

## 100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 SB0625

Introduced 1/25/2017, by Sen. Iris Y. Martinez

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Regulatory Sunset Act. Extends the repeal of the Nurse Practice Act from January 1, 2018 to January 1, 2028. Amends the Nurse Practice Act. Defines "focused assessment", "full practice authority", "oversight", and "postgraduate advanced practice nurse". Changes references of "advanced practice nurse" and "APN" to "advanced practice registered nurse" and "APRN" throughout the Act. Replaces provisions regarding nursing delegation with provisions that prohibit specified actions. Provides other guidelines for delegation of nursing activities and medication administration. Makes changes to education requirements, qualifications for licensure, the scope of practice, and continuing education for LPN and RN licensees. Provides that a written collaborative agreement is required for all postgraduate advanced practice registered nurses until specific requirements have been met. Provides that postgraduate advanced practice registered nurses may enter into written collaborative agreements with collaborating advanced practice registered nurses or physicians (rather than collaborating physicians or podiatric physicians). In provisions concerning prescriptive authority for postgraduate advanced practice registered nurses, sets forth the requirements for postgraduate advanced practice registered nurses to have prescriptive authority and the limitations of such authority. Makes changes to provisions concerning the grounds for disciplinary action under the Act. Requires the Department of Public Health to prepare a report regarding the moneys appropriated from the Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund to the Department of Public Health for nursing scholarships. Makes other changes. Effective immediately.

LRB100 04131 SMS 14136 b

- 1 AN ACT concerning regulation.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by changing
- 5 Section 4.28 and by adding Section 4.38 as follows:
- 6 (5 ILCS 80/4.28)
- 7 Sec. 4.28. Acts repealed on January 1, 2018. The following
- 8 Acts are repealed on January 1, 2018:
- 9 The Illinois Petroleum Education and Marketing Act.
- 10 The Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987.
- 11 The Acupuncture Practice Act.
- 12 The Illinois Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology
- 13 Practice Act.
- 14 The Interpreter for the Deaf Licensure Act of 2007.
- 15 The Nurse Practice Act.
- 16 The Clinical Social Work and Social Work Practice Act.
- 17 The Pharmacy Practice Act.
- 18 The Home Medical Equipment and Services Provider License
- 19 Act.
- The Marriage and Family Therapy Licensing Act.
- 21 The Nursing Home Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary
- 22 Act.
- The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 95-187, eff. 8-16-07; 95-235, eff. 8-17-07;
- 2 95-450, eff. 8-27-07; 95-465, eff. 8-27-07; 95-617, eff.
- 3 9-12-07; 95-639, eff. 10-5-07; 95-687, eff. 10-23-07; 95-689,
- 4 eff. 10-29-07; 95-703, eff. 12-31-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08;
- 5 96-328, eff. 8-11-09.)
- 6 (5 ILCS 80/4.38 new)
- 7 Sec. 4.38. Act repealed on January 1, 2028. The following
- 8 Act is repealed on January 1, 2028:
- 9 <u>The Nurse Practice Act.</u>
- 10 Section 10. The Nurse Practice Act is amended by changing
- 11 Sections 50-10, 50-70, 50-75, 55-5, 55-10, 55-30, 55-35, 60-5,
- 12 60-10, 60-15, 60-35, 65-30, 65-35, 65-35.1, 65-40, 65-45,
- 13 65-50, 65-55, 65-60, 65-65, 70-5, and 70-50 and adding Sections
- 65-35.2 and 65-43 as follows:
- 15 (225 ILCS 65/50-10) (was 225 ILCS 65/5-10)
- 16 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- Sec. 50-10. Definitions. Each of the following terms, when
- used in this Act, shall have the meaning ascribed to it in this
- 19 Section, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 20 "Academic year" means the customary annual schedule of
- 21 courses at a college, university, or approved school,
- 22 customarily regarded as the school year as distinguished from
- the calendar year.

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"Advanced practice registered nurse" or "APRN" "APN" means 1 2 a person who has met the qualifications for a (i) certified nurse midwife (CNM); (ii) certified nurse practitioner (CNP); 3 (iii) certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA); or (iv) 4 5 clinical nurse specialist (CNS) and has been licensed by the Department. All advanced practice registered nurses licensed 6 and practicing in the State of Illinois shall use the title 7 8 APRN APN and may use specialty credentials CNM, CNP, CRNA, or 9 CNS after their name. All advanced practice registered nurses 10 may only practice in accordance with national certification and 11 this Act.

"Approved program of professional nursing education" and "approved program of practical nursing education" are programs of professional or practical nursing, respectively, approved by the Department under the provisions of this Act.

"Board" means the Board of Nursing appointed by the Secretary.

"Collaboration" means a process involving 2 or more health care professionals working together, each contributing one's respective area of expertise to provide more comprehensive patient care.

"Consultation" means the process whereby an advanced practice registered nurse seeks the advice or opinion of another health care professional.

"Credentialed" means the process of assessing and validating the qualifications of a health care professional.

"Current nursing practice update course" means a planned nursing education curriculum approved by the Department consisting of activities that have educational objectives, instructional methods, content or subject matter, clinical practice, and evaluation methods, related to basic review and updating content and specifically planned for those nurses previously licensed in the United States or its territories and preparing for reentry into nursing practice.

"Dentist" means a person licensed to practice dentistry under the Illinois Dental Practice Act.

"Department" means the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.

"Focused assessment" includes recognition of patient characteristics by a licensed practical nurse that may affect the patient's health status, the gathering and recording of assessment data, and demonstration of attentiveness by observing, monitoring, and reporting signs, symptoms, and changes in the patient's condition in an ongoing manner to the delegating registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, dentist, podiatric physician, or physician.

"Full practice authority" means the authority of an advanced practice registered nurse to practice without a written collaborative agreement while maintaining collaborative, consultative, and referral networks with other health care professionals if the advanced practice registered

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## nurse has met the requirements of this Act and petitioned the Department to do so.

"Hospital affiliate" means a corporation, partnership, venture, limited liability company, or organization, other than a hospital, that is devoted primarily to the provision, management, or support of health care services and that directly or indirectly controls, controlled by, or is under common control of the hospital. For the purposes of this definition, "control" means having at least an equal or a majority ownership or membership interest. A hospital affiliate shall be 100% owned or controlled by any combination of hospitals, their parent corporations, or physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois. "Hospital affiliate" does not include a health maintenance organization regulated under the Health Maintenance Organization Act.

"Impaired nurse" means a nurse licensed under this Act who is unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental disability as evidenced by a written determination or written consent based on clinical evidence, including loss of motor skills, abuse of drugs or alcohol, or a psychiatric disorder, of sufficient degree to diminish his or her ability to deliver competent patient care.

"License-pending advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse" means a registered professional nurse who has completed all requirements for licensure as an advanced practice <u>registered</u>

nurse except the certification examination and has applied to take the next available certification exam and received a temporary license from the Department.

"License-pending registered nurse" means a person who has passed the Department-approved registered nurse licensure exam and has applied for a license from the Department. A license-pending registered nurse shall use the title "RN license" on all documentation related to nursing practice.

"Oversight" means an active process in which the registered professional nurse or advanced practice registered nurse monitors, directs, guides, and evaluates the outcomes of an activity or task as components of patient care coordination when delegating to a licensed or unlicensed person. Such oversight may be on site and immediately available or off site through methods of telecommunication or electronic written communication.

"Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine in all its branches under the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

"Podiatric physician" means a person licensed to practice podiatry under the Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987.

"Postgraduate advanced practice registered nurse" means an advanced practice registered nurse who, after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, meets the qualifications for licensure as a certified nurse practitioner, certified nurse midwife, or certified clinical nurse specialist, and has obtained a written collaborative

1 agreement with a collaborating advanced practice registered
2 nurse or physician.

"Practical nurse" or "licensed practical nurse" means a person who is licensed as a practical nurse under this Act and practices practical nursing as defined in this Act. Only a practical nurse licensed under this Act is entitled to use the title "licensed practical nurse" and the abbreviation "L.P.N.".

"Practical nursing" means a nursing practice, with or without compensation, overseen by a registered professional nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse or as directed by a physician, physician assistant, dentist, or podiatric physician, as described in Section 55-30.

"Practical nursing" means the performance of nursing acts requiring the basic nursing knowledge, judgment, and skill acquired by means of completion of an approved practical nursing education program. Practical nursing includes assisting in the nursing process as delegated by a registered professional nurse or an advanced practice nurse. The practical nurse may work under the direction of a licensed physician, dentist, podiatric physician, or other health care professional determined by the Department.

"Privileged" means the authorization granted by the governing body of a healthcare facility, agency, or organization to provide specific patient care services within well-defined limits, based on qualifications reviewed in the

credentialing process.

"Registered Nurse" or "Registered Professional Nurse" means a person who is licensed as a professional nurse under this Act and practices nursing as defined in this Act. Only a registered nurse licensed under this Act is entitled to use the titles "registered nurse" and "registered professional nurse" and the abbreviation, "R.N.".

"Registered professional nursing practice" means a scientific process founded on a professional body of knowledge, which includes, but is not limited to, the protection, promotion, and optimization of health and abilities, prevention of illness and injury, facilitation of healing, alleviation of suffering through the diagnosis and treatment of human response, and advocacy in the care of individuals, families, groups, communities, and populations, as described in Section 60-35. "Registered professional nursing practice" does not include the act of medical diagnosis or prescription of medical therapeutic or corrective measures.

"Registered professional nursing practice" is a scientific process founded on a professional body of knowledge; it is a learned profession based on the understanding of the human condition across the life span and environment and includes all nursing specialties and means the performance of any nursing act based upon professional knowledge, judgment, and skills acquired by means of completion of an approved professional nurse

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provides holistic nursing care through the nursing process to individuals, groups, families, or communities, that includes but is not limited to: (1) the assessment of healthcare needs, nursing diagnosis, planning, implementation, and nursing evaluation; (2) the promotion, maintenance, and restoration of health; (3) counseling, patient education, health education, and patient advocacy; (4) the administration of medications and treatments as prescribed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, a licensed dentist, a licensed podiatric physician, or a licensed optometrist or as prescribed by a physician assistant or by an advanced practice nurse; (5) the coordination and management of the nursing plan of care; (6) the delegation to and supervision of individuals who assist the registered professional nurse implementing the plan of care; and (7) teaching nursing students. The foregoing shall not be deemed to include those acts of medical diagnosis or prescription of therapeutic or corrective measures.

"Professional assistance program for nurses" means a criteria professional assistance program that meets established by the Board of Nursing and approved by the Secretary, which provides a non-disciplinary treatment approach for nurses licensed under this Act whose ability to practice is compromised by alcohol or chemical substance addiction.

"Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation.

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1 "Unencumbered license" means a license issued in good 2 standing.

collaborative agreement" means "Written a written agreement between a certified registered nurse anesthetist an advanced practice nurse and a collaborating physician, dentist, or podiatric physician or a postgraduate advanced practice registered nurse with a written agreement between a collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or physician pursuant to Section 65-35.

- (Source: P.A. 98-214, eff. 8-9-13; 99-173, eff. 7-29-15; 10
- 11 99-330, eff. 1-1-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)
- 12 (225 ILCS 65/50-70) (was 225 ILCS 65/10-35)
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018) 1.3

50-70. Concurrent theory and clinical practice education requirements of this Act. The educational requirements of Sections 55-10 and 60-10 of this Act relating to registered professional nursing and licensed practical nursing shall not be deemed to have been satisfied by the completion of any correspondence course or any program of nursing that does not require coordinated or concurrent theory and clinical practice. The Department may, upon recommendation of the Board, grant an Illinois license to those applicants who have received advanced graduate degrees in nursing from an approved program with concurrent theory and clinical practice or to those applicants who are currently licensed in another

- 1 state and have been actively practicing clinical nursing for a
- 2 minimum of 2 years.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 4 (225 ILCS 65/50-75)
- 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 6 Sec. 50-75. Nursing delegation.
- 7 (a) For the purposes of this Section:
- 8 "Delegation" means the transfer of responsibility for the
- 9 performance of a task or activity from one individual to
- another while retaining accountability for the outcome.
- "Competence" means an expected and measurable level of
- 12 performance that integrates knowledge, skills, abilities, and
- 13 judgment, based on established scientific knowledge and
- 14 expectations for nursing practice.
- "Nursing activity" means any work requiring the use of
- 16 knowledge acquired by completion of an approved program for
- 17 licensure, including advanced education, continuing education,
- 18 and experience as a licensed practical nurse, professional
- 19 registered nurse, or advanced practice registered nurse.
- "Oversight" means an active process in which the registered
- 21 professional nurse or advanced practice registered nurse
- 22 monitors, directs, guides, and evaluates the outcomes of an
- 23 activity or task as components of patient-care coordination
- 24 when delegating to a licensed or unlicensed person. Such
- oversight may be on-site and immediately available or off-site

1	through methods of telecommunication or electronic written
2	communication
3	"Predictability of outcomes" means when the nursing
4	assessment by a registered professional nurse or advanced
5	practice registered nurse determines that the individual's
6	clinical and behavioral status and nursing care needs will
7	fluctuate and the patient's deteriorating condition is
8	expected, as with end-of-life care.
9	"Stability" means when the nursing assessment by a
10	registered professional nurse or advanced practice registered
11	nurse determines that the individual's clinical and behavioral
12	status and nursing care needs are non-fluctuating and
13	consistent.
14	"Task" means work not requiring nursing knowledge,
15	judgment, or decision-making acquired by completion of an
16	approved program for licensure, including advanced education,
17	continuing education, and experience.
18	(b) This Section prohibits the following:
19	(1) The delegation of medication by any individual or
20	entity not authorized by law to do so.
21	(2) A registered professional nurse or advanced
22	practice registered nurse from the delegation of nursing
23	judgment, the overall patient assessment, the development
24	of the plan of care, and the evaluation of care to licensed
25	or unlicensed personnel.
26	(3) A licensed practical nurse or unlicensed personnel

1	who has been delegated a nursing activity from redelegating
2	the nursing activity.
3	(4) The delegation of medication to unlicensed persons
4	in any institutional facility, including, but not limited
5	to, those licensed by the Hospital Licensing Act, the
6	University of Illinois Hospital Act, State-operated mental
7	health hospitals, or State-operated developmental centers.
8	(5) Superseding the requirements of Article 80 in this
9	Act or Section 15.4 of the Mental Health and Developmental
10	Disabilities Administrative Act.
11	(c) This Section does not prohibit a registered
12	<pre>professional nurse or advanced practice registered nurse from:</pre>
13	(1) the delegation and oversight of tasks and nursing
14	activities based on overall patient assessment that
15	includes, but is not limited to, (A) the stability and
16	condition of the patient, (B) the potential for harm, (C)
17	the complexity of the task or nursing activity, (D)
18	predictability of outcomes, and (E) determining competency
19	of the personnel to whom the task or activity is delegated.
20	(2) the delegation and oversight of medication
21	administration to other licensed nurses or unlicensed
22	<pre>personnel; or</pre>
23	(3) the refusal to delegate, stop, or rescind a
24	previously authorized delegation.
25	"Delegation" means transferring to an individual the
26	authority to perform a selected nursing activity or task, in a

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selected situation.

"Nursing activity" means any work requiring the use of knowledge acquired by completion of an approved program for licensure, including advanced education, continuing education, and experience as a licensed practical nurse or professional nurse, as defined by the Department by rule.

"Task" means work not requiring nursing knowledge, judgment, or decision making, as defined by the Department by rule.

(b) Nursing shall be practiced by licensed practical nurses, registered professional nurses, and advanced practice nurses. In the delivery of nursing care, nurses work with many other licensed professionals and other persons. An advanced practice nurse may delegate to registered professional nurses, licensed practical nurses, and others persons.

(c) A registered professional nurse shall not delegate any nursing activity requiring the specialized knowledge, judgment, and skill of a licensed nurse to an unlicensed person, including medication administration. A registered professional nurse may delegate nursing activities to other registered professional nurses or licensed practical nurses.

A registered nurse may delegate tasks to other licensed and unlicensed persons. A licensed practical nurse who has been delegated a nursing activity shall not re-delegate the nursing activity. A registered professional nurse or advanced practice nurse retains the right to refuse to delegate or to stop or

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- 1 rescind a previously authorized delegation.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 3 (225 ILCS 65/55-5)
- 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 5 Sec. 55-5. LPN education program requirements.
  - (a) All Illinois practical nurse education programs must be reviewed by the Board and approved by the Department before the successful completion of such a program may be applied toward meeting the requirements for practical nurse licensure under this Act. Any program changing the level of educational preparation or the relationship with or to the parent institution or establishing an extension of an existing program must request a review by the Board and approval by the Department. The Board shall review and make a recommendation for the approval or disapproval of a program by the Department based on the following criteria:
    - (1) a feasibility study that describes the need for the program and the facilities used, the potential of the program to recruit faculty and students, financial support for the program, and other criteria, as established by rule;
- 22 (2) program curriculum that meets all State 23 requirements;
  - (3) the administration of the program by a Nurse Administrator and the involvement of a Nurse Administrator

in	the	development	of	the	<pre>program;</pre>	and
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- 2 (4) the occurrence of a site visit prior to approval:  $\underline{\cdot}$  and  $\underline{\cdot}$ 
  - (5) beginning December 31, 2022, obtaining programmatic accreditation by a national accrediting body for nursing education that is recognized by the United States Department of Education and approved by the Board of Nursing.

The Board of Nursing shall be notified within 30 days should the program lose its accreditation. The Board shall determine a process for warnings and adopt rules for reaccreditation.

- (b) In order to obtain initial Department approval and to maintain Department approval, a practical nursing program must meet all of the following requirements:
  - (1) The program must continually be administered academically and clinically by a Nurse Administrator.
  - (2) The institution responsible for conducting the program and the Nurse Administrator must ensure that individual faculty members are academically and professionally competent.
  - (3) The program curriculum must contain all applicable requirements established by rule, including both theory and clinical components.
  - (4) The passage rates of the program's graduating classes on the State-approved licensure exam must be deemed

- 1 satisfactory by the Department.
- 2 (c) Program site visits to an institution conducting or
- 3 hosting a practical nursing program may be made at the
- 4 discretion of the Nursing Coordinator or upon recommendation of
- 5 the Board.
- 6 (d) Any institution conducting a practical nursing program
- 7 that wishes to discontinue the program must do each of the
- 8 following:
- 9 (1) Notify the Department, in writing, of its intent to
- 10 discontinue the program.
- 11 (2) Continue to meet the requirements of this Act and
- the rules adopted thereunder until the official date of
- termination of the program.
- 14 (3) Notify the Department of the date on which the last
- 15 student shall graduate from the program and the program
- shall terminate.
- 17 (4) Assist remaining students in the continuation of
- their education in the event of program termination prior
- 19 to the graduation of the program's final student.
- 20 (5) Upon the closure of the program, notify the
- Department, in writing, of the location of student and
- 22 graduate records storage.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 24 (225 ILCS 65/55-10) (was 225 ILCS 65/10-30)
- 25 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)

- 1 Sec. 55-10. Qualifications for LPN licensure.
- 2 (a) Each applicant who successfully meets the requirements
  3 of this Section shall be entitled to licensure as a Licensed
  4 Practical Nurse.
- 5 (b) An applicant for licensure by examination to practice 6 as a practical nurse must do each of the following:
  - (1) Submit a completed  $\frac{1}{2}$  application, on forms provided by the Department and fees as established by the Department.
  - (2) Have graduated from a practical nursing education program approved by the Department or have been granted a certificate of completion of pre-licensure requirements from another United States jurisdiction.
  - (3) Successfully complete a licensure examination approved by the Department.
  - (4) Have not violated the provisions of this Act concerning the grounds for disciplinary action. The Department may take into consideration any felony conviction of the applicant, but such a conviction shall not operate as an absolute bar to licensure.
  - (5) Submit to the criminal history records check required under Section 50-35 of this Act.
  - (6) Submit either to the Department or its designated testing service, a fee covering the cost of providing the examination. Failure to appear for the examination on the scheduled date at the time and place specified after the

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applicant's application for examination has been received and acknowledged by the Department or the designated testing service shall result in the forfeiture of the examination fee.

(7) Meet all other requirements established by rule.

An applicant for licensure by examination may take the Department-approved examination in another jurisdiction.

(b-5) If an applicant who graduates from an approved program does not apply to take the examination for a license within 6 months and successfully complete the examination within 12 months after graduation in this State or another jurisdiction, he or she must enroll in and successfully complete a Board-approved licensure examination preparatory course. The applicant is responsible for all costs associated with the course and may not use State or federal financial aid for such costs. The Board shall by rule establish guidelines for licensure examination preparatory courses. An applicant may sit for the National Council Licensure Examination for Practical Nurses (NCLEX-PN) a maximum of 6 times. If not successful, the applicant must enroll in and complete an approved practical nursing education program prior to submitting an additional application for the licensure exam for licensure by examination neglects, fails, or refuses to take examination or fails to pass an examination for a license under this Act within 3 years after filing the application, the application shall be denied. The applicant must enroll in and

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to submitting an additional application for the licensure exam.

applicant may take and successfully complete Department-approved examination in another jurisdiction. However, an applicant who has never been licensed previously in jurisdiction utilizes that а Department-approved examination and who has taken and failed to pass examination within 12 months <del>3 years</del> after filing the application must submit proof of successful completion of a Department-authorized nursing education program or recompletion of an approved licensed practical nursing program prior to re-application.

- (c) (Blank) An applicant for licensure by examination shall have one year from the date of notification of successful completion of the examination to apply to the Department for a license. If an applicant fails to apply within one year, the applicant shall be required to retake and pass the examination unless licensed in another jurisdiction of the United States.
- (d) A licensed practical nurse applicant who passes the Department-approved licensure examination and has applied to the Department for licensure may obtain employment as a license-pending practical nurse and practice as delegated by a registered professional nurse or an advanced practice nurse or physician. An individual may be employed as a license-pending practical nurse if all of the following criteria are met:
  - (1) He or she has completed and passed the

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2	employer	the	offic	ial	writte	en no	tific	ation	inc	dicat	ing
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- (2) He or she has completed and submitted to the Department an application for licensure under this Section as a practical nurse.
  - (3) He or she has submitted the required licensure fee.
- (4) He or she has met all other requirements established by rule, including having submitted to a criminal history records check.
- (e) The privilege to practice as a license-pending practical nurse shall terminate with the occurrence of any of the following:
  - (1) Three months have passed since the official date of passing the licensure exam as inscribed on the formal written notification indicating passage of the exam. This 3-month period may be extended as determined by rule.
  - (2) Receipt of the practical nurse license from the Department.
  - (3) Notification from the Department that the application for licensure has been denied.
  - (4) A request by the Department that the individual terminate practicing as a license-pending practical nurse until an official decision is made by the Department to grant or deny a practical nurse license.
- (f) An applicant for licensure by endorsement who is a

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- licensed practical nurse licensed by examination under the laws of another state or territory of the United States or a foreign country, jurisdiction, territory, or province must do each of the following:
- 5 (1) Submit a completed written application, on forms 6 supplied by the Department, and fees as established by the 7 Department.
  - (2) Have graduated from a practical nursing education program approved by the Department.
  - (3) Submit verification of licensure status directly from the United States jurisdiction of licensure, if applicable, as defined by rule.
  - (4) Submit to the criminal history records check required under Section 50-35 of this Act.
  - (5) Meet all other requirements as established by the Department by rule.
  - examination or endorsement who are graduates of nursing educational programs in a country other than the United States or its territories shall have their nursing education credentials evaluated by a Department-approved nursing credentialing evaluation service. No such applicant may be issued a license under this Act unless the applicant's program is deemed by the nursing credentialing evaluation service to be equivalent to a professional nursing education program approved by the Department. An applicant who has graduated from

a nursing educational program outside of the United States or its territories and whose first language is not English shall submit certification of passage of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL), as defined by rule. The Department may, upon recommendation from the nursing evaluation service, waive the requirement that the applicant pass the TOEFL examination if the applicant submits verification of the successful completion of a nursing education program conducted in English. The requirements of this subsection (d) may be satisfied by the showing of proof of a certificate from the Certificate Program or the VisaScreen Program of the Commission on Graduates of Foreign Nursing Schools.

(h) (Blank) An applicant licensed in another state or territory who is applying for licensure and has received her or his education in a country other than the United States or its territories shall have her or his nursing education credentials evaluated by a Department approved nursing credentialing evaluation service. No such applicant may be issued a license under this Act unless the applicant's program is deemed by the nursing credentialing evaluation service to be equivalent to a professional nursing education program approved by the Department. An applicant who has graduated from a nursing educational program outside of the United States or its territories and whose first language is not English shall submit certification of passage of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL), as defined by rule. The Department

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may, upon recommendation from the nursing evaluation service, waive the requirement that the applicant pass the TOEFL examination if the applicant submits verification of the successful completion of a nursing education program conducted in English or the successful passage of an approved licensing examination given in English. The requirements of this subsection (d 5) may be satisfied by the showing of proof of a certificate from the Certificate Program or the VisaScreen Program of the Commission on Graduates of Foreign Nursing Schools.

(i) A licensed practical nurse who holds an unencumbered license in good standing in another United States jurisdiction and who has applied for practical nurse licensure under this Act by endorsement may be issued a temporary license, if satisfactory proof of such licensure in another jurisdiction is presented to the Department. The Department shall not issue an applicant a temporary practical nurse license until it is satisfied that the applicant holds an active, unencumbered license in good standing in another jurisdiction. If the applicant holds more than one current active license or one or more active temporary licenses from another jurisdiction, the Department may not issue a temporary license until the Department is satisfied that each current active license held by the applicant is unencumbered. The temporary license, which shall be issued no later than 14 working days following receipt by the Department of an application for the temporary license,

- shall be granted upon the submission of all of the following to the Department:
  - (1) A completed application for licensure as a practical nurse.
    - (2) Proof of a current, active license in at least one other jurisdiction of the United States and proof that each current active license or temporary license held by the applicant within the last 5 years is unencumbered.
    - (3) A signed and completed application for a temporary license.
      - (4) The required temporary license fee.
    - (j) The Department may refuse to issue an applicant a temporary license authorized pursuant to this Section if, within 14 working days following its receipt of an application for a temporary license, the Department determines that:
      - (1) the applicant has been convicted of a crime under the laws of a jurisdiction of the United States that is:(i) a felony; or (ii) a misdemeanor directly related to the practice of the profession, within the last 5 years;
      - (2) the applicant has had a license or permit related to the practice of practical nursing revoked, suspended, or placed on probation by another jurisdiction within the last 5 years and at least one of the grounds for revoking, suspending, or placing on probation is the same or substantially equivalent to grounds in Illinois; or
        - (3) the Department intends to deny licensure by

1 endorsement.

- (k) The Department may revoke a temporary license issued pursuant to this Section if it determines any of the following:
  - (1) That the applicant has been convicted of a crime under the law of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor directly related to the practice of the profession, within the last 5 years.
  - (2) That within the last 5 years the applicant has had a license or permit related to the practice of nursing revoked, suspended, or placed on probation by another jurisdiction, and at least one of the grounds for revoking, suspending, or placing on probation is the same or substantially equivalent to grounds for disciplinary action under this Act.
  - (3) That the Department intends to deny licensure by endorsement.
- (1) A temporary license shall expire 6 months from the date of issuance. Further renewal may be granted by the Department in hardship cases, as defined by rule and upon approval of the Secretary. However, a temporary license shall automatically expire upon issuance of a valid license under this Act or upon notification that the Department intends to deny licensure, whichever occurs first.
- (m) All applicants for practical nurse licensure have 3 years from the date of application to complete the application process. If the process has not been completed within 3 years

- 1 from the date of application, the application shall be denied,
- 2 the fee forfeited, and the applicant must reapply and meet the
- 3 requirements in effect at the time of reapplication.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 94-352, eff. 7-28-05; 94-932, eff. 1-1-07;
- 5 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 6 (225 ILCS 65/55-30)
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 8 Sec. 55-30. LPN scope of practice.
- 9 (a) Practice as a licensed practical nurse means a scope of
  10 basic nursing practice, with or without compensation, as
  11 overseen delegated by a registered professional nurse or an
  12 advanced practice registered nurse or as directed by a
  13 physician assistant, physician, dentist, or podiatric
  14 physician, and includes, but is not limited to, all of the
- 15 following:
- 16 (1) Collecting data and <u>focused assessments</u>
  17 <del>collaborating in the assessment</del> of the health status of a
  18 patient.
- 19 (2) Collaborating in the development and modification 20 of the registered professional nurse's or advanced 21 practice nurse's comprehensive nursing plan of care for all 22 types of patients.
- 23 (3) Implementing aspects of the plan of care <del>as</del> 24 <del>delegated</del>.
- 25 (4) Participating in health teaching and counseling to

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- promote, attain, and maintain the optimum health level of patients, as delegated.
  - (5) Serving as an advocate for the patient by communicating and collaborating with other health service personnel, as delegated.
  - (6) Participating in the evaluation of patient responses to interventions.
    - (7) Communicating and collaborating with other health care professionals as delegated.
- 10 (8) Providing input into the development of policies
  11 and procedures to support patient safety.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 98-214, eff. 8-9-13.)
- 13 (225 ILCS 65/55-35)
- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 15 Sec. 55-35. Continuing education for LPN licensees. The 16 Department shall may adopt rules of continuing education for licensed practical nurses that require 20 hours of continuing 17 education per 2-year license renewal cycle. The rules shall 18 address variances in part or in whole for good cause, including 19 20 without limitation illness or hardship. The continuing 21 education rules must ensure that licensees are given the 22 opportunity to participate in programs sponsored by or through their State or national professional associations, hospitals, 23 24 or other providers of continuing education. Each licensee is 25 responsible for maintaining records of completion

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- 1 continuing education and shall be prepared to produce the
- 2 records when requested by the Department.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 4 (225 ILCS 65/60-5)
- 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- Sec. 60-5. RN education program requirements; out-of-State programs.
  - (a) All registered professional nurse education programs must be reviewed by the Board and approved by the Department before the successful completion of such a program may be applied toward meeting the requirements for registered professional nurse licensure under this Act. Any program changing the level of educational preparation or the relationship with or to the parent institution or establishing an extension of an existing program must request a review by the Board and approval by the Department. The Board shall review and make a recommendation for the approval or disapproval of a program by the Department based on the following criteria:
    - (1) a feasibility study that describes the need for the program and the facilities used, the potential of the program to recruit faculty and students, financial support for the program, and other criteria, as established by rule;
    - (2) program curriculum that meets all State

- (3) the administration of the program by a Nurse Administrator and the involvement of a Nurse Administrator in the development of the program; and
  - (4) the occurrence of a site visit prior to approval; -
- (5) effective December 31, 2022, obtaining and maintaining programmatic accreditation by a national accrediting body for nursing education recognized by the United States Department of Education and approved by the Board of Nursing; and
- (6) the Board of Nursing shall be notified within 30 days should the program lose its accreditation. The Board shall determine a process for warnings and adopts rules for reaccreditation.
- (b) In order to obtain initial Department approval and to maintain Department approval, a registered professional nursing program must meet all of the following requirements:
  - (1) The institution responsible for conducting the program and the Nurse Administrator must ensure that individual faculty members are academically and professionally competent.
  - (2) The program curriculum must contain all applicable requirements established by rule, including both theory and clinical components.
  - (3) The passage rates of the program's graduating classes on the State-approved licensure exam must be deemed

1 satisfactory by the Department.

- (c) Program site visits to an institution conducting or hosting a professional nursing program may be made at the discretion of the Nursing Coordinator or upon recommendation of the Board. Full routine site visits shall be conducted by the Department for periodic evaluation. The visits shall be used to determine compliance with this Act. Full routine site visits must be announced and may be waived at the discretion of the Department if the program maintains accreditation with the Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing (ACEN) National League for Nursing Accrediting Commission (NLNAC) or the Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education (CCNE).
- (d) Any institution conducting a registered professional nursing program that wishes to discontinue the program must do each of the following:
  - (1) Notify the Department, in writing, of its intent to discontinue the program.
  - (2) Continue to meet the requirements of this Act and the rules adopted thereunder until the official date of termination of the program.
  - (3) Notify the Department of the date on which the last student shall graduate from the program and the program shall terminate.
  - (4) Assist remaining students in the continuation of their education in the event of program termination prior to the graduation of the program's final student.

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- 1 (5) Upon the closure of the program, notify the
  2 Department, in writing, of the location of student and
  3 graduate records' storage.
  - (e) Out-of-State registered professional nursing education programs planning to offer clinical practice experiences in this State must meet the requirements set forth in this Section and must meet the clinical and faculty requirements for institutions outside of this State, as established by rule. The institution responsible for conducting an out-of-State registered professional nursing education program and the administrator of the program shall be responsible for ensuring that the individual faculty and preceptors overseeing the clinical experience are academically and professionally competent.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 16 (225 ILCS 65/60-10)
- 17 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 18 Sec. 60-10. Qualifications for RN licensure.
- 19 (a) Each applicant who successfully meets the requirements 20 of this Section shall be entitled to licensure as a registered 21 professional nurse.
- 22 (b) An applicant for licensure by examination to practice 23 as a registered professional nurse must do each of the
- 24 following:
- 25 (1) Submit a completed written application, on forms

provided by the Department, and fees, as established by the
Department.

- (2) Have graduated from a professional nursing education program approved by the Department or have been granted a certificate of completion of pre-licensure requirements from another United States jurisdiction.
- (3) Successfully complete a licensure examination approved by the Department.
- (4) Have not violated the provisions of this Act concerning the grounds for disciplinary action. The Department may take into consideration any felony conviction of the applicant, but such a conviction may not operate as an absolute bar to licensure.
- (5) Submit to the criminal history records check required under Section 50-35 of this Act.
- (6) Submit, either to the Department or its designated testing service, a fee covering the cost of providing the examination. Failure to appear for the examination on the scheduled date at the time and place specified after the applicant's application for examination has been received and acknowledged by the Department or the designated testing service shall result in the forfeiture of the examination fee.
- (7) Meet all other requirements established by the Department by rule. An applicant for licensure by examination may take the Department-approved examination

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in another jurisdiction. 1

> (b-5) If an applicant who graduates from an approved program does not apply to take the examination for a license within 6 months and successfully complete the examination within 12 months after graduation in this State or another jurisdiction, he or she must enroll in and successfully complete a Board-approved licensure examination preparatory course. The applicant is responsible for all costs associated with the course and may not use State or federal financial aid for such costs. The Board shall by rule establish guidelines for licensure examination preparatory courses. An applicant may sit for the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses (NCLEX-RN) a maximum of 6 times. If not successful, the applicant must enroll in and complete an approved practical nursing education program prior to submitting an additional application for the licensure exam for licensure by examination neglects, fails, or refuses to take an examination or fails to pass an examination for a license within 3 years after filing the application, the application shall be denied. The applicant may make a new application accompanied by the required fee, evidence of meeting the requirements in force at the time of the new application, proof of the successful completion of at least years of professional nursing education.

> An applicant may take and successfully complete a Department-approved examination in another jurisdiction. An

- applicant who has never been licensed previously in any jurisdiction that utilizes a Department-approved examination and who has taken and failed to pass the examination within 12 months after filing the application must submit proof of successful completion of a Department-authorized nursing education program or recompletion of an approved licensed practical nursing program prior to re-application.
- (c) (Blank) An applicant for licensure by examination shall have one year after the date of notification of the successful completion of the examination to apply to the Department for a license. If an applicant fails to apply within one year, the applicant shall be required to retake and pass the examination unless licensed in another jurisdiction of the United States.
- (d) An applicant for licensure by examination who passes the Department-approved licensure examination for professional nursing may obtain employment as a license-pending registered nurse and practice under the direction of a registered professional nurse or an advanced practice nurse until such time as he or she receives his or her license to practice or until the license is denied. In no instance shall any such applicant practice or be employed in any management capacity. An individual may be employed as a license-pending registered nurse if all of the following criteria are met:
  - (1) He or she has completed and passed the Department-approved licensure exam and presents to the employer the official written notification indicating

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- 1 successful passage of the licensure examination.
- 2 (2) He or she has completed and submitted to the 3 Department an application for licensure under this Section 4 as a registered professional nurse.
  - (3) He or she has submitted the required licensure fee.
  - (4) He or she has met all other requirements established by rule, including having submitted to a criminal history records check.
  - (e) The privilege to practice as a license-pending registered nurse shall terminate with the occurrence of any of the following:
    - (1) Three months have passed since the official date of passing the licensure exam as inscribed on the formal written notification indicating passage of the exam. The 3-month license pending period may be extended if more time is needed by the Department to process the licensure application.
    - (2) Receipt of the registered professional nurse license from the Department.
    - (3) Notification from the Department that the application for licensure has been refused.
    - (4) A request by the Department that the individual terminate practicing as a license-pending registered nurse until an official decision is made by the Department to grant or deny a registered professional nurse license.
  - (f) An applicant for registered professional nurse

- licensure by endorsement who is a registered professional nurse licensed by examination under the laws of another state or territory of the United States must do each of the following:
  - (1) Submit a completed written application, on forms supplied by the Department, and fees as established by the Department.
  - (2) Have graduated from a registered professional nursing education program approved by the Department.
  - (3) Submit verification of licensure status directly from the United States jurisdiction of licensure, if applicable, as defined by rule.
  - (4) Submit to the criminal history records check required under Section 50-35 of this Act.
    - (5) Meet all other requirements as established by the Department by rule.
  - (g) Pending the issuance of a license under this Section, the Department may grant an applicant a temporary license to practice nursing as a registered professional nurse if the Department is satisfied that the applicant holds an active, unencumbered license in good standing in another U.S. jurisdiction. If the applicant holds more than one current active license or one or more active temporary licenses from another jurisdiction, the Department may not issue a temporary license until the Department is satisfied that each current active license held by the applicant is unencumbered. The temporary license, which shall be issued no later than 14

- working days after receipt by the Department of an application for the temporary license, shall be granted upon the submission of all of the following to the Department:
  - (1) A completed application for licensure as a registered professional nurse.
    - (2) Proof of a current, active license in at least one other jurisdiction of the United States and proof that each current active license or temporary license held by the applicant within the last 5 years is unencumbered.
      - (3) A completed application for a temporary license.
      - (4) The required temporary license fee.
  - (h) The Department may refuse to issue an applicant a temporary license authorized pursuant to this Section if, within 14 working days after its receipt of an application for a temporary license, the Department determines that:
    - (1) the applicant has been convicted of a crime under the laws of a jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor directly related to the practice of the profession, within the last 5 years;
    - (2) the applicant has had a license or permit related to the practice of nursing revoked, suspended, or placed on probation by another jurisdiction within the last 5 years, if at least one of the grounds for revoking, suspending, or placing on probation is the same or substantially equivalent to grounds for disciplinary action under this Act; or

- 1 (3) the Department intends to deny licensure by endorsement.
  - (i) The Department may revoke a temporary license issued pursuant to this Section if it determines any of the following:
    - (1) That the applicant has been convicted of a crime under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor directly related to the practice of the profession, within the last 5 years.
    - (2) That within the last 5 years, the applicant has had a license or permit related to the practice of nursing revoked, suspended, or placed on probation by another jurisdiction, if at least one of the grounds for revoking, suspending, or placing on probation is the same or substantially equivalent to grounds for disciplinary action under this Act.
      - (3) That it intends to deny licensure by endorsement.
  - (j) A temporary license issued under this Section shall expire 6 months after the date of issuance. Further renewal may be granted by the Department in hardship cases, as defined by rule and upon approval of the Secretary. However, a temporary license shall automatically expire upon issuance of the Illinois license or upon notification that the Department intends to deny licensure, whichever occurs first.
  - (k) All applicants for registered professional nurse licensure have 3 years after the date of application to complete the application process. If the process has not been

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completed within 3 years after the date of application, the application shall be denied, the fee forfeited, and the applicant must reapply and meet the requirements in effect at the time of reapplication.

(1) All applicants for registered nurse licensure by examination or endorsement who are graduates of practical nursing educational programs in a country other than the United States and its territories shall have their nursing education credentials evaluated by a Department-approved nursing credentialing evaluation service. No such applicant may be issued a license under this Act unless the applicant's program is deemed by the nursing credentialing evaluation service to be equivalent to a professional nursing education program approved by the Department. An applicant who has graduated from a nursing educational program outside of the United States or its territories and whose first language is not English shall submit certification of passage of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL), as defined by rule. The Department may, upon recommendation from the nursing evaluation service, waive the requirement that the applicant pass the TOEFL examination if the applicant submits verification of the successful completion of a nursing education program conducted in English. The requirements of this subsection (1) may be satisfied by the showing of proof of a certificate from the Certificate Program or the VisaScreen Program of the Commission on Graduates of Foreign Nursing Schools.

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(m) An applicant licensed in another state or territory who is applying for licensure and has received her or his education in a country other than the United States or its territories shall have her or his nursing education credentials evaluated by a Department-approved nursing credentialing evaluation service. No such applicant may be issued a license under this Act unless the applicant's program is deemed by the nursing credentialing evaluation service to be equivalent to a professional nursing education program approved by the Department. An applicant who has graduated from a nursing educational program outside of the United States or its territories and whose first language is not English shall submit certification of passage of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL), as defined by rule. The Department may, upon recommendation from the nursing evaluation service, waive the requirement that the applicant pass the TOEFL examination if the applicant submits verification of the successful completion of a nursing education program conducted in English or the successful passage of an approved licensing examination given in English. The requirements of this subsection (m) may be satisfied by the showing of proof of a certificate from the Certificate Program or the VisaScreen Program of the Commission on Graduates of Foreign Nursing Schools.

25 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)

- 1 (225 ILCS 65/60-15) (was 225 ILCS 65/10-37)
- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 3 Sec. 60-15. Registered nurse externship permit.
  - (a) The Department shall establish a program under which the Department may issue a nurse externship permit to a registered nurse who is licensed under the laws of another state or territory of the United States and who has not taken the National Council Licensure Examination (NCLEX). A nurse who is issued a permit shall be allowed to practice as a nurse extern under the direct, on-site supervision of a registered professional nurse licensed under this Act. There shall be one supervising registered professional nurse for every one nurse extern.
  - (b) An applicant shall be qualified to receive a nurse externship permit if that applicant:
    - (1) Has submitted a completed written application to the Department, on forms provided by the Department, and submitted any fees established by the Department.
    - (2) Has graduated from a professional nursing education program approved by the Department.
    - (3) Is licensed as a professional nurse in another state or territory of the United States and has submitted a verification of active and unencumbered licensure in all of the states and territories in which the applicant is licensed.
- 26 (4) Has submitted verification of an offer of

employment in Illinois as a nurse extern. The Department may prescribe the information necessary to determine if this employment meets the requirements of the permit program. This information shall include a copy of the written employment offer.

- (5) Has submitted a written statement from the applicant's prospective employer stating that the prospective employer agrees to pay the full tuition for the Bilingual Nurse Consortium course or other course approved by rule.
- (6) Has submitted proof of taking the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) with a minimum score as set by rule. Applicants with the highest TOEFL scores shall be given first consideration to entrance into an extern program.
- (7) Has submitted written verification that the applicant has been enrolled in the Bilingual Nurse Consortium course or other course approved by rule. This verification must state that the applicant shall be able to complete the course within the year for which the permit is issued.
- (8) Has agreed to submit to the Department a mid-year exam as determined by rule that demonstrates proficiency towards passing the NCLEX.
- (9) Has not violated the provisions of Section 70-5 of this Act. The Department may take into consideration any

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- felony conviction of the applicant, but such a conviction shall not operate as an absolute bar to licensure.
- 3 (10) Has met all other requirements established by rule.
  - (c) A nurse extern shall be issued no more than one permit in a lifetime. The permit shall expire one calendar year after it is issued. Before being issued a license under this Act, the nurse extern must submit proof of the successful completion of the Bilingual Nurse Consortium course or other course approved by rule and successful passage of the NCLEX. The nurse extern shall not practice autonomous, professional nursing until he or she is licensed under this Act. The nurse extern shall carry out progressive nursing skills under the direct supervision of a registered nurse licensed under this Act and shall not be employed in a supervisory capacity. The nurse extern shall work only in the sponsoring facility. A nurse extern may work for a period not to exceed one calendar year from the date of issuance of the permit or until he or she fails the NCLEX. While working as a nurse extern, the nurse extern is subject to the provisions of this Act and all rules adopted by the Department for the administration of this Act.
  - (d) The Secretary shall convene a task force to establish clinical guidelines that allow for the gradual progression of nursing skills in culturally diverse practice settings. The Nursing Act Coordinator or his or her designee shall serve as chairperson of the task force. The task force shall include,

but not be limited to, 2 representatives of the Illinois Nurses 1 2 Association, 2 representatives of the Illinois Hispanic Nurses 3 Association, a nurse engaged in nursing education who possesses a master's degree or higher, one representative from the 4 5 Humboldt Park Vocational Educational Center, 2 registered nurses from United States territories who each hold a current 6 7 State nursing license, one representative from the Chicago 8 Bilingual Nurse Consortium, and one member of the Illinois 9 Hospital Association. The task force shall complete this work 10 no longer than 4 months after convening. After the nurse 11 externship permit program has been in effect for 2 years, the 12 task force shall evaluate the effectiveness of the program and make appropriate recommendations to the Secretary. 13

- 14 (Source: P.A. 94-351, eff. 7-28-05; 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 15 (225 ILCS 65/60-35)
- 16 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)

Sec. 60-35. RN scope of practice. The RN scope of nursing 17 practice is the protection, promotion, and optimization of 18 health and abilities, the prevention of illness and injury, the 19 facilitation of healing, the alleviation of suffering through 20 21 the nursing diagnosis and treatment of human response, and 22 advocacy in the care of individuals, families, groups, 23 communities, and populations. Practice as a registered 24 professional nurse means this full scope of nursing, with or 25 without compensation, that incorporates caring for all

Т	patients in air settings, through hursing standards or practice
2	and professional performance for coordination of care, and
3	includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
4	(1) Collecting pertinent data and information relative
5	to the health care consumer's health or the situation.
6	(2) Analyzing the assessment data to determine actual
7	or potential diagnoses, problems, and issues.
8	(3) Identifying expected s for a plan individualized to
9	the health care consumer or the situation that prescribes
10	strategies to attain expected, measurable s.
11	(4) Implementing the identified plan, coordinating
12	care delivery, employing strategies to promote healthy and
13	safe environments, and administering or delegating
14	medication administration.
15	(5) Evaluating progress toward attainment of goals and
16	outcomes.
17	(6) Practicing ethically according to the ANA Code of
18	Ethics, which includes:
19	(A) Practicing compassion and respect for the
20	inherent dignity, worth, and unique attributes of
21	every person.
22	(B) Recognizing that the primary commitment is to
23	the healthcare consumer, whether an individual,
24	family, group, community, or population.
25	(C) Promoting, advocating for, and protecting the
26	rights, health, and safety of the health care consumer.

1	(D) Accepting the authority, accountability, and
2	responsibility for nursing practice.
3	(E) Rendering decisions and taking actions
4	consistent with the obligation to promote health and to
5	provide optimal care.
6	(F) Owing the same duties to self as to others,
7	including the responsibility to promote health and
8	safety, preserve wholeness of character and integrity,
9	maintain competence, and continue personal and
10	professional growth.
11	(G) Establishing, maintaining, and improving the
12	ethical environment of the work setting and conditions
13	of employment that are conducive to safe, quality
14	health care.
15	(H) In all roles and settings, advancing the
16	profession through research and scholarly inquiry,
17	professional standards development, and the generation
18	of both nursing and health policy.
19	(I) Collaborating with other health professionals
20	and the public to protect human rights, promote health
21	diplomacy, and reduce health disparities.
22	(J) Articulating nursing values, maintaining the
23	integrity of the profession, and integrating
24	principles of social justice into nursing and health
25	policy.
26	(7) Practicing in a manner that is congruent with

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following:

1	cultural diversity.
2	(8) Communicating effectively in all areas of
3	practice.
4	(9) Collaborating with health care consumers and other
5	key stakeholders in the conduct of nursing practice.
6	(10) Seeking knowledge and competence that reflects
7	current nursing practice and teaching the theory and
8	practice of nursing to nursing students.
9	(11) Leading within the professional practice setting
10	and the profession.
11	(12) Contributing to quality nursing practice.
12	(13) Integrating evidence and research findings into
13	practice.
14	(14) Evaluating one's own and others' nursing
15	practice.
16	(15) Utilizing appropriate resources to plan, provide,
17	and sustain evidence-based nursing services that are safe,
18	effective, and fiscally responsible.
19	(16) Advocating for an environmentally safe and
20	healthy manner. (a) Practice as a registered professional
21	nurse means the full scope of nursing, with or without
22	compensation, that incorporates caring for all patients in
23	all settings, through nursing standards recognized by the

Department, and includes, but is not limited to, all of the

status of patients that addresses changes to patient

2	<del>conditions.</del>
3	(2) The development of a plan of nursing care to be
4	integrated within the patient-centered health care plan
5	that establishes nursing diagnoses, and setting goals to
6	meet identified health care needs, determining nursing
7	interventions, and implementation of nursing care through
8	the execution of nursing strategies and regimens ordered or
9	prescribed by authorized healthcare professionals.
10	(3) The administration of medication or delegation of
11	medication administration to licensed practical nurses.
12	(4) Delegation of nursing interventions to implement
13	the plan of care.
14	(5) The provision for the maintenance of safe and
15	effective nursing care rendered directly or through
16	<del>delegation.</del>
17	(6) Advocating for patients.
18	(7) The evaluation of responses to interventions and
19	the effectiveness of the plan of care.
20	(8) Communicating and collaborating with other health
21	<del>care professionals.</del>
22	(9) The procurement and application of new knowledge
23	and technologies.
24	(10) The provision of health education and counseling.
25	(11) Participating in development of policies,
26	procedures, and systems to support patient safety.

- (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 2 (225 ILCS 65/65-30)
- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 4 Sec. 65-30. <u>APRN</u> APN scope of practice.
- 5 (a) Advanced practice <u>registered</u> nursing by certified
- 6 nurse practitioners, certified nurse anesthetists, certified
- 7 nurse midwives, or clinical nurse specialists is based on
- 8 knowledge and skills acquired throughout an advanced practice
- 9 <u>registered</u> nurse's nursing education, training, and
- 10 experience.
- 11 (b) Practice as an advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse means
- 12 a scope of nursing practice, with or without compensation, and
- includes the registered nurse scope of practice.
- 14 (c) The scope of practice of an advanced practice
- 15 registered nurse includes, but is not limited to, each of the
- 16 following:
- 17 (1) Advanced registered nursing patient assessment and
- 18 diagnosis.
- 19 (2) Ordering diagnostic and therapeutic tests and
- 20 procedures, performing those tests and procedures when using
- 21 health care equipment, and interpreting and using the results
- of diagnostic and therapeutic tests and procedures ordered by
- 23 the advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse or another health care
- 24 professional.
- 25 (3) Ordering treatments, ordering or applying

- 1 appropriate medical devices, and using nursing medical,
- 2 therapeutic, and corrective measures to treat illness and
- 3 improve health status.
- 4 (4) Providing palliative and end-of-life care.
- 5 (5) Providing advanced counseling, patient education,
- 6 health education, and patient advocacy.
- 7 (6) Prescriptive authority as defined in Section 65-40
- 8 of this Act.
- 9 (7) Delegating selected nursing activities or tasks to
- 10 a licensed practical nurse, a registered professional nurse, or
- 11 other personnel.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 13 (225 ILCS 65/65-35) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-15)
- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 15 Sec. 65-35. Written collaborative agreements.
- 16 (a) A written collaborative agreement is required for all
- 17 postgraduate advanced practice registered nurses until an
- 18 affidavit of completion of not less than 3,000 hours of
- 19 clinical practice with a collaborating advanced practice
- 20 registered nurse or physician has been submitted to the
- 21 Department requesting to practice without a written
- 22 collaborative agreement in accordance with Section 65-43 of
- 23 this Act engaged in clinical practice, except for advanced
- 24 practice nurses who are authorized to practice in a hospital,
- 25 hospital affiliate, or ambulatory surgical treatment center.

- (a-5) (Blank) If an advanced practice nurse engages in clinical practice outside of a hospital, hospital affiliate, or ambulatory surgical treatment center in which he or she is authorized to practice, the advanced practice nurse must have a written collaborative agreement.
- (b) A written collaborative agreement shall describe the relationship of the postgraduate advanced practice registered nurse with the collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or physician or podiatric physician and shall describe the categories of care, treatment, or procedures to be provided by the postgraduate advanced practice registered nurse. A collaborative agreement with a dentist must be in accordance with subsection (c-10) of this Section. Collaboration does not require an employment relationship between the collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or physician or podiatric physician and the postgraduate advanced practice registered nurse.

The collaborative relationship under an agreement shall not be construed to require the personal presence of a collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or physician or podiatric physician at the place where services are rendered. Methods of communication shall be available for consultation with the collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or physician or podiatric physician in person or by telecommunications or electronic communications as set forth in the written agreement.

- (b-5) Absent an employment relationship, a written collaborative agreement may not (1) restrict the categories of patients of an advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse within the scope of the advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurses training and experience, (2) limit third party payors or government health programs, such as the medical assistance program or Medicare with which the advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse contracts, or (3) limit the geographic area or practice location of the advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse in this State.
- (c) In the case of anesthesia services provided by a certified registered nurse anesthetist, an anesthesiologist, a physician, a dentist, or a podiatric physician must participate through discussion of and agreement with the anesthesia plan and remain physically present and available on the premises during the delivery of anesthesia services for diagnosis, consultation, and treatment of emergency medical conditions.
- (c-5) A certified registered nurse anesthetist, who provides anesthesia services outside of a hospital or ambulatory surgical treatment center shall enter into a written collaborative agreement with an anesthesiologist or the physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches or the podiatric physician performing the procedure. Outside of a hospital or ambulatory surgical treatment center, the certified registered nurse anesthetist may provide only those services that the collaborating podiatric physician is authorized to provide pursuant to the Podiatric Medical

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Practice Act of 1987 and rules adopted thereunder. A certified registered nurse anesthetist may select, order, and administer medication, including controlled substances, and apply appropriate medical devices for delivery of anesthesia services under the anesthesia plan agreed with by the anesthesiologist or the operating physician or operating podiatric physician.

(c-10) A certified registered nurse anesthetist provides anesthesia services in a dental office shall enter written collaborative agreement with an anesthesiologist or the physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches or the operating dentist performing the procedure. The agreement shall describe the working relationship of the certified registered nurse anesthetist and dentist and shall authorize the categories of care, treatment, or procedures to be performed by the certified registered nurse anesthetist. In a collaborating dentist's office, the certified registered nurse anesthetist may only provide those services that the operating dentist with the appropriate permit is authorized to provide pursuant to the Illinois Dental Practice Act and rules adopted thereunder. For anesthesia services, an anesthesiologist, physician, operating dentist shall participate through discussion of and agreement with the anesthesia plan and shall remain physically present and be available on the premises during the delivery of anesthesia services for diagnosis, consultation, and treatment

- of emergency medical conditions. A certified registered nurse anesthetist may select, order, and administer medication, including controlled substances, and apply appropriate medical devices for delivery of anesthesia services under the anesthesia plan agreed with by the operating dentist.
  - (d) A copy of the signed, written collaborative agreement must be available to the Department upon request from both the certified registered nurse anesthetist and postgraduate advanced practice registered nurse and the collaborating physician, dentist, or podiatric physician.
  - (e) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the delegation of tasks or duties by a physician to a licensed practical nurse, a registered professional nurse, or other persons in accordance with Section 54.2 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the method of delegation that may be authorized by any means, including, but not limited to, oral, written, electronic, standing orders, protocols, guidelines, or verbal orders. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize an advanced practice registered nurse to provide health care services required by law or rule to be performed by a physician.
  - (f) A postgraduate An advanced practice registered nurse shall inform each collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or physician, dentist, or podiatric physician of all collaborative agreements he or she has signed and provide a copy of these to any collaborating advanced practice registered

- nurse or physician, dentist, or podiatric physician upon request.
- 3 (g) (Blank).
- 4 (Source: P.A. 98-192, eff. 1-1-14; 98-214, eff. 8-9-13; 98-756,
- 5 eff. 7-16-14; 99-173, eff. 7-29-15.)
- 6 (225 ILCS 65/65-35.1)
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 8 Sec. 65-35.1. Written collaborative agreement; temporary
- 9 practice. <u>A postgraduate</u> Any advanced practice <u>registered</u>
- 10 nurse required to enter into a written collaborative agreement
- 11 with a collaborating <u>advanced practice registered nurse or</u>
- 12 collaborating physician <del>or collaborating podiatrist</del> is
- 13 authorized to continue to practice for up to 90 days after the
- 14 termination of a collaborative agreement provided the advanced
- 15 practice registered nurse seeks any needed collaboration at a
- local hospital and refers patients who require services beyond
- 17 the training and experience of the advanced practice registered
- nurse to a physician or other health care provider.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 99-173, eff. 7-29-15.)
- 20 (225 ILCS 65/65-35.2 new)
- Sec. 65-35.2. Collaborating advanced practice registered
- 22 nurse; requirements. In order to be a collaborating advanced
- 23 practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered
- 24 nurse must hold an active advanced practice registered nurse

license in the State of Illinois, must have been engaged in advanced practice nursing within the last 5 years, and must hold national certification as a nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or certified nurse midwife for no less than 5 years in the same advanced practice registered nurse specialty as the recent graduate advanced practice registered nurse with whom the collaborating advanced practice registered nurse is collaborating.

- 9 (225 ILCS 65/65-40) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-20)
- 10 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- Sec. 65-40. Written collaborative agreement; prescriptive authority for postgraduate advanced practice registered nurses.
  - (a) A collaborating <u>advanced practice registered nurse or</u> physician or <u>podiatric physician</u> may, but is not required to, delegate prescriptive authority to <u>a postgraduate an</u> advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse as part of a written collaborative agreement. This authority may, but is not required to, include prescription of, selection of, orders for, administration of, storage of, acceptance of samples of, and dispensing over the counter medications, legend drugs, medical gases, and controlled substances categorized as any Schedule III through V controlled substances, as defined in Article II of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, and other preparations, including, but not limited to, botanical and herbal remedies. The

- 1 collaborating <u>advanced practice registered nurse or physician</u>
  2 <del>or podiatric physician</del> must have a valid current Illinois
  3 controlled substance license and federal registration to
  4 delegate authority to prescribe delegated controlled
  5 substances.
  - (b) To prescribe controlled substances under this Section,

    a postgraduate an advanced practice registered nurse must
    obtain a mid-level practitioner controlled substance license.

    Medication prescriptions and orders shall be reviewed
    periodically by the collaborating advanced practice registered
    nurse or physician or podiatric physician.
  - or physician or podiatric physician shall file with the Department notice of delegation of prescriptive authority and termination of such delegation, in accordance with rules of the Department. Upon receipt of this notice delegating authority to prescribe any Schedule III through V controlled substances, the licensed postgraduate advanced practice registered nurse shall be eligible to register for a mid-level practitioner controlled substance license under Section 303.05 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
  - (c-5) A hospital, hospital affiliate, or ambulatory surgical treatment center shall file with the Department notice of a grant of prescriptive authority consistent with this subsection and termination of such a grant of authority in accordance with rules of the Department. Upon receipt of this

- notice of grant of authority to prescribe any Schedule II through V controlled substances, the licensed postgraduate advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist may register for a mid-level practitioner controlled substance license under Section 303.05 of the Illinois Controlled Substance Act.
- (d) In addition to the requirements of subsections (a), (b), and (c), and (c-5) of this Section, a collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or physician or podiatric physician may, but is not required to, delegate authority to a postgraduate an advanced practice registered nurse to prescribe any Schedule II controlled substances, if all of the following conditions apply:
  - (1) Specific Schedule II controlled substances by oral dosage or topical or transdermal application may be delegated, provided that the delegated Schedule II controlled substances are routinely prescribed by the collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or physician or podiatric physician. This delegation must identify the specific Schedule II controlled substances by either brand name or generic name. Schedule II controlled substances to be delivered by injection or other route of administration may not be delegated.
  - (2) Any delegation must be controlled substances that the collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or

physician or podiatric physician prescribes.

- (3) Any prescription must be limited to no more than a 30-day supply, with any continuation authorized only after prior approval of the collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or physician or podiatric physician.
- (4) The advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse must discuss the condition of any patients for whom a controlled substance is prescribed monthly with the delegating <u>advanced practice registered nurse or physician</u>.
- (5) The <u>postgraduate</u> advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse meets the education requirements of Section 303.05 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- (e) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the delegation of tasks or duties by a physician to a licensed practical nurse, a registered professional nurse, or other persons. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the method of delegation that may be authorized by any means, including, but not limited to, oral, written, electronic, standing orders, protocols, guidelines, or verbal orders.
- (f) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to apply to any medication authority including Schedule II controlled substances of an advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse for care provided in a hospital, hospital affiliate, or ambulatory surgical treatment center pursuant to Section 65-45.
- (g) Any postgraduate advanced practice registered nurse who writes a prescription for a controlled substance without

- 1 having a valid appropriate authority may be fined by the
- 2 Department not more than \$50 per prescription, and the
- 3 Department may take any other disciplinary action provided for
- 4 in this Act.

- 5 (h) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit
- 6 generic substitution.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 97-358, eff. 8-12-11; 98-214, eff. 8-9-13.)
- 8 (225 ILCS 65/65-43 new)
- 9 Sec. 65-43. Full practice authority.
- 10 (a) "Full practice authority" means the authority of an 11 advanced practice registered nurse licensed in Illinois and
- 12 certified as a nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist,
- 13 or nurse midwife to practice without a written collaborative
- agreement and be fully accountable: (1) to patients for the 14
- 15 quality of advanced nursing care rendered, (2) for recognizing
- 16 limits of knowledge and experience, and (3) for planning for
- the management of situations beyond the advanced practice 17
- registered nurse's expertise. "Full practice authority" includes accepting referrals from, consulting with, 19
- 20 collaborating with, or referring to other health care
- 21 professionals as warranted by the needs of the patient and
- 22 possessing the authority to prescribe all medications and
- 23 orders for, administration of, storage of, acceptance of
- samples of, and dispensing over the counter medications, legend 24
- drugs, medical gases, and controlled substances categorized as 25

1	any Schedule II through V controlled substances, as defined in
2	Article II of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, and other
3	preparations, including, but not limited to, botanical and
4	herbal remedies.
5	(b) To be granted full practice authority as an advanced
6	practice registered nurse, the advanced practice registered
7	<pre>nurse must:</pre>
8	(1) submit proof of an unencumbered Illinois license as
9	an advanced practice registered nurse to the Department;
10	(2) submit proof of national certification as a nurse
11	practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or certified
12	nurse midwife to the Department;
13	(3) submit an affidavit of completion of no less than
14	3,000 hours of clinical practice with, and signed by, the
15	collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or
16	physician; and
17	(4) meet the education requirements of Section 303.05
18	of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
19	(225 ILCS 65/65-45) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-25)
20	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
21	Sec. 65-45. Anesthesia services and advanced Advanced
22	practice registered nursing practice in hospitals, hospital
23	affiliates, or ambulatory surgical treatment centers.
24	(a) (Blank) An advanced practice nurse may provide services

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defined in the Hospital Licensing Act or the University of Illinois Hospital Act or a licensed ambulatory surgical treatment center without a written collaborative agreement pursuant to Section 65-35 of this Act. An advanced practice nurse must possess clinical privileges recommended by the hospital medical staff and granted by the hospital or the consulting medical staff committee and ambulatory surgical treatment center in order to provide services. The medical staff or consulting medical staff committee shall periodically review the services of advanced practice nurses granted clinical privileges, including any care provided in a hospital affiliate. Authority may also be granted when recommended by the hospital medical staff and granted by the hospital recommended by the consulting medical staff committee and ambulatory surgical treatment center to individual advanced practice nurses to select, order, and administer medications, including controlled substances, to provide delineated care. In a hospital, hospital affiliate, or ambulatory surgical treatment center, the attending physician shall determine an advanced practice nurse's role in providing care for his or her patients, except as otherwise provided in the medical staff bylaws or consulting committee policies.

(a-2) (Blank) An advanced practice nurse granted authority to order medications including controlled substances may complete discharge prescriptions provided the prescription is in the name of the advanced practice nurse and the attending or

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discharging physician.

- (a-3) (Blank) Advanced practice nurses practicing in a hospital or an ambulatory surgical treatment center are not required to obtain a mid-level controlled substance license to order controlled substances under Section 303.05 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- (a-5) For anesthesia services provided by a certified registered nurse anesthetist, an anesthesiologist, physician, dentist, or podiatric physician shall participate through discussion of and agreement with the anesthesia plan and shall remain physically present and be available on the premises during the delivery of anesthesia services for diagnosis, consultation, and treatment of emergency medical conditions, unless hospital policy adopted pursuant to clause (B) of subdivision (3) of Section 10.7 of the Hospital Licensing Act ambulatory surgical treatment center policy adopted pursuant to clause (B) of subdivision (3) of Section 6.5 of the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act provides otherwise. A certified registered nurse anesthetist may select, order, and administer medication for anesthesia services under the anesthesia plan agreed to by the anesthesiologist or the physician, in accordance with hospital alternative policy or the medical staff consulting committee policies of a licensed ambulatory surgical treatment center.
- (b) An advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse who provides services in a hospital shall do so in accordance with Section

10.7 of the Hospital Licensing Act and, in an ambulatory

2 surgical treatment center, in accordance with Section 6.5 of

3 the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act.

(c) (Blank) Advanced practice nurses certified as nurse practitioners, nurse midwives, or clinical nurse specialists practicing in a hospital affiliate may be, but are not required to be, granted authority to prescribe Schedule II through V controlled substances when such authority is recommended by the appropriate physician committee of the hospital affiliate and granted by the hospital affiliate. This authority may, but is not required to, include prescription of, selection of, orders for, administration of, storage of, acceptance of samples of, and dispensing over-the-counter medications, legend drugs, medical gases, and controlled substances categorized as Schedule II through V controlled substances, as defined in Article II of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, and other preparations, including, but not limited to, botanical and herbal remedies.

To prescribe controlled substances under this subsection (e), an advanced practice nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist must obtain a mid-level practitioner controlled substance license. Medication orders shall be reviewed periodically by the appropriate hospital affiliate physicians committee or its physician designee.

The hospital affiliate shall file with the Department

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notice of a grant of prescriptive authority consistent with this subsection (c) and termination of such a grant of authority, in accordance with rules of the Department. Upon receipt of this notice of grant of authority to prescribe any Schedule II through V controlled substances, the licensed advanced practice nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist may register for a mid level practitioner controlled substance license under Section 303.05 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.

In addition, a hospital affiliate may, but is not required to, grant authority to an advanced practice nurse certified as nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist to prescribe any Schedule II controlled substances, if all of the following conditions apply:

(1) specific Schedule II controlled substances by oral dosage or topical or transdermal application may be designated, provided that the designated Schedule II controlled substances are routinely prescribed by advanced practice nurses in their area of certification; this grant of authority must identify the specific Schedule II controlled substances by either brand name or generic name; authority to prescribe or dispense Schedule II controlled substances to be delivered by injection or other route of administration may not be granted;

(2) any grant of authority must be controlled substances limited to the practice of the advanced practice

1 nurse; (3) any prescription must be limited to no more than a 2 3 30-day supply; (4) the advanced practice nurse must discuss 4 5 condition of any patients for whom a controlled substance 6 prescribed monthly with the appropriate physician 7 committee of the hospital affiliate 8 designee; and 9 (5) the advanced practice nurse must meet the education 10 requirements of Section 303.05 of the Illinois 11 Substances Act. 12 (Source: P.A. 98-214, eff. 8-9-13; 99-173, eff. 7-29-15.) (225 ILCS 65/65-50) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-30) 1.3 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018) 15 Sec. 65-50. APRN APN title. 16 (a) No person shall use any words, abbreviations, figures, letters, title, sign, card, or device tending to imply that he 17 18 or she is an advanced practice registered nurse, including, but not limited to, using the titles or initials "Advanced Practice 19 Registered Nurse", "Advanced Practice Nurse", "Certified Nurse 20 21 Midwife", "Certified Nurse Practitioner", "Certified 22 Registered Nurse Anesthetist", "Clinical Nurse Specialist", "A.P.N.", "C.N.M.", "C.N.P.", "C.R.N.A.", 23 "A.P.R.N.", 24 "C.N.S.", or similar titles or initials, with the intention of 25 indicating practice as an advanced practice registered nurse

- 1 without meeting the requirements of this Act.
- 2 (b) No advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse shall indicate to
- 3 other persons that he or she is qualified to engage in the
- 4 practice of medicine.
- 5 (c) An advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse shall verbally
- 6 identify himself or herself as an advanced practice <u>registered</u>
- 7 nurse, including specialty certification, to each patient.
- 8 (d) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to relieve an
- 9 advanced practice registered nurse of the professional or legal
- 10 responsibility for the care and treatment of persons attended
- 11 by him or her.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 13 (225 ILCS 65/65-55) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-40)
- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 15 Sec. 65-55. Advertising as an APRN APN.
- 16 (a) A person licensed under this Act as an advanced
- 17 practice registered nurse may advertise the availability of
- 18 professional services in the public media or on the premises
- 19 where the professional services are rendered. The advertising
- shall be limited to the following information:
- 21 (1) publication of the person's name, title, office
- hours, address, and telephone number;
- 23 (2) information pertaining to the person's areas of
- specialization, including, but not limited to, appropriate
- 25 board certification or limitation of professional

1 practice;

- (3) publication of the person's collaborating physician's, dentist's, or podiatric physician's name, title, and areas of specialization;
  - (4) information on usual and customary fees for routine professional services offered, which shall include notification that fees may be adjusted due to complications or unforeseen circumstances;
  - (5) announcements of the opening of, change of, absence from, or return to business;
  - (6) announcement of additions to or deletions from professional licensed staff; and
    - (7) the issuance of business or appointment cards.
- (b) It is unlawful for a person licensed under this Act as an advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse to use testimonials or claims of superior quality of care to entice the public. It shall be unlawful to advertise fee comparisons of available services with those of other licensed persons.
- (c) This Article does not authorize the advertising of professional services that the offeror of the services is not licensed or authorized to render. Nor shall the advertiser use statements that contain false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading material or guarantees of success, statements that play upon the vanity or fears of the public, or statements that promote or produce unfair competition.
  - (d) It is unlawful and punishable under the penalty

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to knowingly advertise that the licensee will accept as payment
for services rendered by assignment from any third party payor
the amount the third party payor covers as payment in full, if

provisions of this Act for a person licensed under this Article

- 5 the effect is to give the impression of eliminating the need of
- 6 payment by the patient of any required deductible or copayment
- 7 applicable in the patient's health benefit plan.
- 8 (e) A licensee shall include in every advertisement for 9 services regulated under this Act his or her title as it 10 appears on the license or the initials authorized under this 11 Act.
- (f) As used in this Section, "advertise" means solicitation by the licensee or through another person or entity by means of handbills, posters, circulars, motion pictures, radio,
- 16 (Source: P.A. 98-214, eff. 8-9-13.)
- 17 (225 ILCS 65/65-60) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-45)

newspapers, or television or any other manner.

- 18 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- Sec. 65-60. Continuing education. The Department shall adopt rules of continuing education for persons licensed under this Article that require 50 hours of continuing education per 2-year license renewal cycle, 20 hours of which shall be pharmacology. Of the 20 pharmacology hours, 10 shall be regarding Schedule II controlled substances. Completion of the 50 hours of continuing education shall be deemed to satisfy the

continuing education requirements for renewal of an advanced 1 2 practice a registered professional nurse license as required by this Act. The rules shall not be inconsistent with requirements 3 of relevant national certifying bodies or State or national 5 professional associations. The rules shall also address 6 variances in part or in whole for good cause, including, but 7 not, limited to illness or hardship. The continuing education 8 rules shall assure that licensees are given the opportunity to 9 participate in programs sponsored by or through their State or 10 national professional associations, hospitals, or other 11 providers of continuing education. Each licensee is 12 responsible for maintaining records of completion of continuing education and shall be prepared to produce the 13 14 records when requested by the Department.

- 15 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)
- 16 (225 ILCS 65/65-65) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-55)
- 17 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 18 Sec. 65-65. Reports relating to <u>APRN</u> professional conduct and capacity.
- 20 (a) Entities Required to Report.

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(1) Health Care Institutions. The chief administrator or executive officer of a health care institution licensed by the Department of Public Health, which provides the minimum due process set forth in Section 10.4 of the Hospital Licensing Act, shall report to the Board when an

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nurse's advanced practice registered organized professional staff clinical privileges are terminated or restricted based on a final determination, accordance with that institution's bylaws or rules and regulations, that (i) a person has either committed an act or acts that may directly threaten patient care and that are not of an administrative nature or (ii) that a person may have a mental or physical disability that may endanger patients under that person's care. The chief administrator or officer shall also report if an advanced practice registered accepts voluntary termination nurse restriction of clinical privileges in lieu of formal action based upon conduct related directly to patient care and not of an administrative nature, or in lieu of formal action seeking to determine whether a person may have a mental or physical disability that may endanger patients under that person's care. The Board shall provide by rule for the reporting to it of all instances in which a person licensed under this Article, who is impaired by reason of age, drug, or alcohol abuse or physical or mental impairment, is under supervision and, where appropriate, is in a program of rehabilitation. Reports submitted under this subsection shall be strictly confidential and may be reviewed and considered only by the members of the Board or authorized staff as provided by rule of the Board. Provisions shall be made for the periodic report of the status of any such

reported person not less than twice annually in order that the Board shall have current information upon which to determine the status of that person. Initial and periodic reports of impaired advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurses shall not be considered records within the meaning of the State Records Act and shall be disposed of, following a determination by the Board that such reports are no longer required, in a manner and at an appropriate time as the Board shall determine by rule. The filing of reports submitted under this subsection shall be construed as the filing of a report for purposes of subsection (c) of this Section.

- (2) Professional Associations. The President or chief executive officer of an association or society of persons licensed under this Article, operating within this State, shall report to the Board when the association or society renders a final determination that a person licensed under this Article has committed unprofessional conduct related directly to patient care or that a person may have a mental or physical disability that may endanger patients under the person's care.
- (3) Professional Liability Insurers. Every insurance company that offers policies of professional liability insurance to persons licensed under this Article, or any other entity that seeks to indemnify the professional liability of a person licensed under this Article, shall

report to the Board the settlement of any claim or cause of action, or final judgment rendered in any cause of action, that alleged negligence in the furnishing of patient care by the licensee when the settlement or final judgment is in favor of the plaintiff.

- (4) State's Attorneys. The State's Attorney of each county shall report to the Board all instances in which a person licensed under this Article is convicted or otherwise found guilty of the commission of a felony.
- (5) State Agencies. All agencies, boards, commissions, departments, or other instrumentalities of the government of this State shall report to the Board any instance arising in connection with the operations of the agency, including the administration of any law by the agency, in which a person licensed under this Article has either committed an act or acts that may constitute a violation of this Article, that may constitute unprofessional conduct related directly to patient care, or that indicates that a person licensed under this Article may have a mental or physical disability that may endanger patients under that person's care.
- (b) Mandatory Reporting. All reports required under items (16) and (17) of subsection (a) of Section 70-5 shall be submitted to the Board in a timely fashion. The reports shall be filed in writing within 60 days after a determination that a report is required under this Article. All reports shall

- 1 contain the following information:
  - (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the person making the report.
    - (2) The name, address, and telephone number of the person who is the subject of the report.
    - (3) The name or other means of identification of any patient or patients whose treatment is a subject of the report, except that no medical records may be revealed without the written consent of the patient or patients.
    - (4) A brief description of the facts that gave rise to the issuance of the report, including but not limited to the dates of any occurrences deemed to necessitate the filing of the report.
    - (5) If court action is involved, the identity of the court in which the action is filed, the docket number, and date of filing of the action.
    - (6) Any further pertinent information that the reporting party deems to be an aid in the evaluation of the report.

Nothing contained in this Section shall be construed to in any way waive or modify the confidentiality of medical reports and committee reports to the extent provided by law. Any information reported or disclosed shall be kept for the confidential use of the Board, the Board's attorneys, the investigative staff, and authorized clerical staff and shall be afforded the same status as is provided information concerning

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- 1 medical studies in Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil 2 Procedure.
  - organization acting in good faith, and not in a wilful and wanton manner, in complying with this Section by providing a report or other information to the Board, by assisting in the investigation or preparation of a report or information, by participating in proceedings of the Board, or by serving as a member of the Board shall not, as a result of such actions, be subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages.
  - (d) Indemnification. Members of the Board, the Board's investigative staff, advanced attorneys, the practice registered nurses or physicians retained under contract to assist and advise in the investigation, and authorized clerical staff shall be indemnified by the State for any actions (i) occurring within the scope of services on the Board, (ii) performed in good faith, and (iii) not wilful and wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall defend all actions taken against those persons unless he or she determines either that there would be a conflict of interest in the representation or that the actions complained of were not performed in good faith or were wilful and wanton in nature. If the Attorney General declines representation, the member shall have the right to employ counsel of his or her choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a court that the member's

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actions were not performed in good faith or were wilful and wanton in nature. The member shall notify the Attorney General within 7 days of receipt of notice of the initiation of an action involving services of the Board. Failure to so notify the Attorney General shall constitute an absolute waiver of the right to a defense and indemnification. The Attorney General shall determine within 7 days after receiving the notice whether he or she will undertake to represent the member.

(e) Deliberations of Board. Upon the receipt of a report called for by this Section, other than those reports of impaired persons licensed under this Article required pursuant to the rules of the Board, the Board shall notify in writing by certified mail the person who is the subject of the report. The notification shall be made within 30 days of receipt by the Board of the report. The notification shall include a written notice setting forth the person's right to examine the report. Included in the notification shall be the address at which the file is maintained, the name of the custodian of the reports, and the telephone number at which the custodian may be reached. The person who is the subject of the report shall submit a written statement responding to, clarifying, adding to, or proposing to amend the report previously filed. The statement shall become a permanent part of the file and shall be received by the Board no more than 30 days after the date on which the person was notified of the existence of the original report. The Board shall review all reports received by it and any

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supporting information and responding statements submitted by persons who are the subject of reports. The review by the Board shall be in a timely manner but in no event shall the Board's initial review of the material contained in each disciplinary file be less than 61 days nor more than 180 days after the receipt of the initial report by the Board. When the Board makes its initial review of the materials contained within its disciplinary files, the Board shall, in writing, make a determination as to whether there are sufficient facts to warrant further investigation or action. Failure to make that determination within the time provided shall be deemed to be a determination that there are not sufficient facts to warrant further investigation or action. Should the Board find that there are not sufficient facts to warrant further investigation or action, the report shall be accepted for filing and the matter shall be deemed closed and so reported. The individual or entity filing the original report or complaint and the person who is the subject of the report or complaint shall be notified in writing by the Board of any final action on their report or complaint.

(f) Summary Reports. The Board shall prepare, on a timely basis, but in no event less than one every other month, a summary report of final actions taken upon disciplinary files maintained by the Board. The summary reports shall be made available to the public upon request and payment of the fees set by the Department. This publication may be made available

- 1 to the public on the Department's Internet website.
- 2 (g) Any violation of this Section shall constitute a Class A misdemeanor.
- (h) If a person violates the provisions of this Section, an 5 action may be brought in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, through the Attorney General of the State of 6 7 Illinois, for an order enjoining the violation or for an order 8 enforcing compliance with this Section. Upon filing of a 9 verified petition in court, the court may issue a temporary 10 restraining order without notice or bond and may preliminarily 11 or permanently enjoin the violation, and if it is established 12 that the person has violated or is violating the injunction, the court may punish the offender for contempt of court. 13 Proceedings under this subsection shall be in addition to, and 14 15 not in lieu of, all other remedies and penalties provided for 16 by this Section.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)
- 18 (225 ILCS 65/70-5) (was 225 ILCS 65/10-45)
- 19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- Sec. 70-5. Grounds for disciplinary action.
- 21 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may 22 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other 23 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may 24 deem appropriate, including fines not to exceed \$10,000 per 25 violation, with regard to a license for any one or combination

- of the causes set forth in subsection (b) below. All fines collected under this Section shall be deposited in the Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund.
  - (b) Grounds for disciplinary action include the following:
  - (1) Material deception in furnishing information to the Department.
  - (2) Material violations of any provision of this Act or violation of the rules of or final administrative action of the Secretary, after consideration of the recommendation of the Board.
  - (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States: (i) that is a felony; or (ii) that is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of the profession.
  - (4) A pattern of practice or other behavior which demonstrates incapacity or incompetency to practice under this Act.
  - (5) Knowingly aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or rules.
  - (6) Failing, within 90 days, to provide a response to a request for information in response to a written request

- 1 made by the Department by certified mail.
  - (7) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public, as defined by rule.
    - (8) Unlawful taking, theft, selling, distributing, or manufacturing of any drug, narcotic, or prescription device.
    - (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that could result in a licensee's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
    - (10) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section.
    - (11) A finding that the licensee, after having her or his license placed on probationary status or subject to conditions or restrictions, has violated the terms of probation or failed to comply with such terms or conditions.
    - (12) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services and under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected

Child Reporting Act.

- (13) Willful omission to file or record, or willfully impeding the filing or recording or inducing another person to omit to file or record medical reports as required by law or willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (14) Gross negligence in the practice of practical, professional, or advanced practice registered nursing.
- (15) Holding oneself out to be practicing nursing under any name other than one's own.
- (16) Failure of a licensee to report to the Department any adverse final action taken against him or her by another licensing jurisdiction of the United States or any foreign state or country, any peer review body, any health care institution, any professional or nursing society or association, any governmental agency, any law enforcement agency, or any court or a nursing liability claim related to acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.
- (17) Failure of a licensee to report to the Department surrender by the licensee of a license or authorization to practice nursing or advanced practice <u>registered</u> nursing in another state or jurisdiction or current surrender by the licensee of membership on any nursing staff or in any nursing or advanced practice <u>registered</u> nursing or

professional	associati	on c	or so	ciety	while	υ	ınder
disciplinary	investigati	on by	any of	those	author	itie	s or
bodies for a	cts or conduc	ct sim	ilar to	acts	or cond	uct	that
would consti	itute ground:	s for	action	as d	efined	by	this
Section.							

- (18) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department.
- (19) Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required by law.
- (20) Fraud, deceit or misrepresentation in applying for or procuring a license under this Act or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.
- (21) Allowing another person or organization to use the licensees' license to deceive the public.
- (22) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in the licensee's practice, including but not limited to false records to support claims against the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (23) Attempting to subvert or cheat on a licensing examination administered under this Act.
- (24) Immoral conduct in the commission of an act, including, but not limited to, sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual exploitation, related to the licensee's practice.

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- (25) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between nurse and patient except as required by law.
  - (26) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except as provided by law.
  - (27) The use of any false, fraudulent, or deceptive statement in any document connected with the licensee's practice.
  - (28) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from a person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association a fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for professional services not actually or personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (28) affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, health facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this paragraph (28) shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered.
  - (29) A violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
    - (30) <u>Inability</u> <del>Physical illness, including but not</del>

limited to deterioration through the aging process or loss
of motor skill, mental illness, or disability that results
in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable
judgment, skill, or safety.

- (31) A postgraduate advanced practice registered nurse exceeding Exceeding the terms of a collaborative agreement or the prescriptive authority delegated to a licensee by his or her collaborating advanced practice registered nurse or physician or podiatric physician in guidelines established under a written collaborative agreement.
- (32) Making a false or misleading statement regarding a licensee's skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine, treatment, or remedy prescribed by him or her in the course of treatment.
- (33) Prescribing, selling, administering, distributing, giving, or self-administering a drug classified as a controlled substance (designated product) or narcotic for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes.
- (34) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, appliances, or goods provided for a patient in a manner to exploit the patient for financial gain.
- (35) Violating State or federal laws, rules, or regulations relating to controlled substances.
- (36) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between an advanced practice <u>registered</u>

- nurse, collaborating physician, dentist, or podiatric physician and a patient, except as required by law.
  - (37) A violation of any provision of this Act or any rules promulgated under this Act.
    - (c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, as amended, operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and issues an order so finding and discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.
    - (d) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend or otherwise discipline the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.
    - (e) In enforcing this Act, the Department or Board, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Act or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the

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Department. The Department or Board may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. examining physicians shall be specifically designated by the Board or Department. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension without hearing.

All substance-related violations shall mandate an automatic substance abuse assessment. Failure to submit to an assessment by a licensed physician who is certified as an addictionist or an advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse with specialty certification in addictions may be grounds for an automatic suspension, as defined by rule.

If the Department or Board finds an individual unable to practice or unfit for duty because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department or Board may require that individual to submit to a substance abuse evaluation or treatment by individuals or programs approved or designated by the Department or Board, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice;

or, in lieu of evaluation or treatment, the Department may 1 2 file, or the Board may recommend to the Department to file, a 3 complaint immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise to discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose 5 was granted, continued, reinstated, 6 disciplined or supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or 7 restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, 8 conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary 9 for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his 10 or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the 11 Department.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 15 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to review the subject individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safequarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that he or she can resume practice in compliance with nursing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

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(Source: P.A. 98-214, eff. 8-9-13.)

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- 1 (225 ILCS 65/70-50) (was 225 ILCS 65/20-40)
- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 3 Sec. 70-50. Fund.
  - (a) There is hereby created within the State Treasury the Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund. The monies in the Fund may be used by and at the direction of the Department for the administration and enforcement of this Act, including but not limited to:
    - (1) Distribution and publication of this Act and rules.
    - (2) Employment of secretarial, nursing, administrative, enforcement, and other staff for the administration of this Act.
    - (b) Disposition of fees:
    - (1) \$5 of every licensure fee shall be placed in a fund for assistance to nurses enrolled in a diversionary program as approved by the Department.
    - (2) All of the fees, fines, and penalties collected pursuant to this Act shall be deposited in the Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund.
    - (3) Each fiscal year, the moneys deposited in the Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund shall be appropriated to the Department for expenses of the Department and the Board in the administration of this Act. All earnings received from investment of moneys in the Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund shall be deposited

in the Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund and shall be used for the same purposes as fees deposited in the Fund.

- (4) For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009 and for each fiscal year thereafter, \$2,000,000 of the moneys deposited in the Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund each year shall be set aside and appropriated to the Department of Public Health for nursing scholarships awarded pursuant to the Nursing Education Scholarship Law. Representatives of the Department and the Nursing Education Scholarship Program Advisory Council shall review this requirement and the scholarship awards every 2 years.
- (5) Moneys in the Fund may be transferred to the Professions Indirect Cost Fund as authorized under Section 2105-300 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law (20 ILCS 2105/2105-300).
- (c) Moneys set aside for nursing scholarships awarded pursuant to the Nursing Education Scholarship Law as provided in item (4) of subsection (b) of this Section may not be transferred under Section 8h of the State Finance Act.
- (d) At the end of every fiscal year, the Department of Public Health shall prepare a report regarding the moneys appropriated from the Fund to the Department of Public Health for nursing scholarships. The report shall provide data regarding the allocation of moneys, including the persons or organizations to which such funds were allocated,

- 1 <u>administrative costs allocated to the Fund</u>, and the total
- 2 amount disbursed. The Department of Public Health shall submit
- 3 the report to the Board of Nursing and the Center for Nursing
- 4 and shall post the report on the Department of Public Health's
- 5 website.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-639, eff. 10-5-07;
- 7 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-805, eff. 10-30-09.)
- 8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 9 becoming law.

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