the court shall may award such person reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. In determining what amount of attorney's fees is reasonable, the court shall consider the degree to which the relief obtained relates to the relief sought. The changes contained in this subsection apply to an action filed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly. If, however, the court finds that the fundamental purpose of the request was to further the commercial interests of the requestor, the court may award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs if the court finds that the record or records in question were of clearly significant interest to the general public and that the public body lacked any reasonable basis in law for withholding the record.
- (j) If the court determines that a public body willfully and intentionally failed to comply with this Act, or otherwise acted in bad faith, the court shall also impose upon the public body a civil penalty of not less that \$2,500 nor more than \$5,000 for each occurrence. In assessing the civil penalty, the court shall consider in aggravation or mitigation the budget of the public body and whether the public body has previously been assessed penalties for violations of this Act. The changes contained in this subsection apply to an action filed an or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 93-466, eff. 1-1-04.)

(5 ILCS 140/11.5 new)

Sec. 11.5. Administrative review. A binding opinion issued by the Attorney General shall be considered a final decision of an administrative agency, for purposes of administrative review under the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/Art. III). An action for administrative review of a binding opinion of the Attorney General shall be commenced in Cook or Sangamon County. An advisory opinion issued to a public body shall not be considered a final decision of the Attorney General for purposes of this Section.

(5 ILCS 140/7.1 rep.) (5 ILCS 140/8 rep.) (5 ILCS 140/10 rep.)

Section 15. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by repealing Sections 7.1, 8, and 10.

Section 20. The Attorney General Act is amended by changing Section 4 and by adding Section 7 as follows:

(15 ILCS 205/4) (from Ch. 14, par. 4)

Sec. 4. The duties of the Attorney General shall be--

First - To appear for and represent the people of the State before the supreme court in all cases in which the State or the people of the State are interested.

Second - To institute and prosecute all actions and proceedings in favor of or for the use of the State, which may be necessary in the execution of the duties of any State officer.

Third - To defend all actions and proceedings against any State officer, in his official capacity, in any of the courts of this State or the United States.

Fourth - To consult with and advise the several State's Attorneys in matters relating to the duties of their

office; and when, in his judgment, the interest of the people of the State requires it, he shall attend the trial of any party accused of crime, and assist in the prosecution. When the Attorney General has requested in writing that a State's Attorney initiate court proceedings to enforce any provisions of the Election Code or to initiate a criminal prosecution with respect to a violation of the Election Code, and when the State's Attorney has declined in writing to initiate those proceedings or prosecutions or when the State's Attorney has neither initiated the proceedings or prosecutions nor responded in writing to the Attorney General within 60 days of the receipt of the request, the Attorney General may, concurrently with or independently of the State's Attorney, initiate such proceedings or prosecutions. The Attorney General may investigate and prosecute any violation of the Election Code at the request of the State Board of Elections or a State's Attorney.

Fifth - To investigate alleged violations of the statutes which the Attorney General has a duty to enforce and to conduct other investigations in connection with assisting in the prosecution of a criminal offense at the request of a State's Attorney.

Sixth - To consult with and advise the governor and other State officers, and give, when requested, written opinions upon all legal or constitutional questions relating to the duties of such officers respectively.

Seventh - To prepare, when necessary, proper drafts for contracts and other writings relating to subjects in which the State is interested.

Eighth - To give written opinions, when requested by either branch of the general assembly, or any committee thereof, upon constitutional or legal questions.

Ninth - To enforce the proper application of funds appropriated to the public institutions of the State, prosecute breaches of trust in the administration of such funds, and, when necessary, prosecute corporations for failure or refusal to make the reports required by law.

Tenth - To keep, a register of all cases prosecuted or defended by him, in behalf of the State or its officers, and of all proceedings had in relation thereto, and to deliver the same to his successor in office.

Eleventh - To keep on file in his office a copy of the official opinions issued by the Attorney General and deliver same to his successor.

Twelfth - To pay into the State treasury all moneys received by him for the use of the State.

Thirteenth - To attend to and perform any other duty which may, from time to time, be required of him by law.

Fourteenth - To attend, present evidence to and prosecute indictments returned by each Statewide Grand Jury.

<u>Fifteenth - To give written binding and advisory public access opinions as provided in Section 7 of this Act.</u>

(Source: P.A. 94-291, eff. 7-21-05; 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

(15 ILCS 205/7 new)

Sec. 7. Public Access Counselor.

- (a) The General Assembly finds that members of the public have encountered obstacles in obtaining copies of public records from units of government, and that many of those obstacles result from difficulties that both members of the public and public bodies have had in interpreting and applying the Freedom of Information Act. The General Assembly further finds that members of the public have encountered difficulties in resolving alleged violations of the Open Meetings Act. The public's significant interest in access to public records and in open meetings would be better served if there were a central office available to provide advice and education with respect to the interpretation and implementation of the Freedom of Information Act and the Open Meetings Act.
- (b) Therefore, there is created in the Office of the Attorney General the Office of Public Access Counselor. The Attorney General shall appoint a Public Access Counselor, who shall be an attorney licensed to practice in Illinois. The Public Access Counselor's Office shall be comprised of the Public Access Counselor and such assistant attorneys general and other staff as are deemed necessary by the Attorney General.
 - (c) Through the Public Access Counselor, the Attorney General shall have the power:
- (1) to establish and administer a program to provide free training for public officials and to educate the public on the rights of the public and the responsibilities of public bodies under the Freedom of Information Act and the Open Meetings Act;
 - (2) to prepare and distribute interpretive or educational materials and programs;
- (3) to resolve disputes involving a potential violation of the Open Meetings Act or the Freedom of Information Act in response to a request for review initiated by an aggrieved party, as provided in those

Acts, by mediating or otherwise informally resolving the dispute or by issuing a binding opinion; except that the Attorney General may not issue an opinion concerning a specific matter with respect to which a lawsuit has been filed under Section 3 of the Open Meetings Act or Section 11 of the Freedom of Information Act;

- (4) to issue advisory opinions with respect to the Open Meetings Act and the Freedom of Information Act either in response to a request for review or otherwise;
 - (5) to respond to informal inquiries made by the public and public bodies;
 - (6) to conduct research on compliance issues;
- (7) to make recommendations to the General Assembly concerning ways to improve access to public records and public access to the processes of government;
- (8) to develop and make available on the Attorney General's website or by other means an electronic training curriculum for Freedom of Information officers;
- (9) to develop and make available on the Attorney General's website or by other means an electronic Open Meetings Act training curriculum for employees, officers, and members designated by public bodies;
- (10) to prepare and distribute to public bodies model policies for compliance with the Freedom of Information Act; and
 - (11) to promulgate rules to implement these powers.
- (d) To accomplish the objectives and to carry out the duties prescribed by this Section, the Public Access Counselor, in addition to other powers conferred upon him or her by this Section, may request that subpoenas be issued by the Attorney General in accordance with the provisions of Section 9.5 of the Freedom of Information Act and Section 3.5 of the Open Meetings Act. Service by the Attorney General of any subpoena upon any person shall be made:
- (i) personally by delivery of a duly executed copy thereof to the person to be served, or in the case of a public body, in the manner provided in Section 2-211 of the Civil Practice Law; or
- (ii) by mailing by certified mail a duly executed copy thereof to the person to be served at his or her last known abode or, in the case of a public body, to its principal place of business.
- (e) If any person or public body fails or refuses to obey any subpoena issued pursuant to this Section, the Attorney General may file a complaint in the circuit court to:
 - (i) obtain compliance with the subpoena;
- (ii) obtain injunctive relief to prevent a violation of the Open Meetings Act or Freedom of Information Act; and
 - (iii) obtain such other relief as may be required.
- (f) The Attorney General has the authority to file an action in the circuit court of Cook or Sangamon County for injunctive or other relief to compel compliance with a binding opinion issued pursuant to Section 3.5 of the Open Meetings Act or Section 9.5 of the Freedom of Information Act, to prevent a violation of the Open Meetings Act or the Freedom of Information Act, and for such other relief as may be required.
- (g) The Attorney General shall post his or her binding opinions issued pursuant to Section 3.5 of the Open Meetings Act or Section 9.5 of the Freedom of Information Act and any rules on the official website of the Office of the Attorney General, with links to those opinions from the official home page, and shall make them available for immediate inspection in his or her office.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2010.".

The foregoing motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

RECESS

At the hour of 2:15 o'clock p.m., Representative Mautino moved that the House do now take a recess until the call of the Chair.

The motion prevailed.

At the hour of 3:19 o'clock p.m., the House resumed its session.

Representative Mautino in the Chair.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Madigan, SENATE BILL 189 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 10)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

RECALL

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Mendoza, SENATE BILL 2172 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 2172. Having been recalled on May 27, 2009, the same was again taken up. Representative Mendoza offered the following amendments and moved their adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend Senate Bill 2172 by replacing line 6 on page 1 with the following: "amended by changing Sections 605-25, 605-550, 605-675, and 605-810 as follows:"; and on page 3, immediately below line 8, by inserting the following:

(20 ILCS 605/605-550) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.71)

Sec. 605-550. Model domestic violence and sexual assault employee awareness and assistance policy.

(a) The Department shall convene a task force including members of the business community, employees, employee organizations, representatives from the Department of Labor, and directors of domestic violence and sexual assault programs, including representatives of statewide advocacy organizations for the prevention of domestic violence and sexual assault, to develop a model domestic violence and sexual assault employee awareness and assistance policy for businesses.

The Department shall give due consideration to the recommendations of the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for participation by any person on the task force, and shall make reasonable efforts to assure regional balance in membership.

- (b) The purpose of the model employee awareness and assistance policy shall be to provide businesses with the best practices, policies, protocols, and procedures in order that they ascertain domestic violence and sexual assault awareness in the workplace, assist affected employees, and provide a safe and helpful working environment for employees currently or potentially experiencing the effects of domestic violence or sexual assault. The model plan shall include but not be limited to:
 - (1) the establishment of a definite corporate policy statement recognizing domestic violence and sexual assault as workplace issues as well as promoting the need to maintain job security for those employees currently involved in domestic violence or sexual assault disputes;
 - (2) policy and service publication requirements, including posting these policies and service availability pamphlets in break rooms, on bulletin boards, and in restrooms, and transmitting them through other communication methods;
 - (3) a listing of current domestic violence and sexual assault community resources such as shelters, crisis intervention programs, counseling and case management programs, and legal assistance and advocacy opportunities for affected employees;
 - (4) measures to ensure workplace safety including, where appropriate, designated parking areas, escort services, and other affirmative safeguards;
 - (5) training programs and protocols designed to educate employees and managers in how

to recognize, approach, and assist employees experiencing domestic violence or sexual assault, including both victims and batterers; and

- (6) other issues as shall be appropriate and relevant for the task force in developing the model policy.
- (c) The model policy shall be reviewed by the task force to assure consistency with existing law and shall be made the subject of public hearings convened by the Department throughout the State at places and at times which are convenient for attendance by the public, after which the policy shall be reviewed by the task force and amended as necessary to reflect concerns raised at the hearings. If approved by the task force, the model policy shall be provided as approved with explanation of its provisions to the Governor and the General Assembly not later than one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly. The Department shall make every effort to notify businesses of the availability of the model domestic violence and sexual assault employee awareness and assistance policy.
- (d) The Department, in consultation with the task force, providers of services, the advisory council, the Department of Labor, and representatives of statewide advocacy organizations for the prevention of domestic violence and sexual assault, shall provide technical support, information, and encouragement to businesses to implement the provisions of the model.
- (e) Nothing contained in this Section shall be deemed to prevent businesses from adopting their own domestic violence and sexual assault employee awareness and assistance policy.
- (f) The Department <u>may</u> shall survey businesses within 4 years of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly to determine the level of model policy adoption amongst businesses and shall take steps necessary to promote the further adoption of such policy.

(Source: P.A. 91-592, eff. 8-14-99; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-675) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.66)

Sec. 605-675. Exporter award program. The Department <u>may</u> shall establish and operate, in cooperation with the Department of Agriculture and the Illinois Finance Authority, an annual awards program to recognize Illinois-based exporters. In developing criteria for the awards, the Department shall give consideration to the exporting efforts of small and medium sized businesses, first-time exporters, and other appropriate categories.

(Source: P.A. 93-205, eff. 1-1-04.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-810) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.19a in part)

Sec. 605-810. Reemployment of former employees. When the Department is involved in developing a federal or State funded training or retraining program for any employer, the Department <u>may will</u> assist and encourage that employer in making every effort to reemploy individuals previously employed at the facility. Further, the Department <u>may will</u> provide a list of those employees to the employer for consideration for reemployment and will report the results of this effort to the Illinois Job Training Coordinating Council. This requirement shall be in effect when all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) The employer is reopening, or is proposing to reopen, a facility that was last closed during the preceding 2 years.
- (2) A substantial number of the persons who were employed at the facility before its most recent closure remain unemployed.
- (3) The product or service produced by, or proposed to be produced by, the employer at the facility is substantially similar to the product or service produced at the facility before its most recent closure.

(Source: P.A. 90-454, eff. 8-16-97; 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)

Section 10. The Energy Conservation and Coal Development Act is amended by changing Section 8 as follows:

(20 ILCS 1105/8) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 7408)

Sec. 8. Illinois Coal Development Board.

(a) There <u>may</u> shall be established as an advisory board to the Department, the Illinois Coal Development Board, hereinafter in this Section called the Board. The Board shall be composed of the following voting members: the Director of the Department, who shall be Chairman thereof; the Deputy Director of the Bureau of Business Development within the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity; the President of the University of Illinois or his or her designee; the Director of Natural Resources or that Director's designee; the Director of the Office of Mines and Minerals within the Department of Natural Resources; 4 members of the General Assembly (one each appointed by the President of the Senate, the Senate Minority Leader, the Speaker of the House, and the House Minority Leader); and 8 persons appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, including

representatives of Illinois industries that are involved in the extraction, utilization or transportation of Illinois coal, persons representing financial or banking interests in the State, and persons experienced in international business and economic development. These members shall be chosen from persons of recognized ability and experience in their designated field. The members appointed by the Governor shall serve for terms of 4 years, unless otherwise provided in this subsection. The initial terms of the original appointees shall expire on July 1, 1985, except that the Governor shall designate 3 of the original appointees to serve initial terms that shall expire on July 1, 1983. The initial term of the member appointed by the Governor to fill the office created after July 1, 1985 shall expire on July 1, 1989. The initial terms of the members appointed by the Governor to fill the offices created by this amendatory Act of 1993 shall expire on July 1, 1995, and July 1, 1997, as determined by the Governor. A member appointed by a Legislative Leader shall serve for the duration of the General Assembly for which he or she is appointed, so long as the member remains a member of that General Assembly.

The Board <u>may shall</u> meet at least annually or at the call of the Chairman. At any time the majority of the Board may petition the Chairman for a meeting of the Board. Nine members of the Board shall constitute a quorum. Members of the Board shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred while performing their duties as members of the Board from funds appropriated to the Department for such purpose.

- (b) The Board shall provide advice and make recommendations on the following Department powers and duties:
 - (1) To develop an annual agenda which may include but is not limited to research and methodologies conducted for the purpose of increasing the utilization of Illinois' coal and other fossil fuel resources, with emphasis on high sulfur coal, in the following areas: coal extraction, preparation and characterization; coal technologies (combustion, gasification, liquefaction, and related processes); marketing; public awareness and education, as those terms are used in the Illinois Coal Technology Development Assistance Act; transportation; procurement of sites and issuance of permits; and environmental impacts.
 - (2) To support and coordinate Illinois coal research, and to approve projects consistent with the annual agenda and budget for coal research and the purposes of this Act and to approve the annual budget and operating plan for administration of the Board.
 - (3) To promote the coordination of available research information on the production, preparation, distribution and uses of Illinois coal. The Board shall advise the existing research institutions within the State on areas where research may be necessary.
 - (4) To cooperate to the fullest extent possible with State and federal agencies and departments, independent organizations, and other interested groups, public and private, for the purposes of promoting Illinois coal resources.
 - (5) To submit an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly outlining the progress and accomplishments made in the year, providing an accounting of funds received and disbursed, reviewing the status of research contracts, and furnishing other relevant information.
 - (6) To focus on existing coal research efforts in carrying out its mission; to make use of existing research facilities in Illinois or other institutions carrying out research on Illinois coal; as far as practicable, to make maximum use of the research facilities available at the Illinois State Geological Survey of the University of Illinois, the Coal Extraction and Utilization Research Center, the Illinois Coal Development Park and universities and colleges located within the State of Illinois; and to create a consortium or center which conducts, coordinates and supports coal research activities in the State of Illinois. Programmatic activities of such a consortium or center shall be subject to approval by the Department and shall be consistent with the purposes of this Act. The Department may authorize expenditure of funds in support of the administrative and programmatic operations of such a center or consortium consistent with its statutory authority. Administrative actions undertaken by or for such a center or consortium shall be subject to the approval of the Department.
 - (7) To make a reasonable attempt, before initiating any research under this Act, to avoid duplication of effort and expense by coordinating the research efforts among various agencies, departments, universities or organizations, as the case may be.
 - (8) To adopt, amend and repeal rules, regulations and bylaws governing the Board's organization and conduct of business.
 - (9) To authorize the expenditure of monies from the Coal Technology Development Assistance Fund, the Public Utility Fund and other funds in the State Treasury appropriated to the Department, consistent with the purposes of this Act.

- (10) To seek, accept, and expend gifts or grants in any form, from any public agency or from any other source. Such gifts and grants may be held in trust by the Department and expended at the direction of the Department and in the exercise of the Department's powers and performance of the Department's duties.
 - (11) To publish, from time to time, the results of Illinois coal research projects funded through the Department.
- (12) To authorize loans from appropriations from the Build Illinois Bond Purposes Fund, the Build Illinois Bond Fund and the Illinois Industrial Coal Utilization Fund.
- (13) To authorize expenditures of monies for coal development projects under the authority of Section 13 of the General Obligation Bond Act.
- (c) The Board shall also provide advice and make recommendations on the following Department powers and duties:
 - (1) To create and maintain thorough, current and accurate records on all markets for and actual uses of coal mined in Illinois, and to make such records available to the public upon request.
 - (2) To identify all current and anticipated future technical, economic, institutional, market, environmental, regulatory and other impediments to the utilization of Illinois coal.
 - (3) To monitor and evaluate all proposals and plans of public utilities related to compliance with the requirements of Title IV of the federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, or with any other law which might affect the use of Illinois coal, for the purposes of (i) determining the effects of such proposals or plans on the use of Illinois coal, and (ii) identifying alternative plans or actions which would maintain or increase the use of Illinois coal.
 - (4) To develop strategies and to propose policies to promote environmentally responsible uses of Illinois coal for meeting electric power supply requirements and for other purposes.
- (Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06; 95-728, eff. date See Sec. 999.)".

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 2172, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Sections 605-25, 605-550, 605-675, and 605-810 and by adding Section 605-725 as follows:

(20 ILCS 605/605-25) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.30a)

Sec. 605-25. Charges, gifts, and grants for promotional products and services; International and Promotional Fund.

- (a) To establish, levy, and collect fees and charges and accept gifts, grants, and awards from other governmental entities, for profit organizations, and nonprofit associations in association with or as consideration for the provision of various promotional products and services through its tourism, films production promotion, and international business promotion programs. The Director may establish and collect nominal charges for premiums and other promotional materials produced or acquired as part of the Department's activities authorized under the Illinois Promotion Act from individuals and not-for-profit organizations intending to use those premiums and promotional materials for purposes consistent with the provisions of the Illinois Promotion Act, provided, however, that other State agencies shall be charged no more than the cost of the premium or promotional material to the Department.
- (b) The Director may collect cost reimbursement monies from films and media production entities for police and related production security services in amounts determined by the provider of the security services and agreed to by the production entity. The reimbursements shall result only from the agreed costs of planned police and security services to be rendered to film and media production sites in the State of Illinois.
- (c) The Director may establish and collect cost-sharing assessments and fees and accept gifts, grants, and awards from private businesses, trade associations, other governmental entities, and individuals desiring to participate in and support the development and conduct of overseas trade, catalog, and distributor shows and activities and to purchase informational materials to foster export sales of Illinois products and services as part of the Department's international business programs.
- (d) All money received pursuant to this Section, except as provided in subsection (e), shall be deposited into the International and Promotional Fund within the State treasury which is hereby created; monies within the Fund shall be appropriated only for expenditure pursuant to this Section.
 - (e) The Department may contract with a vendor for the production of a tourism travel guide. The

Department may allow the vendor to sell and collect sales revenues, including in-kind exchanges, for advertisements placed in the travel guide. The Department may allow the vendor to retain any sales revenues it collects as its fee and to cover the costs of producing the travel guide. Any revenue due to the Department, after the vendor retains its share, shall be deposited into the International and Promotional Fund.

(Source: P.A. 90-26, eff. 7-1-97; 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-550) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.71)

Sec. 605-550. Model domestic violence and sexual assault employee awareness and assistance policy.

(a) The Department shall convene a task force including members of the business community, employees, employee organizations, representatives from the Department of Labor, and directors of domestic violence and sexual assault programs, including representatives of statewide advocacy organizations for the prevention of domestic violence and sexual assault, to develop a model domestic violence and sexual assault employee awareness and assistance policy for businesses.

The Department shall give due consideration to the recommendations of the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for participation by any person on the task force, and shall make reasonable efforts to assure regional balance in membership.

- (b) The purpose of the model employee awareness and assistance policy shall be to provide businesses with the best practices, policies, protocols, and procedures in order that they ascertain domestic violence and sexual assault awareness in the workplace, assist affected employees, and provide a safe and helpful working environment for employees currently or potentially experiencing the effects of domestic violence or sexual assault. The model plan shall include but not be limited to:
 - (1) the establishment of a definite corporate policy statement recognizing domestic violence and sexual assault as workplace issues as well as promoting the need to maintain job security for those employees currently involved in domestic violence or sexual assault disputes;
 - (2) policy and service publication requirements, including posting these policies and service availability pamphlets in break rooms, on bulletin boards, and in restrooms, and transmitting them through other communication methods;
 - (3) a listing of current domestic violence and sexual assault community resources such as shelters, crisis intervention programs, counseling and case management programs, and legal assistance and advocacy opportunities for affected employees;
 - (4) measures to ensure workplace safety including, where appropriate, designated parking areas, escort services, and other affirmative safeguards;
 - (5) training programs and protocols designed to educate employees and managers in how to recognize, approach, and assist employees experiencing domestic violence or sexual assault, including both victims and batterers; and
 - (6) other issues as shall be appropriate and relevant for the task force in developing the model policy.
- (c) The model policy shall be reviewed by the task force to assure consistency with existing law and shall be made the subject of public hearings convened by the Department throughout the State at places and at times which are convenient for attendance by the public, after which the policy shall be reviewed by the task force and amended as necessary to reflect concerns raised at the hearings. If approved by the task force, the model policy shall be provided as approved with explanation of its provisions to the Governor and the General Assembly not later than one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly. The Department shall make every effort to notify businesses of the availability of the model domestic violence and sexual assault employee awareness and assistance policy.
- (d) The Department, in consultation with the task force, providers of services, the advisory council, the Department of Labor, and representatives of statewide advocacy organizations for the prevention of domestic violence and sexual assault, shall provide technical support, information, and encouragement to businesses to implement the provisions of the model.
- (e) Nothing contained in this Section shall be deemed to prevent businesses from adopting their own domestic violence and sexual assault employee awareness and assistance policy.
- (f) The Department <u>may</u> shall survey businesses within 4 years of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly to determine the level of model policy adoption amongst businesses and shall take steps necessary to promote the further adoption of such policy.

(Source: P.A. 91-592, eff. 8-14-99; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-675) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.66)

Sec. 605-675. Exporter award program. The Department may shall establish and operate, in cooperation

with the Department of Agriculture and the Illinois Finance Authority, an annual awards program to recognize Illinois-based exporters. In developing criteria for the awards, the Department shall give consideration to the exporting efforts of small and medium sized businesses, first-time exporters, and other appropriate categories.

(Source: P.A. 93-205, eff. 1-1-04.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-725 new)

Sec. 605-725. Incentive grants for the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority. The Department and the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority may enter into grant agreements to reimburse the Authority for incentives awarded by the Authority to attract large conventions, meetings, and trade shows to its facilities. The Department may reimburse the Authority only for incentives provided in consultation with the Chicago Convention and Tourism Bureau for conventions, meetings, or trade shows that (i) the Authority certifies have registered attendance in excess of 10,000 individuals, (ii) but for the incentive, would not have used the facilities of the Authority, (iii) have been approved by the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority and the Chairman of the Authority at the time of the incentive, and (iv) have been approved by the Department. Reimbursements shall be made from amounts appropriated to the Department from the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Incentive Fund for those purposes. Reimbursements shall not exceed \$10,000,000 annually.

No later than February 15 of each year, the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority shall certify to the Department, the State Comptroller, and the State Treasurer the amounts provided during the previous calendar year as incentives for conventions, meetings, or trade shows that (i) have been approved by the Authority and the Department, (ii) demonstrate registered attendance in excess of 10,000 individuals, and (iii) but for the incentive, would not have used the facilities of the Authority for the convention, meeting, or trade show. The Department may audit the accuracy of the certification.

(20 ILCS 605/605-810) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.19a in part)

Sec. 605-810. Reemployment of former employees. When the Department is involved in developing a federal or State funded training or retraining program for any employer, the Department <u>may will</u> assist and encourage that employer in making every effort to reemploy individuals previously employed at the facility. Further, the Department <u>may will</u> provide a list of those employees to the employer for consideration for reemployment and will report the results of this effort to the Illinois Job Training Coordinating Council. This requirement shall be in effect when all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) The employer is reopening, or is proposing to reopen, a facility that was last closed during the preceding 2 years.
- (2) A substantial number of the persons who were employed at the facility before its most recent closure remain unemployed.
- (3) The product or service produced by, or proposed to be produced by, the employer at the facility is substantially similar to the product or service produced at the facility before its most recent closure.

(Source: P.A. 90-454, eff. 8-16-97; 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)

Section 10. The Energy Conservation and Coal Development Act is amended by changing Section 8 as follows:

(20 ILCS 1105/8) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 7408)

Sec. 8. Illinois Coal Development Board.

(a) There <u>may</u> shall be established as an advisory board to the Department, the Illinois Coal Development Board, hereinafter in this Section called the Board. The Board shall be composed of the following voting members: the Director of the Department, who shall be Chairman thereof; the Deputy Director of the Bureau of Business Development within the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity; the President of the University of Illinois or his or her designee; the Director of Natural Resources or that Director's designee; the Director of the Office of Mines and Minerals within the Department of Natural Resources; 4 members of the General Assembly (one each appointed by the President of the Senate, the Senate Minority Leader, the Speaker of the House, and the House Minority Leader); and 8 persons appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, including representatives of Illinois industries that are involved in the extraction, utilization or transportation of Illinois coal, persons representing financial or banking interests in the State, and persons experienced in international business and economic development. These members shall be chosen from persons of recognized ability and experience in their designated field. The members appointed by the Governor shall serve for terms of 4 years, unless otherwise provided in this subsection. The initial terms of the original appointees shall expire on July 1, 1985, except that the Governor shall designate 3 of the original

appointees to serve initial terms that shall expire on July 1, 1983. The initial term of the member appointed by the Governor to fill the office created after July 1, 1985 shall expire on July 1, 1989. The initial terms of the members appointed by the Governor to fill the offices created by this amendatory Act of 1993 shall expire on July 1, 1995, and July 1, 1997, as determined by the Governor. A member appointed by a Legislative Leader shall serve for the duration of the General Assembly for which he or she is appointed, so long as the member remains a member of that General Assembly.

The Board <u>may</u> shall meet at least annually or at the call of the Chairman. At any time the majority of the Board may petition the Chairman for a meeting of the Board. Nine members of the Board shall constitute a quorum. Members of the Board shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred while performing their duties as members of the Board from funds appropriated to the Department for such purpose.

- (b) The Board shall provide advice and make recommendations on the following Department powers and duties:
 - (1) To develop an annual agenda which may include but is not limited to research and methodologies conducted for the purpose of increasing the utilization of Illinois' coal and other fossil fuel resources, with emphasis on high sulfur coal, in the following areas: coal extraction, preparation and characterization; coal technologies (combustion, gasification, liquefaction, and related processes); marketing; public awareness and education, as those terms are used in the Illinois Coal Technology Development Assistance Act; transportation; procurement of sites and issuance of permits; and environmental impacts.
 - (2) To support and coordinate Illinois coal research, and to approve projects consistent with the annual agenda and budget for coal research and the purposes of this Act and to approve the annual budget and operating plan for administration of the Board.
 - (3) To promote the coordination of available research information on the production, preparation, distribution and uses of Illinois coal. The Board shall advise the existing research institutions within the State on areas where research may be necessary.
 - (4) To cooperate to the fullest extent possible with State and federal agencies and departments, independent organizations, and other interested groups, public and private, for the purposes of promoting Illinois coal resources.
 - (5) To submit an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly outlining the progress and accomplishments made in the year, providing an accounting of funds received and disbursed, reviewing the status of research contracts, and furnishing other relevant information.
 - (6) To focus on existing coal research efforts in carrying out its mission; to make use of existing research facilities in Illinois or other institutions carrying out research on Illinois coal; as far as practicable, to make maximum use of the research facilities available at the Illinois State Geological Survey of the University of Illinois, the Coal Extraction and Utilization Research Center, the Illinois Coal Development Park and universities and colleges located within the State of Illinois; and to create a consortium or center which conducts, coordinates and supports coal research activities in the State of Illinois. Programmatic activities of such a consortium or center shall be subject to approval by the Department and shall be consistent with the purposes of this Act. The Department may authorize expenditure of funds in support of the administrative and programmatic operations of such a center or consortium consistent with its statutory authority. Administrative actions undertaken by or for such a center or consortium shall be subject to the approval of the Department.
 - (7) To make a reasonable attempt, before initiating any research under this Act, to avoid duplication of effort and expense by coordinating the research efforts among various agencies, departments, universities or organizations, as the case may be.
 - (8) To adopt, amend and repeal rules, regulations and bylaws governing the Board's organization and conduct of business.
 - (9) To authorize the expenditure of monies from the Coal Technology Development Assistance Fund, the Public Utility Fund and other funds in the State Treasury appropriated to the Department, consistent with the purposes of this Act.
 - (10) To seek, accept, and expend gifts or grants in any form, from any public agency or from any other source. Such gifts and grants may be held in trust by the Department and expended at the direction of the Department and in the exercise of the Department's powers and performance of the Department's duties.
 - (11) To publish, from time to time, the results of Illinois coal research projects funded through the Department.

- (12) To authorize loans from appropriations from the Build Illinois Bond Purposes Fund, the Build Illinois Bond Fund and the Illinois Industrial Coal Utilization Fund.
- (13) To authorize expenditures of monies for coal development projects under the authority of Section 13 of the General Obligation Bond Act.
- (c) The Board shall also provide advice and make recommendations on the following Department powers and duties:
 - (1) To create and maintain thorough, current and accurate records on all markets for and actual uses of coal mined in Illinois, and to make such records available to the public upon request.
 - (2) To identify all current and anticipated future technical, economic, institutional, market, environmental, regulatory and other impediments to the utilization of Illinois coal.
 - (3) To monitor and evaluate all proposals and plans of public utilities related to compliance with the requirements of Title IV of the federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, or with any other law which might affect the use of Illinois coal, for the purposes of (i) determining the effects of such proposals or plans on the use of Illinois coal, and (ii) identifying alternative plans or actions which would maintain or increase the use of Illinois coal.
 - (4) To develop strategies and to propose policies to promote environmentally responsible uses of Illinois coal for meeting electric power supply requirements and for other purposes. (5) (Blank).
- (Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06; 95-728, eff. date See Sec. 999.)

Section 15. The State Finance Act is amended by adding Section 5.723 as follows:

(30 ILCS 105/5.723 new)

Sec. 5.723. The Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Incentive Fund.

Section 20. The Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:

(70 ILCS 210/5) (from Ch. 85, par. 1225)

- Sec. 5. The Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority shall also have the following rights and powers:
- (a) To accept from Chicago Park Fair, a corporation, an assignment of whatever sums of money it may have received from the Fair and Exposition Fund, allocated by the Department of Agriculture of the State of Illinois, and Chicago Park Fair is hereby authorized to assign, set over and transfer any of those funds to the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority. The Authority has the right and power hereafter to receive sums as may be distributed to it by the Department of Agriculture of the State of Illinois from the Fair and Exposition Fund pursuant to the provisions of Sections 5, 6i, and 28 of the State Finance Act. All sums received by the Authority shall be held in the sole custody of the secretary-treasurer of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Board.
 - (b) To accept the assignment of, assume and execute any contracts heretofore entered into by Chicago Park Fair.
- (c) To acquire, own, construct, equip, lease, operate and maintain grounds, buildings and facilities to carry out its corporate purposes and duties, and to carry out or otherwise provide for the recreational, cultural, commercial or residential development of Navy Pier, and to fix and collect just, reasonable and nondiscriminatory charges for the use thereof. The charges so collected shall be made available to defray the reasonable expenses of the Authority and to pay the principal of and the interest upon any revenue bonds issued by the Authority. The Authority shall be subject to and comply with the Lake Michigan and Chicago Lakefront Protection Ordinance, the Chicago Building Code, the Chicago Zoning Ordinance, and all ordinances and regulations of the City of Chicago contained in the following Titles of the Municipal Code of Chicago: Businesses, Occupations and Consumer Protection; Health and Safety; Fire Prevention; Public Peace, Morals and Welfare; Utilities and Environmental Protection; Streets, Public Ways, Parks, Airports and Harbors; Electrical Equipment and Installation; Housing and Economic Development (only Chapter 5-4 thereof); and Revenue and Finance (only so far as such Title pertains to the Authority's duty to collect taxes on behalf of the City of Chicago).
 - (d) To enter into contracts treating in any manner with the objects and purposes of this Act.
 - (e) To lease any buildings to the Adjutant General of the State of Illinois for the use of the Illinois National Guard or the Illinois Naval Militia.
- (f) To exercise the right of eminent domain by condemnation proceedings in the manner provided by the Eminent Domain Act, including, with respect to Site B only, the authority to exercise quick take condemnation by immediate vesting of title under Article 20 of the Eminent Domain Act, to acquire any privately owned real or personal property and, with respect to Site B only, public property

used for rail transportation purposes (but no such taking of such public property shall, in the reasonable judgment of the owner, interfere with such rail transportation) for the lawful purposes of the Authority in Site A, at Navy Pier, and at Site B. Just compensation for property taken or acquired under this paragraph shall be paid in money or, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act and with the agreement of the owner of the property to be taken or acquired, the Authority may convey substitute property or interests in property or enter into agreements with the property owner, including leases, licenses, or concessions, with respect to any property owned by the Authority, or may provide for other lawful forms of just compensation to the owner. Any property acquired in condemnation proceedings shall be used only as provided in this Act. Except as otherwise provided by law, the City of Chicago shall have a right of first refusal prior to any sale of any such property by the Authority to a third party other than substitute property. The Authority shall develop and implement a relocation plan for businesses displaced as a result of the Authority's acquisition of property. The relocation plan shall be substantially similar to provisions of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Act and regulations promulgated under that Act relating to assistance to displaced businesses. To implement the relocation plan the Authority may acquire property by purchase or gift or may exercise the powers authorized in this subsection (f), except the immediate vesting of title under Article 20 of the Eminent Domain Act, to acquire substitute private property within one mile of Site B for the benefit of displaced businesses located on property being acquired by the Authority. However, no such substitute property may be acquired by the Authority unless the mayor of the municipality in which the property is located certifies in writing that the acquisition is consistent with the municipality's land use and economic development policies and goals. The acquisition of substitute property is declared to be for public use. In exercising the powers authorized in this subsection (f), the Authority shall use its best efforts to relocate businesses within the area of McCormick Place or, failing that, within the City of

- (g) To enter into contracts relating to construction projects which provide for the delivery by the contractor of a completed project, structure, improvement, or specific portion thereof, for a fixed maximum price, which contract may provide that the delivery of the project, structure, improvement, or specific portion thereof, for the fixed maximum price is insured or guaranteed by a third party capable of completing the construction.
- (h) To enter into agreements with any person with respect to the use and occupancy of the grounds, buildings, and facilities of the Authority, including concession, license, and lease agreements on terms and conditions as the Authority determines. Notwithstanding Section 24, agreements with respect to the use and occupancy of the grounds, buildings, and facilities of the Authority for a term of more than one year shall be entered into in accordance with the procurement process provided for in Section 25.1.
- (i) To enter into agreements with any person with respect to the operation and management of the grounds, buildings, and facilities of the Authority or the provision of goods and services on terms and conditions as the Authority determines.
- (j) After conducting the procurement process provided for in Section 25.1, to enter into one or more contracts to provide for the design and construction of all or part of the Authority's Expansion Project grounds, buildings, and facilities. Any contract for design and construction of the Expansion Project shall be in the form authorized by subsection (g), shall be for a fixed maximum price not in excess of the funds that are authorized to be made available for those purposes during the term of the contract, and shall be entered into before commencement of construction.
- (k) To enter into agreements, including project agreements with labor unions, that the Authority deems necessary to complete the Expansion Project or any other construction or improvement project in the most timely and efficient manner and without strikes, picketing, or other actions that might cause disruption or delay and thereby add to the cost of the project.
- (1) To provide incentives to organizations and entities that agree to make use of the grounds, buildings, and facilities of the Authority for conventions, meetings, or trade shows. The incentives may take the form of discounts from regular fees charged by the Authority, subsidies for or assumption of the costs incurred with respect to the convention, meeting, or trade show, or other inducements. The Authority shall be reimbursed by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity for incentives that qualify under the provisions of Section 605-725 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

No later than February 15 of each year, the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority shall certify to the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, the State Comptroller, and the State Treasurer the amounts provided during the previous calendar year as incentives for

conventions, meetings, or trade shows that (i) have been approved by the Authority and the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, (ii) demonstrate registered attendance in excess of 10,000 individuals, and (iii) but for the incentive, would not have used the facilities of the Authority for the convention, meeting, or trade show. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity may audit the accuracy of the certification. Subject to appropriation, on July 15 of each year the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer into the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Incentive Fund from the General Revenue Fund the lesser of the amount certified by the Chairman or \$10,000,000. No later than 30 days after the transfer, amounts in the Fund shall be paid by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity to the Authority to reimburse the Authority for incentives paid to attract large conventions, meetings, and trade shows to its facilities in the previous calendar year as provided in Section 605-725 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. Provided that all amounts certified by the Authority have been paid, on the last day of each fiscal year moneys remaining in the Fund shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize the Authority to spend the proceeds of any bonds or notes issued under Section 13.2 or any taxes levied under Section 13 to construct a stadium to be leased to or used by professional sports teams.

(Source: P.A. 94-1055, eff. 1-1-07.)".

The foregoing motions prevailed and the amendments were adopted.

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was again advanced to the order of Third Reading.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Mendoza, SENATE BILL 2172 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 115, Yeas; 0, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 11)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 1186. Having been read by title a second time on March 31, 2009, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative Madigan offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. $\underline{1}$. Amend Senate Bill 1186, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"ARTICLE 1

Section 5. The following amounts, or so much thereof as may be necessary, respectively, are appropriated to the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois for the State's contributions, as provided by law:

Payable from the Common School Fund......2,087,668,000

Section 10. The following named amount, or so much thereof as may be necessary, respectively, is appropriated from the Education Assistance Fund to the Teachers' Retirement System for the objects

and purposes hereinafter named:

Section 15. The amount of \$79,007,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated from the Education Assistance Fund to the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois for transfer into the Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund as the state's contribution for teachers' health insurance

Section 20. The sum of \$175,054,000, minus the amount transferred to the State Universities Retirement System pursuant to continuing appropriation authorized by the State Pensions Fund Continuing Appropriation Act, is appropriated from the State Pensions Fund to the Board of Trustees of the State Universities Retirement System of Illinois pursuant to the provisions of Section 8.12 of "AN ACT in relation to State finance", approved June 10, 1919, as amended.

Section 25. The following amounts, or so much thereof as may be necessary, respectively, are appropriated to the Board of Trustees of the State Universities Retirement System for the State's contribution, as provided by law:

Section 30. The sum of \$4,059,500, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated from the Education Assistance Fund to the State Universities Retirement System for deposit into the Community College Health Insurance Security Fund for the State's contribution, as required by law.

Section 35. The sum of \$723,703,100, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Board of Trustees of the State Employees' Retirement System for the State's Contribution, which includes the amount certified pursuant to Section 14-135.08 of the Pension Code, necessary to pay principal of and interest on the general obligation bonds authorized by Section 7.2(a) of the General Obligation Bond Act the proceeds of which were deposited by the State with the System pursuant to Public Act 93-0002.

Section 40. The sum of \$78,832,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Board of Trustees of the Judges' Retirement System for the State's Contribution, as provided by law.

Section 45. The sum of \$10,454,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Board of Trustees of the General Assembly Retirement System for the State's Contribution, as provided by law.

ARTICLE 99

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 2009.".

The foregoing motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Madigan, SENATE BILL 1186 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 102, Yeas; 0, Nays; 14, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 12)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 1298. Having been read by title a second time on May 19, 2009, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced.

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1298 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is amended by changing Sections 3.071, 3.077, 3.12, 3.20, 3.22, 3.23, 26, and 27 and by adding Sections 3.28, 3.29, and 3.30 as follows:

(230 ILCS 5/3.071) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-3.071)

Sec. 3.071. <u>Inter-track wagering</u>. "Inter-track Wagering" means a legal wager on the outcome of a simultaneously televised horse race taking place at an Illinois race track placed or accepted at any location authorized to accept wagers under this Act, excluding the Illinois race track at which that horse race is being conducted <u>and excluding advance deposit wagering through an advance deposit wagering licensee</u>. (Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)

(230 ILCS 5/3.077)

Sec. 3.077. <u>Non-host licensee</u>. "Non-host licensee" means a licensee operating concurrently with a host track, but does not include an advance deposit wagering licensee.

(Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)

(230 ILCS 5/3.12) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-3.12)

Sec. 3.12. <u>Pari-mutuel system of wagering</u>. "Pari-mutuel system of wagering" means a form of wagering on the outcome of horse races in which wagers are made in various denominations on a horse or horses and all wagers for each race are pooled and held by a licensee for distribution in a manner approved by the Board. Wagers may be placed via any method or at any location authorized under this Act.

(Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)

(230 ILCS 5/3.20)

Sec. 3.20. <u>Licensee</u>. "Licensee" means an individual organization licensee, an inter-track wagering licensee, <u>an or</u> inter-track wagering location licensee , <u>or an advance deposit wagering licensee</u>, as the context of this Act requires.

(Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)

(230 ILCS 5/3.22)

Sec. 3.22. <u>Wagering facility</u>. "Wagering facility" means any location at which a licensee, other than an advance deposit wagering licensee, may accept or receive pari-mutuel wagers under this Act.

(Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)

(230 ILCS 5/3.23)

Sec. 3.23. <u>Wagering.</u> "Wagering" means, collectively, the pari-mutuel system of wagering, inter-track wagering, and simulcast wagering, and advance deposit wagering.

(Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.)

(230 ILCS 5/3.28 new)

Sec. 3.28. Advance deposit wagering licensee. "Advance deposit wagering licensee" means a person licensed by the Board to conduct advance deposit wagering. An advance deposit wagering licensee shall be an organization licensee or a person or third party who contracts with an organization licensee in order to conduct advance deposit wagering.

(230 ILCS 5/3.29 new)

Sec. 3.29. Advance deposit wagering. "Advance deposit wagering" means a method of pari-mutuel wagering in which an individual may establish an account, deposit money into the account, and use the account balance to pay for pari-mutuel wagering authorized by this Act. An advance deposit wager may be placed in person at a wagering facility or from any other location via a telephone-type device or any other electronic means. Any person who accepts an advance deposit wager who is not licensed by the Board as an advance deposit wagering licensee shall be considered in violation of this Act and the Criminal Code of

1961. Any advance deposit wager placed in person at a wagering facility shall be deemed to have been placed at that wagering facility.

(230 ILCS 5/3.30 new)

Sec. 3.30. Advance deposit wagering terminal. "Advance deposit wagering terminal" means any electronic device placed by an advanced deposit wagering licensee at a wagering facility that facilitates the placement of an advance deposit wager and that can be electronically tracked so the location of the wagering facility where the advance deposit wagering terminal is located can be readily identified and so all wagers placed through the advance deposit wagering terminal are easily reportable.

(230 ILCS 5/26) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-26)

Sec. 26. Wagering.

- (a) Any licensee may conduct and supervise the pari-mutuel system of wagering, as defined in Section 3.12 of this Act, on horse races conducted by an Illinois organization licensee or conducted at a racetrack located in another state or country and televised in Illinois in accordance with subsection (g) of Section 26 of this Act. Subject to the prior consent of the Board, licensees may supplement any pari-mutuel pool in order to guarantee a minimum distribution. Such pari-mutuel method of wagering shall not, under any circumstances if conducted under the provisions of this Act, be held or construed to be unlawful, other statutes of this State to the contrary notwithstanding. Subject to rules for advance wagering promulgated by the Board, any licensee may accept wagers in advance of the day of the race wagered upon occurs.
- (b) No other method of betting, pool making, wagering or gambling shall be used or permitted by the licensee. Each licensee may retain, subject to the payment of all applicable taxes and purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered under subsection (a) of this Section, except as may otherwise be permitted under this Act.
- (b-5) An individual may place a wager under the pari-mutuel system from any licensed location authorized under this Act provided that wager is electronically recorded in the manner described in Section 3.12 of this Act. Any wager made electronically by an individual while physically on the premises of a licensee shall be deemed to have been made at the premises of that licensee.
- (c) Until January 1, 2000, the sum held by any licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum remaining unclaimed, less any uncashed supplements contributed by such licensee for the purpose of guaranteeing minimum distributions of any pari-mutuel pool, shall be paid to the Illinois Veterans' Rehabilitation Fund of the State treasury, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act.
- (c-5) Beginning January 1, 2000, the sum held by any licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum remaining unclaimed, less any uncashed supplements contributed by such licensee for the purpose of guaranteeing minimum distributions of any pari-mutuel pool, shall be evenly distributed to the purse account of the organization licensee and the organization licensee.
- (d) A pari-mutuel ticket shall be honored until December 31 of the next calendar year, and the licensee shall pay the same and may charge the amount thereof against unpaid money similarly accumulated on account of pari-mutuel tickets not presented for payment.
- (e) No licensee shall knowingly permit any minor, other than an employee of such licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey, driver, or employee thereof, to be admitted during a racing program unless accompanied by a parent or guardian, or any minor to be a patron of the pari-mutuel system of wagering conducted or supervised by it. The admission of any unaccompanied minor, other than an employee of the licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey, driver, or employee thereof at a race track is a Class C misdemeanor.
- (f) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, an organization licensee may contract with an entity in another state or country to permit any legal wagering entity in another state or country to accept wagers solely within such other state or country on races conducted by the organization licensee in this State. Beginning January 1, 2000, these wagers shall not be subject to State taxation. Until January 1, 2000, when the out-of-State entity conducts a pari-mutuel pool separate from the organization licensee, a privilege tax equal to 7 1/2% of all monies received by the organization licensee from entities in other states or countries pursuant to such contracts is imposed on the organization licensee, and such privilege tax shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours of receipt of the moneys from the simulcast. When the out-of-State entity conducts a combined pari-mutuel pool with the organization licensee, the tax shall be 10% of all monies received by the organization licensee with 25% of the receipts from this 10% tax to be distributed to the county in which the race was conducted.

An organization licensee may permit one or more of its races to be utilized for pari-mutuel wagering at one or more locations in other states and may transmit audio and visual signals of races the organization licensee conducts to one or more locations outside the State or country and may also permit pari-mutuel pools in other states or countries to be combined with its gross or net wagering pools or with wagering pools established by other states.

(g) A host track may accept interstate simulcast wagers on horse races conducted in other states or countries and shall control the number of signals and types of breeds of racing in its simulcast program, subject to the disapproval of the Board. The Board may prohibit a simulcast program only if it finds that the simulcast program is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. The host track simulcast program shall include the signal of live racing of all organization licensees. All non-host licensees and advance deposit wagering licensees shall carry the signal of and accept wagers on live racing of all organization licensees. Advance deposit wagering licensees shall not be permitted to accept out-of-state wagers on any Illinois signal provided pursuant to this Section without the approval and consent of the organization licensee providing the signal. Non-host licensees may carry the host track simulcast program and shall accept wagers on all races included as part of the simulcast program upon which wagering is permitted. All organization licensees shall provide their live signal to all advance deposit wagering licensees for a simulcast commission fee not to exceed 6% of the advance deposit wagering licensee's Illinois handle on the organization licensee's signal without prior approval by the Board. The Board may adopt rules under which it may permit simulcast commission fees in excess of 6%. The Board shall adopt rules limiting the interstate commission fees charged to an advance deposit wagering licensee. The Board shall adopt rules regarding advance deposit wagering on interstate simulcast races that shall reflect, among other things, the General Assembly's desire to maximize revenues to the State, horsemen purses, and organizational licensees. However, organization licensees providing live signals pursuant to the requirements of this subsection (g) may petition the Board to withhold their live signals from an advance deposit wagering licensee if the organization licensee discovers and the Board finds reputable or credible information that the advance deposit wagering licensee is under investigation by another state or federal governmental agency, the advance deposit wagering licensee's license has been suspended in another state, or the advance deposit wagering licensee's license is in revocation proceedings in another state. The organization licensee's provision of their live signal to an advance deposit wagering licensee under this subsection (g) pertains to wagers placed from within Illinois. Advance deposit wagering licensees may place advance deposit wagering terminals at wagering facilities as a convenience to customers. The advance deposit wagering licensee shall not charge or collect any fee from purses for the placement of the advance deposit wagering terminals. The costs and expenses of the host track and non-host licensees associated with interstate simulcast wagering, other than the interstate commission fee, shall be borne by the host track and all non-host licensees incurring these costs. The interstate commission fee shall not exceed 5% of Illinois handle on the interstate simulcast race or races without prior approval of the Board. The Board shall promulgate rules under which it may permit interstate commission fees in excess of 5%. The interstate commission fee and other fees charged by the sending racetrack, including, but not limited to, satellite decoder fees, shall be uniformly applied to the host track and all non-host licensees.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, for a period of 3 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, an organization licensee may maintain a system whereby advance deposit wagering may take place or an organization licensee, with the consent of the horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting, may contract with another person to carry out a system of advance deposit wagering. Such consent may not be unreasonably withheld. All advance deposit wagers placed from within Illinois must be placed through a Board-approved advance deposit wagering licensee; no other entity may accept an advance deposit wager from a person within Illinois. All advance deposit wagering is subject to any rules adopted by the Board. The Board may adopt rules necessary to regulate advance deposit wagering through the use of emergency rulemaking in accordance with Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The General Assembly finds that the adoption of rules to regulate advance deposit wagering is deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare. An advance deposit wagering licensee may retain all moneys as agreed to by contract with an organization licensee. Any moneys retained by the organization licensee from advance deposit wagering, not including moneys retained by the advance deposit wagering licensee, shall be paid 50% to the organization licensee's purse account and 50% to the organization licensee. If more than one breed races at the same race track facility, then the 50% of the moneys to be paid to an organization licensee's purse account shall be allocated among all organization licensees' purse accounts operating at that race track facility proportionately based on the actual number of host days that the Board grants to that breed at that race track facility in the current calendar year. To the extent any fees from advance deposit wagering conducted in Illinois for wagers in Illinois or other states have been placed in escrow or otherwise withheld from wagers pending a determination of the legality of advance deposit wagering, no action shall be brought to declare such wagers or the disbursement of any fees previously escrowed illegal.

- (1) Between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. an intertrack wagering licensee other than the host track may supplement the host track simulcast program with additional simulcast races or race programs, provided that between January 1 and the third Friday in February of any year, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois during this period, only thoroughbred races may be used for supplemental interstate simulcast purposes. The Board shall withhold approval for a supplemental interstate simulcast only if it finds that the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. A supplemental interstate simulcast may be transmitted from an intertrack wagering licensee to its affiliated non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for a supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by the non-host licensee and its affiliated non-host licensees receiving the simulcast.
- (2) Between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. an intertrack wagering licensee other than the host track may receive supplemental interstate simulcasts only with the consent of the host track, except when the Board finds that the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. Consent granted under this paragraph (2) to any intertrack wagering licensee shall be deemed consent to all non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for the supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by all participating non-host licensees.
- (3) Each licensee conducting interstate simulcast wagering may retain, subject to the payment of all applicable taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. If any licensee conducts the pari-mutuel system wagering on races conducted at racetracks in another state or country, each such race or race program shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax of that daily handle as provided in subsection (a) of Section 27. Until January 1, 2000, from the sums permitted to be retained pursuant to this subsection, each intertrack wagering location licensee shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered on simulcast wagering to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, subject to the provisions of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (11) of subsection (h) of Section 26 of this Act.
- (4) A licensee who receives an interstate simulcast may combine its gross or net pools with pools at the sending racetracks pursuant to rules established by the Board. All licensees combining their gross pools at a sending racetrack shall adopt the take-out percentages of the sending racetrack. A licensee may also establish a separate pool and takeout structure for wagering purposes on races conducted at race tracks outside of the State of Illinois. The licensee may permit pari-mutuel wagers placed in other states or countries to be combined with its gross or net wagering pools or other wagering pools.
- (5) After the payment of the interstate commission fee (except for the interstate commission fee on a supplemental interstate simulcast, which shall be paid by the host track and by each non-host licensee through the host-track) and all applicable State and local taxes, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, the remainder of moneys retained from simulcast wagering pursuant to this subsection (g), and Section 26.2 shall be divided as follows:
 - (A) For interstate simulcast wagers made at a host track, 50% to the host track and 50% to purses at the host track.
 - (B) For wagers placed on interstate simulcast races, supplemental simulcasts as defined in subparagraphs (1) and (2), and separately pooled races conducted outside of the State of Illinois made at a non-host licensee, 25% to the host track, 25% to the non-host licensee, and 50% to the purses at the host track.
- (6) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, non-host licensees who derive their licensees from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River may receive supplemental interstate simulcast races at all times subject to Board approval, which shall be withheld only upon a finding that a supplemental interstate simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing.
- (7) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the contrary, after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, non-host licensees who derive their licenses from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall retain 50% of the retention from interstate simulcast wagers and shall pay 50% to purses at the track from which the non-host licensee derives its license as follows:

- (A) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois during this period, when the interstate simulcast is a standardbred race, the purse share to its standardbred purse account;
- (B) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois during this period, and the interstate simulcast is a thoroughbred race, the purse share to its interstate simulcast purse pool to be distributed under paragraph (10) of this subsection (g);
- (C) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois, between 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. the purse share from wagers made during this time period to its thoroughbred purse account and between 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. the purse share from wagers made during this time period to its standardbred purse accounts;
- (D) Between the third Saturday in February and December 31, when the interstate simulcast occurs between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m., the purse share to its thoroughbred purse account;
- (E) Between the third Saturday in February and December 31, when the interstate simulcast occurs between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., the purse share to its standardbred purse account.
- (7.1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, if no standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. during that calendar year shall be paid as follows:
 - (A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000, 80% shall be paid to its thoroughbred purse account; and
 - (B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund and shall be paid to purses for standardbred races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county fairgrounds. The moneys deposited into the Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to standardbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with other moneys paid into that Fund. The moneys deposited pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be allocated as provided by the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board.
- (7.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, if no thoroughbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. during that calendar year shall be deposited as follows:
 - (A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000, 80% shall be deposited into its standardbred purse account; and
 - (B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund. Moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be paid to Illinois conceived and foaled thoroughbred breeders' programs and to thoroughbred purses for races conducted at any county fairgrounds for Illinois conceived and foaled horses at the discretion of the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board. The moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to thoroughbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with other moneys deposited into that Fund.
- (7.3) If no live standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County in calendar year 2000 or 2001, an organization licensee who is licensed to conduct horse racing at that racetrack shall, before January 1, 2002, pay all moneys derived from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering in calendar years 2000 and 2001 and paid into the licensee's standardbred purse account as follows:
 - (A) Eighty percent to that licensee's thoroughbred purse account to be used for

thoroughbred purses; and

(B) Twenty percent to the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund.

Failure to make the payment to the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund before January 1, 2002 shall result in the immediate revocation of the licensee's organization license, inter-track wagering license, and inter-track wagering location license.

Moneys paid into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this paragraph (7.3) shall be paid to purses for standardbred races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county fairgrounds. Moneys paid into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this paragraph (7.3) shall be used as determined by the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to standardbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with any other moneys paid into that Fund.

- (7.4) If live standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County at any time in calendar year 2001 before the payment required under paragraph (7.3) has been made, the organization licensee who is licensed to conduct racing at that racetrack shall pay all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering during calendar years 2000 and 2001 that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. during 2000 or 2001 to the standardbred purse account at that racetrack to be used for standardbred purses.
- (8) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, an organization licensee from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River and its affiliated non-host licensees shall not be entitled to share in any retention generated on racing, inter-track wagering, or simulcast wagering at any other Illinois wagering facility.
- (8.1) Notwithstanding any provisions in this Act to the contrary, if 2 organization licensees are conducting standardbred race meetings concurrently between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, the remainder of the amount retained from simulcast wagering otherwise attributable to the host track and to host track purses shall be split daily between the 2 organization licensees and the purses at the tracks of the 2 organization licensees, respectively, based on each organization licensee's share of the total live handle for that day, provided that this provision shall not apply to any non-host licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River.
 - (9) (Blank).
 - (10) (Blank).
 - (11) (Blank).
- (12) The Board shall have authority to compel all host tracks to receive the simulcast of any or all races conducted at the Springfield or DuQuoin State fairgrounds and include all such races as part of their simulcast programs.
- (13) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in the event that the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all wagering facilities in any calendar year is less than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all such wagering facilities for calendar year 1994, then each wagering facility that has an annual total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races that is less than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at such wagering facility for calendar year 1994, shall be permitted to receive, from any amount otherwise payable to the purse account at the race track with which the wagering facility is affiliated in the succeeding calendar year, an amount equal to 2% of the differential in total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at the wagering facility between that calendar year in question and 1994 provided, however, that a wagering facility shall not be entitled to any such payment until the Board certifies in writing to the wagering facility the amount to which the wagering facility is entitled and a schedule for payment of the amount to the wagering facility, based on: (i) the racing dates awarded to the race track affiliated with the wagering facility during the succeeding year; (ii) the sums available or anticipated to be available in the purse account of the race track affiliated with the wagering facility for purses during the succeeding year; and (iii) the need to ensure reasonable purse levels during the payment period. The Board's certification shall be provided no later than January 31 of the succeeding year. In the event a wagering facility entitled to a payment under this paragraph (13) is affiliated with a race track that maintains purse accounts for both standardbred and thoroughbred racing, the amount to be paid to the wagering facility shall be divided between each purse account pro rata, based on the amount of Illinois

handle on Illinois standardbred and thoroughbred racing respectively at the wagering facility during the previous calendar year. Annually, the General Assembly shall appropriate sufficient funds from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Agriculture for payment into the thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing purse accounts at Illinois pari-mutuel tracks. The amount paid to each purse account shall be the amount certified by the Illinois Racing Board in January to be transferred from each account to each eligible racing facility in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

- (h) The Board may approve and license the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees subject to the following terms and conditions:
 - (1) Any person licensed to conduct a race meeting (i) at a track where 60 or more days of racing were conducted during the immediately preceding calendar year or where over the 5 immediately preceding calendar years an average of 30 or more days of racing were conducted annually may be issued an inter-track wagering license; (ii) at a track located in a county that is bounded by the Mississippi River, which has a population of less than 150,000 according to the 1990 decennial census, and an average of at least 60 days of racing per year between 1985 and 1993 may be issued an inter-track wagering license; or (iii) at a track located in Madison County that conducted at least 100 days of live racing during the immediately preceding calendar year may be issued an inter-track wagering license, unless a lesser schedule of live racing is the result of (A) weather, unsafe track conditions, or other acts of God: (B) an agreement between the organization licensee and the associations representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting; or (C) a finding by the Board of extraordinary circumstances and that it was in the best interest of the public and the sport to conduct fewer than 100 days of live racing. Any such person having operating control of the racing facility may also receive up to 6 inter-track wagering location licenses. In no event shall more than 6 inter-track wagering locations be established for each eligible race track, except that an eligible race track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River may establish up to 7 inter-track wagering locations. An application for said license shall be filed with the Board prior to such dates as may be fixed by the Board. With an application for an inter-track wagering location license there shall be delivered to the Board a certified check or bank draft payable to the order of the Board for an amount equal to \$500. The application shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the Board. The application shall comply with all other rules, regulations and conditions imposed by the Board in connection therewith.
 - (2) The Board shall examine the applications with respect to their conformity with this Act and the rules and regulations imposed by the Board. If found to be in compliance with the Act and rules and regulations of the Board, the Board may then issue a license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering to such applicant. All such applications shall be acted upon by the Board at a meeting to be held on such date as may be fixed by the Board.
 - (3) In granting licenses to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the Board shall give due consideration to the best interests of the public, of horse racing, and of maximizing revenue to the State.
 - (4) Prior to the issuance of a license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the applicant shall file with the Board a bond payable to the State of Illinois in the sum of \$50,000, executed by the applicant and a surety company or companies authorized to do business in this State, and conditioned upon (i) the payment by the licensee of all taxes due under Section 27 or 27.1 and any other monies due and payable under this Act, and (ii) distribution by the licensee, upon presentation of the winning ticket or tickets, of all sums payable to the patrons of pari-mutuel pools.
 - (5) Each license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall specify the person to whom it is issued, the dates on which such wagering is permitted, and the track or location where the wagering is to be conducted.
 - (6) All wagering under such license is subject to this Act and to the rules and regulations from time to time prescribed by the Board, and every such license issued by the Board shall contain a recital to that effect.
 - (7) An inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee may accept wagers at the track or location where it is licensed, or as otherwise provided under this Act.
 - (8) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall not be conducted at any track less than 5 miles from a track at which a racing meeting is in progress.
 - (8.1) Inter-track wagering location licensees who derive their licenses from a particular organization licensee shall conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only at

locations which are either within 90 miles of that race track where the particular organization licensee is licensed to conduct racing, or within 135 miles of that race track where the particular organization licensee is licensed to conduct racing in the case of race tracks in counties of less than 400,000 that were operating on or before June 1, 1986. However, inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by those licensees at any location within 5 miles of any race track at which a horse race meeting has been licensed in the current year, unless the person having operating control of such race track has given its written consent to such inter-track wagering location licensees, which consent must be filed with the Board at or prior to the time application is made.

- (8.2) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee at any location within 500 feet of an existing church or existing school, nor within 500 feet of the residences of more than 50 registered voters without receiving written permission from a majority of the registered voters at such residences. Such written permission statements shall be filed with the Board. The distance of 500 feet shall be measured to the nearest part of any building used for worship services, education programs, residential purposes, or conducting inter-track wagering by an inter-track wagering location licensee, and not to property boundaries. However, inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering may be conducted at a site within 500 feet of a church, school or residences of 50 or more registered voters if such church, school or residences have been erected or established, or such voters have been registered, after the Board issues the original inter-track wagering location license at the site in question. Inter-track wagering location licensees may conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only in areas that are zoned for commercial or manufacturing purposes or in areas for which a special use has been approved by the local zoning authority. However, no license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall be granted by the Board with respect to any inter-track wagering location within the jurisdiction of any local zoning authority which has, by ordinance or by resolution, prohibited the establishment of an inter-track wagering location within its jurisdiction. However, inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering may be conducted at a site if such ordinance or resolution is enacted after the Board licenses the original inter-track wagering location licensee for the site in question.
 - (9) (Blank).
- (10) An inter-track wagering licensee or an inter-track wagering location licensee may retain, subject to the payment of the privilege taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. Each program of racing conducted by each inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax or pari-mutuel tax on such daily handle as provided in Section 27.
- (10.1) Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, inter-track wagering location licensees shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the municipality in which such location is situated and 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the county in which such location is situated. In the event that an inter-track wagering location licensee is situated in an unincorporated area of a county, such licensee shall pay 2% of the pari-mutuel handle from such location to such county.
- (10.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, with respect to intertrack wagering at a race track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River ("the first race track"), or at a facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the organization licensee that operates the first race track, on races conducted at the first race track or on races conducted at another Illinois race track and simultaneously televised to the first race track or to a facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the organization licensee that operates the first race track, those moneys shall be allocated as follows:
 - (A) That portion of all moneys wagered on standardbred racing that is required under this Act to be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for standardbred races.
 - (B) That portion of all moneys wagered on thoroughbred racing that is required under this Act to be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for thoroughbred races.
- (11) (A) After payment of the privilege or pari-mutuel tax, any other applicable taxes, and the costs and expenses in connection with the gathering, transmission, and dissemination of all data necessary to the conduct of inter-track wagering, the remainder of the monies retained under either Section 26 or Section 26.2 of this Act by the inter-track wagering licensee on inter-track wagering shall be allocated with 50% to be split between the 2 participating licensees and 50% to purses, except that an

intertrack wagering licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the Illinois organization licensee that provides the race or races, and an intertrack wagering licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with that organization licensee.

(B) From the sums permitted to be retained pursuant to this Act each inter-track wagering location licensee shall pay (i) the privilege or pari-mutuel tax to the State; (ii) 4.75% of the pari-mutuel handle on intertrack wagering at such location on races as purses, except that an intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall retain all purse moneys for its own purse account consistent with distribution set forth in this subsection (h), and intertrack wagering location licensees that accept wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall distribute all purse moneys to purses at the operating host track; (iii) until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, 1% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered on inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering at each inter-track wagering location licensee facility to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, provided that, to the extent the total amount collected and distributed to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund under this subsection (h) during any calendar year exceeds the amount collected and distributed to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund during calendar year 1994, that excess amount shall be redistributed (I) to all inter-track wagering location licensees, based on each licensee's pro-rata share of the total handle from inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering for all inter-track wagering location licensees during the calendar year in which this provision is applicable; then (II) the amounts redistributed to each inter-track wagering location licensee as described in subpart (I) shall be further redistributed as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection (g) of this Section 26 provided first, that the shares of those amounts, which are to be redistributed to the host track or to purses at the host track under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection (g) of this Section 26 shall be redistributed based on each host track's pro rata share of the total inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering handle at all host tracks during the calendar year in question, and second, that any amounts redistributed as described in part (I) to an inter-track wagering location licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall be further redistributed as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E) of paragraph (7) of subsection (g) of this Section 26, with the portion of that further redistribution allocated to purses at that organization licensee to be divided between standardbred purses and thoroughbred purses based on the amounts otherwise allocated to purses at that organization licensee during the calendar year in question; and (iv) 8% of the pari-mutuel handle on inter-track wagering wagered at such location to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting its wagering. The remainder of the monies retained by the inter-track wagering location licensee shall be allocated 40% to the location licensee and 60% to the organization licensee which provides the Illinois races to the location, except that an intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the organization licensee that provides the race or races and an intertrack wagering location licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the organization licensee. Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses (ii) and (iv) of this paragraph, in the case of the additional inter-track wagering location licenses authorized under paragraph (1) of this subsection (h) by this amendatory Act of 1991, those licensees shall pay the following amounts as purses: during the first 12 months the licensee is in operation, 5.25% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location on races; during the second 12 months, 5.25%; during the third 12 months, 5.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 6.25%; and during the fifth 12 months and thereafter, 6.75%. The following amounts shall be retained by the licensee to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting its wagering; during the first 12 months the licensee is in operation, 8.25% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location; during the second 12 months, 8.25%; during the third 12 months, 7.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 7.25%; and during the fifth 12 months and thereafter, 6.75%. For additional intertrack wagering location licensees authorized under this amendatory Act of 1995, purses for the first 12 months the licensee is in operation shall be 5.75% of the pari-mutuel wagered at the location, purses for the second 12 months the licensee is in operation shall be 6.25%, and purses thereafter shall be 6.75%. For additional intertrack location licensees authorized under this amendatory Act of 1995, the licensee shall be allowed to retain to satisfy all costs and expenses: 7.75% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location during its first 12 months of operation, 7.25% during its second 12 months of operation, and 6.75% thereafter.

(C) There is hereby created the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund which shall remain in existence until December 31, 1999. Moneys remaining in the Fund after December 31, 1999 shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. Until January 1, 2000, all monies paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) by inter-track wagering location licensees located in park districts of 500,000 population or less, or in a municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state of Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, and operating on May 1, 1994 shall be allocated by appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture. Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to promote the Illinois horse racing and breeding industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee appointed by the Governor consisting of the following members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve as chairman; 2 representatives of organization licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; 2 representatives of organization licensees conducting standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by that Foundation; a representative of the Illinois Standardbred Owners and Breeders Association, recommended by that Association; a representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association or any successor organization thereto established in Illinois comprised of the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by that Association or that successor organization; and a representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's Association, recommended by that Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a representative of any of the above-named entities has not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to fill that position. Committee members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the performance of their official duties. The remaining 50% of this two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the Agricultural Fair Act;

Four-sevenths to park districts or municipalities that do not have a park district of 500,000 population or less for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in such a park district) or to conservation districts for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in a municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state of Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, except that if the conservation district does not maintain a museum, the monies shall be allocated equally between the county and the municipality in which the inter-track wagering location licensee is located for general purposes) or to a municipal recreation board for park purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in a municipality that is not included within any park district and park maintenance is the function of the municipal recreation board and the municipality has a 1990 population of 9,302 according to the United States Bureau of the Census); provided that the monies are distributed to each park district or conservation district or municipality that does not have a park district in an amount equal to four-sevenths of the amount collected by each inter-track wagering location licensee within the park district or conservation district or municipality for the Fund. Monies that were paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991 by an inter-track wagering location licensee located in a municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district as provided in this paragraph shall, as soon as practicable after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991, be allocated and paid to that conservation district as provided in this paragraph. Any park district or municipality not maintaining a museum may deposit the monies in the corporate fund of the park district or municipality where the inter-track wagering location is located, to be used for general purposes; and

One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be used for distribution to agricultural home economics extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finances for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several

counties of this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967. Until January 1, 2000, all other monies paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) shall be allocated by appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture. Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to promote the Illinois horse racing and breeding industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee appointed by the Governor consisting of the following members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve as chairman; 2 representatives of organization licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; 2 representatives of organization licensees conducting standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by that Foundation; a representative of the Illinois Standardbred Owners and Breeders Association, recommended by that Association; a representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association or any successor organization thereto established in Illinois comprised of the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by that Association or that successor organization; and a representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's Association, recommended by that Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a representative of any of the above-named entities has not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to fill that position. Committee members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the performance of their official duties. The remaining 50% of this two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the Agricultural Fair Act;

Four-sevenths to museums and aquariums located in park districts of over 500,000 population; provided that the monies are distributed in accordance with the previous year's distribution of the maintenance tax for such museums and aquariums as provided in Section 2 of the Park District Aquarium and Museum Act; and

One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be used for distribution to agricultural home economics extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finances for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties of this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967. This subparagraph (C) shall be inoperative and of no force and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

- (D) Except as provided in paragraph (11) of this subsection (h), with respect to purse allocation from intertrack wagering, the monies so retained shall be divided as follows:
- (i) If the inter-track wagering licensee, except an intertrack wagering licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is not conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the entire purse allocation shall be to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted.
- (ii) If the inter-track wagering licensee, except an intertrack wagering licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is also conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the purse allocation shall be as follows: 50% to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted; 50% to purses at the track where the inter-track wagering licensee is accepting such wagers.
- (iii) If the inter-track wagering is being conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee, except an intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, the entire purse allocation for Illinois races shall be to purses at the track where the race meeting being wagered on is being held.
- (12) The Board shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully supervise and control the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees, including, but not limited to the following:
 - (A) The Board is vested with power to promulgate reasonable rules and regulations for the purpose of administering the conduct of this wagering and to prescribe reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which such wagering shall be held and conducted. Such rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the

best interests of said wagering and to impose penalties for violations thereof.

- (B) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the power to enter the facilities of any licensee to determine whether there has been compliance with the provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations relating to the conduct of such wagering.
- (C) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, may eject or exclude from any licensee's facilities, any person whose conduct or reputation is such that his presence on such premises may, in the opinion of the Board, call into the question the honesty and integrity of, or interfere with the orderly conduct of such wagering; provided, however, that no person shall be excluded or ejected from such premises solely on the grounds of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex.
 - (D) (Blank).
- (E) The Board is vested with the power to appoint delegates to execute any of the powers granted to it under this Section for the purpose of administering this wagering and any rules and regulations promulgated in accordance with this Act.
- (F) The Board shall name and appoint a State director of this wagering who shall be a representative of the Board and whose duty it shall be to supervise the conduct of inter-track wagering as may be provided for by the rules and regulations of the Board; such rules and regulation shall specify the method of appointment and the Director's powers, authority and duties.
- (G) The Board is vested with the power to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against individuals and up to \$10,000 against licensees for each violation of any provision of this Act relating to the conduct of this wagering, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to such wagering.
- (13) The Department of Agriculture may enter into agreements with licensees authorizing such licensees to conduct inter-track wagering on races to be held at the licensed race meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture. Such agreement shall specify the races of the Department of Agriculture's licensed race meeting upon which the licensees will conduct wagering. In the event that a licensee conducts inter-track pari-mutuel wagering on races from the Illinois State Fair or DuQuoin State Fair which are in addition to the licensee's previously approved racing program, those races shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege or pari-mutuel tax on that daily handle as provided in Sections 27 and 27.1. Such agreements shall be approved by the Board before such wagering may be conducted. In determining whether to grant approval, the Board shall give due consideration to the best interests of the public and of horse racing. The provisions of paragraphs (1), (8), (8.1), and (8.2) of subsection (h) of this Section which are not specified in this paragraph (13) shall not apply to licensed race meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture at the Illinois State Fair in Sangamon County or the DuQuoin State Fair in Perry County, or to any wagering conducted on those race meetings.
- (i) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, the conduct of wagering at wagering facilities is authorized on all days, except as limited by subsection (b) of Section 19 of this Act. (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99; 92-211, eff. 8-2-01.)

(230 ILCS 5/27) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-27)

Sec. 27. (a) In addition to the organization license fee provided by this Act, until January 1, 2000, a graduated privilege tax is hereby imposed for conducting the pari-mutuel system of wagering permitted under this Act. Until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, all of the breakage of each racing day held by any licensee in the State shall be paid to the State. Until January 1, 2000, such daily graduated privilege tax shall be paid by the licensee from the amount permitted to be retained under this Act. Until January 1, 2000, each day's graduated privilege tax, breakage, and Horse Racing Tax Allocation funds shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day upon which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes. The privilege tax hereby imposed, until January 1, 2000, shall be a flat tax at the rate of 2% of the daily pari-mutuel handle except as provided in Section 27.1.

In addition, every organization licensee, except as provided in Section 27.1 of this Act, which conducts multiple wagering shall pay, until January 1, 2000, as a privilege tax on multiple wagers an amount equal to 1.25% of all moneys wagered each day on such multiple wagers, plus an additional amount equal to 3.5% of the amount wagered each day on any other multiple wager which involves a single betting interest on 3 or more horses. The licensee shall remit the amount of such taxes to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day on which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes.

This subsection (a) shall be inoperative and of no force and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

- (a-5) Beginning on January 1, 2000, a flat pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 1.5% of the daily pari-mutuel handle is imposed at all pari-mutuel wagering facilities and on advance deposit wagering from a location other than a wagering facility, except as otherwise provided for in this subsection (a-5). In addition to the pari-mutuel tax imposed on advance deposit wagering pursuant to this subsection (a-5), an additional pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 0.25% shall be imposed on advance deposit wagering, the amount of which shall not exceed \$250,000 in each calendar year. The additional 0.25% pari-mutuel tax imposed on advance deposit wagering by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be deposited into the Quarter Horse Purse Fund, which shall be created as a non-appropriated trust fund administered by the Board for grants to thoroughbred organization licensees for payment of purses for quarter horse races conducted by the organization licensee. Thoroughbred organization licensees may petition the Board to conduct quarter horse racing and receive purse grants from the Quarter Horse Purse Fund. The Board shall have complete discretion in distributing the Quarter Horse Purse Fund to the petitioning organization licensees. Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly and until moneys deposited pursuant to Section 54 are distributed and received, a pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 0.25% of the daily pari-mutuel handle is imposed at a pari-mutuel facility whose license is derived from a track located in a county that borders the Mississippi River and conducted live racing in the previous year. After moneys deposited pursuant to Section 54 are distributed and received, a pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 1.5% of the daily pari-mutuel handle is imposed at a pari-mutuel facility whose license is derived from a track located in a county that borders the Mississippi River and conducted live racing in the previous year. The pari-mutuel tax imposed by this subsection (a-5) shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day upon which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes.
- (b) On or before December 31, 1999, in the event that any organization licensee conducts 2 separate programs of races on any day, each such program shall be considered a separate racing day for purposes of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax on such daily handle as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
- (c) Licensees shall at all times keep accurate books and records of all monies wagered on each day of a race meeting and of the taxes paid to the Department of Revenue under the provisions of this Section. The Board or its duly authorized representative or representatives shall at all reasonable times have access to such records for the purpose of examining and checking the same and ascertaining whether the proper amount of taxes is being paid as provided. The Board shall require verified reports and a statement of the total of all monies wagered daily at each wagering facility upon which the taxes are assessed and may prescribe forms upon which such reports and statement shall be made.
- (d) Any licensee failing or refusing to pay the amount of any tax due under this Section shall be guilty of a business offense and upon conviction shall be fined not more than \$5,000 in addition to the amount found due as tax under this Section. Each day's violation shall constitute a separate offense. All fines paid into Court by a licensee hereunder shall be transmitted and paid over by the Clerk of the Court to the Board.
- (e) No other license fee, privilege tax, excise tax, or racing fee, except as provided in this Act, shall be assessed or collected from any such licensee by the State.
- (f) No other license fee, privilege tax, excise tax or racing fee shall be assessed or collected from any such licensee by units of local government except as provided in paragraph 10.1 of subsection (h) and subsection (f) of Section 26 of this Act. However, any municipality that has a Board licensed horse race meeting at a race track wholly within its corporate boundaries or a township that has a Board licensed horse race meeting at a race track wholly within the unincorporated area of the township may charge a local amusement tax not to exceed 10¢ per admission to such horse race meeting by the enactment of an ordinance. However, any municipality or county that has a Board licensed inter-track wagering location facility wholly within its corporate boundaries may each impose an admission fee not to exceed \$1.00 per admission to such inter-track wagering location facility, so that a total of not more than \$2.00 per admission may be imposed. Except as provided in subparagraph (g) of Section 27 of this Act, the inter-track wagering location licensee shall collect any and all such fees and within 48 hours remit the fees to the Board, which shall, pursuant to rule, cause the fees to be distributed to the county or municipality.
- (g) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, if in any calendar year the total taxes and fees required to be collected from licensees and distributed under this Act to all State and local governmental authorities exceeds the amount of such taxes and fees distributed to each State and local governmental authority to which each State and local governmental authority was entitled under this Act for calendar year 1994, then the first \$11 million of that excess amount shall be allocated at the earliest

possible date for distribution as purse money for the succeeding calendar year. Upon reaching the 1994 level, and until the excess amount of taxes and fees exceeds \$11 million, the Board shall direct all licensees to cease paying the subject taxes and fees and the Board shall direct all licensees to allocate any such excess amount for purses as follows:

- (i) the excess amount shall be initially divided between thoroughbred and standardbred purses based on the thoroughbred's and standardbred's respective percentages of total Illinois live wagering in calendar year 1994;
- (ii) each thoroughbred and standardbred organization licensee issued an organization licensee in that succeeding allocation year shall be allocated an amount equal to the product of its percentage of total Illinois live thoroughbred or standardbred wagering in calendar year 1994 (the total to be determined based on the sum of 1994 on-track wagering for all organization licensees issued organization licenses in both the allocation year and the preceding year) multiplied by the total amount allocated for standardbred or thoroughbred purses, provided that the first \$1,500,000 of the amount allocated to standardbred purses under item (i) shall be allocated to the Department of Agriculture to be expended with the assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Funds Advisory Board for the purposes listed in subsection (g) of Section 31 of this Act, before the amount allocated to standardbred purses under item (i) is allocated to standardbred organization licensees in the succeeding allocation year.

To the extent the excess amount of taxes and fees to be collected and distributed to State and local governmental authorities exceeds \$11 million, that excess amount shall be collected and distributed to State and local authorities as provided for under this Act.

(Source: P.A. 94-805, eff. 5-26-06.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Turner, SENATE BILL 1298 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 87, Yeas; 27, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 13)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 2115. Having been read by title a second time on May 26, 2009, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Revenue & Finance, adopted and reproduced.

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2115 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Estate and Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

(35 ILCS 405/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 405A-2)

Sec. 2. Definitions.

"Federal estate tax" means the tax due to the United States with respect to a taxable transfer under Chapter 11 of the Internal Revenue Code.

"Federal generation-skipping transfer tax" means the tax due to the United States with respect to a taxable transfer under Chapter 13 of the Internal Revenue Code.

"Federal return" means the federal estate tax return with respect to the federal estate tax and means the federal generation-skipping transfer tax return with respect to the federal generation-skipping transfer tax.

"Federal transfer tax" means the federal estate tax or the federal generation-skipping transfer tax.

"Illinois estate tax" means the tax due to this State with respect to a taxable transfer.

"Illinois generation-skipping transfer tax" means the tax due to this State with respect to a taxable transfer that gives rise to a federal generation-skipping transfer tax.

"Illinois transfer tax" means the Illinois estate tax or the Illinois generation-skipping transfer tax.

"Internal Revenue Code" means, unless otherwise provided, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time.

"Non-resident trust" means a trust that is not a resident of this State for purposes of the Illinois Income Tax Act, as amended from time to time.

"Person" means and includes any individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company or corporation.

"Qualified heir" means a qualified heir as defined in Section 2032A(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

"Resident trust" means a trust that is a resident of this State for purposes of the Illinois Income Tax Act, as amended from time to time.

"State" means any state, territory or possession of the United States and the District of Columbia.

"State tax credit" means:

- (a) For persons dying on or after January 1, 2003 and through December 31, 2005, an amount equal to the full credit calculable under Section 2011 or Section 2604 of the Internal Revenue Code as the credit would have been computed and allowed under the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on December 31, 2001, without the reduction in the State Death Tax Credit as provided in Section 2011(b)(2) or the termination of the State Death Tax Credit as provided in Section 2011(f) as enacted by the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, but recognizing the increased applicable exclusion amount through December 31, 2005.
- (b) For persons dying after December 31, 2005 and on or before December 31, 2009, an amount equal to the full credit calculable under Section 2011 or 2604 of the Internal Revenue Code as the credit would have been computed and allowed under the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on December 31, 2001, without the reduction in the State Death Tax Credit as provided in Section 2011(b)(2) or the termination of the State Death Tax Credit as provided in Section 2011(f) as enacted by the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, but recognizing the exclusion amount of only \$2,000,000, and with reduction to the adjusted taxable estate for any qualified terminable interest property election as defined in subsection (b-1) of this Section.
- (b-1) The person required to file the Illinois return may elect on a timely filed Illinois return a marital deduction for qualified terminable interest property under Section 2056(b)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code for purposes of the Illinois estate tax that is separate and independent of any qualified terminable interest property election for federal estate tax purposes. For purposes of the Illinois estate tax, the inclusion of property in the gross estate of a surviving spouse is the same as under Section 2044 of the Internal Revenue Code.

In the case of any trust for which a State or federal qualified terminable interest property election is made, the trustee may not retain non-income producing assets for more than a reasonable amount of time without the consent of the surviving spouse.

(c) For persons dying after December 31, 2009, the credit for state tax allowable under Section 2011 or Section 2604 of the Internal Revenue Code.

"Taxable transfer" means an event that gives rise to a state tax credit, including any credit as a result of the imposition of an additional tax under Section 2032A(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

"Transferee" means a transferee within the meaning of Section 2603(a)(1) and Section 6901(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

"Transferred property" means:

- (1) With respect to a taxable transfer occurring at the death of an individual, the deceased individual's gross estate as defined in Section 2031 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (2) With respect to a taxable transfer occurring as a result of a taxable termination

as defined in Section 2612(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable amount determined under Section 2622(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (3) With respect to a taxable transfer occurring as a result of a taxable distribution as defined in Section 2612(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable amount determined under Section 2621(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (4) With respect to an event which causes the imposition of an additional estate tax under Section 2032A(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, the qualified real property that was disposed of or which ceased to be used for the qualified use, within the meaning of Section 2032A(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

"Trust" includes a trust as defined in Section 2652(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. (Source: P.A. 93-30, eff. 6-20-03.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Reitz, SENATE BILL 450 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 115, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 14)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

CONCURRENCES AND NON-CONCURRENCES IN SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILLS

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 9, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration. Representative Tracy moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 15)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 9.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 170, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Tryon moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

79, Yeas; 35, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 16)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 170.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

SENATE BILLS ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 52. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 52 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Deposit of State Moneys Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows: (15 ILCS 520/2) (from Ch. 130, par. 21)

Sec. 2. All banks or savings <u>and</u> and loan associations in which any such money is deposited shall be required to pay interest on time deposit accounts if members of the Federal Reserve system are permitted to pay interest on the particular class of deposit. All interest received or paid on account of money in the State treasury belonging to or for the use of the State so deposited in banks or savings and loan associations, shall be the property of the State of Illinois. If any moneys held by the State Treasurer shall be deposited in banks or savings and loan associations pursuant to the provisions of this Act, the interest received thereon shall be credited as provided in Section 4.1 of "An Act in relation to State finance". (Source: P.A. 84-1378.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

SENATE BILL 256. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Revenue & Finance, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 256 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Section 101 as follows: (35 ILCS 5/101) (from Ch. 120, par. 1-101)

Sec. 101. Short Title. This Act shall be known <u>and</u> and may be cited as the "Illinois Income Tax Act." (Source: P.A. 76-261.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 262. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 262 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Human Services Act is amended by changing Section 1-5 as follows: (20 ILCS 1305/1-5)

Sec. 1-5. Purpose. It is the the purpose of this Act to provide for the creation of the Department of Human Services and to transfer to it certain rights, powers, duties, and functions currently exercised by various other agencies of State Government. This Act consolidates and centralizes certain human services programs that are now offered to the citizens of this State by a number of different State agencies; it is intended to make possible the more effective and efficient operation of the affected programs and services. (Source: P.A. 89-507, eff. 7-3-96.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 265. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend Senate Bill 265 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Technology Development Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows: (30 ILCS 265/1)

Sec. 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as <u>the</u> Technology Development Act. (Source: P.A. 92-851, eff. 8-26-02.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 321. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 321 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by changing Section 1-101 as follows: (210 ILCS 45/1-101) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4151-101)

Sec. 1-101. This Act shall be known <u>and</u> and may be cited as the Nursing Home Care Act. (Source: P.A. 85-1378.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 451. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 451 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Electricity Excise Tax Law is amended by changing Section 15 as follows: (35 ILCS 640/15)

Sec. 15. If any provision added by this amendatory Act of 1997 is held invalid, this entire amendatory Act of 1997 shall be deemed invalid, and and the provisions of Section 1.31, "Severability", of the Statute on Statutes are hereby expressly declared not applicable to this amendatory Act of 1997; provided, however (i) that any contracts entered into and performed, transactions completed, orders issued, services provided, billings rendered, or payments made in accordance with the provisions of this amendatory Act of 1997, other than as provided in clause (ii) below, prior to the date of the determination of such invalidity, shall not thereby be rendered invalid; (ii) that no presumption as to the validity or invalidity of any contracts, transactions, orders, billings, or payments pursuant to Article XVIII of the Public Utilities Act shall result from a determination of invalidity of this amendatory Act of 1997; and (iii) that the provisions of proviso (i) shall not be deemed to preserve the validity of any executory contracts or transactions, of any actions to be taken pursuant to orders issued, or of any services to be performed, billings to be rendered, or payments to be made, pursuant to provisions of this amendatory Act of 1997 subsequent to the date of determination of such invalidity.

(Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 12-16-97.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1433. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend Senate Bill 1433 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing Section 1.1 as follows: (30 ILCS 105/1.1) (from Ch. 127, par. 137.1)

Sec. 1.1. This Act shall be known <u>and</u> and may be cited as the "State Finance Act". (Source: P.A. 86-109.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1466. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend Senate Bill 1466 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Section 1-1 as follows: (10 ILCS 5/1-1) (from Ch. 46. par. 1-1)

Sec. 1-1. This Act may be cited as the Election Code. This Act is the the general election law of Illinois and any reference in any other Act to "the general election law" or "the general election law of this State" is a reference to this Act, as now or hereafter amended. (Source: P.A. 86-1475.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1609. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1609 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Design-Build Procurement Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows: (30 ILCS 537/1)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2009)

Sec. 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as <u>the the Design-Build Procurement Act.</u> (Source: P.A. 94-716, eff. 12-13-05.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1623. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Revenue & Finance, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1623 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Lottery Law is amended by changing Section 1 as follows: (20 ILCS 1605/1) (from Ch. 120, par. 1151)

Sec 1

This Act shall be known and and may be cited as the "Illinois Lottery Law". (Source: P.A. 78-3rd S.S.-20.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1691. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Revenue & Finance, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1691 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Section 1-55 as follows: (35 ILCS 200/1-55)

Sec. 1-55. 33 1/3%. One-third of the the fair cash value of property, as determined by the Department's sales ratio studies for the 3 most recent years preceding the assessment year, adjusted to take into account any changes in assessment levels implemented since the data for the studies were collected. (Source: P.A. 86-1481; 87-877; 88-455.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1825. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1825 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Section 1-55 as follows: (35 ILCS 200/1-55)

Sec. 1-55. 33 1/3%. One-third of the the fair cash value of property, as determined by the Department's sales ratio studies for the 3 most recent years preceding the assessment year, adjusted to take into account any changes in assessment levels implemented since the data for the studies were collected. (Source: P.A. 86-1481; 87-877; 88-455.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1833. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1833 on page 2, by replacing line 24 through 25 with the following:

"(f) In the absence of law enforcement traffic control assistance for a funeral procession, a funeral director or his or her designee may direct traffic during a funeral procession."

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1846. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1846 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 605-1 as follows:

(20 ILCS 605/605-1)

Sec. 605-1. Article short title. This Article 605 of <u>the</u> the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois may be cited as the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law.

(Source: P.A. 93-25, eff. 6-20-03.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1959. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1959 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

(210 ILCS 50/1) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 5501)

Sec. 1. Short title.) This Act shall be known <u>and</u> and may be cited as the "Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act".

(Source: P.A. 81-1518; 88-1.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 2052. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2052 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 605-10 as follows:

(20 ILCS 605/605-10) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.1 in part)

Sec. 605-10. Powers and duties. <u>The The Department has the powers and duties enumerated in the Sections following this Section.</u>

(Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 2168. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2168 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Section 1-2 as follows:

(10 ILCS 5/1-2) (from Ch. 46, par. 1-2)

Sec. 1-2. <u>The The provisions of this Act</u>, so far as they are the same as those of any prior statute, shall be construed as a continuation of such prior provisions, and not as a new enactment.

If in any other statute reference is made to an Act of the General Assembly, or a section of such an Act, which is continued in this election Code, such reference shall be held to refer to the Act or section thereof so continued in this Code.

(Source: Laws 1943, vol. 2, p. 1.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 2218. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2218 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Addison Creek Restoration Commission Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

(20 ILCS 3901/1)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the the Addison Creek Restoration Commission Act. (Source: P.A. 93-948, eff. 8-19-04.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

DISTRIBUTION OF SUPPLEMENTAL CALENDAR

Supplemental Calendar No. 1 was distributed to the Members at 5:45 o'clock p.m.

RECALL

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Brosnahan, SENATE BILL 52 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading and held on that order.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 1434. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1434 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Transportation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section 2705-590 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2705/2705-590 new)

Sec. 2705-590. Roadbuilding criteria; life-cycle cost analysis.

- (a) As used in this Section, "life-cycle cost" means the total of the cost of the initial project plus all anticipated costs for subsequent maintenance, repair, or resurfacing over the life of the pavement. Actual data, and not assumptions or estimates, shall be used to the extent such data has been collected.
- (b) The Department shall develop and implement a life-cycle cost analysis for each State road project under its jurisdiction for which the total pavement costs exceed \$500,000 funded in whole, or in part, with State or State appropriated funds. The Department shall design and award these paving projects utilizing material having the lowest life-cycle cost. All pavement design life shall ensure that State and State appropriated funds are utilized as efficiently as possible. When alternative material options are substantially equivalent on a life-cycle cost basis, the Department may make a decision based on other criteria. At the discretion of the Department, interstate highways with high traffic volumes or experimental projects may be exempt from this requirement.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, a life-cycle cost analysis shall compare equivalent designs based upon this State's actual historic project maintenance, repair, and resurfacing schedules and costs as recorded by the pavement management system, and may include estimates of user costs throughout the entire pavement life.
- (d) For pavement projects for which this State has no actual historic project maintenance, repair, and resurfacing schedules and costs as recorded by the pavement management system, the Department may use actual historical and comparable data for equivalent designs from states with similar climates, soil structures, or vehicle traffic.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SUSPEND POSTING REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to Rule 25, Representative Franks moved to suspend the posting requirements of Rule 21 in relation to SENATE BILLS 1300, 1320, 1325 and HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 31.

The motion prevailed.

AGREED RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION 462 was taken up for consideration. Representative Currie moved the adoption of the agreed resolution. The motion prevailed and the agreed resolution was adopted.

At the hour of 6:02 o'clock p.m., Representative Currie moved that the House do now adjourn until Thursday, May 28, 2009, at 10:00 o'clock a.m., allowing perfunctory time for the Clerk.

The motion prevailed.

And the House stood adjourned.

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL QUORUM ROLL CALL FOR ATTENDANCE

May 27, 2009

0 YEAS	0 NAYS	116 PRES	SENT		
P Acevedo	P Davis, I	Monique	P Jefferson	P	Reis
P Arroyo	P Davis, V		P Joyce	P	Reitz
P Bassi	P DeLuca		P Kosel	P	Riley
P Beaubien	P Dugan		P Lang	P	Rita
P Beiser	P Dunkin		P Leitch	P	Rose
P Bellock	P Durkin		P Lyons	P	Ryg
P Berrios	P Eddy		P Mathias	P	Sacia
P Biggins	P Farnhar	n	P Mautino	P	Saviano
P Black	P Feigenh	oltz	P May	P	Schmitz
P Boland	P Flider		P McAsey	P	Senger
P Bost	P Flowers	S	P McAuliffe	P	Smith
P Bradley	P Ford		P McCarthy	P	Sommer
P Brady	P Fortner		P McGuire	P	Soto
P Brauer	P Franks		P Mell	P	Stephens
P Brosnahan	P Fritchey	y	P Mendoza	P	Sullivan
P Burke	P Froehlie	ch	P Miller	P	Thapedi
P Burns	P Golar		P Mitchell, Bill	P	Tracy
P Cavaletto	P Gordon	, Careen	P Mitchell, Jerry	P	Tryon
P Chapa LaVia	P Gordon	, Jehan	P Moffitt	P	Turner
P Coladipietro	P Graham	1	P Mulligan	P	Verschoore
P Cole	P Hamos		P Myers	P	Wait
E Collins	P Hannig		P Nekritz	P	Walker
P Colvin	P Harris		P Osmond	P	Washington
P Connelly	P Hatcher	•	P Osterman	P	Watson
P Coulson	P Hernan		P Phelps	P	Winters
P Crespo	P Hoffma	n	P Pihos	P	Yarbrough
P Cross	P Holbroo	ok	P Poe	_	Zalewski
E Cultra	P Howard	l	P Pritchard	P	Mr. Speaker
P Currie	P Jackson	l	P Ramey		
P D'Amico	P Jakobss	on	P Reboletti		

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL SENATE BILL 2091 VIATICAL SETTLEMENTS-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

May 27, 2009

115 YEAS	1 NAY	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins N Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Burns Y Cavaletto Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole E Collins Y Colvin	Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William Y DeLuca Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Farnham Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar Y Gordon, Careen Y Gordon, Jehan Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris	Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAsey Y McAsey Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mell Y Mendoza Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Moffitt Y Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz	Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Senger Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Thapedi Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait Y Walker Y Washington
Y Colvin	e e	Y Osmond	
Y Connelly Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross E Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico	Y Hatcher Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jackson Y Jakobsson	Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe	Y Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Zalewski Y Mr. Speaker

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL SENATE BILL 367 STATE GOVERNMENT-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

May 27, 2009

Y Acevedo Y Davis, Monique Y Jefferson Y Reis Y Arroyo Y Davis, William Y Joyce Y Reitz Y Bassi Y DeLuca Y Kosel Y Riley Y Beaubien Y Dugan Y Lang Y Rita Y Beiser Y Dunkin Y Leitch Y Rose Y Bellock Y Durkin Y Lyons Y Ryg Y Berrios Y Eddy Y Mathias Y Sacia Y Biggins Y Farnham Y Mautino Y Saviano Y Black Y Feigenholtz Y May Y Schmitz Y Boland Y Flider Y McAsey Y Senger Y Bost Y Flowers Y McAuliffe Y Smith Y Bradley Y Ford Y McCarthy Y Sommer Y Brady Y Fortner Y McGuire Y Soto Y Brauer Y Franks Y Mell Y Stephens Y Brosnahan Y Fritchey Y Mendoza Y Sullivan	Y Arroyo Y Davis, William Y Joyce Y Reitz Y Bassi Y DeLuca Y Kosel Y Riley Y Beaubien Y Dugan Y Lang Y Rita Y Beiser Y Dunkin Y Leitch Y Rose Y Bellock Y Durkin Y Lyons Y Ryg Y Berrios Y Eddy Y Mathias Y Sacia Y Biggins Y Farnham Y Mautino Y Saviano Y Black Y Feigenholtz Y May Y Schmitz Y Boland Y Flider Y McAsey Y Senger Y Bost Y Flowers Y McAuliffe Y Smith Y Bradley Y Ford Y McCarthy Y Sommer Y Brady Y Fortner Y McGuire Y Soto Y Brauer Y Franks Y Mell Y Stephens Y Brosnahan Y Fritchey Y Mendoza Y Sullivan Y Burke Y Froehlich Y Miller Y Thapedi Y Burns Y Golar Y Mitchell, Bill
Y Burns Y Golar Y Mitchell, Bill Y Tracy Y Cavaletto Y Gordon, Careen Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Tryon Y Chapa LaVia Y Gordon, Jehan Y Moffitt Y Turner Y Coladipietro Y Graham Y Mulligan Y Verschoore Y Cole Y Hamos Y Myers Y Wait E Collins Y Hannig Y Nekritz Y Walker	Y Chapa LaVia Y Gordon, Jehan Y Moffitt Y Turner Y Coladipietro Y Graham Y Mulligan Y Verschoore Y Cole Y Hamos Y Myers Y Wait E Collins Y Hannig Y Nekritz Y Walker Y Colvin Y Harris Y Osmond Y Washington Y Connelly Y Hatcher Y Osterman Y Watson
Y Colvin Y Harris Y Osmond Y Washington	
Y Cavaletto Y Gordon, Careen Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Tryon Y Chapa LaVia Y Gordon, Jehan Y Moffitt Y Turner Y Coladipietro Y Graham Y Mulligan Y Verschoore	Y Chapa LaVia Y Gordon, Jehan Y Moffitt Y Turner Y Coladipietro Y Graham Y Mulligan Y Verschoore

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL SENATE BILL 1289 CAPITAL CRIMES LIT-EXPENSES THIRD READING PASSED

May 27, 2009

98 YEAS	18 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Davis, Monique	Y Jefferson	N Reis
Y Arroyo	Y Davis, William	N Joyce	Y Reitz
Y Bassi	Y DeLuca	Y Kosel	Y Riley
Y Beaubien	Y Dugan	Y Lang	Y Rita
Y Beiser	Y Dunkin	Y Leitch	Y Rose
Y Bellock	Y Durkin	Y Lyons	Y Ryg
Y Berrios	Y Eddy	Y Mathias	Y Sacia
Y Biggins	N Farnham	Y Mautino	Y Saviano
Y Black	Y Feigenholtz	Y May	Y Schmitz
Y Boland	N Flider	N McAsey	N Senger
Y Bost	Y Flowers	Y McAuliffe	Y Smith
Y Bradley	Y Ford	Y McCarthy	Y Sommer
Y Brady	Y Fortner	Y McGuire	Y Soto
Y Brauer	N Franks	Y Mell	N Stephens
Y Brosnahan	Y Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Sullivan
Y Burke	N Froehlich	Y Miller	Y Thapedi
Y Burns	Y Golar	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Tracy
N Cavaletto	Y Gordon, Careen	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tryon
N Chapa LaVia	N Gordon, Jehan	Y Moffitt	Y Turner
Y Coladipietro	Y Graham	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
N Cole	Y Hamos	Y Myers	Y Wait
E Collins	Y Hannig	Y Nekritz	N Walker
Y Colvin	Y Harris	Y Osmond	Y Washington
Y Connelly	Y Hatcher	Y Osterman	N Watson
N Coulson	Y Hernandez	Y Phelps	Y Winters
N Crespo	Y Hoffman	Y Pihos	Y Yarbrough
Y Cross	Y Holbrook	Y Poe	Y Zalewski
E Cultra	Y Howard	Y Pritchard	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Currie	Y Jackson	Y Ramey	1 III. Speaker
Y D'Amico	Y Jakobsson	Y Reboletti	
1 2 / 1111100	1 0410055011	1 100010111	

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL SENATE BILL 1682 STATE GOVERNMENT-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

May 27, 2009

71 YEAS	30 NAYS	15 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Davis, Monique	Y Jefferson	N Reis
P Arroyo	Y Davis, William	Y Joyce	Y Reitz
P Bassi	Y DeLuca	N Kosel	Y Riley
N Beaubien	Y Dugan	Y Lang	Y Rita
Y Beiser	Y Dunkin	N Leitch	N Rose
N Bellock	N Durkin	Y Lyons	Y Ryg
Y Berrios	N Eddy	P Mathias	N Sacia
P Biggins	Y Farnham	Y Mautino	N Saviano
N Black	Y Feigenholtz	Y May	P Schmitz
Y Boland	Y Flider	Y McAsey	Y Senger
P Bost	Y Flowers	N McAuliffe	Y Smith
Y Bradley	Y Ford	Y McCarthy	N Sommer
N Brady	P Fortner	Y McGuire	Y Soto
N Brauer	Y Franks	Y Mell	N Stephens
N Brosnahan	P Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Sullivan
Y Burke	Y Froehlich	Y Miller	Y Thapedi
Y Burns	Y Golar	P Mitchell, Bill	N Tracy
Y Cavaletto	Y Gordon, Careen	N Mitchell, Jerry	P Tryon
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Gordon, Jehan	N Moffitt	Y Turner
P Coladipietro	Y Graham	N Mulligan	Y Verschoore
P Cole	Y Hamos	N Myers	Y Wait
E Collins	Y Hannig	Y Nekritz	Y Walker
Y Colvin	Y Harris	N Osmond	Y Washington
Y Connelly	Y Hatcher	Y Osterman	N Watson
P Coulson	Y Hernandez	Y Phelps	N Winters
Y Crespo	P Hoffman	N Pihos	Y Yarbrough
N Cross	Y Holbrook	N Poe	Y Zalewski
E Cultra	Y Howard	N Pritchard	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Currie	Y Jackson	N Ramey	•
Y D'Amico	Y Jakobsson	P Reboletti	

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL SENATE BILL 1905 STATE GOVERNMENT-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

May 27, 2009

92 YEAS	23 NAYS	1 PRESENT	
92 YEAS Y Acevedo Y Arroyo N Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins N Black	23 NAYS Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William Y DeLuca Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Durkin N Eddy Y Farnham Y Feigenholtz	1 PRESENT Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel Y Lang N Leitch Y Lyons N Mathias Y Mautino Y May	N Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita N Rose Y Ryg N Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz
N Black Y Boland P Bost Y Bradley Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Burns Y Cavaletto Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole E Collins Y Colvin	Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford N Fortner N Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar Y Gordon, Careen Y Gordon, Jehan Y Graham Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris	Y May Y McAsey Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire N Mell Y Mendoza Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Moffitt Y Mulligan N Myers Y Nekritz N Osmond	Y Schmitz N Senger Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto N Stephens Y Sullivan Y Thapedi N Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait Y Walker Y Washington
N Connelly N Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross E Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico	Y Hatcher Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jackson Y Jakobsson	Y Osterman Y Phelps N Pihos Y Poe N Pritchard N Ramey Y Reboletti	Y Watson N Winters Y Yarbrough Y Zalewski Y Mr. Speaker

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE RESOLUTION 92 DISCHARGE COMMITTEE SHALL THE RULING OF THE CHAIR BE SUSTAINED PREVAILED

May 27, 2009

65 YEAS	48 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Davis, Monique	Y Jefferson	N Reis
Y Arroyo	Y Davis, William	N Joyce	Y Reitz
N Bassi	Y DeLuca	N Kosel	Y Riley
N Beaubien	Y Dugan	Y Lang	Y Rita
Y Beiser	Y Dunkin	N Leitch	N Rose
N Bellock	N Durkin	Y Lyons	Y Ryg
Y Berrios	N Eddy	N Mathias	N Sacia
N Biggins	Y Farnham	Y Mautino	N Saviano
N Black	Y Feigenholtz	Y May	N Schmitz
Y Boland	Y Flider	Y McAsey	N Senger
N Bost	Y Flowers	N McAuliffe	Y Smith
Y Bradley	Y Ford	Y McCarthy	N Sommer
N Brady	N Fortner	Y McGuire	Y Soto
N Brauer	NV Franks	Y Mell	N Stephens
Y Brosnahan	NV Fritchey	Y Mendoza	N Sullivan
Y Burke	Y Froehlich	Y Miller	Y Thapedi
Y Burns	Y Golar	N Mitchell, Bill	N Tracy
N Cavaletto	Y Gordon, Careen	N Mitchell, Jerry	N Tryon
NV Chapa LaVia	Y Gordon, Jehan	N Moffitt	Y Turner
N Coladipietro	Y Graham	N Mulligan	Y Verschoore
N Cole	Y Hamos	N Myers	N Wait
E Collins	Y Hannig	Y Nekritz	Y Walker
Y Colvin	Y Harris	N Osmond	Y Washington
N Connelly	N Hatcher	Y Osterman	N Watson
N Coulson	Y Hernandez	Y Phelps	N Winters
Y Crespo	Y Hoffman	N Pihos	Y Yarbrough
N Cross	Y Holbrook	N Poe	Y Zalewski
E Cultra	Y Howard	N Pritchard	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Currie	Y Jackson	N Ramey	-
Y D'Amico	Y Jakobsson	N Reboletti	

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4571 MOTIONS IN WRITING CHANGE THE ORDER OF BUSINESS LOST

May 27, 2009

47 YEAS	68 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
N Acevedo	N Davis, Monique	N Jefferson	Y Reis
N Arroyo	N Davis, William	N Joyce	N Reitz
Y Bassi	N DeLuca	Y Kosel	N Riley
Y Beaubien	N Dugan	N Lang	N Rita
N Beiser	N Dunkin	Y Leitch	Y Rose
Y Bellock	Y Durkin	N Lyons	N Ryg
N Berrios	Y Eddy	Y Mathias	Y Sacia
Y Biggins	N Farnham	N Mautino	Y Saviano
Y Black	N Feigenholtz	N May	Y Schmitz
N Boland	N Flider	N McAsey	Y Senger
Y Bost	N Flowers	Y McAuliffe	N Smith
N Bradley	N Ford	N McCarthy	Y Sommer
Y Brady	Y Fortner	N McGuire	N Soto
Y Brauer	N Franks	N Mell	Y Stephens
N Brosnahan	N Fritchey	N Mendoza	Y Sullivan
N Burke	N Froehlich	N Miller	N Thapedi
N Burns	N Golar	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Tracy
Y Cavaletto	N Gordon, Careen	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tryon
NV Chapa LaVia	N Gordon, Jehan	Y Moffitt	N Turner
Y Coladipietro	N Graham	Y Mulligan	N Verschoore
Y Cole	N Hamos	Y Myers	Y Wait
E Collins	N Hannig	N Nekritz	N Walker
N Colvin	N Harris	Y Osmond	N Washington
Y Connelly	Y Hatcher	N Osterman	Y Watson
Y Coulson	N Hernandez	N Phelps	Y Winters
N Crespo	N Hoffman	Y Pihos	N Yarbrough
Y Cross	N Holbrook	Y Poe	N Zalewski
E Cultra	N Howard	Y Pritchard	N Mr. Speaker
N Currie	N Jackson	Y Ramey	•
N D'Amico	N Jakobsson	Y Reboletti	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4569 DISCHARGE COMMITTEE SHALL THE RULING OF THE CHAIR BE SUSTAINED LOST

May 27, 2009

66 YEAS	48 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Davis, Monique	Y Jefferson	N Reis
Y Arroyo	Y Davis, William	N Joyce	Y Reitz
N Bassi	Y DeLuca	N Kosel	Y Riley
N Beaubien	Y Dugan	Y Lang	Y Rita
Y Beiser	Y Dunkin	N Leitch	N Rose
N Bellock	N Durkin	Y Lyons	Y Ryg
Y Berrios	N Eddy	N Mathias	N Sacia
N Biggins	Y Farnham	Y Mautino	N Saviano
N Black	Y Feigenholtz	Y May	N Schmitz
Y Boland	Y Flider	Y McAsey	N Senger
N Bost	Y Flowers	N McAuliffe	Y Smith
Y Bradley	Y Ford	Y McCarthy	N Sommer
N Brady	N Fortner	Y McGuire	Y Soto
N Brauer	NV Franks	Y Mell	N Stephens
Y Brosnahan	Y Fritchey	Y Mendoza	N Sullivan
Y Burke	Y Froehlich	Y Miller	Y Thapedi
Y Burns	Y Golar	N Mitchell, Bill	N Tracy
N Cavaletto	Y Gordon, Careen	N Mitchell, Jerry	N Tryon
NV Chapa LaVia	Y Gordon, Jehan	N Moffitt	Y Turner
N Coladipietro	Y Graham	N Mulligan	Y Verschoore
N Cole	Y Hamos	N Myers	N Wait
E Collins	Y Hannig	Y Nekritz	Y Walker
Y Colvin	Y Harris	N Osmond	Y Washington
N Connelly	N Hatcher	Y Osterman	N Watson
N Coulson	Y Hernandez	Y Phelps	N Winters
Y Crespo	Y Hoffman	N Pihos	Y Yarbrough
N Cross	Y Holbrook	N Poe	Y Zalewski
E Cultra	Y Howard	N Pritchard	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Currie	Y Jackson	N Ramey	•
Y D'Amico	Y Jakobsson	N Reboletti	

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL SENATE BILL 189 GUBERNATORIAL BOARD COMMISSION THIRD READING PASSED

May 27, 2009

116 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Burns Y Cavaletto Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole E Collins Y Colvin	Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William Y DeLuca Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Farnham Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar Y Gordon, Careen Y Gordon, Jehan Y Graham Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris	Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAsey Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y MeGuire Y Mell Y Mendoza Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond	Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Senger Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Thapedi Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait Y Walker Y Washington
Y Colvin	Y Harris	Y Osmond	Y Washington
Y Connelly Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross E Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico	Y Hatcher Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jackson Y Jakobsson	Y Osterman Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey Y Reboletti	Y Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Zalewski Y Mr. Speaker

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL SENATE BILL 2172 DCEO-TOURISM TRAVEL GUIDE THIRD READING PASSED

May 27, 2009

115 YEAS	0 NAYS	1 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Burns Y Cavaletto Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole E Collins Y Connelly	Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William Y DeLuca Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Farnham Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar Y Gordon, Careen Y Gordon, Jehan Y Graham Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hatcher	Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAsey Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y MeGuire Y Mell Y Mendoza Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Senger Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Thapedi Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait Y Walker Y Washington Y Watson
Y Colvin	Y Harris	Y Osmond	Y Washington
Y Connelly Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross E Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico	Y Hatcher Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jackson Y Jakobsson	Y Osterman Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey Y Reboletti	Y Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Zalewski P Mr. Speaker

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL SENATE BILL 1186 \$BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION THIRD READING PASSED

May 27, 2009

102 YEAS	0 NAYS	14 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke P Burns Y Cavaletto Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole	P Davis, Monique P Davis, William Y DeLuca Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Farnham P Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers P Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich P Golar Y Gordon, Careen Y Gordon, Jehan P Graham Y Hamos	P Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAsey Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire P Mell Y Mendoza Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Moffitt Y Mulligan	Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Senger Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Thapedi Y Tracy Y Tryon P Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait
Y Cavaletto Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro	Y Gordon, Careen Y Gordon, Jehan P Graham	Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt	Y Tryon P Turner Y Verschoore
Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro	Y Gordon, Jehan P Graham	Y Moffitt Y Mulligan	P Turner Y Verschoore
Y Crespo Y Cross E Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico	Y Hoffman Y Holbrook P Howard Y Jackson Y Jakobsson	Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey Y Reboletti	P Yarbrough Y Zalewski Y Mr. Speaker

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL SENATE BILL 1298 HORSE-ADVANCE DEPOSIT WAGERING THIRD READING PASSED

125

May 27, 2009

87 YEAS	27 NAYS	1 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Davis, Monique	Y Jefferson	N Reis
Y Arroyo	Y Davis, William	N Joyce	Y Reitz
Y Bassi	Y DeLuca	N Kosel	Y Riley
Y Beaubien	Y Dugan	Y Lang	Y Rita
Y Beiser	Y Dunkin	N Leitch	Y Rose
Y Bellock	Y Durkin	Y Lyons	Y Ryg
Y Berrios	Y Eddy	Y Mathias	Y Sacia
N Biggins	N Farnham	Y Mautino	Y Saviano
N Black	Y Feigenholtz	Y May	N Schmitz
Y Boland	N Flider	N McAsey	Y Senger
Y Bost	Y Flowers	Y McAuliffe	Y Smith
N Bradley	Y Ford	Y McCarthy	N Sommer
Y Brady	N Fortner	Y McGuire	Y Soto
Y Brauer	P Franks	Y Mell	Y Stephens
Y Brosnahan	Y Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Sullivan
Y Burke	N Froehlich	Y Miller	Y Thapedi
Y Burns	Y Golar	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Tracy
N Cavaletto	Y Gordon, Careen	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tryon
N Chapa LaVia	N Gordon, Jehan	Y Moffitt	Y Turner
Y Coladipietro	Y Graham	N Mulligan	Y Verschoore
N Cole	Y Hamos	Y Myers	Y Wait
E Collins	Y Hannig	N Nekritz	N Walker
Y Colvin	Y Harris	Y Osmond	Y Washington
Y Connelly	NV Hatcher	Y Osterman	N Watson
Y Coulson	Y Hernandez	Y Phelps	N Winters
N Crespo	Y Hoffman	N Pihos	Y Yarbrough
Y Cross	Y Holbrook	Y Poe	Y Zalewski
E Cultra	Y Howard	Y Pritchard	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Currie	Y Jackson	Y Ramey	•
Y D'Amico	N Jakobsson	Y Reboletti	

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL SENATE BILL 450 REVENUE-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

May 27, 2009

115 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Burns Y Cavaletto Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole E Collins Y Colvin	Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William Y DeLuca Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Farnham Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar Y Gordon, Careen Y Gordon, Jehan Y Graham Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris	Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAsey Y McAsey Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mell Y Mendoza Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Moffitt Y Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond	Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Senger Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Thapedi Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait Y Walker Y Washington
Y Colvin	Y Harris	Y Osmond	Y Washington
Y Connelly Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross	NV Hatcher Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Phelps Y Pihos	Y Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Zalewski
E Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico	Y Howard Y Jackson Y Jakobsson	Y Pritchard Y Ramey Y Reboletti	Y Mr. Speaker

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 9

REFLEX SYMPATHETIC DYSTROPHY MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 2 CONCURRED

May 27, 2009

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 170

PRIV SEWAGE/EPA-SRFCE DSCHRG MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 2 CONCURRED

May 27, 2009

79 YEAS	35 NAYS	1 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Davis, Monique	Y Jefferson	N Reis
Y Arroyo	Y Davis, William	Y Joyce	N Reitz
N Bassi	Y DeLuca	Y Kosel	Y Riley
Y Beaubien	N Dugan	Y Lang	Y Rita
Y Beiser	Y Dunkin	N Leitch	N Rose
Y Bellock	Y Durkin	Y Lyons	Y Ryg
Y Berrios	N Eddy	Y Mathias	N Sacia
N Biggins	Y Farnham	P Mautino	Y Saviano
N Black	Y Feigenholtz	Y May	Y Schmitz
Y Boland	N Flider	Y McAsey	Y Senger
N Bost	Y Flowers	Y McAuliffe	N Smith
N Bradley	Y Ford	Y McCarthy	N Sommer
Y Brady	Y Fortner	Y McGuire	Y Soto
N Brauer	Y Franks	Y Mell	N Stephens
Y Brosnahan	Y Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Sullivan
Y Burke	Y Froehlich	Y Miller	Y Thapedi
Y Burns	Y Golar	N Mitchell, Bill	N Tracy
N Cavaletto	N Gordon, Careen	N Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tryon
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Gordon, Jehan	N Moffitt	Y Turner
N Coladipietro	Y Graham	Y Mulligan	N Verschoore
Y Cole	Y Hamos	N Myers	N Wait
E Collins	N Hannig	Y Nekritz	Y Walker
Y Colvin	Y Harris	N Osmond	Y Washington
Y Connelly	NV Hatcher	Y Osterman	N Watson
Y Coulson	Y Hernandez	N Phelps	N Winters
Y Crespo	Y Hoffman	Y Pihos	Y Yarbrough
Y Cross	Y Holbrook	N Poe	Y Zalewski
E Cultra	Y Howard	Y Pritchard	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Currie	Y Jackson	N Ramey	•
Y D'Amico	Y Jakobsson	N Reboletti	

[May 27, 2009]

62ND LEGISLATIVE DAY

Perfunctory Session

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 2009

At the hour of 6:10 o'clock p.m., the House convened perfunctory session.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

Representative Currie, Chairperson, from the Committee on Rules to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2009, (B) reported the same back with the following recommendations:

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES ASSIGNED TO COMMITTEE:

Judiciary II - Criminal Law: SENATE BILLS 1300, 1320 and 1325.

State Government Administration: HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 31

The committee roll call vote on the foregoing Legislative Measures is as follows:

4, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Currie(D), Chairperson

Y Black(R), Republican Spokesperson

Y Lang(D)

Y Schmitz(R)

A Turner(D)

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF BILLS

The following bills were introduced, read by title a first time, ordered reproduced and placed in the Committee on Rules:

HOUSE BILL 4571. Introduced by Representatives Coulson - Cross - Mathias, AN ACT concerning elections.

HOUSE BILL 4572. Introduced by Representatives Coulson - Mathias, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

HOUSE BILL 4573. Introduced by Representatives Coulson - Mathias, AN ACT concerning government.

HOUSE BILL 4574. Introduced by Representatives Coulson - Mathias, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

HOUSE BILL 4575. Introduced by Representatives Coulson - Mathias, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

HOUSE BILL 4576. Introduced by Representatives Coulson - Mathias, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

At the hour of 6:10 o'clock p.m., the House Perfunctory Session adjourned.