**Section 840.200 Adverse Pregnancy Outcome**

An adverse pregnancy outcome for an infant consists of one or more of the following case criterion:

a) A diagnosis of a birth defect, made prenatally or by two years of age;

b) A gestational age of less than 31 completed weeks (ICD-10-CM P07.21-P07.33);

c) A diagnosis of fetal alcohol syndrome (ICD-10-CM Q86.0);

d) A fetal or neonatal death;

e) Substance Use

1) Prenatal maternal, post-natal infant or post-natal maternal positive toxicology for any controlled substance (except drugs administered during labor and delivery);

2) a maternal admission to illicit drug use, or cannabis use during the pregnancy that led to the delivery of this infant; or

3) signs of drug toxicity or withdrawal; or

f) A diagnosis of one of the following conditions made prior to discharge from the newborn hospitalization:

1) Serious infections:

A) Prenatal exposure to syphilis (ICD-10-CM Z20.2) or a diagnosis of congenital syphilis (ICD-10-CM A50.01-A53.9);

B) Prenatal exposure to hepatitis B or hepatitis C (ICD-10-CM Z20.2) or a diagnosis of hepatitis B or hepatitis C (ICD-10-CM P35.3);

C) Prenatal exposure to chlamydia (ICD-10-CM Z20.2) or a diagnosis of a chlamydial infection ICD-10-CM A74.89, A74.9, or P23.1);

D) Prenatal exposure to herpes (ICD-10-CM Z20.2) or a diagnosis of congenital herpes (ICD-10-CM P35.2);

E) Group B streptococcus (ICD-10-CM J15.3 or P36.0);

F) Gonococcal conjunctivitis (neonatorum) (ICD-10-CM P39.1);

G) Congenital listeriosis (ICD-10-CM P37.2);

H) Congenital rubella (ICD-10-CM P35.0);

I) Congenital cytomegalovirus (ICD-10-CM P35.1);

J) Tetanus neonatorum (ICD-10-CM A33);

K) Septicemia of the newborn ICD-10-CM P36.0-P36.9);

L) Prenatal exposure to human immunodeficiency virus (ICD-10-CM Z20.6); or

M) Other congenital infections (ICD-10-CM P35.8, P35.9 or P37.0-P37.9).

2) Endocrine, metabolic or immune disorder:

A) Hypothyroidism (ICD-10-CM E03.0-E03.9);

B) Adrenogenital syndrome (ICD-10-CM E25.0-E25.9);

C) Inborn errors of metabolism (- ICD-10-CM E70.0-E79.9);

D) Cystic fibrosis (ICD-10-CM E84.0-E84.9); or

E) Immune deficiency disorder (ICD-10-CM D80.0-D81.9).

3) Blood disorder:

A) Leukemia (ICD-10-CM C91.0-C95.92);

B) Hereditary hemolytic anemias (ICD-10-CM D58.0-D58.9);

C) Constitutional aplastic anemia (ICD-10-CM D61.0-D61.09); or

D) Coagulation defects (ICD-10-CM D65-D68.9).

4) Other conditions:

A) Neurofibromatosis (ICD-10-CM Q85.0-Q85.9);

B) Cerebral lipidoses ICD-10-CM E75.4);

C) Retinopathy of prematurity (ICD-10-CM H35.1-H35.17);

D) Chorioretinitis (ICD-10-CM H30.00-H30.93);

E) Strabismus (ICD-10-CM H50.00-H50.9);

F) Endocardial fibroelastosis (ICD-10-CM I42.4);

G) Occlusion of cerebral arteries (ICD-10-CM I63.30-I63.59 or I66.0-I66.9);

H) Bronchopulmonary dysplasia (ICD-10-CM P27.1);

I) Intrauterine growth retardation ICD-10-CM P05.0-P05.9);

J) Intraventricular hemorrhage grade III (ICD-10-CM P52.21);

K) Intraventricular hemorrhage grade IV ICD-10-CM P52.22);

L) Seizures (ICD-10-CM P90);

M) Other conditions leading to more than 72 hours on a ventilator (ICD-10-CM Z99.11);

N) Conditions leading to extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO) (ICD-10-CM Z92.81)

O) Erb's Palsy (ICD-10-CM P14.0)

P) Hypoxic ischemic encephalopathy leading to cooling treatment (ICD-10-CM P91.63)

AGENCY NOTE: The products of induced abortions shall not be reported to APORS.

(Source: Amended at 46 Ill. Reg. 2971, effective February 1, 2022)