



Rep. La Shawn K. Ford

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 310

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 310 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
5 School Choice Act.

6 Section 5. Findings and declaration of policy. The General
7 Assembly finds and declares the following:

8 (1) There is a crisis in the education programs in this
9 State. Many schools and their pupils are performing
10 significantly below relevant national standards and are
11 unable to access functions of federal and State law
12 designed to improve their performance. Consequently, many
13 pupils are dropping out of school before completing the
14 ordinary course of secondary education or are leaving
15 school without the basic skills and knowledge that will
16 enable them to find and hold a job or otherwise become

1 functioning, productive members of our society.

2 (2) Within this State there are many public and
3 nonpublic schools and independent education services
4 competently and efficiently educating or contributing to
5 the education of children. Most pupils in those schools or
6 receiving those services perform at or above relevant
7 national standards, complete their secondary education,
8 and matriculate to institutions of higher education at an
9 extremely high rate. These services and schools should be
10 accessible to all and should enjoy a cooperative
11 relationship with public school districts, schools, and
12 employees of this State.

13 (3) Custodians of school age children in this State are
14 frequently unable to enroll their children in schools that
15 will provide them a quality education due to a lack of
16 funds.

17 (4) Adopting a pilot school choice program for a
18 limited number of students would enable parents to select
19 schools or services they believe will provide a quality
20 education for their children, empower them to influence the
21 educational policies and procedures in the schools their
22 children attend, and provide them with at least a portion
23 of the funds necessary to pay for a quality education. Such
24 a program would test a new approach to education that could
25 be expanded to the rest of the State.

26 (5) The provisions of this Act are in the public

1 interest, for the public benefit, and serve a secular
2 public purpose.

3 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

4 "Base year" means the 2013-2014 school year.

5 "Custodian" means, with respect to a qualifying pupil, a
6 parent or legal guardian who is a resident of a qualifying zip
7 code.

8 "Final year" means the 2017-2018 school year.

9 "Nonpublic school" means any State-recognized, nonpublic
10 elementary school that elects to participate in the school
11 choice program established under this Act and does not
12 discriminate on the basis of race, color, or national origin
13 under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance
14 at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the
15 School Code, except that nothing in Section 26-1 shall be
16 construed to require a child to attend any particular nonpublic
17 school.

18 "Qualified education expenses" means costs reasonably
19 incurred on behalf of a qualifying pupil for the services of a
20 participating nonpublic school in which the qualifying pupil is
21 enrolled during the regular school year. Qualified education
22 expenses does not include costs incurred for supplies or
23 extra-curricular activities.

24 "Qualifying pupil" means an individual who:

25 (1) is a resident of a qualifying zip code;

1 (2) is enrolled in kindergarten through grade 7 during
2 the 2013-2014 school year in a public school or has
3 received a School Choice Scholarship in the previous school
4 year; and

5 (3) during the school year for which a scholarship is
6 sought, will be a full-time pupil enrolled in a 1st grade
7 through 8th grade education program.

8 "Qualifying zip code" means one of the 20 zip codes that
9 generated the greatest amount of State lottery sales the
10 previous year from the School Choice Scholarship scratch-off
11 game under Section 21.9 of the Illinois Lottery Law, as
12 certified by the Department of the Lottery.

13 "School Choice Scholarship" means a written instrument
14 issued by the State Board of Education directly to the
15 custodian of a qualifying pupil. The instrument shall be for a
16 sum certain, which must not exceed the foundation level of
17 support amount specified in subsection (B) of Section 18-8.05
18 of the School Code, to be paid within a designated period of
19 time. The custodian may present the instrument only to a
20 participating nonpublic school as payment for qualified
21 education expenses incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupil.

22 Section 15. Establishment of program. There is established
23 the School Choice Program. Under the program, after the base
24 year and through the final year, a custodian of a qualifying
25 pupil shall be entitled to a School Choice Scholarship for

1 payment of qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of
2 the qualifying pupil at any participating nonpublic school in
3 which the qualifying pupil is enrolled. A qualifying pupil
4 shall be entitled to enroll at and attend any participating
5 nonpublic school of his or her choice.

6 Section 20. Notification of scholarships. The principal of
7 each public school in a qualifying zip code, as reported by the
8 State Board of Education, shall notify custodians of qualifying
9 pupils that scholarships under this Act are available for the
10 next school year. Notification shall occur in January of each
11 school year beginning with the base year through the school
12 year before the final year. With respect to the custodians of
13 qualifying pupils who have an individualized educational
14 program under Article 14 of the School Code, this notification
15 shall include information regarding the special education
16 services, if any, provided at participating nonpublic schools.

17 Section 25. Request for scholarship. A custodian who
18 applies in accordance with procedures established by the State
19 Board of Education shall receive a scholarship under this Act
20 within the scholarship issuance limits set out in this Act. The
21 procedure shall require application for the scholarship, with
22 documentation as to eligibility, between March 1 and May 1
23 prior to the school year in which the scholarship is to be
24 used.

1 Section 30. Issuance and payment of scholarship. A
2 scholarship may only be issued to a custodian who has made
3 proper application pursuant to Section 25 of this Act. The
4 State Board of Education shall determine the number of
5 scholarships that may be issued for a particular school year
6 based on the amount of money in the School Choice Fund to fund
7 full scholarships that school year. The State Board shall adopt
8 rules for a lottery drawing if there are more applications than
9 the number of scholarships for a given school year. The
10 custodian shall present the scholarship to a participating
11 nonpublic school of his or her choice as payment for qualified
12 education expenses. Upon presentment, the State Board of
13 Education shall honor the scholarship and, as issuer of the
14 instrument, pay the participating nonpublic school in
15 accordance with procedures established by the State Board of
16 Education. The procedures shall require all of the following:

17 (1) that the applying custodian be notified of the
18 scholarship award by July 1 of the school year in which the
19 scholarship is to be used;

20 (2) that the scholarship instrument be issued to the
21 custodian no later than August 15 of the school year in
22 which the scholarship is to be used;

23 (3) that the custodian present the scholarship
24 instrument to the participating school no later than
25 September 1 of the school year in which the scholarship is

1 to be used;

2 (4) that the participating school present the
3 scholarship instrument, with proof of service to the
4 custodian of the qualifying pupil, to the State Board of
5 Education no later than September 31 of the school year in
6 which the scholarship is to be used;

7 (5) that the State Board of Education shall honor the
8 scholarship instrument and as issuer pay the participating
9 school no later than November 31 of the school year in
10 which the scholarship is to be used;

11 (6) that participating schools must not be required to
12 accept scholarships as full payment for services but
13 neither shall they charge scholarship pupils tuition or any
14 other educational expenses at a higher rate than other
15 pupils; and

16 (7) that if a student attending a nonpublic school
17 under the School Choice Program is expelled from the
18 nonpublic school before the State Board of Education has
19 honored the scholarship of the school, then the State Board
20 of Education shall pay the corresponding prorated portion
21 of the scholarship amount to the nonpublic school; and that
22 if the State Board of Education has paid the scholarship
23 amount to the nonpublic school and the pupil is expelled,
24 then the nonpublic school shall refund the corresponding
25 prorated portion of the scholarship to the State Board of
26 Education.

1 No scholarships shall be issued for a school year after the
2 final year.

3 Section 35. Amount of scholarship. A School Choice
4 Scholarship for qualified education expenses incurred through
5 participating schools during any school year after the base
6 year shall be for the lesser of (i) the foundation level of
7 support amount specified in subsection (B) of Section 18-8.05
8 of the School Code or (ii) the actual qualified education
9 expenses related to the qualifying pupil's enrollment.

10 Section 40. Renewal of scholarship. School Choice
11 Scholarships shall be renewable every year through grade 8 so
12 long as the qualifying pupil and custodian continue to remain
13 eligible pursuant to Section 10 of this Act.

14 Section 50. Funding. Funding for the School Choice Program
15 shall come from appropriations made to the State Board of
16 Education from the School Choice Fund.

17 Section 55. Not base income. The amount of any scholarship
18 redeemed under this Act shall not be considered base income
19 under subsection (a) of Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax
20 Act and shall not be taxable for Illinois income tax purposes.

21 Section 60. Report and expansion. On or before December 31,

1 2016, the State Board of Education shall submit a report to the
2 General Assembly reviewing the program operating under this
3 Act. This report shall include, but not be limited to, the
4 number of qualifying pupils receiving a School Choice
5 Scholarship, the names of the schools from which and to which
6 pupils transferred, the financial ramifications of the
7 program, and the results of pupil assessments. In its report,
8 the State Board of Education shall assess whether the program
9 has been financially and academically beneficial and shall make
10 a recommendation on whether the program should be extended or
11 expanded to other areas of this State.

12 Section 65. Penalties. It shall be a Class 3 felony to use
13 or attempt to use a scholarship under this Act for any purpose
14 other than those permitted by this Act. It shall also be a
15 Class 3 felony for any person, with intent to defraud, to
16 knowingly forge, alter, or misrepresent information on a
17 scholarship application or on any documents submitted in
18 application for a scholarship, to deliver any such document
19 knowing it to have been thus forged, altered, or based on
20 misrepresentation, or to possess, with intent to issue or
21 deliver, any such document knowing it to have been thus forged,
22 altered, or based on misrepresentation.

23 Section 70. Rules. The State Board of Education shall adopt
24 rules to implement this Act. The creation of the School Choice

1 Program does not expand the regulatory authority of this State,
2 its officers, or any school district to impose any additional
3 regulation of nonpublic schools beyond those reasonably
4 necessary to enforce the requirements of the program.

5 Section 500. Expiration. This Act is repealed on January 1,
6 2017.

7 Section 895. The Illinois Lottery Law is amended by
8 changing Sections 2 and 20 and by adding Sections 7.4a and 21.9
9 as follows:

10 (20 ILCS 1605/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 1152)

11 Sec. 2. This Act is enacted to implement and establish
12 within the State a lottery to be conducted by the State through
13 the Department. The entire net proceeds of the Lottery are to
14 be used for the support of the State's Common School Fund,
15 except as provided in subsection (o) of Section 9.1 and
16 Sections 21.2, 21.5, 21.6, 21.7, ~~and~~ 21.8, and 21.9. The
17 General Assembly finds that it is in the public interest for
18 the Department to conduct the functions of the Lottery with the
19 assistance of a private manager under a management agreement
20 overseen by the Department. The Department shall be accountable
21 to the General Assembly and the people of the State through a
22 comprehensive system of regulation, audits, reports, and
23 enduring operational oversight. The Department's ongoing

1 conduct of the Lottery through a management agreement with a
2 private manager shall act to promote and ensure the integrity,
3 security, honesty, and fairness of the Lottery's operation and
4 administration. It is the intent of the General Assembly that
5 the Department shall conduct the Lottery with the assistance of
6 a private manager under a management agreement at all times in
7 a manner consistent with 18 U.S.C. 1307(a)(1), 1307(b)(1),
8 1953(b)(4).

9 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-673, eff. 10-11-07;
10 95-674, eff. 10-11-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 96-34, eff.
11 7-13-09.)

12 (20 ILCS 1605/7.4a new)

13 Sec. 7.4a. Certification under School Choice Act. Before
14 December 15 of each year, the Department shall certify to the
15 State Board of Education the 20 zip codes that generated the
16 greatest amount of State lottery sales the previous year from
17 the School Choice Scholarship scratch-off game under Section
18 21.9 of this Law for the purposes of the School Choice Act.

19 (20 ILCS 1605/20) (from Ch. 120, par. 1170)

20 Sec. 20. State Lottery Fund.

21 (a) There is created in the State Treasury a special fund
22 to be known as the "State Lottery Fund". Such fund shall
23 consist of all revenues received from (1) the sale of lottery
24 tickets or shares, (net of commissions, fees representing those

1 expenses that are directly proportionate to the sale of tickets
2 or shares at the agent location, and prizes of less than \$600
3 which have been validly paid at the agent level), (2)
4 application fees, and (3) all other sources including moneys
5 credited or transferred thereto from any other fund or source
6 pursuant to law. Interest earnings of the State Lottery Fund
7 shall be credited to the Common School Fund.

8 (b) The receipt and distribution of moneys under Section
9 21.5 of this Act shall be in accordance with Section 21.5.

10 (c) The receipt and distribution of moneys under Section
11 21.6 of this Act shall be in accordance with Section 21.6.

12 (d) The receipt and distribution of moneys under Section
13 21.7 of this Act shall be in accordance with Section 21.7.

14 (e) The receipt and distribution of moneys under Section
15 21.8 of this Act shall be in accordance with Section 21.8.

16 (f) The receipt and distribution of moneys under Section
17 21.9 of this Act shall be in accordance with Section 21.9.

18 (Source: P.A. 94-120, eff. 7-6-05; 94-585, eff. 8-15-05;
19 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-673, eff. 10-11-07; 95-674, eff.
20 10-11-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)

21 (20 ILCS 1605/21.9 new)

22 Sec. 21.9. Scratch-off for School Choice Scholarships.

23 (a) The Department shall offer a special instant
24 scratch-off game for the funding of School Choice Scholarships
25 under the School Choice Act. The game shall commence as soon as

1 is reasonably practical, at the discretion of the
2 Superintendent. The operation of the game shall be governed by
3 this Act and any rules adopted by the Department. If any
4 provision of this Section is inconsistent with any other
5 provision of this Act, then this Section governs.

6 (b) For purposes of this subsection (b), "net revenue"
7 means the total amount for which tickets have been sold less
8 the sum of the amount paid out in prizes and the actual
9 administrative expenses of the Department solely related to the
10 scratch-off game under this Section.

11 The School Choice Fund is created as a special fund in the
12 State treasury. The net revenue from the School Choice
13 Scholarship scratch-off game must be deposited into the Fund
14 for appropriation by the General Assembly solely to the State
15 Board of Education for the issuance of School Choice
16 Scholarships under the School Choice Act.

17 Moneys received for the purposes of this Section,
18 including, without limitation, net revenue from the
19 scratch-off game and from gifts, grants, and awards from any
20 public or private entity, must be deposited into the Fund. Any
21 interest earned on moneys in the Fund must be deposited into
22 the Fund.

23 (c) During the time that tickets are sold for the School
24 Choice Scholarship scratch-off game, the Department may not
25 unreasonably diminish the efforts devoted to marketing any
26 other instant scratch-off lottery game.

1 (d) The Department may adopt any rules necessary to
2 implement and administer the provisions of this Section.

3 Section 897. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
4 Section 5.826 as follows:

5 (30 ILCS 105/5.826 new)

6 Sec. 5.826. The School Choice Fund.

7 Section 900. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
8 changing Section 203 as follows:

9 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

10 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

11 (a) Individuals.

12 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
13 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
14 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
15 (2).

16 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
17 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
18 sum of the following amounts:

19 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
20 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
21 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
22 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except

1 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
2 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
3 Code;

4 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
5 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
6 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
7 taxable year;

8 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
9 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
10 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
11 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
12 for which a deduction was previously taken under
13 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
14 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
15 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
16 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
17 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
18 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
19 which is attributable to such principal residence;

20 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
21 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
22 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
23 computation of adjusted gross income;

24 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
25 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
26 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a

1 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
2 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
3 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
4 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section
5 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

6 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
7 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
8 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
9 gross income and for which the individual claims a
10 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

11 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
13 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
14 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code;

16 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
20 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
21 deductions taken in all taxable years under
22 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which the
25 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
26 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

1 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
2 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
3 equal to that subtraction modification.

4 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
5 modification under this subparagraph only once with
6 respect to any one piece of property;

7 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
8 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the same unitary business group but for the
13 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
14 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
23 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
24 extent that dividends were included in base income of
25 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
26 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the

1 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
2 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
3 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
4 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue
5 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
6 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

7 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
10 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
11 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
12 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
13 with respect to such interest; or

14 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
16 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
17 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
18 following:

19 (a) the person, during the same taxable
20 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
21 to a person that is not a related member, and

22 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
23 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
24 person did not have as a principal purpose the
25 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
26 pursuant to a contract or agreement that

1 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
2 terms; or

3 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
4 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
5 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
6 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
7 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
8 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

9 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
11 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
12 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
13 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
14 to the application or use of an alternative method
15 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

16 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
17 Director from making any other adjustment
18 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
19 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
20 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
21 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
22 and such regulations provide methods and standards
23 by which the Department will utilize its authority
24 under Section 404 of this Act;

25 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
26 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in

1 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
4 foreign person who would be a member of the same
5 unitary business group but for the fact that the
6 foreign person's business activity outside the United
7 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
8 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
10 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
11 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
12 from being included in the unitary business group
13 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
14 business income under different subsections of Section
15 304. The addition modification required by this
16 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
17 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
18 group for the same taxable year and received by the
19 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
20 business group (including amounts included in gross
21 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
22 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
23 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
24 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
25 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
26 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not

1 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
2 reduction to the addition modification required under
3 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
4 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"
5 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
6 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
7 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
8 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
9 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
10 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
11 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
12 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
13 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
14 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
15 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
16 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
17 assets.

18 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
22 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
23 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
24 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
25 to such item; or

26 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
3 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
4 following:

5 (a) the person during the same taxable
6 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
7 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
8 not a related member, and

9 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
10 intangible expense or cost between the
11 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
12 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
13 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
14 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
15 or

16 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
19 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
20 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
21 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
22 writing to the application or use of an alternative
23 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for

1 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
2 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
3 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
4 and such regulations provide methods and standards
5 by which the Department will utilize its authority
6 under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
18 addition modification required by this subparagraph
19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
20 included in base income of the unitary group for the
21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
23 (including amounts included in gross income under
24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock

1 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
2 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
3 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
4 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
5 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
6 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

7 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
8 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
9 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
10 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
12 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
13 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
14 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
15 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
16 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
17 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
18 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
20 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
21 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
22 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
23 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
24 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
25 adopts and determines that its offering materials
26 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's

1 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
2 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
4 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
5 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
6 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
7 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
8 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
9 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

10 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
11 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
12 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
13 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
14 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
15 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
16 participants in its offering materials or makes a
17 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
18 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
19 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
20 out-of-state program distributes its offering
21 materials;

22 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
23 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
24 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
26 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the

1 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
2 under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

3 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified
5 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
6 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 administered by the State that is not used for
8 qualified expenses at an eligible education
9 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
10 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
11 that was previously deducted from base income under
12 subsection (a) (2) (y) of this Section, provided that
13 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
14 beneficiary's death or disability;

15 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
16 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
17 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
18 Act;

19 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
20 following amounts:

21 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
22 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
23 any compensation (including but not limited to any
24 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
25 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
26 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed

1 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
2 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
3 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
4 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
5 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
6 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
7 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
8 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
9 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
10 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
12 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
13 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
14 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
15 resident by reason of being a member of any component
16 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
17 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
18 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
19 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
20 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
21 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
22 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
24 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
25 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such

1 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
2 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
4 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
5 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
6 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
7 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
8 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
10 thereto;

11 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

12 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
13 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
14 and included in such total for the taxable year;

15 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
16 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
18 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
19 of taxable income;

20 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
21 such total which were paid by a corporation which
22 conducts business operations in a River Edge
23 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
24 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
25 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
26 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is

1 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
3 such total that were paid by a corporation that
4 conducts business operations in a federally designated
5 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
6 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
7 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
8 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
9 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
10 this subparagraph (K);

11 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
12 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
13 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
14 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
15 Revenue Code;

16 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
17 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
18 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
19 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
21 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
23 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
24 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
25 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal

1 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
3 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
4 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
7 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
8 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
9 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
10 United States; provided that, in the case of any
11 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
12 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
13 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
14 of bond premium amortization;

15 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
16 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
17 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

18 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
19 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
20 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
21 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
23 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
24 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
25 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

26 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such

1 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
2 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
3 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
4 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

5 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
6 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

7 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
8 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
9 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
10 medical care savings account established under the
11 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
12 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
13 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
14 as provided in that Act;

15 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
16 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
17 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
18 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
19 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
20 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
21 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

22 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
23 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
24 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
25 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
26 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance

1 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

2 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
3 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
4 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
5 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
6 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
7 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
8 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
9 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
10 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
11 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
13 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
14 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
15 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
16 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
17 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
18 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
19 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
20 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
21 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
22 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
23 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
24 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
25 times a number that represents the fractional
26 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section

1 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
2 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

3 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
4 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
5 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
6 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
9 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
10 extent includible in gross income for federal income
11 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
12 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
13 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
14 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
15 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
16 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
17 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
18 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
19 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
20 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
21 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
22 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
23 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
24 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
25 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
26 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;

1 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
2 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
3 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
4 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
5 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
6 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
7 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
8 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
9 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
10 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
11 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
12 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
13 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
14 of Section 250;

15 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
16 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
17 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
18 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
19 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
20 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
22 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
23 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
24 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
25 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
26 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid

1 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
2 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
4 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
5 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
6 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
7 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
8 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
9 from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
11 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
12 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
13 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
15 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

16 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
17 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
19 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
21 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
22 the bonus depreciation deduction;

23 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
24 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
25 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
26 0.429); and

1 (3) for taxable years ending after December
2 31, 2005:

3 (i) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
7 0.429); and

8 (ii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 1.0.

12 The aggregate amount deducted under this
13 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
14 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
15 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
16 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
17 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
18 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250;

20 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
21 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
22 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
23 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
24 an amount equal to that addition modification.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which the

1 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
2 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
3 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
4 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
5 equal to that addition modification.

6 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
7 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
8 piece of property.

9 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
12 other than salary, received by a driver in a
13 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

14 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
17 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
18 modification with respect to such transaction under
19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
21 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
24 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
25 is required to make an addition modification with
26 respect to such transaction under Section

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
3 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
4 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
6 into account for the taxable year (net of the
7 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
10 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
20 addition modification required to be made for the same
21 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
24 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
26 property taken into account for the taxable year (net

1 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
4 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
16 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
18 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
21 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
22 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
23 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
24 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250; ~~and~~

26 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December

1 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
2 add back any insurance premiums under Section
3 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
4 that part of a reimbursement received from the
5 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
6 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
7 company) that would have been taken into account as a
8 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
9 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
10 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
11 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
12 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
13 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
14 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and-~~
15 (HH) For taxable years ending on or after December
16 31, 2013, an amount, to the extent that it is included
17 in adjusted gross income, equal to any scholarship
18 redeemed under the School Choice Act. This
19 subparagraph (HH) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250.

21 (b) Corporations.

22 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
23 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
24 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

25 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in

1 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
2 of the following amounts:

3 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
4 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
5 received from regulated investment companies during
6 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
7 income in the computation of taxable income;

8 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
9 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
10 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

11 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
12 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
13 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
14 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
15 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
16 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
17 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
18 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
19 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
20 law and is not a new enactment);

21 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
22 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
23 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
24 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

25 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
26 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending

1 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
2 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
3 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
4 the amount by which addition modifications other than
5 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
6 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
7 year, with the following limitations applied in the
8 order that they are listed:

9 (i) the addition modification relating to the
10 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
11 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
12 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
13 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
14 which related to that net operating loss and which
15 was taken into account in calculating the base
16 income of an earlier taxable year, and

17 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
18 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
19 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
20 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
21 such carryback or carryforward;

22 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
23 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
24 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
25 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
26 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed

1 independently under the preceding provisions of this
2 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

3 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
5 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
6 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
7 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code;

13 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
18 deductions taken in all taxable years under
19 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which the
22 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
23 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
24 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
25 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
26 equal to that subtraction modification.

1 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
2 modification under this subparagraph only once with
3 respect to any one piece of property;

4 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
5 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the same unitary business group but for the
10 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
11 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
20 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
21 extent that dividends were included in base income of
22 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
23 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
24 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
25 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
26 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts

1 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
3 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
4 incurred.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
26 terms; or

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
4 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
5 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
6 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

7 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
10 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
11 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
12 to the application or use of an alternative method
13 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

14 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
15 Director from making any other adjustment
16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
17 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
18 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
19 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
20 and such regulations provide methods and standards
21 by which the Department will utilize its authority
22 under Section 404 of this Act;

23 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
24 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
25 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
2 foreign person who would be a member of the same
3 unitary business group but for the fact that the
4 foreign person's business activity outside the United
5 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
6 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
8 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
9 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
10 from being included in the unitary business group
11 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
12 business income under different subsections of Section
13 304. The addition modification required by this
14 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
15 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
16 group for the same taxable year and received by the
17 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
18 business group (including amounts included in gross
19 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
21 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
22 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
23 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
24 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
25 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
26 dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
2 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
3 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
4 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
5 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
6 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
7 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
9 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
10 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
11 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
12 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
13 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
14 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
15 similar types of intangible assets.

16 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

17 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
20 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
21 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
22 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
23 to such item; or

24 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based

1 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
2 following:

3 (a) the person during the same taxable
4 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
5 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
6 not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 intangible expense or cost between the
9 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
10 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
11 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
12 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
13 or

14 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
17 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
19 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
20 writing to the application or use of an alternative
21 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

22 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
23 Director from making any other adjustment
24 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
25 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
26 this amendment provided such adjustment is made

1 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
2 and such regulations provide methods and standards
3 by which the Department will utilize its authority
4 under Section 404 of this Act;

5 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
7 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
8 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
10 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
11 business group but for the fact that the person is
12 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
13 included in the unitary business group because he or
14 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
15 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
16 addition modification required by this subparagraph
17 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
18 included in base income of the unitary group for the
19 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
21 (including amounts included in gross income under
22 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
23 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
24 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
25 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
26 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The

1 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
2 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
3 modification required under Section 203(b) (2) (E-12) or
4 Section 203(b) (2) (E-13) of this Act;

5 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
6 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
7 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
8 estate investment trust under Section 857(b) (2) (B) of
9 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

10 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
11 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
12 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
13 Act;

14 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
15 following amounts:

16 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
17 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
18 and included in such total for the taxable year;

19 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
20 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

21 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
22 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
23 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
24 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
25 for the taxable year;

26 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted

1 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
2 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
3 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
4 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
5 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
6 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
7 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
8 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
9 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
10 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
11 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
12 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
13 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
14 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
15 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
17 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
18 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
19 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
20 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
21 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
22 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
23 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
24 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
25 from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such

1 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
2 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
3 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
4 United States; provided that, in the case of any
5 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
6 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
7 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
8 of bond premium amortization;

9 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total which were paid by a corporation which
11 conducts business operations in a River Edge
12 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
13 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
14 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
15 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total that were paid by a corporation that
19 conducts business operations in a federally designated
20 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
21 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
22 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
23 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
24 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
25 this subparagraph (L);

26 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial

1 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
2 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
3 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
4 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
5 property which is eligible for the River Edge
6 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
7 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
8 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
9 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
10 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
11 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
12 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
13 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
14 the date that it was placed in service in the River
15 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
16 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection
17 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the
18 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the
19 eligible property as calculated under the previous
20 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250;

22 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
23 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
24 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
25 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
26 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by

1 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
2 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
3 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
4 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
5 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
6 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
7 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
8 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
9 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
10 date that it was placed in service in a federally
11 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
12 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
13 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
14 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
15 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
16 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
17 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
18 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
19 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
20 calculated under the previous sentence;

21 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
22 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
23 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
24 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
25 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
26 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the

1 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
2 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
3 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
4 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
7 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
8 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
9 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
10 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
11 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
12 and received from a corporation that is not created or
13 organized under the laws of the United States or any
14 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
15 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
16 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
17 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
19 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
20 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
21 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
23 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
24 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
25 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
26 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed

1 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
2 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
3 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
4 dividends received from a captive real estate
5 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
6 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
7 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
8 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
9 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
10 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
11 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
12 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
13 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

14 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
15 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
16 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

17 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
18 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
19 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
20 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
21 the Internal Revenue Code;

22 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
23 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
24 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
25 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
26 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the

1 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
2 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
3 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
4 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
5 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
6 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
7 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
10 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
11 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
12 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
13 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
14 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
15 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
16 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
17 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
20 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
21 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
22 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
23 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
24 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

25 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
26 deduction taken for the taxable year on the

1 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
2 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
3 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
4 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
5 the bonus depreciation deduction;

6 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
7 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
8 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
9 0.429); and

10 (3) for taxable years ending after December
11 31, 2005:

12 (i) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
16 0.429); and

17 (ii) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
19 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
20 1.0.

21 The aggregate amount deducted under this
22 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
23 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
24 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
25 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
26 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This

1 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250;

3 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
4 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
5 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
6 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
7 equal to that addition modification.

8 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
9 the last day of the last tax year for which the
10 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
11 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
13 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
14 equal to that addition modification.

15 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
16 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
17 piece of property.

18 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
21 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
22 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
23 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
24 modification with respect to such transaction under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
26 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed

1 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
2 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
3 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
4 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
5 is required to make an addition modification with
6 respect to such transaction under Section
7 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
8 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
9 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
10 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
11 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
12 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
13 addition modification with respect to such transaction
14 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
15 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
16 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
17 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
18 from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
20 into account for the taxable year (net of the
21 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
24 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
8 addition modification required to be made for the same
9 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
12 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
14 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
15 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
16 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
18 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
19 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
2 addition modification required to be made for the same
3 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
4 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
6 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
9 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
10 add back any insurance premiums under Section
11 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
12 that part of a reimbursement received from the
13 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
14 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
15 company) that would have been taken into account as a
16 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
17 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
18 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
19 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
20 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
21 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
22 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

23 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
24 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
25 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
26 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to

1 Section 965(e) (2) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
2 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
3 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
4 Section 250.

5 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
6 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
7 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
8 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
9 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
10 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
11 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a) (3) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code.

13 (c) Trusts and estates.

14 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
15 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
16 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

17 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
18 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
19 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
20 following amounts:

21 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
22 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
23 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
24 in the computation of taxable income;

25 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a

1 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
2 required to distribute all of its income currently,
3 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
4 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
5 the computation of taxable income;

6 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
7 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
8 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

9 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
10 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
11 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
12 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

13 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
14 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
15 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
16 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
17 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
18 the amount by which addition modifications other than
19 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
20 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
21 the following limitations applied in the order that
22 they are listed:

23 (i) the addition modification relating to the
24 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
25 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
26 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of

1 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
2 which related to that net operating loss and which
3 was taken into account in calculating the base
4 income of an earlier taxable year, and

5 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
6 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
7 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
8 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
9 such carryback or carryforward;

10 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
11 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
12 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
13 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
14 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
15 independently under the preceding provisions of this
16 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

17 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
18 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
19 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
20 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
21 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
22 Act;

23 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
24 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
25 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
26 computation of taxable income;

1 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
2 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
3 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
4 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
5 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

6 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
7 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
8 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
9 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code; and

11 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
12 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
13 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
14 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
15 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
16 deductions taken in all taxable years under
17 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

18 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
19 the last day of the last tax year for which the
20 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
21 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
22 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
23 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
24 equal to that subtraction modification.

25 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
26 modification under this subparagraph only once with

1 respect to any one piece of property;

2 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
3 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
4 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the same unitary business group but for the
8 fact that the foreign person's business activity
9 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
12 who would be a member of the same unitary business
13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
16 required to apportion business income under different
17 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
18 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
19 extent that dividends were included in base income of
20 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
21 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
22 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
23 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
24 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
25 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the

1 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
2 incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
19 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
20 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
21 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
22 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
23 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
24 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
25 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
26 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term

1 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
2 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
3 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
4 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
5 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
7 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
8 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
9 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
10 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
11 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
12 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
13 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(c) (2) (G-12) or
2 Section 203(c) (2) (G-13) of this Act;

3 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
4 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
5 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
6 Act;

7 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
8 following amounts:

9 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
10 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
11 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
13 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
14 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
15 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
16 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
17 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
19 thereto;

20 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

21 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
22 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
23 and included in such total for the taxable year;

24 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
25 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
26 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from

1 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
2 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
3 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
4 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
5 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
6 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
7 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
8 amortization;

9 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
10 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
11 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
12 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
14 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
16 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
17 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
18 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
22 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
23 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total which were paid by a corporation which

1 conducts business operations in a River Edge
2 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
3 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
4 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
5 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
8 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
9 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

10 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
11 such total that were paid by a corporation that
12 conducts business operations in a federally designated
13 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
14 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
15 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
16 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
17 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
18 this subparagraph (O);

19 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
20 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
21 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
22 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code;

24 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
25 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
26 extent includible in gross income for federal income

1 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
2 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
3 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
4 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
5 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
6 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
7 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
8 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
9 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
10 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
11 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
12 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
13 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
14 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
15 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
16 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
17 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
18 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
19 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
20 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
21 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
22 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
23 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
24 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
25 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
26 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is

1 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
2 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
3 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
4 of Section 250;

5 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
6 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
7 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
8 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
10 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

11 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
12 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
13 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
14 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
15 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
16 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
17 the bonus depreciation deduction;

18 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
19 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
20 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
21 0.429); and

22 (3) for taxable years ending after December
23 31, 2005:

24 (i) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
2 0.429); and

3 (ii) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 1.0.

7 The aggregate amount deducted under this
8 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
9 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
10 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
11 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
12 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
13 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
16 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
17 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
18 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
19 equal to that addition modification.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which the
22 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
23 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
24 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
25 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
26 equal to that addition modification.

1 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
2 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
3 piece of property.

4 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
7 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
8 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
9 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
10 modification with respect to such transaction under
11 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
12 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
13 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
14 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
15 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
16 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
17 is required to make an addition modification with
18 respect to such transaction under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
20 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
21 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
22 from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
24 into account for the taxable year (net of the
25 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
2 the fact the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
16 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
18 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
19 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
8 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
10 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
13 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
14 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
15 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
16 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
17 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
18 Section 250;

19 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
20 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
21 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
22 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

24 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
25 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
26 add back any insurance premiums under Section

1 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
2 that part of a reimbursement received from the
3 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
4 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
5 company) that would have been taken into account as a
6 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
7 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
8 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
9 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
10 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
11 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
12 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

13 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
14 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
15 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
16 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
17 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
18 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
19 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

20 (d) Partnerships.

21 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
22 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
23 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

24 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
25 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum

1 of the following amounts:

2 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
3 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
4 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
5 in the computation of taxable income;

6 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
7 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
8 the taxable year;

9 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
10 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

12 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
13 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
14 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
15 computation of taxable income;

16 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
17 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
18 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
19 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code;

21 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
22 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
25 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
26 deductions taken in all taxable years under

1 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which the
4 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
5 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
6 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
7 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
8 equal to that subtraction modification.

9 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
10 modification under this subparagraph only once with
11 respect to any one piece of property;

12 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
13 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the same unitary business group but for the
18 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
19 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
2 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
3 extent that dividends were included in base income of
4 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
5 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
6 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
7 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
8 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
9 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
11 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
12 incurred.

13 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

14 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
19 with respect to such interest; or

20 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
23 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person, during the same taxable
26 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest

1 to a person that is not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
4 person did not have as a principal purpose the
5 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
6 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
7 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
8 terms; or

9 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
10 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
11 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
12 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
13 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
14 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

15 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
19 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
20 to the application or use of an alternative method
21 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

22 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
23 Director from making any other adjustment
24 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
25 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
26 this amendment provided such adjustment is made

1 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
2 and such regulations provide methods and standards
3 by which the Department will utilize its authority
4 under Section 404 of this Act; and

5 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
6 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
7 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
10 foreign person who would be a member of the same
11 unitary business group but for the fact that the
12 foreign person's business activity outside the United
13 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
14 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
16 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
17 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
18 from being included in the unitary business group
19 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
20 business income under different subsections of Section
21 304. The addition modification required by this
22 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
23 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
24 group for the same taxable year and received by the
25 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
26 business group (including amounts included in gross

1 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
3 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
4 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
5 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
6 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
7 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
8 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
9 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
10 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
11 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
12 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
13 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
14 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
15 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
17 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
18 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
19 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
20 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
21 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
22 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
23 similar types of intangible assets;

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
2 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
3 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
4 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
5 to such item; or

6 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
9 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person during the same taxable
12 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
13 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
14 not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 intangible expense or cost between the
17 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
18 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
19 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
20 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
21 or

22 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
25 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;

1 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
2 writing to the application or use of an alternative
3 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment
6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
7 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
8 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
10 and such regulations provide methods and standards
11 by which the Department will utilize its authority
12 under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
14 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
15 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
16 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
17 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
18 person who would be a member of the same unitary
19 business group but for the fact that the person is
20 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
21 included in the unitary business group because he or
22 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
23 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
24 addition modification required by this subparagraph
25 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
26 included in base income of the unitary group for the

1 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
3 (including amounts included in gross income under
4 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
5 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
6 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
7 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
8 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
9 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
10 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
11 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
12 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

13 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
14 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
15 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
16 Act;

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
18 amounts:

19 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

20 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
21 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
22 and included in such total for the taxable year;

23 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
24 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
25 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
26 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution

1 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
2 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
3 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
4 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
5 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
6 of bond premium amortization;

7 (H) Any income of the partnership which
8 constitutes personal service income as defined in
9 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
10 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
11 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
12 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
13 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
16 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
17 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
18 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
19 including amounts distributable to organizations
20 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
21 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
22 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
24 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
25 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
26 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
2 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
4 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2),
5 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
8 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
10 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
11 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total which were paid by a corporation which
15 conducts business operations in a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
18 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
19 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
22 job training project established pursuant to the Real
23 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

24 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total that were paid by a corporation that
26 conducts business operations in a federally designated

1 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
2 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
3 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
4 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
5 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
6 this subparagraph (M);

7 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
8 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
9 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
10 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
11 the Internal Revenue Code;

12 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
13 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
14 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
15 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
16 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
17 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

18 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
19 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
21 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
22 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
23 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
24 the bonus depreciation deduction;

25 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
26 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30

1 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
2 0.429); and

3 (3) for taxable years ending after December
4 31, 2005:

5 (i) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
9 0.429); and

10 (ii) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
13 1.0.

14 The aggregate amount deducted under this
15 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
16 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
17 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
19 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
20 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
23 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
24 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
25 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
26 equal to that addition modification.

1 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
2 the last day of the last tax year for which the
3 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
4 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
5 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
6 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
7 equal to that addition modification.

8 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
9 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
10 piece of property.

11 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
14 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
15 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
16 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
17 modification with respect to such transaction under
18 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
19 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
20 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
21 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
22 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
23 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
24 is required to make an addition modification with
25 respect to such transaction under Section
26 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or

1 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
2 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
3 from Section 250;

4 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
5 into account for the taxable year (net of the
6 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
7 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
9 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
10 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
19 addition modification required to be made for the same
20 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
22 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
23 Section 250;

24 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
25 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
26 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to

1 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
3 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
4 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
5 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
7 who would be a member of the same unitary business
8 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
9 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
10 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
11 required to apportion business income under different
12 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
13 addition modification required to be made for the same
14 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
15 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
17 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

18 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
20 add back any insurance premiums under Section
21 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
22 that part of a reimbursement received from the
23 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
24 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
25 company) that would have been taken into account as a
26 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the

1 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
2 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
3 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
4 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
5 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
6 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

7 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

8 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
9 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
10 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
11 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
12 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
13 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
14 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
15 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
16 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
18 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
19 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
20 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
21 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
22 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
23 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
24 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
25 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
2 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
3 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
4 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
5 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
6 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
7 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
8 addition modification must be made under those
9 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
10 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
11 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
12 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
13 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code.

15 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
16 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
17 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

18 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
19 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
20 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
21 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
22 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
23 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
24 Internal Revenue Code;

25 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
26 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax

1 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
2 insurance company taxable income;

3 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
4 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
5 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
6 investment company taxable income;

7 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
8 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
9 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
10 estate investment trust taxable income;

11 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
12 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
13 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
14 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
15 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
16 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
17 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
18 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
19 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
20 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
21 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code had been in effect for all such years;

23 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
24 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
25 organization determined in accordance with the
26 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
2 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
3 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
4 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
5 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
6 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
7 event such election is made, such losses shall be
8 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
9 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
10 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
11 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
12 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
13 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
14 with original returns due on or after the date of the
15 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
16 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
17 to provide that the election shall be effective for
18 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
19 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
20 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
21 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
22 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
23 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
24 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
25 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
26 existing law;

1 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
2 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
3 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
5 corporation determined in accordance with Section
6 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
7 taxable income shall take into account those items
8 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
9 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
10 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
11 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
12 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
13 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
14 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
15 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
16 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

17 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
18 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
19 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
20 income shall take into account those items which are
21 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
22 but which would be taken into account by an individual
23 in calculating his taxable income.

24 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
25 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
26 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or

1 business has been classified as business income and in a
2 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
3 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
4 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
5 related to that asset or business that generated the
6 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
7 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
8 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
9 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
10 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
11 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
12 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
13 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
14 taxable years.

15 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

16 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
17 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
18 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

19 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
20 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
21 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
23 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

24 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
25 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of

1 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
2 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
3 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
4 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
5 such gain included in the amount determined under
6 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

7 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

8 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
9 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
10 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
11 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
12 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
13 determining gain) for such property on that date
14 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
15 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
16 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
17 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
18 such property.

19 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
20 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
21 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
22 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
23 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
24 property for federal income tax purposes for the
25 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
26 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the

1 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
2 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
3 period for the property.

4 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
5 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
6 purposes of this paragraph.

7 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
8 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
9 to be deducted more than once.

10 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
11 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
12 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
13 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
14 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
15 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
16 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
17 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
18 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

19 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198,
20 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09;
21 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff.
22 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507,
23 eff. 8-23-11; 97-905, eff. 8-7-12.)

1 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
2 becoming law.".