



Sen. Michael E. Hastings

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1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 24

2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend Senate Bill 24 by replacing  
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Missing Persons Identification Act is  
5 amended by changing Sections 5, 10, 20, and 25 as follows:

6 (50 ILCS 722/5)

7 Sec. 5. Missing person reports.

8 (a-1) Law enforcement policy. Law enforcement agencies  
9 shall adopt a policy regarding missing person investigations  
10 and missing person reporting and follow-up actions.

11 (a-5) (a) Report acceptance. Law ~~All law~~ enforcement  
12 agencies shall accept without delay any report of a missing  
13 person ~~and may attempt to obtain a DNA sample from the missing~~  
14 ~~person or a DNA reference sample created from family members!~~  
15 ~~DNA samples for submission under paragraph (1) of subsection~~  
16 ~~(c) of Section 10. Acceptance of a missing person report filed~~

1 ~~in person may not be refused on any ground.~~ A No law  
2 enforcement agency may not establish or maintain a policy that  
3 requires the observance of a waiting period before accepting a  
4 missing person report, and it may not ~~may~~ refuse to accept a  
5 missing person report:

6 (1) on the basis that the missing person is an adult;

7 (2) on the basis that the circumstances do not  
8 indicate foul play;

9 (3) on the basis that the person has been missing for a  
10 short period of time;

11 (4) on the basis that the person has been missing for a  
12 long period of time;

13 (5) on the basis that there is no indication that the  
14 missing person was in the jurisdiction served by the law  
15 enforcement agency at the time of the disappearance;

16 (6) on the basis that the circumstances suggest that  
17 the disappearance may be voluntary;

18 (7) (blank); ~~on the basis that the reporting~~  
19 ~~individual does not have personal knowledge of the facts;~~

20 (8) on the basis that the reporting individual cannot  
21 provide all of the information requested by the law  
22 enforcement agency;

23 (9) on the basis that the reporting individual lacks a  
24 familial or other relationship with the missing person; or

25 (9-5) on the basis of the missing person's mental  
26 state or medical condition. ~~or~~

1           ~~(10) for any other reason.~~

2           (a-10) Multiple reports for same missing person. If the  
3 law enforcement agency learns through investigation that a  
4 missing person report has been filed by another law  
5 enforcement agency for the same missing person and is under  
6 active investigation by that agency and if a missing person  
7 entry is active in the Law Enforcement Agencies Data System  
8 (LEADS), then the law enforcement agency may not draft an  
9 additional missing person report but shall draft an  
10 informational report detailing the interview of the reporting  
11 individual. The informational report shall be forwarded to the  
12 original law enforcement agency handling the missing person  
13 case without delay. A second or subsequent agency is not  
14 prohibited from entering a duplicate missing person report in  
15 LEADS; however, only one LEADS missing person report is  
16 required. Any existing LEADS missing person report may be  
17 modified by the originating agency to include additional or  
18 updated information.

19           (b) Manner of reporting. All law enforcement agencies  
20 shall accept missing person reports in person. Law enforcement  
21 agencies are encouraged to accept reports by phone or by  
22 electronic or other media to the extent that such reporting is  
23 consistent with law enforcement policies or practices.

24           (c) Contents of report. In accepting a report of a missing  
25 person, the law enforcement agency shall attempt to gather  
26 relevant information relating to the disappearance. The law

1 enforcement agency shall attempt to gather at the time of the  
2 report information that shall include, but shall not be  
3 limited to, the following:

4 (1) the name of the missing person, including  
5 alternative names used;

6 (2) the missing person's date of birth;

7 (3) the missing person's identifying marks, such as  
8 birthmarks, moles, tattoos, and scars;

9 (4) the missing person's height and weight;

10 (5) the missing person's gender;

11 (6) the missing person's race;

12 (7) the missing person's current hair color and true  
13 or natural hair color;

14 (8) the missing person's eye color;

15 (9) the missing person's prosthetics, surgical  
16 implants, or cosmetic implants;

17 (10) the missing person's physical anomalies;

18 (11) the missing person's blood type, if known;

19 (12) the missing person's driver's license number, if  
20 known;

21 (13) the missing person's social security number, if  
22 known;

23 (14) a photograph of the missing person; recent  
24 photographs are preferable and the agency is encouraged to  
25 attempt to ascertain the approximate date the photograph  
26 was taken;

1           (15) a description of the clothing the missing person  
2 was believed to be wearing;

3           (16) a description of items that might be with the  
4 missing person, such as jewelry, accessories, and shoes or  
5 boots;

6           (17) information on the missing person's electronic  
7 communications devices, such as cellular telephone numbers  
8 and e-mail addresses;

9           (18) the reasons why the reporting individual believes  
10 that the person is missing;

11           (19) the name and location of the missing person's  
12 school or employer, if known;

13           (20) the name and location of the missing person's  
14 dentist or primary care physician or provider, or both, if  
15 known;

16           (21) any circumstances that may indicate that the  
17 disappearance was not voluntary;

18           (22) any circumstances that may indicate that the  
19 missing person may be at risk of injury or death;

20           (23) a description of the possible means of  
21 transportation of the missing person, including make,  
22 model, color, license number, and Vehicle Identification  
23 Number of a vehicle;

24           (24) any identifying information about a known or  
25 possible abductor or person last seen with the missing  
26 person, or both, including:

1 (A) name;

2 (B) a physical description;

3 (C) date of birth;

4 (D) identifying marks;

5 (E) the description of possible means of  
6 transportation, including make, model, color, license  
7 number, and Vehicle Identification Number of a  
8 vehicle;

9 (F) known associates;

10 (25) any other information that may aid in locating  
11 the missing person; and

12 (26) the date of last contact.

13 (c-5) Collection of evidence. Nothing prohibits the  
14 collection of photographs, documents, biological samples,  
15 dental charts, radiographs, or fingerprints at the start of a  
16 missing person investigation.

17 (c-10) LEADS entry requirement. Using the information  
18 gathered in subsection (c) for the missing person report, the  
19 law enforcement agency shall immediately enter a missing  
20 person report in LEADS.

21 (d) Notification and follow up action.

22 (1) Notification. The law enforcement agency shall  
23 notify the person making the report, a family member, a  
24 person responsible for the missing person's welfare, or  
25 other person in a position to assist the law enforcement  
26 agency in its efforts to locate the missing person of the

1 following:

2 (A) general information about the handling of the  
3 missing person case or about intended efforts in the  
4 case to the extent that the law enforcement agency  
5 determines that disclosure would not adversely affect  
6 its ability to locate or protect the missing person or  
7 to apprehend or prosecute any person criminally  
8 involved in the disappearance;

9 (A-5) information regarding the collection of  
10 documents and biological samples that could assist in  
11 the identification of a missing person, including  
12 dental charts and radiographs, medical records,  
13 fingerprints, and biological samples from the person's  
14 personal items or from the missing person's immediate  
15 biological family members;

16 (B) that the person should promptly contact the  
17 law enforcement agency if the missing person remains  
18 missing in order to provide additional information and  
19 materials that will aid in locating the missing person  
20 such as the missing person's credit cards, debit  
21 cards, banking information, and cellular telephone  
22 records; and

23 (C) that any DNA samples provided for the missing  
24 person case are provided on a voluntary basis and will  
25 be used solely to help locate or identify the missing  
26 person and will not be used for any other purpose.

1           The law enforcement agency, upon acceptance of a  
2 missing person report, shall inform the reporting citizen  
3 of one of 2 resources, based upon the age of the missing  
4 person. If the missing person is under 18 years of age,  
5 contact information for the National Center for Missing  
6 and Exploited Children shall be given. If the missing  
7 person is age 18 or older, contact information for the  
8 National Missing and Unidentified Persons System (NamUs)  
9 organization shall be given.

10           The law enforcement agency is encouraged to make  
11 available informational materials, through publications or  
12 electronic or other media, that advise the public about  
13 how the information or materials identified in this  
14 subsection are used to help locate or identify missing  
15 persons.

16           (2) Follow up action. If the ~~person identified in the~~  
17 missing person ~~report~~ remains missing for 60 ~~after 30~~ days  
18 after the date of the report, but not more than 60 days,  
19 then the law enforcement agency shall immediately ~~may~~  
20 generate a report of the missing person within the  
21 National Missing and Unidentified Persons System (NamUs),  
22 and the law enforcement agency shall ~~may~~ attempt to obtain  
23 all of the following ~~the~~ additional information and  
24 materials that have not been received, ~~specified below:~~

25           (A) Additional photographs of the missing person  
26 that may aid the investigation or identification of an

1           unidentified person, including photographs of the  
2           missing person's scars, marks, and tattoos. All  
3           photographs of the missing person that the law  
4           enforcement agency collected shall be added to the  
5           National Missing and Unidentified Persons System  
6           (NamUs) record. The law enforcement agency is not  
7           required to obtain written authorization before it  
8           releases publicly a photograph that would aid in the  
9           investigation or location of the missing person. DNA  
10           ~~samples from family members or from the missing person~~  
11           ~~along with any needed documentation, or both,~~  
12           ~~including any consent forms, required for the use of~~  
13           ~~State or federal DNA databases, including, but not~~  
14           ~~limited to, the Local DNA Index System (LDIS), State~~  
15           ~~DNA Index System (SDIS), National DNA Index System~~  
16           ~~(NDIS), and National Missing and Unidentified Persons~~  
17           ~~System (NamUs) partner laboratories;~~

18           (B) Fingerprint records of the missing person from  
19           a competent authority or from a criminal history  
20           database, if available. If a missing person remains  
21           missing for 30 days after the date of the police  
22           report, then the missing person's fingerprint record  
23           shall be added to the missing person entry in the Law  
24           Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS). If a missing  
25           person remains missing for 60 days after the date of  
26           the police report, then the missing person's

1 fingerprint record shall be entered in the National  
2 Missing and Unidentified Persons System(NamUs). The  
3 fingerprint records may be used for direct comparison  
4 to the fingerprint records of unidentified persons  
5 only. ~~an authorization to release dental or skeletal~~  
6 ~~x rays of the missing person;~~

7 (C) (Blank). ~~any additional photographs of the~~  
8 ~~missing person that may aid the investigation or an~~  
9 ~~identification; the law enforcement agency is not~~  
10 ~~required to obtain written authorization before it~~  
11 ~~releases publicly any photograph that would aid in the~~  
12 ~~investigation or identification of the missing person;~~

13 (D) Dental charts and radiographs of the missing  
14 person, if available. If a missing person remains  
15 missing for 60 days after the date of the police report  
16 and missing for 60 days after the date of the police  
17 report in the National Missing and Unidentified  
18 Persons System (NamUs), then the missing person's  
19 dental record shall be added to the missing person  
20 entry in the Law Enforcement Agencies Data System  
21 (LEADS). The dental records may be used only for  
22 direct comparison to the dental records of  
23 unidentified persons. ~~dental information and x rays;~~  
24 ~~and~~

25 (E) Biological samples from closely related family  
26 members of the missing person or biological samples

1           from personal items of the missing person, along with  
2           any consent forms, required for the entry of a DNA  
3           profile in the Combined DNA Index System, including,  
4           but not limited to, the Local DNA Index System (LDIS),  
5           State DNA Index System (SDIS), and National DNA Index  
6           System (NDIS) fingerprints.

7           (3) Biological samples ~~Samples~~ collected for DNA  
8           analysis, if any, shall ~~may~~ be submitted to a Combined DNA  
9           Index System (CODIS) ~~National Missing and Unidentified~~  
10           ~~Persons System (NamUs)~~ ~~partner laboratory~~ or other  
11           accredited laboratory ~~resource~~ where DNA profiles are  
12           entered into local, State, and national DNA Index Systems  
13           within 90 ~~60~~ days from the date of the police report. ~~The~~  
14           Illinois State Police laboratories shall establish  
15           procedures for determining how to prioritize analysis of  
16           the samples relating to missing person cases. All  
17           biological ~~DNA~~ samples and subsequent DNA profiles, if  
18           any, obtained in missing person cases from family members  
19           of the missing person or personal items of the missing  
20           person may not be retained after the location or  
21           identification of the remains of the missing person unless  
22           there is a search warrant signed by a court of competent  
23           jurisdiction.

24           (4) This subsection shall not be interpreted to  
25           preclude a law enforcement agency from attempting to  
26           obtain the materials identified in this subsection before

1 the expiration of the specified periods. ~~30-day period.~~  
2 ~~The responsible law enforcement agency may make a National~~  
3 ~~Missing and Unidentified Persons System (NamUs) report on~~  
4 ~~the missing person within 60 days after the report of the~~  
5 ~~disappearance of the missing person.~~

6 (5) Law enforcement agencies are encouraged to  
7 establish written protocols for the handling of missing  
8 person cases to accomplish the purposes of this Act. Law  
9 enforcement agencies may not close a missing person case  
10 until the missing person has returned or been located,  
11 either alive or deceased. Law enforcement agencies shall  
12 keep cases under active investigation until the missing  
13 person is located or returned. Reasons for closing a  
14 missing person case may not include exhaustion of leads or  
15 termination of the anticipated life span of the missing  
16 person.

17 (Source: P.A. 101-266, eff. 1-1-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

18 (50 ILCS 722/10)

19 Sec. 10. Law enforcement analysis and reporting of missing  
20 person information.

21 (a) Prompt determination and definition of a high-risk  
22 missing person.

23 (1) Definition. "High-risk missing person" means a  
24 person whose whereabouts are not currently known and whose  
25 circumstances indicate that the person may be at risk of

1 injury or death. The circumstances that indicate that a  
2 person is a high-risk missing person include, but are not  
3 limited to, any of the following:

4 (A) the person is missing as a result of a stranger  
5 abduction;

6 (B) the person is missing under suspicious  
7 circumstances;

8 (C) the person is missing under unknown  
9 circumstances;

10 (D) the person is missing under known dangerous  
11 circumstances;

12 (E) the person is missing more than 60 days ~~30~~  
13 ~~days~~;

14 (F) the person has already been designated as a  
15 high-risk missing person by another law enforcement  
16 agency;

17 (G) there is evidence that the person is at risk  
18 because:

19 (i) the person is in need of medical  
20 attention, including but not limited to persons  
21 with dementia-like symptoms, or prescription  
22 medication;

23 (ii) the person does not have a pattern of  
24 running away or disappearing;

25 (iii) the person may have been abducted by a  
26 non-custodial parent;

1 (iv) the person is mentally impaired,  
2 including, but not limited to, a person having a  
3 developmental disability, as defined in Section  
4 1-106 of the Mental Health and Developmental  
5 Disabilities Code, or a person having an  
6 intellectual disability, as defined in Section  
7 1-116 of the Mental Health and Developmental  
8 Disabilities Code;

9 (v) the person is under the age of 21;

10 (vi) the person has been the subject of past  
11 threats or acts of violence;

12 (vii) the person has gone missing ~~eloped~~ from  
13 a facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care  
14 Act nursing home;

15 (G-5) the person is a veteran or active duty  
16 member of the United States Armed Forces, the National  
17 Guard, or any reserve component of the United States  
18 Armed Forces who is believed to have a physical or  
19 mental health condition that is related to his or her  
20 service; or

21 (H) any other factor that may, in the judgment of  
22 the law enforcement official, indicate that the  
23 missing person may be at risk.

24 (b) Law enforcement risk assessment.

25 (1) Upon initial receipt of a missing person report,  
26 the law enforcement agency shall immediately determine

1 whether there is a basis to determine that the missing  
2 person is a high-risk missing person.

3 (2) If a law enforcement agency has previously  
4 determined that a missing person is not a high-risk  
5 missing person, but obtains new information, it shall  
6 immediately determine whether the information indicates  
7 that the missing person is a high-risk missing person.

8 (3) Law enforcement agencies are encouraged to  
9 establish written protocols for the handling of missing  
10 person cases to accomplish the purposes of this Act.

11 (c) Law enforcement reporting.

12 (1) Upon receipt of a missing person report, the ~~The~~  
13 responding local law enforcement agency shall ~~immediately~~  
14 enter all collected information relating to the missing  
15 person case in the Law Enforcement Agencies Data System  
16 (LEADS) and the National Crime Information Center (NCIC).  
17 The database entries shall remain on file indefinitely or  
18 until action is taken by the originating agency to clear  
19 or cancel the record. In addition, if the missing person  
20 remains missing for 60 days after the date of report, the  
21 law enforcement agency shall immediately generate a report  
22 of the missing person within the National Missing and  
23 Unidentified Persons System (NamUs) as required under  
24 paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 5 ~~databases and~~  
25 ~~the National Missing and Unidentified Persons System~~  
26 ~~(NamUs) within 45 days after the receipt of the report, or~~

1 ~~in the case of a high risk missing person, within 30 days~~  
2 ~~after the receipt of the report. If the DNA sample~~  
3 ~~submission is to a National Missing and Unidentified~~  
4 ~~Persons System (NamUs) partner laboratory, the DNA profile~~  
5 ~~may be uploaded by the partner laboratory to the National~~  
6 ~~DNA Index System (NDIS). A packet submission of all~~  
7 ~~relevant reports and DNA samples may be sent to the~~  
8 ~~National Missing and Unidentified Persons System (NamUs)~~  
9 ~~within 30 days for any high risk missing person cases. The~~  
10 ~~information shall be provided in accordance with~~  
11 ~~applicable guidelines relating to the databases. The~~  
12 information shall be entered as follows:

13 (A) For ~~if~~ Illinois State Police laboratories or  
14 other accredited laboratories, all are utilized in  
15 ~~lieu of National Missing and Unidentified Persons~~  
16 ~~System (NamUs) partner laboratories, all appropriate~~  
17 DNA profiles, as determined by the Illinois State  
18 Police, shall be uploaded into the appropriate index  
19 ~~missing person databases~~ of the State DNA Index System  
20 (SDIS) and National DNA Index System (NDIS) after  
21 completion of the DNA analysis and other procedures  
22 required for database entry. The responding local law  
23 enforcement agency shall attempt to collect and may  
24 submit any DNA samples voluntarily obtained from  
25 family members to an accredited Combined DNA Index  
26 System (CODIS) ~~a National Missing and Unidentified~~

1 ~~Persons System (NamUs) partner~~ laboratory for DNA  
2 analysis within 90 ~~30~~ days from the date of the police  
3 report. A notation of DNA submission may be made  
4 within the National Missing and Unidentified Persons  
5 System (NamUs) record.

6 (B) If the missing person remains missing for 60  
7 days from the date of report and if reporting  
8 requirements for entry into Information relevant to  
9 the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Violent Criminal  
10 Apprehension Program are met, the law enforcement  
11 agency shall enter the missing person case into the  
12 Federal Bureau of Investigation's Violent Criminal  
13 Apprehension Program database ~~be entered as soon as~~  
14 ~~possible.~~

15 (C) The Illinois State Police or other assigned  
16 law enforcement agency shall ensure that persons  
17 entering data relating to medical or dental records in  
18 State or federal databases are specifically trained to  
19 understand and correctly enter the information sought  
20 by these databases. The Illinois State Police shall  
21 either use a person with specific expertise in medical  
22 or dental records for this purpose or consult with a  
23 chief medical examiner, forensic anthropologist, or  
24 odontologist to ensure the accuracy and completeness  
25 of information entered into the State and federal  
26 databases.

1           (2) The Illinois State Police shall immediately notify  
2 all law enforcement agencies within this State and the  
3 surrounding region of the information that will aid in the  
4 prompt location and safe return of the high-risk missing  
5 person.

6           (3) The local law enforcement agencies that receive  
7 the notification from the Illinois State Police shall  
8 notify officers to be on the lookout for the missing  
9 person or a suspected abductor.

10           (4) Pursuant to any applicable State criteria, local  
11 law enforcement agencies shall also provide for the prompt  
12 use of an Amber Alert in cases involving abducted  
13 children; or use of the Endangered Missing Person Advisory  
14 in appropriate high-risk missing person ~~high-risk~~ cases.

15 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-266, eff. 1-1-21;  
16 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

17 (50 ILCS 722/20)

18 Sec. 20. Unidentified persons or human remains  
19 identification responsibilities.

20 (a) In this Section, "assisting law enforcement agency"  
21 means a law enforcement agency with jurisdiction acting under  
22 the request and direction of the medical examiner or coroner  
23 to assist with human remains identification.

24 (a-5) If the official with custody of the human remains is  
25 not a coroner or medical examiner, the official shall

1 immediately notify the coroner or medical examiner of the  
2 county in which the remains were found. The coroner or medical  
3 examiner shall go to the scene and take charge of the remains.

4 (b) Notwithstanding any other action deemed appropriate  
5 for the handling of the human remains, the assisting law  
6 enforcement agency, medical examiner, or coroner shall make  
7 reasonable attempts to promptly identify human remains. This  
8 does not include historic or prehistoric skeletal remains.  
9 These actions shall include, but are not limited to, obtaining  
10 the following when possible:

11 (1) photographs of the human remains (prior to an  
12 autopsy);

13 (2) dental and skeletal radiographs ~~X-rays~~;

14 (3) photographs of items found on or with the human  
15 remains;

16 (4) fingerprints from the remains;

17 (5) tissue samples suitable for DNA analysis;

18 (6) (blank); and

19 (7) any other information that may support  
20 identification efforts.

21 (c) No medical examiner or coroner or any other person  
22 shall dispose of, or engage in actions that will materially  
23 affect the unidentified human remains before the assisting law  
24 enforcement agency, medical examiner, or coroner obtains items  
25 essential for human identification efforts listed in  
26 subsection (b) of this Section.

1 (d) Cremation of unidentified human remains is prohibited.

2 (e) (Blank).

3 (f) The assisting law enforcement agency, medical  
4 examiner, or coroner shall seek support from appropriate State  
5 and federal agencies, including National Missing and  
6 Unidentified Persons System resources to facilitate prompt  
7 identification of human remains. This support may include, but  
8 is not limited to, fingerprint comparison; forensic  
9 odontology; nuclear or mitochondrial DNA analysis, or both;  
10 and forensic anthropology.

11 (f-5) In this subsection, "local, State, and federal  
12 automated fingerprint identification system databases"  
13 includes:

14 (1) local criminal history repositories;

15 (2) the Illinois State Police Automated Biometric  
16 Identification System (ABIS), both criminal and civil, and  
17 any successor databases; and

18 (3) the Next Generation Integrated Automated  
19 Fingerprint Identification System (NGI) and other federal  
20 fingerprint databases, including immigration and military  
21 databases and the Repository for Individuals of Special  
22 Concern (RISC), and any successor databases.

23 It is the responsibility of the submitting agency to  
24 ensure the following steps are completed in the following  
25 order:

26 (1) Fingerprints from unidentified human remains,

1 including partial prints, if any, shall be submitted for  
2 analysis within 7 days of recovery of the remains by the  
3 assisting law enforcement agency, medical examiner, or  
4 coroner to all local, State, and federal automated  
5 fingerprint identification system databases.

6 (2) The submitting agency shall ensure fingerprints  
7 are appropriately searched for identification purposes.

8 If there are no matches in any of the local, State, and  
9 federal automated fingerprint identification system databases,  
10 the unidentified fingerprint records shall be uploaded to the  
11 National Missing and Unidentified Persons System (NamUs)  
12 within 60 days after recovery of the remains. If no matches are  
13 made in the local, State, and federal automated fingerprint  
14 identification system databases, the submitting agency may  
15 contact the International Criminal Police Organization  
16 (INTERPOL) to search through the automated fingerprint  
17 identification system databases of member countries if remains  
18 are believed to have an international nexus. If the  
19 fingerprint analysis does not aid in the identification of the  
20 remains, then the assisting law enforcement agency, coroner,  
21 or medical examiner shall cause a dental examination to be  
22 performed by a forensic odontologist within 45 days of  
23 recovery of the remains for the purpose of dental charting,  
24 direct comparison to missing person dental records, and  
25 uploading to the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) and  
26 National Missing and Unidentified Persons System (NamUs). If

1 the fingerprint and dental analysis does not aid in the  
2 identification of the remains, then blood, tissue, or bone  
3 samples from the unidentified remains shall be submitted for  
4 DNA analysis within 90 days of the recovery of the remains to a  
5 Combined DNA Index System (CODIS) accredited laboratory where  
6 DNA profiles are entered into the National DNA Index System  
7 upon completion of testing. In the case of markedly decomposed  
8 or skeletal remains, a forensic anthropological analysis of  
9 the remains, authorized by the coroner or medical examiner,  
10 shall also be performed within 60 days from the recovery and  
11 preparation of the remains for the analysis.

12 ~~Fingerprints from the unidentified remains, including~~  
13 ~~partial prints, shall be submitted to the Illinois State~~  
14 ~~Police or other resource for the purpose of attempting to~~  
15 ~~identify the deceased. The coroner or medical examiner shall~~  
16 ~~cause a dental examination to be performed by a forensic~~  
17 ~~odontologist for the purpose of dental charting, comparison to~~  
18 ~~missing person records, or both. Tissue samples collected for~~  
19 ~~DNA analysis shall be submitted within 30 days of the recovery~~  
20 ~~of the remains to a National Missing and Unidentified Persons~~  
21 ~~System partner laboratory or other resource where DNA profiles~~  
22 ~~are entered into the National DNA Index System upon completion~~  
23 ~~of testing. Forensic anthropological analysis of the remains~~  
24 ~~shall also be considered.~~

25 (g) (Blank).

26 (g-2) ~~The medical examiner or coroner shall report the~~

1 ~~unidentified human remains and the location where the remains~~  
2 ~~were found to the Illinois State Police within 24 hours of~~  
3 ~~discovery and then to the Federal Bureau of Investigation~~  
4 ~~within 72 hours of discovery if the remains are not identified~~  
5 ~~as mandated by Section 15 of this Act. The assisting law~~  
6 ~~enforcement agency, medical examiner, or coroner shall cause~~  
7 ~~contact the Illinois State Police to request the entry~~  
8 ~~creation of a National Crime Information Center Unidentified~~  
9 ~~Person record within 5 days of the discovery of the remains. In~~  
10 ~~the case of markedly decomposed or skeletal remains, the~~  
11 ~~creation of a National Crime Information Center (NCIC)~~  
12 ~~Unidentified Person File shall be made upon receipt of the~~  
13 ~~anthropological analysis report. The assisting law enforcement~~  
14 ~~agency, medical examiner, or coroner shall provide the~~  
15 ~~assisting law enforcement agency with the Illinois State~~  
16 ~~Police all information required for the National Crime~~  
17 ~~Information Center (NCIC) entry. Upon receipt of this~~  
18 ~~information notification, the assisting law enforcement agency~~  
19 ~~Illinois State Police shall create the Unidentified Person~~  
20 ~~record without unnecessary delay. In the case of markedly~~  
21 ~~decomposed or skeletal remains, the creation of a National~~  
22 ~~Crime Information Center (NCIC) Unidentified Person File shall~~  
23 ~~be made upon receipt of the anthropological analysis report.~~  
24 ~~If an anthropological analysis report determines the remains~~  
25 ~~to be historic or prehistoric, then no NCIC entry is required.~~

26 (g-5) The ~~assisting law enforcement agency, medical~~

1 examiner~~7~~ or coroner shall obtain a National Crime Information  
2 Center number from the assisting law enforcement agency  
3 ~~Illinois State Police~~ to verify entry and maintain this number  
4 within the unidentified human remains case file. A National  
5 Crime Information Center Unidentified Person record shall  
6 remain on file indefinitely or until action is taken by the  
7 originating agency to clear or cancel the record. The  
8 ~~assisting law enforcement agency~~7~~~~, medical examiner~~7~~ or coroner  
9 shall notify the assisting law enforcement agency ~~Illinois~~  
10 ~~State Police~~ of necessary record modifications or cancellation  
11 if identification is made.

12 (h) (Blank).

13 (h-5) No later than 60 days following the discovery of the  
14 remains, the ~~The~~ assisting law enforcement agency, medical  
15 examiner, or coroner shall create an unidentified person  
16 record in the National Missing and Unidentified Persons System  
17 ~~prior to the submission of samples or within 30 days of the~~  
18 ~~discovery of the remains,~~ if no identification has been made.  
19 The entry shall include all available case information,  
20 including fingerprint data and dental radiographs and charts.  
21 ~~Samples shall be submitted to a National Missing and~~  
22 ~~Unidentified Persons System partner laboratory for DNA~~  
23 ~~analysis within 30 Days.~~ A notation of DNA submission shall be  
24 made within the National Missing and Unidentified Persons  
25 System Unidentified Person record.

26 (i) Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted to preclude

1 any assisting law enforcement agency, medical examiner,  
2 coroner, or the Illinois State Police from pursuing other  
3 efforts to identify human remains including efforts to  
4 publicize information, descriptions, or photographs related to  
5 the investigation. An assisting law enforcement agency, a  
6 medical examiner, a coroner, or the Illinois State Police may  
7 not close an unidentified person case until the individual has  
8 been identified. Law enforcement agencies, medical examiners,  
9 and coroners shall keep such cases under active investigation  
10 until the person is identified. Reasons for closing an  
11 unidentified person case may not include exhaustion of leads  
12 or termination of the anticipated life span of the missing  
13 person's next of kin.

14 (j) For historic or prehistoric human skeletal remains  
15 determined by an anthropologist to be older than 100 years,  
16 jurisdiction shall be transferred to the Department of Natural  
17 Resources for further investigation under the Archaeological  
18 and Paleontological Resources Protection Act.

19 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;  
20 102-869, eff. 1-1-23.)

21 (50 ILCS 722/25)

22 Sec. 25. Unidentified deceased persons. The coroner, ~~or~~  
23 medical examiner, or assisting law enforcement agency shall  
24 obtain a biological ~~DNA~~ sample from any individual whose  
25 remains are not identifiable. The biological ~~DNA~~ sample shall

1 be forwarded to an accredited Combined DNA Index System  
2 (CODIS) laboratory where DNA profiles are entered into a  
3 ~~National Missing and Unidentified Persons System partner~~  
4 ~~laboratory or other resource for analysis and inclusion in the~~  
5 appropriate State and National DNA Index System within 90 days  
6 from the discovery of the remains.

7 Prior to the burial or interment of any unknown  
8 individual's remains or any unknown individual's body part,  
9 the medical examiner or coroner in possession of the remains  
10 or body part must assign a case DNA log number to the unknown  
11 individual or body part. The medical examiner or coroner shall  
12 place a stainless-steel tag that is stamped or inscribed with  
13 the assigned case DNA log number on the individual or body part  
14 and on the outside of the burial container. ~~The DNA log number~~  
15 ~~shall be stamped on the unidentified individual's toe tag, if~~  
16 ~~possible.~~

17 (Source: P.A. 100-901, eff. 1-1-19.)".