

Sen. Kimberly A. Lightford

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1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2347 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 2347 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 4 10-20.14 and 10-22.6 as follows: 5 6 (105 ILCS 5/10-20.14) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-20.14) 7 Sec. 10-20.14. Student discipline policies; parent-teacher 8 advisory committee. (a) To establish and maintain a parent-teacher advisory 9 committee to develop with the school board or governing body of 10 a charter school policy guidelines on pupil discipline, 11 12 including school searches and bullying prevention as set forth in Section 27-23.7 of this Code. School authorities shall 13

furnish a copy of the policy to the parents or guardian of each

pupil within 15 days after the beginning of the school year, or

within 15 days after starting classes for a pupil who transfers

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into the district during the school year, and the school board or governing body of a charter school shall require that a school inform its pupils of the contents of the policy. School boards and the governing bodies of charter schools, along with the parent-teacher advisory committee, must annually review their pupil discipline policies, the implementation of those policies, and any other factors related to the safety of their schools, pupils, and staff.

(a-5) On or before September 15, 2016, each elementary and secondary school and charter school shall, at a minimum, adopt pupil discipline policies that must include thorough training on the requirements in Public Act 99-456 and any other corresponding school discipline protocols. The discipline policies must that fulfill the requirements set forth in this Section, subsections (a) and (b) of Section 10-22.6 of this Code, Section 34-19 of this Code if applicable, and federal and State laws that provide special requirements for the discipline of students with disabilities.

(b) The parent-teacher advisory committee in cooperation with local law enforcement agencies shall develop, with the school board, policy guideline procedures to establish and maintain a reciprocal reporting system between the school district and local law enforcement agencies regarding criminal offenses committed by students. School districts are encouraged to create memoranda of understanding with local law enforcement agencies that clearly define law enforcement's

- role in schools, in accordance with Section 10-22.6 of this 1 2 Code.
- (c) The parent-teacher advisory committee, in cooperation 3 4 with school bus personnel, shall develop, with the school 5 board, policy guideline procedures to establish and maintain 6 school bus safety procedures. These procedures shall be incorporated into the district's pupil discipline policy. 7
- school board, in consultation with 8 The 9 parent-teacher advisory committee and other community-based 10 organizations, must include provisions in the 11 discipline policy to address students who have demonstrated behaviors that put them at risk for aggressive behavior, 12 13 including without limitation bullying, as defined in the policy. These provisions must include procedures for notifying 14 15 parents or legal guardians and early intervention procedures 16 based upon available community-based and district resources.
- (Source: P.A. 99-456, eff. 9-15-16.) 17
- (105 ILCS 5/10-22.6) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.6) 18
- 19 Sec. 10-22.6. Suspension or expulsion of pupils; school 2.0 searches.
- To expel pupils guilty of gross disobedience or 21 22 misconduct, including gross disobedience or misconduct 23 perpetuated by electronic means, pursuant to subsection (b-20) 24 of this Section, and no action shall lie against them for such 25 expulsion. Expulsion shall take place only after the parents

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have been requested to appear at a meeting of the board, or with a hearing officer appointed by it, to discuss their child's behavior. Such request shall be made by registered or certified mail and shall state the time, place and purpose of the meeting. The board, or a hearing officer appointed by it, at such meeting shall state the reasons for dismissal and the date on which the expulsion is to become effective. If a hearing officer is appointed by the board, he shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting and the board may take such action thereon as it finds appropriate. If the board acts to expel a pupil, the written expulsion decision shall detail the specific reasons why removing the pupil from the learning environment is in the best interest of the school. The expulsion decision shall also include a rationale as to the specific duration of the expulsion. An expelled pupil may be immediately transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A pupil must not be denied transfer because of the expulsion, except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students or staff in the alternative program.

(b) To suspend or by policy to authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, or to suspend pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct on the school bus from riding

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the school bus, pursuant to subsections (b-15) and (b-20) of this Section, and no action shall lie against them for such suspension. The board may by policy authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend pupils guilty of such acts for a period not to exceed 10 school days. If a pupil is suspended due to gross disobedience or misconduct on a school bus, the board may suspend the pupil in excess of 10 school days for safety reasons.

Any suspension shall be reported immediately to the parents or quardian of a pupil along with a full statement of the reasons for such suspension and a notice of their right to a review. The school board must be given a summary of the notice, including the reason for the suspension and the suspension length. Upon request of the parents or quardian, the school board or a hearing officer appointed by it shall review such action of the superintendent or principal, assistant principal, or dean of students. At such review, the parents or quardian of the pupil may appear and discuss the suspension with the board or its hearing officer. If a hearing officer is appointed by the board, he shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting. After its hearing or upon receipt of the written report of its hearing officer, the board may take such action as it finds appropriate. If a student is suspended pursuant to this subsection (b), the board shall, in the written suspension decision, detail the specific

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act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend. The suspension decision shall also include a rationale as to the specific duration of the suspension. A pupil who is suspended in excess of 20 school days may be immediately transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A pupil must not be denied transfer because of the suspension, except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students or staff in the alternative program.

(b-5) Among the many possible disciplinary interventions and consequences available to school officials, school exclusions, such as out-of-school suspensions and expulsions, are the most serious. School officials shall limit the number and duration of expulsions and suspensions to the greatest extent practicable, and it is recommended that they use them only for legitimate educational purposes. To ensure that students are not excluded from school unnecessarily, it is that school officials recommended consider forms non-exclusionary discipline prior to using out-of-school suspensions or expulsions.

(b-10) Unless otherwise required by federal law or this Code, school boards may not institute zero-tolerance policies by which school administrators are required to suspend or expel students for particular behaviors. A school board shall implement disciplinary protocols that are based on restorative justice and trauma-informed practices.

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(b-15) Out-of-school suspensions of 3 days or less may be used only if the student's continuing presence in school would pose a threat to school safety or a disruption to other students' learning opportunities. For purposes of this subsection (b-15), "threat to school safety or a disruption to other students' learning opportunities" shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by the school board or its designee. School officials shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve such threats, address such disruptions, and minimize the length of suspensions to the greatest extent practicable.

(b-20)Unless otherwise required by this Code, out-of-school suspensions of longer than 3 days, expulsions, and disciplinary removals to alternative schools may be used only if other appropriate and available behavioral disciplinary interventions based on restorative justice and trauma-informed practices have been exhausted and the student's continuing presence in school would either (i) pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community or (ii) substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school. For purposes of this subsection (b-20), "threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community" and "substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere the operation of the school" shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by school officials. For purposes of this subsection (b-20), the determination of whether "appropriate

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available behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been exhausted" shall be made by school officials. School officials shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve such threats, address such disruptions, and minimize the length of student exclusions to the greatest extent practicable. Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of this Section or the expulsion decision described in subsection (a) of this Section, it shall be documented whether other interventions were attempted or whether it was determined that there were no other appropriate and available interventions.

(b-25) Students who are suspended out-of-school for longer than 4 school days shall be provided appropriate and available support services during the period of their suspension. For purposes of this subsection (b-25), "appropriate and available support services" shall be determined by school authorities. Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of this Section, it shall be documented whether such services are to be provided or whether it was determined that there are no such appropriate and available services.

A school district may refer students who are expelled to appropriate and available support services.

A school district shall create a policy that must include thorough training on the requirements in Public Act 99-456 and any other corresponding school discipline protocols to facilitate the re-engagement of students who are suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an alternative

school setting.

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- (b-30) A school district shall create a policy by which suspended pupils, including those pupils suspended from the school bus who do not have alternate transportation to school, shall have the opportunity to make up work for equivalent academic credit. It shall be the responsibility of a pupil's parent or guardian to notify school officials that a pupil suspended from the school bus does not have alternate transportation to school.
- (c) The Department of Human Services shall be invited to send a representative to consult with the board at such meeting whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause for expulsion or suspension.
 - (c-5) School districts shall make reasonable efforts to provide ongoing professional development with accountability and consistency to teachers, administrators, school board members, school resource officers, and staff on the adverse of school exclusion and justice-system consequences involvement, effective classroom management strategies, culturally responsive discipline, restorative justice developmentally appropriate disciplinary practices, and methods that promote positive and healthy school climates.
- (d) The board may expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case case-by-case basis. A student who is determined to have brought one of the following objects to school, any

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- school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event 1 that bears a reasonable relationship to school shall be 2 3 expelled for a period of not less than one year:
 - (1) A firearm. For the purposes of this Section, "firearm" means any gun, rifle, shotgun, weapon as defined by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, or firearm as defined in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The expulsion period under this subdivision (1) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.
 - (2) A knife, brass knuckles or other knuckle weapon regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily harm, including "look alikes" of any firearm as defined in subdivision (1) of this subsection (d). The expulsion requirement under this subdivision (2) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

Expulsion or suspension shall be construed in a manner consistent with the Federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. A student who is subject to suspension or expulsion as provided in this Section may be eliqible for a transfer to an alternative school program in accordance with Article 13A of the School Code.

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(d-5) The board may suspend or by regulation authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend a student for a period not to exceed 10 school days or may expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case case by case basis, if (i) that student has been determined to have made an explicit threat on an Internet website against a school employee, a student, or any school-related personnel, (ii) the Internet website through which the threat was made is a site that was accessible within the school at the time the threat was made or was available to third parties who worked or studied within the school grounds at the time the threat was made, and (iii) the threat could be reasonably interpreted as threatening to the safety and security of the threatened individual because of his or her duties or employment status or status as a student inside the school.

(e) To maintain order and security in the schools, school authorities may inspect and search places and areas such as lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school, as well as personal effects left in those places and areas by students, without notice to or the consent of the student, and without a search warrant. As a matter of public policy, the General Assembly finds that students have no reasonable expectation of privacy in these places and areas or in their personal effects

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- left in these places and areas. School authorities may request the assistance of law enforcement officials for the purpose of conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. If a search conducted in accordance with this Section produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law, local ordinance, or the school's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized by school authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. School authorities may also turn over such evidence to law enforcement authorities.
 - (f) Suspension or expulsion may include suspension or expulsion from school and all school activities and a prohibition from being present on school grounds.
 - (g) A school district may adopt a policy providing that if a student is suspended or expelled for any reason from any public or private school in this or any other state, the student must complete the entire term of the suspension or expulsion in an alternative school program under Article 13A of this Code or an alternative learning opportunities program under Article 13B of this Code before being admitted into the school district if there is no threat to the safety of students or staff in the alternative program.
 - (h) School officials shall not advise or encourage students

- 1 to drop out voluntarily due to behavioral or academic
- 2 difficulties.
- (i) A student may not be issued a monetary fine or fee as a 3
- 4 disciplinary consequence, though this shall not preclude
- 5 requiring a student to provide restitution for lost, stolen, or
- 6 damaged property.
- 7 (j) Subsections (a) through (i) of this Section shall apply
- to elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, special 8
- 9 charter districts, and school districts organized under
- 10 Article 34 of this Code.
- 11 (k) The expulsion of children enrolled in programs funded
- under Section 1C-2 of this Code is subject to the requirements 12
- 13 under paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of Section 2-3.71 of this
- Code. 14
- 15 (Source: P.A. 99-456, eff. 9-15-16; 100-105, eff. 1-1-18;
- 16 revised 1-22-18.)".