

Sen. Antonio Muñoz

Filed: 1/2/2013

09700HB1237sam006 LRB097 06157 RLC 73025 a 1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1237 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend House Bill 1237 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is 4 5 amended by changing Sections 1.1, 4, 8, and 10 as follows: 6 (430 ILCS 65/1.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-1.1) 7 Sec. 1.1. For purposes of this Act: "Has been adjudicated as a mental defective" means the 8 person is the subject of a determination by a court, board, 9 10 commission or other lawful authority that a person, as a result of marked subnormal intelligence, or mental illness, mental 11 12 impairment, incompetency, condition, or disease: 13 (1) is a danger to himself, herself, or to others; (2) lacks the mental capacity to manage his or her own 14 15 affairs; (3) is not guilty in a criminal case by reason of 16

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1	insanity, mental disease or defect;
2	(4) is incompetent to stand trial in a criminal case;
3	(5) is not guilty by reason of lack of mental
4	responsibility pursuant to Articles 50a and 72b of the
5	Uniform Code of Military Justice, 10 U.S.C. 850a, 876b.
6	"Counterfeit" means to copy or imitate, without legal
7	authority, with intent to deceive.
8	"Federally licensed firearm dealer" means a person who is
9	licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the
10	federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923).
11	"Firearm" means any device, by whatever name known, which
12	is designed to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action
13	of an explosion, expansion of gas or escape of gas; excluding,
14	however:
15	(1) any pneumatic gun, spring gun, paint ball gun, or
16	B-B gun which expels a single globular projectile not
17	exceeding .18 inch in diameter or which has a maximum
18	muzzle velocity of less than 700 feet per second;
19	(1.1) any pneumatic gun, spring gun, paint ball gun, or
20	B-B gun which expels breakable paint balls containing
21	washable marking colors;
22	(2) any device used exclusively for signalling or
23	safety and required or recommended by the United States
24	Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce Commission;

(3) any device used exclusively for the firing of stud

cartridges, explosive rivets or similar industrial

1 ammunition; and

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(4) an antique firearm (other than a machine-gun) which, although designed as a weapon, the Department of State Police finds by reason of the date of its manufacture, value, design, and other characteristics is primarily a collector's item and is not likely to be used as a weapon.

"Firearm ammunition" means any self-contained cartridge or shotgun shell, by whatever name known, which is designed to be used or adaptable to use in a firearm; excluding, however:

- (1) any ammunition exclusively designed for use with a device used exclusively for signalling or safety and required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce Commission; and
- (2) any ammunition designed exclusively for use with a stud or rivet driver or other similar industrial ammunition.

"Gun show" means an event or function:

- (1) at which the sale and transfer of firearms is the regular and normal course of business and where 50 or more firearms are displayed, offered, or exhibited for sale, transfer, or exchange; or
- (2) at which not less than 10 gun show vendors display, offer, or exhibit for sale, sell, transfer, or exchange firearms.
- "Gun show" includes the entire premises provided for an

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1 event or function, including parking areas for the event or 2 function, that is sponsored to facilitate the purchase, sale,

transfer, or exchange of firearms as described in this Section. 3

"Gun show" does not include training or safety classes, competitive shooting events, such as rifle, shotgun, or handgun matches, trap, skeet, or sporting clays shoots, dinners, banquets, raffles, or any other event where the sale or transfer of firearms is not the primary course of business.

"Gun show promoter" means a person who organizes or operates a gun show.

"Gun show vendor" means a person who exhibits, sells, offers for sale, transfers, or exchanges any firearms at a gun show, regardless of whether the person arranges with a gun show promoter for a fixed location from which to exhibit, sell, offer for sale, transfer, or exchange any firearm.

"Mental institution" means any hospital, institution, clinic, evaluation facility, mental health center, or part thereof, which is used primarily for the care or treatment of persons with mental illness.

"Patient in a mental institution" means the person was admitted, either voluntarily or involuntarily, to a mental institution for mental health treatment, unless the treatment was voluntary and solely for an alcohol abuse disorder and no other secondary substance abuse disorder or mental illness.

"Sanctioned competitive shooting event" means a shooting contest officially recognized by a national or state shooting

- 1 sport association, and includes any sight-in or practice
- conducted in conjunction with the event. 2
- "Stun gun or taser" has the meaning ascribed to it in 3
- 4 Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 1961.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 97-776, eff. 7-13-12.)
- (430 ILCS 65/4) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-4) 6
- 7 Sec. 4. (a) Each applicant for a Firearm Owner's
- 8 Identification Card must:
- 9 (1) Make application on blank forms prepared and
- 10 furnished at convenient locations throughout the State by
- the Department of State Police, or by electronic means, if 11
- 12 and when made available by the Department of State Police;
- 13 and
- 14 (2) Submit evidence to the Department of State Police
- 15 that:
- 16 (i) He or she is 21 years of age or over, or if he
- 17 or she is under 21 years of age that he or she has the
- written consent of his or her parent or legal guardian 18
- 19 to possess and acquire firearms and firearm ammunition
- and that he or she has never been convicted of a 20
- 21 misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged
- 22 delinquent, provided, however, that such parent or
- 23 legal quardian is not an individual prohibited from
- 24 having a Firearm Owner's Identification Card and files
- 25 an affidavit with the Department as prescribed by the

Τ	Department stating that he or she is not an individual
2	prohibited from having a Card;
3	(ii) He or she has not been convicted of a felony
4	under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction;
5	(iii) He or she is not addicted to narcotics;
6	(iv) He or she has not been a patient in a mental
7	institution within the past 5 years and he or she has
8	not been adjudicated as a mental defective;
9	(v) He or she is not intellectually disabled;
10	(vi) He or she is not an alien who is unlawfully
11	present in the United States under the laws of the
12	United States;
13	(vii) He or she is not subject to an existing order
14	of protection prohibiting him or her from possessing a
15	firearm;
16	(viii) He or she has not been convicted within the
17	past 5 years of battery, assault, aggravated assault,
18	violation of an order of protection, or a substantially
19	similar offense in another jurisdiction, in which a
20	firearm was used or possessed;
21	(ix) He or she has not been convicted of domestic
22	battery, aggravated domestic battery, or a
23	substantially similar offense in another jurisdiction
24	committed before, on or after January 1, 2012 (the
25	effective date of Public Act 97-158). If the applicant
26	knowingly and intelligently waives the right to have an

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offense described in this clause (ix) tried by a jury, and by quilty plea or otherwise, results in a conviction for an offense in which a domestic relationship is not a required element of the offense but in which a determination of the applicability of 18 U.S.C. 922(q)(9) is made under Section 112A-11.1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, an entry by the court of a judgment of conviction for that offense shall be grounds for denying the issuance of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under this Section;

(x) (Blank);

- (xi) He or she is not an alien who has been admitted to the United States under a non-immigrant visa (as that term is defined in Section 101(a)(26) of Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. the 1101(a)(26))), or that he or she is an alien who has been lawfully admitted to the United States under a non-immigrant visa if that alien is:
 - (1) admitted to the United States for lawful hunting or sporting purposes;
 - (2) an official representative of a foreign government who is:
 - accredited to the United (A) States Government or the Government's mission to an international organization having headquarters in the United States; or

1	(B) en route to or from another country to
2	which that alien is accredited;
3	(3) an official of a foreign government or
4	distinguished foreign visitor who has been so
5	designated by the Department of State;
6	(4) a foreign law enforcement officer of a
7	friendly foreign government entering the United
8	States on official business; or
9	(5) one who has received a waiver from the
10	Attorney General of the United States pursuant to
11	18 U.S.C. 922(y)(3);
12	(xii) He or she is not a minor subject to a
13	petition filed under Section 5-520 of the Juvenile
14	Court Act of 1987 alleging that the minor is a
15	delinquent minor for the commission of an offense that
16	if committed by an adult would be a felony;
17	(xiii) He or she is not an adult who had been
18	adjudicated a delinquent minor under the Juvenile
19	Court Act of 1987 for the commission of an offense that
20	if committed by an adult would be a felony; and
21	(xiv) He or she is a resident of the State of
22	Illinois; and
23	(xv) He or she has not been adjudicated as a mental
24	<pre>defective; and</pre>
25	(3) Upon request by the Department of State Police,
26	sign a release on a form prescribed by the Department of

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State Police waiving any right to confidentiality and requesting the disclosure to the Department of State Police of limited mental health institution admission information from another state, the District of Columbia, any other territory of the United States, or a foreign nation concerning the applicant for the sole purpose of determining whether the applicant is or was a patient in a mental health institution and disqualified because of that status from receiving a Firearm Owner's Identification Card. No mental health care or treatment records may be requested. The information received shall be destroyed within one year of receipt.

(a-5) Each applicant for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card who is over the age of 18 shall furnish to the Department of State Police either his or her Illinois driver's license number or Illinois Identification Card number, except as provided in subsection (a-10).

(a-10) Each applicant for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card, who is employed as a law enforcement officer, an armed security officer in Illinois, or by the United States Military permanently assigned in Illinois and who is not an Illinois resident, shall furnish to the Department of State Police his or her driver's license number or state identification card number from his or her state of residence. The Department of State Police may promulgate rules to enforce the provisions of this subsection (a-10).

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- 1 (a-15) If an applicant applying for a Firearm Owner's 2 Identification Card moves from the residence address named in 3 the application, he or she shall immediately notify in a form 4 and manner prescribed by the Department of State Police of that 5 change of address.
- 6 (a-20) Each applicant for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card shall furnish to the Department of State Police his or her 7 8 photograph. An applicant who is 21 years of age or older 9 seeking a religious exemption to the photograph requirement 10 must furnish with the application an approved copy of United 11 States Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Form 4029. In lieu of a photograph, an applicant regardless of age 12 13 seeking a religious exemption to the photograph requirement 14 shall submit fingerprints on a form and manner prescribed by 15 the Department with his or her application.
 - (b) Each application form shall include the following statement printed in bold type: "Warning: Entering false information on an application for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card is punishable as a Class 2 felony in accordance with subsection (d-5) of Section 14 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.".
 - (c) Upon such written consent, pursuant to Section 4, paragraph (a)(2)(i), the parent or legal guardian giving the consent shall be liable for any damages resulting from the applicant's use of firearms or firearm ammunition.
- (Source: P.A. 97-158, eff. 1-1-12; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-813, 26

- 1 eff. 7-13-12; 97-1131, eff. 1-1-13.)
- (430 ILCS 65/8) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-8) 2
- 3 Sec. 8. The Department of State Police has authority to 4 deny an application for or to revoke and seize a Firearm 5 Owner's Identification Card previously issued under this Act only if the Department finds that the applicant or the person 6
- to whom such card was issued is or was at the time of issuance: 7
- 8 (a) A person under 21 years of age who has been convicted 9 of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged 10 delinquent;
- (b) A person under 21 years of age who does not have the 11 written consent of his parent or guardian to acquire and 12 possess firearms and firearm ammunition, or whose parent or 13 14 quardian has revoked such written consent, or where such parent 15 or quardian does not qualify to have a Firearm Owner's 16 Identification Card:
 - (c) A person convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction;
- 19 (d) A person addicted to narcotics;

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2.0 (e) A person who has been a patient of a mental institution 21 within the past 5 years. An active law enforcement officer employed by a unit of government who is denied, revoked, or has 22 23 his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card seized under 24 this subsection (e) may obtain relief as described in subsection (c-5) of Section 10 of this Act if the officer did 25

- 1 not act in a manner threatening to the officer, another person,
- or the public as determined by the treating clinical 2
- psychologist or physician, and the officer seeks mental health 3
- 4 treatment or has been adjudicated as a mental defective;
- 5 (f) A person whose mental condition is of such a nature
- 6 that it poses a clear and present danger to the applicant, any
- 7 other person or persons or the community;
- 8 For the purposes of this Section, "mental condition" means
- 9 a state of mind manifested by violent, suicidal, threatening or
- 10 assaultive behavior.
- 11 (g) A person who is intellectually disabled;
- (h) A person who intentionally makes a false statement in 12
- 13 the Firearm Owner's Identification Card application;
- (i) An alien who is unlawfully present in the United States 14
- 15 under the laws of the United States:
- 16 (i-5) An alien who has been admitted to the United States
- under a non-immigrant visa (as that term is defined in Section 17
- 18 101(a)(26) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
- 19 1101(a)(26))), except that this subsection (i-5) does not apply
- 20 to any alien who has been lawfully admitted to the United
- 21 States under a non-immigrant visa if that alien is:
- 22 (1) admitted to the United States for lawful hunting or
- 23 sporting purposes;
- 24 (2) an official representative of a foreign government
- 25 who is:
- 26 (A) accredited to the United States Government or

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- (B) en route to or from another country to which that alien is accredited;
- official of a foreign government an distinguished foreign visitor who has been so designated by the Department of State;
- (4) a foreign law enforcement officer of a friendly foreign government entering the United States on official business: or
- (5) one who has received a waiver from the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 922 (y) (3);
- 15 (j) (Blank);

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- (k) A person who has been convicted within the past 5 years of battery, assault, aggravated assault, violation of an order of protection, or a substantially similar offense in another jurisdiction, in which a firearm was used or possessed;
- (1) A person who has been convicted of domestic battery, aggravated domestic battery, or a substantially similar offense in another jurisdiction committed before, on or after January 1, 2012 (the effective date of Public Act 97-158). If the applicant or person who has been previously issued a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under this Act knowingly and intelligently waives the right to have an offense described

- 1 in this paragraph (1) tried by a jury, and by quilty plea or
- 2 otherwise, results in a conviction for an offense in which a
- 3 domestic relationship is not a required element of the offense
- 4 but in which a determination of the applicability of 18 U.S.C.
- 5 922(q)(9) is made under Section 112A-11.1 of the Code of
- 6 Criminal Procedure of 1963, an entry by the court of a judgment
- of conviction for that offense shall be grounds for denying an 7
- 8 application for and for revoking and seizing a Firearm Owner's
- 9 Identification Card previously issued to the person under this
- 10 Act;
- 11 (m) (Blank);
- (n) A person who is prohibited from acquiring or possessing 12
- 13 firearms or firearm ammunition by any Illinois State statute or
- 14 by federal law;
- 15 (o) A minor subject to a petition filed under Section 5-520
- 16 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 alleging that the minor is a
- delinquent minor for the commission of an offense that if 17
- 18 committed by an adult would be a felony;
- (p) An adult who had been adjudicated a delinquent minor 19
- 20 under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for the commission of an
- 21 offense that if committed by an adult would be a felony; or
- (q) A person who is not a resident of the State of 22
- 23 Illinois, except as provided in subsection (a-10) of Section 4;
- 24 or -
- 25 (r) A person who has been adjudicated as a mental
- 26 defective.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 96-701, eff. 1-1-10; 97-158, eff. 1-1-12; 97-227,
- 2 eff. 1-1-12; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 97-1131, eff. 1-1-13.)
- 3 (430 ILCS 65/10) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-10)
- 4 Sec. 10. Appeal to director; hearing; relief from firearm prohibitions. 5
- an application for a Firearm Owner's 6 (a) Whenever 7 Identification Card is denied, whenever the Department fails to 8 act on an application within 30 days of its receipt, or 9 whenever such a Card is revoked or seized as provided for in 10 Section 8 of this Act, the aggrieved party may appeal to the Director of State Police for a hearing upon such denial, 11 12 revocation or seizure, unless the denial, revocation, or 13 seizure was based upon a forcible felony, stalking, aggravated 14 stalking, domestic battery, any violation of the Illinois 15 Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or the Cannabis Control Act that is 16 classified as a Class 2 or greater felony, any felony violation 17 of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code 18 19 of 2012, or any adjudication as a delinquent minor for the 20 commission of an offense that if committed by an adult would be 21 a felony, in which case the aggrieved party may petition the 22 circuit court in writing in the county of his or her residence for a hearing upon such denial, revocation, or seizure. 23
 - (b) At least 30 days before any hearing in the circuit court, the petitioner shall serve the relevant State's Attorney

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1 with a copy of the petition. The State's Attorney may object to the petition and present evidence. At the hearing the court shall determine whether substantial justice has been done. Should the court determine that substantial justice has not been done, the court shall issue an order directing the Department of State Police to issue a Card. However, the court shall not issue the order if the petitioner is otherwise prohibited from obtaining, possessing, or using a firearm under federal law.

- (c) Any person prohibited from possessing a firearm under Sections 24-1.1 or 24-3.1 of the Criminal Code of $2012 \frac{1961}{}$ or acquiring a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under Section 8 of this Act may apply to the Director of State Police or petition the circuit court in the county where the petitioner resides, whichever is applicable in accordance with subsection (a) of this Section, requesting relief from such prohibition and the Director or court may grant such relief if it is established by the applicant to the court's or Director's satisfaction that:
 - (0.05) when in the circuit court, the State's Attorney has been served with a written copy of the petition at least 30 days before any such hearing in the circuit court and at the hearing the State's Attorney was afforded an opportunity to present evidence and object to the petition;
 - (1) the applicant has not been convicted of a forcible felony under the laws of this State or any other

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jurisdiction	within	20	years	of	the	applica	nt's
application fo	or a Firea	arm C	wner's	Identi	ficati	on Card,	, or
at least 20 ye	ears have	pass	sed since	e the	end of	any pe	riod
of imprisonmen	it imposed	in r	relation	to tha	at conv	viction;	

- (2) the circumstances regarding a criminal conviction, where applicable, the applicant's criminal history and his reputation are such that the applicant will not be likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety;
- (3) granting relief would not be contrary to the public interest; and
- (4) granting relief would not be contrary to federal law.
- (c-5) (1) An active law enforcement officer employed by a unit of government, who is denied, revoked, or has his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card seized under subsection (e) of Section 8 of this Act may apply to the Director of State Police requesting relief if the officer did not act in a manner threatening to the officer, another person, or the public as determined by the treating clinical psychologist or physician, and as a result of his or her work is referred by the employer for or voluntarily seeks mental health evaluation or treatment by a licensed clinical psychologist, psychiatrist, or qualified examiner, and:
 - (A) the officer has not received treatment involuntarily at a mental institution, regardless of

Т	the religin of admission, of has not been voluntarily
2	admitted to a mental institution for more than 30 days
3	and not for more than one incident within the past 5
4	years; and
5	(B) the officer has not left the mental institution
6	against medical advice.
7	(2) The Director of State Police shall grant expedited
8	relief to active law enforcement officers described in
9	paragraph (1) of this subsection (c-5) upon a determination
10	by the Director that the officer's possession of a firearm
11	does not present a threat to themselves, others, or public
12	safety. The Director shall act on the request for relief
13	within 30 business days of receipt of:
14	(A) a notarized statement from the officer in the
15	form prescribed by the Director detailing the
16	circumstances that led to the hospitalization;
17	(B) all documentation regarding the admission,
18	evaluation, treatment and discharge from the treating
19	licensed clinical psychologist or psychiatrist of the
20	officer;
21	(C) a psychological fitness for duty evaluation of
22	the person completed after the time of discharge; and
23	(D) written confirmation in the form prescribed by
24	the Director from the treating licensed clinical
25	psychologist or psychiatrist that the provisions set
26	forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection (c-5) have

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1	peen met, the person successfully completed treatment,
2	and their professional opinion regarding the person's
3	ability to possess firearms.

- (3) Officers eliqible for the expedited relief in paragraph (2) of this subsection (c-5) have the burden of proof on eliqibility and must provide all information required. The Director may not consider granting expedited relief until the proof and information is received.
- (4) "Clinical psychologist", "psychiatrist", and "qualified examiner" shall have the same meaning as provided in Chapter 1 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code.
- (d) When a minor is adjudicated delinquent for an offense which if committed by an adult would be a felony, the court shall notify the Department of State Police.
- (e) The court shall review the denial of an application or the revocation of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card of a person who has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense that if committed by an adult would be a felony if an application for relief has been filed at least 10 years after the adjudication of delinquency and the court determines that the applicant should be granted relief from disability to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card. If the court grants relief, the court shall notify the Department of State Police that the disability has been removed and that the applicant is eligible to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

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(f) Any person who is subject to the disabilities of 18 U.S.C. 922(d)(4) and 922(q)(4) of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 because of an adjudication or commitment that occurred under the laws of this State or who was determined to be subject to the provisions of subsections (e), (f), or (g) of Section 8 of this Act may apply to the Department of State Police requesting relief from that prohibition. The Director shall grant the relief if it is established by a preponderance of the evidence that the person will not be likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety and that granting relief would not be contrary to the public interest. In making this determination, the Director shall receive evidence concerning (i) the circumstances regarding the firearms disabilities from which relief is sought; (ii) the petitioner's mental health and criminal history records, if any; (iii) the petitioner's reputation, developed at a minimum through character witness statements, testimony, or other character evidence; and (iv) changes in the petitioner's condition or circumstances since the disqualifying events relevant to the relief sought. If relief is granted under this subsection or by order of a court under this Section, the Director shall as soon as practicable but in no case later than 15 business days, update, correct, modify, or remove the person's record in any database that the Department of State Police makes available to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and notify the United States Attorney General that the basis for the record being

- made available no longer applies. The Department of State 1
- Police shall adopt rules for the administration of this 2
- 3 subsection (f).
- 4 (Source: P.A. 96-1368, eff. 7-28-10; 97-1131, eff. 1-1-13.)
- 5 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by
- changing Sections 24-3 and 24-3.1 as follows: 6
- (720 ILCS 5/24-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-3) 7
- 8 Sec. 24-3. Unlawful sale or delivery of firearms.
- 9 (A) A person commits the offense of unlawful sale or
- delivery of firearms when he or she knowingly does any of the 10
- 11 following:
- 12 (a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be
- 13 concealed upon the person to any person under 18 years of
- 14 age.
- (b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under 21 15
- 16 years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other
- 17 than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent.
- 18 (c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict.
- 19 (d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has
- 20 been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any
- 21 other jurisdiction.
- 22 (e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has
- 23 been a patient in a mental institution hospital within the
- 24 past 5 years. In this subsection (e):

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	<pre>"Mental</pre>			institution"			ans	any		hospital,	
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heal	lth ce	enter,	or p	part	thereo	f, w	hich	nisı	used	pri	marily
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illness.											

"Patient in a mental institution" means the person was admitted, either voluntarily or involuntarily, to a mental institution for mental health treatment, unless the treatment was voluntary and solely for an alcohol abuse disorder and no other secondary substance abuse disorder or mental illness.

- (f) Sells or gives any firearms to any person who is intellectually disabled.
- (g) Delivers any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least 72 hours after application for its purchase has been made, or delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun, or a stun gun or taser, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun or other long gun, or a stun gun or taser for at least 24 hours after application for its purchase has been made. However, this paragraph (g) does not apply to: (1) the sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer if the seller of the firearm knows that the person to whom he or she is selling the firearm is a law enforcement officer or the sale of a firearm to a

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person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his or her employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard, or other similar employment; (2) a mail order sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of Illinois; (3) the sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Illinois Department of State Police; or (4) the sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923). For purposes of this paragraph "application" means when the buyer and seller reach an agreement to purchase a firearm.

(h) While holding any license as a dealer, importer, manufacturer or pawnbroker under the federal Gun Control Act of 1968, manufactures, sells or delivers to any unlicensed person a handgun having a barrel, slide, frame or receiver which is a die casting of zinc alloy or any other nonhomogeneous metal which will melt or deform at a temperature of less than 800 degrees Fahrenheit. For purposes of this paragraph, (1) "firearm" is defined as in Firearm Owners Identification Card Act; and "handgun" is defined as a firearm designed to be held and fired by the use of a single hand, and includes a combination of parts from which such a firearm can be 1 assembled.

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- (i) Sells or gives a firearm of any size to any person under 18 years of age who does not possess a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.
- (j) Sells or gives a firearm while engaged in the business of selling firearms at wholesale or retail without being licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923). In this paragraph (j):

A person "engaged in the business" means a person who devotes time, attention, and labor to engaging in the activity as a regular course of trade or business with the principal objective of livelihood and profit, but does not include a person who makes occasional repairs of firearms or who occasionally fits special barrels, stocks, or trigger mechanisms to firearms.

"With the principal objective of livelihood profit" means that the intent underlying the sale or disposition of firearms is predominantly one of obtaining livelihood and pecuniary gain, as opposed to other intents, such as improving or liquidating a personal firearms collection; however, proof of profit shall not be required as to a person who engages in the regular and repetitive purchase and disposition of firearms for criminal purposes or terrorism.

(k) Sells or transfers ownership of a firearm to a

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person who does not display to the seller or transferor of the firearm currently valid Firearm а Identification Card that has previously been issued in the transferee's name by the Department of State Police under the provisions of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. This paragraph (k) does not apply to the transfer of a firearm to a person who is exempt from the requirement of possessing a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under Section 2 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. For the purposes of this Section, a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card means (i) a Firearm Owner's Identification Card that has not expired or (ii) if the transferor is licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923), an approval number issued in accordance with Section 3.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act shall be proof that the Firearm Owner's Identification Card was valid.

- (1) Not being entitled to the possession of a firearm, delivers the firearm, knowing it to have been stolen or converted. It may be inferred that a person who possesses a firearm with knowledge that its serial number has been removed or altered has knowledge that the firearm is stolen or converted.
- (B) Paragraph (h) of subsection (A) does not include firearms sold within 6 months after enactment of Public Act

- 1 78-355 (approved August 21, 1973, effective October 1, 1973), nor is any firearm legally owned or possessed by any citizen or 2 3 purchased by any citizen within 6 months after the enactment of 4 Public Act 78-355 subject to confiscation or seizure under the 5 provisions of that Public Act. Nothing in Public Act 78-355 shall be construed to prohibit the gift or trade of any firearm 6 if that firearm was legally held or acquired within 6 months 7
 - (C) Sentence.

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after the enactment of that Public Act.

- (1) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (c), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of subsection (A) commits a Class 4 felony.
- (2) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery firearms in violation of paragraph (b) or (i) of subsection (A) commits a Class 3 felony.
- (3) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (a) of subsection (A) commits a Class 2 felony.
- (4) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (a), (b), or (i) of subsection (A) in any school, on the real property comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school, at a school related activity, or on or within 1,000 feet of any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school or school district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity,

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regardless of the time of day or time of year at which the offense was committed, commits a Class 1 felony. Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (a), (b), or (i) of subsection (A) in any school, on the real property comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school, at a school related activity, or on or within 1,000 feet of any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school or school district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, regardless of the time of day or time of year at which the offense was committed, commits a Class 1 felony for which the sentence shall be a term of imprisonment of no less than 5 years and no more than 15 years.

(5) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (a) or (i) of subsection (A) in residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, in a public park, in a courthouse, on residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, on the real property comprising any public park, on the real property comprising any courthouse, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any

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- public park, courthouse, or residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development commits a Class 2 felony.
 - (6) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (j) of subsection (A) commits a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation is a Class 4 felony.
 - (7) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (k) of subsection (A) commits a Class 4 felony. A third or subsequent conviction for a violation of paragraph (k) of subsection (A) is a Class 1 felony.
 - (8) A person 18 years of age or older convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (a) or (i) of subsection (A), when the firearm that was sold or given to another person under 18 years of age was used in the commission of or attempt to commit a forcible felony, shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, not to exceed the maximum provided for the most serious forcible felony so committed or attempted by the person under 18 years of age who was sold or given the firearm.
 - (9) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (d) of subsection (A) commits a Class 3 felony.
 - (10) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery

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of firearms in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (A) commits a Class 2 felony if the delivery is of one firearm. Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (A) commits a Class 1 felony if the delivery is of not less than 2 and not more than 5 firearms at the same time or within a one year period. Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (A) commits a Class X felony for which he or she shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years if the delivery is of not less than 6 and not more than 10 firearms at the same time or within a 2 year period. Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (A) commits a Class X felony for which he or she shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 40 years if the delivery is of not less than 11 and not more than 20 firearms at the same time or within a 3 year period. Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (A) commits a Class X felony for which he or she shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 50 years if the delivery is of not less than 21 and not more than 30 firearms at the same time or within a 4 year period. Any person convicted

- of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (A) commits a Class X felony for which he or she shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 60 years if the delivery is of 31 or more firearms at the same
- 7 (D) For purposes of this Section:

time or within a 5 year period.

- 8 "School" means a public or private elementary or secondary 9 school, community college, college, or university.
- "School related activity" means any sporting, social, academic, or other activity for which students' attendance or participation is sponsored, organized, or funded in whole or in part by a school or school district.
- (E) A prosecution for a violation of paragraph (k) of subsection (A) of this Section may be commenced within 6 years after the commission of the offense. A prosecution for a violation of this Section other than paragraph (g) of subsection (A) of this Section may be commenced within 5 years after the commission of the offense defined in the particular paragraph.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 96-190, eff. 1-1-10; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-347,
- 22 eff. 1-1-12; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)
- 23 (720 ILCS 5/24-3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-3.1)
- Sec. 24-3.1. Unlawful possession of firearms and firearm
- ammunition.

1	(a) A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of
2	firearms or firearm ammunition when:
3	(1) He is under 18 years of age and has in his
4	possession any firearm of a size which may be concealed
5	upon the person; or
6	(2) He is under 21 years of age, has been convicted of
7	a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged
8	delinquent and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in
9	his possession; or
10	(3) He is a narcotic addict and has any firearms or
11	firearm ammunition in his possession; or
12	(4) He has been a patient in a mental <u>institution</u>
13	hospital within the past 5 years and has any firearms or
14	firearm ammunition in his possession. For purposes of this
15	paragraph (4):
16	"Mental institution" means any hospital,
17	institution, clinic, evaluation facility, mental
18	health center, or part thereof, which is used primarily
19	for the care or treatment of persons with mental
20	<u>illness.</u>
21	"Patient in a mental institution" means the person
22	was admitted, either voluntarily or involuntarily, to
23	a mental institution for mental health treatment,
24	unless the treatment was voluntary and solely for an
25	alcohol abuse disorder and no other secondary

substance abuse disorder or mental illness; or

- 1 (5) He is intellectually disabled and has any firearms
 2 or firearm ammunition in his possession; or
- 3 (6) He has in his possession any explosive bullet.

For purposes of this paragraph "explosive bullet" means the projectile portion of an ammunition cartridge which contains or carries an explosive charge which will explode upon contact with the flesh of a human or an animal. "Cartridge" means a tubular metal case having a projectile affixed at the front thereof and a cap or primer at the rear end thereof, with the propellant contained in such tube between the projectile and the cap.

(b) Sentence.

Unlawful possession of firearms, other than handguns, and firearm ammunition is a Class A misdemeanor. Unlawful possession of handguns is a Class 4 felony. The possession of each firearm or firearm ammunition in violation of this Section constitutes a single and separate violation.

- (c) Nothing in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Section prohibits a person under 18 years of age from participating in any lawful recreational activity with a firearm such as, but not limited to, practice shooting at targets upon established public or private target ranges or hunting, trapping, or fishing in accordance with the Wildlife Code or the Fish and Aquatic Life Code.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 97-227, eff. 1-1-12.)

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect June 1,
- 2 2013.".