



Rep. Laura Faver Dias

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10400HB2464ham001

LRB104 10675 BAB 24831 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 2464

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 2464 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by
5 changing Section 356z.3a as follows:

6 (215 ILCS 5/356z.3a)

7 Sec. 356z.3a. Billing; emergency services;
8 nonparticipating providers.

9 (a) As used in this Section:

10 "Ancillary services" means:

11 (1) items and services related to emergency medicine,
12 anesthesiology, pathology, radiology, and neonatology that
13 are provided by any health care provider;

14 (2) items and services provided by assistant surgeons,
15 hospitalists, and intensivists;

16 (3) diagnostic services, including radiology and

1 laboratory services, except for advanced diagnostic
2 laboratory tests identified on the most current list
3 published by the United States Secretary of Health and
4 Human Services under 42 U.S.C. 300gg-132(b) (3);

5 (4) items and services provided by other specialty
6 practitioners as the United States Secretary of Health and
7 Human Services specifies through rulemaking under 42
8 U.S.C. 300gg-132(b) (3);

9 (5) items and services provided by a nonparticipating
10 provider if there is no participating provider who can
11 furnish the item or service at the facility; and

12 (6) items and services provided by a nonparticipating
13 provider if there is no participating provider who will
14 furnish the item or service because a participating
15 provider has asserted the participating provider's rights
16 under the Health Care Right of Conscience Act.

17 "Cost sharing" means the amount an insured, beneficiary,
18 or enrollee is responsible for paying for a covered item or
19 service under the terms of the policy or certificate. "Cost
20 sharing" includes copayments, coinsurance, and amounts paid
21 toward deductibles, but does not include amounts paid towards
22 premiums, balance billing by out-of-network providers, or the
23 cost of items or services that are not covered under the policy
24 or certificate.

25 "Emergency department of a hospital" means any hospital
26 department that provides emergency services, including a

1 hospital outpatient department.

2 "Emergency medical condition" has the meaning ascribed to
3 that term in Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient
4 Rights Act.

5 "Emergency medical screening examination" has the meaning
6 ascribed to that term in Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform
7 and Patient Rights Act.

8 "Emergency services" means, with respect to an emergency
9 medical condition:

10 (1) in general, an emergency medical screening
11 examination, including ancillary services routinely
12 available to the emergency department to evaluate such
13 emergency medical condition, and such further medical
14 examination and treatment as would be required to
15 stabilize the patient regardless of the department of the
16 hospital or other facility in which such further
17 examination or treatment is furnished; or

18 (2) additional items and services for which benefits
19 are provided or covered under the coverage and that are
20 furnished by a nonparticipating provider or
21 nonparticipating emergency facility regardless of the
22 department of the hospital or other facility in which such
23 items are furnished after the insured, beneficiary, or
24 enrollee is stabilized and as part of outpatient
25 observation or an inpatient or outpatient stay with
26 respect to the visit in which the services described in

1 paragraph (1) are furnished. Services after stabilization
2 cease to be emergency services only when all the
3 conditions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-111(a)(3)(C)(ii)(II) and
4 regulations thereunder are met.

5 "Freestanding Emergency Center" means a facility licensed
6 under Section 32.5 of the Emergency Medical Services (EMS)
7 Systems Act.

8 "Health care facility" means, in the context of
9 non-emergency services, any of the following:

- 10 (1) a hospital as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1395x(e);
11 (2) a hospital outpatient department;
12 (3) a critical access hospital certified under 42
13 U.S.C. 1395i-4(e);
14 (4) an ambulatory surgical treatment center as defined
15 in the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act; or
16 (5) any recipient of a license under the Hospital
17 Licensing Act that is not otherwise described in this
18 definition.

19 "Health care provider" means a provider as defined in
20 subsection (d) of Section 370g. "Health care provider" does
21 not include a provider of air ambulance or ground ambulance
22 services.

23 "Health care services" has the meaning ascribed to that
24 term in subsection (a) of Section 370g.

25 "Health insurance issuer" has the meaning ascribed to that
26 term in Section 5 of the Illinois Health Insurance Portability

1 and Accountability Act.

2 "Nonparticipating emergency facility" means, with respect
3 to the furnishing of an item or service under a policy of group
4 or individual health insurance coverage, any of the following
5 facilities that does not have a contractual relationship
6 directly or indirectly with a health insurance issuer in
7 relation to the coverage:

8 (1) an emergency department of a hospital;

9 (2) a Freestanding Emergency Center;

10 (3) an ambulatory surgical treatment center as defined
11 in the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act; or

12 (4) with respect to emergency services described in
13 paragraph (2) of the definition of "emergency services", a
14 hospital.

15 "Nonparticipating provider" means, with respect to the
16 furnishing of an item or service under a policy of group or
17 individual health insurance coverage, any health care provider
18 who does not have a contractual relationship directly or
19 indirectly with a health insurance issuer in relation to the
20 coverage.

21 "Participating emergency facility" means any of the
22 following facilities that has a contractual relationship
23 directly or indirectly with a health insurance issuer offering
24 group or individual health insurance coverage setting forth
25 the terms and conditions on which a relevant health care
26 service is provided to an insured, beneficiary, or enrollee

1 under the coverage:

2 (1) an emergency department of a hospital;

3 (2) a Freestanding Emergency Center;

4 (3) an ambulatory surgical treatment center as defined
5 in the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act; or

6 (4) with respect to emergency services described in
7 paragraph (2) of the definition of "emergency services", a
8 hospital.

9 For purposes of this definition, a single case agreement
10 between an emergency facility and an issuer that is used to
11 address unique situations in which an insured, beneficiary, or
12 enrollee requires services that typically occur out-of-network
13 constitutes a contractual relationship and is limited to the
14 parties to the agreement.

15 "Participating health care facility" means any health care
16 facility that has a contractual relationship directly or
17 indirectly with a health insurance issuer offering group or
18 individual health insurance coverage setting forth the terms
19 and conditions on which a relevant health care service is
20 provided to an insured, beneficiary, or enrollee under the
21 coverage. A single case agreement between an emergency
22 facility and an issuer that is used to address unique
23 situations in which an insured, beneficiary, or enrollee
24 requires services that typically occur out-of-network
25 constitutes a contractual relationship for purposes of this
26 definition and is limited to the parties to the agreement.

1 "Participating provider" means any health care provider
2 that has a contractual relationship directly or indirectly
3 with a health insurance issuer offering group or individual
4 health insurance coverage setting forth the terms and
5 conditions on which a relevant health care service is provided
6 to an insured, beneficiary, or enrollee under the coverage.

7 "Qualifying payment amount" has the meaning given to that
8 term in 42 U.S.C. 300gg-111(a)(3)(E) and the regulations
9 promulgated thereunder.

10 "Recognized amount" means the lesser of the amount
11 initially billed by the provider or the qualifying payment
12 amount.

13 "Stabilize" means "stabilization" as defined in Section 10
14 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act.

15 "Treating provider" means a health care provider who has
16 evaluated the individual.

17 "Visit" means, with respect to health care services
18 furnished to an individual at a health care facility, health
19 care services furnished by a provider at the facility, as well
20 as equipment, devices, telehealth services, imaging services,
21 laboratory services, and preoperative and postoperative
22 services regardless of whether the provider furnishing such
23 services is at the facility.

24 (b) Emergency services. When a beneficiary, insured, or
25 enrollee receives emergency services from a nonparticipating
26 provider or a nonparticipating emergency facility, the health

1 insurance issuer shall ensure that the beneficiary, insured,
2 or enrollee shall incur no greater out-of-pocket costs than
3 the beneficiary, insured, or enrollee would have incurred with
4 a participating provider or a participating emergency
5 facility. Any cost-sharing requirements shall be applied as
6 though the emergency services had been received from a
7 participating provider or a participating facility. Cost
8 sharing shall be calculated based on the recognized amount for
9 the emergency services. If the cost sharing for the same item
10 or service furnished by a participating provider would have
11 been a flat-dollar copayment, that amount shall be the
12 cost-sharing amount unless the provider has billed a lesser
13 total amount. In no event shall the beneficiary, insured,
14 enrollee, or any group policyholder or plan sponsor be liable
15 to or billed by the health insurance issuer, the
16 nonparticipating provider, or the nonparticipating emergency
17 facility for any amount beyond the cost sharing calculated in
18 accordance with this subsection with respect to the emergency
19 services delivered. Administrative requirements or limitations
20 shall be no greater than those applicable to emergency
21 services received from a participating provider or a
22 participating emergency facility.

23 (b-5) Non-emergency services at participating health care
24 facilities.

25 (1) When a beneficiary, insured, or enrollee utilizes
26 a participating health care facility and, due to any

1 reason, covered ancillary services are provided by a
2 nonparticipating provider during or resulting from the
3 visit, the health insurance issuer shall ensure that the
4 beneficiary, insured, or enrollee shall incur no greater
5 out-of-pocket costs than the beneficiary, insured, or
6 enrollee would have incurred with a participating provider
7 for the ancillary services. Any cost-sharing requirements
8 shall be applied as though the ancillary services had been
9 received from a participating provider. Cost sharing shall
10 be calculated based on the recognized amount for the
11 ancillary services. If the cost sharing for the same item
12 or service furnished by a participating provider would
13 have been a flat-dollar copayment, that amount shall be
14 the cost-sharing amount unless the provider has billed a
15 lesser total amount. In no event shall the beneficiary,
16 insured, enrollee, or any group policyholder or plan
17 sponsor be liable to or billed by the health insurance
18 issuer, the nonparticipating provider, or the
19 participating health care facility for any amount beyond
20 the cost sharing calculated in accordance with this
21 subsection with respect to the ancillary services
22 delivered. In addition to ancillary services, the
23 requirements of this paragraph shall also apply with
24 respect to covered items or services furnished as a result
25 of unforeseen, urgent medical needs that arise at the time
26 an item or service is furnished, regardless of whether the

1 nonparticipating provider satisfied the notice and consent
2 criteria under paragraph (2) of this subsection.

3 (2) When a beneficiary, insured, or enrollee utilizes
4 a participating health care facility and receives
5 non-emergency covered health care services other than
6 those described in paragraph (1) of this subsection from a
7 nonparticipating provider during or resulting from the
8 visit, the health insurance issuer shall ensure that the
9 beneficiary, insured, or enrollee incurs no greater
10 out-of-pocket costs than the beneficiary, insured, or
11 enrollee would have incurred with a participating provider
12 unless the nonparticipating provider or the participating
13 health care facility on behalf of the nonparticipating
14 provider satisfies the notice and consent criteria
15 provided in 42 U.S.C. 300gg-132 and regulations
16 promulgated thereunder. If the notice and consent criteria
17 are not satisfied, then:

18 (A) any cost-sharing requirements shall be applied
19 as though the health care services had been received
20 from a participating provider;

21 (B) cost sharing shall be calculated based on the
22 recognized amount for the health care services; and

23 (C) in no event shall the beneficiary, insured,
24 enrollee, or any group policyholder or plan sponsor be
25 liable to or billed by the health insurance issuer,
26 the nonparticipating provider, or the participating

1 health care facility for any amount beyond the cost
2 sharing calculated in accordance with this subsection
3 with respect to the health care services delivered.

4 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code,
5 except when the notice and consent criteria are satisfied for
6 the situation in paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5), any
7 benefits a beneficiary, insured, or enrollee receives for
8 services under the situations in subsection (b) or (b-5) are
9 assigned to the nonparticipating providers or the facility
10 acting on their behalf. Upon receipt of the provider's bill or
11 facility's bill, the health insurance issuer shall provide the
12 nonparticipating provider or the facility with a written
13 explanation of benefits that specifies the proposed
14 reimbursement and the applicable deductible, copayment, or
15 coinsurance amounts owed by the insured, beneficiary, or
16 enrollee. The health insurance issuer shall pay any
17 reimbursement subject to this Section directly to the
18 nonparticipating provider or the facility.

19 (d) For bills assigned under subsection (c), the
20 nonparticipating provider or the facility may bill the health
21 insurance issuer for the services rendered, and the health
22 insurance issuer may pay the billed amount or attempt to
23 negotiate reimbursement with the nonparticipating provider or
24 the facility. Within 30 calendar days after the provider or
25 facility transmits the bill to the health insurance issuer,
26 the issuer shall send an initial payment or notice of denial of

1 payment with the written explanation of benefits to the
2 provider or facility. If attempts to negotiate reimbursement
3 for services provided by a nonparticipating provider do not
4 result in a resolution of the payment dispute within 30 days
5 after receipt of written explanation of benefits by the health
6 insurance issuer, then the health insurance issuer or
7 nonparticipating provider or the facility may initiate binding
8 arbitration to determine payment for services provided on a
9 per-bill or batched-bill basis, in accordance with Section
10 300gg-111 of the Public Health Service Act and the regulations
11 promulgated thereunder. The party requesting arbitration shall
12 notify the other party arbitration has been initiated and
13 state its final offer before arbitration. In response to this
14 notice, the nonrequesting party shall inform the requesting
15 party of its final offer before the arbitration occurs.
16 Arbitration shall be initiated by filing a request with the
17 Department of Insurance.

18 (e) The Department of Insurance shall publish a list of
19 approved arbitrators or entities that shall provide binding
20 arbitration. These arbitrators shall be American Arbitration
21 Association or American Health Lawyers Association trained
22 arbitrators. Both parties must agree on an arbitrator from the
23 Department of Insurance's or its approved entity's list of
24 arbitrators. If no agreement can be reached, then a list of 5
25 arbitrators shall be provided by the Department of Insurance
26 or the approved entity. From the list of 5 arbitrators, the

1 health insurance issuer can veto 2 arbitrators and the
2 provider or facility can veto 2 arbitrators. The remaining
3 arbitrator shall be the chosen arbitrator. This arbitration
4 shall consist of a review of the written submissions by both
5 parties. The arbitrator shall not establish a rebuttable
6 presumption that the qualifying payment amount should be the
7 total amount owed to the provider or facility by the
8 combination of the issuer and the insured, beneficiary, or
9 enrollee. Binding arbitration shall provide for a written
10 decision within 45 days after the request is filed with the
11 Department of Insurance. Both parties shall be bound by the
12 arbitrator's decision. The arbitrator's expenses and fees,
13 together with other expenses, not including attorney's fees,
14 incurred in the conduct of the arbitration, shall be paid as
15 provided in the decision.

16 (f) (Blank).

17 (g) Section 368a of this Act shall not apply during the
18 pendency of a decision under subsection (d). Upon the issuance
19 of the arbitrator's decision, Section 368a applies with
20 respect to the amount, if any, by which the arbitrator's
21 determination exceeds the issuer's initial payment under
22 subsection (c), or the entire amount of the arbitrator's
23 determination if initial payment was denied. Any interest
24 required to be paid to a provider under Section 368a shall not
25 accrue until after 30 days of an arbitrator's decision as
26 provided in subsection (d), but in no circumstances longer

1 than 150 days from the date the nonparticipating
2 facility-based provider billed for services rendered.

3 (h) Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted to change
4 the prudent layperson provisions with respect to emergency
5 services under the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act.

6 (i) Nothing in this Section shall preclude a health care
7 provider from billing a beneficiary, insured, or enrollee for
8 reasonable administrative fees, such as service fees for
9 checks returned for nonsufficient funds and missed
10 appointments.

11 (j) Nothing in this Section shall preclude a beneficiary,
12 insured, or enrollee from assigning benefits to a
13 nonparticipating provider when the notice and consent criteria
14 are satisfied under paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5) or in
15 any other situation not described in subsection (b) or (b-5).

16 (k) Except when the notice and consent criteria are
17 satisfied under paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5), if an
18 individual receives health care services under the situations
19 described in subsection (b) or (b-5), no referral requirement
20 or any other provision contained in the policy or certificate
21 of coverage shall deny coverage, reduce benefits, or otherwise
22 defeat the requirements of this Section for services that
23 would have been covered with a participating provider.
24 However, this subsection shall not be construed to preclude a
25 provider contract with a health insurance issuer, or with an
26 administrator or similar entity acting on the issuer's behalf,

1 from imposing requirements on the participating provider,
2 participating emergency facility, or participating health care
3 facility relating to the referral of covered individuals to
4 nonparticipating providers.

5 (l) Except if the notice and consent criteria are
6 satisfied under paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5),
7 cost-sharing amounts calculated in conformity with this
8 Section shall count toward any deductible or out-of-pocket
9 maximum applicable to in-network coverage.

10 (m) The Department has the authority to enforce the
11 requirements of this Section in the situations described in
12 subsections (b) and (b-5), and in any other situation for
13 which 42 U.S.C. Chapter 6A, Subchapter XXV, Parts D or E and
14 regulations promulgated thereunder would prohibit an
15 individual from being billed or liable for emergency services
16 furnished by a nonparticipating provider or nonparticipating
17 emergency facility or for non-emergency health care services
18 furnished by a nonparticipating provider at a participating
19 health care facility.

20 (n) This Section does not apply with respect to air
21 ambulance or ground ambulance services. This Section does not
22 apply to any policy of excepted benefits or to short-term,
23 limited-duration health insurance coverage.

24 (o) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
25 contrary, if a beneficiary, insured, or enrollee receives
26 neonatal intensive care from a nonparticipating provider or

1 nonparticipating facility, a health insurance issuer shall
2 ensure that the beneficiary, insured, or enrollee shall incur
3 no greater out-of-pocket costs than he or she would have
4 incurred with a participating provider or a participating
5 facility, as long as the nonparticipating provider or
6 nonparticipating facility bills the neonatal intensive care as
7 emergency services.

8 (Source: P.A. 102-901, eff. 7-1-22; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23;
9 103-440, eff. 1-1-24.)".