ABSTRACTS OF STATE REPORTS

OCTOBER 2022

COMMISSION ON GOVERNMENT FORECASTING AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Reports Filed with the General Assembly

The CGFA staff is required to prepare abstracts of reports required to be filed with the General Assembly (25 ILCS 130/10-6). Legislators may receive copies of entire reports by emailing the form that was delivered to their Springfield office to islinfo@ilsos.net or by mailing it to the State Government Report Distribution Center at the Illinois State Library. This report is posted monthly on our website.

Aging, Dept. on

Annual report, FY 2021 The Department's budget was \$1.39 billion in 6 areas: community care, community supportive services, central management, elder rights, employment services, and training and staff development. Fiscal year 2021 accomplishments included distributing nearly 1 million home-delivered meals per month; helping more than 32,000 older adults register for and coordinate transportation to vaccinations and booster appointments; establishing and maintaining a fund to meet basic needs of some 10,000 individuals during the COVID-19 emergency; and implementing a new awareness campaign for elder abuse. (20 ILCS 105/7.09(2); undated, rec'd Sept. 2022, 19 pp.)

Commerce Commission

e-Docket privacy control, 2022 The Commission reported no known breaches of personal information security through the electronic docket filing system (e-Docket) since the October 2013 report. Efforts to cleanse the e-Docket system of personal information and establish corrective measures and controls were successful. (815 ILCS 530/25; issued & rec'd Oct. 2022, 1 p.)

Commerce and Economic Opportunity, Dept. of

Municipal Convention Center and Sports Facility Attraction Grant Program, 2022 The Illinois Promotion Act authorized the Department to make grants to local governments to attract conventions or sporting events. The grant program was not implemented due to problems with the statutory text and limited funds. The only municipality offering incentives to attract events is Schaumburg, and it received direct appropriations in FYs 2022 and 2023. (20 ILCS 665/8b(c); April 2022, rec'd Sept. 2022, 1 pp.)

Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability

Budget summary, FY 2023 Total FY 2023 appropriations were over \$182.6 billion, which is \$1.7 billion (-0.9%) less than FY 2022. Appropriations for Special State Funds and General Funds were up almost \$7.1 billion, but were offset by decreases in Federal Trust Funds (-\$5.5 billion), Debt Services Funds (-\$1.9 billion) and Bond Financed Funds (-\$1.4 billion). The report also includes summaries regarding SERS members by agency, State Employees Group Insurance; Medicaid; education funding; pension laws; statefunded retirement systems; state debt and credit rating; and special fund transfers. (25 ILCS 155/3(12); July 2022, rec'd Sept. 2022, 170 pp. + 4 appendices)

Environmental Protection Agency

Landfill Disposal Capacity Report, 2021 Illinois' 36 landfills received nearly 47.5 million cubic yards of solid waste in 2020. These landfills have remaining combined available disposal capacity of slightly over 450.4 million cubic yards. Cumulative life expectancy of these landfills, based on current disposal rates, is approximately 24 years. (415 ILCS 20/4; Aug. 2021, rec'd Oct. 2022, 10 pp.)

Landfill Disposal Capacity Report, 2022 Illinois' 36 landfills received nearly 46.6 million cubic yards of solid waste in 2021. These landfills have remaining combined available disposal capacity of slightly over 431 million cubic yards. Cumulative life expectancy of these landfills, based on current disposal rates, is approximately 20 years. (415 ILCS 20/4; July 2022, rec'd Oct. 2022, 10 pp.)

Illinois Power Agency

Annual report, FY 2020 IPA developed and implemented its annual electricity procurement plan and conducted scheduled procurement events. Its revised plan for long-term renewable resources procurement was approved by the Illinois Commerce Commission. IPA continued accepting applications for the Adjustable Block Program, a solar incentive program, throughout the fiscal year; the program is now full, with over 21,000 projects approved. The report contains detailed information on IPA's procurement contracts

and an unaudited financial statement. (20 ILCS 3855/1-125; Feb. 2021, rec'd Oct. 2022, 59 pp. + 2 appendices)

Annual report, FY 2021 IPA developed and implemented its annual electricity procurement plan and conducted scheduled procurement events. Under its Adjustable Block Program, a solar incentive program, IPA has approved over 25,000 projects and is putting further applications on a waiting list. Some 83 projects were approved under the Illinois Solar for All Program during the year. The report contains detailed information on IPA's procurement contracts and an unaudited financial statement. (20 ILCS 3855/1-125; Feb. 2022, rec'd Oct. 2022, 57 pp. + 2 appendices)

Innovation & Technology, Dept. of

Annual report, 2019 DoIT was created in 2016 to accelerate the state's information technology environment. It delivers technology services to state agencies, helps develop telecommunications policy and standards, and protects the security of the state's data. DoIT seeks to standardize the information technology work of 35 state agencies; it has succeeded with 20 of them, and is in progress on the other 15. The agency's FY 2020 appropriation was almost \$1.1

billion. The report summarizes many achievements in 2019 in five areas: infrastructure; administration; enterprise resource planning; data and analytics; and agency outreach and assistance. (Ex. Ord. 2016-1; Dec. 2019, rec'd Sept. 2022, 9 pp. + 2 appendices)

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Annual report, 2021
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and standards, and protects the security of the state's data. DoIT seeks to standardize the (1) information technology operations and (2) IT personnel functions of 35 state agencies. It has succeeded in at least one of those two areas with 28 of them, and is in progress on the other 7. The agency's FY 2022 appropriation was \$884.4 million. The report summarizes many achievements in 2021 in six areas: chief technology office; administration; information security; enterprise resource planning; data; and agency collaborations. (Ex. Ord. 2016-1; Jan. 2022, rec'd Sept. 2022, 9 pp. + 2 appendices)

Insurance, Dept. of

Cost containment annual report, 2022

Illinois policyholders paid \$30 billion in direct written premiums in 2021. The Illinois loss ratio decreased by 5.13 percentage points, from 62.93% in 2020 to 57.8% in 2021, bringing it slightly below the countrywide average. Total written premiums for homeowners' coverage were \$4.4 billion in Illinois; homeowners' losses as a percent of earned premium dropped 20 percentage points from 2020 to 2021. Total written premiums for private passenger automobile liability insurance were \$4.2 billion, while written premiums for commercial automobile liability were \$1.7 billion. Written premiums for worker's compensation were

\$2.3 billion, up 2.9% from 2020 to 2021. Written premiums for medical malpractice liability coverage were \$342 million, down 0.2% from 2020 to 2021. (215 ILCS 5/1202(d); July 2022, rec'd Oct. 2022, 35 pp. + 6 appendices)

Public Health, Dept. of

Food deserts annual report, FY 2022 (2019 data)

The report provides statistics on census tracts that meet the definition of a food desert. Measurements are based on how many people in a tract are low-income and how far they have to travel to a supermarket. In one measure, the percentage of tracts that are low-income and in which urban residents must travel more than a mile and rural residents more than 10 miles to the nearest market was 10.2% in 2019; most of those tracts were in Cook County. (20 ILCS 2310/2310-22; Sept. 2022, rec'd Oct. 2022, 11 pp.)

State Board of Education

Administration of undesignated asthma medication, 2021-222 school year
There were 112 reports of

schools administering asthma medication from a stock supply; all but two of the doses were administered to students.

One dose was administered off school grounds, with no location given. Medication was administered by a dose inhaler in all but 2 cases. (105 ILCS 5/22-30(j); issued and rec'd Sept. 2022, 2 pp.)

Competency-based education pilot program report, 2022 A 2016 law required ISBE to establish a pilot program in which high schools may replace some course graduation requirements with a competency-based learning system. Over the following five years, the number of students participating ranged from 14,554 to 21,691. No significant differences were found in graduation rates and enrollment in postsecondary education between schools that had students enrolled in competency-based education courses and those that did not. ISBE recommended extending the pilot program for at least three years, and said that it will improve data collection practices. (110 ILCS 148/35(5); issued & rec'd Sept. 2022, 2 pp.)

Schools administering undesignated opioid antagonist, school year 2021-22
There was one report of a school administering an opioid antagonist (antidote) from a stock supply in the 2021-22 school year. The antagonist was administered to a 17 year-old high school student by a registered nurse. (105 ILCS 5/22-30(j); issued and rec'd Sept. 2022, 2 pp.)

School mandate waiver requests, fall 2022
The report summarizes 61 waiver requests transmitted to the General Assembly, plus 17

withdrawn or returned and 16 approved, and classifies each by topic and General Assembly action, and lists the related statutes. Waiver topics include: administrative cost limitations (9 transmitted to the General Assembly and 3 withdrawn or returned); driver's education (1 transmitted to the General Assembly, 1 withdrawn or returned, and 1 approved); evaluation process (1 approved); non-resident tuition (45 transmitted to the General Assembly and 11 withdrawn or returned); physical education (6 transmitted to the General Assembly); and school improvement days (14 approved and 2 withdrawn or returned).

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.25g; issued and rec'd Sept. 2022, 25 pp.)

Undesignated epinephrine use, school year 2021-22 In the 2021-22 school year, 113 public schools and 4 nonpublic schools reported 149 administrations of epinephrine from a stock supply or through self-administration. The most uses were reported by Chicago School District 299 (51 incidents). Eighty-two of the students receiving epinephrine had a previous diagnosis of a severe allergy. The report provides age and allergy trigger information. (105 ILCS 5/22-30(j); issued & rec'd Sept. 2022, 7 pp.)

State Board of Investment *Emerging money managers*

annual report, 2021 The Board reports that it meets or exceeds all policy goals with respect to minority investment managers. Some \$8.8 billion (35.5%) of the Board's total investment portfolio is managed by emerging and minority investment managers. Illinoisbased brokerage utilization is below the target rate of 25% in some asset classes (24.6% for U.S. equities, 0.1% for emerging market equities, and 0% for some fixed income classes). (40 ILCS 5/1-109.1(8); Dec. 2021, rec'd Oct. 2022, 7 pp. + enclosure)

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