



98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

HB3756

by Rep. La Shawn K. Ford

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 505/5	from Ch. 23, par. 5005
705 ILCS 405/5-401	
705 ILCS 405/5-901	
725 ILCS 5/107-2	from Ch. 38, par. 107-2

Amends the Children and Family Services Act. Provides that within 72 hours after the arrest or detention by a law enforcement officer of a minor who was under 18 years of age at the time of the arrest or detention and who is not in State custody for an offense, other than a minor traffic offense, in which the law enforcement agency keeps a record of the arrest or detention, the Department shall convene a meeting with representatives of the school district where the minor resides and the Department of Juvenile Justice, to establish supportive services plans for the person to meet the needs of that person and his or her family. The supportive services plans shall include a behavior health intervention plan, an education plan, a parental support plan, and any other services plans benefiting the person and his or her family. Defines "minor traffic offense" as a petty offense, business offense, or Class C misdemeanor under the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a municipal or local ordinance. Amends the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Provides that immediately after the arrest or taking into custody of a minor who is not in State custody if the arrest or taking into custody is for an offense, other than a minor traffic violation, in which the law enforcement agency has kept a record of that arrest or taking into custody, the law enforcement agency whose officer has arrested or taken the minor into custody shall notify the Department of Children and Family Services that the minor has been arrested or taken into custody. Provides that the Department of Children and Family Services shall notify the school district where the minor resides and the Department of Juvenile Justice that the minor has been arrested or taken into custody. Changes the confidentiality provisions of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 to permit disclosure of the law enforcement records to the Department of Children and Family Services, the school district where the minor resides, and the Department of Juvenile Justice.

LRB098 14641 RLC 49752 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Children and Family Services Act is amended
5 by changing Section 5 as follows:

6 (20 ILCS 505/5) (from Ch. 23, par. 5005)

7 Sec. 5. Direct child welfare services; Department of
8 Children and Family Services. To provide direct child welfare
9 services when not available through other public or private
10 child care or program facilities.

11 (a) For purposes of this Section:

12 (1) "Children" means persons found within the State who
13 are under the age of 18 years. The term also includes
14 persons under age 21 who:

15 (A) were committed to the Department pursuant to
16 the Juvenile Court Act or the Juvenile Court Act of
17 1987, as amended, prior to the age of 18 and who
18 continue under the jurisdiction of the court; or

19 (B) were accepted for care, service and training by
20 the Department prior to the age of 18 and whose best
21 interest in the discretion of the Department would be
22 served by continuing that care, service and training
23 because of severe emotional disturbances, physical

1 disability, social adjustment or any combination
2 thereof, or because of the need to complete an
3 educational or vocational training program.

4 (2) "Homeless youth" means persons found within the
5 State who are under the age of 19, are not in a safe and
6 stable living situation and cannot be reunited with their
7 families.

8 (3) "Child welfare services" means public social
9 services which are directed toward the accomplishment of
10 the following purposes:

11 (A) protecting and promoting the health, safety
12 and welfare of children, including homeless, dependent
13 or neglected children;

14 (B) remedying, or assisting in the solution of
15 problems which may result in, the neglect, abuse,
16 exploitation or delinquency of children;

17 (C) preventing the unnecessary separation of
18 children from their families by identifying family
19 problems, assisting families in resolving their
20 problems, and preventing the breakup of the family
21 where the prevention of child removal is desirable and
22 possible when the child can be cared for at home
23 without endangering the child's health and safety;

24 (D) restoring to their families children who have
25 been removed, by the provision of services to the child
26 and the families when the child can be cared for at

1 home without endangering the child's health and
2 safety;

3 (E) placing children in suitable adoptive homes,
4 in cases where restoration to the biological family is
5 not safe, possible or appropriate;

6 (F) assuring safe and adequate care of children
7 away from their homes, in cases where the child cannot
8 be returned home or cannot be placed for adoption. At
9 the time of placement, the Department shall consider
10 concurrent planning, as described in subsection (1-1)
11 of this Section so that permanency may occur at the
12 earliest opportunity. Consideration should be given so
13 that if reunification fails or is delayed, the
14 placement made is the best available placement to
15 provide permanency for the child;

16 (G) (blank);

17 (H) (blank); and

18 (I) placing and maintaining children in facilities
19 that provide separate living quarters for children
20 under the age of 18 and for children 18 years of age
21 and older, unless a child 18 years of age is in the
22 last year of high school education or vocational
23 training, in an approved individual or group treatment
24 program, in a licensed shelter facility, or secure
25 child care facility. The Department is not required to
26 place or maintain children:

- 1 (i) who are in a foster home, or
2 (ii) who are persons with a developmental
3 disability, as defined in the Mental Health and
4 Developmental Disabilities Code, or
5 (iii) who are female children who are
6 pregnant, pregnant and parenting or parenting, or
7 (iv) who are siblings, in facilities that
8 provide separate living quarters for children 18
9 years of age and older and for children under 18
10 years of age.

11 (b) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize
12 the expenditure of public funds for the purpose of performing
13 abortions.

14 (c) The Department shall establish and maintain
15 tax-supported child welfare services and extend and seek to
16 improve voluntary services throughout the State, to the end
17 that services and care shall be available on an equal basis
18 throughout the State to children requiring such services.

19 (d) The Director may authorize advance disbursements for
20 any new program initiative to any agency contracting with the
21 Department. As a prerequisite for an advance disbursement, the
22 contractor must post a surety bond in the amount of the advance
23 disbursement and have a purchase of service contract approved
24 by the Department. The Department may pay up to 2 months
25 operational expenses in advance. The amount of the advance
26 disbursement shall be prorated over the life of the contract or

1 the remaining months of the fiscal year, whichever is less, and
2 the installment amount shall then be deducted from future
3 bills. Advance disbursement authorizations for new initiatives
4 shall not be made to any agency after that agency has operated
5 during 2 consecutive fiscal years. The requirements of this
6 Section concerning advance disbursements shall not apply with
7 respect to the following: payments to local public agencies for
8 child day care services as authorized by Section 5a of this
9 Act; and youth service programs receiving grant funds under
10 Section 17a-4.

11 (e) (Blank).

12 (f) (Blank).

13 (g) The Department shall establish rules and regulations
14 concerning its operation of programs designed to meet the goals
15 of child safety and protection, family preservation, family
16 reunification, and adoption, including but not limited to:

17 (1) adoption;

18 (2) foster care;

19 (3) family counseling;

20 (4) protective services;

21 (5) (blank);

22 (6) homemaker service;

23 (7) return of runaway children;

24 (8) (blank);

25 (9) placement under Section 5-7 of the Juvenile Court
26 Act or Section 2-27, 3-28, 4-25 or 5-740 of the Juvenile

1 Court Act of 1987 in accordance with the federal Adoption
2 Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980; and

3 (10) interstate services.

4 Rules and regulations established by the Department shall
5 include provisions for training Department staff and the staff
6 of Department grantees, through contracts with other agencies
7 or resources, in alcohol and drug abuse screening techniques
8 approved by the Department of Human Services, as a successor to
9 the Department of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse, for the
10 purpose of identifying children and adults who should be
11 referred to an alcohol and drug abuse treatment program for
12 professional evaluation.

13 (h) If the Department finds that there is no appropriate
14 program or facility within or available to the Department for a
15 ward and that no licensed private facility has an adequate and
16 appropriate program or none agrees to accept the ward, the
17 Department shall create an appropriate individualized,
18 program-oriented plan for such ward. The plan may be developed
19 within the Department or through purchase of services by the
20 Department to the extent that it is within its statutory
21 authority to do.

22 (i) Service programs shall be available throughout the
23 State and shall include but not be limited to the following
24 services:

25 (1) case management;

26 (2) homemakers;

- 1 (3) counseling;
- 2 (4) parent education;
- 3 (5) day care; and
- 4 (6) emergency assistance and advocacy.

5 In addition, the following services may be made available
6 to assess and meet the needs of children and families:

- 7 (1) comprehensive family-based services;
- 8 (2) assessments;
- 9 (3) respite care; and
- 10 (4) in-home health services.

11 The Department shall provide transportation for any of the
12 services it makes available to children or families or for
13 which it refers children or families.

14 (j) The Department may provide categories of financial
15 assistance and education assistance grants, and shall
16 establish rules and regulations concerning the assistance and
17 grants, to persons who adopt physically or mentally
18 handicapped, older and other hard-to-place children who (i)
19 immediately prior to their adoption were legal wards of the
20 Department or (ii) were determined eligible for financial
21 assistance with respect to a prior adoption and who become
22 available for adoption because the prior adoption has been
23 dissolved and the parental rights of the adoptive parents have
24 been terminated or because the child's adoptive parents have
25 died. The Department may continue to provide financial
26 assistance and education assistance grants for a child who was

1 determined eligible for financial assistance under this
2 subsection (j) in the interim period beginning when the child's
3 adoptive parents died and ending with the finalization of the
4 new adoption of the child by another adoptive parent or
5 parents. The Department may also provide categories of
6 financial assistance and education assistance grants, and
7 shall establish rules and regulations for the assistance and
8 grants, to persons appointed guardian of the person under
9 Section 5-7 of the Juvenile Court Act or Section 2-27, 3-28,
10 4-25 or 5-740 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for children
11 who were wards of the Department for 12 months immediately
12 prior to the appointment of the guardian.

13 The amount of assistance may vary, depending upon the needs
14 of the child and the adoptive parents, as set forth in the
15 annual assistance agreement. Special purpose grants are
16 allowed where the child requires special service but such costs
17 may not exceed the amounts which similar services would cost
18 the Department if it were to provide or secure them as guardian
19 of the child.

20 Any financial assistance provided under this subsection is
21 inalienable by assignment, sale, execution, attachment,
22 garnishment, or any other remedy for recovery or collection of
23 a judgment or debt.

24 (j-5) The Department shall not deny or delay the placement
25 of a child for adoption if an approved family is available
26 either outside of the Department region handling the case, or

1 outside of the State of Illinois.

2 (k) The Department shall accept for care and training any
3 child who has been adjudicated neglected or abused, or
4 dependent committed to it pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act or
5 the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

6 (l) The Department shall offer family preservation
7 services, as defined in Section 8.2 of the Abused and Neglected
8 Child Reporting Act, to help families, including adoptive and
9 extended families. Family preservation services shall be
10 offered (i) to prevent the placement of children in substitute
11 care when the children can be cared for at home or in the
12 custody of the person responsible for the children's welfare,
13 (ii) to reunite children with their families, or (iii) to
14 maintain an adoptive placement. Family preservation services
15 shall only be offered when doing so will not endanger the
16 children's health or safety. With respect to children who are
17 in substitute care pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of 1987,
18 family preservation services shall not be offered if a goal
19 other than those of subdivisions (A), (B), or (B-1) of
20 subsection (2) of Section 2-28 of that Act has been set.
21 Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to create a
22 private right of action or claim on the part of any individual
23 or child welfare agency, except that when a child is the
24 subject of an action under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act
25 of 1987 and the child's service plan calls for services to
26 facilitate achievement of the permanency goal, the court

1 hearing the action under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act
2 of 1987 may order the Department to provide the services set
3 out in the plan, if those services are not provided with
4 reasonable promptness and if those services are available.

5 The Department shall notify the child and his family of the
6 Department's responsibility to offer and provide family
7 preservation services as identified in the service plan. The
8 child and his family shall be eligible for services as soon as
9 the report is determined to be "indicated". The Department may
10 offer services to any child or family with respect to whom a
11 report of suspected child abuse or neglect has been filed,
12 prior to concluding its investigation under Section 7.12 of the
13 Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. However, the child's
14 or family's willingness to accept services shall not be
15 considered in the investigation. The Department may also
16 provide services to any child or family who is the subject of
17 any report of suspected child abuse or neglect or may refer
18 such child or family to services available from other agencies
19 in the community, even if the report is determined to be
20 unfounded, if the conditions in the child's or family's home
21 are reasonably likely to subject the child or family to future
22 reports of suspected child abuse or neglect. Acceptance of such
23 services shall be voluntary. The Department may also provide
24 services to any child or family after completion of a family
25 assessment, as an alternative to an investigation, as provided
26 under the "differential response program" provided for in

1 subsection (a-5) of Section 7.4 of the Abused and Neglected
2 Child Reporting Act.

3 The Department may, at its discretion except for those
4 children also adjudicated neglected or dependent, accept for
5 care and training any child who has been adjudicated addicted,
6 as a truant minor in need of supervision or as a minor
7 requiring authoritative intervention, under the Juvenile Court
8 Act or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, but no such child shall
9 be committed to the Department by any court without the
10 approval of the Department. A minor charged with a criminal
11 offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of
12 2012 or adjudicated delinquent shall not be placed in the
13 custody of or committed to the Department by any court, except
14 (i) a minor less than 15 years of age committed to the
15 Department under Section 5-710 of the Juvenile Court Act of
16 1987, (ii) a minor for whom an independent basis of abuse,
17 neglect, or dependency exists, which must be defined by
18 departmental rule, or (iii) a minor for whom the court has
19 granted a supplemental petition to reinstate wardship pursuant
20 to subsection (2) of Section 2-33 of the Juvenile Court Act of
21 1987. An independent basis exists when the allegations or
22 adjudication of abuse, neglect, or dependency do not arise from
23 the same facts, incident, or circumstances which give rise to a
24 charge or adjudication of delinquency.

25 As soon as is possible after August 7, 2009 (the effective
26 date of Public Act 96-134), the Department shall develop and

1 implement a special program of family preservation services to
2 support intact, foster, and adoptive families who are
3 experiencing extreme hardships due to the difficulty and stress
4 of caring for a child who has been diagnosed with a pervasive
5 developmental disorder if the Department determines that those
6 services are necessary to ensure the health and safety of the
7 child. The Department may offer services to any family whether
8 or not a report has been filed under the Abused and Neglected
9 Child Reporting Act. The Department may refer the child or
10 family to services available from other agencies in the
11 community if the conditions in the child's or family's home are
12 reasonably likely to subject the child or family to future
13 reports of suspected child abuse or neglect. Acceptance of
14 these services shall be voluntary. The Department shall develop
15 and implement a public information campaign to alert health and
16 social service providers and the general public about these
17 special family preservation services. The nature and scope of
18 the services offered and the number of families served under
19 the special program implemented under this paragraph shall be
20 determined by the level of funding that the Department annually
21 allocates for this purpose. The term "pervasive developmental
22 disorder" under this paragraph means a neurological condition,
23 including but not limited to, Asperger's Syndrome and autism,
24 as defined in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and
25 Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders of the American
26 Psychiatric Association.

1 (1-1) The legislature recognizes that the best interests of
2 the child require that the child be placed in the most
3 permanent living arrangement as soon as is practically
4 possible. To achieve this goal, the legislature directs the
5 Department of Children and Family Services to conduct
6 concurrent planning so that permanency may occur at the
7 earliest opportunity. Permanent living arrangements may
8 include prevention of placement of a child outside the home of
9 the family when the child can be cared for at home without
10 endangering the child's health or safety; reunification with
11 the family, when safe and appropriate, if temporary placement
12 is necessary; or movement of the child toward the most
13 permanent living arrangement and permanent legal status.

14 When determining reasonable efforts to be made with respect
15 to a child, as described in this subsection, and in making such
16 reasonable efforts, the child's health and safety shall be the
17 paramount concern.

18 When a child is placed in foster care, the Department shall
19 ensure and document that reasonable efforts were made to
20 prevent or eliminate the need to remove the child from the
21 child's home. The Department must make reasonable efforts to
22 reunify the family when temporary placement of the child occurs
23 unless otherwise required, pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act
24 of 1987. At any time after the dispositional hearing where the
25 Department believes that further reunification services would
26 be ineffective, it may request a finding from the court that

1 reasonable efforts are no longer appropriate. The Department is
2 not required to provide further reunification services after
3 such a finding.

4 A decision to place a child in substitute care shall be
5 made with considerations of the child's health, safety, and
6 best interests. At the time of placement, consideration should
7 also be given so that if reunification fails or is delayed, the
8 placement made is the best available placement to provide
9 permanency for the child.

10 The Department shall adopt rules addressing concurrent
11 planning for reunification and permanency. The Department
12 shall consider the following factors when determining
13 appropriateness of concurrent planning:

- 14 (1) the likelihood of prompt reunification;
 - 15 (2) the past history of the family;
 - 16 (3) the barriers to reunification being addressed by
17 the family;
 - 18 (4) the level of cooperation of the family;
 - 19 (5) the foster parents' willingness to work with the
20 family to reunite;
 - 21 (6) the willingness and ability of the foster family to
22 provide an adoptive home or long-term placement;
 - 23 (7) the age of the child;
 - 24 (8) placement of siblings.
- 25 (m) The Department may assume temporary custody of any
26 child if:

1 (1) it has received a written consent to such temporary
2 custody signed by the parents of the child or by the parent
3 having custody of the child if the parents are not living
4 together or by the guardian or custodian of the child if
5 the child is not in the custody of either parent, or

6 (2) the child is found in the State and neither a
7 parent, guardian nor custodian of the child can be located.

8 If the child is found in his or her residence without a parent,
9 guardian, custodian or responsible caretaker, the Department
10 may, instead of removing the child and assuming temporary
11 custody, place an authorized representative of the Department
12 in that residence until such time as a parent, guardian or
13 custodian enters the home and expresses a willingness and
14 apparent ability to ensure the child's health and safety and
15 resume permanent charge of the child, or until a relative
16 enters the home and is willing and able to ensure the child's
17 health and safety and assume charge of the child until a
18 parent, guardian or custodian enters the home and expresses
19 such willingness and ability to ensure the child's safety and
20 resume permanent charge. After a caretaker has remained in the
21 home for a period not to exceed 12 hours, the Department must
22 follow those procedures outlined in Section 2-9, 3-11, 4-8, or
23 5-415 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

24 The Department shall have the authority, responsibilities
25 and duties that a legal custodian of the child would have
26 pursuant to subsection (9) of Section 1-3 of the Juvenile Court

1 Act of 1987. Whenever a child is taken into temporary custody
2 pursuant to an investigation under the Abused and Neglected
3 Child Reporting Act, or pursuant to a referral and acceptance
4 under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of a minor in limited
5 custody, the Department, during the period of temporary custody
6 and before the child is brought before a judicial officer as
7 required by Section 2-9, 3-11, 4-8, or 5-415 of the Juvenile
8 Court Act of 1987, shall have the authority, responsibilities
9 and duties that a legal custodian of the child would have under
10 subsection (9) of Section 1-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of
11 1987.

12 The Department shall ensure that any child taken into
13 custody is scheduled for an appointment for a medical
14 examination.

15 A parent, guardian or custodian of a child in the temporary
16 custody of the Department who would have custody of the child
17 if he were not in the temporary custody of the Department may
18 deliver to the Department a signed request that the Department
19 surrender the temporary custody of the child. The Department
20 may retain temporary custody of the child for 10 days after the
21 receipt of the request, during which period the Department may
22 cause to be filed a petition pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act
23 of 1987. If a petition is so filed, the Department shall retain
24 temporary custody of the child until the court orders
25 otherwise. If a petition is not filed within the 10 day period,
26 the child shall be surrendered to the custody of the requesting

1 parent, guardian or custodian not later than the expiration of
2 the 10 day period, at which time the authority and duties of
3 the Department with respect to the temporary custody of the
4 child shall terminate.

5 (m-1) The Department may place children under 18 years of
6 age in a secure child care facility licensed by the Department
7 that cares for children who are in need of secure living
8 arrangements for their health, safety, and well-being after a
9 determination is made by the facility director and the Director
10 or the Director's designate prior to admission to the facility
11 subject to Section 2-27.1 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
12 This subsection (m-1) does not apply to a child who is subject
13 to placement in a correctional facility operated pursuant to
14 Section 3-15-2 of the Unified Code of Corrections, unless the
15 child is a ward who was placed under the care of the Department
16 before being subject to placement in a correctional facility
17 and a court of competent jurisdiction has ordered placement of
18 the child in a secure care facility.

19 (n) The Department may place children under 18 years of age
20 in licensed child care facilities when in the opinion of the
21 Department, appropriate services aimed at family preservation
22 have been unsuccessful and cannot ensure the child's health and
23 safety or are unavailable and such placement would be for their
24 best interest. Payment for board, clothing, care, training and
25 supervision of any child placed in a licensed child care
26 facility may be made by the Department, by the parents or

1 guardians of the estates of those children, or by both the
2 Department and the parents or guardians, except that no
3 payments shall be made by the Department for any child placed
4 in a licensed child care facility for board, clothing, care,
5 training and supervision of such a child that exceed the
6 average per capita cost of maintaining and of caring for a
7 child in institutions for dependent or neglected children
8 operated by the Department. However, such restriction on
9 payments does not apply in cases where children require
10 specialized care and treatment for problems of severe emotional
11 disturbance, physical disability, social adjustment, or any
12 combination thereof and suitable facilities for the placement
13 of such children are not available at payment rates within the
14 limitations set forth in this Section. All reimbursements for
15 services delivered shall be absolutely inalienable by
16 assignment, sale, attachment, garnishment or otherwise.

17 (n-1) The Department shall provide or authorize child
18 welfare services, aimed at assisting minors to achieve
19 sustainable self-sufficiency as independent adults, for any
20 minor eligible for the reinstatement of wardship pursuant to
21 subsection (2) of Section 2-33 of the Juvenile Court Act of
22 1987, whether or not such reinstatement is sought or allowed,
23 provided that the minor consents to such services and has not
24 yet attained the age of 21. The Department shall have
25 responsibility for the development and delivery of services
26 under this Section. An eligible youth may access services under

1 this Section through the Department of Children and Family
2 Services or by referral from the Department of Human Services.
3 Youth participating in services under this Section shall
4 cooperate with the assigned case manager in developing an
5 agreement identifying the services to be provided and how the
6 youth will increase skills to achieve self-sufficiency. A
7 homeless shelter is not considered appropriate housing for any
8 youth receiving child welfare services under this Section. The
9 Department shall continue child welfare services under this
10 Section to any eligible minor until the minor becomes 21 years
11 of age, no longer consents to participate, or achieves
12 self-sufficiency as identified in the minor's service plan. The
13 Department of Children and Family Services shall create clear,
14 readable notice of the rights of former foster youth to child
15 welfare services under this Section and how such services may
16 be obtained. The Department of Children and Family Services and
17 the Department of Human Services shall disseminate this
18 information statewide. The Department shall adopt regulations
19 describing services intended to assist minors in achieving
20 sustainable self-sufficiency as independent adults.

21 (o) The Department shall establish an administrative
22 review and appeal process for children and families who request
23 or receive child welfare services from the Department. Children
24 who are wards of the Department and are placed by private child
25 welfare agencies, and foster families with whom those children
26 are placed, shall be afforded the same procedural and appeal

1 rights as children and families in the case of placement by the
2 Department, including the right to an initial review of a
3 private agency decision by that agency. The Department shall
4 insure that any private child welfare agency, which accepts
5 wards of the Department for placement, affords those rights to
6 children and foster families. The Department shall accept for
7 administrative review and an appeal hearing a complaint made by
8 (i) a child or foster family concerning a decision following an
9 initial review by a private child welfare agency or (ii) a
10 prospective adoptive parent who alleges a violation of
11 subsection (j-5) of this Section. An appeal of a decision
12 concerning a change in the placement of a child shall be
13 conducted in an expedited manner. A court determination that a
14 current foster home placement is necessary and appropriate
15 under Section 2-28 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 does not
16 constitute a judicial determination on the merits of an
17 administrative appeal, filed by a former foster parent,
18 involving a change of placement decision.

19 (p) There is hereby created the Department of Children and
20 Family Services Emergency Assistance Fund from which the
21 Department may provide special financial assistance to
22 families which are in economic crisis when such assistance is
23 not available through other public or private sources and the
24 assistance is deemed necessary to prevent dissolution of the
25 family unit or to reunite families which have been separated
26 due to child abuse and neglect. The Department shall establish

1 administrative rules specifying the criteria for determining
2 eligibility for and the amount and nature of assistance to be
3 provided. The Department may also enter into written agreements
4 with private and public social service agencies to provide
5 emergency financial services to families referred by the
6 Department. Special financial assistance payments shall be
7 available to a family no more than once during each fiscal year
8 and the total payments to a family may not exceed \$500 during a
9 fiscal year.

10 (q) The Department may receive and use, in their entirety,
11 for the benefit of children any gift, donation or bequest of
12 money or other property which is received on behalf of such
13 children, or any financial benefits to which such children are
14 or may become entitled while under the jurisdiction or care of
15 the Department.

16 The Department shall set up and administer no-cost,
17 interest-bearing accounts in appropriate financial
18 institutions for children for whom the Department is legally
19 responsible and who have been determined eligible for Veterans'
20 Benefits, Social Security benefits, assistance allotments from
21 the armed forces, court ordered payments, parental voluntary
22 payments, Supplemental Security Income, Railroad Retirement
23 payments, Black Lung benefits, or other miscellaneous
24 payments. Interest earned by each account shall be credited to
25 the account, unless disbursed in accordance with this
26 subsection.

1 In disbursing funds from children's accounts, the
2 Department shall:

3 (1) Establish standards in accordance with State and
4 federal laws for disbursing money from children's
5 accounts. In all circumstances, the Department's
6 "Guardianship Administrator" or his or her designee must
7 approve disbursements from children's accounts. The
8 Department shall be responsible for keeping complete
9 records of all disbursements for each account for any
10 purpose.

11 (2) Calculate on a monthly basis the amounts paid from
12 State funds for the child's board and care, medical care
13 not covered under Medicaid, and social services; and
14 utilize funds from the child's account, as covered by
15 regulation, to reimburse those costs. Monthly,
16 disbursements from all children's accounts, up to 1/12 of
17 \$13,000,000, shall be deposited by the Department into the
18 General Revenue Fund and the balance over 1/12 of
19 \$13,000,000 into the DCFS Children's Services Fund.

20 (3) Maintain any balance remaining after reimbursing
21 for the child's costs of care, as specified in item (2).
22 The balance shall accumulate in accordance with relevant
23 State and federal laws and shall be disbursed to the child
24 or his or her guardian, or to the issuing agency.

25 (r) The Department shall promulgate regulations
26 encouraging all adoption agencies to voluntarily forward to the

1 Department or its agent names and addresses of all persons who
2 have applied for and have been approved for adoption of a
3 hard-to-place or handicapped child and the names of such
4 children who have not been placed for adoption. A list of such
5 names and addresses shall be maintained by the Department or
6 its agent, and coded lists which maintain the confidentiality
7 of the person seeking to adopt the child and of the child shall
8 be made available, without charge, to every adoption agency in
9 the State to assist the agencies in placing such children for
10 adoption. The Department may delegate to an agent its duty to
11 maintain and make available such lists. The Department shall
12 ensure that such agent maintains the confidentiality of the
13 person seeking to adopt the child and of the child.

14 (s) The Department of Children and Family Services may
15 establish and implement a program to reimburse Department and
16 private child welfare agency foster parents licensed by the
17 Department of Children and Family Services for damages
18 sustained by the foster parents as a result of the malicious or
19 negligent acts of foster children, as well as providing third
20 party coverage for such foster parents with regard to actions
21 of foster children to other individuals. Such coverage will be
22 secondary to the foster parent liability insurance policy, if
23 applicable. The program shall be funded through appropriations
24 from the General Revenue Fund, specifically designated for such
25 purposes.

26 (t) The Department shall perform home studies and

1 investigations and shall exercise supervision over visitation
2 as ordered by a court pursuant to the Illinois Marriage and
3 Dissolution of Marriage Act or the Adoption Act only if:

4 (1) an order entered by an Illinois court specifically
5 directs the Department to perform such services; and

6 (2) the court has ordered one or both of the parties to
7 the proceeding to reimburse the Department for its
8 reasonable costs for providing such services in accordance
9 with Department rules, or has determined that neither party
10 is financially able to pay.

11 The Department shall provide written notification to the
12 court of the specific arrangements for supervised visitation
13 and projected monthly costs within 60 days of the court order.
14 The Department shall send to the court information related to
15 the costs incurred except in cases where the court has
16 determined the parties are financially unable to pay. The court
17 may order additional periodic reports as appropriate.

18 (u) In addition to other information that must be provided,
19 whenever the Department places a child with a prospective
20 adoptive parent or parents or in a licensed foster home, group
21 home, child care institution, or in a relative home, the
22 Department shall provide to the prospective adoptive parent or
23 parents or other caretaker:

24 (1) available detailed information concerning the
25 child's educational and health history, copies of
26 immunization records (including insurance and medical card

1 information), a history of the child's previous
2 placements, if any, and reasons for placement changes
3 excluding any information that identifies or reveals the
4 location of any previous caretaker;

5 (2) a copy of the child's portion of the client service
6 plan, including any visitation arrangement, and all
7 amendments or revisions to it as related to the child; and

8 (3) information containing details of the child's
9 individualized educational plan when the child is
10 receiving special education services.

11 The caretaker shall be informed of any known social or
12 behavioral information (including, but not limited to,
13 criminal background, fire setting, perpetuation of sexual
14 abuse, destructive behavior, and substance abuse) necessary to
15 care for and safeguard the children to be placed or currently
16 in the home. The Department may prepare a written summary of
17 the information required by this paragraph, which may be
18 provided to the foster or prospective adoptive parent in
19 advance of a placement. The foster or prospective adoptive
20 parent may review the supporting documents in the child's file
21 in the presence of casework staff. In the case of an emergency
22 placement, casework staff shall at least provide known
23 information verbally, if necessary, and must subsequently
24 provide the information in writing as required by this
25 subsection.

26 The information described in this subsection shall be

1 provided in writing. In the case of emergency placements when
2 time does not allow prior review, preparation, and collection
3 of written information, the Department shall provide such
4 information as it becomes available. Within 10 business days
5 after placement, the Department shall obtain from the
6 prospective adoptive parent or parents or other caretaker a
7 signed verification of receipt of the information provided.
8 Within 10 business days after placement, the Department shall
9 provide to the child's guardian ad litem a copy of the
10 information provided to the prospective adoptive parent or
11 parents or other caretaker. The information provided to the
12 prospective adoptive parent or parents or other caretaker shall
13 be reviewed and approved regarding accuracy at the supervisory
14 level.

15 (u-5) Effective July 1, 1995, only foster care placements
16 licensed as foster family homes pursuant to the Child Care Act
17 of 1969 shall be eligible to receive foster care payments from
18 the Department. Relative caregivers who, as of July 1, 1995,
19 were approved pursuant to approved relative placement rules
20 previously promulgated by the Department at 89 Ill. Adm. Code
21 335 and had submitted an application for licensure as a foster
22 family home may continue to receive foster care payments only
23 until the Department determines that they may be licensed as a
24 foster family home or that their application for licensure is
25 denied or until September 30, 1995, whichever occurs first.

26 (v) The Department shall access criminal history record

1 information as defined in the Illinois Uniform Conviction
2 Information Act and information maintained in the adjudicatory
3 and dispositional record system as defined in Section 2605-355
4 of the Department of State Police Law (20 ILCS 2605/2605-355)
5 if the Department determines the information is necessary to
6 perform its duties under the Abused and Neglected Child
7 Reporting Act, the Child Care Act of 1969, and the Children and
8 Family Services Act. The Department shall provide for
9 interactive computerized communication and processing
10 equipment that permits direct on-line communication with the
11 Department of State Police's central criminal history data
12 repository. The Department shall comply with all certification
13 requirements and provide certified operators who have been
14 trained by personnel from the Department of State Police. In
15 addition, one Office of the Inspector General investigator
16 shall have training in the use of the criminal history
17 information access system and have access to the terminal. The
18 Department of Children and Family Services and its employees
19 shall abide by rules and regulations established by the
20 Department of State Police relating to the access and
21 dissemination of this information.

22 (v-1) Prior to final approval for placement of a child, the
23 Department shall conduct a criminal records background check of
24 the prospective foster or adoptive parent, including
25 fingerprint-based checks of national crime information
26 databases. Final approval for placement shall not be granted if

1 the record check reveals a felony conviction for child abuse or
2 neglect, for spousal abuse, for a crime against children, or
3 for a crime involving violence, including rape, sexual assault,
4 or homicide, but not including other physical assault or
5 battery, or if there is a felony conviction for physical
6 assault, battery, or a drug-related offense committed within
7 the past 5 years.

8 (v-2) Prior to final approval for placement of a child, the
9 Department shall check its child abuse and neglect registry for
10 information concerning prospective foster and adoptive
11 parents, and any adult living in the home. If any prospective
12 foster or adoptive parent or other adult living in the home has
13 resided in another state in the preceding 5 years, the
14 Department shall request a check of that other state's child
15 abuse and neglect registry.

16 (w) Within 120 days of August 20, 1995 (the effective date
17 of Public Act 89-392), the Department shall prepare and submit
18 to the Governor and the General Assembly, a written plan for
19 the development of in-state licensed secure child care
20 facilities that care for children who are in need of secure
21 living arrangements for their health, safety, and well-being.
22 For purposes of this subsection, secure care facility shall
23 mean a facility that is designed and operated to ensure that
24 all entrances and exits from the facility, a building or a
25 distinct part of the building, are under the exclusive control
26 of the staff of the facility, whether or not the child has the

1 freedom of movement within the perimeter of the facility,
2 building, or distinct part of the building. The plan shall
3 include descriptions of the types of facilities that are needed
4 in Illinois; the cost of developing these secure care
5 facilities; the estimated number of placements; the potential
6 cost savings resulting from the movement of children currently
7 out-of-state who are projected to be returned to Illinois; the
8 necessary geographic distribution of these facilities in
9 Illinois; and a proposed timetable for development of such
10 facilities.

11 (x) The Department shall conduct annual credit history
12 checks to determine the financial history of children placed
13 under its guardianship pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of
14 1987. The Department shall conduct such credit checks starting
15 when a ward turns 12 years old and each year thereafter for the
16 duration of the guardianship as terminated pursuant to the
17 Juvenile Court Act of 1987. The Department shall determine if
18 financial exploitation of the child's personal information has
19 occurred. If financial exploitation appears to have taken place
20 or is presently ongoing, the Department shall notify the proper
21 law enforcement agency, the proper State's Attorney, or the
22 Attorney General.

23 (y) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act
24 of the 96th General Assembly, a child with a disability who
25 receives residential and educational services from the
26 Department shall be eligible to receive transition services in

1 accordance with Article 14 of the School Code from the age of
2 14.5 through age 21, inclusive, notwithstanding the child's
3 residential services arrangement. For purposes of this
4 subsection, "child with a disability" means a child with a
5 disability as defined by the federal Individuals with
6 Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004.

7 (z) The Department shall access criminal history record
8 information as defined as "background information" in this
9 subsection and criminal history record information as defined
10 in the Illinois Uniform Conviction Information Act for each
11 Department employee or Department applicant. Each Department
12 employee or Department applicant shall submit his or her
13 fingerprints to the Department of State Police in the form and
14 manner prescribed by the Department of State Police. These
15 fingerprints shall be checked against the fingerprint records
16 now and hereafter filed in the Department of State Police and
17 the Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records
18 databases. The Department of State Police shall charge a fee
19 for conducting the criminal history record check, which shall
20 be deposited into the State Police Services Fund and shall not
21 exceed the actual cost of the record check. The Department of
22 State Police shall furnish, pursuant to positive
23 identification, all Illinois conviction information to the
24 Department of Children and Family Services.

25 For purposes of this subsection:

26 "Background information" means all of the following:

1 (i) Upon the request of the Department of Children and
2 Family Services, conviction information obtained from the
3 Department of State Police as a result of a
4 fingerprint-based criminal history records check of the
5 Illinois criminal history records database and the Federal
6 Bureau of Investigation criminal history records database
7 concerning a Department employee or Department applicant.

8 (ii) Information obtained by the Department of
9 Children and Family Services after performing a check of
10 the Department of State Police's Sex Offender Database, as
11 authorized by Section 120 of the Sex Offender Community
12 Notification Law, concerning a Department employee or
13 Department applicant.

14 (iii) Information obtained by the Department of
15 Children and Family Services after performing a check of
16 the Child Abuse and Neglect Tracking System (CANTS)
17 operated and maintained by the Department.

18 "Department employee" means a full-time or temporary
19 employee coded or certified within the State of Illinois
20 Personnel System.

21 "Department applicant" means an individual who has
22 conditional Department full-time or part-time work, a
23 contractor, an individual used to replace or supplement staff,
24 an academic intern, a volunteer in Department offices or on
25 Department contracts, a work-study student, an individual or
26 entity licensed by the Department, or an unlicensed service

1 provider who works as a condition of a contract or an agreement
2 and whose work may bring the unlicensed service provider into
3 contact with Department clients or client records.

4 (aa) Within 72 hours after the arrest or detention by a law
5 enforcement officer of a minor who was under 18 years of age at
6 the time of the arrest or detention and who is not in State
7 custody if the arrest or detention is for an offense, other
8 than a minor traffic offense, in which the law enforcement
9 agency keeps a record of the arrest or detention, the
10 Department shall convene a meeting with representatives of the
11 school district where the minor resides and the Department of
12 Juvenile Justice, to establish supportive services plans for
13 the person to meet the needs of that person and his or her
14 family. The supportive services plans shall include a behavior
15 health intervention plan, an education plan, a parental support
16 plan, and any other services plans benefiting the person and
17 his or her family. For the purposes of this subsection (aa),
18 "minor traffic offense" means a petty offense, business
19 offense, or Class C misdemeanor under the Illinois Vehicle Code
20 or a similar provision of a municipal or local ordinance.

21 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-249, eff. 1-1-14;
22 98-570, eff. 8-27-13; revised 9-4-13.)

23 Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
24 changing Sections 5-401 and 5-901 as follows:

1 (705 ILCS 405/5-401)

2 Sec. 5-401. Arrest and taking into custody of a minor.

3 (1) A law enforcement officer may, without a warrant,

4 (a) arrest a minor whom the officer with probable cause
5 believes to be a delinquent minor; or

6 (b) take into custody a minor who has been adjudged a
7 ward of the court and has escaped from any commitment
8 ordered by the court under this Act; or

9 (c) take into custody a minor whom the officer
10 reasonably believes has violated the conditions of
11 probation or supervision ordered by the court.

12 (2) Whenever a petition has been filed under Section 5-520
13 and the court finds that the conduct and behavior of the minor
14 may endanger the health, person, welfare, or property of the
15 minor or others or that the circumstances of his or her home
16 environment may endanger his or her health, person, welfare or
17 property, a warrant may be issued immediately to take the minor
18 into custody.

19 (3) Except for minors accused of violation of an order of
20 the court, any minor accused of any act under federal or State
21 law, or a municipal or county ordinance that would not be
22 illegal if committed by an adult, cannot be placed in a jail,
23 municipal lockup, detention center, or secure correctional
24 facility. Juveniles accused with underage consumption and
25 underage possession of alcohol cannot be placed in a jail,
26 municipal lockup, detention center, or correctional facility.

1 (4) Immediately after the arrest or taking into custody of
2 a minor who is not in State custody if the arrest or taking
3 into custody is for an offense, other than a minor traffic
4 violation, in which the law enforcement agency has kept a
5 record of that arrest or taking into custody, the law
6 enforcement agency whose officer has arrested or taken the
7 minor into custody shall notify the Department of Children and
8 Family Services that the minor has been arrested or taken into
9 custody. The Department of Children and Family Services shall
10 notify the school district where the minor resides and the
11 Department of Juvenile Justice that the minor has been arrested
12 or taken into custody. For the purposes of this subsection (4),
13 "minor traffic offense" means a petty offense, business
14 offense, or Class C misdemeanor under the Illinois Vehicle Code
15 or a similar provision of a municipal or local ordinance.

16 (Source: P.A. 90-590, eff. 1-1-99.)

17 (705 ILCS 405/5-901)

18 Sec. 5-901. Court file.

19 (1) The Court file with respect to proceedings under this
20 Article shall consist of the petitions, pleadings, victim
21 impact statements, process, service of process, orders, writs
22 and docket entries reflecting hearings held and judgments and
23 decrees entered by the court. The court file shall be kept
24 separate from other records of the court.

25 (a) The file, including information identifying the

1 victim or alleged victim of any sex offense, shall be
2 disclosed only to the following parties when necessary for
3 discharge of their official duties:

4 (i) A judge of the circuit court and members of the
5 staff of the court designated by the judge;

6 (ii) Parties to the proceedings and their
7 attorneys;

8 (iii) Victims and their attorneys, except in cases
9 of multiple victims of sex offenses in which case the
10 information identifying the nonrequesting victims
11 shall be redacted;

12 (iv) Probation officers, law enforcement officers
13 or prosecutors or their staff;

14 (v) Adult and juvenile Prisoner Review Boards.

15 (b) The Court file redacted to remove any information
16 identifying the victim or alleged victim of any sex offense
17 shall be disclosed only to the following parties when
18 necessary for discharge of their official duties:

19 (i) Authorized military personnel;

20 (ii) Persons engaged in bona fide research, with
21 the permission of the judge of the juvenile court and
22 the chief executive of the agency that prepared the
23 particular recording: provided that publication of
24 such research results in no disclosure of a minor's
25 identity and protects the confidentiality of the
26 record;

1 (iii) The Secretary of State to whom the Clerk of
2 the Court shall report the disposition of all cases, as
3 required in Section 6-204 or Section 6-205.1 of the
4 Illinois Vehicle Code. However, information reported
5 relative to these offenses shall be privileged and
6 available only to the Secretary of State, courts, and
7 police officers;

8 (iv) The administrator of a bonafide substance
9 abuse student assistance program with the permission
10 of the presiding judge of the juvenile court;

11 (v) Any individual, or any public or private agency
12 or institution, having custody of the juvenile under
13 court order or providing educational, medical or
14 mental health services to the juvenile or a
15 court-approved advocate for the juvenile or any
16 placement provider or potential placement provider as
17 determined by the court.

18 (c) Notice that a minor described in subsection (4) of
19 Section 5-401 of this Act has been arrested or taken into
20 custody and the offense for which the minor was arrested or
21 taken into custody shall be disclosed to the Department of
22 Children and Family Services, the school district where the
23 minor resides, and the Department of Juvenile Justice.

24 (3) A minor who is the victim or alleged victim in a
25 juvenile proceeding shall be provided the same confidentiality
26 regarding disclosure of identity as the minor who is the

1 subject of record. Information identifying victims and alleged
2 victims of sex offenses, shall not be disclosed or open to
3 public inspection under any circumstances. Nothing in this
4 Section shall prohibit the victim or alleged victim of any sex
5 offense from voluntarily disclosing his or her identity.

6 (4) Relevant information, reports and records shall be made
7 available to the Department of Juvenile Justice when a juvenile
8 offender has been placed in the custody of the Department of
9 Juvenile Justice.

10 (5) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (5),
11 juvenile court records shall not be made available to the
12 general public but may be inspected by representatives of
13 agencies, associations and news media or other properly
14 interested persons by general or special order of the court.
15 The State's Attorney, the minor, his or her parents, guardian
16 and counsel shall at all times have the right to examine court
17 files and records.

18 (a) The court shall allow the general public to have
19 access to the name, address, and offense of a minor who is
20 adjudicated a delinquent minor under this Act under either
21 of the following circumstances:

22 (i) The adjudication of delinquency was based upon
23 the minor's commission of first degree murder, attempt
24 to commit first degree murder, aggravated criminal
25 sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault; or

26 (ii) The court has made a finding that the minor

1 was at least 13 years of age at the time the act was
2 committed and the adjudication of delinquency was
3 based upon the minor's commission of: (A) an act in
4 furtherance of the commission of a felony as a member
5 of or on behalf of a criminal street gang, (B) an act
6 involving the use of a firearm in the commission of a
7 felony, (C) an act that would be a Class X felony
8 offense under or the minor's second or subsequent Class
9 2 or greater felony offense under the Cannabis Control
10 Act if committed by an adult, (D) an act that would be
11 a second or subsequent offense under Section 402 of the
12 Illinois Controlled Substances Act if committed by an
13 adult, (E) an act that would be an offense under
14 Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act
15 if committed by an adult, or (F) an act that would be
16 an offense under the Methamphetamine Control and
17 Community Protection Act if committed by an adult.

18 (b) The court shall allow the general public to have
19 access to the name, address, and offense of a minor who is
20 at least 13 years of age at the time the offense is
21 committed and who is convicted, in criminal proceedings
22 permitted or required under Section 5-805, under either of
23 the following circumstances:

24 (i) The minor has been convicted of first degree
25 murder, attempt to commit first degree murder,
26 aggravated criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual

1 assault,

2 (ii) The court has made a finding that the minor
3 was at least 13 years of age at the time the offense
4 was committed and the conviction was based upon the
5 minor's commission of: (A) an offense in furtherance of
6 the commission of a felony as a member of or on behalf
7 of a criminal street gang, (B) an offense involving the
8 use of a firearm in the commission of a felony, (C) a
9 Class X felony offense under the Cannabis Control Act
10 or a second or subsequent Class 2 or greater felony
11 offense under the Cannabis Control Act, (D) a second or
12 subsequent offense under Section 402 of the Illinois
13 Controlled Substances Act, (E) an offense under
14 Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,
15 or (F) an offense under the Methamphetamine Control and
16 Community Protection Act.

17 (6) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit the
18 use of a adjudication of delinquency as evidence in any
19 juvenile or criminal proceeding, where it would otherwise be
20 admissible under the rules of evidence, including but not
21 limited to, use as impeachment evidence against any witness,
22 including the minor if he or she testifies.

23 (7) Nothing in this Section shall affect the right of a
24 Civil Service Commission or appointing authority examining the
25 character and fitness of an applicant for a position as a law
26 enforcement officer to ascertain whether that applicant was

1 ever adjudicated to be a delinquent minor and, if so, to
2 examine the records or evidence which were made in proceedings
3 under this Act.

4 (8) Following any adjudication of delinquency for a crime
5 which would be a felony if committed by an adult, or following
6 any adjudication of delinquency for a violation of Section
7 24-1, 24-3, 24-3.1, or 24-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
8 Criminal Code of 2012, the State's Attorney shall ascertain
9 whether the minor respondent is enrolled in school and, if so,
10 shall provide a copy of the sentencing order to the principal
11 or chief administrative officer of the school. Access to such
12 juvenile records shall be limited to the principal or chief
13 administrative officer of the school and any guidance counselor
14 designated by him or her.

15 (9) Nothing contained in this Act prevents the sharing or
16 disclosure of information or records relating or pertaining to
17 juveniles subject to the provisions of the Serious Habitual
18 Offender Comprehensive Action Program when that information is
19 used to assist in the early identification and treatment of
20 habitual juvenile offenders.

21 (11) The Clerk of the Circuit Court shall report to the
22 Department of State Police, in the form and manner required by
23 the Department of State Police, the final disposition of each
24 minor who has been arrested or taken into custody before his or
25 her 18th birthday for those offenses required to be reported
26 under Section 5 of the Criminal Identification Act. Information

1 reported to the Department under this Section may be maintained
2 with records that the Department files under Section 2.1 of the
3 Criminal Identification Act.

4 (12) Information or records may be disclosed to the general
5 public when the court is conducting hearings under Section
6 5-805 or 5-810.

7 The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of
8 the 98th General Assembly apply to juvenile court records of a
9 minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after
10 the effective date of this amendatory Act.

11 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-61, eff. 1-1-14.)

12 Section 15. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is
13 amended by changing Section 107-2 as follows:

14 (725 ILCS 5/107-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 107-2)

15 Sec. 107-2. Arrest by Peace Officer.

16 (1) A peace officer may arrest a person when:

17 (a) He has a warrant commanding that such person be
18 arrested; or

19 (b) He has reasonable grounds to believe that a warrant
20 for the person's arrest has been issued in this State or in
21 another jurisdiction; or

22 (c) He has reasonable grounds to believe that the
23 person is committing or has committed an offense.

24 (2) Whenever a peace officer arrests a person, the officer

1 shall question the arrestee as to whether he or she has any
2 children under the age of 18 living with him or her who may be
3 neglected as a result of the arrest or otherwise. The peace
4 officer shall assist the arrestee in the placement of the
5 children with a relative or other responsible person designated
6 by the arrestee. If the peace officer has reasonable cause to
7 believe that a child may be a neglected child as defined in the
8 Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, he shall report it
9 immediately to the Department of Children and Family Services
10 as provided in that Act.

11 (3) A peace officer who executes a warrant of arrest in
12 good faith beyond the geographical limitation of the warrant
13 shall not be liable for false arrest.

14 (4) A law enforcement agency whose peace officer has
15 arrested or detained a person who was under 18 years of age at
16 the time of the offense and who is not in State custody, if the
17 arrest or detention is for an offense other than a minor
18 traffic violation, in which the law enforcement agency has kept
19 a record of that arrest or detention shall immediately notify
20 the Department of Children and Family Services. The Department
21 of Children and Family Services shall notify the school
22 district where the minor resides and the Department of Juvenile
23 Justice that the person has been arrested or detained for the
24 offense. For the purposes of this subsection (4), "minor
25 traffic offense" means a petty offense, business offense, or
26 Class C misdemeanor under the Illinois Vehicle Code or a

1 similar provision of a municipal or local ordinance.

2 (Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)