101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

HB3513

by Rep. Jaime M. Andrade, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/14-3	
725 ILCS 5/108A-11	from Ch. 38, par. 108A-11
725 ILCS 5/108B-13	from Ch. 38, par. 108B-13

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012 and the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Transfers the reporting requirement by the State's Attorney under the Criminal Code of 2012 concerning the use of consensual eavesdropping devices under certain circumstances to the consensual eavesdropping reporting provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Provides that the report shall be due on February 1 of each year, with State's Attorney submitting this report to the Department of State Police (rather than the General Assembly). Repeals certain reporting requirements required by the State's Attorney of each county to the Department of State Police concerning the use of eavesdropping devices due on or before February 1 of each year (currently, in January of each year). Requires the eavesdropping reports by the Department of State Police to be filed with the General Assembly on or before April 1 of each year and include the consensual eavesdropping report of the State's Attorneys.

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing
Section 14-3 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/14-3)

Sec. 14-3. Exemptions. The following activities shall be
exempt from the provisions of this Article:

9 (a) Listening to radio, wireless electronic 10 communications, and television communications of any sort 11 where the same are publicly made;

12 (b) Hearing conversation when heard by employees of any 13 common carrier by wire incidental to the normal course of their 14 employment in the operation, maintenance or repair of the 15 equipment of such common carrier by wire so long as no 16 information obtained thereby is used or divulged by the hearer;

(c) Any broadcast by radio, television or otherwise whether it be a broadcast or recorded for the purpose of later broadcasts of any function where the public is in attendance and the conversations are overheard incidental to the main purpose for which such broadcasts are then being made;

(d) Recording or listening with the aid of any device toany emergency communication made in the normal course of

operations by any federal, state or local law enforcement agency or institutions dealing in emergency services, including, but not limited to, hospitals, clinics, ambulance services, fire fighting agencies, any public utility, emergency repair facility, civilian defense establishment or military installation;

7 (e) Recording the proceedings of any meeting required to be
8 open by the Open Meetings Act, as amended;

9 (f) Recording or listening with the aid of any device to 10 incoming telephone calls of phone lines publicly listed or 11 advertised as consumer "hotlines" by manufacturers or 12 retailers of food and drug products. Such recordings must be 13 destroyed, erased or turned over to local law enforcement authorities within 24 hours from the time of such recording and 14 15 shall not be otherwise disseminated. Failure on the part of the 16 individual or business operating any such recording or 17 listening device to comply with the requirements of this subsection shall eliminate any civil or criminal immunity 18 conferred upon that individual or business by the operation of 19 20 this Section;

(g) With prior notification to the State's Attorney of the county in which it is to occur, recording or listening with the aid of any device to any conversation where a law enforcement officer, or any person acting at the direction of law enforcement, is a party to the conversation and has consented to it being intercepted or recorded under circumstances where

the use of the device is necessary for the protection of the 1 2 law enforcement officer or any person acting at the direction 3 of law enforcement, in the course of an investigation of a forcible felony, a felony offense of involuntary servitude, 4 5 involuntary sexual servitude of a minor, or trafficking in persons under Section 10-9 of this Code, an offense involving 6 prostitution, solicitation of a sexual act, or pandering, a 7 8 felony violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, a 9 felony violation of the Cannabis Control Act, a felony 10 violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community 11 Protection Act, any "streetgang related" or "gang-related" 12 felony as those terms are defined in the Illinois Streetgang 13 Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act, or any felony offense 14 involving any weapon listed in paragraphs (1) through (11) of 15 subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of this Code. Any recording or 16 evidence derived as the result of this exemption shall be 17 in proceeding, criminal, civil inadmissible any or administrative, except (i) where a party to the conversation 18 19 suffers great bodily injury or is killed during such conversation, or (ii) when used as direct impeachment of a 20 witness concerning matters contained in the interception or 21 22 recording. The Director of the Department of State Police shall 23 issue regulations as are necessary concerning the use of devices, retention of tape recordings, and reports regarding 24 25 their use;

26 (q-5) (Blank);

(g-6) With approval of the State's Attorney of the county 1 2 in which it is to occur, recording or listening with the aid of 3 any device to any conversation where a law enforcement officer, or any person acting at the direction of law enforcement, is a 4 5 party to the conversation and has consented to it being intercepted or recorded in the course of an investigation of 6 7 child pornography, aggravated child pornography, indecent 8 solicitation of a child, luring of a minor, sexual exploitation 9 of a child, aggravated criminal sexual abuse in which the 10 victim of the offense was at the time of the commission of the offense under 18 years of age, or criminal sexual abuse by 11 12 force or threat of force in which the victim of the offense was at the time of the commission of the offense under 18 years of 13 14 age. In all such cases, an application for an order approving 15 the previous or continuing use of an eavesdropping device must 16 be made within 48 hours of the commencement of such use. In the 17 absence of such an order, or upon its denial, any continuing use shall immediately terminate. The Director of State Police 18 19 shall issue rules as are necessary concerning the use of 20 devices, retention of recordings, and reports regarding their use. Any recording or evidence obtained or derived in the 21 22 course of an investigation of child pornography, aggravated 23 child pornography, indecent solicitation of a child, luring of a minor, sexual exploitation of a child, aggravated criminal 24 25 sexual abuse in which the victim of the offense was at the time of the commission of the offense under 18 years of age, or 26

criminal sexual abuse by force or threat of force in which the 1 2 victim of the offense was at the time of the commission of the 3 offense under 18 years of age shall, upon motion of the State's Attorney or Attorney General prosecuting any case involving 4 5 child pornography, aggravated child pornography, indecent solicitation of a child, luring of a minor, sexual exploitation 6 of a child, aggravated criminal sexual abuse in which the 7 victim of the offense was at the time of the commission of the 8 9 offense under 18 years of age, or criminal sexual abuse by 10 force or threat of force in which the victim of the offense was 11 at the time of the commission of the offense under 18 years of 12 age be reviewed in camera with notice to all parties present by the court presiding over the criminal case, and, if ruled by 13 the court to be relevant and otherwise admissible, it shall be 14 admissible at the trial of the criminal case. Absent such a 15 16 ruling, any such recording or evidence shall not be admissible 17 at the trial of the criminal case;

(h) Recordings made simultaneously with the use of an 18 in-car video camera recording of an oral conversation between a 19 20 uniformed peace officer, who has identified his or her office, 21 and a person in the presence of the peace officer whenever (i) 22 an officer assigned a patrol vehicle is conducting an 23 enforcement stop; or (ii) patrol vehicle emergency lights are activated or would otherwise be activated if not for the need 24 to conceal the presence of law enforcement. 25

26 For the purposes of this subsection (h), "enforcement stop"

1 means an action by a law enforcement officer in relation to 2 enforcement and investigation duties, including but not 3 limited to, traffic stops, pedestrian stops, abandoned vehicle 4 contacts, motorist assists, commercial motor vehicle stops, 5 roadside safety checks, requests for identification, or 6 responses to requests for emergency assistance;

7 (h-5) Recordings of utterances made by a person while in 8 the presence of a uniformed peace officer and while an occupant 9 of a police vehicle including, but not limited to, (i) 10 recordings made simultaneously with the use of an in-car video 11 camera and (ii) recordings made in the presence of the peace 12 officer utilizing video or audio systems, or both, authorized 13 by the law enforcement agency;

14 (h-10) Recordings made simultaneously with a video camera 15 recording during the use of a taser or similar weapon or device 16 by a peace officer if the weapon or device is equipped with 17 such camera;

(h-15) Recordings made under subsection (h), (h-5), or 18 (h-10) shall be retained by the law enforcement agency that 19 20 employs the peace officer who made the recordings for a storage 21 period of 90 days, unless the recordings are made as a part of 22 an arrest or the recordings are deemed evidence in any 23 criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding and then the recordings must only be destroyed upon a final disposition and 24 25 an order from the court. Under no circumstances shall any 26 recording be altered or erased prior to the expiration of the

1 designated storage period. Upon completion of the storage 2 period, the recording medium may be erased and reissued for 3 operational use;

(i) Recording of a conversation made by or at the request 4 5 of a person, not a law enforcement officer or agent of a law enforcement officer, who is a party to the conversation, under 6 reasonable suspicion that another party to the conversation is 7 8 committing, is about to commit, or has committed a criminal 9 offense against the person or a member of his or her immediate 10 household, and there is reason to believe that evidence of the 11 criminal offense may be obtained by the recording;

12 (j) The use of a telephone monitoring device by either (1) 13 a corporation or other business entity engaged in marketing or opinion research or (2) a corporation or other business entity 14 15 engaged in telephone solicitation, as defined in this 16 subsection, to record or listen to oral telephone solicitation 17 conversations or marketing or opinion research conversations by an employee of the corporation or other business entity 18 19 when:

(i) the monitoring is used for the purpose of service quality control of marketing or opinion research or telephone solicitation, the education or training of employees or contractors engaged in marketing or opinion research or telephone solicitation, or internal research related to marketing or opinion research or telephone solicitation; and

1 (ii) the monitoring is used with the consent of at 2 least one person who is an active party to the marketing or 3 opinion research conversation or telephone solicitation 4 conversation being monitored.

5 No communication or conversation or any part, portion, or aspect of the communication or conversation made, acquired, or 6 7 obtained, directly or indirectly, under this exemption (j), may 8 be, directly or indirectly, furnished to any law enforcement 9 officer, agency, or official for any purpose or used in any 10 inquiry or investigation, or used, directly or indirectly, in 11 any administrative, judicial, or other proceeding, or divulged 12 to any third party.

13 When recording or listening authorized by this subsection (j) on telephone lines used for marketing or opinion research 14 15 or telephone solicitation purposes results in recording or 16 listening to a conversation that does not relate to marketing 17 or opinion research or telephone solicitation; the person recording or listening shall, immediately upon determining 18 that the conversation does not relate to marketing or opinion 19 20 research or telephone solicitation, terminate the recording or listening and destroy any such recording as soon as is 21 22 practicable.

Business entities that use a telephone monitoring or telephone recording system pursuant to this exemption (j) shall provide current and prospective employees with notice that the monitoring or recordings may occur during the course of their 1 employment. The notice shall include prominent signage 2 notification within the workplace.

Business entities that use a telephone monitoring or telephone recording system pursuant to this exemption (j) shall provide their employees or agents with access to personal-only telephone lines which may be pay telephones, that are not subject to telephone monitoring or telephone recording.

8 For the purposes of this subsection (j), "telephone 9 solicitation" means a communication through the use of a 10 telephone by live operators:

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(i) soliciting the sale of goods or services;

12 (ii) receiving orders for the sale of goods or 13 services;

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(iii) assisting in the use of goods or services; or

(iv) engaging in the solicitation, administration, orcollection of bank or retail credit accounts.

17 For the purposes of this subsection (j), "marketing or opinion research" means a marketing or opinion research 18 19 interview conducted by a live telephone interviewer engaged by 20 a corporation or other business entity whose principal business is the design, conduct, and analysis of polls and surveys 21 22 measuring the opinions, attitudes, and responses of 23 respondents toward products and services, or social or 24 political issues, or both;

(k) Electronic recordings, including but not limited to, a
 motion picture, videotape, digital, or other visual or audio

recording, made of a custodial interrogation of an individual at a police station or other place of detention by a law enforcement officer under Section 5-401.5 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or Section 103-2.1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963;

6 (1) Recording the interview or statement of any person when 7 the person knows that the interview is being conducted by a law 8 enforcement officer or prosecutor and the interview takes place 9 at a police station that is currently participating in the 10 Custodial Interview Pilot Program established under the 11 Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act;

12 (m) An electronic recording, including but not limited to, 13 a motion picture, videotape, digital, or other visual or audio recording, made of the interior of a school bus while the 14 15 school bus is being used in the transportation of students to 16 and from school and school-sponsored activities, when the 17 school board has adopted a policy authorizing such recording, notice of such recording policy is included in student 18 handbooks and other documents including the policies of the 19 20 school, notice of the policy regarding recording is provided to parents of students, and notice of such recording is clearly 21 22 posted on the door of and inside the school bus.

Recordings made pursuant to this subsection (m) shall be confidential records and may only be used by school officials (or their designees) and law enforcement personnel for investigations, school disciplinary actions and hearings, proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, and criminal prosecutions, related to incidents occurring in or around the school bus;

4 (n) Recording or listening to an audio transmission from a
5 microphone placed by a person under the authority of a law
6 enforcement agency inside a bait car surveillance vehicle while
7 simultaneously capturing a photographic or video image;

8 (o) The use of an eavesdropping camera or audio device 9 during an ongoing hostage or barricade situation by a law 10 enforcement officer or individual acting on behalf of a law 11 enforcement officer when the use of such device is necessary to 12 protect the safety of the general public, hostages, or law 13 enforcement officers or anyone acting on their behalf;

14 (p) Recording or listening with the aid of any device to 15 incoming telephone calls of phone lines publicly listed or 16 advertised as the "CPS Violence Prevention Hotline", but only 17 where the notice of recording is given at the beginning of each call as required by Section 34-21.8 of the School Code. The 18 recordings may be retained only by the Chicago Police 19 20 Department or other law enforcement authorities, and shall not be otherwise retained or disseminated; 21

(q) (1) With prior request to and written or verbal approval of the State's Attorney of the county in which the conversation is anticipated to occur, recording or listening with the aid of an eavesdropping device to a conversation in which a law enforcement officer, or any person acting at the direction of a

law enforcement officer, is a party to the conversation and has 1 2 consented to the conversation being intercepted or recorded in the course of an investigation of a qualified offense. The 3 State's Attorney may grant this approval only after determining 4 5 that reasonable cause exists to believe that inculpatory conversations concerning a qualified offense will occur with a 6 specified individual or individuals within a designated period 7 8 of time.

9 (2) Request for approval. To invoke the exception contained 10 in this subsection (q), a law enforcement officer shall make a 11 request for approval to the appropriate State's Attorney. The 12 request may be written or verbal; however, a written 13 memorialization of the request must be made by the State's 14 Attorney. This request for approval shall include whatever 15 information is deemed necessary by the State's Attorney but 16 shall include, at a minimum, the following information about 17 each specified individual whom the law enforcement officer believes will commit a qualified offense: 18

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(A) his or her full or partial name, nickname or alias; 20 (B) a physical description; or

21 (C) failing either (A) or (B) of this paragraph (2), 22 any other supporting information known to the law 23 enforcement officer at the time of the request that gives rise to reasonable cause to believe that the specified 24 25 individual will participate in an inculpatory conversation 26 concerning a qualified offense.

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(3) Limitations on approval. Each written approval by the State's Attorney under this subsection (q) shall be limited to:

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a recording or interception conducted by a (A) specified law enforcement officer or person acting at the 4 5 direction of a law enforcement officer;

(B) recording or intercepting conversations with the 6 7 individuals specified in the request for approval, 8 provided that the verbal approval shall be deemed to 9 include the recording or intercepting of conversations 10 with other individuals, unknown to the law enforcement 11 officer at the time of the request for approval, who are 12 acting in conjunction with or as co-conspirators with the 13 individuals specified in the request for approval in the commission of a qualified offense; 14

15 (C) a reasonable period of time but in no event longer 16 than 24 consecutive hours;

17 (D) the written request for approval, if applicable, or the written memorialization must be filed, along with the 18 19 written approval, with the circuit clerk of the 20 jurisdiction on the next business day following the 21 expiration of the authorized period of time, and shall be 22 subject to review by the Chief Judge or his or her designee 23 as deemed appropriate by the court.

(3.5) The written memorialization of the request for 24 25 approval and the written approval by the State's Attorney may 26 be in any format, including via facsimile, email, or otherwise,

so long as it is capable of being filed with the circuit clerk. 1

2 (3.10) (Blank). Beginning March 1, 2015, each State's Attorney shall annually submit a report to the General Assembly 3 disclosing: 4

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(A) the number of requests for each qualified offense for approval under this subsection; and

7 (B) the number of approvals for each qualified 8 given by the State's Attorney.

9 (4) Admissibility of evidence. No part of the contents of 10 any wire, electronic, or oral communication that has been 11 recorded or intercepted as a result of this exception may be 12 received in evidence in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, officer, 13 agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other 14 authority of this State, or a political subdivision of the 15 16 State, other than in a prosecution of:

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(A) the qualified offense for which approval was given to record or intercept a conversation under this subsection 18 19 (q);

20 (B) a forcible felony committed directly in the course of the investigation of the qualified offense for which 21 22 approval was given to record or intercept a conversation 23 under this subsection (q); or

(C) any other forcible felony committed while the 24 25 recording or interception was approved in accordance with 26 this subsection (q), but for this specific category of

1 prosecutions, only if the law enforcement officer or person 2 acting at the direction of a law enforcement officer who 3 has consented to the conversation being intercepted or 4 recorded suffers great bodily injury or is killed during 5 the commission of the charged forcible felony.

(5) Compliance with the provisions of this subsection is a 6 prerequisite to the admissibility in evidence of any part of 7 8 the contents of any wire, electronic or oral communication that 9 has been intercepted as a result of this exception, but nothing 10 in this subsection shall be deemed to prevent a court from 11 otherwise excluding the evidence on any other ground recognized 12 by State or federal law, nor shall anything in this subsection be deemed to prevent a court from independently reviewing the 13 admissibility of the evidence for compliance with the Fourth 14 15 Amendment to the U.S. Constitution or with Article I, Section 6 16 of the Illinois Constitution.

17 (6) Use of recordings or intercepts unrelated to qualified Whenever any private conversation or private 18 offenses. 19 electronic communication has been recorded or intercepted as a 20 result of this exception that is not related to an offense for 21 which the recording or intercept is admissible under paragraph 22 (4) of this subsection (q), no part of the contents of the 23 communication and evidence derived from the communication may be received in evidence in any trial, hearing, or other 24 25 proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, 26 officer, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or

other authority of this State, or a political subdivision of
 the State, nor may it be publicly disclosed in any way.

3 (6.5) The Department of State Police shall adopt rules as 4 are necessary concerning the use of devices, retention of 5 recordings, and reports regarding their use under this 6 subsection (q).

7 (7) Definitions. For the purposes of this subsection (q)8 only:

9 "Forcible felony" includes and is limited to those 10 offenses contained in Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 11 1961 as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 12 97th General Assembly, and only as those offenses have been 13 defined by law or judicial interpretation as of that date.

"Qualified offense" means and is limited to:

(A) a felony violation of the Cannabis Control Act,
the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the
Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,
except for violations of:

19 (i) Section 4 of the Cannabis Control Act;

20 (ii) Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled
21 Substances Act; and

(iii) Section 60 of the Methamphetamine
 Control and Community Protection Act; and

(B) first degree murder, solicitation of murder
for hire, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child,
criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual

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assault, aggravated arson, kidnapping, aggravated kidnapping, child abduction, trafficking in persons, involuntary servitude, involuntary sexual servitude of a minor, or gunrunning.

5 "State's Attorney" includes and is limited to the 6 State's Attorney or an assistant State's Attorney 7 designated by the State's Attorney to provide verbal 8 approval to record or intercept conversations under this 9 subsection (q).

10 (8) Sunset. This subsection (q) is inoperative on and after 11 January 1, 2020. No conversations intercepted pursuant to this 12 subsection (q), while operative, shall be inadmissible in a 13 court of law by virtue of the inoperability of this subsection 14 (q) on January 1, 2020.

15 (9) Recordings, records, and custody. Any private 16 conversation or private electronic communication intercepted 17 by a law enforcement officer or a person acting at the direction of law enforcement shall, if practicable, be recorded 18 19 in such a way as will protect the recording from editing or 20 other alteration. Any and all original recordings made under this subsection (q) shall be inventoried without unnecessary 21 22 delay pursuant to the law enforcement agency's policies for 23 inventorying evidence. The original recordings shall not be destroyed except upon an order of a court of competent 24 25 jurisdiction; and

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(r) Electronic recordings, including but not limited to,

HB3513 - 18 - LRB101 09950 SLF 55052 b motion picture, videotape, digital, or other visual or audio 1 2 recording, made of a lineup under Section 107A-2 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. 3 (Source: P.A. 100-572, eff. 12-29-17.) 4 5 Section 10. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is 6 amended by changing Sections 108A-11 and 108B-13 as follows: 7 (725 ILCS 5/108A-11) (from Ch. 38, par. 108A-11) 8 Sec. 108A-11. Reports concerning use of eavesdropping 9 devices. 10 (a) On or before February 1 In January of each year, the 11 State's Attorney of each county in which eavesdropping devices were used pursuant to the provisions of this Article shall 12 13 report to the Department of State Police the following with 14 respect to each application for an order authorizing the use of 15 an eavesdropping device, or an extension thereof, made during the preceding calendar year: 16 17 (1) (blank) the fact that such an order, extension, or 18 subsequent approval of an emergency was applied for; 19 (2) the kind of order and number of extensions or 20 extension applied for; 21 (3) (blank) a statement as to whether the 22 extension was granted as applied for was modified, or was 23 denied; 24 (4) (blank) the period authorized by the

extensions in which an eavesdropping device could be used;

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(5) the felony specified in the order extension or

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denied application;

(6) the identity of the applying investigative or law enforcement officer and agency making the application and the State's Attorney authorizing the application; and

7 (7) the nature of the facilities from which or the
8 place where the eavesdropping device was to be used.
9 (b) Such report shall also include the following:

10 (1) a general description of the uses of eavesdropping 11 devices actually made under such order to overheard or 12 record conversations, including: (a) the approximate number nature and frequency of incriminating conversations 13 14 overheard, and (b) the approximate total number nature and frequency of other conversations overheard, (c) the 15 16 approximate number of persons whose conversations were 17 overheard, and (d) the approximate nature, amount, and cost 18 of the manpower and other resources used pursuant to the 19 authorization to use an eavesdropping device;

(2) the number of arrests resulting from authorized
 uses of eavesdropping devices and the offenses for which
 arrests were made;

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(3) <u>(blank)</u> the number of trials resulting from such uses of eavesdropping devices;

(4) (blank) the number of motions to suppress made with
 respect to such uses, and the number granted or denied; and

1 (5) the number of convictions resulting from such uses 2 and the offenses for which the convictions were obtained 3 and a general assessment of the importance of the 4 convictions.

5 (c) On or before April 1 In April of each year, the Department of State Police shall transmit to the General 6 Assembly a report including information on the number of 7 8 applications for orders authorizing the use of eavesdropping 9 devices, the number of orders and extensions granted or denied 10 during the preceding calendar year, and the convictions arising 11 out of such uses. The report shall also include the information 12 reported under subsection (d).

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act, and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

19 <u>(d) On or before February 1 of each year, each State's</u>
20 Attorney shall submit a report to the Department of State
21 Police disclosing:

(1) the number of requests for each qualified offense for approval under subsection (q) of Section 14-3 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and (2) the number of approvals for each qualified offense

26 under subsection (q) of Section 14-3 of the Criminal Code of

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- 1 <u>2012 given by the State's Attorney.</u>
- 2 (Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

3 (725 ILCS 5/108B-13) (from Ch. 38, par. 108B-13)

Sec. 108B-13. Reports concerning use of eavesdropping
devices.

6 (a) Within 30 days after the expiration of an order and 7 each extension thereof authorizing an interception, or within 8 30 days after the denial of an application or disapproval of an 9 application subsequent to any alleged emergency situation, the 10 State's Attorney shall report to the Department of State Police 11 the following:

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 (1) (blank) the fact that such an order, extension, or subsequent approval of an emergency was applied for;

14 (2) the kind of order <u>and number of extensions</u> or
 15 extension applied for;

16 (3) (blank) a statement as to whether the order or 17 extension was granted as applied for was modified, or was 18 denied;

19(4) (blank)the period authorized by the order or20extensions in which an eavesdropping device could be used;

(5) the offense enumerated in Section 108B-3 which is specified in the order or extension or in the denied application;

24 (6) the identity of the applying electronic criminal
 25 surveillance officer and agency making the application and

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the State's Attorney authorizing the application; and

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(7) the nature of the facilities from which or the place where the eavesdropping device was to be used.

4 (b) <u>On or before February 1</u> In January of each year, the 5 State's Attorney of each county in which an interception 6 occurred pursuant to the provisions of this Article shall 7 report to the Department of State Police the following:

8 (1) a general description of the uses of eavesdropping 9 devices actually made under such order to overhear or 10 record conversations, including: (a) the approximate 11 number nature and frequency of incriminating conversations 12 overheard, and (b) the approximate total number nature and frequency of other conversations overheard, (c) 13 the 14 approximate number of persons whose conversations were 15 overheard, and (d) the approximate nature, amount, and cost 16 of the manpower and other resources used pursuant to the 17 authorization to use an eavesdropping device;

18 (2) the number of arrests resulting from authorized
19 uses of eavesdropping devices and the offenses for which
20 arrests were made;

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(3) <u>(blank)</u> the number of trials resulting from such uses of eavesdropping devices;

(4) (blank) the number of motions to suppress made with
respect to such uses, and the number granted or denied; and
(5) the number of convictions resulting from such uses
and the offenses for which the convictions were obtained

1 and a general assessment of the importance of the 2 convictions.

On or before <u>April</u> <u>March</u> 1 of each year, the Director of the Department of State Police shall submit to the Governor a report of all intercepts as defined herein conducted pursuant to this Article and terminated during the preceding calendar year. Such report shall include:

8 (1) the reports of State's Attorneys forwarded to the
9 Director as required in this Section;

10 (2) the number of Department personnel authorized to 11 possess, install, or operate electronic, mechanical, or 12 other devices;

13 (3) the number of Department and other law enforcement 14 personnel who participated or engaged in the seizure of 15 intercepts pursuant to this Article during the preceding 16 calendar year;

17 (4) the number of electronic criminal surveillance18 officers trained by the Department;

19 (5) the total cost to the Department of all activities 20 and procedures relating to the seizure of intercepts during 21 the preceding calendar year, including costs of equipment, 22 manpower, and expenses incurred as compensation for use of 23 facilities or technical assistance provided to or by the 24 Department; and

(6) a summary of the use of eavesdropping devices
 pursuant to orders of interception including (a) the

1 frequency of use in each county, (b) the frequency of use 2 for each crime enumerated in Section 108B-3 of the Code of 3 Criminal Procedure of 1963, as amended, (c) the type and 4 frequency of eavesdropping device use, and (d) the 5 frequency of use by each police department or law 6 enforcement agency of this State.

(d) On or before April 1 In April of each year, the 7 Director of the Department of State Police and the Governor 8 9 shall each transmit to the General Assembly reports including 10 information on the number of applications for orders 11 authorizing the use of eavesdropping devices, the number of 12 orders and extensions granted or denied during the preceding 13 calendar year, the convictions arising out of such uses, and a summary of the information required by subsections (a) and (b) 14 15 of this Section.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act, and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

22 (Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)