

HB3324



104TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2025 and 2026

HB3324

Introduced 2/18/2025, by Rep. Daniel Didech

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates an income tax deduction in an amount equal to the taxpayer's losses from certain wagering transactions. Effective immediately.

LRB104 07770 HLH 17815 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
10 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
11 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned
24 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
26 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of

1 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
2 2000;

3 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
5 costs that the individual deducted in computing
6 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
7 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
18 deductions taken in all taxable years under
19 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which a
22 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
23 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
24 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
25 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
26 equal to that subtraction modification.

1 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
2 modification under this subparagraph only once with
3 respect to any one piece of property;

4 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
5 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the same unitary business group but for the
10 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
11 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
20 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
21 extent that dividends were included in base income of
22 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
23 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
24 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
25 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
26 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included

1 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
3 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
4 incurred.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
26 terms; or

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
4 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
5 and terms and the principal purpose for the
6 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
7 or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
13 to the application or use of an alternative method
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
18 for any tax year beginning after the effective
19 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
20 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
21 Department and such regulations provide methods
22 and standards by which the Department will utilize
23 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
11 from being included in the unitary business group
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
13 business income under different subsections of Section
14 304. The addition modification required by this
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
22 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
23 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
24 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
26 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same

1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
2 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
6 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
16 similar types of intangible assets.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 intangible expense or cost between the
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
21 writing to the application or use of an
22 alternative method of apportionment under Section
23 304(f);

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act

1 for any tax year beginning after the effective
2 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
3 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
4 Department and such regulations provide methods
5 and standards by which the Department will utilize
6 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
18 addition modification required by this subparagraph
19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
20 included in base income of the unitary group for the
21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
23 (including amounts included in gross income under
24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the

1 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
2 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
3 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
4 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
5 the addition modification required under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
7 Act;

8 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
10 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
11 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
13 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
14 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
15 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
16 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
17 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
18 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
19 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
21 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
22 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
23 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
24 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
25 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
26 adopts and determines that its offering materials

1 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
2 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
3 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
4 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
5 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
6 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
7 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
8 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
9 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
10 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

11 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
12 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
13 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
14 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
15 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
16 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
17 participants in its offering materials or makes a
18 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
19 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
20 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
21 out-of-state program distributes its offering
22 materials;

23 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
25 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
26 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from

1 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
2 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
3 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c) (1) (B)
4 of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
7 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
9 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
10 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
11 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

12 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
14 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
15 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
16 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
17 State to an ABLE account established under an
18 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
19 the contribution component of the transferred amount
20 that was previously deducted from base income under
21 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
22 Section;

23 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
25 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
26 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
2 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
3 education institution, an amount equal to the
4 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
5 or refund that was previously deducted from base
6 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
7 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
8 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
9 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
10 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
11 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
12 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
13 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
15 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
16 or refund that was previously deducted from base
17 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
18 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
19 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
20 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
21 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
22 amount equal to the contribution component of the
23 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
24 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
25 of this Section;

26 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
3 Act;

4 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
6 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 for the taxable year;

8 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
9 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
10 pursuant to Section 201(p) (7) of this Act;

11 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
12 following amounts:

13 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
14 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
15 any compensation (including but not limited to any
16 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
17 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
18 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
19 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
20 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
21 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
22 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
23 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
24 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
25 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
26 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending

1 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
2 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
4 in respect of any compensation (including but not
5 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
6 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
7 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
8 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
9 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
10 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
11 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
12 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
13 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
14 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
16 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
17 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
18 of Section 250;

19 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
20 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
21 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
22 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
23 total as distributions under the provisions of any
24 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
25 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
26 retired partners, which payments are excluded in

1 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
2 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
3 adopted pursuant thereto;

4 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

5 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
9 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
10 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
11 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
12 computation of taxable income;

13 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total which were paid by a corporation which
15 conducts business operations in a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
18 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
22 such total that were paid by a corporation that
23 conducts business operations in a federally designated
24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
25 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

1 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
2 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
3 this subparagraph (K);

4 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
5 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
6 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
7 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code;

9 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
10 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
11 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
12 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
14 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
16 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
17 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
19 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
20 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
21 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
22 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
24 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
25 250;

26 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in

1 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
2 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
3 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
4 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
5 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
6 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
7 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
8 net of bond premium amortization;

9 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
17 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
18 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
19 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

20 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
21 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
22 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
23 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
24 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
25 illness;

26 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or

1 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

2 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
3 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
4 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
5 medical care savings account established under the
6 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
7 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
8 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
9 as provided in that Act;

10 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
11 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
12 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
13 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
14 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
15 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
16 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

17 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
18 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
19 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
20 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
21 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
22 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

23 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
24 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
25 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
26 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed

1 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
2 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
3 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
4 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
5 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
6 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
8 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
9 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
10 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
11 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
12 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
13 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
14 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
15 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
16 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
17 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
18 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
19 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
20 times a number that represents the fractional
21 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
22 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
23 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

24 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
25 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
26 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year

1 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
2 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
5 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
6 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
7 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
8 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
9 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
13 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
17 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
18 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
19 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
20 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
21 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
22 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
23 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
24 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
25 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
26 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this

1 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
2 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
3 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
4 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
5 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
6 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
7 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
8 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
9 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
13 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
14 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
15 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
16 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
21 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes

1 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
2 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
3 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
4 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
18 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
3 by 0.429);

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0;

8 (iii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
11 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
12 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
13 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
14 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
16 depreciation on that property; and

17 (iv) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
19 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
20 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
21 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
22 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
23 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
24 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
25 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
26 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
10 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
11 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
12 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
13 an amount equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which a
16 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
17 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
18 required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
22 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
23 one piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,

1 other than salary, received by a driver in a
2 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

3 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
4 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
5 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
6 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
7 modification with respect to such transaction under
8 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
9 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
10 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
11 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
12 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
13 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
14 that is required to make an addition modification with
15 respect to such transaction under Section
16 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
17 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
18 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
21 into account for the taxable year (net of the
22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
25 for the fact that the foreign person's business
26 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of

1 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
4 business group but for the fact that the person is
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
6 included in the unitary business group because he or
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
8 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
9 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
10 made for the same taxable year under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
13 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
14 of Section 250;

15 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
20 for the fact that the foreign person's business
21 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
22 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
25 business group but for the fact that the person is
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
3 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
4 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
5 made for the same taxable year under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
11 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
12 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
13 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
14 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
17 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
18 add back any insurance premiums under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
20 that part of a reimbursement received from the
21 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
22 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
23 company) that would have been taken into account as a
24 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
25 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
26 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph

1 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
2 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
3 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
4 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
7 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
8 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
9 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
10 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
11 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
12 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
13 be considered moneys contributed under this
14 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
15 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
16 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
17 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;

18 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
19 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the
20 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
21 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
23 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
24 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
25 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
26 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code;

1 (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after
2 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
3 operating in this State and licensed under the
4 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
5 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
6 organization operating in this State and licensed
7 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
8 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
9 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
10 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
11 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
12 this subparagraph (JJ) are exempt from the provisions
13 of Section 250; ~~and~~

14 (KK) To the extent includible in gross income for
15 federal income tax purposes, any amount awarded or
16 paid to the taxpayer as a result of a judgment or
17 settlement for fertility fraud as provided in Section
18 15 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, donor
19 fertility fraud as provided in Section 20 of the
20 Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, or similar action in
21 another state; ~~and~~

22 (LL) For taxable years beginning on or after
23 January 1, 2026, if the taxpayer is a qualified
24 worker, as defined in the Workforce Development
25 through Charitable Loan Repayment Act, an amount equal
26 to the amount included in the taxpayer's federal

1 adjusted gross income that is attributable to student
2 loan repayment assistance received by the taxpayer
3 during the taxable year from a qualified community
4 foundation under the provisions of the Workforce
5 Development ~~through~~ ~~Through~~ Charitable Loan Repayment
6 Act.

7 This subparagraph (LL) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;~~;~~

9 ~~(MM)~~ ~~(LL)~~ For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2025, if the taxpayer is an eligible
11 resident as defined in the Medical Debt Relief Act, an
12 amount equal to the amount included in the taxpayer's
13 federal adjusted gross income that is attributable to
14 medical debt relief received by the taxpayer during
15 the taxable year from a nonprofit medical debt relief
16 coordinator under the provisions of the Medical Debt
17 Relief Act. This subparagraph ~~(MM)~~ ~~(LL)~~ is exempt from
18 the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~ ~~-~~

19 (NN) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2026, the amount equal to the losses from
21 wagering transactions allowable to the taxpayer under
22 subsection (d) of Section 165 of the Federal Internal
23 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (NN) is exempt from
24 the provisions of Section 250.

25 (b) Corporations.

1 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
2 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
3 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

4 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
5 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
6 of the following amounts:

7 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
8 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
9 received from regulated investment companies during
10 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
11 income in the computation of taxable income;

12 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
13 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
14 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
15 year;

16 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
17 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
18 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
19 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
20 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
21 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
22 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
23 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
24 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
25 law and is not a new enactment);

26 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction

1 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
2 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
3 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

4 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
5 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
6 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
7 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
8 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
9 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
10 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
11 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
12 year, with the following limitations applied in the
13 order that they are listed:

14 (i) the addition modification relating to the
15 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
16 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
17 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
18 of addition modification under this subparagraph
19 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
20 which was taken into account in calculating the
21 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

22 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
23 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
24 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
25 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
26 such carryback or carryforward;

1 For taxable years in which there is a net
2 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
3 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
4 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
5 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
6 computed independently under the preceding provisions
7 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

8 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
9 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
10 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
11 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
12 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

13 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
14 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
15 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
16 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
17 the Internal Revenue Code;

18 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
19 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
20 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
21 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
22 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
23 deductions taken in all taxable years under
24 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which a

1 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
2 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
3 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
4 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
5 equal to that subtraction modification.

6 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
7 modification under this subparagraph only once with
8 respect to any one piece of property;

9 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
10 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the same unitary business group but for the
15 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
16 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
19 who would be a member of the same unitary business
20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
23 required to apportion business income under different
24 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
25 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
26 extent that dividends were included in base income of

1 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
2 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
3 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
4 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
5 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
6 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
8 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
9 accrued, or incurred.

10 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

11 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
13 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
14 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
15 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
16 with respect to such interest; or

17 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
19 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
20 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
21 following:

22 (a) the person, during the same taxable
23 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
24 to a person that is not a related member, and

25 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
26 interest expense between the taxpayer and the

1 person did not have as a principal purpose the
2 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
3 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
4 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
5 terms; or

6 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
7 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
8 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
9 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
10 and terms and the principal purpose for the
11 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
12 or

13 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
15 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
17 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
18 to the application or use of an alternative method
19 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
23 for any tax year beginning after the effective
24 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
25 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
26 Department and such regulations provide methods

1 and standards by which the Department will utilize
2 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
4 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
5 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
8 foreign person who would be a member of the same
9 unitary business group but for the fact that the
10 foreign person's business activity outside the United
11 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
12 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
14 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
15 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
16 from being included in the unitary business group
17 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
18 business income under different subsections of Section
19 304. The addition modification required by this
20 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
21 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
22 group for the same taxable year and received by the
23 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
24 business group (including amounts included in gross
25 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross

1 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
2 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
3 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
4 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
5 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
6 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
7 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
8 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
9 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
10 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
11 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
12 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
13 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
15 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
16 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
17 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
18 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
19 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
20 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
21 similar types of intangible assets.

22 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

23 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
26 is subject in a foreign country or state, other

1 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
2 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
3 with respect to such item; or

4 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
7 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8 following:

9 (a) the person during the same taxable
10 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
11 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
12 not a related member, and

13 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
14 intangible expense or cost between the
15 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
16 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
17 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
18 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
19 or

20 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
23 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
24 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
25 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
26 writing to the application or use of an

1 alternative method of apportionment under Section
2 304(f);

3 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
4 Director from making any other adjustment
5 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
6 for any tax year beginning after the effective
7 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
8 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
9 Department and such regulations provide methods
10 and standards by which the Department will utilize
11 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

12 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
14 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
15 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
17 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
18 business group but for the fact that the person is
19 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
20 included in the unitary business group because he or
21 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
22 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
23 addition modification required by this subparagraph
24 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
25 included in base income of the unitary group for the
26 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
2 (including amounts included in gross income under
3 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
4 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
5 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
6 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
7 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
8 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
9 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
10 the addition modification required under Section
11 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
12 Act;

13 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
14 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
15 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
16 to a real estate investment trust under Section
17 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
18 dividends paid;

19 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
20 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
21 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
22 Act;

23 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
25 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
26 for the taxable year;

1 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
2 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
3 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
4 Code for the taxable year;

5 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
6 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
7 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
8 Code for the taxable year;

9 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
10 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
11 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code for the taxable year;

13 (E-21) the amount that is claimed as a federal
14 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
15 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
16 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
17 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
18 Tax Credit Act;

19 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
20 following amounts:

21 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
22 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
23 and included in such total for the taxable year;

24 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
25 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,

1 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
2 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
3 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
4 for the taxable year;

5 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
6 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
7 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
8 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
9 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
10 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
11 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
12 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
13 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
14 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
15 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
16 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
17 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
18 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
19 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
20 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
22 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
23 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
24 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
25 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
26 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in

1 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
2 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
3 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
4 from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
6 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
7 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
8 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
9 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
10 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
11 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
12 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
13 net of bond premium amortization;

14 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
15 such total which were paid by a corporation which
16 conducts business operations in a River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
18 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
19 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
20 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
21 the provisions of Section 250;

22 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
23 such total that were paid by a corporation that
24 conducts business operations in a federally designated
25 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
26 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided

1 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
2 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
3 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
4 this subparagraph (L);

5 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
6 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
7 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
8 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
9 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
10 property which is eligible for the River Edge
11 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
12 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
13 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
14 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
15 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
16 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
17 investment credit property which secures the loan or
18 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
19 such property on the date that it was placed in service
20 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
21 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
22 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
23 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
24 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
25 calculated under the previous sentence. This
26 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of

1 Section 250;

2 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
3 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
4 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
5 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
6 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
7 property which is eligible for the High Impact
8 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
9 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
10 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
11 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
12 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
13 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
14 investment credit property which secures the loan or
15 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
16 such property on the date that it was placed in service
17 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
18 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
19 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
20 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
21 eligible for the deduction provided under this
22 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
23 available to taxpayers in any year under this
24 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
25 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
26 attributable to the eligible property as calculated

1 under the previous sentence;

2 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
3 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
4 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
5 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
6 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
7 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
8 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
9 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
10 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
11 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
14 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
15 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
16 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
17 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
18 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
19 income and received from a corporation that is not
20 created or organized under the laws of the United
21 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
22 including, for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
24 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
25 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
26 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph

1 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
2 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
4 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
5 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
6 included in taxable income and received, including,
7 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
8 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
9 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
11 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
12 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
13 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
14 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
15 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
16 affiliated group which includes the dividend
17 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
18 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
19 this subsection (b) which is related to such
20 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
21 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
22 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
23 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
24 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to
25 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
26 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This

1 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250 of this Act;

3 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
4 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
5 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

6 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
7 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
8 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
9 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
10 the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
12 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
13 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
14 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
15 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
16 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
17 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
18 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
19 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
20 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
22 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
25 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
26 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a

1 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
2 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
3 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
4 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
5 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
6 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
9 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
10 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
11 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
13 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

14 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
15 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
16 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
17 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
18 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
19 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
20 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

21 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
22 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
23 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
24 0.429); and

25 (3) for taxable years ending after December
26 31, 2005:

1 (i) for property on which a bonus
2 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
3 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
4 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
5 by 0.429);

6 (ii) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
9 1.0;

10 (iii) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
13 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
14 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
15 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
16 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
18 depreciation on that property; and

19 (iv) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
21 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
22 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
23 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
24 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
25 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
26 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the

1 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
2 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

3 The aggregate amount deducted under this
4 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
5 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
6 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
8 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
9 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
12 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
13 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
14 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
15 equal to that addition modification.

16 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
17 the last day of the last tax year for which a
18 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
19 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
20 required in any taxable year to make an addition
21 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
22 equal to that addition modification.

23 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
24 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
25 one piece of property.

26 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
3 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
4 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
5 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
6 modification with respect to such transaction under
7 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
8 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
9 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
10 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
11 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
12 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
13 that is required to make an addition modification with
14 respect to such transaction under Section
15 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
16 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
17 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
18 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
19 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
20 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
21 an addition modification with respect to such
22 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
23 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
24 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
25 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
26 from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
2 into account for the taxable year (net of the
3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
6 for the fact that the foreign person's business
7 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
8 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
9 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
10 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
11 business group but for the fact that the person is
12 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
13 included in the unitary business group because he or
14 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
15 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
16 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
17 made for the same taxable year under Section
18 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
20 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
23 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
24 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
25 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but

1 for the fact that the foreign person's business
2 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
3 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
4 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
5 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
6 business group but for the fact that the person is
7 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
8 included in the unitary business group because he or
9 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
10 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
11 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
12 made for the same taxable year under Section
13 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
15 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
16 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
18 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
19 add back any insurance premiums under Section
20 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
21 that part of a reimbursement received from the
22 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
23 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
24 company) that would have been taken into account as a
25 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
26 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer

1 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
2 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
3 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
4 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
5 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
8 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
9 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
10 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
11 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
12 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
13 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250; and

15 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
16 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
17 operating in this State and licensed under the
18 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
19 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
20 organization operating in this State and licensed
21 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
22 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
23 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
24 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
25 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
26 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions

1 of Section 250.

2 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
3 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
4 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
5 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
6 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
7 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
8 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
9 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

10 (c) Trusts and estates.

11 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
12 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
13 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

14 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
15 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
16 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
17 following amounts:

18 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
19 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
20 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
21 in the computation of taxable income;

22 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
23 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
24 required to distribute all of its income currently,
25 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such

1 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
2 the computation of taxable income;

3 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
4 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
5 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
6 year;

7 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
8 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
9 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
10 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

11 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
12 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
13 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
14 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
15 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
16 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
17 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
18 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
19 the following limitations applied in the order that
20 they are listed:

21 (i) the addition modification relating to the
22 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
23 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
24 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
25 of addition modification under this subparagraph
26 (E) which related to that net operating loss and

1 which was taken into account in calculating the
2 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

3 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
4 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
5 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
6 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
7 such carryback or carryforward;

8 For taxable years in which there is a net
9 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
10 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
11 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
12 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
13 computed independently under the preceding provisions
14 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

15 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
16 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
17 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
18 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
19 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
20 of this Act;

21 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
22 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
23 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
24 computation of taxable income;

25 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
26 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation

1 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
2 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
3 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section
4 201;

5 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
6 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
7 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
8 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
9 the Internal Revenue Code; and

10 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
11 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
12 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
13 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
14 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
15 deductions taken in all taxable years under
16 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

17 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
18 the last day of the last tax year for which a
19 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
20 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
21 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
22 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
23 equal to that subtraction modification.

24 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
25 modification under this subparagraph only once with
26 respect to any one piece of property;

1 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
2 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
3 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
6 member of the same unitary business group but for the
7 fact that the foreign person's business activity
8 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
9 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
11 who would be a member of the same unitary business
12 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
13 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
14 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
15 required to apportion business income under different
16 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
17 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
18 extent that dividends were included in base income of
19 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
20 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
21 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
22 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
23 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
24 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
26 the same person to whom the interest was paid,

1 accrued, or incurred.

2 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

3 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
5 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
6 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
7 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
8 with respect to such interest; or

9 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
11 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
12 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
13 following:

14 (a) the person, during the same taxable
15 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
16 to a person that is not a related member, and

17 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
18 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
19 person did not have as a principal purpose the
20 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
21 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
22 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
23 terms; or

24 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
25 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
26 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract

1 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
2 and terms and the principal purpose for the
3 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
4 or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
15 for any tax year beginning after the effective
16 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
17 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
18 Department and such regulations provide methods
19 and standards by which the Department will utilize
20 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
19 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
20 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
21 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
22 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
23 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
24 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
25 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
26 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term

1 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
2 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
3 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
4 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
5 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
7 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
8 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
9 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
10 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
11 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
12 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
13 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
18 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
19 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
20 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
21 with respect to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
15 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an
19 alternative method of apportionment under Section
20 304(f);

21 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
22 Director from making any other adjustment
23 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
24 for any tax year beginning after the effective
25 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
26 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the

1 Department and such regulations provide methods
2 and standards by which the Department will utilize
3 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

4 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
6 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
7 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
9 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
10 business group but for the fact that the person is
11 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
12 included in the unitary business group because he or
13 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
14 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
15 addition modification required by this subparagraph
16 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
17 included in base income of the unitary group for the
18 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
20 (including amounts included in gross income under
21 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
22 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
23 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
24 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
25 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
26 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the

1 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
2 the addition modification required under Section
3 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
4 Act;

5 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
6 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
7 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
8 Act;

9 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
11 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
12 for the taxable year;

13 (G-17) the amount that is claimed as a federal
14 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
15 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
16 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
17 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
18 Tax Credit Act;

19 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
20 following amounts:

21 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
22 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
23 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
24 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
25 as distributions under the provisions of any
26 retirement or disability plan for employees of any

1 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
2 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
3 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
4 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
5 adopted pursuant thereto;

6 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

7 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
8 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
9 and included in such total for the taxable year;

10 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
11 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
12 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
13 taxation by this State either by reason of its
14 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
15 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
16 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
17 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
18 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
19 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
20 premium amortization;

21 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
22 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
23 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
24 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
25 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
26 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the

1 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
2 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
3 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
5 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
6 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
7 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
8 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
9 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
10 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
11 250;

12 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total which were paid by a corporation which
14 conducts business operations in a River Edge
15 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
16 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
17 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
18 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
19 the provisions of Section 250;

20 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
21 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
22 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

23 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
24 such total that were paid by a corporation that
25 conducts business operations in a federally designated
26 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated

1 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
2 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
3 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
4 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
5 this subparagraph (O);

6 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
7 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
8 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
9 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
10 the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
13 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
14 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
15 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
16 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
17 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
18 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
19 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
20 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
21 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
23 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
24 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
25 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
26 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a

1 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
2 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
3 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
4 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
5 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
6 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
7 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
8 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
9 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
10 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
11 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
12 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
13 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
14 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
15 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
16 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
19 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
20 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
21 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
22 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
23 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

24 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
25 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property

1 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
2 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
3 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
4 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

5 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
6 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
7 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
8 0.429); and

9 (3) for taxable years ending after December
10 31, 2005:

11 (i) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
15 by 0.429);

16 (ii) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
19 1.0;

20 (iii) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
22 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
23 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
24 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
25 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
26 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the

1 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
2 depreciation on that property; and

3 (iv) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
5 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
6 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
7 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
8 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
9 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
10 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
11 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
12 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

13 The aggregate amount deducted under this
14 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
15 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
16 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
17 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
18 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
19 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
22 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
23 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
24 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
25 equal to that addition modification.

26 If the taxpayer continues to own property through

1 the last day of the last tax year for which a
2 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
3 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
4 required in any taxable year to make an addition
5 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
6 equal to that addition modification.

7 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
8 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
9 one piece of property.

10 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
13 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
14 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
15 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
16 modification with respect to such transaction under
17 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
18 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
19 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
20 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
21 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
22 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
23 that is required to make an addition modification with
24 respect to such transaction under Section
25 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
26 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such

1 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
2 from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
4 into account for the taxable year (net of the
5 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
8 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
9 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
12 who would be a member of the same unitary business
13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
16 required to apportion business income under different
17 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
18 addition modification required to be made for the same
19 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
20 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
22 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
24 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
25 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
2 for the fact that the foreign person's business
3 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
4 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
5 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
6 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
7 business group but for the fact that the person is
8 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
9 included in the unitary business group because he or
10 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
11 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
12 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
13 made for the same taxable year under Section
14 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
16 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
19 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
20 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
22 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
23 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
24 from Section 250;

25 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
26 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax

1 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
2 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
3 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
5 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
6 add back any insurance premiums under Section
7 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
8 that part of a reimbursement received from the
9 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
10 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
11 company) that would have been taken into account as a
12 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
13 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
14 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
15 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
16 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
17 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
18 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250;

20 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
21 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
22 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
23 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code; and

25 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment

1 operating in this State and licensed under the
2 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
3 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
4 organization operating in this State and licensed
5 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
6 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
7 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
8 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
9 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
10 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
11 of Section 250.

12 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
13 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
14 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
15 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
16 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
17 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
18 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

19 (d) Partnerships.

20 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
21 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
22 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

23 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
24 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
25 of the following amounts:

1 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
2 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
3 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
4 in the computation of taxable income;

5 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
6 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
7 the taxable year;

8 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
9 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
11 income;

12 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
13 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
14 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
15 computation of taxable income;

16 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
17 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
18 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
19 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code;

21 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
22 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
25 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
26 deductions taken in all taxable years under

1 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which a
4 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
5 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
6 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
7 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
8 equal to that subtraction modification.

9 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
10 modification under this subparagraph only once with
11 respect to any one piece of property;

12 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
13 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the same unitary business group but for the
18 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
19 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
2 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
3 extent that dividends were included in base income of
4 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
5 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
6 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
7 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
8 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
9 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
11 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
12 accrued, or incurred.

13 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

14 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
19 with respect to such interest; or

20 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
23 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person, during the same taxable
26 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest

1 to a person that is not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
4 person did not have as a principal purpose the
5 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
6 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
7 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
8 terms; or

9 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
10 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
11 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
12 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
13 and terms and the principal purpose for the
14 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
15 or

16 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
20 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
21 to the application or use of an alternative method
22 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
26 for any tax year beginning after the effective

1 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
2 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
3 Department and such regulations provide methods
4 and standards by which the Department will utilize
5 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

6 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
7 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
8 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
11 foreign person who would be a member of the same
12 unitary business group but for the fact that the
13 foreign person's business activity outside the United
14 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
15 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
17 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
18 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
19 from being included in the unitary business group
20 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
21 business income under different subsections of Section
22 304. The addition modification required by this
23 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
24 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
25 group for the same taxable year and received by the
26 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary

1 business group (including amounts included in gross
2 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
4 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
5 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
6 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
7 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
8 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
9 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
10 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
11 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
12 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
13 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
14 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
15 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
16 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
18 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
19 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
20 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
21 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
22 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
23 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
24 similar types of intangible assets;

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

26 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
6 with respect to such item; or

7 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
10 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person during the same taxable
13 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
14 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
15 not a related member, and

16 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
17 intangible expense or cost between the
18 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
19 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
20 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
21 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
22 or

23 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
26 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing

1 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
2 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
3 writing to the application or use of an
4 alternative method of apportionment under Section
5 304(f);

6 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
7 Director from making any other adjustment
8 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
9 for any tax year beginning after the effective
10 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
11 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
12 Department and such regulations provide methods
13 and standards by which the Department will utilize
14 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

15 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
17 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
18 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
21 business group but for the fact that the person is
22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
23 included in the unitary business group because he or
24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
25 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
26 addition modification required by this subparagraph

1 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
2 included in base income of the unitary group for the
3 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
5 (including amounts included in gross income under
6 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
8 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
9 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
10 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
11 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
12 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
13 the addition modification required under Section
14 203(d) (2) (D-7) or Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

15 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
16 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
17 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
18 Act;

19 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
21 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
22 for the taxable year;

23 (D-12) the amount that is claimed as a federal
24 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
25 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
26 attributable to an endowment gift for which the

1 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
2 Tax Credit Act;

3 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
4 amounts:

5 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

6 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
7 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
8 and included in such total for the taxable year;

9 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
10 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
11 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
12 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
13 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
14 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
15 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
16 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
17 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
18 net of bond premium amortization;

19 (H) Any income of the partnership which
20 constitutes personal service income as defined in
21 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
22 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
23 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
24 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
25 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
2 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
3 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
4 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
5 including amounts distributable to organizations
6 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
7 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
8 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

9 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
10 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
11 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
12 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
14 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
16 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
17 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
19 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
20 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
21 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
22 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
23 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
24 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
25 250;

26 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total which were paid by a corporation which
2 conducts business operations in a River Edge
3 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
4 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
5 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
6 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
7 the provisions of Section 250;

8 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
9 job training project established pursuant to the Real
10 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

11 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total that were paid by a corporation that
13 conducts business operations in a federally designated
14 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
15 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
16 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
17 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
18 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
19 this subparagraph (M);

20 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
21 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
22 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
23 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code;

25 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
26 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction

1 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
2 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
3 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
4 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

5 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
6 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
8 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
9 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
10 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
11 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

12 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
13 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
14 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
15 0.429); and

16 (3) for taxable years ending after December
17 31, 2005:

18 (i) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
22 by 0.429);

23 (ii) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
25 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
26 1.0;

1 (iii) for property on which a bonus
2 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
3 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
4 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
5 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
6 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
7 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
9 depreciation on that property; and

10 (iv) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
12 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
13 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
14 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
15 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
16 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
17 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
18 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
19 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

20 The aggregate amount deducted under this
21 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
22 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
23 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
24 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
25 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
26 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of

1 Section 250;

2 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
3 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
4 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
5 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
6 equal to that addition modification.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
8 the last day of the last tax year for which a
9 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
10 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
11 required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
15 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
16 one piece of property.

17 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
20 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
21 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
22 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
23 modification with respect to such transaction under
24 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
25 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
26 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any

1 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
2 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
3 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
4 that is required to make an addition modification with
5 respect to such transaction under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
7 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
8 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
9 from Section 250;

10 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
11 into account for the taxable year (net of the
12 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
15 for the fact that the foreign person's business
16 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
17 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
18 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
25 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
26 made for the same taxable year under Section

1 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
3 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

4 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
5 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
6 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
7 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
9 for the fact that the foreign person's business
10 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
11 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
12 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
13 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
14 business group but for the fact that the person is
15 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
16 included in the unitary business group because he or
17 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
18 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
19 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
20 made for the same taxable year under Section
21 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
22 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
23 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
24 Section 250;

25 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
26 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to

1 add back any insurance premiums under Section
2 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
3 that part of a reimbursement received from the
4 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
5 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
6 company) that would have been taken into account as a
7 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
8 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
9 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
10 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
11 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
12 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
13 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250; and

15 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after
16 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
17 operating in this State and licensed under the
18 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
19 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
20 organization operating in this State and licensed
21 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
22 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
23 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
24 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
25 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
26 this subparagraph (U) are exempt from the provisions

1 of Section 250.

2 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

3 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
4 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
5 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
6 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
7 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
8 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
9 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
10 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
11 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
13 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
14 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
15 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
16 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
17 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
18 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
19 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
20 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
22 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
23 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
24 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
25 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or

1 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
2 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
3 addition modification must be made under those
4 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
5 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
6 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
7 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
8 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code.

10 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
11 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
12 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

13 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
14 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
15 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
16 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
17 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
18 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
19 Internal Revenue Code;

20 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
21 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
22 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
23 insurance company taxable income;

24 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
25 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
26 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 investment company taxable income;

2 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
3 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
4 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 real estate investment trust taxable income;

6 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
7 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
8 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
9 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
10 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
11 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
12 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
13 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
14 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
15 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
16 determined as if the election provided by Section
17 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
18 effect for all such years;

19 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
20 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
21 organization determined in accordance with the
22 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
24 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
25 activities against income from nonpatronage
26 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or

1 association may make an election to follow its federal
2 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
3 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
4 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
5 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
6 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
7 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
8 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
9 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
10 effective for all taxable years with original returns
11 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
12 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
13 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
14 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
15 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
16 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
17 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
18 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
19 requirements for documenting the elections and any
20 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
21 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
22 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
23 existing law;

24 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
25 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
26 effect an election for the taxable year under Section

1 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
2 of such corporation determined in accordance with
3 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
4 that taxable income shall take into account those
5 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
7 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
8 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
9 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
10 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
11 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
12 such corporation determined in accordance with the
13 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
14 1982; and

15 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
16 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
17 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
18 income shall take into account those items which are
19 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
20 but which would be taken into account by an individual
21 in calculating his taxable income.

22 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
23 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
24 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
25 business has been classified as business income and in a
26 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then

1 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
2 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
3 related to that asset or business that generated the
4 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
5 business income in the year of the disposition of the
6 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
7 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
8 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
9 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
10 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
11 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
12 preceding taxable years.

13 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

14 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
15 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
16 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

17 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
18 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
19 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
21 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
22 plus

23 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
24 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
25 capital gain) for all property in respect of which

1 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
2 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
3 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
4 of such gain included in the amount determined under
5 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

6 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

7 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
8 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
9 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
10 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
11 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
12 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
13 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
14 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
15 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
16 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
17 such property.

18 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
19 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
20 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
21 amount for such property is that amount which bears
22 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
23 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
24 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
25 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
26 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of

1 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
2 period for the property.

3 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
4 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
5 purposes of this paragraph.

6 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
7 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
8 to be deducted more than once.

9 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
10 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
11 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
12 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
13 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
14 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
15 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
16 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
17 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

18 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
19 102-658, eff. 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff.
20 12-21-22; 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-478, eff. 1-1-24; 103-592,
21 Article 10, Section 10-900, eff. 6-7-24; 103-592, Article 170,
22 Section 170-90, eff. 6-7-24; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-647,
23 eff. 7-1-24; revised 8-20-24.)

24 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

1 becoming law.