

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 HB5566

Introduced 2/15/2012, by Rep. Karen May

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

50 ILCS 751/15

Amends the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act. Provides that upon request of a law enforcement agency or a public safety answering point on behalf of a law enforcement agency, a wireless service provider shall provide call location information concerning the telecommunications device of a user to the requesting law enforcement agency or public safety answering point. Provides that a law enforcement agency or public safety answering point may not request information under this provision unless for the purposes of responding to a call for emergency services or in an emergency situation that involves the risk of death or serious physical harm. Provides that a wireless service provider may establish protocols by which the carrier voluntarily discloses call location information. Provides that a claim for relief may not be brought in a court against a wireless service provider or any other person for providing call location information if acting in good faith. Provides that the Department of State Police shall obtain contact information from all wireless service providers authorized to do business in the State to facilitate a request from a law enforcement agency or a public safety answering point on behalf of a law enforcement agency for call location information. Provides that the Department shall disseminate the contact information to each public safety answering point in the State.

LRB097 18411 RLC 63637 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning wireless service.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:
- 6 (50 ILCS 751/15)

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- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on April 1, 2013)
- Sec. 15. Wireless emergency 9-1-1 service. The digits
 "9-1-1" shall be the designated emergency telephone number
- 10 within the wireless system.
- (a) Standards. The Illinois Commerce Commission may set 11 12 non-discriminatory, uniform technical and operational 13 standards consistent wit.h the rules of t.he Federal 14 Communications Commission for directing calls to authorized public safety answering points. These standards shall not in 15 16 any way prescribe the technology or manner a wireless carrier 17 shall use to deliver wireless 9-1-1 or wireless E9-1-1 calls and these standards shall not exceed the requirements set by 18 19 the Federal Communications Commission. However, standards for 20 directing calls to the authorized public safety answering point 21 shall be included. The authority given to the Illinois Commerce Commission in this Section is limited to setting standards as 22

set forth herein and does not constitute authority to regulate

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wireless carriers.

- Wireless public safety answering points. For the purpose of providing wireless 9-1-1 emergency services, an emergency telephone system board or, in the absence of an emergency telephone system board, a qualified governmental entity may declare its intention for one or more of its public safety answering points to serve as a primary wireless 9-1-1 public safety answering point for its jurisdiction by notifying the Chief Clerk of the Illinois Commerce Commission and the Director of State Police in writing within 6 months after the effective date of this Act or within 6 months after receiving its authority to operate a 9-1-1 system under the Emergency Telephone System Act, whichever is later. In addition, 2 or more emergency telephone system boards or qualified units of local government may, by virtue of an intergovernmental agreement, provide wireless 9-1-1 service. The Department of State Police shall be the primary wireless 9-1-1 public safety answering point for any jurisdiction not providing notice to the Commission and the Department of State Police. Nothing in this Act shall require the provision of wireless enhanced 9-1-1 services.
- (b-5)(1) Upon request of a law enforcement agency or a public safety answering point on behalf of a law enforcement agency, a wireless service provider shall provide call location information concerning the telecommunications device of a user to the requesting law enforcement agency or public safety

- 1 answering point. A law enforcement agency or public safety
- 2 answering point may not request information under this section
- 3 <u>unless for the purposes of responding to a call for emergency</u>
- 4 services or in an emergency situation that involves the risk of
- 5 death or serious physical harm.
- 6 (2) A wireless service provider may establish protocols by
- 7 which the carrier voluntarily discloses call location
- 8 information.
- 9 (3) A claim for relief may not be brought in any court
- 10 <u>against any wireless service provider or any other person for</u>
- 11 providing call location information if acting in good faith and
- 12 under this subsection (b-5).
- 13 (4) The Department of State Police shall obtain contact
- information from all wireless service providers authorized to
- do business in this State to facilitate a request from a law
- 16 enforcement agency or a public safety answering point on behalf
- of a law enforcement agency for call location information under
- this subsection (b-5). The Department shall disseminate the
- 19 contact information to each public safety answering point in
- this State.
- The Illinois Commerce Commission, upon a request from a
- 22 qualified governmental entity or an emergency telephone system
- board, may grant authority to the emergency telephone system
- 24 board or a qualified governmental entity to provide wireless
- 25 9-1-1 service in areas for which the Department of State Police
- 26 has accepted wireless 9-1-1 responsibility. The Illinois

- 1 Commerce Commission shall maintain a current list of all 9-1-1
- 2 systems and qualified governmental entities providing wireless
- 3 9-1-1 service under this Act.
- 4 Any emergency telephone system board or qualified
- 5 governmental entity providing wireless 9-1-1 service prior to
- 6 the effective date of this Act may continue to operate upon
- 7 notification as previously described in this Section. An
- 8 emergency telephone system board or a qualified governmental
- 9 entity shall submit, with its notification, the date upon which
- it commenced operating.
- 11 (c) Wireless Enhanced 9-1-1 Board. The Wireless Enhanced
- 12 9-1-1 Board is created. The Board consists of 7 members
- 13 appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the
- 14 Senate. It is recommended that the Governor appoint members
- 15 from the following: the Illinois Chapter of the National
- 16 Emergency Numbers Association, the Illinois State Police, law
- 17 enforcement agencies, the wireless telecommunications
- industry, an emergency telephone system board in Cook County
- 19 (outside the City of Chicago), an emergency telephone system
- 20 board in the Metro-east area, and an emergency telephone system
- 21 board in the collar counties (Lake, McHenry, DuPage, Kane, and
- 22 Will counties). Members of the Board may not receive any
- compensation but may, however, be reimbursed for any necessary
- 24 expenditure in connection with their duties.
- Except as provided in Section 45, the Wireless Enhanced
- 26 9-1-1 Board shall set the amount of the monthly wireless

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surcharge required to be imposed under Section 17 on all 1 2 wireless subscribers in this State. Prior to the Wireless 3 Enhanced 9-1-1 Board setting any surcharge, the Board shall publish the proposed surcharge in the Illinois Register, hold 5 hearings on the surcharge and the requirements for an efficient 6 wireless emergency number system, and elicit public comment. 7 The Board shall determine the minimum cost necessary for 8 implementation of this system and the amount of revenue 9 produced based upon the number of wireless telephones in use. 10 The Board shall set the surcharge at the minimum amount 11 necessary to achieve the goals of the Act and shall, by July 1, 12 2000, file this information with the Governor, the Clerk of the 13 House, and the Secretary of the Senate. The surcharge may not 14 be more than \$0.75 per month per CMRS connection.

The Wireless Enhanced 9-1-1 Board shall report to the General Assembly by July 1, 2000 on implementing wireless non-emergency services for the purpose of public safety using the digits 3-1-1. The Board shall consider the delivery of 3-1-1 services in a 6 county area, including rural Cook County (outside of the City of Chicago), and DuPage, Lake, McHenry, Will, and Kane Counties, as well as counties outside of this area by an emergency telephone system board, a qualified governmental entity, or private industry. The Board, upon completion of all its duties required under this Act, is dissolved.

(Source: P.A. 95-698, eff. 1-1-08.)