

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

HB3075

by Rep. Charles Meier

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/201	from Ch.	120,	par.	2-201
35 ILCS 5/901	from Ch.	120,	par.	9-901

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Provides that, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and beginning prior to January 1, 2025, the rates of tax shall be (i) 3.75% for individuals, trusts, and estates and (ii) 5.25% for corporations. Provides that, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, the rates of tax shall be (i) 3.25% for individuals, trusts, and estates and (ii) 4.8% for corporations. Effective immediately.

LRB101 10066 HLH 56335 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Sections 201 and 901 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201)

7 Sec. 201. Tax imposed.

8 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby 9 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and estate for 10 each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the privilege 11 of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this 12 State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other occupation or 13 privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal 14 corporation or political subdivision thereof.

(b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by subsection (d-1):

(1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal
to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
year.

(2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
 taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending

1after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 221/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to3July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii)43% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June530, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

6 (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for 7 taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending 8 prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the 9 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and
ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum
of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

17 (5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for 18 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and 19 ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 5% of 20 the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(5.1) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period

after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

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(5.2) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to July 1, 2017, an amount equal to 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

6 (5.3) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, 7 for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 2017, and 8 ending after June 30, 2017, an amount equal to the sum of 9 (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior 10 to July 1, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5, and 11 (ii) 4.95% of the taxpayer's net income for the period 12 after June 30, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(5.4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2017 <u>and</u>
<u>ending prior to January 1, 2019</u>, an amount equal to 4.95%
of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(5.5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, 17 18 for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2019 and 19 ending after December 31, 2018, an amount equal to the sum 20 of (i) 4.95% of the taxpayer's net income for the period 21 prior to January 1, 2019, as calculated under Section 22 202.5, and (ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the 23 period after December 31, 2018, as calculated under Section 24 202.5.

25(5.6) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,26for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and

1	ending prior to January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 3.75%
2	of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
3	(5.7) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
4	for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2025 and
5	ending after December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum
6	of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
7	prior to January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section
8	202.5, and (ii) 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the
9	period after December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section
10	<u>202.5.</u>
11	(5.8) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
12	for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an
13	amount equal to 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the
14	taxable year.
15	(6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
16	ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the
17	taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
18	(7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
19	beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30,
20	1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the
21	taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989,
22	as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the
23	taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989,
24	as calculated under Section 202.3.
25	(8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
26	beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January

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1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(9) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after
December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

10 (10) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 11 beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to 12 January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's 13 net income for the taxable year.

(11) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after
December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of
the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January
1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December
31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(12) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to July 1, 2017, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(13) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
 beginning prior to July 1, 2017, and ending after June 30,

2017, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(14) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2017 <u>and ending prior to</u> <u>January 1, 2019</u>, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

10 <u>(15) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years</u> 11 <u>beginning prior to January 1, 2019, and ending after</u> 12 <u>December 31, 2018, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of</u> 13 <u>the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January</u> 14 <u>1, 2019, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25%</u> 15 <u>of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December</u> 16 31, 2018, as calculated under Section 202.5.

17 (16) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 18 beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and ending prior to 19 January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's 20 net income for the taxable year.

21 <u>(17) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years</u> 22 <u>beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after</u> 23 <u>December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25%</u> 24 <u>of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to</u> 25 <u>January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, and</u> 26 <u>(ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after</u>

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- 7 - LRB101 10066 HLH 56335 b

December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 202.5.
(18) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an amount equal to
4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
5 The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the
6 provisions of Section 201.5.

7 Personal Property Tax Replacement (C) Income Tax. 8 Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such 9 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property 10 Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every 11 corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership 12 and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979. 13 Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property 14 15 Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income 16 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in 17 addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal corporation or political 18 subdivision thereof. 19

(d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 1 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this 2 subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a 3 partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an 4 additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income 5 for the taxable year.

(d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the 6 7 case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile 8 9 imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax 10 (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed 11 are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined 12 under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except 13 for purposes of this determination premiums that from 14 reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate 15 reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax 16 17 imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed 18 under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act, 19 20 shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for 21 22 the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of 23 domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes 24 and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits 25 allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such 26

income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes a mutual insurer under common management.

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(1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections(b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

7 (A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign
8 insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all
9 credits allowed under this Act, plus

10 (B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the 11 Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company 12 tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation 13 Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under 14 Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,

equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31, 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b) and (d).

(2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this
subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed
by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by
subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this
Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i)

has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by
 subsection (d).

3 This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of 4 Section 250.

5 (e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit 6 against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for 7 investment in qualified property.

8 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5%9 of the basis of qualified property placed in service during 10 the taxable year, provided such property is placed in 11 service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an 12 additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified 13 property placed in service during the taxable year, 14 provided such property is placed in service on or after 15 July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within 16 Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding 17 year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. 18 19 Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have 20 met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in 21 which they file employment records with the Illinois 22 Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to 23 this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public 24 Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing 25 law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the 26 increase in base employment within Illinois over the

preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall 1 2 be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the 3 numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall 4 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 5 6 taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may 7 any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year 8 other than the year in which the property was placed in 9 service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after 10 December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the 11 credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the 12 property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the 13 credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it 14 exceeds the original liability or the liability as later 15 amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to 16 the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the 17 excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time 18 19 equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an 20 enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois 21 Enterprise Zone Act and (iii) is certified by the 22 and Community Affairs Department of Commerce (now 23 and Economic Opportunity) Department of Commerce as 24 complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and 25 26 Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic

Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all 1 2 such certifications immediately. For tax years ending 3 after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, 4 5 or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability 6 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried 7 8 forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable 9 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall 10 be applied to the earliest year for which there is a 11 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 12 that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit shall be applied first. 13

14 (2) The term "qualified property" means property 15 which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
buildings and structural components of buildings and
signs that are real property, but not including land or
improvements to real property that are not a structural
component of a building such as landscaping, sewer
lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and
other appurtenances;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
eligible for the credit provided by this subsection

(e);

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2 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
3 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is 4 5 primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service 6 7 on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment 8 established pursuant to the River Zone Edge 9 Redevelopment Zone Act; and

10 (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in 11 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for 12 the credit provided by this subsection (e) or 13 subsection (f).

14 (3) For purposes of this subsection (e), 15 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production 16 of tangible personal property by procedures commonly 17 regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or assembling which changes some existing material into new 18 19 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of 20 this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the 21 22 Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e), 23 the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal 24 property for use or consumption and not for resale, or 25 services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible 26 personal property for use or consumption and not for

resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible personal property" has the same meaning as when that term is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not include the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity.

7 (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
8 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
9 income tax purposes.

10 (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax 11 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed 12 in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such 13 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the 14 date of such increase in basis.

15 (6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
 16 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to 17 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 18 19 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of 20 any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 21 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property 22 Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be 23 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) 24 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 25 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was 26 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such

computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

7 (8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law,
8 the basis of qualified property shall not include costs
9 incurred after December 31, 2018, except for costs incurred
10 pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before
11 December 31, 2018.

12 (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000, a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the 13 14 credits to which the partnership is entitled under this 15 subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the 16 credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only 17 against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. If the partnership makes that election, those 18 19 credits shall be allocated among the partners in the 20 partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules 21 22 promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of 23 the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that 24 taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on 25 its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for 26 that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits

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shall be irrevocable.

2 For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, 3 a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) 4 5 of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of 6 7 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be 8 allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its 9 share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S 10 11 corporation, determined in accordance with the 12 determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal 13 14 Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 15 of Section 250.

16 (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge 17 Redevelopment Zone.

(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the 18 19 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 20 investment in qualified property which is placed in service 21 in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois 22 Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on 23 or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone 24 established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone 25 partners, shareholders of Subchapter Act. For S 26 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies,

if the liability company is treated as a partnership for 1 2 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) 3 to be determined in accordance with the determination of income 4 5 and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 6 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit 7 shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit 8 shall be available only in the taxable year in which the 9 property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or 10 River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to 11 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for 12 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section 13 to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 14 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount 15 16 of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability 17 as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and 18 19 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be 20 21 applied to the earliest year for which there is a 22 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 23 that is available to offset a liability, the credit 24 accruing first in time shall be applied first.

25 26 (2) The term qualified property means property which:(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including

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buildings and structural components of buildings;

2 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the 3 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" 4 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not 5 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection 6 (f);

7 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
8 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge 10 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and

11 (E) has not been previously used in Illinois in 12 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for 13 the credit provided by this subsection (f) or 14 subsection (e).

(3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax 18 19 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed 20 in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge 21 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such 22 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the 23 date of such increase in basis.

(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.
(6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to

be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 1 2 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of 3 any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after 4 being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections 5 (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be 6 7 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) 8 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 9 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was 10 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such 11 computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 12 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 13 purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of 14 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the 15 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction. 16

17 (7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in 18 19 service during the taxable year in а River Edge 20 Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base 21 22 employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over 23 preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's the 24 employment records filed with the Illinois Department of 25 Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois 26 shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base

employment for the first year in which they file employment records with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.

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(h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

10 (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be 12 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 13 of this Section for investment in qualified and (b) 14 property which is placed in service by a Department of 15 Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact 16 Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such 17 property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the minimum investments in qualified property set forth in 18 subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 19 20 Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the 21 Illinois 22 Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact 23 Businesses under subdivisions (a) (3) (B), (a) (3) (C), and 24 (a) (3) (D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone 25 Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would 26 reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by

subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The 1 2 credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the 3 taxable year in which such investments have been completed. The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum 4 5 investment by a designated high impact business authorized under subdivision (a) (3) (A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 6 7 Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property is placed in service and shall 8 9 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 10 taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) 11 and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending 12 on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed 13 for the tax year in which the property is placed in 14 service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax 15 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original 16 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 17 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The 18 19 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which 20 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one 21 tax year that is available to offset a liability, the 22 credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public Act 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and reflect existing law.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

- 22 - LRB101 10066 HLH 56335 b

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
 buildings and structural components of buildings;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
(h);

8 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section 9 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

10(D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone11Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this12Section.

13 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
14 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
15 income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of
such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on
the date of such increase in basis.

(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the samemeaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) If during any taxable year ending on or before
 December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified
 property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months

after being placed in service, or the situs of 1 anv 2 qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 3 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable 4 5 year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have 6 7 been allowed for the year in which credit for such property 8 was originally allowed by eliminating such property from 9 such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed 10 credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For 11 the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the 12 basis of qualified property resulting from а redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a 13 14 disposition of qualified property to the extent of such 15 reduction.

16 (7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 17 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and 18 19 the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of 20 the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under 21 22 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased 23 for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its 24 facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit 25 received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

26 (i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income

Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit 1 2 shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 3 (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by 4 5 multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income 6 7 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois 8 base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax 9 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

10 Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this 11 subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed 12 because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) 13 and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original 14 liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried 15 forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections 16 (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit 17 year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be 18 19 applied first to the earliest year for which there is a 20 liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the 21 22 earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied 23 first.

If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this

1 subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax 2 shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by 3 recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax 4 imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the 5 reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different 6 taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable 7 year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.

8 Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years (j) 9 ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31, 10 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 11 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all 12 amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by 13 the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational 14 15 training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled 16 or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the 17 computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such 18 training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S 19 20 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of 21 22 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a 23 credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of 24 25 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the 26 Internal Revenue Code.

Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in 1 2 the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of 3 the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied 4 5 first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax 6 year that is available to offset a liability the earliest 7 8 credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No 9 carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or 10 after December 31, 2003.

11 (k) Research and development credit. For tax years ending 12 after July 1, 1990 and prior to December 31, 2003, and beginning again for tax years ending on or after December 31, 13 2004, and ending prior to January 1, 2022, a taxpayer shall be 14 15 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 16 (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in this 17 credit allowed against the tax imposed by State. The subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the 18 19 qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in 20 this State. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S 21 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the 22 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of 23 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance 24 25 with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the 26

1 Internal Revenue Code.

2 For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures" means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal 3 credit for increasing research activities which would be 4 allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and 5 which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for 6 7 increasing research activities in this State" means the excess 8 of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which 9 incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period, 10 "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average 11 of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base 12 period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately 13 preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being 14 made.

15 Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable 16 year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the 17 unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5 18 19 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs 20 first; provided that no credit earned in a tax year ending prior to December 31, 2003 may be carried forward to any year 21 22 ending on or after December 31, 2003.

If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from 24 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest 25 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the 26 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still

remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be 1 2 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax 3 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next 4 5 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more 6 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the 7 8 credit is given was incurred.

9 No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the
10 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable
11 years beginning before January 1, 1999.

12 It is the intent of the General Assembly that the research and development credit under this subsection (k) shall apply 13 14 continuously for all tax years ending on or after December 31, 2004 and ending prior to January 1, 2022, including, but not 15 16 limited to, the period beginning on January 1, 2016 and ending 17 on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly. All actions taken in reliance on 18 the continuation of the credit under this subsection (k) by any 19 20 taxpayer are hereby validated.

21

(1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

(i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on
or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a
credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b)
of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed
eligible remediation costs, as specified in this

subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed 1 2 eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the 3 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were 4 5 paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for 6 which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the 7 recorded under Section 58.10 of Agency and the 8 Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed 9 for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the 10 eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not 11 available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related 12 party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a 13 release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site 14 that was identified and addressed by the remedial action 15 pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the 16 Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control 17 rules adopted pursuant to the Board are Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and 18 58.9 19 enforcement of Section of the Environmental 20 Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with 21 22 those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" 23 includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has 24 succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code 25 and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a 26 deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f) (1) of

Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being 1 2 a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The 3 credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible 4 5 remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except 6 that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site 7 contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the 8 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now 9 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The 10 total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with 11 a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and 12 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in 13 14 accordance with the determination of income and 15 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and 16 subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

17 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 18 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year 19 20 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The 21 term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of 22 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the 23 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). 24 This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 25 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 26 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to

offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 1 2 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under 3 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 4 5 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 6 7 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the 8 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 9 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to 10 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 11 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the 12 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any 13 14 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 15 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

16 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
17 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
18 Environmental Protection Act.

19 (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian 20 21 of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit 22 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this 23 Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of 24 the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of 25 qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total 26 credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the

custodian of qualifying pupils exceed (i) \$500 for tax years 1 2 ending prior to December 31, 2017, and (ii) \$750 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2017. In no event shall a 3 credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability 4 5 under this Act to less than zero. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for taxable years beginning on or after 6 7 January 1, 2017, no taxpayer may claim a credit under this 8 subsection (m) if the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the 9 taxable year exceeds (i) \$500,000, in the case of spouses 10 filing a joint federal tax return or (ii) \$250,000, in the case 11 of all other taxpayers. This subsection is exempt from the 12 provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

13

For purposes of this subsection:

14 "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of 15 16 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is 17 sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through 18 twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in 19 20 this subsection.

"Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition, book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is enrolled during the regular school year.

25 "School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or 26 secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title

1 VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which 2 satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code, 3 except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to 4 attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for 5 the credit under this Section.

"Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an
Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal
guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.

9 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax10 credit.

11 (i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006, 12 a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 13 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 14 certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation 15 costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of 16 this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" 17 costs approved by the Illinois Environmental means Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the 18 19 Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing 20 environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation 21 22 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section 23 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must 24 be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of 25 the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is 26 not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any

1 related party caused or contributed to, in any material 2 respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under 3 the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the 4 5 Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit 6 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made 7 consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control 8 Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure 9 Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 10 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this 11 Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes 12 the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the 13 14 persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs 15 (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue 16 Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed 17 18 by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the 19 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of 20 \$100,000 per site.

(ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this

1 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 2 3 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 4 5 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the 6 7 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 8 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the 9 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 10 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to 11 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 12 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of 13 14 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any 15 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 16 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

17 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
18 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
19 Environmental Protection Act.

(o) For each of taxable years during the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program, a surcharge is imposed on all taxpayers on income arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets, depreciable business property, real property used in the trade or business, and Section 197 intangibles of an organization registrant under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act. The amount of the surcharge is equal to the amount of federal income tax liability for the taxable year attributable to those sales and exchanges. The surcharge imposed does not apply if:

4 (1) the medical cannabis cultivation center 5 registration, medical cannabis dispensary registration, or 6 the property of a registration is transferred as a result 7 of any of the following:

8 (A) bankruptcy, a receivership, or a debt 9 adjustment initiated by or against the initial 10 registration or the substantial owners of the initial 11 registration;

12 (B) cancellation, revocation, or termination of
13 any registration by the Illinois Department of Public
14 Health;

15 (C) a determination by the Illinois Department of
16 Public Health that transfer of the registration is in
17 the best interests of Illinois qualifying patients as
18 defined by the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
19 Pilot Program Act;

20 (D) the death of an owner of the equity interest in21 a registrant;

(E) the acquisition of a controlling interest in
the stock or substantially all of the assets of a
publicly traded company;

(F) a transfer by a parent company to a wholly
 owned subsidiary; or

1 (G) the transfer or sale to or by one person to 2 another person where both persons were initial owners 3 of the registration when the registration was issued; 4 or

5 (2)the cannabis cultivation center registration, 6 medical cannabis dispensary registration, or the 7 controlling interest in a registrant's property is transferred in a transaction to lineal descendants in which 8 9 no gain or loss is recognized or as a result of a 10 transaction in accordance with Section 351 of the Internal 11 Revenue Code in which no gain or loss is recognized.

12 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17.)

13 (35 ILCS 5/901) (from Ch. 120, par. 9-901)

14 Sec. 901. Collection authority.

15 (a) In general. The Department shall collect the taxes 16 imposed by this Act. The Department shall collect certified past due child support amounts under Section 2505-650 of the 17 18 Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of 19 Illinois. Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (e), (f), 20 (q), and (h) of this Section, money collected pursuant to 21 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act shall be 22 paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State treasury; money collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of 23 24 this Act shall be paid into the Personal Property Tax 25 Replacement Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury; and

money collected under Section 2505-650 of the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois shall be paid into the Child Support Enforcement Trust Fund, a special fund outside the State Treasury, or to the State Disbursement Unit established under Section 10-26 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, as directed by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services.

8 (b) Local Government Distributive Fund. Beginning August 9 1, 1969, and continuing through June 30, 1994, the Treasurer 10 shall transfer each month from the General Revenue Fund to a 11 special fund in the State treasury, to be known as the "Local 12 Government Distributive Fund", an amount equal to 1/12 of the 13 net revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) 14 and (b) of Section 201 of this Act during the preceding month. Beginning July 1, 1994, and continuing through June 30, 1995, 15 16 the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General 17 Revenue Fund to the Local Government Distributive Fund an amount equal to 1/11 of the net revenue realized from the tax 18 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act 19 20 during the preceding month. Beginning July 1, 1995 and continuing through January 31, 2011, the Treasurer shall 21 22 transfer each month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local 23 Government Distributive Fund an amount equal to the net of (i) 1/10 of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by 24 25 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income 26 Tax Act during the preceding month (ii) minus, beginning July

1, 2003 and ending June 30, 2004, \$6,666,666, and beginning 1 2 July 1, 2004, zero. Beginning February 1, 2011, and continuing 3 through January 31, 2015, the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government 4 5 Distributive Fund an amount equal to the sum of (i) 6% (10% of the ratio of the 3% individual income tax rate prior to 2011 to 6 7 the 5% individual income tax rate after 2010) of the net 8 revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 9 (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon individuals, trusts, and 10 estates during the preceding month and (ii) 6.86% (10% of the 11 ratio of the 4.8% corporate income tax rate prior to 2011 to 12 the 7% corporate income tax rate after 2010) of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of 13 14 Section 201 of this Act upon corporations during the preceding month. Beginning February 1, 2015 and continuing through July 15 31, 2017, the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the 16 17 General Revenue Fund to the Local Government Distributive Fund an amount equal to the sum of (i) 8% (10% of the ratio of the 3% 18 19 individual income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 3.75% 20 individual income tax rate after 2014) of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of 21 22 Section 201 of this Act upon individuals, trusts, and estates 23 during the preceding month and (ii) 9.14% (10% of the ratio of 24 the 4.8% corporate income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 5.25% 25 corporate income tax rate after 2014) of the net revenue 26 realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of

Section 201 of this Act upon corporations during the preceding 1 2 month. Beginning August 1, 2017 and continuing through January 3 31, 2018 or the last day of the month in which this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly takes effect, whichever 4 5 occurs later, the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government Distributive Fund 6 7 an amount equal to the sum of (i) 6.06% (10% of the ratio of the 8 3% individual income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 4.95% 9 individual income tax rate after July 1, 2017) of the net 10 revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 11 (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon individuals, trusts, and 12 estates during the preceding month and (ii) 6.85% (10% of the ratio of the 4.8% corporate income tax rate prior to 2011 to 13 the 7% corporate income tax rate after July 1, 2017) of the net 14 15 revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 16 (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon corporations during the 17 preceding month. Beginning on February 1, 2019 or on the first day of the first month after this amendatory Act of the 101st 18 19 General Assembly takes effect, whichever occurs later, and 20 continuing through January 31, 2026, the Treasurer shall 21 deposit into the Local Government Distributive Fund an amount 22 equal to the sum of (i) 8% (10% of the ratio of the 3% 23 individual income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 3.75% 24 individual income tax rate after 2019) of the net revenue 25 realized during the month from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon individuals, 26

1	trusts, and estates and (ii) 9.14% (10% of the ratio of the
2	4.8% corporate income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 5.25%
3	corporate income tax rate after 2019) of the net revenue
4	realized during the month from the tax imposed by subsections
5	(a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon corporations.
6	Beginning on February 1, 2025, the Treasurer shall deposit into
7	the Local Government Distributive Fund an amount equal to the
8	sum of (i) 9.23% (10% of the ratio of the 3% individual income
9	tax rate prior to 2011 to the 3.25% individual income tax rate
10	after 2025) of the net revenue realized during the month from
11	the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of
12	this Act upon individuals, trusts, and estates and (ii) 10% of
13	the net revenue realized during the month from the tax imposed
14	by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon
15	corporations. Net revenue realized for a month shall be defined
16	as the revenue from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b)
17	of Section 201 of this Act which is deposited in the General
18	Revenue Fund, the Education Assistance Fund, the Income Tax
19	Surcharge Local Government Distributive Fund, the Fund for the
20	Advancement of Education, and the Commitment to Human Services
21	Fund during the month minus the amount paid out of the General
22	Revenue Fund in State warrants during that same month as
23	refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability under the tax
24	imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act.
25	Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,
beginning on July 6, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act

1 100-23), those amounts required under this subsection (b) to be 2 transferred by the Treasurer into the Local Government 3 Distributive Fund from the General Revenue Fund shall be 4 directly deposited into the Local Government Distributive Fund 5 as the revenue is realized from the tax imposed by subsections 6 (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act.

For State fiscal year 2018 only, notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the total amount of revenue and deposits under this Section attributable to revenues realized during State fiscal year 2018 shall be reduced by 10%.

For State fiscal year 2019 only, notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the total amount of revenue and deposits under this Section attributable to revenues realized during State fiscal year 2019 shall be reduced by 5%.

15

(c) Deposits Into Income Tax Refund Fund.

16 (1) Beginning on January 1, 1989 and thereafter, the 17 Department shall deposit a percentage of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(1), (2), and 18 (3) of Section 201 of this Act into a fund in the State 19 20 treasury known as the Income Tax Refund Fund. The Department shall deposit 6% of such amounts during the 21 22 period beginning January 1, 1989 and ending on June 30, 23 1989. Beginning with State fiscal year 1990 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the percentage deposited into the 24 25 Income Tax Refund Fund during a fiscal year shall be the 26 Annual Percentage. For fiscal years 1999 through 2001, the

Annual Percentage shall be 7.1%. For fiscal year 2003, the 1 2 Annual Percentage shall be 8%. For fiscal year 2004, the 3 Annual Percentage shall be 11.7%. Upon the effective date of Public Act 93-839 (July 30, 2004), the Annual Percentage 4 5 shall be 10% for fiscal year 2005. For fiscal year 2006, 6 the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For fiscal year 2007, 7 the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For fiscal year 2008, 8 the Annual Percentage shall be 7.75%. For fiscal year 2009, 9 the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For fiscal year 2010, 10 the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For fiscal year 2011, 11 the Annual Percentage shall be 8.75%. For fiscal year 2012, 12 the Annual Percentage shall be 8.75%. For fiscal year 2013, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For fiscal year 2014, 13 14 the Annual Percentage shall be 9.5%. For fiscal year 2015, 15 the Annual Percentage shall be 10%. For fiscal year 2018, 16 the Annual Percentage shall be 9.8%. For fiscal year 2019, 17 the Annual Percentage shall be 9.7%. For all other fiscal years, the Annual Percentage shall be calculated as a 18 19 fraction, the numerator of which shall be the amount of 20 refunds approved for payment by the Department during the 21 preceding fiscal year as a result of overpayment of tax 22 liability under subsections (a) and (b) (1), (2), and (3) of 23 Section 201 of this Act plus the amount of such refunds 24 remaining approved but unpaid at the end of the preceding 25 fiscal year, minus the amounts transferred into the Income 26 Tax Refund Fund from the Tobacco Settlement Recovery Fund,

and the denominator of which shall be the amounts which 1 2 will be collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(1), 3 (2), and (3) of Section 201 of this Act during the preceding fiscal year; except that in State fiscal year 4 5 2002, the Annual Percentage shall in no event exceed 7.6%. The Director of Revenue shall certify the Annual Percentage 6 7 to the Comptroller on the last business day of the fiscal 8 year immediately preceding the fiscal year for which it is 9 to be effective.

10 (2) Beginning on January 1, 1989 and thereafter, the 11 Department shall deposit a percentage of the amounts 12 collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(6), (7), and (8), (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act into a fund in 13 14 the State treasury known as the Income Tax Refund Fund. The 15 Department shall deposit 18% of such amounts during the 16 period beginning January 1, 1989 and ending on June 30, 17 1989. Beginning with State fiscal year 1990 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the percentage deposited into the 18 19 Income Tax Refund Fund during a fiscal year shall be the 20 Annual Percentage. For fiscal years 1999, 2000, and 2001, the Annual Percentage shall be 19%. For fiscal year 2003, 21 22 the Annual Percentage shall be 27%. For fiscal year 2004, 23 the Annual Percentage shall be 32%. Upon the effective date 24 of Public Act 93-839 (July 30, 2004), the Annual Percentage 25 shall be 24% for fiscal year 2005. For fiscal year 2006, 26 the Annual Percentage shall be 20%. For fiscal year 2007,

the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For fiscal year 2008, 1 2 the Annual Percentage shall be 15.5%. For fiscal year 2009, 3 the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For fiscal year 2010, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For fiscal year 2011, 4 5 the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For fiscal year 2012, 6 the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For fiscal year 2013, 7 the Annual Percentage shall be 14%. For fiscal year 2014, 8 the Annual Percentage shall be 13.4%. For fiscal year 2015, 9 the Annual Percentage shall be 14%. For fiscal year 2018, 10 the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For fiscal year 2019, 11 the Annual Percentage shall be 15.5%. For all other fiscal 12 years, the Annual Percentage shall be calculated as a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the amount of 13 14 refunds approved for payment by the Department during the 15 preceding fiscal year as a result of overpayment of tax 16 liability under subsections (a) and (b)(6), (7), and (8), 17 (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act plus the amount of such refunds remaining approved but unpaid at the end of 18 19 the preceding fiscal year, and the denominator of which 20 shall be the amounts which will be collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(6), (7), and (8), (c) and (d) of 21 22 Section 201 of this Act during the preceding fiscal year; 23 in State fiscal year 2002, the Annual except that 24 Percentage shall in no event exceed 23%. The Director of 25 Revenue shall certify the Annual Percentage to the 26 Comptroller on the last business day of the fiscal year

1 immediately preceding the fiscal year for which it is to be 2 effective.

3 (3) The Comptroller shall order transferred and the
4 Treasurer shall transfer from the Tobacco Settlement
5 Recovery Fund to the Income Tax Refund Fund (i) \$35,000,000
6 in January, 2001, (ii) \$35,000,000 in January, 2002, and
7 (iii) \$35,000,000 in January, 2003.

8 (d) Expenditures from Income Tax Refund Fund.

9 (1) Beginning January 1, 1989, money in the Income Tax 10 Refund Fund shall be expended exclusively for the purpose 11 of paying refunds resulting from overpayment of tax 12 liability under Section 201 of this Act and for making 13 transfers pursuant to this subsection (d).

14 (2) The Director shall order payment of refunds 15 resulting from overpayment of tax liability under Section 16 201 of this Act from the Income Tax Refund Fund only to the 17 extent that amounts collected pursuant to Section 201 of 18 this Act and transfers pursuant to this subsection (d) and 19 item (3) of subsection (c) have been deposited and retained 20 in the Fund.

(3) As soon as possible after the end of each fiscal
year, the Director shall order transferred and the State
Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the
Income Tax Refund Fund to the Personal Property Tax
Replacement Fund an amount, certified by the Director to
the Comptroller, equal to the excess of the amount

1 collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of Section 2 201 of this Act deposited into the Income Tax Refund Fund 3 during the fiscal year over the amount of refunds resulting 4 from overpayment of tax liability under subsections (c) and 5 (d) of Section 201 of this Act paid from the Income Tax 6 Refund Fund during the fiscal year.

7 (4) As soon as possible after the end of each fiscal year, the Director shall order transferred and the State 8 9 Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the 10 Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund to the Income Tax 11 Refund Fund an amount, certified by the Director to the 12 Comptroller, equal to the excess of the amount of refunds 13 resulting from overpayment of tax liability under 14 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act paid 15 from the Income Tax Refund Fund during the fiscal year over 16 the amount collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of 17 Section 201 of this Act deposited into the Income Tax 18 Refund Fund during the fiscal year.

19 (4.5) As soon as possible after the end of fiscal year 20 1999 and of each fiscal year thereafter, the Director shall order transferred and the State Treasurer and State 21 22 Comptroller shall transfer from the Income Tax Refund Fund 23 to the General Revenue Fund any surplus remaining in the 24 Income Tax Refund Fund as of the end of such fiscal year; 25 excluding for fiscal years 2000, 2001, and 2002 amounts 26 attributable to transfers under item (3) of subsection (c)

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less refunds resulting from the earned income tax credit.

2 (5) This Act shall constitute an irrevocable and 3 continuing appropriation from the Income Tax Refund Fund for the purpose of paying refunds upon the order of the 4 5 Director in accordance with the provisions of this Section. (e) Deposits into the Education Assistance Fund and the 6 7 Income Tax Surcharge Local Government Distributive Fund. On 8 July 1, 1991, and thereafter, of the amounts collected pursuant 9 to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act, minus 10 deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department shall 11 deposit 7.3% into the Education Assistance Fund in the State 12 Treasury. Beginning July 1, 1991, and continuing through 13 January 31, 1993, of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income 14 15 Tax Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the 16 Department shall deposit 3.0% into the Income Tax Surcharge 17 Local Government Distributive Fund in the State Treasury. Beginning February 1, 1993 and continuing through June 30, 18 1993, of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and 19 20 (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department shall 21 22 deposit 4.4% into the Income Tax Surcharge Local Government 23 Distributive Fund in the State Treasury. Beginning July 1, 1993, and continuing through June 30, 1994, of the amounts 24 25 collected under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this 26 Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the

Department shall deposit 1.475% into the Income Tax Surcharge 1 2 Local Government Distributive Fund in the State Treasury.

Deposits into the Fund for the Advancement of 3 (f) Education. Beginning February 1, 2015, the Department shall 4 5 deposit the following portions of the revenue realized from the 6 individuals, trusts, and tax imposed upon estates bv 7 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act, minus 8 deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, into the Fund for the 9 Advancement of Education:

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HB3075

(1) beginning February 1, 2015, and prior to February 1, 2025, 1/30; and 11

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(2) beginning February 1, 2025, 1/26.

13 If the rate of tax imposed by subsection (a) and (b) of Section 201 is reduced pursuant to Section 201.5 of this Act, 14 15 the Department shall not make the deposits required by this subsection (f) on or after the effective date of the reduction. 16

17 (g) Deposits into the Commitment to Human Services Fund. Beginning February 1, 2015, the Department shall deposit the 18 following portions of the revenue realized from the tax imposed 19 upon individuals, trusts, and estates by subsections (a) and 20 21 (b) of Section 201 of this Act, minus deposits into the Income 22 Tax Refund Fund, into the Commitment to Human Services Fund:

23 (1) beginning February 1, 2015, and prior to February 1, 2025, 1/30; and 24

(2) beginning February 1, 2025, 1/26. 25

26 If the rate of tax imposed by subsection (a) and (b) of Section 201 is reduced pursuant to Section 201.5 of this Act,
 the Department shall not make the deposits required by this
 subsection (g) on or after the effective date of the reduction.

(h) Deposits into the Tax Compliance and Administration 4 5 Fund. Beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public 6 Act 98-1098), each month the Department shall pay into the Tax 7 8 Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to 9 appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance 10 personnel at the Department, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 11 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by 12 the Audit Bureau of the Department from the tax imposed by 13 subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of Section 201 of this Act, 14 net of deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund made from those 15 cash receipts.

16 (Source: P.A. 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 100-23, 17 eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 100-621, eff. 7-20-18; 18 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; revised 1-8-19.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
 becoming law.